The following is the first in a three-part series on the problems of pollution. This pressing problem of our time will be examined in a Conference at Mary Thursday in the Library Auditorium. In this series, the Observer will interview some of the participants and examine some of the problems. It is written by Steve Ufford, an Observer staff reporter.

Everyone knows the story. Many years ago a weak, slow, practically defenseless quadruped started his climb to the top of Darwin's heap. Blessed with the ultimate tool of adaptability, an opposable thumb and an ability to think, he first adapted himself to the conditions of nature, and at a continuously increasing rate now adapts nature to him.

The dream story has come to have more and more nightmare aspects. In an Observer interview concerning his part in the Pollution Conference to be held Thursday, Dr. Thomas Griffing of the Biology Department pointed out that man may eventually in lakes where they encourage the growth of weeds and “concentrated substances can be "concentrated" in food chains", i.e., the chicken can collect DDT from numerous plants and you can collect it from numerous chickens. Fortunates are all a problem. Having run off the fields, they collect eventually in lakes where they encourage the growth of weeds and algae. Despite this, agriculture does not have such dramatic results as does industry.

Our modern society depends on the stored energy of "fossil fuels". "The combustion of fossil fuels releases large amounts of carbon dioxide." TH upholds ND - SMC cooperation, autonomy

by Prue Wear

Notre Dame's president yesterday reaffirmed the intention of both Notre Dame and St. Mary's to remain autonomous while increasing cooperation on all levels.

Speaking at the convocation which marked the final closing of St. Mary's 125th anniversary year, Rev. Theodore Hesburgh said that, "I am intrigued by the thought that between us we might create a total educational opportunity that will be greater than the two separate opportunities that have existed thus far."

He went on to list a series of "true realities" in the "equation" — common registration and admissions, some composite academic-departments shared on each side and representing a primary responsibility on one or the other side, common academic calendars, grades, standards, academic facilities and programs planned and shared in common, and an equitable distribution of the true academic costs. He said, "I believe that all of this can be accomplished without submerging St. Mary's or bankrupting Notre Dame, or lowering the academic standards of either school."

He stated that the direct administration of women undergraduates "may make sense for Princeton or Yale but these do not have a girl's school a mile distant with the historical relationship that has characterized Notre Dame and St. Mary's for 125 years." (continued on page 2)

ND Ten given continuance

The Notre Dame Ten were granted a continuance of not more than five days to allow them to prepare a defense at yesterday's opening hearing before the Appeals Board.

The continuance was granted with the added stipulation that The Ten go twenty-four hours notice to the Board prior to the hearing to allow time for the Board to arrange for the hearing.

Brian McIntire, one of the Ten, originally asked for an indefinite continuance of "may..." (continued on page 3)
TH relates many SMC benefits

(continued from page 1)

In reference to the long-rumored merger, Hesburgh said that it would mean that Notre Dame's campus would be strengthened by a merger of St. Mary's and the concurrent growth of Notre Dame. He made an effort to delineate the history of St. Mary's and the concurrent growth of Notre Dame. He made an effort to discuss the role of St. Mary's in the Notre Dame University of Excellence.

WASHINGTON reactions to SMO

(continued from page 1)

general theory of selective disobedience to law, which could quickly tear down the fabric of the government. So-called selective pacifism is essentially a political question of support or nonsupport of a war and cannot be judged in terms of special moral imperatives.

Senator George McGovern of South Dakota replied by saying that the bill written by himself and his colleagues was "tighter" because their bill used the words "selective conflict" rather than war. McCarthy pointed out that Vietnam is not only a war, but is considered an armed conflict.

Koch's bill is surprising in that the rationale for the bill is to support the many of the same arguments that the Notre Dame professors used after presenting their bill for consideration.

Koch in his letter to Nixon of February 9, 1969 that the bill was necessary to "bring the nation together," which had been "a major mission of his administration."

Representative Kich estimated that there are between 5,000 and 30,000 of "the very best of you youth" that have fled to Canada because of the draft. Koch contended that it would be possible, if his bill were passed, to allow those youth to come back to the United States to apply for a selective service classification. The young man would have to physically present himself before appropriate Selective Service boards to take his case. If he failed to establish the legitimacy of his conscientious objection, he is one of those who is now a violator of the law as it is currently defined and does not come within the proposed new definition, he would then be subject to all of the penalties of the law.

