A Negro Democrat won in Gary while a Polish Democrat was buried in South Bend. Richard Hatcher, a Negro city councilman in South Bend benefited from the publican party and his own party's organization to win in Gary. Republican Mayor Lloyd Allen in South Bend benefited from an unusual support in Negro wards as he piled up 56% of the vote.

The Gary election was held with the National Guard standing by and a large number of people, including a contingent of Notre Dame students, watching the polls. A federal district court had enjoined personnel in Hammond Monday had enjoined Democratic organization officials from interfering with the election procedures. In the end Hatcher's salvation was that the dead people didn't vote, for he won by barely two thousand votes.

In South Bend, the margin was much wider. Allen ran in a full ten thousand votes ahead of Wajakowski, even doing better than expected in the heavily Democratic 2nd and 6th Wards. The Democratic nominee won 65% of the vote. Hatcher narrowly defeated two independents in the race. The Reform, South Bend's new newspaper, endorsed the GOP Mayor over his Democratic opponent. Allen carried Republican City Clerk nominee Cecil Blaugh in with him, although Democrat George Herendeen was elected to the Board of Education.

Louise Day Hicks was narrowly defeated in the race for Mayor in Cleveland. Stokes narrowly defeated Republican nominee Seth Taft in a race which was a constant cliffhanger. Mrs. Hicks, an adman opponent of school busing, was defeated by ten thousand votes by Massachusetts Secretary of State Kevin White.

In other results around the country, segregationists Congressmen John Bell Williams was elected Governor of Mississippi, defeating Republican Rubell Phillips. King for the first time in 20 years, elected a Republican Governor, former Circuit Court Judge Louis Neumeier.

San Francisco's election saw a referendum on Vietnam, with a stop-the-bombing and begin-withdrawal motion placed before the voters. It was defeated nearly two to one. In nearby San Mateo County, movie fans were cheered by the news that Mrs. Shirley Temple Black ran far ahead of the rest of the field in her initial try for Congress.

HATCHER, ALLEN
WIN IN GARY, SB

University President Rev. Theodore Hesburgh, C.S.C., said that no parietal hours will be granted at the University of Notre Dame.

"I have no stomach for laws which don't mean anything," he said. "And the laws and rules which we have should be enforced. ... I am aware of the position of the Board of Trustees on the matter of parietal hours and I'm sure that parietal hours will not be allowed.

The University's reason for not allowing girls in the dormitory stems mostly from the social re- procurement of a girl in a bedroom and the disruption such a practice would initiate in a men's dorm which is interpreted by many unwise students as a men's club.

Fr. Hesburgh told the "leaders" that "too often students become so active that they neglect the real importance of the University", which he defined as "a participation in a tradition modulated by love.

Unimportant notions such as the coat and tie rule, Fr. Hesburgh said, often become magnified. Charges that the University has laid stagnant over the years were denied by the University president, too pointed to the Faculty Manual, the Collegiate Scholar program, co-ex courses as indications of academic advancement.

His basic theory of mutability lay in an overview of the University which the student fails to gain in just a four-year stay. "For instance, for too long we have a library worth talking about. Now we have an adequate building with more than 800,000 books, and facilities for the students."

Fr. Hesburgh reported on the University's investigation of the pass-fail system... "I see no reason why an engineering student should not be able to take an elective in something without jeopardizing his average. But in some schools the pass-fail has developed into high pass, pass, honors, and fail, which really is nothing more than an interpretation of the A.B.C.D.F grading system we have here.

"However, I would like to see some grades added to our scale, like a C-plus and B-minus.

On much the publicized Fr. James Kavanagh advertisement in the New York Times, Fr. Hesburgh said that he had decided to drop the advertisement only after the approval of Edmund Stephan, chairman of the Board of Lay Trustees, and only because he wanted to clear up misconceptions about the author's denial at Notre Dame, of his priesthood. According to Fr. Hesburgh the reasons for the ad are:

1. To make it clear that it was not Father John Cavanaugh, former President of the University, who gave the interview.
2. That it was students, not the University, who invited Kavanagh to speak here.
3. That the feeling of the majority of Notre Dame men was contained in the editorial reprinted from the Scholastic.

Fr. Hesburgh said that the ad was merely in retaliation to a similar ad run by the publishers of Kavanagh's book, A Modern Priest Looks At His Outdated Church, which appeared in the literary section of the New York Times shortly before the Notre Dame ad. He also denied that the ad was to help promote the SUMMA campaign.

