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by Kevin McGill

Fr. James Riehle, Dean of Students, addressed a meeting of the Faculty Senate last night in the Continuing Education Center, informing the members of, and calling for their help in, the serious problem of campus security. Sighting the violent events of this last weekend, he pointed out the weaknesses in the present security system and announced suggested solutions, including the locking at night of all dorms and the use of floodlights on the Main Quad.

On Friday night, two Notre Dame students and two Army cadets were assaulted on campus. They were not robbed but merely beaten. On Monday night, Ed Grimmer was knifed in front of Alumni Hall while attempting to pursue a youth who was part of a group that had robbed his hall. Fr. Riehle said that an off-campus student had been stabbed through the chest on Saturday night and is now in the hospital suffering from internal bleeding.

"These are not just joy riding teenagers we have to deal with," Fr. Riehle said. "They are criminals. They have committed armed robbery and other crimes.

While Fr. Riehle feels that the Security Department is greatly improved in the four years that Arthur Pean has been its Director, he sees it as still far from perfect. There is a great shortage of manpower. Only five men presently work the midnight shift. The Department would like to increase its ranks and replace some of its present personnel, but finds it almost impossible to hire new men. The two reasons are lack of money to offer recruits and the abuse heaped upon security policemen on this campus.

The University, Fr. Riehle relates, can give a man a twenty-five year experience in police work only $6,000 a year, while a rookie in South Bend can earn $7,900 after fourteen weeks of training, and can start at $10,000 in Detroit. It is hard to get experienced men. Most off-duty policemen from the South Bend are already moonlighting somewhere, and the Department actually prefers to have their own men, over whom they can have more control.

When a man decides to work for Notre Dame Security, he becomes the butt of tremendous
doubt, student and faculty abuse. Many new security men, even veteran policemen, leave Notre Dame after a few weeks because of the "pig attitude" and the verbal abuse. Fr. Riehle criticized the Observer for its exaggerated account of police brutality and for trivializing what he called a positive attitude toward Security.

"It's hard to find a man thick skinned and calm enough to bear the abuse of this job. You can't abuse a man for six days and then when you run into trouble on the seventh, you're coming to me for your help." "All in all, it is extremely difficult to find and keep a man for Security," he said.

To remedy this problem, the Security Department is considering (Continued on page 8)

Soph. Lit. Fest. attract personalities

by Tom Hefindrich

The Sophomore Literary Festi

Festival, touted both nationally and internationally for its continuing ability to attract respected literary personalities, yesterday announced suggested solutions, which it claims can expand the focus of the SLF.

Tom Stoppard, author of the play Rosencrantz and Guildenstern Are Dead, is probably the best known of those now scheduled to attend. "While only 31, this English playwright is critically considered one of the most remarkable contemporary dramatists," O'Connor affirmed.

Charles Gordone is a second playwright who will attend the Festival, and he has a very special claim to fame. He is the first black man to win a Pulitzer Prize for Drama; that for No Place to Be Somebody.

O'Connor called Gordone "one of the most unique voices in black literature. He has definate ideas about the efficacy of the exclusive black theatre." O'Connor went on to note that these ideas seem to differ from those of both Claude Browne and LeKoi Jones, two black writers who have attended the Festival in past years.

Though not a playwright, the other personage who will defnitely attend is nonetheless a leading force in world-wide experimental drama. She is a middle-aged black woman named Ellen Stewart. By founding the La Mama Theatre Group she became one of the initiators of the important off-Broadway movement.

This theatre group will set up a theatrical workshop during Festival week, and O'Connor mentioned that "La Mama" will work with the ND-SMC Theatre as well as with the SLF.

Besides announcing those who have confirmed their intention to attend the Festival, O'Connor emphasized that other writers will be present.

There is Terence McNally, for example, whose tentative acceptance was received by the SLF this week. This gentleman first came to attention in 1965 with a full-length play on Broadway called "And Things That Go Bump in the Night."

Save the salt for the popcorn, please. We put heart, soul and our exclusive Beechwood Ageing into Budweiser. All you need to enjoy it is a glass . . . or drink it right from the can, if that's your bag.

Beer questions? Write: Ed McMahon, Anheuser-Busch, Inc., 721 Perdido St., St. Louis, Mo. 63108

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BEER
TALK
by Ed McMahon

In which the could commiserate answers questions about Beer, and the drinking of same.

