The current Life Council last night passed a resolution calling for the establishment of a parietal extension procedure by each residence hall after consultation with the Board of Trustees. The resolution, however, will not take effect unless a majority of the residents in each hall also vote in favor of it. The resolution was introduced by Fr. Dr. Patrick Cusick, Director of Graduate Studies at South Bend. The resolution is in charge of organizing the process for parietal extensions, which is currently handled by the Hall Life Board. The resolution passed by the Life Council is a response to the Life Board's request for the halls to set up procedures for parietal extensions. The resolution was passed unanimously by the Life Council, which sits in charge of the university's parietal policies. The resolution was also praised by President城际的, who announced that the university would coordinate with the Life Board to ensure that the resolution is implemented.
Director of Housing offers other suggestions

Carol Cusick (right) reads her report on off-campus housing to members of SMC Student Affairs Committee members last night. No action was taken on the report. The other members (left to right) are Beth Dinsoll, Irish McNamara, Ruthie Lyons and Sue Turnbull.

HLB to approve hall changes

(continued from page 1)

could go into effect immediately. If the Council felt that the proposal should go into effect immediately. The Council supported Massey’s ruling though 10 to 6.

Security issues weekend report

by Tom Bornholdt

A car accident was one of the most recent incidents re- vealed by Professor Aark, Director of Security, in an interview yes- terday. The vehicle of Patricia Wilson of Sorin Hall collided with one driven by Miss Margaret Petrette at the intersection of Doove Avenue and Notre Dame Avenue at 6:15 p.m. on Friday. Though neither person was taken to a hospital, they later reported to their respective doctors for the treatment of injuries received in the accident.

Two thefts were revealed by Aark. A watch valued at $40 was stolen from a locker of a student in Morieni Seminar Saturday. The second larceny was reported by Kevin Bier, also on Saturday. He claimed that the air-filter breather was stolen from his automobile during the previous night, while it was parked in the D1 parking lot.

Pears said that there had been "a series of fire extinguishers emptied recently." On Saturday, the front wall and windows of Morrie Hall were found drenched by the torrent from a fire extinguisher. The glass pane was shattered.

On Friday, February 20, a series of incidents of va- dalism occurred. The candy machine was broken into in Stan- ford Hall. The glass pane of one of its drinking fountains.

The DREAMS come true

They combine the best of everything:

DOORS. B+S+T. CLEAR LIGHT. BEATLES

Tickets on sale in the Dining Halls, Bookstore and Gilbert’s

Presented by Student Union Social Commission
Szalay rebukes Dr. Spock

by Cliff Wintrude

Mr. Joseph Szalay, chairman of the Support the President for Peace Movement in South Bend, yesterday rebuked the "anti-American" views of Dr. Benjamin Spock and offered his own evaluation of the state of the union.

Mr. Szalay is the head of the South Bend Hungarian Freedom Fighters. He lived for twelve years under communist rule in Hungary and escaped to this country after Russia invaded Hungary in 1956. His father was killed in 1964 when Mr. Szalay refused to return to Hungary.

Mr. Szalay personally questioned the outspoken war critic and famous pediatrician whose attitudes toward children and young people have blaming for the revolution of the young when Spock spoke here last Thursday.

The disturbing parallel, Mr. Szalay said, between the events which culminated in the communist domination of Hungary and the violence and revolutionary rhetoric of today was the primary cause for alarm.

Mr. Szalay believed that people like Doctor Spock only seem to be interested in "beating down" or "burning down" the United States while they never voice their appreciation of the country that gave them the freedom to say what they wish.

Mr. Szalay stressed that he felt there were some very necessary changes to be made in our society, but insisted that the United States was still far the best country in the world. The changes, he claimed, could only be made by following a "down the middle" path to change.

The central tenets of Mr. Szalay's view of a "down the middle" policy - a willingness to learn and to listen - were eminently be said and the dangers of the extreme right or the extreme left were to be dissolved.

Mr. Szalay was adamantly opposed to the use of violence to bring about change and felt that violence in accordance with Nixon's second law of motion could contribute to the catalyst for returning and escalating violence from the other side.

The social problems of today - race, poverty and starvation - drew sharp comments from Mr. Szalay. He felt that these problems have to be brought to the conscious level of people by educating them to the existence of the problem.

