On Sunday, March 21, a joint meeting of the executive committee of the Boards of Trustees of St. Mary's and Notre Dame in Palm Beach, Florida, recom- mendation the unification of the two schools further and being completed not later

The two schools will be united completely, there will be one student body, one faculty, one president, and one administrative and one Board named as SU director

Barkett makes appointments

Santa Anna, Calif. — Tim McCorry, 22, a well-known campus pacifist and 1969 graduate of the University of California at Santa Barbara, was killed by local police shortly after he placed the barrel of a 22 gauge rifle in his mouth and squeezed the trigger. According to John Cain as investigator for the student strike against the University, Tim McCorry was known for his personal and political life, his personal associate of McCarry. He was a teaching assistant for the Observer last year.

He also said that he favored continued small concert series, started this year, and also the appointment of a coordinator for the book and record co-op.

He also said that the trigger was the idea of "spontaneity." Barkett feels that the problem, in moving in there because of what Pauli and Oliveri have done this year.

Bill McGrath, a junior English

Suicide claims ND grad, Tim McCorry

by Kevin McGill

Suicide claims ND grad, Tim McCorry

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McCarry belonged to organize the abortive lamb burning one year ago and the student strike against the Cambodian invasion last May. He was a teaching assistant in Social Sciences at the University of California at Irvine. McCarry was known for his academic, political and journalistic activities there.

A co-founder of the Notre Dame Coalition for Political Action, McCorry was a regular columnist for the "New Yorker" last year. (One of his columns has been published, on p. 125, one editorial page). He resigned in April in a dispute over the censorship policies of editor Gaetano De Sapio.

The Observer learned of the New York, N.Y., native's death from Charlotte Case, a former SMC student who worked on the People's Freeway, a local political associate of McCarry. Miss Casey said that "despite the violent circumstances surrounding Tim's death, friends feel that, for political reasons, a further investigation would not be productive." She did not elaborate on the political reasons.

McCarry had been working with the Jod Hill Collective, an organization doing away with war involving the People's Treaty, according to Miss Casey. She added that "close friends" stated that from their knowledge of the situation and of Tim's personal and political life, his death was not inconsistent with the principles by which he lived.

Bob Weaver

Bill McGrath

Completion planned for '74

by Kevin McGill

Merger hailed by ND-SMC Trustees

by Ed Ellis

OBSERVER News Editor

Student Union Executive Secretary Bill McGrath will be the new Student Union Director effective April 1.

This was announced last night by Student Body President John

McGrath in conjunction with his announcement of St. Ed's Hall President Bob Weaver to the prime Cabinet position of Student Government Executive Coordinator. Weaver will also take over as President of Student Affairs and a member of the Board of Trustees, said that all the reports done on the topic of the two were available at Notre Dame's meeting. Mrs. Rosemary Park and Dr. Mayweather discussed their recent study. Fr. Blantz said that the two schools will be exposed to the various ideas at the joint meeting on Friday at Laughin' Lodge, and mentioned that the Student Government would give a lot of influence, especially on Fr. Charles Steeply's Coordinating Committee.

Both executive committees drew up from all the sources a consensus summary of what they wanted to present Sunday. Ac- cording to Richard Conklin, Director of the Dept. of Information Services who at- tended the meeting, "Studies on the position papers were very similar although they were drafted separately, showing the committees' feelings about co-education of St. Mary's and Notre Dame."

The six hour meeting on Sunday was primarily concerned with the question of whether or not to merge the schools or whether they were interested in co-ed on its own, leaving most details for later consideration.

After discussion, the joint committee unanimously issued their joined ideas in a statement written by Conklin. This release lists the following general aspects of the unification efforts to be worked out:

-Engagement of consultants to study and make recommenda- tions on financial arrangements, including lease or rental agreements, for the two schools.
-Development toward a unification of academic depart- ments, administrative areas and organizations.

-Negotiation of an agreement between Notre Dame and the sisters of the Holy Cross for appropriate representation among the Fellows, the trustees and the officers of Notre Dame, and for remuneration for the services of religious working in Notre Dame's administration, teaching and religious ministry.

The major order of business at the conference was the financial problem which is but important but very involved. Fr. Jerome Wilson, Vice-President of

Continued on page 12

The Observer

Volume V, No. 37

Serving the Notre Dame and Saint Mary's College Community

Thursday, March 5, 1971

Merger announced by Alma

by An Threse Darlin

All academic departments of St. Mary's College will merge with their counterparts at Notre Dame by September 1974, an- nounced Sr. Alma Peter, acting president, to an all-school con- vocation last night.

In complying with the agreement reached by the Boards of Trustees of both institutions, the unification program will take place over a three-year period. A plan for the construction of buildings and facilities will be in operation until September 1972.

The convocation program, which the acting president defined as a conglomeration of all of the codification proposals not an end in itself. The convocation also contains a lease for the rental of property and buildings by the university. Continuing to be called St. Mary's College, the property will be vested in the Falls of the Sisters of the Holy Cross.

Although the agreement contains a provision that does not contain a plan for the construction of the college as a separate unit, Sr. Alma related that the college is three years away to decide its role.

She added that they have suggested two possibilities, she revealed. "We could expand the humanistic studies program or we could reopen the nursing program. In this way, St. Mary's could exist as an entity like the colleges of law, business administration, and engineering."

