Seniors Elect Kenneth as the 68 Patriot of the Year

Given such developments, the award may very well be Mr. Kennan's to abuse. Last year's award was similarly bestowed upon General William Westmoreland, who was represented at the ceremonies by Col. John Stevens, the head of Army ROTC at Notre Dame.

Born in Milwaukee, Wisconsin in 1904, Mr. Kennan joined the Foreign Service in 1925 after graduation from Princeton. During the World War II era, he served in such crucial capitals as Berlin, Prague, and Moscow.

After the war, Mr. Kennan's writings made him one of the most influential forces in American foreign policy. While playing a formative part in the development of the Marshall Plan, he has received numerous academic and popular acclamations, including the National Book Award and the Pulitzer Prize for his book, Russia Against the West and the United Nations, American Diplomacy, and his recently published best-selling memoirs, 1925-1950. Mr. Kennan recently received wide publicity for his criticism of the Administration's foreign policy, most recently before the Senate Foreign Relations Committee. Presently, he is back at the Institute for Advanced Studies. His recent book, The Soviet Union, was in 1925 after graduation from Princeton. During the World War II era, he served in such crucial capitals as Berlin, Prague, and Moscow.

After the war, Mr. Kennan's writings made him one of the most influential forces in American foreign policy. While playing a formative part in the development of the Marshall Plan, he has received numerous academic and popular acclamations, including the National Book Award and the Pulitzer Prize for his book, Russia Against the West and the United Nations, American Diplomacy, and his recently published best-selling memoirs, 1925-1950. Mr. Kennan recently received wide publicity for his criticism of the Administration's foreign policy, most recently before the Senate Foreign Relations Committee. Presently, he is back at the Institute for Advanced Studies. His recent book, The Soviet Union, was

THE OBSERVER
February 5, 1968

Vol. XVII, No. XXXVI
University of Notre Dame

Michael Farley

For Food Riot

The University Disciplinary Board has fined the six halls whose residents were involved in the dining hall riots of January 19th a total of $873. The sum to be paid has been divided among the six halls as follows:

Breen-Phillips $136
Farley 86
Cavanaugh 96
Stanford 90.40
Zahn 152

The action had been rumored for several days and the six presidents involved generally agreed that it was a basically fair punishment. Jim Boland, the president of Breen-Phillips Hall, called the riots "immature behavior on the part of the students." He noted that the six students who were put on disciplinary probation as a result of the incident "will probably be better off if the fine is paid. Yet by no means do I consider it a bribe."

The president of St. Ed's, had received no official word on the fine from Dean of Students Rev. James Riehle, C.S.C. Riehle said, "I don't see how we can get the money out of us unless he charges it to our student account," but he went on to say that the freshmen will panic and collect the money in a hurry. But this hall is mostly upperclassmen and I don't expect to be able to collect anything from them voluntarily.

I have a hard enough time getting money out of them any way now," said Paul Riley, the president of Keenan Hall, expressed some concern over how Keenan and Stanford would raise the money. Both officers come from a commons treasury and recent parties have reduced their funds to about forty dollars. All they can do, Riley said, is "take up a collection and see how much money we raise."

Riley said that he too felt that the action taken against those apprehended in the riot was not excessive. "They were put on disciplinary probation."

Paul Romanski, the president of Farley Hall, said he was surprised with the fine as such, with the amount assessed to Farley Hall. "It astounded me," he said. "I didn't think we'd be able to come up with the fine as such, much less collect the money in a hurry."

"I'm astounded," asked if the administrative board was "as casual as the student's parents," Mr. Romanski said, "I don't think so."

"I'm not surprised. I'll take it up with the University Monday night."

This is the first of a two part series on the Crisis of the Peace Corps by College Press Service correspondant Walter Grant.

WASHINGTON (CPS) - The Peace Corps, once the Mecca of many student radicals, is on the threshold of what could be the most crucial period in its seven-year history.

Few would deny that the Peace Corps has been one of the most successful and popular of the New Frontier programs initiated during the Kennedy Administration. But the Peace Corps now faces many new and delicate problems, most of them a direct result of the war in Vietnam.

The tactfulness with which these problems are solved will determine how few years may well determine whether or not the Peace Corps can survive on a large scale, and if so, how effective it will be in accomplishing its original mission.

Peace Corps officials, including Agency Director Jack Vaughn, are not ready to admit the Corps has problems. But some other high-ranking officials have confirmed privately that the Corps may be in trouble.

Recruiting figures alone indicate the Peace Corps has less appeal now than it had a year ago. In November, 1966, the Peace Corps received 7,997 applications from college seniors. Last November, applications were filed by only 3,786 seniors, nearly a 50 per cent reduction.

Overall, the Peace Corps received 9,661 applications last November, compared with 12,411 in November of 1966. Recruiting also was down in December, with the Corps receiving 7,995 applications last December, compared with 9,258 in 1966.