On other matters of clarification, James Rielteh, C.S.C., dean of students, said that he did not "back down" before the senate last week, but that the decision to drop the coat and tie had been made prior to his appearance in the Student Senate.

The proclamation says that "the communist blight has spread until it torments a billion human beings." It calls the Communist takeover in Russia "one of the greatest disasters in history" and calls for a day of mourning for the victims of Communism. The day of mourning would be in form of "commemorations and prayers."

At Notre Dame, Manion calls for a day of meditation and the saying of a silent prayer or two for those behind the Iron Curtain. He plans to circulate a petition of sympathy for those behind the Iron Curtain within ten days.

Manion, who also serves as president of the Villagers' Club off-campus, sees the time factor as the only thing standing in the way of a major effort to get YAF going. He hopes the Reagan effort will serve to pull YAF on towards a viable organization.

HPC HOPES FOR PARIETALS

BY JOEL CONNELLY

Members of the Hall Presidents’ Council turned down a suggestion of limited parietal hours Tuesday night. The hall presidents voted without dissent not to enforce Saturday and Sunday afternoon parietals. At the same time, they adopted a res­olution submitted by John Dyre, President of St. Ed’s, calling for complete hall autonomy where the issue is concerned.

Dyre’s resolution asserts that “The University has failed to provide a decent living situ­ation.” It contends that the rooms are the center of scholastic and social life at Notre Dame, the one place a student could call his own. In keeping with this premise, the resolution calls for students to be allowed to model their rooms as they see fit and “entertain female guests in accordance to the times and procedures prescribed by the hall council.”

Rev. James Riehle, C.S.C., in discussion with Hall Life Com­missioner Tom Brilin, had men­tioned the limited parietal scheme. However, when Brilin called for a show of hands of the 17 hall presidents at the meeting, 11 hands were raised that the rule would not be enforced. Not a single president offered to enforce the suggestion.

The meeting showed consid­erable progress in the area of hall judicial boards. Commissioner Brilin has nine hall constitu­tions and codes now, and expects the rest of the halls to submit constitutions by the weekend. All halls now either have oper­ating judiciary boards, or are at least setting them up.

The meeting produced pro­gress on the issue of stay hall as well. Each hall will have a rep­resentative formulate its own plan. This representative will pro­bably also recommend what as­pects of the hall plant and hall life (e.g. the rectors) need to be changed. Mike Jordan is in charge of this work, which is expected to produce referendum and rec­ommendations by Christmas.

Jim Rowan, President of Ly­ons Hall, was chosen to chair a committee charged with de­fining the role of the hall com­munity, a set of principles to serve as guiding points for hall life. Afterwards, each hall is ex­pected to prepare a report on how well it fits into these prin­ciples and what alterations are needed to improve the hall com­munity.

The parietal hours issue still looms large on the horizon, though. Brilin hopes to prepare some sort of opinion sample soon to show the Administration what student attitudes are on the issue. Coupled with this will be a request for some manner of test period on parietal hours, not simply testing the elimination of a rule, but a trial period for hall autonomy as a whole.

In the future, in order to accommodate the effects of the proposed rule change, Brilin would like to see the elimination of upper floor prefects and a turning of their rooms into floor lounges.

SENATE ROLE WILL GROW

Stay Senator Larry Broderick predicted Tuesday night that the major test of the Senate’s role as a legislative body will be in the area of hall autonomy. Broder­ick, who heads the Hall Life Com­mittee of the Senate, as­serted that the Senate has “a def­inite role as a legislative body.”

Broderick’s contention is that the halls should be able to set up and enforce their own rules on such questions as parietal hours. He sees cooperation between the Senate and the Hall Presidents’ Council on the question. Also, Broderick feels that if the Senate chooses to pass and enforce a piece of legislation without the Administration’s approval, it will obtain the backing of the hall councils as well as the students.

As for the Senate, Broderick maintained that its purposes should run parallel to those of hall government. The Senate, ac­cording to the Hall Life Senator, must represent the student body as a whole. In so doing the Sen­ate should make and enforce rules pertaining to the entire student body.

Broderick attributes the Sen­ate’s legislative role to a new breed of senators. He asserts that the mood of the senators, both inside and outside the Action Student Party, reflects a desire for change and a sense of purpose as far as bringing it about. Brod­erick, one of the six original ASP senators of last year, says the party was instrumental in bring­ing out the issues, especially in the campaign of last spring.

