Daron values, complex change does have to go slowly. If we were going to suggest some major redefinition of both institutions, we were talking of a 3 to 5 year period in which important changes could be taken. While some changes could conceivably take place in a calendar year, major changes have to take place over the longer period.”

Yesterday, Dr. Mayhew held discussions with persons at Notre Dame involved in the co-ed situation. He had dinner at the South Dining Hall with about six student government leaders and discussed the situation with a “self-selected” group of “interested” students.

Dr. Parks entered her activities at SMC. She too had dinner with students and took part in discussions after dinner in a LaMans lounge.

Both Dr. Mayhew and Dr. Parks said that a primary area of interest was an investigation into whether the University was meeting the demands made on it to change. They also added that they would like to see a relaxation among usual students.

The relaxation among usual students united in homage to de Gaulle marked both the simple funeral service and burial in de Gaulle’s native Colombey Les Deux Eglises 120 miles east of Paris and the memorial mass sung in Notre Dame by Cardinal Francois Marty archbishop of Paris.

Patriotically marked the funeral in Colombey where thousands gathered to watch from a distance the services that de Gaulle said must be reserved for family, friends and the average Frenchman.

De Gaulle’s nephew the Rev. Francois de Gaulle celebrated Requiem Mass in the village’s Notre Dame Church. Twelve young men from the village bore de Gaulle’s plain oak coffin and he was buried without eulogy in the Colombey graveyard next to the grave of his daughter Anne who died at the age of 20.

The contrast between the guillotine of the Paris services and the plain oak coffin of the Colombey funeral and burial was characteristic of de Gaulle himself who died a heart attack at the age of 79.

From all points of view it was a gathering of aliens and adversaries brought together for at least the moment in the “detente et entente” relaxation and understanding that de Gaulle had sought in life.

Four rows behind Nixon stood St. Hardy chief of the North Vietnamese delegation at the Vietnam Peace Talks and nearby was Gen. Huang Chen the Communist Chinese representative at the service. President Zalmah Shaiz of Israel was there as was Prime Minister M.Mathum Fawzi of Egypt.

Parishioners joined in mourning with a night parade on the capital’s broad Champs Elysees. This unusual ceremony distancing in the rain and flowers to lay at the Arc de Triomphe where de Gaulle himself triumphantly stood after the liberation of Paris from the Nazis 25 years ago.

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The contrast between the guillotine of the Paris services and the plain oak coffin of the Colombey funeral and burial was characteristic of de Gaulle himself who died a heart attack at the age of 79.

He resigned as president last year and retired to the rustic life of Colombey after French voters rejected a referendum he sponsored that would have decentralized the government and trimmed the power of the Senate.

But he had created modern France and its Fifth Republic, leading the government in exile during World War II and subsequently serving the country as premier and president.

Nixon was but one of the world’s figures at the memorial services in Paris standing among two emperors, two other mon­archs, 20 other presidents and 10 premiers. In all there were 2,200 invited dignitaries and 3,000 of the French public in Notre Dame Cathedral. Thou­ sands of others gathered outside Notre Dame and at least 250,000 more listened on loud speakers and millions more observed the services via television in 25 nations.

Our assembly which united millions of men in France and in the world proves the path led by him who has just been called unexpectedly to his eternity” said Cardinal Marty. It was the only eulogy in line with de Gaulle’s last will that there be no ceremony.

Responding to a government invitation to lay flowers at the Arc of Triomphe where de Gaulle stood in triumph he said the assembly which united millions of Frenchmen greeted a rain storm Thurs­ day night and marched 50 a­ braud in silence up the Champs Elysees Boulevard.

**REMINDER**

**All Notre Dame and SMC students MUST**

Meet their children for the**

Georgia Tech game at**

Stevens Center**

9:45 Saturday morning.
The campus scene today

**HUMANISTIC STUDIES**

The Humanistic Studies department is holding a coffee hour for all students interested in majoring in the program. It will be at 7:00 p.m., November 16 in Regina North Lounge.

Dr. Bruno Schlesinger, chairperson and founder of the department, will outline the courses and its objectives. Junior and senior majors will be present also to answer questions. Refreshments will be served.

The Humanistic Studies department began in 1956 under the title of Christianity and Culture. Its aim is to give the student a broad background in the cultural history and literature, art and music of the western world.

**HALL LIFE BOARD**

The appointment of a nine-man Hall Life Board at the University of Notre Dame was announced today by the Rev. Thomas E. Blantz, C.S.C., vice president for student affairs.

The board, authorized by the board of trustees at an earlier meeting this year, is responsible for approving hall constitutions, assisting individual halls in implementing these constitutions, and certifying that each hall has a functioning hall government and hall judicial board, and, in a general capacity, assisting the Student Life Council "in providing for the good order, spirit, and morale of the residence halls."

**FROSH ELECTIONS**

The freshman class will hold elections for its officers Wednesday, November 18. Petitions for office will be distributed from the Student Government Office today until 7:30 P.M. and must be turned in on Sunday by 12 noon. Campaigning will begin Sunday and will end 2 A.M. Wednesday mornings.

Theology dept. to begin Death Week on Monday

Death Week, a series of events and lectures on death, will be held on both campuses of Notre Dame and St. Mary's from November 16-19. This week has been organized by students of the Theology of Death course, conducted by Mr. Ted Hengesbach. The purpose of the week is to provide an opportunity for the campus "to confront the problem and mystery of death."

The week will open on Monday, November 16 at 8:00 p.m. at the SMC Coffee House. This will be "Dramatic Readings on Death," which will include selections from various authors, including major excerpts from Heschel's "The Just Assasin," a work concerned with revolution and death.

On Tuesday evening, November 17, Dr. Eugene Leahl of the N.D. Music Department will give a two-hour program on "Music and Death." His selection will range from the Medieval period to the contemporary scene. Dr. Leahl will present a summary of each musical piece and its composer. The event will be at the Coffee House of SMC at 7:30 p.m.

Dr. Elizabeth Kubler-Ross, a Chicago psychologist and author, will deliver a lecture, "On Death and Dying." This will be given Wednesday, November 18, at 8:00 p.m. in the Memorial Library Auditorium.