He expressed a very optimistic attitude that once the people were made aware of the social evil of this country that they would respond in a humanitarian manner. He did admit that he had been somewhat disappointed in his attempts to educate people.

On a more optimistic note, however, he believed that the present generation of young people is the best educated generation in history. According to Szalay, this situation will greatly help in eliminating social injustices.

Mr. Szalay viewed the Vietnam conflict as a war against communism and said he was a strong believer in the "domino" theory. He felt that our presence in Vietnam was welcomed by the Vietnamese people who do not want to see under the "communist" North.

Mr. Szalay was also quite critical of the treatment that American prisoners of war have re-ceived. The Viet Cong are said to have been used as a "human shield" by the communists in the Kremlin and in Hanoi and he held the United States to be a "tragic ideal of surrender."

The "generation gap" was the result of parents being unwilling to take time off from making money to talk to their children.

Discussion seems best

(continued from page 1)

Shocked locked the present, major project of the ZPG as "educating the public." He asserts that discussion is the best way because "everybody thinks they are experts and they're not."

He added that the public has a right to be concerned about the fact that "a lot of panaceas about farm subsidies, how much food we have in reserve and what science and technology will be able to do."

At present the ZPG has three solutions that have been widely discussed by population experts. They are:

1) Limitation of the family to two children. If more are desired, adoption should be utilized.
2) Abortion at the discretion of the individual. If science cannot determine when a fetus becomes a human being, then the decision for the abortion of an unwanted pregnancy should be up to the individual and not the state.
3) Sterilization for the male. The main purpose of Wednesday evening's meeting will be to educate those present and to start a mobile Shick believes that those who attend the first meeting will be "people who will go on doing something right away."

On campus, the ZPG volunteers will go into the halls and run discussion groups. On April 23, an "environmental teach-in" will be held on campus.

The Observer is published daily during the semester except by students of the University of Notre Dame and St. Mary's College. Subscriptions may be purchased for $6.00 per year by Notre Dame students, $6.50 per year by St. Mary's students, and $10.00 per year by non-students, postpaid. Second class postage paid. Notre Dame, Ind., 46556.
The war in Vietnam

The other day I received a fascinating letter from a good friend of mine at Yale University. Before he went to Yale, he could have been roughly classified as a moderate in his political views. The last time I wrote him, though, I made the mistake of including some various phrases about how I hoped for peace with honor in Vietnam. Well anyway Saturday I got back a letter which clearly indicated the extent of my friend’s political feelings, and revealed the tremendous gap between us.

“To Glen Corso,” the letter began (jokingly I assumed) “... Peace with honor. Oh God, Peace, with honor. Do you really think any of us can ever again claim that this country knows even what honor is? It is our god-damned sense of ‘honor’ that prompted, even dictated that we would destroy a country to save it, would destroy a people to save them.”

Perhaps honor was a bad word to use, perhaps not. At this point I’m not really sure. I am sure though that the war in Vietnam is moral and if not honorable.

One of the prime motives as to why I support the war is due to my belief in the "domino theory": For years now, professional liberals, and radicals have laughed at the theory. They claimed that all the North Vietnamese were interested in doing was re-uniting their country. I, on the other hand, was looking at screaming headlines Saturday proclaiming that North Vietnamese troops had overrun the Plain de Jan in Laos, oh well, perhaps they are only interested in re-uniting Laos to their country also.

To tell you the truth, I partially agreed with my friend’s statement. By introducing U.S. ground troops, by indiscriminately bombing cities, and by propelling up the Thieu government, we have done wrong.

Yet I strongly feel that good will come out of this cauldron of horrors that is called a war. By taking a stand we have brought precious light to the other Asia, if not for South Vietnam. I will probably be ridiculed by the intellectual left, but I honestly think that freedom will be forthcoming in South Vietnam, within the next few years, as long as they remain independent. It is easy to scorn this statement now by merely pointing to actions of the Thieu government, yet need I remind people about the governmental oligarchy that our founding fathers envisioned when they set up the constitution? Or the views that several influential members held, considering the mass of people?

My friend also talked about the need for change in his letter, and how he felt that the American people were becoming too complacent. I am also, I guess, self satisfied, and I think perhaps if things remained the same, America would be destroyed.