Broderick’s assertions, made shortly after the Hall Presidents’ Council had taken a strong stand on hall autonomy, would point to Senate cooperation with the Council.

Probe Gilbert’s Robbery

Burglars, entering through a puce, only broken window, took clothing valued around $8,000 from Gilbert’s Campus Store, early Thursday morning accord­ing to the Store’s controller, Albert DeKasmaker.

The Notre Dame Security Of­fice, which is aiding the St. Joseph County Sheriffs' Office in the investigation, said they think it was an outsider, rather than a student because of the robbery’s size. As for the re­moval of the loot from campus, they would only say that “it would have required a rather large vehicle.” In the meantime, St. Joseph deputies have stopped and questioned at least one stud­ent for wearing an article of clothing similar to a piece of the stolen merchandise.

An itemized list of the stolen goods included 50 suits, twelve top coats, 60 shirts, 36 sweaters, and two dozen pairs of trousers.

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STUDENTS ASKED TO FAST NOV. 20

Rev. Theodore M. Hesburgh C.S.C., Notre Dame President, decided to place an ad in the New York Times last Friday because of a previous ad placed by Fr. James Kavanaugh's publishers in the Times. According to G. R. Bullock, O.S.B., author of the Scholastic editorial quoted in the Times, the Kavanaugh ad caused great embarrassment to the University and alumni.

Bullock, a young priest studying for his Master's degree and writing for the Scholastic in his spare time, contends that Fr. Hesburgh felt a student reply to Kavanaugh would be more appropriate than an administration reply. The University President sent a letter to Bullock asking for approval to reprint the ad, but the letter was sent to another student named Bullock by mistake.

Bullock is not sure what he would have done had he received Fr. Hesburgh's letter prior to publication of the ad. He points to the Kavanaugh ad, which made special note of the fact that Kavanaugh's resignation had been made "at this great university." Bullock points to the controversy engendered by the ad, saying the University is definitely embarrassed.
The Observer

A Student Newspaper

EDITOR-IN-CHIEF
PATRICK COLLINS

FOUNDED NOVEMBER 3, 1966
NOTRE DAME, INDIANA

A Cheer for the Bad Guys

The coat and tie rule is dead. Apparent­ly, nobody was really strongly in favor of contin­uing the policy. Certai­nly, the strange profusion of aged, torn and food stained dinner jackets it produced did little to contribute to any conception held by little nuns in Boise of the well­ dressed, clean-cut Notre Dame men. Yet it took what amounted to an open defen­ce of Administration policy on the part of the student senate (not a notably revolution­ary body) to bring about any action in abolishing the rule. We are not really seeking to use this occasion to heap more of our abundant crop of scorn upon the Administration. In fact, we think that the powers that be are to be congratulated for having the foresight to lose a little face to save the body.

We don’t know what would have hap­pened if the Administration had chosen to flex its executive muscles by enforcing the coat and tie rule. Either a widespread re­sistance would have led to the tragic ab­surdity of University disciplinary action against unsus­ted and untied undergradu­ates, or the Notre Dame man would have been forced to admit that he is just a child who doesn’t even know proper etiquette.

This much we have at least avoided and we are grateful. And we can therefore hope that the next time the student body acts forcefully to defend itself against a University policy in which no obvious moral or practical argument favors the Administration, it will again win out. Such was the case with all night lights and, later, curfews.

Unfortunately, few of the points of conten­tion between Administration and the student body are so obviously one­sided. A change in the rules on part­ial hours may in fact lead to an increase in the amount of fornication on campus. Cars for on-campus students may in fact decrease the total amount of time spent studying and increase the actual number of substantial violations of the moral law. And the Irish parochial viewpoint of the Administration together with the anti­pathy towards change with this viewpoint produces militates against any change in University policy so long as the Administra­tion has a leg to stand on.

But if this is to become the great Catholic university, it demands more than a piecemeal response to student pressure. It requires a whole new approach to aca­demic life and student affairs, based on a respect for individual moral autonomy and concerned more with opening possi­bilities for human development than with preventing sin. We would like to see the Administration form its policies in accord with a tolerant and creative vision of uni­versity life, quite apart from and certainly far ahead of current student pressure. That would be something to cheer about.