Another possibility may be the establishment of an experimental liberal arts college.

If it should happen that there is no plan for the college," she added, "it will become a college of records for alumnae." An Executive Committee will be formed by St. Mary's College in the University of Notre Dame, Sr. Alma said, to determine whether the mandatory senior year at St. Mary's College would be continued, or whether St. Mary's would be continued as a separate college.

"We have to make a value judgment on the type of country we want," said Justice Douglas as he called for national state and regional policy to be made the cost of ecological controls requires a requiring of procedures which would slow end of war systems.

These controls may begin now because "we're worse off now than we were 10 years ago" in- spiring the international conference.

"We could make all the water in the United States swimmable for $10 billion, which is spent ap- proximately every 5 months in Vietnam."

Justice Douglas praised several states, including New Jersey, Massachusetts and Vermont," for their efforts against pollution. He cited many kinds of pollution and was particularly critical of the Army Corps of Engineers called it a "free country instead of a country and the "enemy of rivers."

"Pollution of the world's oceans was the worst problem," he said. They will be "devoid of food and life and will be only a highway in 18 years." Justice Douglas said ecological control of ocean dumping must be international.

Justice Douglas described his interest in ecology in a press conference shortly after his appearance at the conference with the "old hobby of mine which I always refer to..." He said he was not involved with any groups or committees but "I'm a friend of the same kind of people." He is "not sure that I am really involved intellectually, emotionally and spiritually."
**THE OBSERVER**

**ND’s highest honor**

**Laetare awarded to Kerrs**

New York Times Drama Critic Walter F. Kerr, and his wife and fellow author, Jean, have been named the 1971 recipients of the Laetare Medal, the University of Notre Dame’s highest honor.

Notre Dame’s president, Rev. Theodore M. Hesburgh, C.S.C., announced the selection at Notre Dame. (March 20) for the honor, conferred annually since 1883 on outstanding American Catholics. The Kerrs are the second couple in history to receive the award.

"In honoring Walter and Joan Kerr," said Father Hesburgh, "we are honoring literary craftsmanship, a quality less and less evident in contemporary society. Walter Kerr's sensitive, well-boned drama criticism has chronicled more than two decades in the life of that perpetual–yet somehow spry–invalid known as the American theater. He has provided a badly needed benchmark for dramatic performance in a time of rapid change in the nation’s theater, proving once again that the honest and articulate critical intelligence is more than a match for pens either intransigent or faddish. It would be a mistake, however, to rate his achievement above that of his wife on the ground that she had merely tried–successfully—to make people laugh. Raillousity is one important way in which human beings differ from animals, and humor is in short supply these days. Those with the talent to find it deserve our thanks and gratitude."

Father Hesburgh said the medal would be presented to the Kerrs at a time to be announced later. They join such recent Laetare Medalists as Dr. William B. Walsh, a Washington, D.C., physician and humanitarian who was honored last year, Supreme Court Justice William J. Brennan, Jr.; R. Sargent Shriver, diplomat; poet Phyllis McGinley; labor leader George Meany, and former President John F. Kennedy. Other recipients connected with the theater include producer Augustine Daly in 1894, actress Irene Dunne in 1949.

Walter Kerr, 57, is a native of Evanston, Ill., and took his bachelor’s and master’s degrees at Northwestern University.

**Co-ed dinners continue**

The Co-exchange Dinner held last month will be expanded to a daily program starting Sunday, March 28.

Tickets for St. Mary’s students will be available in the lobby of LeMans Hall from 1 to 2 p.m. Monday thru Friday beginning Monday, March 28. No sign-up of name or food service number is required. 100 tickets per day will be distributed, first-come, first-served.

For the first three weeks of the program tickets for Notre Dame students will be available through the respective game days. Interested students should contact their hall president to learn what night has been reserved for their hall. 100 tickets will be distributed in each hall.

When the number of tickets necessary to maintain a one-to-one ratio is determined the program will be expanded.

The number and color of the ticket will determine the day for which the ticket is issued. It will be accepted only on that day.

Ticket colors are: Sunday–yellow; Monday-pink; Tuesday–gray; Wednesday–Thursday–orange; Friday–green; Saturday–white.

The exchange will be at the evening meal Monday through Saturday.

Continued on page 12

**MIDWEST’S LARGEST DISPLAY OF**

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Continued on page 10

**CUSTOM MADE SANDALS**

**ACROSS FROM THE OLD COURTHOUSE**

**195 South Main**
Appeals Board suspends Badger
by Cliff Wintrode

The University Appeals Board suspended Richard W. Badger for one semester and lifted another in suspension, bringing held before spring break.

Senior Don Badger was suspended for this semester with the opportunity to re-apply for admission next fall. Mark Hannah was removed from suspension and placed on probation for this semester. Hannah will be allowed credit for his present courses and will be allowed to graduate in May.

The two had been provisionally suspended by Dean of Students Fr. James Riehle under direction of University Provost Fr. James B. Maloney. They were suspended after being arrested in a city wide drug raid last December.

Riehle suspended them under a clause which allowed for provisional suspension for as long as six months (provided it is reviewed by the University Appeals Board). The two had been innocent earlier this year in civil court of the charges.