In his letter to the President, Koch asked a question about the selective service amendment which was raised by many students at Notre Dame. That objection was that many people would take advantage of the amendment by applying for the selective service on the grounds. Koch wrote to the President, "As in the case of the conscientious objector to all wars, a rigid investigation is made of each applicant. Experience shows that fomenting of conscience is extremely difficult and is not the likely escape for those who wish to evade the Selective Service System in the law." Koch quoted Martin Luther King, who said that "Every young man who believes the Vietnam war is abominable and unjust should be, as a conscientious objector."

He also quoted General Hershey's statement, "that the conscientious Obby is my thought's best handled if no one hears of him."

Treeless SMC!

St. Mary's Security said last night that a large spruce tree behind Holy Cross disappeared Saturday night. Security had heard that all of the halls at Notre Dame had marked a tree to be taken, and, had consequence, been patrolling the entire campus. Somehow they missed the thieves.

Dr. Kellison, who said that "Every young man who believes the Vietnam war is abominable and unjust should be, as a conscientious objector."

He also quoted General Hershey's statement, "that the conscientious Obby is my thought's best handled if no one hears of him."

10 things America's new small cars won't talk about.

Nova talks about things those new little cars prefer not to mention.

For instance, (1) a cargo-cargo luggage compartment; (2) an extra set of fenders inside the fenders; (3) flush and dry rocker panels that help prevent rust and corrosion; (4) a quality built body by Fisher; (5) Magic-Mirror acrylic lacquer finish; (6) a firm, steady ride programmed by computer-selected springs; (7) six different engines and five transmissions available; (8) an available lighting group that even includes a monitor for your windshield washer fluid; (9) radios you can order, with antennas built right into the windshield and (10) the availability of a new, more compact radio/stereo tape system. America's little cars don't offer them. Nova does.

Nova also has a very appealing price. And a lot of loyal friends, Wonder why.

Putting you first, keeps us first,

Nova: America's not-too-small car
the land-based greenery which supplies 30% of the oxygen of the world through photosynthesis being constantly decreased to make room for mankind. The other 70% comes from the free-floating algae in the oceans. The oceans are being constantly polluted by pollutants–but that’s all right because it’s so big. If this sounds like something your grandparents said about the Great Lakes . . .

One way of avoiding both pollution and the depletion of our fossil finite fuel supply is to tap our “less finite” supply of nuclear fission.

The problem is not one of gross negligence leading to radiation sickness. Sigh of relief anyone? Rather, “in some respects radioactively mineralized materials act in an ecosystem similar to pesticides.” Next time someone offers you your beef politely refuse the extra optional antibiotic and carcinogenic agents.”

Granted that most pollutants are implemented by-products of our way of life, (here I ignore the problem of excesses serve gas and other such patently disgusting stuff) what can be done about it? Dr. Griffig suggests population control: “I don’t want to suggest that it is a panacea” but, “I do fauvore to name a problem that cannot be traced back to population.” He sees an almost immediate cessation of population as the only way to buy the time we need to take the technological measures to save our planet.

After telling to Dr. Griffig, reading the reprint from Time magazine called “Now is the Time for All Good Men to Come to the Aid of their Planet!” and glancing at Robert McNamara’s address last spring at Notre Dame, I can only think that the worst pollution problem is a human manufacturing. Make your feel like one cell in a cancer.

Rather than do anything about it, I will just wait. According to an anonymous Biology grad student, man will screw up the world that within a couple of decades population and starvation will force a disaster situation that will reduce the human population in accordance with Darwin’s Theories.

In connection with Euro job which will run 14 pg on Tues.

Regional director will be here to discuss the program

TUES. DEC. 7 70

103 O’SHAG

TEN’ hearing (continued from page 1)

be three or four days,” but Father Kiehl found the wording too vague and asked for a continuance of not more than five.

The Ten agreed to this request, and a statement of the continuance was read to the Ten by Professor Donald Costello, chairman of the Appeals Board. Father Kiehl then requested that at least twenty-four hours notice be given to the Ten to allow time for everyone involved in the hearing to arrange to be present.