"Yes, I know what America could be like. But I know what it is too. You see, it is the greatest country in the world. I say that that is a reflection on the world and not on the U.S. It doesn’t say much for the world. All it tells us about America is complacent about their country. AMERICA IS GOOD cities Spiro and the crowd echoes AMEN. Well how in God’s name are we ever going to change things when we are acting like that? How do things have to be changed, because they won’t change themselves, and if they aren’t changed, then America is going to rot from the foundations up and collapse into its own accumulating pile of shit.

When I first read this part of the letter, I just didn’t quite know how to take it. After re-reading it several times, I realized that this paragraph points out the huge gap between the left and right.

My God, no one is against change. Do you think that I enjoy seeing the cities rotting from the inside as some rot, and others smirk about how blacks are stupid and lazy? Do you think I want to see my friends and relatives go halfway around the world and get shot to death in a war that was never fully explained to the American people? Do you really think that the American people want life to stay the same, and not have any change at all?

What America needs is a service to the totality of your condemnation. They are saying that AMERICA IS BASICALLY GOOD. True there are numerous injustices, but the system itself has not yet to be entirely scrapped. They are working for reform, perhaps too slowly though. That point is debatable, but few people are not working at all in means.

I believe that America is great, not as great as he should be by a long shot, but I will never haracter to the calls of those who

Letters

Spock and the women Editor:

As we cannot judge black rage because we are white, so, too, we cannot judge women’s anger because we are men. Yet, we can note that a speech given by white men in particular, a critic of Ben Spock and Spocks many questions had the right to hang on to the microphone, even to the discomfort of a segment of the rest of the audience. Again, by Spock’s own logic, the duty of a speaker is to grab the complacent majority by the lapels and shake them into seeing what the radicals view as immoral or unjust. Those women did exactly that: they shook us by the lapels and should at least be commended for their courage if not for their arguments.

The events of the last few minutes of the speech reminded one of the Chicago Democratic convention, when the SUAC of Professor who claimed that the women’s protest was "one of my concerns" sounded more like the Democratic National Chairman ignoring the fires from the floor of the Chicago convention.

To short, the actions of Dr. Spock proved him to be at least partly a hypocrite revolutionary, nearly paying lip service to what is a serious growing radical.

We do not agree totally with the contents of the women’s protest, we were not a group of students being dismembered by fellow male student on the action of the brush-off given to the female revolutionaries.

Tom Farmer
Mike Moonery
Tom Macken
Rich Kelly

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The Observer is an Independent Student Newspaper

GiGAANO M. DE SAPIO
Editor-in-Chief

FENDED NOVEMBER 3, 1966
NOTRE DAME, INDIANA

Glen Corso
by Jim Poest

For the last several years, Notre Dame students have been asking for top musical talent to fill the social void of winter and early spring weekends, not just football weekends. This weekend the social commission has arranged to take care of this desire, and take care of it in style. Since the rise of Blood, Sweat, and Tears, many groups have attempted to perform in the jazz-rock style, but few have met with any significant success or skill. This weekend, though, the appearance of The Dreams will introduce to the midwest a group which has not only developed a sound with great potential, but has eliminated many of the complaints people have had about the group. T. G. Cooper, the cold perfection and unenthused style of BS & T, Randy Brecker, who tested a Cold Light and then went on to play banjo for Bobby Hutcherson. Jeffery Kent, the composer for the group, has over 50 compositions to his credit, done in association with Doug Lubahn and Steven Still (Super Session) undoubtedly one of the finest talents in the group is Randy Brecker, who in "Jazz and Pop" Magazine, the February issue, was voted trumpeter of the year. Randy recorded Blood, Sweat, and Tears' first album with them, and left to find his own group when Al Kooper left BS & T, Randy had previously been with Horace Silver, Throog Sanders, and numerous other groups. Now it seems he's come into his own. Billy Cobham, Jr., the drummer, also has fine credentials, from the James Brown band, to work with The Supremes, Martha and the Vandellas, Joe Tex, Sam and Dave, and above all, The Beatles where he did much of the studio drumming in place of Ringo for Beatles recordings. Add to these people Randy Brecker's brother Mike, also on horns, and Barry Rogers, you have the group which drove the Fillmore East crowds wild more than the Jefferson Airplane ever did. Notre Dame has often been split musically between the jazz buffs and the rock fans, but finally they seem to be forming a new potential "super group" which can end the split. What makes The Dreams stand out so much is that they don't sound like just a group of second-rate reading parts. The Dreams aren't over-arranged (one of BS & T's problems), but are individual musical personalities doing their own thing. No previously written material handed over for one more round, but original material to bring out the best of each member. All six members have been bouncing around from one top group to another, looking for the right spot. Now they're together, and the sounds are coming out stronger and better than ever. There is a lot of good music being played today; Dreams work better than just great! Better catch 'em quick.