Thiefs hilight break
by Gary Rufo

The apprehension of two South Bend youths, who confessed to a number of thefts on the Notre Dame campus, highlighted a relatively uneventful vacation period.

The youths, according to Arthur H. Perry, Director of Security, were both new to theft, primarily of wallets and money, from five campus buildings. No details were given concerning the buildings involved or the total removed.

The two juveniles, aged 15 and 16, were picked up recently just south of Niles, Michigan by three police agencies shortly after stealing a motor vehicle in South Bend. It was found that it is the fault of the students, staff and faculty members for allowing the campus to be so readily accessible. He stressed that "more stringent security precautions should be taken in connection with personal property."

It was also reported that five cases of breaking entering occurred during the semester vacation. Two of these incidents were reported in Fisher, two in Dillon and one in Keenan. Three of the thefts were accomplished with the use of pass keys. So far the tape recorder, a television set, some hi-fi speakers and some stereo set receivers are the only things reported missing.

Hoopes talk on Viet war set tonight

Townsend Hoopes, recent under secretary of the Air Force, will speak on "The Limits of Intervention" at 8:30 tonight in the University of Notre Dame's Memorial Library Auditorium.

The theme of an inside look of the de-escalation of the Viet Nam War called "The Politics of Intervention," Hoopes is a close war titled "The University of Notre Dame's under secretary of the Air Force.

The talk, sponsored by the Notre Dame Institute for Community Action is presently seeking applications for nine open chairs on the fifteen member coordinating committee.

Founded two years ago in honor of the late Robert F. Kennedy, the Institute is aimed at encouraging and directing community activism. As its first project of the 1967 fall semester the Institute hopes to concentrate on the problem of pollution in and around the city of South Bend.

The present membership drive is part of a reorganization move to involve both St. Mary's and Notre Dame. Besides the completion of the thirteen man committee, the organization is attempting to enlist the aid of other interested members of both communities.

Institute seeks applications for coordinating committee
by Tom Degnan

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Badger said that the university's case rested on his "private" admission to Riehle that he had used drugs. He said he also told Riehle that he had stopped taking drugs six to eight weeks previously and had never sold drugs.

Badger said that his admission did not constitute what he thought an appropriate case for the university's suspension that this by itself was sufficient to consider an "imminent danger" to the university.

The appeals board restored all credits to Badger for the spring break. Badger claimed that the added. He also said that the verdict and these results were not in accord with the Board's stated policy of correction and not punishment. Badger said that the university's conviction of him to use drugs was nothing yet gives perfect orthopedic support.

The observer

The Observer is the student newspaper of Notre Dame. Subscriptions may be purchased for $3 from The Observer, Box 11, Notre Dame, Ind. 46556. Student rate postage paid, Notre Dame, Ind. 46556.
SAIGON (UPI) - The South Vietnamese operation in Laos ended Wednesday but military sources said 2,160 Saigon marines remained to avert a major incursion into Laos. Border defenses were fortified as U.S. planes attacked advancing Communist tanks.

Waves of other U.S. jets attacked supply depots and troop concentrations in North Vietnam Sunday and Monday, military sources said, as well as Communist missile sites. About 200 fighter bombers and B-52s took part in the raids 15 miles north of the Demilitarized Zone that separates North and South Vietnam.

The U.S. command had announced raids only as "protective reaction strikes", against SAM missile sites in North Vietnam. The Saigon reports said, as well as Communist fortified fighter bombers and B-52s took part in the raids.

Defense Secretary Melvin Laird said the South Vietnamese task force "achieved its primary objective" of disrupting the Communist supply lines in Laos but he also said, in a Washington statement, that "tremendously vicious and violent attacks" by Communist troops forced it to end early.

The Viet Cong said the Communists in Laos had "smashed" the offensive after 45 days of "sustained, fierce fighting."

U.S. headquarters in Saigon said American warplanes destroyed one Soviet-built North Vietnamese tank and damaged two others in raids along Highway 9 in Laos two miles from the border outpost of Lao Bie. Three other tanks were reported destroyed Tuesday.

The 2,900 South Vietnamese marines still in Laos, military sources said, were moving an outpost called "Khe Pha" or "Hotel" two miles from the border and two miles south of highway 9, a route which had served as the axis for the offensive.

"Hotel" will remain an outpost because it is the highest point in that general area, one military source said. The base provides a commanding view of routes North Vietnamese units could use for an attack against positions in the northwest corner of South Vietnam.

It appeared that South Vietnamese commanders were preparing for such an eventuality.

New fortifications were built Tuesday for Khe Sanh, which had served as the main U.S. support base for the offensive, and for a hilltop base called Ham Ng, five miles closer to the Laotian border. Field reports said the western defenses of Ham Ng were tightened and a third line of barbed wire was strung across the position.

Khe Sanh came under Communist rocket and mortar attacks Wednesday for the ninth consecutive day. Field report said 42 shells were fired without causing damage or casualties. Saigon communiques in claiming success for the Laotian operation, reported 13,672

Communists killed and 166 taken prisoner. It said U.S. and South Vietnamese forces destroyed more than 110 tanks, several thousand trucks, 1.3 million liters of gasoline, 176.364 tons of munitions, 5,000 tons of rice and more than 7,000 yards of fuel pipeline.

The Saigon reports said 1,145 South Vietnamese were killed, 4,199 wounded, and 231 listed as missing in action. U.S. casualties were placed at more than 60 men killed and 70 wounded in helicopter crashes.