Peace Corps officials, however, caution that these figures should not be interpreted as meaning the Corps is losing its appeal to students. "The decrease is attributable to the style of recruiting in the fall of 1966 compared to that in 1967," one official explained. "In late 1966, we put on a major recruiting drive which hit its peak in November. In 1967, however, we visited 25 per cent fewer schools in the fall. During the current academic year, we will have our major recruiting effort in the spring."

Since most Peace Corps volunteers come directly from the campus, the Corps' recruiting figures are based on the academic year. So far, applications this year are running about 4,000 behind last year. But with our major recruiting drive still ahead of us, we expect to at least equal last year's figures," Vaughn said.

Despite efforts by Corps officials to convince the public that it is not losing its appeal, officials admit the Corps is more controversial on the campus today than at any other time in its history.

Longevity of Peace Corps in Jeopardy

The main reason for this, Vaughn said, is "a feeling that we are an official part of the Establishment." One government official explained. "Before the United States became deeply involved in Vietnam, young people did not mind so much being associated with the government, but now they do."

However, Vaughn says the expanding group of student radicals who want to be completely disassociated with the government is not affecting the Peace Corps. "We don't in any sense, or never have, tried to tailor a message for the activist," he said. "We are still talking to the concerned, and the concerned can be of almost any political stripe," he said.

But Vaughn says the Peace Corps recruiting on campus is more difficult now than it was several years ago. "Most campuses are boiling," he said. "There is much more noise and much talk, which makes it much harder for us to get our message through." A few years ago it was easy for a recruiter to talk with students, he said. "But now there's a lot of racket, and it's harder to get that conversation across.

The major problem for Corps recruiters comes when a college or university gives them space in their office on the campus. According to the New Frontier program's area on campus, such as in the Student Union Building, Vaughn said. "We don't seek respectability. All we seek is a chance to talk, and if nobody knows who you are, your exposure is so limited you don't have a chance to talk."
Portraits of Two SBP Hopefuls

BY DENNIS GALLAGHER

While a third and even fourth candidate may emerge in the upcoming campaign for Student Body President, probably the two major contenders will be Stay Senator Joseph Richard Rosie and Walsh Hall Senator John Dowd. Both candidates will speak tonight before an open nominating meeting of the Active Student Party (7:00 P.M. in 103 O'Shaughnessy Hall). The A.S.P. will then endorse one of the two, pick a candidate of its own, or free the party members to work for the candidate of their choice.

Richard Rosie, a junior History major from Clarksville, Miss.

News In Brief:

Money For Merlin

The fund for Merlin Phillips, a young South Bend Negro who lost a leg in last summer's disaster, recently was restored to $1800, according to Prof. Paul Rathburn of the Notre Dame English Department. Of $1800, $1400 has come from Notre Dame. The Notre Dame Charity Chest, which distributes the funds raised in New York, is meeting the fund's need.

It Just Ain't So

Half of all U.S. English teachers majored in other fields and the average elementary school teacher spent only 8 percent of his time on the study, according to figures released by Michael F. Shugrue, an official of the Modern Language Association. Shugrue places the blame on college departments of English.

Raffle Tickets

With two major Mardi Gras raffle collection dates now completed, it appears that Fat Tuesday may lack a great portion of the avoidipus that it has possessed in past years. According to Raffle Chairman Jane Sca­verly, raffle receipts are 40 percent behind those of previous years. Cavernously also repeats that the proceeds from the affair go to the Charity Chest, a cause worthy of student support.

Yesterday evening, in Sacred Heart Church, at the fourth com­memoration Mass in the "Year of Faith," series, Rev. James Burtchaell spoke on the topic of "Faith and Works." He began by suggesting that all the feeding and clothing works which the gospel specifies are essentially "the signs that any good man will be known by. All the signs of the sacred," he said, "are good.

The difference between phi­anthropy simply conceived and the giving of Christians must be that the latter "conveys the af­fection not just of ourselves, but of a much greater love than our own.

From this point, he went on to discuss a topic he felt was sorely in need of review, that of the "allocation of the fiscal re­sources of the Church." First citing Biblical references, he pointed out the fact that neither Paul, nor any of the other writers of the New Testament "felt it necessary to expend upon non­Christian things." He, said, is certainly no longer the case. "If we want to show the bounds of His affection to all men, we will have to be equally lavish and equally indiscriminate.

Father Burtchaell then pro­ceeded to quote from a recent study of Church giving and ex­pending, primarily indicating that poorer families gave signific­antly greater percentage of their income to the Church than the relatively rich or very rich. The study also demonstrated that after the school expenses, clerical salaries and building maintenance were taken out, less than 10 percent re­mained "to wash the feet of the world."

Turning then to the question of Church buildings, Burtchaell suggested that the construction of beautiful monuments which was once the accepted role of the Church, should now be left to governments and corporations. The euphemisms about God's "house should be changed to the aesthetic realization that the Church is, in fact man's house."

"It is we who enjoy the marble, the gold, the silk and the com­forts."

