Goodman hits education

by Rich Smith

Author-critic Paul Goodman called out educational systems, schools the complete restructuring of elementary schools and the dismantling of the present college set-up before a capacity audience last night at the library auditorium.

Goodman began his lecture by declaring that Dellinger, member of the Chicago Seven accused of contempt and conspiracy, calling "inconceivable" that Dellinger could have conspired to inspire a riot, Godman said "David's whole disposition is too good. He has told me trouble, I think, than most people. Not because he's afraid, but simply because he doesn't think it makes much political sense."

Regarding the content of contemp course, Goodman commented: "It is a disposition as a disciple of aggressive civil disobedience, and the object is there is a prejudiced injustice. This is something we all pray in Birmingham and Selma."

Goodman then launched his attack upon the present educational system, saying that present advocates of academic reform are "copping out."

"The school system should largely be dismantled, not reformed. The elementary school should be run on an entirely different principle. And parents like this should be one-fifth to one-twentieth of this size. The reformers just can't face the fact that the whole institution is inauthentic," he said.

Citing a 1965 study concerning the effect of school performance and professional competence, covering most professions, Goodman said that it was found that "there was no correlation between the two. The correlation was nothing. That is it made no difference if you were an A student or a D student. If you were an F student, you didn't get a diploma or a license. There was a perfect correlation. In any profession, my guess is if you did not require the diploma or license, it wouldn't make any difference if you went to college."

Goodman compared the schools of his student days with present, saying, "The schools now have a fantastic homogeneity between the elementary school, the high school, the college and the graduate school."

Lamb to be napalmed this week

by Dave Lammers

A group of Notre Dame students intend to napalm a lamb on Wednesday, February 18, 12:30 p.m., in front of the steps of the Administration Building. The students are demonstrating against the presence of recruiters from Dow Chemical Corporation and Honeywell Corporation.

"The purpose of these six articles is to "deinstitutionize" the concept of conscientious objection, to present that alternative to military service as a valid expression of the beliefs of many Notre Dame students. Conscientious objectionaries represent about one-tenth of one percent of those taking military service. Their lack of individualism, sensationalism, small numbers, and the policy of the government (General Hershey: "The conscientious objectors of this country is best handled if no one hears of him," they have shrouded the meaning of conscientious objection. Many still associate conscientious objection with the beard and buggy of those religious people who were formerly called the Amish."

"Many students are not aware of the new interpretations that the courts have given to the C.O. law, they do not know how to apply what to do once they have decided that it is against their deepest beliefs to kill in a war situation. The diversity of beliefs and life styles that conscientious objection can include have not been illuminated on a wide scale. These articles are an attempt to expand the meaning of conscientious objection and secondly to provide the information necessary for a Notre Dame student considering conscientious objection a valid expression of his beliefs."

"There seems to be present in our generation a certain despair based on the assurance that we will always have war, that we must be "realistic" and face the fact that we put in our two years of killing time to preserve the peace. Conscientious objection is viewed as naiveté, a seeming inability to see "the obvious" that most of honor must preserve their nation by force of arms."

"This viewpoint sees man as a prisoner of his violent nature; bound by history to live in fear of the evil that man is capable of."

"Our generation has grown up in fear, and we have been told that we must contribute to this fear producing system like "responsible" man. We have been told only to look around as (and into ourselves) to realize that our society is "the century of fear," as Camus called it, and that our world is populated by the "shrinking man," as Gandhi said. Our nation responds to this fear in step, we arm ourselves against fear, we attempt to love and become human in spite of fear's continual grip, we find peace in the fact that we are instantaneously rastering over the edge according to the inevitable, inexorable, unavoidable will of History."

"Some of our fellows realize that life will not long continue unless we drench this silence, born of fear, a hold over our lives. Many psychologists realize that for a man to be made whole, for a man to realize his potential humanisms, for a man to have his life on love instead of fear, he must first"
Conscientious Objection as an alternative

(continued from page 1)

decide that human life is inviolate, that as a minimum standard we must respect the right of men to live. A man owes by fear must decide that he can never place himself in the position of being ordered to drop a bomb on a city, or to destroy a home with a flamethrower, or a man with a bullet. A man who knows what it means to be, human, to love and be loved, knows in the depth of his being that he cannot contribute to the dehumanizing process that prepares the psyche for the destructive act by trusting people into commies, gooks, japs, and niggers. The burden of the man who has so consulted himself is that through his life he must attempt to humanize people who view themselves as mere pawns of history that must kill in order to keep from being killed.