The students who have organized Death Week will present two events on November 19. At 4:00 p.m. in the Library Auditorium, Rev. Kenneth Grabner, C.S.C. will give a lecture, "Death and Eastern Thought." Father Grabner will pursue this subject through an examination of the "Thesauri of the Dead."

The final event will be at 8:00 p.m. in the Architecture Auditorium. "Death, War and the Chaplain" will be the subject of a lecture delivered by Edmund Murray, C.S.C. Father Murray has himself been a service chaplain and will speak from his experiences and from a survey he has conducted on military veterans.

Parents' Weekend big success

Terming the Sophomore Parents' Weekend a "big success," Gary Caruso, executive coordinator of the sophomore class said yesterday that "Father Hesburgh's speech to the parents was a real success," and "parents were really happy at the way it really made the weekend."

About 1600 parents and friends attended the sophomore weekend, which included seating for the Pittsburgh game, a catered dinner, and the Sergio Mendez concert.

Caruso explained that the idea of a weekend for the sophomore parents was originally that of Fr. Charles McCaffrey. The sophomore officers began working in March, distributing letters and向外 extending invitations throughout the month of June. Personally I spent about 1000 hours working on the weekend right up to the final days," said Caruso. "I just like to keep the parents and friends involved and tell the parents and say that I hope it sets a precedent."
Sophomore cars unlikely this year

By Kevin McGill

Although student hackers are still hopeful, administration officials doubt the parking privileges could be restored this year. Seniors who bring cars the second semester. Caruso estimated that between one and two hundred sophomores who register cars next semester if they were permitted, and between four and five hundred would register next fall.

To facilitate the parking problem, Caruso presented a two part proposal to the Student Life Council last Monday. He called for reorganization of present lots to make optimum use of all available area, temporary enlargement of several existing lots, and, as a long range goal, construction of "underground parking lots...under each of Notre Dame's future buildings such as the law and engineering building."

At present, there are approximately one thousand parking spaces south of the ACC. Caruso hopes that this space can be used for off-campus parking. The lots would be empty by evening when they would be required for ACC events. The present off-campus lots could then be used by sophomores. Mr. Pears pointed out that some 25 to 150 cars can be now found every night, cars of students using the library or some other facility. These same cars would take up valuable ACC parking spaces. Caruso feels that if they would be allowed in the evening to move to the area near the Stadium Center, which would be vacant for the night, the problem would be solved. Both Fr. Riehle and Mr. Pears mentioned an incident last Saturday in which thirty-two students who had promised faithfully, failed to remove their cars from the stadium lot before the basketball game. They contend that there will always be students who will refuse to vacate the lots, too many to be towed away. Caruso wonders if thirty-two less parking spaces will really hurt the ACC and suggests that the arrangement be at least trued on an experimental basis.

"The fact is, that the lots by the stadium were saved specifically for the ACC and the stadium to facilitate people coming to activities there," said Fr. Riehle. "In this sense they were actually paid for by the people of South Bend and by alumni. If it had been known that the lots were to be used for student parking...they would not have been built."

Caruso also proposed that the C2 lot, the dirt lot north of the aero-space building, could be expanded cheaply on its northern half without hitting the baseball field. He also thinks the D1 lot opposite the library could be relatively simply expanded by two rows, creating more than two hundred spaces. Altogether nine suggestions were made in the Campus Plan for rearranging or creating new facilities.

Observer Insight

not have cars. He feels that students should work hard in college for at least two years without the temptation of a car. Fr. Riehle, however, sees incompatibility between students and car privileges is the lack of parking spaces would be empty by evening when they coming to activities. The car privileges are now working on a student group in London, a series of meetings and discussion seminars with college faculty members and study tour to England. The "lively" tour, which will leave New York on December 27th and return to New York on January 18th, is being personally directed by Dr. Anthony Black, a member of the history department of St. Mary's. Dr. Black has arranged, along with the sight-seeing activities, a series of meetings and discussion seminars with college faculty members and student groups in London, Oxford, Edinburgh and Dublin. Among the places the group will visit are: London, Salisbury, Stratford-on-Avon, York, Edinburgh, Dublin, Killamey and London.

At the meeting on Wednesday, interested students will be able to speak to Dr. Black and also to the travel representative involved in planning the tour. The meeting will be held in room 105 Medrano at 7:00 P.M.

ND-SMC Academic Comm. to cooperate

A growing number of St. Mary's girls are now working on the lecture series at Notre Dame sponsored by the SUAC Academic Commission. Such an arrangement "sets the groundwork for move cooperation between Notre Dame and St. Mary's," according to Miss Underman, the co-commissioner of the merged Notre Dame-St. Mary's Academic Commission with that of Notre Dame. St. Mary's Academic Commission cooperates with that of Notre Dame due to the small budget allotted it. Such a joint effort is beneficial to both schools because more can be accomplished by the pooling of effort and resources, and the interests of both are reflected and realized more easily.

Miss Underman is presently in charge of several conferences of the ND-SMC Academic Commission, which are divided into a number of smaller committees such as the distinguished lecture, drug conference, and women speakers' committees, to name a few. She directly heads the women's lecture series, the urban studies lecture series, the environmental lecture series, and the poetry series. Previously there had been some difficulty with girls holding a position on the Academic Commission because it was almost entirely controlled by Notre Dame.

Bayanihan Philippine Dance Company

Wednesday - November 18 - O'Laughlin - 8 PM - SMSC tickets are included in activities fee. All others must pay - $2 students, $3.50 adults. Office 239 Moreau Hall, 842-4176.

US: Taiwan to stay in UN

UNITED NATIONS (AP) - The United States appeared to move closer yesterday to a "two China" plan which would accept Communist China into the United Nations while retaining a seat for the Chinese nationalists. Diplomatic observers regarded as a step in that direction which Ambassador Christopher H. Phillips, deputy chief of the U.S. delegation told the General Assembly:

"Whatever views members may hold on the question of Peking's participation, we do not insist that the member states refer the question to the United Nations..."

Mr. Phillips said the delegate to China will be watching the developments in the Nationalist government of the island of Taiwan. He said that the "United Nations is as interested as we are in the question of the future of China."

"We are trying to get away from the SUAC (Student Union Academic Commission) which the title "Student Union" seems to exclude St. Mary's."