These are, said Burtchaell, merely gestures, but their di­rectness and their sensitivity to the misery of the world make them highly significant gestures, and strong marks of Christianity.

The Last Give First

FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 15, 1968

ACCOUNTING, MATH AND ENGINEERING GRADUATES FOR SYSTEMS, PRODUCTION, RESEARCH, INDUSTRIAL ENGINEERING, TESTING ENGINEERING, FIELD ENGINEERING, DESIGN AND SALES

The Inland Steel Company, East Chicago, Indiana; invites you to investigate our many career opportunities. Consult the specific job descriptions in the pocket of our brochure. Our representative will be on your campus on THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 15, 1968.

INLAND STEEL COMPANY

Ind. Harbor Works
East Chicago, Ind.

General Offices
Chicago, Illinois

Jas. T. Ryerson & Son, Inc.
Chicago, Illinois

We are an Equal Opportunity Employer in the Plans for Progress Program

THE OBSERVER
February 5, 1968
Joel Connelly
Up With The Outs

As I look around these days, I see every bulletin board festooned with advertisements for the General Assembly of Students. A fine show it shall be, with Christopher J. Murphy III putting in a rare campus appearance and Tom Brittin playing demagogue to perfection. If this is not enough, there is Sergeant Shriver as speaker for the first night.

However, all this student government hoopla reaches its zenith, we must remember a recent triumph of student rights, a triumph which represents the most solid concrete accomplishment of the year so far. This is Senior cars.

Senior Class President Mike Minton is no favorite of the powers that are. Rare is a Student Union meeting where his demise is not discussed. His Patriot policies have been reviled in the Observer.

In mid-December, "Mayor Mike" presented Fr. Hesburgh with a rationale in support of Senior cars. The rationale was detailed, presenting arguments and anticipating replies. It outlined the career and social obligations of the Senior, making an eloquent plea as to the responsibilities of a Senior preparing for the future. With the rationale came a willingness to negotiate, an open mind of Minton in contrast to the open mouth of student government.

Sweetness and light was accompanied by a wee bit of pressure as well. After all, the Administration of du Lac had hitherto been unwilling to let students see a gas station, let alone possess a car. Minton therefore entered into cooperation with Walsh Senator and SBP hopeful Pat Dowd, another person on the outs with the in-crowd.

Dowd went before the Senate with a specific resolution, not one of those broad rights declarations which invites oratory and Senate support of the Mayor's efforts. The Dowd resolution, the Administration had given in. The Seniors could have presented additional reasoning for Senior cars.

Minton therefore entered into cooperation with Walsh Senator and SBP hopeful Pat Dowd, another person on the outs with the in-crowd.

To make a long story short, word came down through Dean of Students Fr. James Riehle that, impressed by Minton's rationale, the Administration had given in. The Seniors could have cars second semester - on an "experimental" basis. Without much doubt, despite some anticipated frothing at the mouth from various law enforcement agencies, the car deal is permanent. Without making a Dreyfus case out of it or appealing to raw passion, Minton, with help from Dowd, did it.

I raise the cars question because I feel Minton has probably managed to do about as much as the Assembly can hope to do. The General Assembly is a marvelous idea, especially if it foresees a meaningful unity among the students. With luck, it should provide for a loud voicing of just grievances and a mandate for changes.

However, I cannot help but think it just may not have enough attendance, enough unity, or sufficient leadership and direction.

The means used in getting Senior cars were not nearly as exciting as the Assembly shall be. Minton and Dowd could have accomplished much more fun hanging Hesburgh in effigy, but the means chosen were a detailed rationale and a willingness to negotiate. O.K., we need the application of pressure abound this place, but simple and quiet negotiation is vitally needed as well.

Above all, there must be honest and sincere effort, not attempts by a leader and his lieutenants to go down in history where his record is one of dismal failure.

I predict the Assembly will be lots of fun, and might just do a helluva lot. However, even at best it will not surpass in accomplishment what a few people can do and have been able to do with planning, concern, and commitment.

Macris Villa
REAL ITALIAN COOKING
Pizza, Italian-American Dinners

Macris Villa
REAL ITALIAN COOKING
Pizza, Italian-American Dinners

Macris Villa
REAL ITALIAN COOKING
Pizza, Italian-American Dinners

Macris Villa
REAL ITALIAN COOKING
Pizza, Italian-American Dinners

Macris Villa
REAL ITALIAN COOKING
Pizza, Italian-American Dinners

Macris Villa
REAL ITALIAN COOKING
Pizza, Italian-American Dinners

Macris Villa
REAL ITALIAN COOKING
Pizza, Italian-American Dinners

Macris Villa
REAL ITALIAN COOKING
Pizza, Italian-American Dinners

Macris Villa
REAL ITALIAN COOKING
Pizza, Italian-American Dinners

Macris Villa
REAL ITALIAN COOKING
Pizza, Italian-American Dinners

Macris Villa
REAL ITALIAN COOKING
Pizza, Italian-American Dinners

If you don't agree that business destroys individuality, maybe it's because you're an individual.

