Plan support for peace candidates

Marty Graham

Approximately 150 students, from Notre Dame and St. Mary's, met in Washington Hall last night to decide on a movement for a new Congress and commit themselves to the upcoming political campaigns.

Professor John Roos of Notre Dame's Government Department stated that the movement has begun to perform three main tasks in helping students to be effective force in Congressional elections.

First task is to involve students throughout the country in the campaign effort.

He said the second objective is to collect and maintain a file of names and addresses of students at Princeton University who want to work for election of peace candidates so that they can continue to be involved in their home states during the summer and in the fall.

He stated that the third task is to identify peace candidates and amass information on Congressional voting records, voting on war and peace, and the feasibility of electing peace candidates.

A special purpose of tonight's meeting, Roos said, "is to get the names and addresses of those students who are willing both to make the campaigning commitments and to accept the students involved in the movement for a new Congress.

"Certain students and faculty members," he continued, "who have been involved in previous campaigns will hold short training sessions next Thursday and Monday in order to explain how to go about forming a campaign strategy.

After Dowdall, a Notre Dame senior, stated that the information for the movement for the new Congress will be in the Academic Communication Office.

Roos stated that Notre Dame itself is the regional center for Northern Indiana. It is the University's job, therefore, to contact them, and also to participate in the Indiana State Constitutional Convention whose job will be to channel returning students into campaigns around the state this fall.

Roos urged the participating students to write a proposal paper on the two issues they will most likely be faced with in their campaigning.

At the close of the meeting, Roos stated, "I think it is absolutely crucial to change the character of our basic democratic decision making institution in the way the government is going to get out into the streets and help have a meaningful way in which the Sergeant can initiate this change. It is a critical challenge which must be done.

Dowdall also stated, "The present Congress is not as far as the most significant activity for students who are relatives of the Indochina War and for social change.

"During the past few years, since the Chicago debacle, all of us have deplored and said that there is nothing we can do to effect a change. As Congressman Lowenstein referred to it, we all were quite ready to too early.

"Consequently, it only activity which came from our campuses were violent ones; this violence has only alienated the rest of the country, Nixon's silent majority, and hurt our cause.

"I believe that today is the time we can reorient ourselves to change--not just a summer of part time campaigns--but a commitment for 1972 and beyond.

"It was somewhat disappointing by the relatively small number of people that showed and stirred mightily; however the major responsibility for this lies with poor timing and inadequate publicity. We feel that the best that the hall organizations will reach our goal of 2000 volunteers.

"Smich is accused of premeditated murder and attempted to assault a female. "I haven't done anything wrong," Smith said. "I only answered the officers who charged me and was not a witness."

"All the charges stem from the alleged incident which occurred March 16, 1968 in My Lai, a hamlet in South Vietnam. Seven other enfored men and four officers who had been charged with offenses allegedly committed in My Lai additionally, 14 ranked officers are accused of suppressing evidence about the incident immediately after it occurred.

Hutson and Smith explained why they filed court suits from the American public.

"I've got nowhere else to turn," Hutson said. "I've told Army channels, my lawyer and my family. I felt that they possibly can understand stand endured men are people like ize themselves.

"I never do anything anything fun in my life like this," said Hutson in his interview. "I have never pro tested--either at serving in the Army as a prisoner in combat in Vietnam.

Under Army regulations, a man of a crime has "a right to be represented in his defense by the military counsel of his own selection" in addition to the military lawyer himself.

But neither Smith nor Hutson has been given that privilege by the Army. Although each has an assigned lawyer, neither has a military lawyer of his own choosing. Some of the officers charged in the alleged massacre have their own military attorneys.

Both Smith had charges brought against him at Ft. Riley, Kan, he asked that Capt. Delbert Gowing represent him. Gowing went with Smith to a Presidio hearing August 18, 1969, where Smith testified.

But Delbert Smith was transferred to Ft. McPherson, Ga., with the others accused. Also charged during the war was Hutson who was allowed to continue as Smith's counsel--even though Smith specifically requested it. He appealed the Ft. Riley decision to the commanding general of the 5th U.S. Army. Mark Megan, who incidently filed the grounds Gowing "had too many cases to handle.

Hutson was charged by the Army March 9, 1970. He re quired that Capt. Richard S. Derbis be appointed as the counsel of his choice March 10. That request was denied, as was a request for Capt. John D. Link, who was stationed at the Presidio in San Francisco.