Miss Underman also heads the St. Mary's Academic Commission, which sponsors such activities as St. Mary's environmental lecture series, the poetry series, the distinguished lecture series, drug conference, and women speakers' committees, to name a few. She directly heads the women's lecture series, the urban studies lecture series, the environmental lecture series, and the poetry series. Previously there had been some difficulty with girls holding a position on the Academic Commission because it was almost entirely controlled by Notre Dame.

Bayanihan Philippine Dance Company

Saturday, Nov. 21 in the acc 8:30 pm tickets $5, $4, $2 sale at student union ticket office and dining halls presented by student union social commission & acc
DETROIT (UPI) - The United Auto Workers' General Motors Council recommended yesterday that the 375,000 union members strike for 59 days accept the tentative national contract with GM although UAW President Leonard Woodcock said he was not satisfied with the accord.

The council's decision came on a show of hands vote and about four fifths of the 350 council members were in favor of recommending acceptance.

Workers traditionally follow the council's recommendation. If they ratify the pact, the strike will continue for 59 days accept the GM although of recommending acceptance.

council members were in favor not satisfied with the accord.

The tentative agreement was reached after a 24 hour bargaining session Wednesday. A UAW spokesman said ratification voting was expected to begin today and probably would continue for four days. He said union negotiators probably would present the pact to Ford Motor Co. and Chrysler Corp. Without waiting for the results of the voting, the company

GM agreed to lift the limit on the cost of living allowance which protects the workers from inflation and give $500 per month pensions after 30 years service. The full pension would be paid to workers retiring in 56 in the first year of the contract 57 in the second year and 56 in the third.

Two additional holidays also were negotiated including one which would give the workers an unbroken Christmas New Year's vacation. However negotiators have not yet decided whether that vacation would go into ef

f this year.

The settlement also provides that GM will pay all health insurance premiums regardless of increase in cost. In return the UAW dropped its demand for company paid dental care.

The conflict between love of nature and the need for political commitment is a constant concern in the life of Bertold Brecht according to Dr. Erich Heller who gave a speech in St. Mary's Little Theater last night. He summarized his speech about "Brecht".

Brecht making his audience to "Think of him (Brecht) with forbearance, as one who, in a time of darkness, manged to be a good poet."

Heller started his speech admitting that by giving this talk he was breaking a private vow he had made to himself never to talk about "Brecht." Heller helped, since his audience to "Think of him (Brecht) with forbearance, as one who, in a time of darkness, manged to be a good poet."

an evaluation of the Student Government was prepared by the Cabinet and presented to Krashna. He said, "The big thing they said was that we haven't been to the Assembly. They're not sure we do not plan to do it, although it is hard with all the other issues we're dealing with.

In other developments, the Student Government is planning to sponsor two "big events" next semester according to Krashna. There will be a General Assembly of Students the early part of second semester, "opportune time."

The new concept in ring design... diamonds perfectly cut and state police to campus, along with the ND security force. One of the main reasons conference is being sponsored by the Resident Assistant in the Assembly, although the SBP will chair it. "If it, the students will offer police, they will be as informal as possible, but with the necessary controls. Each hall will partici

"Students look down on police, they feel that because of this, "we need some understanding between the students and police." The conference will be struc

ured along the lines of a workshop, with students getting a chance to meet police officers and officials. Krashna said, "Students lock down on police, and police look down on stu

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Budweiser is the King of Beers.

(Bud you know that.)

Budweiser was once a branch of the U.S. Army. In 1920, the government had a contract with Anheuser-Busch to produce beer for the Army. Then, in 1922, the company began production for civilian consumption.

The Budweiser name was chosen because it was similar to the word "Bud." This similarity made it easy for people to remember and recognize the product.

Budweiser is made with a unique mix of ingredients, including water from the Mississippi River, a proprietary yeast strain called "Budvar," and hops from the Pacific Northwest and California.

The beer is then aged in wooden casks for an average of 14 days, allowing it to develop its distinctive flavor and aroma.

Budweiser has been a fixture on American bars and restaurants for over 140 years, and is still a popular choice among beer enthusiasts today.
Student cooperation great;
Local kids to attend game

On Saturday almost 700 South students and area children will see their first college football game, since Notre Dame takes on Georgia Tech. This project, organized by chairman Eric Andrus, Jack Candon, and Diane Shahade, was finalized last night as the chairman met with the monitors who will watch the children during the day.

The children will all meet at their schools, and be driven by Notre Dame students to Stepan Center. Here they will be met by their monitors, the driving is being done by 53 cars and a bus donated by therowing club.

The children will then be taken on a 2 hour tour of campus. About 12:30 they will all be brought to the Stadium.

Each monitor has at the most two children. Most of the monitors are tutors and they will be with the kids that they teach. The kids will have the tickets donated by the Notre Dame students.

Shahade asked that "the student body be patient and cooperate at the game if they are asked to move a few seats so that the children can sit with their monitors."

The monitors will remain in their assigned seats and the children will move up with them. Andrus emphasized his plea for cooperation and patience because he admitted "this is essential for this project to work."

After the game, the children and the monitors will return to Stepan Center. They will then be driven home.

Bye, bye draft

LOS ANGELES (UPI) The draft is so unpopular it is living on borrowed time according to the director of the selective service system.

Curtis W. Tarr said Congress might soon eliminate the President's power to draft.

"The Selective Service is living on borrowed time," Tarr said. "We hope we can make it more tolerable but there is a calculated risk we may never be able to change it enough to make it tolerable."

Tarr said the best compromise would be to replace the draft with a national lottery but keep the draft in reserve for wartime.

Placement Bureau

FOR SENIORS AND GRADUATE STUDENTS WHO WILL RECEIVE DEGREES IN JANUARY, MAY, OR AUGUST OF 1971, YOU MUST BE REGISTERED WITH THE PLACEMENT BUREAU BEFORE THE FIRST WEEK OF THE SPRING TERM.

Register up the week of November 16 for interviews held the following week. TUESDAY's INTERVIEWS WILL BE AVAILABLE FROM 8:00 A.M. MONDAY NOVEMBER 26TH.