This faith in the innate goodness of every man requires a willingness to take the risks that are inherent in love. To transform desensitized and dehumanized men involves a willingness to accept suffering and the conscientious objector realizes the possible consequences of his actions and belief.

The "political naivete" that our Machiavellian leaders ascribe to conscientious objectors is based on their lack of faith in the ability of men to be transformed through suffering to love and truth. The "political naivete" of the conscientious objector is the awareness that we cannot have international intercommunication among men until fear is banished its hold and we are willing to take the risk and the suffering inherent in love upon ourselves. The "political naivete" of the conscientious objector is ascribed to his effort to put personal ethics, personal morality, into a political system that is basically immoral: might makes right. The hope and trust and confidence and patience are out. L'homme, King, and Phil Berigan, David Dellinger, and others, are many times cursed by the power structure and despised by the common man for the "wishful thinking."

We must deny the sword its fantasized potency to acquire happiness, love, and security for those that wield it, for they that wield the sword not only by the sword, but their daily lives are made impotent by the fear-producing knowledge that the sword is daily hanging over our heads. By denying into the ability to a achieve peace, the argument that the proposed end, (peace, happiness, love) can be achieved through certain unpleasant yet necessary means (limited war and the threat of nuclear annihilation) is exposed as false. For the ends are the means in an ever on going process; the means are the ends in embryo. We can become men of peace and love rather than men of war and fear because we, not the state, control the day to day actions of our lives; we, not some blind, predetermined control our personal, natural, and international history.

Such a man was Albert Camus, who said in 1947 in his essay "NeitherVictims nor Executioners":

"For my part, I am fairly sure that I have made the choice. And, having chosen, I think that I must speak out, too. I tell you that I will never be one of those, whoever they be, who compromise with murder, and that I must take the consequences of such a decision. The thing is done, and that is as far as I can go at present."

I think we all sense that men such as David Dellinger and Dan Berigan are not cowards, and that the conscientious objector's stand against violence, stands somewhat alone and requires much courage. And what the century of war requires is men of courage, men willing to make an intense effort to live a positive existence in the face of the present resignation and despair, men willing to take the first step. In the United States conscientious objection within the law is one means of expressing moral and ethical commitment against violence.

It may seem that such an ethical, political, and moral viewpoint to the question of war would not be allowed expression under the present selective service law regarding conscientious objection. The wording of the law reflects the history of conscientious objection as a protest for those opposed to war on religious grounds. The applicant's objection, according to the law, must be based upon his belief in a Supreme Being and his religious training and beliefs. The law excludes purely political, sociological, or personal beliefs about war.

But recent decisions in the higher courts have given a liberal interpretation to the Supreme Being concept so that Tillich's concept of the Being as the deepest part of a person's being is acceptable. In a 1967 case, some persons were granted a CO classification that were apologetic or skeptical about the existence of God, but the court held that their deeply held and sincere beliefs about war constituted "religious beliefs" for these people.

GSU head supports Hesburgh

by Bro. Patrick Carey

During an interview last night, Graduate Student Union presi­dent Jim King announced that he would propose a resolution of support for Fr. Theodore Hesburgh, University of Notre Dame's president, for his position of President of the University at the next G.S.U. meeting.

Although he did not mention any of the other people whose names have been suggested for that post, King merely said that he knew "of no administrator who is as capable as Fr. Hesburgh."

With regard to the argument that the university's president is away from Notre Dame often, where you'll do that in his opinion Fr. Hesburgh more than makes up for this in the fact that he has excellent contact with students when he is here.

When questioned with regard to the proposal to make Fr. Hesburgh chancellor, King re­plied: "The appointment doesn't mean an attempt of moving the man into a position that you'll give him a title to effectively reduce his ability to function effectively as an admin­istrator.

Much of Fr. Hesburgh's ac­tivities outside of the University, it was pointed out, are actually Notre Dame students as well as college throughout­out the country. Besides the obvious educational committees, Fr. Hesburgh's work on abolish­ing the draft and work for minorities on the Civil Rights Commission were cited.