THE REPORTER

Victory

BY DENNIS GALLAGHER

On the General Electric College Bowl for Saturday, November 4, the final score was Bryn Mawr 225, Notre Dame 185. And so we lost. We lost the two thousand dollars difference in scholarship money. We lost the right to come back next week and defend our title against a challenging team from the University of Richmond. We’re not number one. We lost.

It all began quite auspiciously as we answered about two-thirds of the toss-up questions offered to us. And even when we were credited with the right to come back next week and defend against a challenging team from the University of Richmond, we were briefed by Robert Earle on the vicissitudes of playing the game. After doing this for a short while, we were taken to a fairly posh restaurant in the basement of the building (the building being the RCA Building). There we had lunch and a chance to talk to the girls from Bryn Mawr.

For those of you who believe the Seven Sisters to be the home of young females who possess all the poise and maturity which you suppose our own St. Mary’s belles to lack, I regret to re­port that this batch at least was unimpressive. They were school­girls, alternately charming and obnoxious. And I suppose it’s no great criticism of them to characterize them as relatively normal young women who happened to possess a great breadth of a sort of superficial knowledge.

Of course, that is what they were there for, and perhaps they left their deep understandings in the middle of an unfinished term paper back at Bryn Mawr. You are perfectly free to consider my opinion either biased or simply wrong, but I felt obliged to point out that our opponents never seemed out of our league in any sense.

We went through a series of rehearsals after lunch. We won the first practice game by a huge margin (250-110). After that, it was all Bryn Mawr. They won the dress rehearsal game by about seventy points but we were close until the last two minutes. We thought we had a chance and we did.

What happened after that you may know about. At all events, I don’t care to go into it in detail. I had done considerably better in the practices I did in the game than perhaps our losses to that extent may have. I didn’t feel any real fear or anxiety during the game and I’ve wondered if perhaps I didn’t take it seriously enough. I suppose it’s possible but I actually don’t feel that I (or anyone else on the team) choked up appreciably.

We have a couple of excuses. A toss-up and the succeeding bo­nis question which could have gone to us instead of them (and there were several that were close) would have changed the out­come of the game. And, I think, their bonus questions were some­what easier than ours. But altogether I would have to say that they probably were slightly superior to us and certainly they deserved to win.

It’s a competitive world and there are always more losers than winners, because every victory implies that the victor must seek a higher victory or at least repeat his successes. If you win the pen­nacle, then you have to win the World Series. And if you do, then you have to come back the next year and do it again.

And so we won a place on the team, and then we lost the game. And perhaps next week, Bryn Mawr will lose. And if they do, then you have to win the World Series. And if you do, then you have to come back the next year and do it again.

“We’re past it’s probable,” “Defeat is an absolute.” There is no ap­peal board that can change history. But if life is a series of minor contingent victories and minor absolute defeats, it also provides alter­native possibilities. You can lose the game and still have a chance to win to will win. So somehow SUMMA will raise its funds without five weeks of free advertising on NBC and without contributions from alumni impressed by our knowledge of pre-Colombian art. We may not be able to always overcome defeat but we can ignore it and go on. There are other, if less spectacular, games to be played. And we’ll win some and survive most of our losses.
BY BILL SISKA
For the most part the best films in the area are those shown on this campus. Even though they may be a few years old, they exhibit more interest than the average showing in South Bend. The theaters in town are very limited in the scope of films they make available, and the only general theatrical releases deemed suitable for the village circuit. Thus it is that the foreign language films, is forced to have weeks go by without a desirable first-run movie to be seen. The Avon re-starting such conditions it is not surprising to have weeks go by without a desirable first-run movie to be seen. With the Avon re-starting Ulysses after a scarp with the

complained about the language in the film—its only good point), and with two predictable, monotonous Hollywood shoot-em-ups filling the other theaters, the only thing to rouse one's attention was The Taming of the Shrew at the State.

Forget the Shakespeare. The film is a semi-jovial vehicle to further the frolic and fortunes of Liz and Dick, as evidenced by the fact that they co-produced it. The Shrew allows the happily married couple to do what they like to do best: show the bouquet what it's like at the Burton's, or, just how Mr. Burton keeps Liz in line. Hits her around naturally. Mental castigation didn't stop her in Who's Afraid of Virginia Woolf?, but when they both decide to go animal-show, Dick comes out on top.

Basically, that is the story of The Taming of the Shrew. It's filmed in a bus though artificial studio color, replete with gaudy costumes and baroque banquets, a cross between a musical floor show and tag-team match down at the amphitheater. Director Franco Zeffirelli keeps the minor characters on stage just long enough to keep the plot going, and elicits mediocre performances from all of them.