McInerney voiced agreement, and the continuance in its final form was read by Costello to the Ten. Costello then adjourned the hearing.

All hearings before the Appeals Board are open to the public.

GRAND PRIX 1970

Applications now being accepted for:

Public Relations Director
Race Chairman
GP Staff

Contact: M.G. Giannone
Box 427
Notre Dame, Ind.

or write: Grand Prix

Bookstore

Lost and Found

Klamath Falls
OREGON, (UPI) - The Klamath Falls Herald and News printed a UPI newspaper of a boy who found $1,000 but the newspaper inadvertently omitted from its caption the fact that it happened in Boston. A local man, apparently assuming the picture was of a Klamath Falls boy, telephoned to claim he had lost the $1,000.

All officers reviewed by the office at 4:00 TODAY to take the first annual Christmas picture for our Christmas card.

This includes business staff, news staff, editorial staff, night staffs, and everyone who helps in any capacity.

1970
Calendar Change

The Notre Dame-St. Mary's Academic community has demonstrated flexibility in releasing its new calendar, and that's good. The two rapidly merging schools have indicated a certain willingness to change, to experiment: a willingness that gives rise to hopes of better things to come. But this experiment, we fear, will take much effort on the part of students to adjust to, since it falls wide of the mark on several counts.

Final semester examinations, according to the new calendar will come before Christmas vacation. Most students seemed to want that. A sizable number of students though count on getting home a week or so before Christmas so that they can pick up one of the numerous pre-Christmas jobs floating around and subsequently pick up some money for Christmas shopping. The new schedule will deprive those students of that opportunity, and the resultant extended post-Christmas vacation will not make it up to them. There are few jobs available after Christmas. That's going to take a lot of getting used to. Perhaps future calendar could be structured to allow the semester to end earlier.

A great error, we believe the two schools made, was the elimination of the Easter vacation. The action is a theological absurdity; this, the most important day on the calendar does the students a hardship and themselves a significance. Academic Councils appreciate the fact that their new semester and go home on the twelfth of May, but not at an earlier and an Easter break could have been provided.

Finally, it is a wonderful thing to end the second semester and go home on the twelfth of May, but not at the price of attending school on national or religious holidays. If a holiday celebrates something valid, it should be observed. When doesn't, it should be ignored. In no case should a Christian community pay lip service to something to which they have no intention of attaching any importance.

We appreciate the difficulty of devising a year-round schedule. Are grateful for the fact that cooler heads prevailed on proposals like the one that suggested seventy-five minute classes. We also appreciate the fact that we're going to stick with this calendar for at least a year. In turn, we hope that the Notre Dame and St. Mary's Academic Councils appreciate the fact that their new calendar does the students a hardship and themselves a disservice, and that the Councils use their notable flexibility again next year when the calendar comes up for review.

Notice

A statement was circulated in the dorms this weekend which quoted an Observer news story as stating that six of the 10 people who were charged with breaking the 15 minute rule (and consequently suspended or expelled) were improperly charged. The fact is that six of the ten claim that they were falsely accused. The Observer has no way of ascertaining whether their claim is true or false. That is up to the hearing board.

Tim Treador

The long night

"There is no right to kill indiscriminately..."

—statement of the Notre Dame ten

"The issue... is the primacy of human life. If you consider human life the most important thing, then you can have no agreement with what he did. If human life isn't the most important thing, however, then that raises all sorts of questions, like the purpose of a Christian University..."

—Ed Roickle, speaking before an audience of Bavin Hall Students in defense of the actions of the Notre Dame ten.

It has been three hours now, and after three hours in a situation like this one is beset by curious perceptions. Since we were sealed off the temperature has felt warmer; the pressure, higher. One person in ten would be honest; he would cry; the others would smile jackassedly..."

But, goddamit! why haven't we retaliated? Or more importantly, why did they think that they could attack with impunity? Or more importantly yet, what are the implications of action without reaction! What will come next?

It was finally here, having hovered overhead for so long; it was bound to do it. The war that had poisoned the army that took no survivors; it had precipitated in venerable Boston, and before the mushroom-cloud lifted there was a body count of over a million. Now, a thousand people packed in a sadistic shelter meant for only eight hundred listened grimly for further news.