Lamb - Hutcherson concert tonight
by Richard Bizot

The Harold Land-Bobby Hutcherson Quintet, one of the nation's most exciting and exciting jazz combos, will appear in concert tonight at the Indiana University at South Bend Auditorium. Starting time is 8:00 p.m. and admission is free.

The concert is being sponsored by Michiana Jazz and Live Music Committee, which organized last year at Notre Dame's Collegiate Jazz Festival. Though less than a year old, the organization has already promoted highly successful concerts by the Bill Hard Trio, Clark Terry, and The Evergreen Trio.

Harold Land is a tenor-saxophonist of longstanding reputation. He is a veteran of many West Coast groups, particularly those of Max Roach, Clifford Brown, and Art Blakey.

Bobby Hutcherson is still under 30, but he can no longer be referred to as a "Jazz" star. The Stardom of this dynamic and eloquent vib-player, who has won ten Grammy awards, is well known and well accepted over a decade, is in the present tense. He was voted No. 1 vibist in the most recent Down Beat International Jazz Critics Poll (placing him ahead of such luminaries as Lionel Hampton, Gary Burton, and Milt Jackson of the MJQ).

Among the splendid appearing with Land and Hutcherson is Richard Abrams on piano. He appeared last year at Notre Dame's Arts Festival, performing with the AACM group from Chicago. He was agreed to serve as a judge for the 1970 Collegiate Jazz Festival, March 19-21.

Land and Hutcherson record on the Blue Note label, Abrams on Delmark.

Jewish theologian examines religious life

The insights of radical theology, psychoanalysis and Jewish tradition are being examined by Rabbi Rubenstein, who has written a book about Jewish religious life published today by McGraw-Hill. Rabbi Rubenstein ($5.95).

Between traditional values and the reality of this time has radically altered our environment, the ways in which we encounter it, our morality, and the arrival of a moment in history, according to Rubenstein, and in view of the religious skepticism which has come from their peers in the streets: in Washington, freed, to continue the struggle. In Milwaukee: acquitted, to continue fighting oppression. In Seattle, not guilty, for upholding life. At home, the jury, only one of the twelve under forty, has given its verdict, but the truth comes from its peers in the streets: in Chicago: innocent, for reasons of conscience. In Milwaukee: acquitted, to continue fighting oppression. In Seattle, not guilty, for upholding life. In Washington, freed, to continue the struggle.

seven minus two. the five apostles. autumn 1968 the cops beat up the people. so who goes to jail.

tom Hayden, the soft-spoken radical, the intellectual leader, the one who cried. David Dellinger, as old as your father. 54 year old pacifist accused of inciting a riot. Jerry Rubin, the irrepressible yippie, he even gloated an autographed copy of his book.

Rennie Davis, so quiet, with thick glasses, he wants to change things. Abbie Hoffman, a dash of black curls, the jokki abbie, "I'll see you in Florida, ike."

and William Kunstler, the new darrow, fighting the system in its own back yard, gagged and bound by bureaucracy more surely than Bobby sealed.

The endless summer
by Casey Pocus

Son South Bend family, who consented to rent a large residence at 410 St. Joseph's Avenue to the group for fifty dollars a month. Initially the organization, which will be named the Youth Rehabilitation Board as soon as corporation papers are processed, will just be able to provide advice to those struggling with a drug problem. Eventually, however, they hope to have the facilities and people to accommodate up to twelve addicts who are going "cold turkey." From the beginning a full time physician will be present on the premises as well as a professional counselor from the YMCA.