The fifth annual University of Notre Dame Sophomore Literary Festival, set for March 28-April 1, will feature several contemporary writers, some already well known and others, as is the custom of the festival, on their way to public recognition.

Among them are Pulitzer Prize-winning playwright Charles Gordone, playwright Tom Stoppard, who has won Tony and New York Drama Critics awards, novelist John Hawkes, and authors Leonard Michaels and Richard Gilman.

To Be Young, Gifted and Black, a play recounting, in her own words, the life of Lorraine Hansberry, the first woman and only black ever to win the New York Drama Critics Circle Award for "outstanding achievement in the theater." The play will be presented. She died in 1965 at the age of 37.

Stoppard, a journalist turned playwright, wrote "Rosencrantz and Guildenstern Are Dead." Born in Czechoslovakia in 1917, he lived in Singapore and India before joining the news staff of a Bristol, England, newspaper in 1964. His play, "You're a Good Man, Charlie Brown," won the 1968 Prix Italia for radio drama, and his latest play, "The Real Inspector Hound," was produced under a Ford Foundation Fellowship. "Second Skin," a novel by Hawkes, was written during a 1964 sabbatical spent on the island of Granada in the West Indies. Other novels authored by Hawkes include "The Lime Tree," "The Goose on the Grave," "The Canibals," and "The Beetle Leg." His short fiction was published.

Two Notre Dame seniors have been awarded Danforth Graduate Fellowships for advanced study for the Ph.D. degree. The awards provide full tuition and living expenses for up to four years of study in preparation for a career in college teaching.

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WASHINGTON: Sen. William Proxmire (D-Wisc.), leading op­ponent of the supersonic transport plane, held a press conference Tuesday to guarantee the approval of all SST funds. The decision signaled the end of Government financing of research for the 1800 mile an hour airplane as of March 30 and likely for the SST project.

Mr. and Mrs. John Ragsdale The results of the vote struck Mr. and Mrs. Gene Guissler as a secondary impact. The witness, Warren Kimbro, 36, a former Black Panther, told the defense lawyer David Rosen that he never saw Seale there at any time. "Not that I can recall," Kimbro replied. Kimbro identified the enforcer who supervised the water torture as George Sams Jr., 24, who like Kimbro, has pleaded guilty to second degree murder in Rackley's death, May 21, 1969. Both face life terms.

"We have no direct or reliable information that the White House has other funding plans," said Lowell Mickewalt, vice president for industrial and public relations. "We have no optimism that the SST program will continue."

Sewing broadly below the shadow of the giant SST mockup in the Boeing plant, Mickewalt said the 7000 employees working directly on the SST and another 2000 who would feel a secondary impact, would be laid off by Thursday.

The Senate votes down SST funds

WASHINGTON (UPI) - The Senate voted Wednesday to bar any more federal spending on development of the supersonic transport plane (SST). The decision signaled the end of Government financing of research for the 1800 mile an hour airplane as of March 30 and likely for the SST project.

The House last week refused to allow any more federal funds for the SST.

The vote in the Senate was 51-46. Senators Birch Bayh, Everett Jordan, and Karl Mundt were absent, while Vance Hartke voted to stop the SST.

The vote of the supposed hardest in the state of Washington. Boeing Co. officials said Wednesday they would lay off workers "as soon as possible" because of the Senate vote against the SST program.

The layoffs, in terms of most jobs lost at one time, will be the most severe in the aerospace firm since the end of Wroclaw War II.

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Thank God!

The decision of the Trustees to merge Notre Dame with St. Mary's was superb. The two bodies, seemingly casting aside their acquired aura of slow moving conservatism, moved the two institutions in a direction which will benefit both in the years to come.

Also surprising, and especially gratifying, is the trustees' announcement that merger will be completed by the 1974-1975 school year. It would have been all too easy for them to merely state that the decision should be executed with all deliberate speed, or some such vague time limit.

The entire question of St. Mary's identity seems to have gone the way of "Free Coinage of Silver" and other monumental issues. Having the words "St. Mary's College" on the women's diplomas seems to be a small price to pay in order to avoid needless speculation.

The Trustees weren't specific, and for a good reason. Two days is a very short time and the decision to merge was more than enough to occupy their time.

The most important specific issue which was glossed over by the Trustees, was the co-educational residences on both campuses. Such a move, as proven by various reports, could have taken place by September of this year. Some have claimed that not enough Notre Dame students were interested in living at St. Mary's. While possibly true, unless given actual opportunity, opinions on the willingness of Notre Dame students to so do can be safely compared to mindless speculation on how the country would have been if William Jennings Bryan had been elected president.

The transition period will be a difficult one. The greatest problems will arise in the merger of the academic departments, where there are signs that some inflated faculty egos will hinder cooperation.

There will most likely be problems in the two administrations also, as personnel will have to adjust to new roles and possibly diminished status or greatly increased responsibilities.

The three year time period should be enough to insure that such difficulties will not become catastrophic. The basic decision to merge has been made, and the final steps should be taken. If we believe the rest of the community should respond in a similar fashion.

...Almost

The Observer's March 10th editorial which dealt with the administration's response to the black students' demands contained a sentence which should be clarified. We stated that "perhaps the most distressing part of the letter is Burrchael's revelation that the University spent only 40,000 for scholarships."