Next, Hutson asked for Capt. Gerald Agnirman, stationed at Ft. Leonard Wood, Mo. "That request is still pending," Hutson said. "But it appears he also will be denied.

Hutson said the Army had not given the names of four officers from whom to choose.

One of them had handled anything more than AWOL cases, and here they wanted to put the Army's "army's ever had."

Hutson said.

Pro Nixon statement issued

The commitment of the United States to defend South Vietnam and the recent steps taken by President Nixon in pursuit of this end are necessary components of a sound and responsible foreign policy.

The commitment to defend the South is sound because the basic national interests of the United States are involved, and would be significantly impaired were South Vietnam unable to maintain its sovereignty in the face of present attacks. The U.S. cannot afford to permit the loss of a country whose fall would make possible the spread of communism in Southeast Asia, nor can it accept a major extension of the Chinese sphere of influence in Asia with a corresponding reduction of our own power in Asia and the world.

Further, lack of ability or willingness to defend South Vietnam would encourage communists to adopt the strategy of "national liberation" elsewhere and would promote a dangerous "wave of the future" psychology among uncommitted nations. The faith of our friends that we will support them in defense could not but be shaken.

A non-interventionist tactic in South Vietnam would mean the replacement of an imperfect democratic government dedicated to its own ideals, a tyranny whose first act would be the enslavement of thousands of people.

The commitment of U.S. troops to Cambodia in a limited tactical operation to clear out enemy bases is clearly within the constitutional power of the President as Commander-in-Chief.

Since the ultimate aim is to "Vietnamize" the war, the soundest U.S. policy is to ensure that the Vietnamese forces will be in the best possible position against the enemy. As our combat participation gradually decreases and ends, leaving vulnerable major enemy bases and barricades untouched would be clearly without justification under the present circumstances.

We, therefore, support President Nixon's policy in Southeast Asia, believing that it is in the best interests in South Vietnam, the United States, and the free world.

Assistant Professor Robert J. Wastick

Arts and Letters

Assistant Dean Richard J. Thompson

Arts and Letters

Professor Gerhart Niemeyer

Government

Associate Professor Dean Edward Jerger

Engineering

Associate Professor Robert Vasieli

History

Professor Associate Professor Christopher

Philosophy

Professor Associate Professor Gregory

Religion

Professor Associate Professor Richard

Anthropology

Associate Professor Charles Brando

Music

Professor History Carter - Modern Languages

Professor Edward Murphy - Law

Rev. Edward O'Connor - Theology

Dr. Bernard Noring - History

Mr. Thomas O'Dea - Modern Languages

Professor Charles Rice - Law

Assistant Professor Joseph Gatto - Modern Languages

Professor Paul McLane - English

Dr. J. Massingberd Ford

Assistant Professor Frederick Doon

Rev. J. J. McGrath - Biology

Dr. Charles Ponsarass - History
Tuesday afternoon the College Republican Club elected their officers for the coming year. Elected were Joe Fitzmyer, Chairman; Ann Therese Darin, Co-chairman, and Tom Wagner, Secretary.

Commenting on the election Fitzmyer said: "Next year promises to be an important year for the club on campus. The campaign in the fall will be our most important activity."

Miss Darin felt that she had her work cut out for her. "The St. Mary's membership was down this year. I think it was because there was no election last fall. I know many girls who agree with me politically but couldn't see any purpose getting involved in an off election year. Next year we will be an active part of the club."

"When asked how they felt about President Nixon's recent interventions in Cambodia, the Republicans were in basic agreement. Fitzmyer commented, "Mr. Nixon wants to get out of Vietnam as much as anyone. Probably more so. He is doing the job he can. Cambodia was a matter of judgment."

"Asked if they thought the President used good judgment, Miss Darin answered: "It is too early to tell. Mr. Nixon asked for eight weeks to accomplish his mission. For at least that long, he has my full support."

When asked what elections he considered most important, Fitzmyer stated: "It is hard to say which is most important, but I think the Senatorial race will spark the most interest. Senator Hartke clearly showed at Indianapolis that he did not respect students rights when he can't use his own political advantage."

Fitzmyer was referring to an incident at the Midwest Republican Convention where Hartke allegedly used his Senatorial influence to take a meeting room from the students who had contracted for it.

"Next year in the election Republicans were in agreement."