Consequently whatever attraction lies in The Shrew comes from the cavorting Burtons as they fight and scream across the screen. But Liz neither diverges from nor rises to the intensity of Martha in the couple's earlier polemic on marriage; meanwhile, Dick, an altogether different man from George, exposes a new facet in his acting personality, that of a clever buffoon. Liz hardly seems suited to the lofty Shakespearean rhetoric, and her speeches are forced and self-conscious, Mt. Burton, on the other hand, was born for such a stage, and is both imposing and convincing whether he's being funny or serious.

By far the best film of the week-end, however, was shown here on campus, the sparsely attended Doudo, The Finger Man. A 1964 release starring Jean-Paul Belmondo, it made an exceedingly short run in the states, and has almost never been seen west of New York City. Its director, Jean-Pierre Melville, is virtually unknown here, though he deserves notoriety.

An inheritor of the Breathless tradition (star and all) he adapts Doudo to the typical Bonvie gangster plot, and weaves an exciting, crisp narrative into a histrion of adventuress for his hero, Belmondo. The magic of the film lies in its carefully structured and well-paced use of the irascible and the unexpected. Melville never allows us to penetrate the minds of his characters, so all we know is what we see and hear. Melville's style further succeeds in that we are drawn into the action such that we feel and experience it along with the characters.

Thus we are shocked when Belmondo, instead of making love to Maurice's girl Therese, beats her, as we were surprised when for no reason Maurice murders Gilbert. Belmondo's big coup comes when he kills two crooks, steals two million francs, saves his friend Maurice, and wins the beautiful Fabienne, all in a single sweep in which he makes it appear that the dead men killed each other.

Doudo is a film which allows nothing so exquisite as to enter its fabric; each visual, each word is carefully chosen to both elicit response from the viewer, keeping him in doubt, and at the same time to add to a plot which admits of no inconsistencies. The confusion evaporates when in Bresolnian style Belmondo narrates the course of his actions, Metvyle a glowing in his own ingenuity, and justifiably so.

The film ends ironically with the death of Maurice, who went to Belmondo's estate to save him from Kern, a criminal whom he had earlier contracted to bump off Belmendo when he believed the latter was the man who had turned him in to the police. Maurice beats Belmendo to the house where he is mistaken by Kern for the other and gunned down. Belmendo comes in, finds Maurice, but shots Kern and is im turn shot by the latter in his dying gasp. Fittingly, the film closes in Godardian fashion with a series of ingenious adven­tures for his hero, Belmendo, and is both imposing and convincing whether he's being funny or serious.

The following is a public service preparation by the STUDENT GOVERNMENT PUBLIC RELATIONS DEPARTMENT.

During his High School days at St. John's College High School in Washington, D.C., Christopher J. Murphy III was active in a number of clubs including literary, dramatic, and debate societies, CSCM for three years, chess, etc. — and intramural and varsity sports: swimming, JV Football (for which he was lettered, and varsity track, etc.)

By his senior year, he had attained the rank of Second lieutenant. Outside of high school activities, Chris was a member of his local swimming team and later became its coach, the Boy Scouts, President of the Lake Barcroft Teen Club, and the only teenage representative to the District Safety Council and the council of Catholic Men conventions. In addition, his CYO basketball team won the County Championship. He was a Charter Member of the Rho Gamma Chapter of the Delta Sigma Fraternity and in 1964 became its president.

His job experience while in high school included construction work, lifeguard and then manager of a swimming pool, and orderly work in Alexandria's Operating and Emergency Rooms.

Accepted at the University of Notre Dame in 1964, Chris' typical activities during his high school days did not let up.

In Student Government, he was elected a senator in his freshman year, was a member of the Constitutional Revision Committee Notre Dame-South Bend Relations Committee, and the Stay-Hall Committee which later became a landmark in a new era of Notre Dame hall life — hall autonomy and stay hall. In addition, he completed a survey of conditions on major American university campuses in regards to student life and did research into the problems of minority enrollment.

In 1967, as a member of the Academic Commission, he assisted in organizing Vice President Humphrey's visit to Notre Dame. In Class Government, Chris was Junior Class Social Coordinator and also organized a successful Community Action Program.