MARCH 16, IN ROOM 207, MAIN BUILDING, THE SIGNUP SHEETS ARE ON THE UPPER AND EMPLOYMENT LITERATURE IS ON THE LOWER SHELVES. FEE, TO TAKE A COPY OF EMPLOYER'S RESTORATION TO READ AND STUDY, IS $1.00. "CITY INTERVIEWS" BOOKLETS FOR STUDENTS WISHING TO GO OUTSIDE THE UNIVER­SITY CAN BE OBTAINED AT THE PLACEMENT BUREAU PROCESSIONAL DEPARTMENT. A STUDENT SHOULD PREPARE FOR THE INTERVIEWS.

(Notation November 30 - December 3 Inclusive)

Lightening is Coming

---the only drama-dance group who played at Woodstock---

modeled after Hair, the Committee and Second City Players

Presented by the Cultural Arts Commission

Contemporary Arts Festival

FRIDAY & SATURDAY: FRL + SAT

Nov. 29-21

EYES: 8:30 SAT., 2:30

Premier Edition of "The Tin Musical"

ONE OF THE GAYEST AND WISEST ENTERTAINMENTS

---Emo Lewis, Cue Magazine

TICKETS ON SALE AT ALL SEATS RESERVE

At Student Union

Ticket Office 4-6 PM

3rd Floor LaFortune

Prices: Matinee $4.50, $3.50, $2.50, $1.50

Eves: $5.50, $4.50, $3.50

Victory celebration

NO OVER GEORGIA YET

FREE REFRESHMENTS

Stanford Hall: Ruthskeller

Sat., Nov. 14 8:00 P.M.

Admission: $1.50

With Max Shulman

(by the author of Rally Round the Flag, Bous Notables...)

Prezy's Complaint

Do you know why you haven't seen the president of your college lately? Here's why: he quit.

You don't believe me, I say. You sneer and make coarse gestures.

But it's true all the same. Not one college president in the entire United States came back from the last conference chickened out, every last one.

I'm free now: they're just taking a year off to study karate.

But most aren't coming back ever. And can you blame them? What kind of work is this for a dignified, elderly person—swooning under his desk all day long, wearing bullet-proof underwear, hiring food tasters, getting into fistfights with sophomore girls?

It's hard to realize that only three or four years ago a college president was a figure of respect and regard—yes, reverence! I'll admit of course that undergraduates were much more tractable in those days because, as you will no doubt recall, sex and drugs had not yet been introduced from Europe.

But even so, they were lively rascals, yesterday's undergraduate, scampering all over campus on their little fat legs, cheating and hollering, identifying conjugas, verbs. But no matter how en­gressed they were in their games and sports, whenever Prezy hap­pened by, they would instantly run over to kiss his vest and sing 24 choruses of the Alma Mater. Ah, it was a lovely and gracious time, now gone, alas, forever.

Incidentally, you'll notice that I used the word "Prezy." That of course is what college presidents are always called, as I'm sure you know. But did you know that trustees are always called "Trisites." Similarly, deans are always called "Dixie" except of course in the South where they are always called "Dixie." Associate professors of course are called "Axy-Poxe." Hockey coaches of course are called "Hootch-Coootch." And Miller High Life is called "The Champagne of Beers." I mention.

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And Miller High Life is called "The Champagne of Beers." I mention.

Well sir, a lot of schools lately have been hiring robots. Don't let poppy know. Poppy is a very relaxed kind of employer. They let me write whatever I want to. There's no censor­ship, no pressure, and no taboos. In fact, I don't even have to mention Miller High Life unless I feel like it. Naturally, the brewers are a little apprehensive. They don't mention it, but they never complain. They just smile bravely and stop my check.

But so much for that. I'm sure you are interested in the real story. And the real story is really interesting.

Yes, it's true. We, the brewers of Miller High Life Beer, are really letting Max Shulman write whatever he wants in this column. That is what you call being in the lap of luxury.
Deal for the Students

The Senate, as it painlessly agonizes over the budget, needs a most immediate reminder of where its priorities are, and where they should be. They are with the halls.

Sixty-three percent of the students asserted that last March, and the assertion remains undiminished.

Less justified are the increases in the Afro-American and Mexican-American budgets. The rationales offered justify the allocation to the Afro-American society above and beyond their requests.

Neither a budget one hundred and fifty dollars over the request, as the senate passed, nor the hundred dollars over the Power budget request, as Mr. Krashna insisted upon, qualifies as either rational, fair, or objective.

Equally poor was the Senate’s allocation of fifteen hundred dollars to the Mexican-American Society. Mr. Corrory asserted that the society had submitted a “really good program” and in the same breath, that they had “totally underestimated their costs.” At the risk of sounding obvious, we suggest that organizations incapable of doing minimal work such as estimating their costs and developing their budgets would be hardly able to “run really good programs.”

If any organization truly desired the further budgeting the Senate gave to each of them, that desire would have appeared in print. The two organization’s absences spoke eloquently for them.

Student Government is, at the moment, twenty four thousand dollars in debt to the University. The debt could undercut at any moment Student Government’s dealings with the University. This year, the Senate has three options open to it. The first is to continue practices of making dramatic gestures to the detriment of the student body. The second is to overspend the budget and perpetuate the debt. The third is to assume a bold new priority, as the Student Body asserted that priority last March.

We advise them to adopt the last choice.

Letter

Editor: Mr. Corso’s comments on the intellectual shortcomings of our President Pursley in the area of modern Catholic theology are very interesting. I have always claimed that the President of Notre Dame is a man of his own caliber.

But I feel that his statement, from my limited knowledge of modern Catholic theology, is inaccurate. Fr. Charles Sheedy gave an interesting explanation of the systematics of Catholic thought at the recent Forum on Abortion. In his words, while most Protestant theologians are existential, search oriented, the Catholic theology is essential, or absolutist, in its grasp of truth.

While both Protestantst and Catho­lics accept the reality of a higher moral order, the existen­tial nature of Protestant theology allows for relativism and subjectivity in their individual search for Truth. On the other hand, while Catholics are for the most part also seeking the Truth, the Catholic doctrine is that they are in possession of the Truth, the higher moral order. Therefore, any issue concerning which the Pope speaks ex cathedra. To my knowledge, the doctrine of ex cathedra has not been abandoned by Rome in the great sweep of modern theology. It is still held that the Holy Spirit speaks through the Vicar of Christ on earth, the Pope, whenever he presents an article of faith or gives deeper and/or new interpretations to old articles of faith. This certainly smacks of absolutism.