There had been no new bombings, either on our part or the part of the Soviet Union; and speculation arose that the original bombing was a mistake, a tragic miscalculation. It was funny how quickly a large group of people could quiet down in so brief a period of time; it took only the cracking voice of the radio.

"The President of the United States, it announced.

The President's low, solemn voice wafted through the speaker, only to echo. "We cannot retaliate for this senseless and tragic act, for the only retaliation would be as senseless and tragic as the act itself."

"Our enemy has come upon us, bearing the weapons of war. I urge you, the people, to meet them with the weapons of nonviolent resistance. As Ed Roickle said in his book, The Primacy of Human Life 'There is no right to kill indiscriminately.' And you, my fellow Americans, the issue that was mass, indiscriminate murder. As a people, we cannot support it."

"So there will be no war, as much as our enemies desire one. Or more correctly, there will be a war, but there will be no indiscriminate killing. Instead, this war will be a war of the spirit, and the prize will be the soul of America..."

The mood in the bomb shelter was strangely undefinable. Elation was there, of course, and so was relief; people could leave the shelter. There were people who had their skin melted off, but that was all right; that part of the war was over.

Yet there was another mood, not revenge, of course, and not mistrust of the president or of nonviolence, but... The radio again. "Two thousand people, lying down in front of Russian tanks in the New York Harbor, each holding a copy of The Primacy of Human Life and shouting 'People are the most important thing' were run over and killed by the tanks about ten minutes ago."

Here with the details..."

The bomb shelter "thousand," who were preparing to leave their cacoons, sat down as one man. As they sat down, a terrible realization hit them all.

In a totalitarian country, nonviolence is not a weapon. It's a joke.

The whole premise of nonviolence is that it is more potent to offer one's own life than to threaten another's. The modern totalitarian state is more than willing to accept such an offer, because a smaller population is easier to control than a large one. The state doesn't need people—it has machines to do menial things. Mass execution (systematic liquidation) is by far the easiest method of population control. The troublesome element is gone with remarkable rapidity. I am bemoaning the fact that I am PURELYprotest..."

"...and I urge you to do the same; also, the writings of Comrades Roickle, Ghandi, and Christ, for the man before us now is not the primacy of life, but Priorism..."

"The long night is here."

"The Observer is published daily during the college semester except vacations by the students of the University of Notre Dame and St. Mary's College. Subscriptions for the Observer are accepted at the University Bookstore. For information: Phone 415-555. Subscriptions purchased for $8 from The Observer, Box 11 Notre Dame, Ind., 46556.

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NOTRE DAME, INDIANA

FOUNDED NOVEMBER 3, 1966

An Independent Student Newspaper
Romeo and Juliet: Post Mortem

by Dave Lammers

Our second peeper-upper for today is a Dostoevsky-like reprieve from imminent death, well maybe no imminent death but it is more important than the happening cited above.

Greg Powers put down September 29th, 1949 when he went in to register with his draft board. (13 let you can guess the end of this little anecdotable already.) His mother and his aunt were forever arguing the matter, Greg's mom claiming her son was born on the 30th day of September, his aunt, who has since passed away, arguing that her nephew was born on September 29.

In deference to the suit, Greg celebrated his birthday on the 29th, and gradually grew accustomed to putting down 9-29-49 on the endless forms that we are always commanded to complete for this that and the other.

When the draft lottery took place Greg was left with number 51, which was a good thing at all, as we all know only too well. After a day of agony, he remembered the traditional argument over the date of birth. So Greg's mom trotted on over to the courthouse to see if they had put on the birth certificate, and it was September 30th, so now Greg is 315 instead of 51. Which just goes to show that things start to get out of hand before you've even seen the light of day.

...
**Project reaches to educate adults**

The film clip opens with a pan shot of a scrap heap at the old Studebaker plant in South Bend and moves to a closeup of a Negro, wearing a black hat, gray suit coat and white shirt open at the collar.

"Hello," he says into the camera. "My name is Edward Jenkins. For 22 years I was a Studebaker worker. I thought I was secure as a factory worker, but I found myself out of a job at 55 years old."

The difference between this message and the slick commercial testimonial is that the man in the film really is Edward Jenkins and what he says about himself is true because he wrote the script.