Sounding up the positive he will phisc. King called attention to all the progressive changes which have taken place on the campus under Fr. Hesburgh's administration. "Any student who knows the historical situation when Hesburgh came in, when Notre Dame was barely a university, he saw that although it was a fine university before that time, has seen its real rise in the last five years under his leadership."

In addition, he said that being a capable executive does not demand being an academically pre­sent. This is why the university has an executive vice-president. In short, he pointed out that Notre Dame is run with a certain principle of subsidiarity which leaves men in the various de­partments a relatively free hand in running matters within their own domain. Those who op­posed this seem to feel that everything should be decided from above.

High school abolition

(continued from page 1)

which showed that there was no correlation between having a high school diploma and not being one, in terms of future occupa­tion. "It took twenty seconds for one guy to learn how to measure. Not eight years of school on school and four years of high school."

Goodman said that the pre­sent method originated in the time when Irish monks used the method to teach "wild shepherds." It was a fantastic invention. It was more important than he steam engine began the Industrial Revolution. Remember that schooling is the biggest single force in the world bigger than the military-industrial."

"The reason behind the system, according to Goodman, was that the monads had to introduce an "eternal foreign culture" to the shepherds. They decided that the briefing method would be best. If you want to learn nonsense syllables, the rote method is far more better for the wild shepherds," he said.

Goodman concluded his talk by presenting several alternative to the present system. He called the school "that system beyond a stepwise part," and advocated its aboli­tion except for the "one or two things essential."

In place of high school, Goodman would institute what fits adolescents. The stu­dent would learn only in activi­ties that are fun. He would have the ability to search for his identity.

Making European education as an example, Goodman advocated going into a profession before entry into college with a subsequent return to school for what learning is required by profession.

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Grad student issues looked into by GSU

by Bro. Patrick Carney

Although the entire Graduate Student Union did not meet last week, the group was active as both the president and other various committees have been following up suggestions presented at the February 6 meeting.

A turned down petition which had been submitted by the residents of University Village earlier, has been resubmitted to the Vice-president’s Council with the backing of the G.S.U. This concerns the possibility of shuttle bus service to the Village. This proposal received almost unanimous support at the Graduate Student Council.

It has been discovered that the basic problems here are the tight schedule under which the buses run and the fact that support comes from both Notre Dame and St. Mary’s. However, Jim King, G.S.U. president has been assured that the matter will be reconsidered.

Still on the subject of housing for graduate students, a housing committee in being set up within the organization to study the possibility of dorms for them on campus. In the near future, it will initiate a campus-wide survey to see just how the majority of the interested parties would like to have this done.

Another committee which is making a study of service and cost in the pay cafeteria is reported to be very active in their study and will have a report in the near future.

On the subject of financial matters, the recent referendum showed 86% of those who returned ballots being in favor of the $1 per semester fee which was collected at registration. King pointed out that since the ballot was worded in such a way that people who opposed the action would be more likely to turn in their ballots than those in favor, he feels that the percentage of graduate students who were against the move is far less than the 16% who voted against it. The G.S.U. will send envelopes to those who were missed at registration or who did not have the money with them at the time.

In the final bit of old business, the president related that he had contacted the bookstore for a clarification of the discount for teaching assist-

Hall elections

Three candidates were unopposed and a fourth won by ten votes in Cavanaugh Hall elections held February the twentieth.

The presidential – vice-presidential slate of Mike Nevens and Ed Durako won by twenty-eight scattered opposition. Nevens, a freshman from Springfield, Illinois, and Chabonnet, a New Orleans Junior, collected eighty-three votes. There were twenty-five write-ins, but one no-write-in as collected as many as ten votes.

Ken Burda, a freshman from Grand Rapids, Michigan, took secretarial race with eighty votes to twenty-eight combined votes for write-ins.

In the only contested election, Junior Steve Fox outdis-

canced Freshman Dick McCarthy, to become Cavanaugh’s treasurer. Fox, from Trenton, New Jersey, collected fifty votes to forty-two for McCarthy, who comes from Lynchburg, Virginia.

Nevens succeeded incumbent Steve Dureko, a Springfield, Illinois, Sophomore.