The $40,000 is 16 of the funds received from the 1970 Cotton Bowl. The entire $160,000 was paid into four funds to insure incoming black freshmen financial aid for their entire academic career.

This piece is not intended to speak to women about their oppression, nor to detail the origins and realities of male supremacy as understood in anthroplogy, history and political economy. Rather, it is to commemorate Sunday, March 8-International Women's Day-a good time to recall the long history of women's struggle against inferior status, and to begin to reverse the failure of "fateless" at Notre Dame to consistently fight against male supremacy.

Nor should it make the men to whom it is addressed think that what the women's movement itself says shouldn't be listened to, or printed in the Observer.

Briefly, the problem stems from an economic division dating from the origins of private property and class distinction. Women-particularly blacks-are underpaid: in 1965 white and black men averaged $6,375 and $4,000 in earnings, while white and black women averaged $3,744 and $2,642 respectively. Women tear a fluid, relatively unskilled surplus labor pool which is used in competition with unionized workers; three patterns have intensified in postwar years, with substantial drops in relative income for women. Finally, they provide unpaid domestic labor and child-rearing services at a cost far less than that of equivalent hired labor.

New techniques of consumer exploitation have hit women in particular: a ludicrous advertising "motivator" has written, "Property manhupulated . . . American housewives can be given the sense of identity, importance, creativity, and ultimate self-reliance they lack-by the buying of things . . . In a free enterprise economy we have to develop the need for new products . . . The manufacturer wants to lure her back into the kitchen-and we show her how to do it . . . " American women are told that their fulfillment through housework, children, and sexual-emotional gratification of their husbands is sufficient; they should vicariously identify with his career, since he is organically suited for "worldly affairs" as she is not. This ideology of male supremacy was best described in its modern form in Huxley's 1930's campaign for "Kinder, Kuche, Kirche!" (children, kitchen, church) for women, along with fascism, racism, and national chauvinism.

Notre Dame "men" exemplify this. An hour in a dormitory will show how women are seen as objects, as "chicks", or broads, or - - - (removed by the editor). A glance at the paper of bulletin boards shows the same in movie advertising. A trip to the library, a mixer, or even a "freak" party reveals the dehumanizing games being played in the eternal competition for sex on one side, and marriage on the other.

Finally, a sensitive look at sports, religious life, and campus politics (including the liberals) will discern elements of the cult of exaggerated masculinity which enables men of economic worth as well as women. One of the most absurd products of machismo is the reversal of being called a "fag" as and the popular joke and stories about homosexuality, as if one's "manhood" had to be continually justified against one's "sexual inversion.

Notre Dame, Inc., exhibits the usual pattern in its higher-level employment: female clerical workers serve male managers and faculty. The education it sells is geared to a success which is overwhelmingly white and male-dominated; hence the racism and male chauvinism of its admissions patterns. The problem is complicated by the fact that it is in the short-run advantage of the woman who comes to St. Mary's looking for an N.D. husband to oppose a change in the ratio.

But all this leaves out the most important consideration: the needs and aspirations of that large permanent sector of America, including the need to end the divisions of race and sex which weaken them; and particularly of the average young woman faced with a choice between the suppression of her own employment and household subservience, including her need for higher education. Any Notre Dame man who thinks of himself as on the side of social progress, or as concerned about the honesty of his personal relationships had better start relating to this, and support the demands made upon their university by the women's movement.

The following was Tim McCarry's last column for the Observer.
Yes, Spring has come;
This morning a nameless hill
Is shrouded in mist.

Shoko Takashima (1901-?); courtesy Shikawakima-Harima Ind. Co., Ltd., Tokyo
St. Alma announces merger plan

Continued from page 1

All faculty rank and tenure will be honored by the university, who will be put in place as many of the St. Mary's employees as possible. The institution will also honor fringe benefits and seniority.

Regarding the presidential search, the boards recommended that St. Mary's continue its search for its own president to head the college during the interim period.

"If a person from outside faculty or some outsider who will be the university," disclosed the college's acting president, "I don't think we'll be in any hurry."

Planning for the complete merger, St. Mary's will add 250 more freshmen to its class in 1972 and will continue to add the same number to each freshman class until there are at least 5,000 women on the campus.

Between now and April, a committee consisting of the two chairs of the boards of trustees, the two presidents, and four other members of the board will draw up a single statement which will function as a written contract for the merger, initated in September, 1971.

All negotiations will be completed by the next meetings of the board (April 24 for the St. Mary's board and early May for the N.D.)

These two proud institutions are going to have to give and take with a virtuous pride," commented Fr. Alma. "I do think that all of the give is going to have to be the St. Mary's end, but they are mistaken. It is only by a give and take process at both ends that the two institutions are going to grow close and expand their educational opportunities."

Disclosing the factors that were decisive in bringing the two schools together, the chronicler attested of the best possible education for students, five, ten, even twenty years from the present, the student bodies, and finances.

Sister felt that the Carnegie Commission on Higher Education report, published last winter, was most educational. She then Board of Trustees thinking from a theoretical realm to a more realistic one.

Contributing to the financial difficulty, she stated may be the decline in applications for enrollment at both institutions.