"Next on the election agenda is the most important thing, the high school."

"Wouldn't it be wonderful if we had a real high school?"

"Would the high school be the most important?""Fitzmyer was referring to ."

"Can you really outlaw, under the banner of Christianity, a man who chooses quite seriously to go into the military?" "The Christian soldier," he said, "might well fit some of your fathers who fought in World War II."

A topical idea brought up was the concept of a "just war."

"Father questioned the possibility of any war being just. He noted that, for all its apparent justness, World War II, by virtue of bombings at Dresden and Hiroshima were "unjust."

"One participant expressed a desire to see Christianity serve because "they liked it."

"He added, "Maybe there's something to peace keeping." Fr. Amen concurred. "One of the heroic occupations of a Christian might be as a peace keeping force."

When asked "How does one best work for peace?" Father Amen considered serving in uniform to be one way. "I like the principle of corruption from within," he claimed.

"Mr. Nixon wants to get out of Vietnam as much as anyone. Probably more so. He is doing the job he can. Cambodia was a matter of judgment."

"Asked if they thought the President used good judgment, Miss Darin answered: "It is too early to tell. Mr. Nixon asked for eight weeks to accomplish his mission. For at least that long, he has my full support."

When asked what elections he considered most important, Fitzmyer stated: "It is hard to say which is most important, but I think the Senatorial race will spark the most interest. Senator Hartke clearly showed at Indianapolis that he did not respect students rights when he can't use his own political advantage."

Fitzmyer was referring to an incident at the Midwest Republican Convention where Hartke allegedly used his Senatorial influence to take a meeting room from the students who had contracted for it.

"Next year in the election Republicans were in agreement."

"Next on the election agenda is the most important thing, the high school."

"Wouldn't it be wonderful if we had a real high school?"

"Would the high school be the most important?""Fitzmyer was referring to ."

"Can you really outlaw, under the banner of Christianity, a man who chooses quite seriously to go into the military?" "The Christian soldier," he said, "might well fit some of your fathers who fought in World War II."

A topical idea brought up was the concept of a "just war."

"Father questioned the possibility of any war being just. He noted that, for all its apparent justness, World War II, by virtue of bombings at Dresden and Hiroshima were "unjust."

"One participant expressed a desire to see Christianity serve because "they liked it."

"He added, "Maybe there's something to peace keeping." Fr. Amen concurred. "One of the heroic occupations of a Christian might be as a peace keeping force."

When asked "How does one best work for peace?" Father Amen considered serving in uniform to be one way. "I like the principle of corruption from within," he claimed.
7:00- Open Discussion

8:00- University, Poverty & Race

8:00- Undergraduate Education

9:00- Open Discussion

9:00- Open Discussion

9:00- Open Discussion

10:00-

11:00-

12:00-

The following is a list of locations, times and faculty participants for the various discussions to be held tonight:

Alumni
Prof. Samir Bose (Physics)
9:00 - Open Discussion
Prof. Paul Marsden (English)
10:30 - Open Discussion

Badin
Prof. Randy Kwiatker (Modern Languages)
8:30 - Open Discussion
Prof. Michael Sain (Electrical Engineering)
9:00 - Open Discussion

Breen-Phillips
Prof. Donald Linger (Civil Engineering)
7:00 - Topic: Armament
Prof. Larry Murphy (English)
9:00 - Open Discussion

Cavanaugh
Prof. W. J. Tomash (Physics)
7:30 - Open Discussion
Prof. Stephen Karr (Government)
9:00 - Open Discussion

Dillon
Prof. Joe Brennan (English)
9:00 - Literary Attitudes Toward War
Prof. Sperry Darden (Physics)
10:00 - War Research

PETITIONERS CALL FOR HELP

(continued from page 1)

Likewise, only a few isolated administrators and students have yet been the statement. In connection with this aspect of the problem, Hoffman stated that it ought to be clearly understood that people signing the statement were doing so strictly as individuals and not in representatives of the University, the department, or anyone else. "For us, it is a rare exercise in 'political' activity, and they want to avoid any possible taint of political activity for the University in any way whatsoever, since that would tend to alienate this strongly held convictions."

The leaders of the drive said that anyone who wished to join the statement or help to circulate it among faculty, administration, and students should contact Steve Hoffman (126 B-P, 1259), Joe Canini (315 Flanner, 1026), or Bruce Kuenen (721 Grace, 6863).