Edward Jenkins and the five others filming him on location that day are participants in "Project Reach," a University of Notre Dame program designed to improve promotion and teaching of adult basic education. Crew members, three blacks and three Mexican-Americans, are being trained as Notre Dame experimental Most Notre Dame program designed to improve promotion and teaching of adult basic films for adult basic education and producing videotaped instructional material. Roy Lewis, training instructor of the film group, is the tall man standing next to the camera.

The project is supported by the U.S. Office of Education.

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**TCHAIKOVSKY**

*Piano Concerto No. 1*

GIELLS/CHICAGO SYMPHONY REINER

---

**BEETHOVEN**

*SINFONIES NO. 5 & SCHUBERT SYMPHONY NO. 5 "Unfinished"

BOSTON SYMPHONY MUNCH

---

**FRANCK**

*Symphony in D Minor*

BOSTON SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA

CHARLES MUNCH

---

**STRAUSS**

*Also Sprach Zarathustra* REINER/CHICAGO SYMPHONY

---

On location near South Bend is the film crew of "Project Reach," a University of Notre Dame program designed to improve promotion and teaching of adult basic education. Crew members, three blacks and three Mexican-Americans, are being trained as Notre Dame experimental Most Notre Dame program designed to improve promotion and teaching of adult basic films for adult basic education and producing videotaped instructional material. Roy Lewis, training instructor of the film group, is the tall man standing next to the camera.

The project is supported by the U.S. Office of Education.

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**Announcing a Giant Sale on Classical Records at the Notre Dame Bookstore**

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**Compiles bibliography**

Canon Astrid L. Gabriel, director of the Medieval Institute at the University of Notre Dame, is about to "replay" the United States for the citizenship it gave him 16 years ago.

His opportunity stems from a 1963 planning meeting of the World Congress of Historical Studies in Cracow, Poland, in which he attended as vice president of the International Commission on the History of Universities. Assignments were made for compiling a bibliography of the history of universities, and the only country of Western civilization not listed was the United States. Gabriel himself was asked to work on a bibliography of English, Scottish and Irish universities. The mediator called attention to the omission and presented a list of 27 American universities founded before 1800 to his colleagues.

They gave him the assignment, and the National Endowment for the Humanities recently awarded Notre Dame $9,480 to support his research. Gabriel plans to visit the libraries of all the universities on his list, which begins with Harvard, founded in 1636, and ends with the University of South Carolina and Union College, both founded in 1785.

"The Bibliography of American Universities," he said, "will be a comprehensive survey of all universities in the United States, including those founded before 1800." He expects it will be completed within four years, and he envisions it as a series of volumes devoted to each region of the country, along with volumes from other nations—"at the 1970 meeting of the World Congress of Historians in Moscow."
Letters to the Editor

Indus Week

Dear Editor:

This letter is being written reflecting upon the contents of this letter are still relevant.

We recognize the great amount of effort that is made by the Observer staff and realize their hard work and devotion to the Observer. There is something that we would like to bring to the attention of the Notre Dame community and the Observer.

The only news coverage that Indus Week, which appeared in the first week of October, received from the Observer was a story about the Mayor of South Bend and the Vice-President of the University. Their stories were attended by over a thousand people. This article was certainly a great substitute for an article on Gandhi on Indus Week promised by the Observer.

A similar situation arose again. This time, it was with respect to the Chinese New Year. The Observer gave more priority to the Chinese New Year as compared to the China Day itself. This can be easily noticed by looking at the Observer on the same day. It gave first priority to the announcement of China Day activities and, if necessary, to criticize it. Many Chinese students that I had the opportunity of talking to were rather disturbed about this whole episode. It is our expectation to urge the Observer staff to be more careful and considerate of the sentiments of the international students. If they try to become more friendly to your doorsteps the least they expect is need for discouragement.

Sincerely,

Vinod Khera
University of Notre Dame

Editor:

We would not argue with Miss Becker that washed-out orange is mediocre green. We would, however, like to comment on the rural American banality to which she refers in her article of December 4.