Christian doctrine has always held the great evil of the willful taking of the life of another. From the time of Augustine onward, the Church has always held that the soul is infused by God at the moment of conception, the formation of the zygote. Therefore, from the mo­ment of conception onward, the mother is carrying within her a human being. “And certainly from no later that 150 A.D., abortion has been specifically condemned in Christian catechism.” This leaves the Church no other choice but to vigorously condemn abortion as murder. And in the eyes of the Church, at least in the eyes of Bishop Pursley and Our Sunday Visitor, The Observer has, by its running of the ad, given support to legalized, state-supported murder. I ask Mr. Corso to put himself in the position of the pope for a minute, given these facts, and to honestly ask himself whether or not he, too, would be filled with wrath and disgust.

Sincerely,

David Tokars
122 Holy Cross

---

With the annual budget fiasco almost at an end it has become painfully obvious that the Krashna administration has chosen to ignore its main campaign promise. During last year’s SBP race the victorious candidates promised a greatly increased emphasis on hall life. This has not been done. Instead we have witnessed the same old attitudes on the part of the so-called student leaders who sit in LaFortune. The government is still highly centralized and the union has gone its merry way absorbing more and more activities and organizations.

There is great potential in the halls. While no hall or halls could have concerts and the like there are many fine activities they could do which serve to bring people closer together. President Krashna claimed that his administration would direct attention to the halls, yet he made no protest when the Senate tossed the HPC’s fiscal bone in the form of $3000.

It seems student government has failed to realize that the huge majority who voted for Krashna indicated their desire to see a viable hall oriented policy.

Even if the new constitution is eventually implemented it will probably be far too late to do any good. The HPC will be stuck with a budget drawn up by a lame-duck legislature and a compliant student government.

The present administration obviously has no desire to decentralize its powers, activities or money. The Senate, while probably not very happy with the budget is unable to act, as it has been for the past three years. The only body which can act is the Hall President’s Council.

Opponents of the new constitution have cited a reluctance on the part of the HPC to assume the Senate’s duties, as proof that the Senate should be retained. The HPC itself has lent credence to these claims by vacillating in their attitudes towards the constitution. In fact a good number have flatly declared their unwillingness to assume any responsibilities.

The HPC, with firm decisive action can dispel these doubts. They must petition the Senate to raise the activity fee back to $16 with all monies realized to be given back to the halls. A committee composed of Hall Presidents and Senators could then decide who to give the money to.

Until and unless the HPC decides to act, student government, student union and the Senate will continue to follow the same old course of virtually ignoring the halls and allowing influence and power to gather in a centralized administration.

None of these bodies are going to change voluntarily, because no matter how many campaign promises are made each year there are many people who have been solidly entranced and have no intention of sacrificing any of their petty influence in a move to decentralize the government. Their main inclination is to increase their influence as much as possible.

Student government and student union have become the “establishment” with no intention of changing their policies despite any politician’s promises. Until and unless they are forced to do so by the HPC the halls will remain at the mercy of their bureaucratic whims.
The military-industrial complex (I believe the Pentagon prefers "business") will divide the country into two entities: "we" and "the MIC" in order to cut it down to manageable size, at the same time as the unprecedented expansion of the nineteenth century and the limited imperialist achievements of the first part of this century has widened, as a result of the unparalleled victory in World War II, to global dimensions, demanding for the first time in American history a large military establishment in peace and war." The domestic backlash of this policy has been to weld together those elitist elements at home which favor the mutual security of empire and industrial complex (I believe the Pentagon prefers "business") and which have a stake in militarism - the armed forces, a group of legislators, industrial-military establishment officials, the labor movement, an important segment of academia. (p.99). But what is truly new about this military-industrial complex is that the whole disturbing story is drawn almost exclusively from the sort of thing that we've all been reading in the last few years. While most of us have been chosen to ignore it, the powers that protect American imperialism abroad and domestic radicalism and left-liberals fundamentally to reorder the society's priorities seem terribly pathetic - like attacking a flight of armed military police with a couple of Platonic ideas. They are, in effect, Gnostics: there is a "secret knowledge" of human reality to which history is the key. Now, as you might imagine, it has become fashionable to hold this knowledge with an open garden. I am happy; you know they've seen it all before.

For this reason it is particularly disturbing for someone like me who is enmeshed in the historical toils to read Lens's "The Military-Industrial Complex." For what Lens has done in this simple and straightforward book is to show that something truly new has emerged in Cold-War America. The book has prompted some dark meditations about which I would be happy to be proved wrong. In any case, read the book, clearly the best short account of its subject.

Lens argues that the military-industrial complex is not a new made-up word, but an outgrowth of a new postwar concept of national purpose. Several skits or "pieces" went by uninterrupted by any audience reaction. But the crowd was just getting the feeling of the group. Toward the end, skits occasionally were interrupted by applause, and frequent whistling, stamping and cheering heralded the final point of a skit. Some of the skits were prophetic, some profound, and some just fun. Two skits, back to back, sold, in 10 minutes, the entire history of aggressive capitalism.

It would be sacreligious to call one scene where two members of the cast appeared in a mock of "tasteful nudity." There's no way to change the minds of those in the audience who see public display of the human body as obscene. The "revived society" of how skewered society - a world of cutthroat capitalism - an immovable and fluidly- together-city. The applause was slow in coming first. Several skits or "pieces" went by uninterrupted by any audience reaction. But the crowd was just getting the feeling of the group. Toward the end, skits occasionally were interrupted by applause, and frequent whistling, stamping and cheering heralded the final point of a skit. Some of the skits were prophetic, some profound, and some just fun. Two skits, back to back, sold, in 10 minutes, the entire history of aggressive capitalism.

Observer, something lacking

When it was over, and the cast had pranced up the aisles to the rear door of the auditorium, more than half the audience was on its feet. It took the cast longer to get back to the stage from the door that then that trip had taken in reverse, for members of the audience had stepped out into the aisles and were shaking hands with the cast, hugging them and snapping their backs.