Ferlay
Prof. John Meany (Education)
3:30 - Open Discussion
Prof. Gerard Schilling (Physics)
8:00 - Topic: What Can a Physicist Do?

Fisher
Prof. Mrs. Jean Rytina (Sociology)
8:00 - University, Poverty & Race
Prof. William Berry (Electrical Engineering)
9:00 - Open Discussion

Flanner
Fr. Austin Kanawaha (Theology)
8:00 - Open Discussion
Prof. Peter Walde (Economics)
10:30 - Topic: Reform of Undergraduate Education

Greg
Prof. Paul Kennedy (Physics)
9:30 - Open Discussion

Holy Cross
Pf
Prof. Robert E. Clay (Math)
8:30 - Open Discussion
Prof. Seymour Singer (Computer Science)
9:00 - Open Discussion

Howard
Prof. W. D. Dow (Business)
9:00 - Open Discussion

Keanan
Prof. Karl Kronstein (Math)
8:30 - Topic: Successful Withdrawal of DeGaulle from Algeria
Prof. John Lucey (Engineering)
9:00 - Open Discussion

Lyons
Prof. Robert Evans (Government)
9:00 - Topic: Communist Party in Southeast Asia

Morrissey
Prof. Raymond Kent (Finance)
8:00 - Topic: Morality of Involvement in S. E. Asia
Rev. Charles Shroyer (Theology)
7:00 - Open Discussion

Pangborn
Prof. Henry Thacher (Computer Science)
9:00 - Topic: The Computer and Society

St. Ed's
Prof. Ernest Sandeen (English)
9:00 - Topic: Protest in American Literature (Focus on Thoreau)

Surin
Prof. Edward Cronin (General Program)
9:00 - Open Discussion
Prof. Thomas Fern (Art)
9:00 - Open Discussion

Stanford
Prof. Morton Fuchs (Biology)
9:00 - Open Discussion
Prof. William Storey (Theology)
10:00 - Open Discussion

Walsh
Prof. James Daney (Chemistry)
9:00 - Topic: White Racism
Prof. Paul Sanday (Physics)
10:00 - Open Discussion

Zahn
Prof. Joseph Gatto (Languages)
9:00 - Topic: History of Communist Involvement in Vietnam
Prof. Willis D. Nurtung (General Program)
9:00 - Liberal Education

For location of meetings in each hall call 1585 or the appropriate Hall President.

THE ECOLOGY MAJOR SAID CONSERVATIVELY:

If you have any interest in this program, please come to the LIBRARY, AUDITORIUM, MONDAY NIGHT, MAY 18, at 10 p.m.

We believe that our quiet efforts will kill unjustly inableable, and we are willing to defend it. Thank you for your attention.

MILLER MAKES IT RIGHT!

SEND US YOUR ADJECTIVE PUNISH AMONG OUR MAJOR, IF PUBLISHED, WE'LL SEND YOU A DEREFENDING REWARD.

COLLEGE BOX 462
© MILLER BREW. CO. HINF. WIN. SINS

THE OBSERVER

Ex SBP-SBVP issue CO letter

The following is the text of a letter related by Paul McKenna and Fred Dedrick.

 Fellow Seniors, May we in you are now, or will soon be, faced with one of the most serious decisions of our lives. Is it right for us, from our response to military service. Our student deferments end, occupa-

taxed deferments will not be available. More than ever before, the decision must be made.

There are many among us who believe that the present war in Indo-China is a moral atrocity to which we, as individuals and as a nation, must protest. The present legal alternatives are few.

If we are not total pacifists, we may pre- jeure ourselves by filing for Conscientious Ob jector status. If we may emigrate; we may go to prison, but may hope that our lottery number will not be called; or we may seek a medical deferment, justified or not. Thus, those of us who are morally opposed to the war in Indo-China are faced with a particularly enormous moral dilemma.

What then can we do? Presently, senators, congressmen, bishops are being contacted to request support for a Selective Conscientious Objector amendment to the present draft law. We applaud this and similar efforts, but it does not solve our immediate problem.

A group of Notre Dame students and faculty are willing to devote their time and energy to provide another alternative. The alternative is to base Notre Dame graduating seniors and alumni collectively confront the present draft law. Living together, we would file CO applications, based either on total pacifism or objection to the present war in Indo-China. Utilizing the legal, moral, and financial resources available to us, we would be prepared to collectively confront, in court, the constitutionality of the present draft law. While living together we would be able to work at South Bend, perhaps attempting to alleviate many of the social injustices now present in the city, and share in a new and exciting educational experience.