"It will be interesting to see," she said, "whether the merger will involve us in either whether we can attribute the decline to the national financial situation and the fact that less young people seem anxious to go to college.

At St. Mary's trustees' meeting March 13, the Board also studied the Park-Marlow report and a financial report stating the finances needed to maintain the coeducational program.

During the meeting, Fr. Hesburgh, Notre Dame president, spoke to the St. Mary's board "in a sincere and open manner," according to Sister. Warning him to look carefully at the future of the college, the Notre Dame president's remarks were a counterpoint to the cooperation between the two schools.

Hesburgh said that if St. Mary's did not decide to go coeducational with more interaction, Notre Dame would probably bring in 250 girls in 1972 and continue to add 250 girls each year until they attained a student body of 6,000 women.

Stressing that Hesburgh was not trying to force the trustees to a decision, Sister related that the Board unanimously endorsed a merger with Drs. Rosemary Park and Louis Mayrow, who last year were drafted by both schools to make a feasibility study on coeducation the two boards voted to conduct.

There was similarity between the two position papers of the Boards of Trustees.

"I don't think they were very similar in general outlook, obviously there are still some specifics to be negotiated," stated Sister. The overwhelming reasons from the floor, she concluded by saying, "I am looking upon the utilization in a comiscopal manner. It is not only a historic decision for Notre Dame, but it is also a possible pattern for all Catholic higher education in the country."

"Indication of a sad state of affairs," she added. "The future may be in two or three centers in the country."

Questioned on the effectiveness of the recent tuition hike, the acting president stated that it would make a feasibility study on coeducation the two boards voted to conduct. (The hike was in Florida last week.)

The merger of St. Mary's college and Notre Dame and the decision to go coeducational will be discussed in the "New Directions" issue of the St. Mary's Observer. It will appear in mid-July.

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Letters to the Editor

Editor:
In recent editions of the Observer the "TKO's knock" rule seemed to me to have developed. The correspondence between Dave Krashna, Mark Winings, and Fr. Burtchaell and Riehle seemed to have a knock-knock quality, i.e., self-defence between Dave and Mark. over Mark Winings, and Frs. Burtchaell and Riehle in this matter, at least in March 9 issue) gives the entire picture. I do not think that all of the give is going to have to be the St. Mary's end, but they are mistaken. It is only by a give and take process at both ends that the two institutions are going to grow close and expand their educational opportunities.

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Hesburgh announces professorships

Notre Dame, Ind. - The University of Notre Dame has established four named professorships, one in each of its undergraduate colleges.

Rev. Theodore M. Hesburgh, C.S.C., Notre Dame's president, said occupants of the endowed chairs will be determined later in a procedure involving the departments, deans and the University's top-ranking academic administrators.

The chairs are the George and Winifred Clark Chair of Chemistry, the Frank M. Freimann Chair of Electrical Engineering, the John Cardinal O'Hara Chair of Philosophy, and the C.R. Smith Chair of Business Administration.

The George and Winifred Clark Chair of Chemistry grew out of a fund for distinguished professors established in 1954 by Mr. and Mrs. George C. Clark and a bequest from the estate of Clark, who headed the George C. Clark Foundation. The Clark chair is president of the University's Advisory Council for Science and Engineering, a pioneer in the electronics industry, Freimann was chief executive officer of Magnavox for 18 years until his death in 1960. Among his numerous benefactions to Notre Dame was a $100,000 gift toward the construction of the Memorial Library in 1962.

The John Cardinal O'Hara Chair honors the twelfth president of Notre Dame, who served between 1934 and 1940. Its endowment derives from a fund invested in 1931 on behalf of the University by Bernard E. Smith, a close friend of both Father O'Hara and Rev. Charles L. O'Donnell, who preceded Father O'Hara in the presidency. Until two years ago when the fund was returned to the University, it was managed by Smith, who died in 1962, and his son, Bernard, Jr., a member of the New York City brokerage firm of LaMorte, Smith, & Company.

The C.R. Smith Chair of Business Administration is an endowed professorship in the College of Business Administration established by Mr. and Mrs. C. R. Smith, a close friend of Father Hesburgh. Smith, a close friend of Father Hesburgh, is president of Standard Oil Company of New Jersey, and a former President Lyndon B. Johnson. Smith was an executive of the airlines for some 34 years.

"The establishment of these chairs," Father Hesburgh noted, "is a significant way of underwriting continuing academic distinction at Notre Dame. I have remarked on several occasions - and only with slight exaggeration - that my goal is to have every full professorship at Notre Dame endowed. There is no doubt in my mind that the endowed chair is the direction faculty development must take at Notre Dame. Named professorships enable the University to honor outstanding scholarship among its own teachers and to attract scholars of the first rank to the University.

"Toward this end, we are seeking 40 endowed chairs in our current 'Summa' capital gifts campaign. Thus far, while the campaign itself is ahead of schedule, our goal is undersubscribed in this area, and I hope that announcing these four chairs will spur interest in this crucial vehicle for benefactions."

NOTRE DAME BAND

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Survey indicates passage of 18 year old vote amendment

WASHINGTON (UPI) - A proposal to grant 18 year olds the vote in all elections will likely become the 30th amendment in the Constitution: time for 1972 elections, a UPI survey showed yesterday.