The first studio production of the season took place on Columbus Day, sponsored by the American Circle. Now I'm quite sure that the whole disturbing story is drawn almost exclusively from the sort of thing that we've all been reading in the last few years. While most of us have been chosen to ignore it, the powers that protect American imperialism abroad and domestic radicalism and left-liberals fundamentally to reorder the society's priorities seem terribly pathetic - like attacking a flight of armed military police with a couple of Platonic ideas. They are, in effect, Gnostics: there is a "secret knowledge" of human reality to which history is the key. Now, as you might imagine, it has become fashionable to hold this knowledge with an open garden. I am happy; you know they've seen it all before.

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Monday Night: Earth Light Theatre

Earth Light Theatre troupe will perform Tuesday night at 8:00 in Stepens Center, courtesy of CAF. A donation of $1.50, and $3.00 on Fridays, following the preceding review, which appeared in the Northwestern campus paper, it sounds best parts of the curtain. Nearly 1,000 people were baptized Tuesday night at Cohn Auditorium, and the medium was neither fire nor water. It was Earthlight.

Earthlight is a year-old Los Angeles based theatre troupe, and the only theater group signed to perform at last winter's Woodstock festival.

That was impressive enough, but their Sunday trip, the kick-off to Symposium's week-long "Projections '70" program, should, if there were any book reviews in the audience, make them a much desired cast on college campuses.

The first studio production of the season will be presented in the Little Theatre of Moreau Hall, Saint Mary's College, on November 13, 14, 15 (Friday and Tuesday at 7:30 p.m., Sunday at 7:30 p.m.) It will be a Chamber Theatre presentation of some works by James Thurber entitled Thurber ala corte. Tickets may be obtained by calling the Programming Office at Saint Mary's, telephone 283-4176. We hope you will join us for this theatrical experiment.
Dear Editor:

Something has been bothering me about the Observer since I saw my first issue this year, and that is the cartoons printed on your editorial page. I do not know who is your resident artist, but on the whole, I find the cartoons a poor excuse for the role they are supposed to play in expressing editorial opinion. They are generally vague, irrelevant, inconclusive, and for the most part, rather stupid. They seem to try to convey some measure of humor, but even in this, they are usually unsuccess-

Perhaps in his next column, Chris might propose that we use the many people who die daily from going to quacks for aborti-

on, or who die from malnourri-

tion or other "natural" causes, that we use the 100,000 deaths of overpopulation, un-

wanted pregnancies, food short-

age, etc.

Or be better, perhaps he may de-

cide to attempt to come to grips with an issue, rather than set up dummy issues with which anyone can deal. Answers of the kind Chris has are a dime a dozen. What the reader needs is some intelligent, thoughtful at-
tempts to solve its problems.

Warren G. Secada

John Fonda

Editor:

In typically simplistic manner, Chris Wolfe has once more un-

deraken to solve a problem and thereby miss the whole point -

this is abortion. Obviously, abortion is not the panacea to the il-

ls of the world. But, what any serious person must come to grips with is: "how does this fit into the overall scheme of the ultimate solutions to this prob-

lem?" We must take each aspect of the total picture, examine it, judge it - not only in itself, but in its relation to the overall picture. We must decide if the new problems arising from the solution are worse than those which the solution tries to solve. If we were to reject something because it does not cure the world's ills, we would no longer have, among other dictum to which Mr. Wolfe is attached, the U.S.A. nor Mother Church. But some good did spring from it, I now better understand why people like Ti Grace Atkinson believe they are the way they are.

This role has not been assumed by any other organization, al-

though it is a necessary function. We are not asking for sym-

pathy or pity, just the right and resources to do for ourselves what no one else will do. It has been said that the fu-

ture of our country is in the hands of the young. You are part of this generation and if you are a sample of the politi-

cian of the future, I prefer to remain in the present. You have demonstrated the lack of reason and understanding that now plagues this country.

I hope and pray that the statement that you represent the views of the student body is incorrect. For if it is not then the N.D. community is in for a period of depression. Because it has elected "leaders" who will perpetuate the oppression and lack of understanding that has too long been evident in this society.

If the "Student government" can't do the black students of N.D. any service then I propose that they return the S.G. fee that was imposed upon the Black students: so that it can be given to an organization that will benefit us all.

Frank Douglas Jr.

Abortion

Editor:

Although I would not usually assist in prolonging such a sordid controversy as that concerning abortion which is currently so much a feature of your pages, my distaste for the hypocrisy and shallowness of the apologists for liberal abortion laws will not allow me to remain silent. Indeed, the most common speak-

er or at least according to The Observer report of the matter) actually had the gall to mask his request for revision of the abortion laws under the guise of balancing the right to be born against the right to be aborted. "Reconversion" and materially secure; an idea that has never been out of bed and raised under what, to say the least, were not the most favorable circumstances, I still thank God that neither that speaker nor our supposed "leaders" were in a position to de-

cide whether or not I would have the right to be born. I likewise am thankful that at the time of my coming to Notre Dame there was a Catholic clergy with firm prin-

ciples.

Joseph Abell

Dear Chris Wolfe

In Wednesday's issues prompted me to write this letter to the Observer. Why

have we not heard of the people nothing was said. When a man, the "Naked Kahunas," full of ego, not aware of the people nothing was said. This dedicated performer does not desire to simply be acclaimed, but only wants the recognition an accomplished quick change artist deserves. Thus we demand that the Observer fulfill all of its promise and give this performer the recognition he deserves. We also ask the fans to direct their attention to section 30 row 54 or Saturday night of the third quarter and give this red-

blooded American a round of applause to show you approval and give him the strength to continue his act during the wintry month of December.

Jamie Egan

Tom Davis

Richard Cory's

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PH.D. Society - University of Notre Dame Student Chapter of the American Psychological Association, Inc., seeks majors in psychology for prospective students on Wed-

nesday, November 25, in the St. Mary's Com-

munity House, 121 W. Washington, South Bend, Indiana 46601

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Sophomore car privileges slowed by parking problem

(Continued from Page 3) probably pass it by next semester. Guittarda feels that solid evidence would have to be made to replace the present nine general suggestions.