CR's hear Lt. Governor speak

Mr. Foltz said: "You can sit around and shoot the bull about national problems or you can get elected and do something about it." Mr. Foltz noted that it has been his policy since in office to make appointments of younger people to responsible positions because they "bring new ideas and work harder." He cited Dan Maslon, a Political Science graduate of Notre Dame, who he appointed chairman of Industrial Development, as an example. Four out of five of his top assistants are in their 20's. Mr. Foltz said he planned to continue to hire college students to work in his office during the summer. Last summer he allowed students to run the department of Tourism which is a several billion dollar business. He plans to expand the program this summer.

The "Designate" status singles out those young men as outstanding students with a strong interest in college teaching. The list will be sent to all graduate school deans in the United States and Canada, with the recommendation that the winners be awarded graduate fellowships.

The five Notre Dame designates are among the top 1% of their graduating classes. The five Notre Dame designates are among the top 1% of their graduating classes. The five Notre Dame designates are among the top 1% of their graduating classes.

TODAY!

Important Ticket Sales

Junior Parents- Son Weekend

6:30 - 9:30

Tuesday, Feb. 24; Blue-Gold Room LaFortune

Wednesday, Feb. 25; Blue - Gold Room LaFortune

TICKETS FOR

Presidental Dinner Saturday Luncheon Communion Breakfast

(OFFICAL PERSONNEL)

Friday at 4:20
Graduate students seek to move on campus

by Bro. Patrick Carney

While some undergraduates at both Notre Dame and St. Mary's have been attempting to get permission to live off campus, a number of graduate students have been trying to move on.

Apparently this movement has met with some success according to information made available at Friday's Graduate Student Union Meeting.

G.S.U. President James King announced that he had contacted the administration concerning the use of three dorms for graduate students for the 1970-71 school year. As the matter now stands, he has been promised one if enough students will commit themselves to living there next year.

Carroll Hall will probably be the dorm used for the graduate students. During the week, forms will be drawn up and passed out to all of the graduate students by their representatives to discover exactly which members would be interested in such housing.

Besides the present students, who will be returning, incoming students will be offered the same service if representative Al Port has his way. Port is working on a plan where information and costs of on-campus lodging will be made available to those who apply to the Graduate School. He has found that some people have chosen not to attend Notre Dame because of the lack of such housing in the past.

In the matter of old business, the president reported that he had received no answer to inquiries regarding the status of teaching assistants in the bookstore and library. An attempt to get bus service for the residents of University Village has been turned down because of the problems of scheduling and monetary considerations.

Both a minority and majority report were presented by the Cafeteria Committee. They have met with Mr. Price concerning the problems he faces in trying to run the food services. Together they have decided to conduct a survey of graduate students to discover their ideas and complaints regarding the quality, quantity and prices of the food in the cafeteria.

Another question which is being referred to the constitutes is that of the desirability of a university-wide textbook center. G.S.U. members to buy their books at wholesale prices.

Dave Folts presented the body with a proposal to suggest that the university institute a Dr. of Arts program. He explained it by contrasting it with the present Ph.D. program. The new program would involve more class hours but eliminate the dissertation. Folts pointed out some other schools which have begun such programs and cited the difficulty of coming up with original topics in some of the Liberal Arts subjects as a reason for inaugurating the new degree.

Reports on many of the items which have been brought up during the second semester are expected to be made at the next meeting in early March. An extraordinary session to vote on the constitution will also have to be held. This will probably be at night so that it can be open-ended.

If you don't like the way people talk to each other, we'll pay you to change it.

We're in the communications business.

And during the next 30 years we're going to upgrade all the equipment we now have in order to provide even better service to our 6 million existing customers.

As if that weren't enough we're also going to have to come up with enough new equipment to handle the telephone service to about 26 million more people. As well as equipment for a much more extensive data communication program.

We need enough people (electrical, civil, mechanical and industrial engineers, designers, accountants and economists) to plan, design, build and operate a company that will be four times bigger than we are today.

We also need engineers, researchers and scientists to develop electronic switching equipment, laser communications systems -- the other communications systems we'll be using 10, 25 and 50 years from now.

But this is only one part of our communications business.

Our Sylvania people, for example, are involved in other types of communications. Like color television sets, satellite tracking stations and educational television systems.

Automatic Electric, Lenkurt, Ultronic Systems and some of our other companies, subsidiaries and divisions are working on advanced types of integrated circuits, electro-opticals and communications systems between people and computers and between computers and computers.