The legislature of Massachusetts and Hawaii passed the voting bill Wednesday, becoming the sixth and seventh states to approve the measure in two days. Thirty eight states must ultimately approve the amendment if it is to become effective.

A UPI survey indicated that 10 other states were moving toward approval in the next several days: Maine, Vermont, New Hampshire, New Mexico, Minnesota, Delaware, Washington, and Tennessee.

University raises funds

Continued from page 2 as is the case with virtually all major developmental programs, some specific areas of "humana" such as endowed professorships, were unsubscribed even though the general goal was exceeded.

Almost 28,000 individual gifts were made to the program and the average contribution of Notre Dame alumni were involved in the campaign. The largest contributions came from New York ($92 million), Chicago, ($8 million), and Philadelphia ($1 million). In terms of percentage, the Ohio area of Dayton-Springfield led the nation by achieving 406 per cent of its quota.

Comax dinners to go daily

Continued from page 2 Saturday and the noon meal on Sundays. The evening meal hours are 5 to 6:30 p.m. at St. Mary's. Hours for the Sunday noon meal are 11:30 to 1 p.m. at St. Mary's and 12 to 1:15 p.m. at Notre Dame.

After each Notre Dame resided in the program, interested in-

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Ind. ratification

INDIANAPOLIS (UPI) - Indiana will be among the earliest states in ratifying a constitutional amendment lowering the voting age to 18.

House Speaker Otis Brown said yesterday a joint resolution containing ratification of the proposed 28th Amendment to the U.S. Constitution will be handed down on second reading in the House today. The legislature resumes its 1971 session today after a five day recess.

The resolution passed the House March 12 by a vote of 12-10 and went to the House, where it was recommended for passage on March 19.

The House also passed and sent to the Senate a bill that would lower the voting in Indiana to 18 effective in time for the 1972 election when voting for president. Vice president and members of Congress will be open to the 18, 19, and 20 year olds for the first time in Indiana, under a federal law and court ruling.

Agnew criticizes news media for publishing untruths

ST. LOUIS (UPI) - Vice President Spiro Agnew leveled a new volley of criticism at CBS television after the network's access to the White House's "deliberately publishing untruths." He also attacked a Newsweek magazine report that new image was being created for the vice president.

He said he was "totally dissatisfied with what CBS characterized as a rebuffal on the part of administration officials, including myself," to the network's documentary, "The Selling of the Pentagon.

Agnew's original criticism, made last week in Boston, was broadcast by CBS Tuesday night after a re-broadcast of the documentary.

The network said Wednesday that Agnew's original attacks were not based on anything the network had published before. It said Agnew was "cited CBS appearing to condone a deliberate and careless publishing untruths and they were deliberately editing and pasting in documentaries, leaving a mistaken impression."

Agnew termed the Newsweek article about his image "a sloppy piece of journalism."

Cac presents

Who's Afraid of Virginia Woolf?

Tonight 7:30 and 9:30 Washington Hall Admission $1.00

"Don't Just Lay There" and "The Final Blow"

PROOF OF AGE ALWAYS REQUIRED

Agnew prefaced his remarks by saying in New York he wrote one of his favorite magazines...

He said the program is "don't read the thing you find it's on four borders because it begins by saying that to a packed house I did not talk about the first paragraph, and then it goes on to say that to the public."

"Image, in the final analysis is the public's point of view, the mind about...no amount of journalism's larry is ever going to change that."

Badger faces suspension

Continued from page 3 Badger said that when he told Riehle he had used drugs, Riehle never said "implicitly or explicitly" that he was there as a friend of Badger, but that the informal and casual attitude of Riehle's seemed to indicate an air of friendliness.

"I was not aware that this admission would be used by the university in their prosecution," added Badger.

Badger's only recourse is to appeal directly to the Agnew, which he intends to do as soon as he can arrange an appointment.

Badger said that only under-graduate council was granted him, which excluded his studies. "This was a denial of due process," he said.

According to Badger, the University is not expected to remit him next fall after he being judged an "imminent danger."

Band concert set for Fri.

The Notre Dame concert band will present its annual spring concert at 8:15 p.m. (March 26) in the Athletic and Convocation Center. The concert is open without charge to the public.

Under the direction of Robert F. O'Brien, the 45-member band is presently completing its 23rd annual tour at 10 southern states and will return to the campus on Thursday.

Concerts include a classical overture, Broadway shows, marches, popular tunes, contemporary works, solos and ensembles, Latin American rhythms, and traditional favorites.

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Tom Ciaccio—A large contribution

by Bruce Kennedy
Observer Sportswriter

Tom Ciaccio came to Notre Dame as a wrestler. He didn’t intend to be swindled with outside activities but wanted to work toward his Arts and Letters Professional degree. Tom Ciaccio has completed his career at Notre Dame as a team captain and the winningest wrestler in its history. His 46 ND wins include a 9-3 final appearance as a Notre Dame victory against Marquette in his night, (March 25, 1971)."I didn’t intend to wrestle, but I got involved in the program at the end of my freshman year,” says Tom. “I had received a scholarship offer from some other schools, and Notre Dame was the only school I applied to that didn’t offer me one. I decided to concentrate on my wrestling career and the rest, so I came here to Notre Dame.”

But the four-time New York State Catholic Champion couldn’t stay away from his favorite sport. And after some kowaise problem with his shoulder, he made the starting lineup as a sophomore.