The university does plan to build new parking lots as it constructs new buildings and enlarges its faculty and student body. All those interviewed were unanimous, however, in wanting to preserve the beauty of the campus. Future parking lots will be kept as much as possible to the periphery to keep cars off the campus and to preserve the grass and trees. (All the trees were left around the stadium area when that area was paved.)

The long range part of the Caruso Plan calls for underground garages built into future buildings. It's advocates urge foresight in the future expansion of the university. They claim that these lots would not be eyesore, would require no special maintenance and little security, but would provide large revenue. A lot that would hold 140 cars would cost $60,000 (compared to $35,000 for a similar surface lot) or $2,350,000 for 500 cars.

Fr. Wilson stated that the university is having enough trouble finding money for the buildings themselves, without the added expenditures of underground lots.

He said, "The proposal doesn't have too much meaning to the present administration." He also pointed out that the sandy soil around South Bend would make such a structure impractical and expensive.

Fr. Riehle suggested that an outside entrepreneur might be induced to build and operate a parking garage on campus, but that he would have to get back his initial investment within ten to twenty years, so that the rates would be higher even than the $50 registration fee proposed in the Caruso Plan.

It is too far into the winter for any new lots to be constructed this year, and Fr. Riehle and Fr. Wilson both pointed out the expenses involved. Fr. Riehle said that it would cost $25,000 to pave a lot that was already paved, $10,000 to fence it, and $6,000 to light it.

Fr. Riehle said, "I really don't know of any proposed plan that would be workable this year. Wuisman was more optimistic:

"The long range part of the Caruso Plan will provide large revenue. A lot that would hold 140 cars would cost $60,000 (compared to $35,000 for a similar surface lot) or $2,350,000 for 500 cars."
Coeducation discussed in LeMans

By A.M. Tereze Darin and Patti S. Hea

The consideration of co-education between Notre Dame and St. Mary’s was highlighted yesterday by a discussion in the LeMans Lounge between Dr. Rosemary Park, a consultant hired by Notre Dame and St. Mary’s, and a dozen interested students.

The main area of concern was the question: “If Notre Dame goes coed, would it go back to St. Mary’s?”

First they discussed the status quo: St. Mary’s as a Catholic woman’s college and its advantages, a good faculty, small classes, and a personality reflecting the women that it educates.

“It is a great compliment with such small classes to have everyone clamoring to get into the school. Do we really want to give this up?” she asked.

After they discussed the status quo, there was a discussion of former coeducation plans which, according to one participant, date back to 15 years ago.

Statements centered on the Barat Plan, proposed two years ago, which would move Barat College of the Sacred Heart from Lake Forest, Illiniois to the University of Notre Dame. The majority of students, felt, however, that “the plan would pit one school against another and create a tense atmosphere reduced to competition.”

Finally they previewed and commented on proposed coeducation plans.

Within St. Mary’s and Notre Dame community, the most feasible plan, according to the participants of the discussion, would incorporate St. Mary’s into the Notre Dame community. The liberal arts colleges of both schools could be divided into colleges of different orientations. One college would concentrate on graduate school preparation. The other college would retain a well-rounded liberal arts education. Many of the students present felt that this would be a definite advantage especially in the fields of psychology and sociology. In these fields, graduate school applicants must have certain prerequisites emphasizing laboratory experiments. But the proposal would also satisfy those students who would be more interested in the humanistic approach.

Since Dr. Parks has researched several coeducation mergers, the students asked her for some of the solutions of other schools to the coeducation problem. She cited the Barnard Barat — Columbia system in New York City. The Barnard College president serves as a dean in Columbia University and conversely the Columbia president serves on the Barnard Board of Trustees. In addition to the executive sharing, the Barat/Columbia University also involves cross-enrolling and cross-registration between the two schools. Many of the students at the LeMans discussion felt, however, that the Notre Dame — SMC coexistence plan was less complicated.

Whatever plan is adopted by the Board of Trustees, most of the girls agreed that the social abnormality in which “the ideal?” value is the social abnormality in which “the ideal?”

The question of academic transfer of credit between the two schools must remain high on the priorities of the new St. Mary’s Notre Dame...
Tech will discover Irish hospitality

by Terry Shields

Sportswriter Editor

Think back a second. Remember November 18, 1969. A Saturday night in South Bend, and a cool one in Atlanta, Georgia. This was the night Notre Dame showed its team on national television. The opponent was Georgia Tech and the result was predictable, ND 38 Tech 20. It isn’t the playing power of the game that makes Irish coach Ara Parseghian and his troops remember as much as the game managed by the team.

Southern hospitality was forgotten that November night. The Irish--------------. inadequate punt gave the opposing team a touchdown.

The Notre Dame bench, which had been subject to pressure and abuse through-out the game was under attack from many sources. The game was over and the Irish had a hard time getting over it all.

This year will be a different story. The Yellowjackets will be shown visitors should be treated. Unfortunately, they will also be shown how to play tough hard-hitting football by the nation’s Number One Team. Tech has proven themselves to be no pushover for anyone as their 7-2 record might indicate. They have lost only to Tennessee and Auburn, two Southern teams, and beaten a few impressive opponents (Duke, S. Carolina). They have one of the outstanding defensive tackles in the college game in Reno (Rocky). Fans won’t be treated to a faceoff of the All-Americans, however, because Gary McShane is out with a broken knee.

Larry D’Naudo will have to settle for a few tricks, and he wants to get a shot at ‘The Rock.’

Tech’s numerous game-breaking stars on offense. Paramount among these is tailback Brent Cunningham. Cunningham is a threat to go all the way on nearly any play. He has gained 727 yards in 128 carries for a 5.7 average. Cunningham is small in stature at 177 and 167 lb. but his scoring potential is king-size. He has scored 5 touchdowns on the ground and 2 through the air.

Quarterback Tom Gilreath is one place where Tech is overly loaded. They have two good ones. Senior Jack Williams usually gets the starting nod and rightly so. He had completed 24 of 37 passes for 274 yards. Even though the quarterback situation was not optimal, he often let the offense in favor of Bob Haggard. Even Eddie McMahon, a talented student player in tech history to gain over 100 yards rushing in a season was an unknown.