Having lived in such areas for the greater portion of my life, I maintain that a combination of the Internet and the mass media has made up the more important part of my hamlet-derived learning. There are many reasons for this. Rural areas are trees in front of each store, old wood doors, yellow walls, and garlands made from real pine boughs hung from telephone poles to delineate the house from the sidewalk. The disappearance of these things only to coincide with the introduction of the Pensneys, the Woolworths, the Acmes, and the A&P's to my life was quite a shock for me. It is important to me that my house is supposed to be, what a house is supposed to be, the personality of a creaking floor tile on a concrete slab for the personality of a cracking floorboard.

Sincerely,

I. Ross McGraw
The Elated Ones

Editor:

Walking towards the campus on Notre Dame Avenue last Friday, I was a bit perplexed by the masses of students on route, apparently asleep to Frankie's and/or Louie's. It seemed a little strange that so many people should be heading to the drinking places on a Monday night. I was at quite some loss to explain the phenomenon until I was passed by one elated student who kept jumping and shooting off pop canisters saying "Three-sixty-three! Three-sixty-three! SIXTY-THREE!"

And then I remembered. This was the special Christmas offer from the Squire. I thought that we had this exchange of ideas — it appears that this is not the case.

The students who blocked the doorways presumably hold to a particular set of ideas. While the methods they use to profess their beliefs are perhaps not the best, they are what they feel is right. The University and many of its members obviously do not feel this way — fine. But why must these students be kicked out of this "Christian" community? There is a conflict of beliefs, why can't people be human and discuss where they differ — the gap is not as wide as most individuals think. The responsibility of the University to educate her members should not end as soon as differences of opinion occur. There is enough war (forcing of ones beliefs on another) in the world without having one at Notre Dame.

Sincerely,

Corey Hogan

FREE TRANSPORTATION FOR CHRISTMAS HOLIDAYS DRIVEWAYS AVAILABLE

The Observer now has the best Christmas tree in the world.

Stop up and see it.

Our thanks to Ginger, Barb, Jan, Tom and T.C.

Pittsburgh Club Meeting

Tuesday Night: 7:30 2D Lafayette

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Outclassed Valpo third Irish victim

by Mike Pavlin
Observer Sports Editor

It was like being back in high school again. The basketball arena at Valparaiso, Indiana has all that you left behind in Newark or Chicago: the small court, the bleachers right down to the sidelines, the volleyballs superimposed on the playing surface.

But the Valpo gym has some definitely college aspects, like a chorus-line of "Crusaderettes" doing a mock-striptease during halftime (when asked "Do they have that back in Jersey", one Irish fan retorted, "In Jersey, we got the real thing."). The arena is also the home of the Valpo Crusaders, a well-drilled, good shooting team which refused to be run over last Saturday night. Led by Austin Carr outside and Collis Jones inside, the Irish took their third decision of the year 98-82 in a game never in doubt but never really a rout.

"Yes, we're always worried when we go to play these small schools like Valpo, Butler, and Northern Illinois," said coach Johnny Dee yesterday, "The court is smaller (six feet less than in the Colosseum) and you can't work your break right." Dee's matching-zone defense gave the Crusaders trouble from the start, but they managed to score well from the corners. On offense, ND used the "double stack" with devastating effect. With Mike O'Connell out front working the ball in, the others four deep, attempting to get free for the short shot.

During the first half, Jones, Sid Caletti, and John Pleick were able to out-rebound the smaller Crusaders on the offensive boards (game rebound edge 45-40) for early tips. Pleick was particularly deadly, hitting on 8-11 shots from the floor during the game.

The frustrated Crusaders were trying to figure out how to dispatch the ND defense, Carr was running them to death.

Mike O'Connell injured his knee slightly against Valpo, but he'll be ready for Northern Illinois.

Pucksters blitzed

Coach Lefty Smith's icons came down to earth this weekend as they suffer a pair of losses at the hands of powerful UCLA, 73-51 and 5-1.

Wisconsin simply had too much talent for the Irish, now 5-2 on the season. On Saturday night, goalie Dick Tomaselli was brilliant in keeping the score down to 5-1, as he made 51 saves. Badger Bert Bratke scored his 10th career goal during a three goal, second period spree which put Wisconsin ahead. ND's only score came from the stick of John Roselli (above).