There's certain campus talk that claims individuality is dead in the business world. That big business is a big brother destroying initiative.

But freedom of thought and action, when backed with reason and conviction's courage, will keep and nurture individuality whatever the scene: in the arts, the sciences, and in business.

Scoffers to the contrary, the red corpuscles of individuality pay off. No mistake.

Encouraging individuality rather than suppressing it is policy in a business like Western Electric—where we make and provide things Bell telephone companies need. Because communications are changing fast, these needs are great and diverse.

Being involved with a system that helps keep people in touch, lets doctors send cardiograms across country for quick analysis, helps transmit news instantly, is demanding. Demanding of individuals.

If your ambition is strong and your abilities commensurate, you'll never be truly happy with the status quo. You'll seek ways to change it and—wonderful feeling!—some of them will work.

Could be at Western Electric.
The University has been recently confronted with the truth of the old adage that contaminated chickens (or cattle as you would have it) always come home to roost. On January 19th, large numbers of frequenters of the North Dining Hall expressed their displeasure with the side effects of the Thursday evening meal. The only real consolation was that University businessmen had not foreseen the full potentials of the situation by installing pay toilets in the campus men's clubs. But official apologies are little consolation for pain, poorly-done final exams, and the frustrating realization that if in the future the food would not be literally sickening, everything else would remain the same.

The same problems with the University's Dining Hall system have been pointed out for years by numerous student committees. It will not be well-armed guards that will prevent riots in the future, but the rational solution of the underlying problems. There have been numerous smaller riots in the last four years for the same basic reasons, and given the continuation of the present system, it is unlikely to expect less in the future.

On Thursday evening, the General Assembly will consider legislation concerning the dining halls. We recommend that the students consider the merits of the coupon principle advocated by Senator Storatz's subcommittee. We also urge that the Assembly demand that the University engage a legitimate catering service to run the dining halls.

Unfortunately, the University's initial response to the riot situation has been anything but encouraging. The first concern seems to not be the conditions of either the students or the food, but levying the punishments necessary to discourage student demonstrations. In any case, one must certainly condemn the arbitrary selection of six students to be symbolically crucified for their fellow students.

But now the Student Body is being involved with overtures of a threatening deal. Six of our fellows are to be ransomed from the enemy through an arbitrary monetary assessment of all students using the North Dining Hall in order to pay for the eight hundred dollars damage. This mentality stifles the potential cooperation of students, faculty, and administration in building a better Notre Dame.

Hopefully, on Wednesday night, the University administration is going to come to the realization that the students are a real force to be dealt with - representative of the central focus of Notre Dame. And more specifically, perhaps the Dean of Student Affairs will realize that this student body will not make a humiliating trade. The attempt to impose such will only hurt everyone in the long run.

The Patriot Game has played itself out once again with a characteristic last-minute shuffle of invitations. This year's winner, George F. Kennan, affirms someone's tongue-in-cheek hunch, "A patriot is one who can come."

Last year's Observer called the Patriot of the Year Award an exercise in black humor. But old jokes become stale and, unfortunately, this joke is on Notre Dame. Before a new and rosy-cheeked junior becomes president of the Senior Class on the basis of rhetoric and a handshake, the Award should receive a meaning or else pass into the files of trivia.

The Award is a plastic one which each recipient has been able to mold to his own best advantage, since "patriotism" is given no tight definition. George F. Kennan and Paul Harvey disagree; but who can say that Kennan's pulse is the faster during the raising of the flag? The Senior Class has made that distinction year after year with no apparent criterion of selection.

The Patriot Game is a regular university, chameleons like Kennedy, Dowd and the rest of the regular university, chameleons like Kennedy, Dowd and the rest of the University businessmen had not foreseen the full potentials of the situation by installing pay toilets in the campus men's clubs. But official apologies are little consolation for pain, poorly-done final exams, and the frustrating realization that if in the future the food would not be literally sickening, everything else would remain the same.

On Thursday evening, the General Assembly will consider legislation concerning the dining halls. We recommend that the students consider the merits of the coupon principle advocated by Senator Storatz's subcommittee. We also urge that the Assembly demand that the University engage a legitimate catering service to run the dining halls.

Unfortunately, the University's initial response to the riot situation has been anything but encouraging. The first concern seems to not be the conditions of either the students or the food, but levying the punishments necessary to discourage student demonstrations. In any case, one must certainly condemn the arbitrary selection of six students to be symbolically crucified for their fellow students.

But now the Student Body is being involved with overtures of a threatening deal. Six of our fellows are to be ransomed from the enemy through an arbitrary monetary assessment of all students using the North Dining Hall in order to pay for the eight hundred dollars damage. This mentality stifles the potential cooperation of students, faculty, and administration in building a better Notre Dame. Hopefully, on Wednesday night, the University administration is going to come to the realization that the students are a real force to be dealt with - representative of the central focus of Notre Dame. And more specifically, perhaps the Dean of Student Affairs will realize that this student body will not make a humiliating trade. The attempt to impose such will only hurt everyone in the long run.