He has done this on the strength of 101 completions out of 202 attempts. McShane was an outstanding offensive tackle and Red Skipper might be interested in knowing McShane’s name.

McShane also turned the ball over an astounding 19 times.

Leading receivers for GT are Larry Legrand who has pulled in 33 passes and Larry Studnard who has nabbed 22.

Mike Wynosik is ready to break school records for punt returns and if he ever gets the chance to return an Irish kick he is worth watching.

The Irish eye alignment for the Rambling Wrecks is strong in the secondary. Rich Lewis (4 int.) Buubba Hoath and Jeff the Ford are all seasoned passers.

Teaming with Perdoni in the line is 195 lb. and snappy Gebhart and 235 lb. Brad Bourne. The linebackers, known as Stingers are Idaho natives, Stan Barrass and Dave Beavin.

Chilliam is more than an adequate punter with a 39.7 average.

Probably the best way to describe ND is to look at the stats printed on this page. They roll all the way.

ND outweighs Tech both both statistically and in stature against the Tech defense is 235-215. Their offensive averages 220 to 207.

If Cunningham can get help from his line mates the Yellowjackets have a chance for the upset. However, there is no one who can remember last Nov. 18 better than Ara.

The game should be an old fashioned Notre Dame rout.

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**Season Statistics**

**Tech vs. Notre Dame**

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The Academia and the military-industrial complex

(Continued from page 7)

OBSERVER FEATURES

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GARRAD

A very good component

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(Continued from page 7)

OBSERVER

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Tickets: $2.50
at Student
Union
Office
presented by Student Union Social Committee

The Observ
Friday, November 13, 1970

have been the counter-weight to a
proliferation of social revolution. The
to the role acted by Metternich's Austria after the fall of Napoleon is what a difference in the power of the modern American Metternich?

Naturally, there are those who wishes for this sort of revolution also
wishes that it be peaceful and non-violent. The power that Lens describes doesn't allow us to be very sanguine about this idea, it is reasonable to suppose that the power in American society that will not permit social revolution in Latin America or Indochina will be very happy with it here at home. On the contrary, the violence that we have observed just in the past few months in Chicago, Kent, Augusta and Jackson indicates that the powers that be are quite prepared to shoot down in the streets of the states those who are even associated with the attempt to fulfill the American Revolution.

The use of the word "violence" is pursuit of social change is now a "taboo" question. The much more important question is how to guard against the society's eager warfare among its people violence to prevent changes. The staggering reflection from Lens' book, then, is that on the use of whitening potential violence at the MIC's disposal. In discussing "Imperialism, whatever it means" notes that the Pentagon has quietly built facilities to handle twenty-five urban riots. In "virtually a revolution," he remarks — and in so doing it has not only increased the revolutionary ambition, the chosen policy of the MIC. The extent to which the MIC's power has become a subversive of American civil liberties — is accepted by liberal intellectuals. As noted by Sidney Hyman in the current Saturday Review: he remarks that we really needn't worry too much about "radicals" in America because "most of the leading self-proclaimed revolutionaries are either in prison, have a police sentence hanging over their heads, or are 'exile'" (LR 53:28, p. 22).

One of the greatest virtues of Lens' book is that he is able to discuss the MIC without falling prey to the "devil theory" of the nature of the very few. He knows that private malice is not the true enemy, for all the American-Col. Things we might adduce. In Lens' entire portrait of the MIC, he only once discuses something he knows. Jay Lovestone, an AFL-CIO lieutenant whose unsavory men under the pressure of the the Constitution); or, at least, as

the reduction of. the glamor and

M I C

("An Alternative to Catastrophe"), Lens offers several moderate suggestions "to dismantle the military-industrial complex" (p. 153). He includes (1) an end to foreign military aid; (2) an increase in foreign economic aid, but only in new military cooperation with American business interests, rationalized through the control of the UN, where it could be made contingent on social reform; (3) the nationalization of American corporations with large foreign holdings (some, like GM, have revenues larger than those of most nations); (4) a general program of "internationalization" and economic rationalization; (5) disarmament, multilateral or unilateral; and (6) "the completion of the American Revolution at home" in the fundamental terms of liberty (political and economic) and the demand or (and the national interest) for all.

There are several items which only need to add to this list, not necessarily of equal importance to one another: (1) an absolute end to the draft, and its economic and social pressures (e.g., "service to the country") for the taking of its place in the national interest; (2) the abolition of the service academies, which were founded in Congress as anti-democratic when they were founded; the critica were right, and they are presently facing the (3) abolition of the uniformed military, with the retention at most of civilian self-defense forces (see the Second Amendment to the Constitution); or, at least, at a step in this direction (4) the introduction of full civil rights into the military (contrary to the argument that the American military is the "private" force, while the JCS has reportedly pointed out, the major Pentagon contractors are able to have their own armies, and the sense that the profits stay in the hands of a few rather than contribute to the common weal. (Profits on the Minuteman, for example, were about 43% in 1970. Have you been paying your money at that rate recently?)

But of course all this is fascinating. We know it's not going to happen. The American Revolution is not going to be completed. On the contrary, the lights are going out all over. In that, that's the role played by the Military-Industrial Complex seems to be telling us, despite Lens' own hope that the colonial failure — I mean the failure of the American-Indochinese adventure has legitimized criticism of the MIC (p. 139; and passim). In fact, the surprising thing about American politics today is not that we have few call for actions "outside the system" — actions of resistance — but that so many, especially among the so-called "alienated" young, display such a touching faith in the ability of the American political system to turn the MIC around. What happens when their "Princeton Plan" for two weeks of political activity before the fall elections and their campaigns for a "New American Revolution" prove to be an overwhelming resistance to fundamental change that Lens can't even imagine? This is not a direct��

d&emonic designation of these campaigns, which I support, but perhaps for reasons different from those of their initiators; they are at best a first small step towards the building of the massive consciousness necessary to make fundamental changes in the country.

But I suppose we can contemplate this in all our own personal objective terms. Lens' book, sit back, and marvel at the method at which more powerful the children of light in this generation. Amid every now and then the children of darkness, the grudging and timorous admiration for those who "rage, against the dying of the light."