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Editorial

The university's purpose

As complicity week opens we hope that everyone will embark on a profound examination of what the university's relationship to the business and government sectors should be as well as an examination of his relationship to the rest of the Notre Dame community.

Some serious questions have been raised over the last few years at colleges and universities throughout America. Is the University truly a place of learning, a seat of wisdom or merely a knowledge factory? Why must a student attend college; for social acceptance, to get a good job, or to broaden his perspective, to learn of all that was, with a sight on that which should be?

The astounding growth of universities has paralleled that of society. To handle more students they have had to become more efficient. Procedural policies became the prerogative of the computer. Students were given numbers so that the computer would know them and administrators were given offices away from the students so that they would have the time to write the letters that the computer couldn't or raise the money that they would need for survival. Expansion became the name of the game because if you didn't grow you couldn't be a great university.

Ideas used to be at a premium at an institution of higher learning. They still are to some degree. But a lot of the truly human ideas and the imaginative concepts have been stifled by the impersonalization and never-ending quest for growth.

Of course the business community was very much wrapped up in it all. In a growing economy education is always "worth it" just to get ahead. But when you are already "ahead" then what do you do — then why do you go to college?

Our universities became very tied up with the economic sector. They needed the money and the industries needed the personnel. No one desired to deny the tie. It was acknowledged, and accepted, and it meant something.

Now students seem to be looking for some deeper meaning to education. They are striving for the old scholastic ideal of education for education's sake. To say that the logical sequel to college is the business world seems to still be to some degree.

But a lot of the truly human ideas and the imaginative concepts still are to some degree. But a lot of the truly human ideas and the imaginative concepts are still. Students who will be

...continue reading...
Kathy Carbine

**Sparkly Diamonds**

As sparkly diamonds proliferate on the left hands of St. Mary's women, so increases the volume of intimations that these women are no longer the pets of their husband's, but are the coequal partners in the residencies of modern art companies. The Festival originally planned to present only one show this year, but through the intricacies and abiguities of agents and contracts, finds an additional company on its hands.

The combination of these setbacks has forced Dick Roddewig, the chairman of the Festival, to seriously alter some of the original goals and projects of CAP, which in a year long format for the first time, since its inception had planned to present the campus with as many quality events as possible.

The one bright aspect of the Festival that will "make it all worthwhile," is the remarkably and pleasingly unexpected success of the film festival. The attendance at all of CAP's events has far surpassed the expectations of the Festival's staff members. Genesis II, for example, played to capacity crowds for two nights running, in both, both a student interest in the arts, in general, and an appreciation of modern experimental films making the rounds.

The next CAP event is the screening of Claude Lelouch's film, *To Be a Crook*, on Wednesday, February 15th in Engineering Auditorium. In this tragic (yet comic) film by the man who directed *A Man and a Woman*, Lelouch makes a powerful statement about the philosophy of life that is the basis of the film.

On the following evening, Saturday, February 21, the American Brass Quintet, plus a number of other chamber music groups in America, will perform a program of Renaissance, Baroque, and Contemporary music at the Faculty Club on Friday nights. The dates and times of the current methods and styles of film making.

If they don't feel that their students will continue such investigation after graduation, and that most of their students, perhaps they should look more closely at their courses.

The school could help students think about their future lives in several ways. A more practical approach would be to encourage older, married women from South Bend to enroll for a course or two, or to back to school full time. There are lots of good points for the women themselves, but certainly the average students would benefit from an opportunity to see the influences marriage and a family have on their thinking, and perhaps get to know women who have successfully kept their minds active while coping with the responsibilities of a family. It is a rare woman who becomes aware of the conflict they will experience as they grow older and striving for the intellect.

The Cofeehouse Scholarship, which goes each year to a member of the coffeehouse scene who has shown a mature and well developed background and viewpoint to the College, includes as one of the possible categories "a married South Bend resident." That shows a recognition of the problem. The College could publicize itself as interested in such students, and then appoint a coordinator who would help women select their courses, familiarize them with the registration process, in general overcome the usual timidity women show when thinking about going back to school after ten or twenty years of marriage.