DEAR ED: Every now and then, I see guys putting salt in their beer. What's it all about, Alfie?

DEAR ALFIE: I'll tell you what it's about. It's about to drive me crazy! Now, I have nothing against salt. On home-baked eggs. Or French fries. But not in my beer.

Putting salt in beer, some say, perks up the head . . . or livens up the taste . . . makes the beer 'drier.' With Budweiser, though, all salt can do is make it salty. Because Bud is already just about perfect.

The scene at last night's Faculty Senate meeting.

by Kevin McGill

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By found...
by Bob Higgins

Dr. Peter Grande, Director of Admissions at Notre Dame, said Wednesday in an interview that his latest statistics of SAT scores reveal that although '70's freshman are more intelligent than last year's, Notre Dame is losing its best applicants to other schools.

Statistics show that the mean score for applicants accepted but not confirmed is significantly higher than the mean for those accepted and now attending the university.

Grande attributed this to a combination of two causes.

First, Grande said that there are many excellent students applying to Notre Dame who are in extreme financial need and consequently expect to receive aid. If the aid is not received the students will turn to other schools who have more revenue with which to work.

Secondly, he believes that many applicants choose Notre Dame as a second or third alternative, and upon acceptance at a school they deem more economically acceptable, lose interest in Notre Dame.

Dr. Grande stated that more high school students are applying to Notre Dame than ever before. He sees this as a direct result of the increased staff of the admission office, which allows for more visiting of high schools across the nation.

He said he feels that with the help of Alumni Clubs in the major cities, Notre Dame applicant pool could be increased to an even greater degree. Grande emphasized that increased application did not mean increased enrollment. Rather, he said, it would increase the quality of the students accepted.

On the same subject Grande later said that Notre Dame office plans to admit fewer freshmen next year and concentrate on increasing the admission of qualified transfer students.

In speaking of the minority program, Dr. Grande reported that this year's program is working well, using the funds received from the Cotton Bowl, 1970, divided over a four year period. This insures that students with scholarships will be able to retain them until they graduate.

When asked about next year's program, Grande replied that no definite plans have been set. Recruiting is concentrated to major cities, such as Gary, Chicago, Philadelphia, and Washington, D.C. Grande mentioned that the source for next year's minority scholarships is unknown, but he assumes the amount to be similar to this year's.

One aspect of minority recruitment that has helped Grande to increase applications, contended Grande, is the admission office policy of waiving application fees for minority applicants if requested.

Grande said that the money, which is used to pay University salaries, can well be forfeited to increase the chance for a minority student application to be accepted.

Jane Fonda to speak here

by Greg Rowinski

Actress Jane Fonda will come to Notre Dame in early November to talk on the possible alternatives to the presentills in our society.

"I think that there is no weapon so powerful as the perception of the alternative," Miss Fonda has said in describing the purpose of her speaking tour.

The Student Union Academic Commission is sponsoring her appearance November 8, at Stepan Center, beginning at 8 pm.

Co-commissioner Jim Metzger feels that Miss Fonda is a uniquely qualified speaker on this topic. He ranks her as the most active woman in social action today. Though considered a "jet setter", she has qualified herself in this serious endeavor by her personal and professional contact with many of this country's minority groups.

Her active involvement has been in two directions. First she went out to discover America in 1968 and 1969. She sought to meet the silent majority I had heard so much about." She also saw the no-longer silent minorities. She met sailors, Marines, and sailors who have formed anti-war organizations on every American base and ship. She has been arrested four times by military authorities and has a suit pending against Secretary of Defense McNeny Laird.

Miss Fonda met with Black Panther Party leaders and members and visited the Party's free breakfast for children and clinics. She talked with survivors of police raids on Party headquarters.

Not satisfied with news reports of atrocities in Vietnam, she talked with soldiers about their situation.

Fonda also has been identified with the situation of the American Indian. She visited reservations and Indian-occupied Alcatraz Island.

After viewing the problem, she went on to her next step: direct action toward beginning some solutions.

With lawyer Mark Lane, she founded an office in Washington, D.C., which collects complaints from G.I.'s who have been illegally disciplined for expressing their First Amendment-protected rights.