His junior year, however, saw two important events: his appointment as Cultural Affairs Coordinator and his successive election to the Student Body Presidency. In the previous role, he planned and organized the first massive Cultural Festival of Contemporary Arts in Notre Dame's history. The Scholastic, the campus weekly "magazine," reporting on the $10,000 venture, wrote that it was "a 1st truly comprehensive cultural effort by the students of Notre Dame in the school's history."

His past summer work experience has included work with the Comptroller of the Currency in Washington, D.C. Chris was placed in charge of that officer's Advanced Training Program in 1965 and by 1066 had edited a textbook for the program. The book is presently being published by the office for intra-office use. During a tour of Europe in the summer of 1966, he prepared a report concerning the feasibility of establishing a training program for International Band Examiners and two major evaluations for the Comptroller of the Currency's Office which were accepted and partially implemented.

Last summer he worked as a legislative assistant for the Committee on Education and Labor in the U.S. House of Representa­tives. He is also, presently, working on a research grant from the National Endowment of the Arts.

Presently a senior, Chris' college average stands at 3.0 and he is majoring in Government and International Studies.
Jio but I fight against dreams. I bow to such ambition, for I may encourage Mr. Rossie to plunge into the unknown.

Est., 68 Herrengasse, Vaduz, Dept. V., International Travel Liechtenstein (Switzerland).

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Dear Mr. Gallagher:

My only wish in regards to improving the student body at Notre Dame, is that you do one of two things. First, Leave. Notre Dame does not need creeps like you. Second, grow up. From reading your sickly column every week in your printed piece of toilet paper, it seems that you, your mother, or your baby sister. Personally I wish you would take my first alternative. By the way, I think you are STUPID in more ways than one. Yours for your departure,

A disarmed reader of the op.

Dear Editor:

I am becoming more and more disgusted and disillusioned by the antagonism and animosity which the Observer has continued to inject into the atmosphere surrounding the Senate's efforts to increase student power on this campus. Indeed, the title of "Rittle Backs Down" clearly demonstrates the lack of discretion and perceptive judgment which, if allowed to continue or escalate, could severely cripple or completely forestall any further progress in this area.

These are serious times in the history of Notre Dame, great changes are at hand and if Notre Dame is ever to become a truly great and respected university, she can ill afford to resist the best efforts of those students, faculty members, and administrators who have only her interest and welfare in mind. Therefore, as students our task, indeed, our obligation is to persevere through peaceful and constructive efforts to bring about institutional changes and structural progress as fruitfully and productively as possible.

I refer you more specifically to the coat and tie issue, I do not think that the outcome represented a victory for either side. On the contrary, it was a victory for the whole university. I believe that it rectified no concessions either to or by the Administration. It reflected, rather, the common recognition of the critical need for the students to shoulder an increased amount of responsibility in the university community. The result did not reflect the students' ability to force either Fr. Rittle or the Administration to back down or acquiesce to the students' demands. Although there are differences of opinion on both sides on this and other related issues, we must remember that we are not merely locked in a power struggle from which only one side will emerge victorious. We must constantly remind ourselves that we are striving with vision and responsible action to mold this university into a dynamic, vibrant, and vigorous intellectual community. Having rejected the stale mediocrity of the past we must surge forward to create and provide the conditions and opportunities which are so vital and essential to produce men who will not only contribute to but also dominate our society in the future.

Student power will come. It is inevitable. But it is to be a positive force for good in the process of change it must come through responsible dialogue and cooperation among the students, Administration and Faculty. If we, the students, perceive the true depth, significance and potential of student power, and act according to that perception, student power will come through mutual cooperation and tolerance. Those who continue to generate animosity and antagonism are inviting shame and disorder as well as regression. Those who press on with reason and rational judgment for the swiftest progress possible are recognizing right as well as responsibility.

John P. Moore
Senator

Mr. Collins,

In your last issue you erroneously attributed to me the authorship of a letter concerning my adventures in Washington, D.C. That particular weekend I was here at good ole N.D.

It seems that when young people assume what they consider adult responsibilities, they sometimes exhibit an incapacity to act as adults. J.D. Salinger has given us a fair description of them: (cmt)

"They (insert Observer and nearly everyone else reaching in-ellectual puberty) were standing around talking in voices that, almost without exception, sounded vaguely collegiately dogmatic, as though you young man, in his strident, conversational turn, was clearing up, once and for all, some highly controversial issue, one that the outside non-matri- culating world had been bungling, provocatively or not, for centuries."

It's a shame we have to be so clever.