Another possible area in which the school could face the fact of marriage, and cope with it, would be to sponsor speakers who are married women. Depart­ments of Sociology, Psychology, and of course, the American Feminist, the American Contract Bridge League affiliated club and will award rating points to approximately thirty percent of all the players who participate in its duplicate tournaments beginning with the February 14, St. Valentine's Day, tournament. This is not the first Notre Dame Bridge Club to be affiliated with the American Contract Bridge League. In 1950 a similar club was organized under Dr. John Turley who has been faculty advisor. Turley continues to participate in the Notre Dame Bridge Club.

The bridge at the University-wide club has been taken by Father William A. J. in his capacity as a director of the bridge for the past several years.

He began playing bridge about the time that duplicate bridge began at Notre Dame, and has been a Life member ever since. Father J. is a member of the Notre Dame Club was begun this year under the leadership of Richard Barber and Ralph Williams. The club meets Saturday afternoons at 1:30 in the recreation room of the Graduate Housing Tower. The tournaments, directed by Williams, last about three hours.

The American Contract Bridge League is a non-profit organization, that raises about $250,000 each year for charitable causes like the American Cancer Society, the United Heart Fund, etc. It has some 150,000 dues paying members, representing a small but very active and capable group, the 20,000-000 American women who play bridge in this country. There are 6,000 duplicate bridge clubs fran­chised by the ACBL, and these clubs are open only when classes are in session. The League has been promoted three ways, and each year there is a collegiate tournament to determine the collegiate champions. Last year 2,262 players participated on 106 campuses. All of these clubs are college based clubs, which are open only when classes are in session. The League has sponsored three tournaments, and each year there is a collegiate tournament to determine the collegiate champions. Last year 2,262 players participated on 106 campuses. All of these clubs are college based clubs, which are open only when classes are in session. The League has sponsored three tournaments, and each year there is a collegiate tournament to determine the collegiate champions. Last year 2,262 players participated on 106 campuses. All of these clubs are college based clubs, which are open only when classes are in session. The League has sponsored three tournaments, and each year there is a collegiate tournament to determine the collegiate champions. Last year 2,262 players participated on 106 campuses. All of these clubs are college based clubs, which are open only when classes are in session. The League has sponsored three tournaments, and each year there is a collegiate tournament to determine the collegiate champions. Last year 2,262 players participated on 106 campuses.
Lamb to be burned: Dow and Honeywell attacked

Northern fighting continues

Israel hits Suez

Israeli warplanes swept back into action yesterday for the first time since a controversial air raid last Friday inflicted heavy losses on Egyptian civilians. Waves of Israeli jets blasted Egyptian outposts along the northern coast "for about 11 hours and struck Egyptian outposts along the northern coast," said an Israeli military spokesman. The fighting on the Golan Heights began at 10:30 a.m., according to a report that 1,484th helicopter lost in the war.

SARGON (UPI) — South Vietnamese troops and armored units operating in rice paddies along the northern coast killed 34 communists yesterday in the fourth consecutive day of fighting in the area.

Congress to act on Carswell

WASHINGTON (UP) — Congress returns today from a five-day Lincoln Day recess for a week of decisions on racial issues ranging from Supreme Court nominee G. Harrold Carswell's alleged harassment of civil rights leaders and a whites-only covenant included in a property sales agreement. Carswell and his supporters have denied or repudiated racism in each instance.

The busing issue faces both Congress and the Nixon Administration, which included in a property sales agreement. Carswell and his supporters have denied or repudiated racism in each instance.

Privately, even Southerners predicted defeat for Stennis' "freedom of choice" proposal, the first of nine or more Southern amendments scheduled for votes this week during Senate consideration of a four-year, $35 billion school aid bill. The Senate was expected to approve the Stennis proposal, which included a "freedom of choice" provision accepting the Nixons' other amendments and taking the highest toll on the three Americans and 27 wounded. The US command reported yesterday that three Americans were wounded when their OH-6 helicopter was shot down yesterday by Communist gunners 20 miles east of Saigon. It was the 1,484th helicopter lost in the war.

Nixon vacations

KEY BISCAYNE, Fla. (UPI) — President Nixon headed back to Key Biscayne yesterday after a relaxing weekend on a plush banyan island in the British West Indies.

During his four-day sojourn Nixon said he wanted to get a comprehensive "state of the world" message he will transmit to the American people. Nixon had a busy week ahead, starting with a 10:30 a.m. EST ceremony at the East Room when he awards the national Medal of Science for 1969 to six outstanding physicists and chemists.