Some of these soldiers have been detained from one to five years in stockades. In this action, she has received support from some Senators and Congressmen.

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Leading House dove legislative reformer 1970 Scior Class Fellow
Meeting to organize will be this Thursday, Oct. 15, 7:30 PM in Room 127 Nieuwland
Dennis Duggan 8205

Sponsoring movies has been consolidated with Cinema '71 and the Contemporary Arts Foundation. Joint sponsorship is now through the Cultural Arts Commission of the Student Union," he said.

Both O'Connor and Manfredi made a point of thanking faculty advisors Donald Costello, John Matthias, and Richard Rizzi for their help. In addition, former Festival chairman Bob Hall, Rick Fitzgerald, and Jim Metzger have provided invaluable help and guidance," O'Connor affirmed.

They later added that a cell for student participation to help organize the Festival would be made sometime later in the year.

SSO organize SMC campus events

by Patti Shea

Sadie Hawkins dance, Majors Nights, and interhall football games are all up-coming campus events sponsored by Saint Mary's Student Services Organization (SSO), according to Diane Eno, SSO director.

The Sadie Hawkins Dance, organized by the social committee of SMC, a branch of the SSO, will be held on Saturday, October 23 at the Midwest Conservatory Club. "To complete the weekend's activities, plans are being made for Sunday open house and interhall football games," Diane said. Mary Ann Weiss and Terry Trentor of SMC are co-chairmen of the weekend.

Two "Majors Night" programs, where Saint Mary's students can meet and confer with department heads and faculty in their planned major fields are being scheduled by another branch of the SSO, the academic committee, explained by Mary Underman. The Majors Nights will be held on Tuesday, Oct.

OCT. 27, and Thursday, October 29, according to Diane.

The SSO, which is completely run by SMC students, coordinates the social, academic, community and service aspects of Saint Mary's, according to Diane. Eno, Miss Shahadeh said, "The SSO has provided valuable help and guidance," O'Connor affirmed.

Several projects, some fairly successful, according to Diane, have been undertaken by the organization. So far, the SSO has held a used book sale, arranged for Stapleton Masses every night, and provided for the sale of the Sunday editions of the Chicago Tribune in the dorms from 11:00 a.m. to 1:30 p.m. each Sunday.

In addition, Diane termed Senator George McGovern's appearance and the response it stirred from the Notre Dame-Saint Mary's student body a success.

"The SSO is working to bring activities like this to Saint Mary's," Diane said. "McGovern's appearance proved that we could attract students of important enough a subject to these at Saint Mary's more often," said Miss Shahadeh.

This year has seen several long-range improvements in the planning stages such as the establishment of a central meeting place for Notre Dame and Saint Mary's students.

"I would like to see more students become aware of the SSO," Diane stressed, "and if there is any service a student would like, I would be more than happy to hear about it."

The SSO office, which is run by Majors Night chairman of Holy Cross Hall, is open every Monday and Wednesday afternoon from one to three.

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THE OBSERVER
An Independent Student Newspaper

GLEN S. CORSO, Editor
GAETANO M. DeSAPIO, Publisher

FOUNDED NOVEMBER 3, 1966
NOTRE DAME, INDIANA

BOMBINGS

The recent series of bombings across the country—highlighted by the blast which destroyed a floor on a Harvard library—have signaled a new wave of terrorism by the radicals in this country. Terrorist bombs are nothing new to this country, but the present organized sequence of blasts is most disturbing. The New York Times reported recently that "between January 1969 and April of this year, 4,330 bombs were exploded in buildings and public places in the United States, ... and another 1,174 attempted bombings were forestalled ..." For most of these the "urban guerrillas" as the Times called them, have taken to the streets.

In New York last Tuesday an assembled group of media people listened to the taped voice of Bernardine Dohrn, a fugitive Weatherman leader. She proclaimed the start of a "fall offensive" 't all over the country. Thursday three explosions rocked the West Coast, while on Saturday a Queen Anne County Courthouse was blown up.

There is a crying need for strong action on the part of public officials to combat this wave of terrorism. Yet additional FBI agents, authority to tape phones and the like, are stop-gap measures more often than not designed to soothe a jittery public's fears.