So if you think you have something to say about the way people talk to each other... we're ready to listen.
by Mike Pavlin
Observer Sports Editor

How they did it no one knows, but Notre Dame and Butler treated over 15,000 fans to a fantastic display of break­
neck basketball, resulting in a 121-114 Irish victory. The win established the Notre Dame men's basketball program as a force to be reckoned with in the NCAA Tournament.

The Irish entered the contest facing a potent set of negative factors. Tony Hinkle's final game as basketball coach in a career that goes back over forty years. In Hinkle's last five basketball matches for the win. Rich with night as a seven-man Irish squad bombed Butler in Bulldog coach O'Connell's home stadium. But the match will be held in the Auxiliary Gym of the Coliseum. Enter at Gates 1 or 2.

The Hoosier Hysteria this week

Carr, Jones key run - gun victory

The world of fishermen, to say nothing of the Burlington Liars' Club, the ghost of Frank Walton, and the operators of charter boat landings everywhere, was shocked to see, to the gills last week when the fisherman's waters turned red, something of a record-sized fish ultimately, himself, out of compassion for the fish. The news made it all to a case of mistaken identity today.

The man showed a laudable respect for sporting traditions, and we must take you to other fields and other tarns where this spirit might become infectious, as exemplified by the following hypothetical, not to say, far-fetched news stories:

"SILVER LAKE, Ind. — Jackie May made a sensational diving catch of a long drive off the bat of Maury Wills with the bases loaded and two out today to give the San Francisco Giants the 1970 National League pennant, but, as the fans were dancing in the streets of San Francisco, and the champagne was popping in the dressing room, Willie quietly advised the Dodgers to tag up and advance. 'I trapped the ball,' he told ump Tom Gorman. 'The hit deserved more recognition than that. It was at least a double.' The Dodgers ultimately won the pennant, and Giant manager Clyde King, when he was revived, lauded Willie for his 'honesty in the best traditions of baseball.' Giant owner Horace Stoneham could not reach for comment.

SUPER BOWL, NEW ORLEANS — Mike Garrett, of the Kansas City Chiefs, won the third straight Super Bowl Most Valuable Player award when, with 10 seconds to play and the Chiefs trailing by three points, he ran 88 yards with a Leavy Dawson swing pass for a touchdown. But, as his teammates lifted him on their shoulders, Mike commanded, 'Put me down.' He then went to the field judge. 'I was called for charging,' he said, 'but I had no choice. I could have blocked three of my blockers. A move like that deserves more recognition and my left foot was out as the gun went off.' Coach Hank Stram later said a study of the play showed Garrett had charged, 'and these boys in fundamentals,' he said, 'truth is the first of February.'

"IMADISON SQUARE GARDEN — Joe Frazier won a unanimous decision over Cassius Clay in their heavyweight title fight here tonight but refused to accept it after pointing out that he had outboxed his opponent in three of the rounds he had officiated. The referee and two judges had an identical 7-6 scoring with two rounds even, but Frazier leaned toward the former for a 9-7 decision. 'You will recall I bit in the 13th,' he said, 'I bit on the fourth times in the 11th, the second time, and on the third. He received the 9-7 decision and, in my opinion, that was a correct result. He deserves to be champion even though he can't see out of one eye and I hereby forfeit.' The news brought Gene Tunney out of retirement. 'I hereby forfeit,' he said, 'I hereby forfeit.'

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Fencers drop 2nd, tankers lose

Last Saturday in Columbus, host Ohio State upset the Irish fencers (14-13) making it the third in a row that they have turned this trick. The Buckeyes overcame a 13-12 Irish lead, capturing the last two foil matches for the win. Rich Delatorre and John Anthony kept the Irish in the match with 3-0 performances. They led a strong showing (17-2) in the weapon, but poor showings by both the epee and foil squads cost the Irish.

The fencers bounced back against Michigan State, whipping them 19-8 as substitutes handled much of the action. Delatorre and Allbright each added two more victories to cap 5-0 day. The match was never in doubt as the Irish brought their record to 12-2 for the season.

The Irish will return home Saturday for three matches in the Convocation Center. N.D. opponents will be Big Ten squads from Illinois and Wisconsin and independent Tri-State College.

John Cox and Gene Krauthaus each took two firsts, and John set a new varsity 500 freestyle mark, but Purdue won eight events and defeated the