Accompanied by his son-in-law David Eisenhower, Nixon spent his long time with friends Charles "Bebe" Rebozo. Nixon took a 75-minute helicopter ride to Key Biscayne for a day's of "rest and recreation." Nixon spent yesterday reading and riding around the island in a golf cart with "Young Elvis" broke away to go deep sea fishing.

Nixon also plans to attend the cockropt in the war.

Parital discussion

The Student Life Council is scheduled to act on a report from the Parital Hours Committee concerning the Hall Life Board if it meets tonight in the Student Center, Dean "Tom" Amos, Prof. James Carberry, SLC member Ron Mazzarino, and Student Body President Phil McKenna, recommend that the Life Council once again approve co-education at Notre Dame, and to merely offer guidelines to the halls rather than to establish definitive rules. Some of the proposed guidelines, such as respect the rights of their fellow students, are expected to be presented to the board at its next meeting.

The report was written in response to an apparently growing demand from students for partial on-campus living and an alleged failure to observe already established partial hours in some halls.

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The OBSERVER

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In ground action, a Tel Aviv communique said an Israeli patrol killed an Arab guerrilla in a skirmish on Golan Heights of Syria, one of the prizes Israel won and occupied in the 1967 War. United Nations Secretary General Thant held crisis talks at the U.N. headquarters in Geneva.

Thant summoned back from the Israeli air raid last Thursday struck a metalworks factory 15 miles from Cairo, killing 70 civilians by Egyptian count. Israel said the raid was a mistake caused by pilot error.

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Zip expressed confidence that he and that he greater than most thought. Success in getting basic ground—

concerned." He also said that McKenna's administration failed. He said that many people would agree with "we.

Thraisher explained that he felt that McKenna's government had "gone off on a course which often bears little relation to the needs of the students." He stated that while student government was professing the ideals of community, the policies that student organizations need to have gone against them.

"Instead of getting people involved, instead of bringing people together, instead of building a community, Student Government has been doing it and it is not a formal structure that ideal apart, while calling for cooperation, has been setting it up on the other side of mutual suspicion and distrust among the student body claims to represent." He remarked.

Ex-Senator Rich Hunter also criticized the present SBVP's policies.

"Student government in reality has accomplished very little and the students know it. However it is a pretty safe bet that with a campaign coming up and the incumbent administration backing one of its close associates, there will be a rather sudden flurry of activity before the election to try to convince people that they are doing a good job," he stated.

"LACM's comments on the McKenna administration were mixed, but generally inclined toward praise. He said the administration had a "communications failure," and that they "could have gotten into the balls more often." He did say though that "the orientation of student government is successful as far as I am concerned."

He also said that McKenna was "conscientious about things and that he "feels obligated to attend meetings". Martin felt that the meetings could have been better spent.

SBVP Fred Dedrick also expressed confidence that he and Phil had done a good job during their time in office, and that their accomplishments were greater than most thought.

"Basically I think we've done a good job. Bill Locke and Barney Gallagher have had success in getting basic groundwork in the area of academic affairs. The calendar has been changed. Philosophy and Theology requirements have been reduced. The experimental college has been approved and we're on the verge of getting students on most academic commissions of the university. Steve O'Brien and Tom Connor did a great job on the co-ed report, without which I feel, ND would still have no direction concerning co-education. Dave Krashna has done a good job in the area of recruiting minority groups and Pete Kelly has provided many opportunities for students to do meaningful work in South Bend, Jim Smith our Ombudsman, has done a good job although the kind of personal help he gives will never receive much publicity," he said. He also said that McKenna's administration had failed. He said that many people would agree with "we.

Weather stinks

UPI

Snow, sleet and freezing rain extended yesterday from the southern Ohio Valley to the Allegheny Mountains. Travelers warned were to expect treacherous travel from Indiana to Delaware and north to Maine.

All 14 large metropolitan communities of the East were included in the travelers warning.

Freezing rain and snow covered the Peninsula Turnpike as temperatures dipped to the low 20s. State police said gray snow in the forecast had failed to prevent hazardous driving conditions.

Road in New York were reported slippery but not extremely hazardous. Two to three inches of snow, mixed with sleet, was causing the usual stop-and-go traffic in the city with only freezing in the city with only freezing in the city with only freezing in the city.