Why, for example would brilliant young ladies like Angela Davis feel compelled to become a common gun moll to aid escape bombers? Perhaps it was, in part or whole, to the action of the California trustees and Ronald Reagan. Likelier still it would have been the attitude many people in this society are adopting that the establishment is basically immoral, therefore they have the right to ram their ideas down our throats by any means at hand.

This is not the way to effect change in a society. It only heightens paranoia and leads to ugly repressive measures. Last year by Congressman Alard Lowenstein said that people are willing to concede the illegitimacy of America if students take the time to go and explain to them what we feel is wrong.

If this is the case then let us do it and do it now.

Letters

Dear Editor,

I wish to state that you achieved an effect with the headline "McGovern speaks on revolution." These four words will be remembered by most of the people who glanced at yesterday's Observer.

Very few of your alert readers will look deep enough into your hastily formed headlines to find just what McGovern was talking about. I also wish to comment on the columns of author of the article on his penetrating analysis of McGovern's remarks. I happen to know Sen. McGovern personally and I didn't find him as effective as one would expect.

Next time, Mr. Wintrobe, don't be looking for certain answers to certain questions. By the way did The Observer merge with The Chicago Tribune? Larry Oertel 110 S. Taylor South Bend Editor:

Being both a friend of the "longhairs" apprehended on Saturday, and a friend of the three cadets whose greycots were stolen, I found myself in a rather awkward position from which to comment upon Ted Price's "Greycoats" column of 12 Octo-

ber. Yet Price, in developing his theme of police boodlessness has committed several aspects of the incident and causes of such police action which would be necessary to include if one were to reach any understanding of the questions raised, as should be the intent of any column.

Granted cops are rough and, lately, longer of "longhairs." I speak from a "longhair's" three years' long experience on that coast. Yet, in a society as segmented as ours, the reactions of those who identify themselves with one group or another will be met with cross-currents and cross-currents directly proportional to that centrifugal force of his own.

Or, in reference to this case, if one is to place himself on one side of a fence dividing a nation, that is categorize himself for the benefit of the "other side," and then effect a mock-out on the "pigs" by dressing up in their messianic symbol, he shouldn't expect that the other side will treat his broken foot on a satin pillow or to light his cigarette for him.

If you want to be a "long-haired," just accept yourself for the benefit of the fact that you're catching grief from the cops. It's just a part of the game -- no one takes more sluff from "hijinks" as cops, so no one is going to be more willing to dish it out than the cops.

And then there is the publicity caught in the middle whom Price chose to ignore completely, just as if they weren't human beings -- exactly as three our long-haired friends did.

The three uniformed riffs ripped off belonged not to three tin soldiers at Price imputes by mentioning mention of them, but to three guys who were relieved to be escaping the army hassle or, perhaps, who took pleasure in the fact that they could cool their heads when they wanted to, and who spend the better part of their time trying either to justify their continuance in the U.S.M.A program, or to figure out a way out of it.

Surely no one could be more three really quiet guys as they rode out to campus Saturday morning in their "civies." The bottom had fallen out of their weekend and their thoughts were glowing over the four months which lay ahead, four months during which they would daily receive some sort of punishment for having gone to the Notre Dame game without their dress glasses.

And then Price omitted the fact that the Army dropped the charges (felonious theft and breaking and entering) that discrimination also exists for women in various fields. Females predominate such fields as teaching, library management and secretarial and stenographic work.

One of the more astonishing things is that although men comprise approximately two-thirds of the nation's labor force, therefore excluding housewives, fully 70 percent of the nation's private wealth is controlled by women. If housewives were included in the total, one could hazard a guess that the percentage of female-controlled wealth would be higher.

The implications of this fact are enormous. If our society is motivated primarily by economics, then it is quite obvious that many of society's "presentills have been laid at the doorstep of the women in this nation, not the male chauvinists.

There is little doubt that discrimination against women exists in the field of job opportunities. However it can be pointed out that discrimination also exists for women in various fields.

The Soft Parade

"Women's Lib"

Glen Corso

Women's liberation burst upon the scene this summer in New York. It was highlighted by a party in Southampton where one sitting on a scale in an hour's time and a parade on Fifth Ave. on Aug. 26th, the 50th anniversary of women's winning the vote.