Grapplers 1st at Rochester

With Notre Dame wrestlers winning four events and placing second in five others, the Irish grapplers out-scored runner-up Rochester Institute of Technology 90-72 and captured first place in the RITInvitational Tournament for the second year in a row, this past weekend in Rochester. Case Institute of Technology placed third in the tournament with 53 points.

Winning their respective weight classes for the Irish were Captain Keith Giron (126), John Maas (134), Ken Ryan (142), and Bill Hasbrook (160). All four wrestlers won their final matches by decision, Giron topping his opponent, 5-1, Maas handing his man, 9-4, Ryan romped to an 8-0 win, and Hasbrook shutout his opponent also, registering a 46-0 triumph. Tom Giron (177), Bob Hubig (150), Jim Hansen (158), Greg Abrams (177), and Bill O'Sell (Heavyweight) all turned in fine performances before placing second in their weight classes.

Notre Dame also recorded a third place finish in only other weight class, 167, as Tom Powell was beaten before reaching the finals.

The Irish proved their superiority early in the tourney, winning nine of the first ten preliminary matches. It was a top-notch showing for the team and for rookie coach Terry Mather, who returned to the city where he did his high school coaching and displayed the talents of his Fighting Irish.

Wandering all over the front-court, Austin hit a hot shooting streak and helped push the Irish to a 33-19 lead. Some fine shooting cut the lead back down to eleven, but a Pleick up-in- the air shot made it 45-32 at the half.

Midway through the period, O'Connell was sidelined with a slight knee injury (he'll be ready for Northern Illinois) and was replaced by Jackie Meehan and later by Tom Sinnott. Dee said that he may continue to shuffle his guards, not including Carr, as a means of varying the offense.

Notre Dame hosted the game open early in the second half on several fast breaks, but a 22-point lead at 17:20 was the widest margin the Irish could manage. Bruce Lindner and guard Rhett Tauber, the Crusaders played the Irish even the rest of the way and succeeded in cutting the deficit to as low as 14 points.

Tauber, who did not play the first half, shoots his jumpers like a shot-putter gone wrong, jamming the ball straight away from his chest. Lindner deals in long- range jump shots. Together, they delighted the packed-in crowd of Valpo routers and amazed the extremely vocal ND contingent (total attendance, 300) with as fine an exhibition of longrange shooting as we've seen in a lifetime.

The Irish, however, continued to dominate the backboards and Carr continued to score. The junior captain canned 17-23 shots from the floor and ended up with 39 points. He now has 107 for the season, a 35.7 average. With the score 88-68 with 6:00 left, Valpo came out in a full court press which seemed to give ND only slight difficulty. Nevertheless, the Irish could score only eight points in the final six minutes. One basket came from Jay Zuniewski, who pulled one of the better moves of the evening by drawing an offensive foul from one of the Valpo guards.

Jones had 26 points (12-18 shooting) scoring most of his 16 points in the first half helping ND to a 45-32 lead. Collis Jones (foreground) prepares for the possible rebound.

The Irish hope to continue their winning ways when they battle Purdue in Lafayette this Wednesday. Last year's team was the first Notre Dame club to beat the Boilermakers and this year's team will be going all out to thwart Purdue's attempt for revenge.

ND meet goes to Ball State

Ball State took six firsts and cracked up 102 of 119 possible points in repeating as champion of the Notre Dame Pre-Season Invitational Relay Swim Meet Friday night.

Notre Dame was edged out of second place by Central Michigan University which totaled 75 points to N.D.'s 74. Oakland University followed with 71, and Valparaiso and Wayne State were far behind with 35 and 17 points respectively.

The final event the 400-yard freestyle relay, decided second place when C.M.U. beat Notre Dame by one second with a time of 3:23.4.

N.D. won the first event as Vince Spohn, Jim Cooney, John Sherk, and Gene Kraußhaas swam the 200-yard freestyle in 1:31.4. Spohn and Kraußhaas also swam with Frank Facer and Craig Ferrer in the 200-yard butterfly team that tied Ball State for first with a time of 1:43.2.

B.S.U. won all other events except diving, which was won by Oakland.

John Pleick scored most of his 16 points in the first half helping ND to a 45-32 lead. Collis Jones (foreground) prepares for the possible rebound.