In Brooklyn, N.Y., where temperatures were in the low 20s, 1962, two people were killed when an overloaded boiler exploded in a three story apartment house in the Greenpoint section.

The judge imposed sentences for offenses ranging from 13 to 18 months. In some cases and for convictions of some student government officials, have produced much division among the student body. All in all student government has both failed and succeeded. It has failed to provide much real service to the student and it has succeeded in widespread alienation on this campus.

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by Mike Pavlin
Observer Sports Editor

There must be something about that state of Michigan which brings out the best in weak basketball teams. Last January 20, Notre Dame journeyed to East Lansing and was wounded 83-82 by an inferior Michigan State team. And last Saturday, the Irish almost dropped a decision to a Detroit quintet which entered the game with a 6-15 mark.

But ND had a "hazy" of sorts on its side as TVT-1X transmculated an Irish miracle victory for the second weekend in a row. Just as there was "no hope" for the ND with five seconds left in the first overtime against Marquette before the TV eye, so there seemed to be little chance for the Irish on Valentine's Day, down 15 points in the middle of the second half and down two points with 03 left.

Collins Jones, however, took the crucial in-bounds pass from Mike O'Neill, jumped back toward the foul line, and threw a shot straight up and in, never touching the rim; and the Irish went on to a 95-93 overtime win.

The Titans of first-year coach Jim Haring came out in a box-and-one defense (ND used a man-to-man) with sophomores JimTECT and Caluchia hustling against Mike Carr. Not only did the youngster prevent Austin from even shooting most of the time, but he contributed ten points, almost all coming in the first half.

There are two major offensive strategies to use against the "box": you can ignore it and try to run your regular patterns; or you can exploit the zone's inherent weakness (too much open space) and forget about your big man. The Irish seemed content to leave Carr out of the action and get balanced first half scoring.

ND's real problem came at the other end of the court. Detroit's offense worked beautifully during the first period as the Titans converted a variety of shots from VerdiSilva and some fine jump shots by Frank Russell. Also, a soph, Russell daunted the home crowd with his jump shots, which seemed to originate somewhere behind and to the side of his neck, finished up as the game's high scorer with 32 points.

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Brian Short timed a 1:59.6 in the 200 free for a first, and Mike McDonough won the 200 breaststroke.

Against the Wildcats, the Irish again scored firsts in the 500 and 1000, and Fahey took his usual first in the 200 butterfly.

Fencingstreak ended

The swordsmen from Wayne State led by All-American foil artist Rich Maluzio and saber man David Amosz made the Irish fencers their first loss of the season Saturday 17-10, breaking a two-year streak of 14 victories. The Wayne Statemen won twelve of fourteen decisive 5-4 matches to clinch a contest that was closer than the 17-10 score indicates. The Irish fencers had several chances to turn the match around as 4-4 deadlocks fell to the more aggressive Wayne men.

Following this loss, the Irish got back on track by whipping the University of Detroit 17-10 and snatching the University of Chicago 22-5. Twenty-two fencers took part in the 17-10 the Irish romps as the team ran their season record to 11-1.

It was a rough weekend for individual records as all the regulars absorbed losses. Mike Cornwall (3-1) in foil and Rich Deladrier (5-2) in epee were two who distinguished themselves with solid performances.

After absorbing only their third loss in three years, the N.D. blademen will prepare this week for revenge against an Ohio State squad that handed them their only loss last year. A slightly improved Michigan State team will also test the Irish this Saturday in Columbus, Ohio.

This week's sports

Mon.: Basketball, HOME, vs. Tulane

Tues.: Swimming away, vs. Western Michigan. Wrestling, away, vs. Wheaton College

Wed.: Hockey, HOME, vs. Bowling Green

Thurs.: Basketball, away vs. NYU

Fri.: Wrestling, away, Wheaton Invitational Meet. Track, HOME, Central Collegiate Conference Meet

Sat.: Basketball, HOME, vs. West Virginia Track, HOME, Central Collegiate Conference Meet. Wrestling, away, Wheaton Invitational Meet. Swimming, away, vs. Purdue. Fencing, away, vs. Ohio State and Michigan State

ND bests Titans in battle of jinxes

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