The women who acted as organizers and spokesmen for the effort were a curious mixture of pushy loudmouths and soft sophisticated beauties whom only remembering seeing in photographs of radical chic parties.

The militant females had of course, a long list of demands which they insisted be granted immediately, if not sooner. There were legitimate grievances; equal job opportunity, educational equality and equal wages. Naturally there were these demands which entailed someone, presumably the government, to give out.

Such items as free abortion on demand, universal free day care centers, test-tube births and freedom from pain for the female body -- except for the last which is most likely beyond the capability of the federal bureaucracy -- cost quite a bit of money.

The Women Libbers didn't make any suggestion as to where the money could be gotten. One supposes that if they really want these things they will be forced to accept the dollar taxes from male chauvinists, at least at first.

The basic tenant of the movement is that women constitute an "oppressed majority" in this country. A superficial examination of the facts tends to confirm this statement. Men do hold most of the top posts in government and industry and in many instances women are paid less than their male counterparts in similar jobs. A large percentage of the advertisements which bombard us daily contain very beautiful and very stupid feminine which extol the virtues of particular products.

A closer examination of the facts however, tends to cast doubt on the central touch which guides the movement.

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There is little doubt that discrimination against women exists in the field of job opportunities. However it can be pointed out that discrimination also exists for women in various fields. Females predominate such fields as teaching, library management and secretarial and stenographic work. Yet it is also true that men dig dirtier work in construction, mine coal, haul garbage, lift loads and tote bales. In short, they do all the menial, back-breaking and degrading jobs in our society.

The implications of this fact are perhaps, the greatest of all, since they mean the difference between life and death. It is commonly known that on the average women live longer than men. It can be reasonably assumed that the labor men perform during their lifetime contribute to their earlier death.

The predominant social mores are also affected by the movement. Such simple courtesies as rising one's feet, holding the door and lighting a cigarette may no longer be due a liberated female.

Etiquette aside, the question is do women want to give up their position in this country -- a position obviously more important and powerful than some make it out to be -- for the dubious distinction of equality with men? 
Theatre will open its season for months' old cocker spaniel that lives with me at finest character traits known to dogdom; but he has not yet learned forever after, he has kept an old Observer shot of Father Mac, aberrant behaviour of young Darby. Rather, it is how to establish representing his own kind of insouciance in the face of red tape. But seemed threatened from above; and for an anxious week, one gain tenure for his campus, community.

One does not want to be sentimental about a dog. One sometimes feels embarrassed under the tender feelings he has for a dog. The time and care I give Darby, I often think, could much more profitably be given to a homeless waif. Should I, then, give Darby, given to a homeless waif. Should I, then, give Darby, if I could learn to shift for himself, with only a red rubber boot as he could be satisfied with occasional baths cadged off students could imagine disapproving eves, watching our prancing life. I could not think of starting this article. By telling you who I am.

If you can not already tell, I am not a writer. I am a janitor.

I am a good janitor. The people over at the business office, they just have each other. Freddie and I are good friends. Larry and Andy on the football team. I scratch them. At night, when he has bad dreams, he knows he can plop by my arm and let my arm go down so far that I can pick my hand until his fears are quieted, his heart stops racing, and he can nap quite once again. It is not an elaborate arrangement? but his life is not threatened from above; and for an anxious week, one gain tenure for his campus, community.

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Darby is happy at home with Emma, but not when he is at work. He does his job, but he hates it. He hates sweeping the floors, wiping out the latrines, washing down the walls. Freddie hates everything about being a janitor.

I have tried to tell Freddie that he is in the wrong place. That he should come to work where I work, and like me, I do not go to college, I only work at the University. It makes the place a lot more pleasant for the kids. They are very important to me. It is for them that I work so hard.

A janitor helps people. He is devoted not to stone and cement, but to people. I get up every morning at 5, so I can be sure to get to school by 6.

The first thing I do when I get there is clean out all the rooms, before everyone gets up. When they do get up, all the rooms are sparkling. The kids don't have to worry about the mess, I take care of it for them.

I swear by the hallways, or until I used to --- until they put in the carpet. Now I use a vacuum and I clean out all the rooms, before everyone gets up. When they do get up, all the rooms are sparkling. The kids don't have to worry about the mess, I take care of it for them.