The idea is still in its embryonic stages, but the possible consequences of such an action are astounding. By standing together, we would be able to utilize financial legal aid that would be unavailable if we were to stand alone. The possibility of effecting legal and political changes is very real. Most importantly, we would be answering our moral consciences in an affirmative way.

If you have any interest in this idea, please come to the LIBRARY, AUDITORIUM, MONDAY NIGHT, MAY 18, at 10 p.m.

We believe that our right not to kill unjustly is inalienable, and we are willing to defend it. Thank you for your attention.

Thank you for your attention.
Irish remain undefeated - at home

by Jim Donahon
Observer Sportswriter

Led by the power hitting of Phil Krill and fine pitching efforts by Ron Schmitz and Mickey Karkut, the Fighting Irish baseball team upped their season record to 14-12 by sweeping a doubleheader from Wayne State Saturday at Carter Field, posting winning margins of 6-2 and 5-2 in the seven-inning contests.

The Irish broke a 2-2 deadlock with a four-run sixth inning to take the first game while Krill’s three-run homer and Rich Lucke’s two-run triple in the seventh stanza and surrendered a pair of runs in the first inning. Bob Voitier opened the Irish half of the first by drawing a base on balls. Nick Scarpelli followed with a single and Lucke plated both runners with a line triple to right center.

Krill drilled his second round-tripper of the day, a three run shot to right center, to drive in what proved to be the winning runs in the fourth inning. Ora and Horan, who had singled, crossed the plate ahead of the powerful Irish shortstop who took the club homerun leadership from Lucke by knocking his fourth of the season out of the park, 360 feet from home plate.

Karkut, who had shored Wayne State for the first six innings, tidied badly in the final stanza and surrendered a pair of runs but managed to hang on and pick up his third win of the year against five setbacks. Bob Kloss opened the Wayne seventh with a solo knock and Larry Janssen scored Kloss with a single and when Vilnius and Don Vilnius and Jim Sarns singled, Wayne State had loaded the bases with no one out. Joe Keenan started the inning by singling. After Jim Cooper hit into a fielder’s choice on Wayne’s mound to talk with Karkut after the next hitter, yielded a sacrifice fly by Rick Battaglia, juniors, will be back, and LaFrance and Best, only

Cleveland, 13
Minneapolis 11
Chicago 11
Philadelphia 11
Philadelphia 11
New York 10
Toronto 10
Denver 8
Denver 8
Kansas City 7
San Francisco 7
Oakland 6
Christian 6
Denver 6
New York 6
Chicago 5
Denver 4
Washington 4
Kansas City 4
Toronto 4
Atlanta 4
Oakland 3
Minneapolis 3
New York 2
Chicago 2
Houston 1
Philadelphia 1

NATIONAL LEAGUE

East

West

Cincinnati 27 10 .730
Los Angeles 20 16 .565 6
Atlanta 19 16 .543 7
Houston 18 19 .486 9
San Francisco 18 20 .434 9
San Diego 17 22 .436 11

NATIONAL LEAGUE

East

West

Cleveland 27 10 .730
Los Angeles 20 16 .565 6
Atlanta 19 16 .543 7
Houston 18 19 .486 9
San Francisco 18 20 .434 9
San Diego 17 22 .436 11

AMERICAN LEAGUE

East

West

Baltimore 24 9 .729
New York 18 16 .543 6
Detroit 16 16 .484 8
Boston 15 17 .486 9
Washington 13 18 .455 11
Detroit 11 18 .379 11

AMERICAN LEAGUE

East

West

Baltimore 24 9 .729
New York 18 16 .543 6
Detroit 16 16 .484 8
Boston 15 17 .486 9
Washington 13 18 .455 11
Detroit 11 18 .379 11

Minnesota 16
Kansas City 3
Chicago 2
San Francisco 2
Oakland 1
Atlanta 1
Philadelphia, pdd. rain

MINNESOTA 16
KANSAS CITY 3
CHICAGO 2
SAN FRANCISCO 2
OAKLAND 1
ATLANTA 1
PHILADELPHIA, PDD. RAIN

Pulling more than half of the votes in this year’s balloting, Austin Carr has been named The Scholar’s “Athlete of the Year” for 1969-70. Carr, captain of ND’s basketball team in only his junior year, was the second highest point-producer in the nation with 1,186 points on a 38.1 average. Austin will return next year to lead the Irish hoopsters in hope of another winning season.