The End Of The Game

There is a reason between the lines and one which the Award, kept under a different name, should express. The winner who can come each year simply holds the philosophy most in agreement with the majority of the Senior Class. Westmoreland was correct last year when he interpreted the honor as backing for the United States in Vietnam. But the Senior Class is only one fourth of Notre Dame, General Westmoreland and George F. Kennan did not receive all the votes cast, and the other choices are not given. As the Award is set up, however, George F. Kennan (if he is patriotic enough to come) will be able to accept this year's Award from all of the Senior Class and those outside the University will speak of a student opinion. A school which once fought the enemy through an arbitrary monetary assessment of all students using the North Dining Hall in order to pay for the eight hundred dollars damage. This mentality stifles the potential cooperation of students, faculty, and administration in building a better Notre Dame. Hopefully, on Wednesday night, the University administration is going to come to the realization that the students are a real force to be dealt with - representative of the central focus of Notre Dame. And more specifically, perhaps the Dean of Student Affairs will realize that this student body will not make a humiliating trade. The attempt to impose such will only hurt everyone in the long run. 

No Bargain

The University has been recently confronted with the truth of the old adage that contaminated chickens (or cattle as you would have it) always come home to roost. On January 19th, large numbers of frequenters of the North Dining Hall expressed their displeasure with the side effects of the Thursday evening meal. The only real consolation was that University businessmen had not foreseen the full potentials of the situation by installing pay toilets in the campus men's clubs. But official apologies are little consolation for pain, poorly-done final exams, and the frustrating realization that if in the future the food would not be literally sickening, everything else would remain the same.

The same problems with the University's Dining Hall system have been pointed out for years by numerous student committees. It will not be well-armed guards that will prevent riots in the future, but the rational solution of the underlying problems. There have been numerous smaller riots in the last four years for the same basic reasons, and given the continuation of the present system, it is unlikely to expect less in the future.

On Thursday evening, the General Assembly will consider legislation concerning the dining halls. We recommend that the students consider the merits of the coupon principle advocated by Senator Storatz's subcommittee. We also urge that the Assembly demand that the University engage a legitimate catering service to run the dining halls.

Unfortunately, the University's initial response to the riot situation has been anything but encouraging. The first concern seems to not be the conditions of either the students or the food, but levying the punishments necessary to discourage student demonstrations. In any case, one must certainly cond
Trials of A Social Director

"Who's that little kid..."

By TOM MCKENNA

"Hey! Who's that little kid in the front row?" If you are attending a concert on campus he is Tom Nelson — National Merit Scholar, engineering major, and Notre Dame's social commissioner. Nelson is faced with a most difficult task in our academic community. He has to create a social atmosphere for the residents of Notre Dame. He has to be convinced that the entertainment is good. He wants to please these performers. And, like all consumers, he is fickle. Nelson cites the Temptations and Four Tops concerts to back up this last point. The Temps were regarded in a so-same manner while the Tops were hailed with wild enthusiasm. The same characteristics affect the trip and party promotions. The ND student must first be convinced. Then he will respond.

This semester Nelson is trying a couple of innovations in order to live up to the gradual march to spring. There will be more concerts and new productions. The ND student must first be convinced. Then he will respond.

Nelson considers this newfound utility of a purpose great help in his commission's operation. The co-operation with Indiana University is presently in the ticket selling stage. And while Nelson says joint sponsoring is far away, "it is a still a possibility." The first of this working together was the sale of tickets to the Judy Collins concert of January 31.

Nelson's position is an important one. He supplies the much-needed social function in Notre Dame's isolated environment. It is his responsibility to try and cope with the social problem that is peculiar to Notre Dame. Presently, Nelson feels his biggest challenge — the Spring Semester Wasteland.

"students think there is too much..."

By JOHN ALZAMORA

Now that time of year has bounced around when one and all are faced with the question of what courses to stick with and what choice classes to bolt out of like sailors on a sinking ship. The pros, those rascals, sensing the "either/or, leap of faith" crisis in the bosoms of the man of wary-eyed students before them, and sensing their own dislike of large, troublesome numbers of undergrads cluttering their lives with texts, papers, and reports to correct will try and help the momentum decision along. In other words they'll try and get you out of their course as quick as your little hands can wash them off.

Your excess from the class will be encouraged via various fags, plays, devices, and tricks conjured up by the creative prof, i.e., he will try to FODL you. And once you're gone, don't be mistaken; no tears will be shed! A small class is a happy class as any T. A., grad student or full professor would know.

Your excess from the class will be encouraged via various fags, plays, devices, and tricks conjured up by the creative prof, i.e., he will try to FODL you. And once you're gone, don't be mistaken; no tears will be shed! A small class is a happy class as any T. A., grad student or full professor would know.