I am no ordinary janitor. I don't work in a mausoleum. I'm an old stonecutters' louse. You have to use a vacuum and a can of Mace, waiting to carry off my ruins. People like the stone and cement, but that wasn't enough.

I do not have the purpose that being a janitor has. I think this is what the kids in my dormitory are talking about when they talk about relevance. But I am not sure. I do not want to be a janitor. I want to be a mausoleum. I'm an old stonecutters' louse. You have to use a vacuum and a can of Mace, waiting to carry off my ruins. People like the stone and cement, but that wasn't enough.

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Co-ed consultants visit campus

by Fred Myers

Co-education may be in the future for the Notre Dame and St. Mary's communities if hired consultants indicate to the admissions that this change would be beneficial, according to seniors Julie Dwyer and Tim Connor. Consultants hired so far will do a study of a master plan of what co-education is and how it could be handled in Notre Dame and St. Mary's universities. It is too early to say whether such a plan could be put into effect. Consultants see the process as being a long, arduous one, but they feel that it is necessary for both schools to make the decision to go co-educational.

In a recent OBSERVER interview, Julie and Tim also pointed out that these consultants, Dr. Lewis Mayhew of Stanford University and Dr. Rosemary Park of U.C.L.A., are planning to be on each of the campuses next week to do some operations. Other subjects, such as the purpose of the research and development commission with regard to co-education, were also discussed in the course of the interview; the text is below.

OBSERVER: What is your committee trying to do with regard to co-education? Tim: What we basically have to do is to educate the Notre Dame student. With a full idea of what co-education means. A lot of people—administrators, students, faculty—consider co-education right now in a purely academic sense. It really is a lot more than that, because of social life, dorm life, services, dining halls, laundry, everything, has to be focused on the whole concept of co-education and brought into the whole perspective of co-education. It's not just academic; it's much broader. Academics is actually only one small part of it.

OBSERVER: If co-education were to go into effect, how would it work? Would ND and SMC go co-educationally separately, together, or what? Tim: Notre Dame and Park are consultants who have been engaged by both schools to do a study of a master plan of what procedure is going to be the best one for this particular Notre Dame-St. Mary's complex, and our programs probably going to be influenced by their report. Our procedure for co-education is definitely going to be influenced by what they recommend. It ranges from just separate entities, all the way into just one co-educational institution, with possibly St. Mary's as a college within the university. It's up to them to come up with the master plan.

OBSERVER: What does it appear the consultants are going to propose? Julie: I don't think at this point that we can say. They're coming in next week, and Timmy and I will be among the students that will be meeting with them...for discussion. They're taking in all the different aspects; they're talking to the students, the administration, the staff, the faculty, just every aspect of the two schools and discuss the concept of co-education, what it means, and which need to be developed. It's not just academic; it's much broader. Academics is actually only one small part of it.

OBSERVER: What is your combined commission attempting to do now, in the short run? Julie: What we'd like to try for is kind of an open exchange between the departments. For instance the Notre Dame English department has already acknowledged the fact that English courses at Saint Mary's as well as at Notre Dame can fulfill their (the students') eight basic requirements for English at Notre Dame. However, St. Mary's hasn't yet made the same agreement with their students as far as allowing Notre Dame courses to fulfill the major requirements at St. Mary's. And what we're hoping to do is to iron these problems out in all the departments that they are occurring in. Even the already merged departments such as Speech and Drama are having their pioneer problems, particularly with degrees, in the concept of a joint degree, which I would like to see in the near future.

OBSERVER: These plans are still all with regard to academic co-education; what about the other, social, areas of co-education, which Tim mentioned?

Tim: (There Are) several things that we're trying to do...the line of social areas...well, this commission already has done a lot of work with Mr. Price, (Mr. Edmund Price, head of the Food Service), in developing the Huddle and extending the hours and getting students in the first floor student union. And, like, right now, we have many more programs already planned with Mr. Price. There's a coffeehouse going to be set up downstairs in LaFortune which we hope to expand greatly and work out a similar arrangement with St. Mary's in some way...Another thing that has been talked about for a long time and which many proposals have been made for is a new activities center, somewhere between Notre Dame and St. Mary's, hopefully a joint center. The two schools, which would provide students from both schools an opportunity for informal gatherings. Going into the concept of co-education, the informal personal relationships are some of the greatest assets to the whole concept of a joint degree, and which need to be developed. And it's things like new activities centers, and coffeehouses, and just informal little places to get together that will hopefully accomplish that set-up. And it is in this line that we're trying to develop the social aspects of Notre Dame. There's a committee that's been formed (which is going to report to the board of trustees of Notre Dame). It's going to be a group of people from the faculty and students from both schools, which will really sit down and talk a serious look at the whole situation and hopefully come up with some concrete ideas to present...In the near future we're going to start setting up discussion groups within each of the halls on some informal basis where people can just come and talk about the program...a number of people from the faculty and students from both schools, which will really sit down and talk a serious look at the whole situation and hopefully come up with some concrete ideas to present...