Mark Walsh
Fullback Jeff Zimmerman (47), shown taking a hand-off from Quarterback Terry Hanratty (5), is Notre Dame's leading rusher and top scorer. Hanratty tops the team in passing and total offense. Both will be in the lineup against Pitt Saturday.

**FROSH TRIUMPH**

**BY MIKE HELMER**

The Irish cage caravan tried a new location last night, but it was the same old story as Austin Carr poured 42 points into the nets. The yearlings came from behind to dump the Armenians in varsity 97–91 after the veterans had built up a 5 point spread with about 4 minutes left.

But Jack Meenan, one of Carr's backcourt mates, scored to make it 87–84, hit again after McKenzie gave the ball to Collins Jones and watched as Carr scored his 40th to move the freshmen to within one at 89–88.

After the varsity rallied a couple of free throws, Carr hit on a three-point play to tie it and moments later Meenan put the freshmen ahead 93–91 with 30 seconds left.

It was a fitting climax to a game which was hectic from the start. No one was able to open up more than a seven point spread. The lead switched hands seventeen times during the affair as Carr's heroics were matched by the steady balance of the varsity until the final minute. Dwight Murphy impressed everybody with his all-around play and the Elkhart locals were ecstatic at the sight of Mike Frangie playing four points.

Michigan City will be the sight for the final "away" game on Nov. 15, as the varsity attempts to break the frost monopoly on pre-season victories. A final "family square" is set for the fieldhouse on the day before Thanksgiving vacation.

**Sports Shorts**

The Notre Dame Soccer team dipped to a 1–0 record with a 3–1 defeat at St. Francis (Fort Wayne, Ind.) Sunday. Carlos Montuvar scored the lone Irish goal on a penalty kick. The ND booters travel to Indiana U. Saturday.

The undefeated Notre Dame rugby team closes its regular season Saturday in Washington, D.C. against Georgetown. Some of the Hoyas are former Irish ruggers.

The Notre Dame Sailing Club visits Purdue Saturday for the Timmie Antien Eliminations.

Sunday's tentative interhall football schedule: Holy Cross vs. Kenan; Cavanagh vs. Stanford; Lyons vs. Azic; Leep vs. Finn; Ed's vs. Sorin; Morrissey vs. Zahn; Off-campus vs. Fairly. Games canceled by snow last week will be played at the end of the season if necessary, according to Interhall football warden, Al Hinga.

**THE IRISH EYE**

**Pitt's Pigeon**

BY AL BERRYMAN

A few years ago, the University of Pittsburgh was regarded as one of the nation's powerhouse football schools. But at most people know, recruiting is the name of the game, and Pitt had to stand by and watch most of its Pennsylvania high school talent be lured to other schools. As a result, the next couple of years' record was anything but impressive.

Last year Dave Hart took over the head coaching job from John Micheloden. Hart has not been as fortunate as Ara Parseghian, but he has a young team that will have to be reckoned with in the future.

On his first offensive and defensive teams Hart lists only five seniors, with 13 sophomore and five juniors. On offense, only senior end Bob Longo and junior tackle Art Alois are included on an otherwise all-sophomore unit. Indications are that Pitt may be on the way back.

As to the game Saturday, we can expect the Irish to pick up win number six without much difficulty. The 1967 edition of the Pitt Panther is only 1–6, with the only victory coming over inept Wisconsin.

Pittsburgh scouts went away from Notre Dame last Saturday shaking their heads in wonder. Coach Bill Lewis said of the Irish: "This is a typical Parseghian-coached team—well disciplined and sound fundamentally in every phase of the game. They must be rated as one of the finest teams to visit Pitt Stadium in recent years."

Well, if this is a better team than the one Ara took east in 1965, then the Panthers may be in for a long afternoon. Bill Wolski scored five touchdowns that day and Notre Dame won, 69–13.

Parseghian's only problem, other than the snow on Carterfield Field, seems to be too many running backs. Jeff Zimmerman appears to be fully qualified at fullback, but how can you keep Ron Dunshay on the bench after the job he turned in against Navy?

The talent available should allow Ara a great deal of freedom in building game plans for Pittsburgh, Georgia Tech and Miami. Pitt's coach Hart watched films of Notre Dame, and he said the Irish are "the third best team in the country."—behind Southern California and Purdue. He went on, "I feel they are the best team on our schedule this year, and that includes Miami and UCLA."

If we are THAT good, and we win these last three games, who knows—we may even be rated ahead of Indiana.