Athlete of the year

by Bruce Kennedy
Observer Sportswriter

ND’s Bob Battaglia was medalist Saturday as Notre Dame won a home invitation on Burke Golf Course.

The Irish totalled 763, seven strokes better than second place Southern Illinois. Ball State and Central Michigan tied for third with 772, followed by Western Michigan 779, Eastern Michigan 785, Western Illinois 796, Northern Illinois 830, and Valparaiso 870. Battaglia had 72-75, edging by two strokes Terry Brenting of CMU and Jerry Glenn of SIU.

Bob Wilson and Bill Cevragon and Wilson graduated from Notre Dame and they look for increased success next year. Dunn and Battaglia, juniors, will be back, and LaFrance and Best, only

by Phil Krill (of Erie) took over the club leadership for home runs in the two Notre Dame victories. The shortstop hit two round trippers in the Saturday doubleheader to give him four for the season.

Bob Wilson, juniors, will be back, and LaFrance and Best, only

Cevragon and Wilson graduated from Notre Dame and they look for increased success next year. Dunn and Battaglia, juniors, will be back, and LaFrance and Best, only

Irish coach Jake Kline went to the mound to talk with Karkut and decided to stay with the tall left-hander. Kline’s confidence was rewarded as Karkut worked out of the jam by fanning the next hitter, yielded a sacrifice fly to Ron Warin that brought in the second of the season and then slipped a third strike past the last Tartar batter to wrap up the win.

The Irish conclude their season this week, playing their final home game of the year this afternoon at 3 o’clock versus the Northwestern Wildcats and finishing the year on the road, at Valparaiso, on Tuesday.

by Jim Donahon
Observer Sportswriter

Phil Krill (of Erie) took over the club leadership for home runs in the two Notre Dame victories. The shortstop hit two round trippers in the Saturday doubleheader to give him four for the season.

Cevragon and Wilson graduated from Notre Dame and they look for increased success next year. Dunn and Battaglia, juniors, will be back, and LaFrance and Best, only

Irish coach Jake Kline went to the mound to talk with Karkut and decided to stay with the tall left-hander. Kline’s confidence was rewarded as Karkut worked out of the jam by fanning the next hitter, yielded a sacrifice fly to Ron Warin that brought in the second of the season and then slipped a third strike past the last Tartar batter to wrap up the win.

The Irish conclude their season this week, playing their final home game of the year this afternoon at 3 o’clock versus the Northwestern Wildcats and finishing the year on the road, at Valparaiso, on Tuesday.

Bob Wilson and Bill Cevragon carded 151 for the Irish, and teammate Mike LaFrance totalled 153. Jim Dunn and Marty Best had 163 and 164, respectively.

This victory was the high point of a mediocre season for the golfer. Good showings included second at Ball State’s four team tourney and a fifth out of 15 at Miami of Ohio. The squad also placed 17th out of 40 at the season opening Gulf American Tournament, but placed low at Ohio State, Illinois, and Purdue.

Bob Wilson averaged 75.5 strokes per 18 holes, best for the Irish. Other Irish averages were Cevragon, 77.9; 77.7; Schmitz and Battaglia, 79.8; Dunn 80.8; and Best 82.4.

Of the six golfers, only

freshman, should form a backbone for the team in the next three years. Fr. Clarence Durbin encourages anyone who has an interest in golf to try out.

Bob Wilson and Bill Cevragon carded 151 for the Irish, and teammate Mike LaFrance totalled 153. Jim Dunn and Marty Best had 163 and 164, respectively.

This victory was the high point of a mediocre season for the golfer. Good showings included second at Ball State’s four team tourney and a fifth out of 15 at Miami of Ohio. The squad also placed 17th out of 40 at the season opening Gulf American Tournament, but placed low at Ohio State, Illinois, and Purdue.

Bob Wilson averaged 75.5 strokes per 18 holes, best for the Irish. Other Irish averages were Cevragon, 77.9; 77.7; Schmitz and Battaglia, 79.8; Dunn 80.8; and Best 82.4.

Of the six golfers, only