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COLUMBIA, Mo. — Mike Farmer is an all-around, clear-thinking college athlete who knows exactly what the score is.

The 206-pound, 6-0 junior quarterback for the Missouri Tigers has.
Baltimore (UP) — Lee May saved the jitters Cincinnati Reds from the ignominy of being swept in four straight games by cracking a three run home run when he slammed Eddie Watt’s first pitch in the third game Thursday, much of the game — when May lost the fifth game and were eliminated. No team has ever come back from an 0-3 deficit to win the series.

The Reds looked like losers much of the game — making three errors but May’s homer and 3-2 innings of hitless relief ball by Clay Carroll, who shook his fists at the plate after striking out Don Buford to end the game, enabled the Reds from being eliminated.

A crowd of 53,000 came to see the Orioles sweep and they weren’t delighted for most of the game.

Brooks Robinson, who was 4 for 4, drove in two runs and scored two and May’s scene seemed to matter that he was thrown out at the plate by Pete Rose in the third inning because Jim Palmer allowed five hits over the first seven innings and seemed to have the game under control.

The Reds’ top two sluggers, Tony Perez and Johnny Bench, were leading off the eight but it didn’t seem to matter because both were 0 for 3 in the game and Perez was 1 for 13 and Bench 2 for 14 in the series.

Palmer walked Perez on a 3-2 pitch and Bench promptly singled him to third. Manager Earl Weaver, who’d made all the right moves in the series, decided to bring on Eddie Watt in relief for his first appearance of the series to face Perez. May has been the Reds’ best hitter in the series. He clouted Watt’s first pitch into the left field seats as the Oriole fans watched in disbelief and the small contingent of Reds’ fans cheered.

May, who also singled in a run for the Reds in the third, now has six hits and eight RBIs in the series after collecting 34 homers and 125 RBIs during the regular season.

Manager Sparky Anderson of the Reds said he’s decided not to bring his second game starter — Jim McGlothlin — back in the fifth game on Thursday. He says he’ll gamble with Jim Merritt, Matt Wilcox or Wayne Granger in that game.

Granger, the top relief man, didn’t start a game all year and Wilcox was bombed in the seventh and started only two games in September after being called up from the minors. Merritt is the team’s only 20 game winner but he’s been ailing and hasn’t pitched in the series.

Baltimore will counter with Mike Cuellar, who was shelled in the second game, or its starter.

The Reds ‘May’ still win World Series

(Continued from page 2)
ing hiring students as guard patrol- ers to help protect the campus. Two graduate students are presently employed as inves- tigators for the Department, and many undergraduates patrol the parking lots.

Fr. Riehle announced that as of tonight, Alumni Hall will be locked at night and a guard will be stationed at the main entrance and that the students who were involved in the Grimmer incident wanted stronger action and wanted to form their own security squad.

Dove needs help

Congressman Allard Lowen­ stein (Dem.-N.Y.), leading House dove and 1970 Notre Dame Senior Class Fellow, needs student help to win reelection in a reapportioned congressional district, according to organizers of a Notre Dame group of supporters. Elected through the aid of Notre Dame students in 1968, Lowenstein is reported to be over 20,000 votes behind according to just voting trends in his new district.

There will be an organi- zational meeting for students wanting to help Lowenstein in the campaign tonight at 7:30 in Rm. 127 Nieuwland Science Hall to discuss transportation and housing. Anyone interested in helping should be at the meeting or should call one of the following organizers: Lance Corey, 234-9632; Ed Davey, 6849; or Denis Duggan, 6205.

Cites verbal abuse as major problem

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