"For a starter," says our evil genius, "spring a quiz on them the first day. This will separate the chaff from the grain soon enough. The grades aren't important; if you're clever about it, you can devise it so that everybody will flunk. What is important is how many will return for the second class. This will be the gauge of the adequacy of your little one-film course."

"Gradually, yet dramatically, lengthen your reading list during the first week of class; and if you don't have one already, make one up. The bigger the better."

"Take every day roll every day both at the beginning of the class and at the end of the class. Show them you mean business, that's all."

"If at the end of the drop-period, you still have too many bodies crowding your classroom, pray for the draft to come and do its stuff. A little prayer never hurts, you know."

As you can see Dimmald has a frightening talent for aiming at all our weak points. But with this in mind you will not be deceived by the onslaught of tricks and chicannery that your professors will be throwing your way between now and the last day on which you can drop courses. Defeat them by getting your course that fits your schedule, stick with it. Naturally, there is one drawback; one can never be sure that those students who are not taking the course that they conscientiously meant to discourange you from staying in the course; they might be the real thing. But then again, those professors can't be as bad as they make out to be, can they?
More Committees for Food Study

The Student-Faculty Committee on Student Life met on Wednesdays, January 31, to discuss the circumstances which led to the riot in the North Dining Hall on January 19. Among those factors the Committee suggested as contributory, apart from the food poisoning which directly precipitated the incident, were poor quality of the food, examination tensions, unsatisfactory chairmans finish assembly legislation

Proposed pieces of legislation for Wednesday's opening of the Student General Assembly are not being handled by the various sub-committees, according to Student Government. Six proposals have been submitted by Student Center and will not be a topic of discussion by the Student Government.

The Student Rights subcommittee, under the chairmanship of Richard Svorova, has submitted three proposals. The first is a proposal for student control of the Student Center and a reaction of the Student Center Committee.

The second statement would turn the Student Government Advisory Board into a police review board, to review the actions taken by the Notre Dame Security Force.

The last Student Rights proposal calls for a hall referendum on abolishing the perfects rooms and having them turned into lounges.

The remaining three submissions are the work of Barry Doyle's Pariots House subcommittee. This group has submitted three statements regarding the implementation of Pariots House hours. The three proposals differ in degree, moving from complete abolition of the subject to a more conservative set of norms for all the halls. All three proposals will be a topic of discussion the Assembly.

Also, the staff of R. Sargent Shriver, who will address the Assembly Wednesday night, announced that the talk will be a major statement dealing with the youth of America. The talk will contain fresh perspectives and will not be a "rehash," according to Shriver's aides. Shriver is presently the director of the Office of Economic Opportunity.

Nun Leaves

Sister Maria Renata, C.S.C., chairman of the St. Mary's College Foundation, has taken a position as professor of American History at Cardinal Cushing College in Boston.

The first nun ever to receive a doctorate in history from Boston College, she served as President of St. Mary's, launching a ten-million dollar college development program.

If you are contemplating a career in aerospace, your next ten years are critical ones. The exposure you get to major projects, the caliber of your associates, the quality and availability of educational institutions for advanced study, and the recognition you get for personal achievements will all count heavily toward building your reputation and your income. At Convair you will find management sensitive to the importance of your personal development and you will work in an atmosphere of achievement side by side with some of the most capable people in our industry-the people who developed Atlas-Centaur and other space age equipment and systems which are making headlines the world over. You will have access to four highly rated colleges and universities for advanced study. Your assignments will be selected from more than one hundred key study and development projects. A variety of outstanding career opportunities are yours at Convair in the following areas of concentration: aeronautical, electrical, electronic and mechanical engineering; engineering mechanics and engineering physics. Convair will assign you to the following areas: advanced systems, systems analysts, space sciences, life sciences and other science and technical disciplines, including scientific data processing, aerodynamics, thermodynamics, materials engineering, development, design engineering, research and development, test engineering and related laboratories.

The Notre Dame Finance Club will offer the prize of a free trip to New York to the winner of an investment competition being undertaken with the blessings of the New York Stock Exchange. In the contest, for an entry fee of one dollar, a student will be given a mythical $20,000 to invest in stocks. The champion investor in terms of money earned will win the New York trip in early April. According to Finance Club Chairman Russ Bellamy, the purpose of the competition is "to teach people investment procedures in theory so they won't have their hands buried in real life later on." Bellamy maintains that the incentive of the trip, plus $20 monthly prizes, will stimulate investment and encourage students to take an interest in the contest.

Atmosphere for Achievement

Finance Fund Builds Slowly

FEBRUARY 15, 1968

See your placement officer to arrange for an on-campus interview with our representatives, or write to Mr. J. J. Tannone, Supervisor, Professional Placement and Personnel, Convair Division of General Dynamics, 5400 Kearny Villa Road, San Diego, California 92121.
Teams Jell During Break

BY MIKE PAVLIN

During semester break, the Notre Dame spotlight was captured by the minor sports teams. Combining record-breaking individual performances with solid team play, they piled up a 12-1 vacation victory margin. A summary follows.