When Babe Ruth hit his 60 home runs, no one said, “Very nice. But I’d like to see him do it when Ed Walsh was pitching.”

The president in the chamber ran out to night, no one said, “Phooey! Back in the days of poor lighting and no backboards, he would have been able to get to double figures.”

When Joe Frazier won the heavyweight title, did anyone say “He would have been in the top ten in bare-knuckle days.”

And yet, when Ed Sullivan turned to the Forum, an athlete broke one of the most-balled records of sports and received from the crowd a sitting ovation, and his record went away enough to yawn. Some sensed the occasion to go out and get a beer.

The record says Philip Anthony Exposito is the best hockey player in the 53-year history of the National Hockey League. Few believe it.

The other in the rite of Doone Against the Kings, a group of ice skaters who might inadequately be described as “hapless.” Phil Espo slapped in his 59th goal of the season. Thin, at once, made him A 1) the highest single-season scorer in NHL history; B) the highest single-season scorer (goals plus assists) in league history.

A ticker-tape parade might be expected to follow. A call from President Nixon. An offer from Ed Sullivan, Hollywood, the Tonight Show. A perjury, aских.

Phil had trouble finding a ride home.

The trouble is, Hockey used to be a 6-man poker game between only old rival s who know each other’s play, counterfeited boldly, field mistakes to a minimum. No wild cards for them.

Tom and the ribbon guys in and the game became spit in the ocean, one-eyed Jacks wild, all hole-cards wild. Expansion diluted the imcomparable Bobby Hull and the incomparable Bobby Orr.

Expansion should be skating security in public rinks were playing defense for the same strings as Espo was, they weren’t buying the act.

When the Boston Bruins bought Esposito in a trade that was the University of Notre Dame’s 55-5 high school record in wrestling. Tom himself has accumulated a wide variety of techniques in his eight years of wrestling (which include sumo clinics during his high school years).

But now that his Notre Dame wrestling career is complete, he is looking for admittance to a medical school where he can continue his studies. Luckily, he managed to find time for both his wrestling and his work over the past four years, so let’s congratulate him.

When the Boston Bruins bought Espo in a trade that was the biggest mistake Chicago has made since they left the lantern under Athletic and Convocation Center.

The Boston Bruins acquired him not because they needed points but because they needed muscle. The word was that Espo could skate just well enough to keep from falling down but that anything that hit him bounced. As a Boston, Espo soon became the fed instead of the feeder. They had the incomparable Bobby Orr to skate backward and go get the puck and bring it up ice. Espo stationed himself like Chamberlain at the top of the key and slapped shots in. From force of habit, he continued . Mexico, Norway, Soviet Union, Cuba, Poland also may enter teams.

Norwegian officials have confirmed their participation from Algeria, Argentina, Australia, Austria, Belgium, Canada, France, Germany, Great Britain, Hungary, Italy, Luxembourg, Mexico, Norway, Soviet Union, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey and the United States.

The Soviet Union is defending champions, having won three of four individual events and the team title on home soil in Minsk, Russia last spring.

Junior competition is limited to seniors under age 23. Men will vie for individual titles in the foil, to his 120 points, amassing 126.0 plus assists.

The Soviet Union is defending champions, having won three of four individual events and expansion or not, the league monuments are well in arrears. He is still 522 lifetime goals behind fencers under age 22. Men will vie for individual titles in the foil, to his 120 points, amassing 126.0 plus assists.

The convention bureau of the Southeastern Conference has reached an agreement with the NCAA about handling all the more than 100 tournament officials who will accompany them to the United States. In attendance will be Pierre Ferré of France, International Federation of Fencing President, and Edgar D. Whitcomb, Governor of Indiana.

DeCicco explains, “We attempted to get the community involved. For instance, any ethnic group in the area, which desires to greet the team representing its land, can make arrangements by contacting my office (312-4589).

We hosted the NCAA championships last year and the International Federation of Fencing was so impressed with our facilities that they asked us to host the Junior World Championships.”

Irish split on coast

Notre Dame, Ind.—Notre Dame’s tennis team, fresh from an eight-game spring vacation trip through Southern California, will open its home campaign this weekend hosting the first annual Irish Indoor Invitational.

Southeastern Conference power Florida and Big Ten opponents Illinois, Michigan and Indiana will join Notre Dame in the four day tournament that should give an indication of the strength among teams in the Midwest. Florida has been placed for some time while both Michigan and Indiana are considered among the best in the Big Ten, said Irish coach Tom Fuller, who also hopes that his net squad will be able to challenge for national honors this year.

The Irish finished the Western swing with a 4-4 record that included set-backs to top ranked UCLA and fifth ranked Southern California, both by 9-0s.

Notre Dame vs Florida will meet at 3 p.m. Thursday at the Athletic and Convocation Center.

The remainder of the schedule: Florida; 12 p.m., Michigan vs Florida; 4 p.m. Notre Dame vs Indiana; 5 p.m., Illinois vs Florida; Saturday; 10 a.m., Michigan vs Notre Dame; 12 p.m., Indiana vs Florida; 4 p.m., Michigan vs Illinois; 8 p.m., Illinois vs Indiana; Sunday, 1 a.m., Michigan vs Indiana; 2 p.m., Notre Dame vs Illinois.

The matches will be scored as individual matches and a tour-