TRACK

Junior sprinter Bill Hurd was the big news on the indoor boards. He led Notre Dame to a pair of victories.

Hurd opened the 1968 indoor season by breaking one record and tying two more as the Irish slipped by Indiana 69-61, Jan. 27. In Bloomington, Notre Dame won only 6 of the 15 meet events, but used strong team depth and a sweep in the 800-yard dash to pull off with the win. Hurd tied both the I.U. Fieldhouse and Notre Dame school records with his 1:16.4 60-yard dash. He broke the I.U. Fieldhouse mark by stepping off the 300-yard dash in :30.9. Hurd was at it again Feb. 3 against Miami of Ohio. He won the 60-yard and 300-yard dashes in :06.1 and :30.8, setting two meet records. The

:06.1 also tied the Notre Dame indoor and Fieldhouse marks. The Irish faltered in field events, but won 10 of 11 running events for a conclusive 87-44 win. Miami’s Ted Downing, the reigning NCAA indoor high jump champion, established meet and Fieldhouse records with a 6' 10" leap.

SWIMMING

Freestyler John May led Coach Dennis Stack’s crew to a three game win streak while breaking a school record.

On Jan. 27, the Irish won 9 of 12 events to crush Western Ontario 73-30 in the latter’s pool.

Two days later, May won two freestyle events as Notre Dame whipped Wayne State 63-50. The Irish swimmers also broke the Wayne State pool and Notre Dame records in the 50-yard freestyle, while tying both marks in the 400-yard freestyle relay.

Paced by May’s record-setting performance in the 200-yard freestyle, Notre Dame swam to its fourth victory of the season, 71-42 over St. Bonaventure. May’s time of 1:52.1 broke his own mark set during the 1966 season.

FENCING

Notre Dame’s premier fencing squad continued unbeaten, adding four victories.

The Irish picked up their 21st straight triumph, defeated Air Force Academy Feb. 2. Senior Tom Reichenbach’s three epsi wins capped a rally which gave Notre Dame a 14-13 victory.

In a quadrangular meet the following day, the Irish ran their win streak to 24. They defeated the University of Illinois Chicago Circle 17-10, Vanderbilt 22-5, and Iowa 18-9. Leading fencers for the season include Bob Mendes (9-3) sabre, Reichenbach (10-3) epee, and the trio of John Cricklair, Tom Sheridan, and Tom Connor, all 3-2 in the foil.

HOKEY

Phil Wittliff continued his assault on opposing goaltenders as the Hockey Club came through with a 2-1 slate.

Wittliff and John Roselli each tallied twice to give the Irish a 4-3 victory over Detroit Jan. 27.

On Jan. 28, Wittliff returned to his home town of Port Huron, Michigan. His teammates were promptly run out of town by Port Huron Junior College, 13-1.

Notre Dame scored 86 shots on Lewis College and crushed Lockport, Illinois school 14-2. Wittliff scored five goals while Mike Garen and Paul O’Neil added two each. Wittliff now has 23 goals in 10 games for the 8-2 pucksters.

FOOTBALL

Eight Irishmen graduated to the second NFL-AFL football draft Jan. 30. Defensive end and tackle Kevin Hardy was the seventh man selected in the first round, going to the New Orleans Saints. Others chosen were: linemarker Mike Mc Gill-third round-Minnesota Vikings; defensive back Jim Smithberger-fifth round-Boston Patriots; linemarker Dave Martin-sixth round-Philadelphia Eagles; offensive tackle Dick Swatland-eighth round-New Orleans Saints; safety Tom Schoen-eighth round-Cleveland Browns; linemarker John Ferguson-tenth round-Los Angeles Rams; halfback Bob “Rocky” Bleier-sixteenth round-Pittsburgh Steelers.

DESPARATE FATHER


How to interview 130 companies in half an hour.

Talk to the man from General Electric. He represents 130 separate GE “companies” that deal in everything from space research to electric toothbrushes. We call them product departments.

Each one is autonomous with its own management and business objectives. That’s why a job at General Electric offers the kind of immediate responsibility you might expect to find only in a small business. From the start you get a chance to demonstrate your initiative and individual capabilities. And the more you show up, the faster you will move ahead. As you do, you’ll find that you don’t necessarily have to spend a lifetime working on the same job in the same place. We have operations all over the world. Chances are you’ll get to try your hand at more than one of them. Our interviewer will be on campus soon. If you’re wondering whether it’s possible to find challenging work in big business, please arrange to see him. He speaks for 130 “companies.”
Mc Coy Paces Wrestling Upset

THE IRISH EYE

De Trivia

BY T. JOHN CONDON

Sports trivia has become such an established fact that today we take it upon ourselves to inaugurate the Observer’s first annual Esoteric Sports Trivia Contest. The rules, remissive of the project matter, are simple. A prize will be offered to the reader who submits the most correctly answered question. You must read from memory, and sent to me or the Observer by no later than 6:00 P.M. Wednesday, February 7.

Before we begin, we might say a word about the nature of trivia. The practical value, for instance, of maintaining a vast store of relatively useless information might be called into question. But there can be, for the young savant attempting to go from rag to Brooks Brothers, a useful aspect to such an aggregation, if it is used correctly.

Now, it is a truth well known that to succeed in the real world the young executive must impress his elders. One must impress both on the job and the social circuit. It is in this latter milieu that a knowledge of trivia can aide one’s advancement.

Picture yourself at the vortex of the social situation, the cocktail party. First, it might be helpful to assume a position on or near the floor. This will limit at the ‘youth preaching and teaching in the temple’ posture if you are trying to project. You must, of course, let the elders begin the conversation, but be constantly ready for your opening. As soon as your subject, sports, for example, is touched upon, spring into action.

It is quintessential that you grasp the initiative. You must keep asking, the questions, for, if you don’t, someone is liable to stump you, and there goes the old practice. So keep the initiative and surrender it only when you must leave the room. It might be well to add that if tempus is flagging and the subject still hasn’t worked its way around to your forte, your optimum wager is to help it along. For instance, if someone is discussing his greatest thrill in some profession, casually mention that you heard a good one on the radio.

The great Garagola’s greatest baseball thrill (“My greatest baseball thrill was making it past the police deadline so I could send my laundry out.”)

This leads naturally into the 1946 World Series between the Cardinals and the Red Sox, and you see, to coin a metaphor, home free.

So, with the practical aspects established, let us commence our contest.

1. Who was the center of the 1924 Notre Dame National Championship football team and where did he spend the greater part of his subsequent coaching career?

2. Where did the first team manager of the National Basketball Association Association history?

3. Who ‘invented’ the jump shot?

4. What was the lowest 72-hole score ever posted in a P.G.A. tournament?

5. What boxer, rated the greatest middleweight of all time, was shot and killed by a farmer at the age of 24?

6. Who is generally conceded to be the greatest woman athlete of all time?

7. Who holds the record for most knockouts?

8. What team replaced Babe Ruth and Lou Gehrig at their respective positions for the Yankees?

9. What was the lowest average ever needed to win the American Leage Batting Championship?

10. Everyone knows that the ‘Black Sox’ threw the 1919 World Series. Who did they throw it to?

11. What was the lowest score ever registered in National Basketball Association history?

12. Name 2 of Yale’s last three football All-Americans.

13. Who was the first player to win the Sullivan Award as outstanding amateur athlete in 1939, and who was his coach?

14. Who was the first player to win the Heisman Trophy?

15. Name 2 of Yale’s last three football All-Americans.

16. What players replaced Babe Ruth and Lou Gehrig at their respective positions for the Yankees?

17. What is the greatest knockdowns in a career?

18. What boxer, rated the greatest middleweight of all time, was shot and killed by a farmer at the age of 24?

19. Who is generally conceded to be the greatest woman athlete of all time?

20. What was the name of the new baseball field at the University of Chicago Traveling Team?

21. What hamburger chain has become synonymous with the University of Chicago Traveling Team?

22. Who hit the home run of the century in 1951, and who was his coach?

23. Who was the first player to win the Sullivan Award as outstanding amateur athlete in 1939, and who was his coach?

24. Who was the first player to win the Heisman Trophy?

25. Name 2 of Yale’s last three football All-Americans.

26. What is quintessential that you grasp the initiative.

27. Who holds the record for most knockouts?

28. What team replaced Babe Ruth and Lou Gehrig at their respective positions for the Yankees?

29. What was the lowest score ever registered in National Basketball Association history?

30. Everyone knows that the ‘Black Sox’ threw the 1919 World Series. Who did they throw it to?

31. What was the lowest 72-hole score ever posted in a P.G.A. tournament?

32. What boxer, rated the greatest middleweight of all time, was shot and killed by a farmer at the age of 24?

33. Who is generally conceded to be the greatest woman athlete of all time?

34. Who holds the record for most knockouts?

35. What team replaced Babe Ruth and Lou Gehrig at their respective positions for the Yankees?

36. What was the lowest average ever needed to win the American League Batting Championship?

37. Everyone knows that the ‘Black Sox’ threw the 1919 World Series. Who did they throw it to?

38. What was the lowest score ever registered in National Basketball Association history?

39. Everyone knows that the ‘Black Sox’ threw the 1919 World Series. Who did they throw it to?

40. What was the lowest score ever registered in National Basketball Association history?

41. Everyone knows that the ‘Black Sox’ threw the 1919 World Series. Who did they throw it to?

42. What was the lowest score ever registered in National Basketball Association history?

43. Everyone knows that the ‘Black Sox’ threw the 1919 World Series. Who did they throw it to?

44. What was the lowest score ever registered in National Basketball Association history?

45. Everyone knows that the ‘Black Sox’ threw the 1919 World Series. Who did they throw it to?