Student group wants "arbitration"

by John Abowd
Observer Assistant Editor

A group of independent students last night released a statement calling for arbitration of the Notre Dame St. Mary's merger problem by a delegated representative of the Roman Catholic Church.

"We feel that the Church has the clearest legitimacy in the dealings of both Notre Dame and St. Mary's," the statement said.

The proposal also called for:

- "the full Boards of Trustees of Notre Dame and St. Mary's to meet on campus during February or March of 1972 to discuss the possibility of renewing plans for merger. These meetings should be opened to student and faculty participation."

- "Financial operations at the present level of cooperation until a final decision is made. Women promised Notre Dame degrees should receive them."

The statement was signed by Don Mooney, Eric Andrus, Steve Flavin, Dan Sherry, Jerry O'Connor, and Jack Candon of the Student Union; Phil Michaels and Bob Welly, hall presidents; Joe Hotz, co-editor of the Scholastic; and Glen Corso, editor of the Observer.

"We felt independent action by students is good for the University and that the temerity of Notre Dame student government so far on this issue has been one of inaction," Mooney said in explaining why the students had not gone directly to student government.

"It is time," Mooney added, "for some type of action to be directed at the Notre Dame administration and not just at St. Mary's."

The statement notes what Mooney termed the "lack of specific information" available about the current situation.

"Until the facts are known, we must assume that at least half the blame must belong to the University of Notre Dame," the statement says.

The students plan to take the proposal to Fr. Hesburgh and Provost Fr. Jameron in the days ahead. Mooney said in addition to administrators they also plan to ask for student senate and hall presidents council, according to Mooney.

"As students of Notre Dame we feel an obligation to the present students of St. Mary's. They have been active members of this University's community. Many of them came to the University with the expectation of receiving a Notre Dame degree an education superior to and offered by an independent St. Mary's. Many students at Notre Dame feel these women should not be handed a non-Chartered..." the statement says.

"At the same time..." continues, "merger with St. Mary's offers a richer academic atmosphere to the University in the future."

If they have ND majors

SMC upperclassmen can win Notre Dame degrees

by Ann Therese Darim

St. Mary's upperclassmen currently enrolled in exclusively Notre Dame major departments will receive Notre Dame degrees, announced Mother Olivette Whelan, SMC Board of Trustee chairman at a student address Friday.

Four student representatives and four faculty representatives will be allowed to explain their position on the merger stoppage to the Board at its meeting, Dec. 18, Mother Olivette said.

Before introducing the trustee chairman, who flew from a Boston meeting of the Sisters of the Holy Cross specifically to address the student convocation, Kathy Barlow, student body president, announced an emergency meeting of the Board of Trustees had been requested.

Acknowledging the request, Sr. Alma Peter, acting college president, told Miss Barlow she had notified members Thursday night and was waiting replies Thursday night.

"At Notre Dame there is no opportunity for women," Mother Olivette said, defending the college's position. "They are not yet ready for them."

However, expressing the college's feelings, Mother Olivette emphasized, "there will be no change in the coeducation program for next semester."

She expressed disbelief that the St. Mary's Freshmen Year Office had denied freshmen the opportunity to schedule Notre Dame classes because the shuttle buses are too crowded. She said that if they wanted to, freshmen could sign up for all their classes at Notre Dame.

To substantiate this, Mother Olivette quoted Fr. Burtchaell, university provost, who was unable to accept the chairman's invitation to accompany her to the student convocation.

"While it was impossible for Fr. Burt­chaell to be here," she said, "he did send a message with me: 'There is absolutely no change for next semester. No fees..." instead, they requested a complete reorganization of the Board with equal representation for both schools."

She implored students to hold off "because we have some work to do as a group..." the women's group at Notre Dame's college before unification could be accelerated again.

SMC students disputed her statement, that "We can show some of the trends of where education can go and we can do this and we can influence Notre Dame, but not too quickly."

Describing Notre Dame as "very traditional..." amid much applause from the audience of 1100 students, she said "If we are content to stay in a traditional life, all right, this is a choice we make..." in the students, "It's within their power."
SG announces support of SMC student reactions

by Jerry Lutkus
Observer News Editor

A statement released last night in the name of the Notre Dame Student Government decried the "injustice" done to the students of St. Mary's and urged the University to give preference to SMC girls transferring into Notre Dame. The statement further asked the university to clarify their position on Notre Dame degrees for St. Mary's students. And it supported the strike action of the SMC students.

"It is quite apparent," the statement reads, "that the feelings and rights of the women at St. Mary's—particularly the Freshman—have been disregarded, and that they have been done a great injustice."

The release urges that the students of St. Mary's who apply for transfer should be given preference over "students applying for transfer from other schools". In a count conducted Thursday and Friday, approximately 600 St. Mary's students have filled out transcript forms in preparation for transferring, although not all of these students have applied to Notre Dame.

The statement also urges a clarification of the degree situation. "We specifically request that the Provost, in cooperation with the four College Deans and the Department Chairmen of all colleges clarify, before Christmas, precisely the details of Notre Dame's willingness to grant degrees to qualified St. Mary's students." (This same point was clarified specifically by Mother Olivette Whelan in her Friday press conference. See story top page one.) The stopping of the merger has created confusion in the minds of students and the statement asks that Notre Dame clarify the situation of the co-eds. Student Government feels that this is "crucial" to clearing up much of the confusion that the unmerger has caused.

The statement further decries the lack of information that has been supplied to the students, faculty, and many administrators. It also calls for more student aid in the decision making process.

"We believe the University must realize the importance of student input into the decision-making process and in the decisions themselves," the release reads, "Students make up a sizable segment of Notre Dame and to consistently ignore them and their elected representatives—even unintentionally—can only lead to a serious distrust of the community we purport to have here."

Notre Dame will hold this semester's final examinations from Sunday, December the twelfth through Saturday the eighteenth. Dean of Students Rev. James L. Riehle C.S.C. announced last night.

According to the Dean, students with conflicts in examination schedules or who through "emergency absence or illness" are unable to attend a final exam must report to the Office of the Registrar some time before the examination commences. The Registrar's office is located in room 215 of the Administration Building.

THE ARMY ROTC
TWO-YEAR PROGRAM

Applications are now being accepted for the army Rotc two-year program. If you are

SINCERELY INTERESTED in becoming an Army officer, apply now. Applicants must pass an interview by a board of officers, take and pass written tests, be medically qualified and have at least two years of academic work remaining (undergraduate or graduate).

Successful applicants will attend a six weeks summer camp (in lieu of the first two years of Rotc) and then be enrolled in Army Rotc for two years. They may attend any University or College offering Army Rotc. Upon completion of Rotc the students are commissioned as second Lieutenants in the United States Army. Dependent on the needs of the Army they may serve two years active duty and four years in the reserves, or three to six months active duty for training followed by seven and a half years in the reserves. Students being commissioned may attend graduate school prior to reporting for duty. A $100 PER MONTH SUBSISTENCE ALLOWANCE is provided while the student is enrolled in Rotc.

Students enrolled in Rotc have the opportunity to compete for the following programs:

A. Subsidized Medical schooling with full pay and allowances. (Two of our cadets commissioned in May 1971 are currently attending Medical school under this program).
B. Subsidized graduate study with full pay and allowances for two years.
C. Scientific and Engineering Graduate schooling for distinguished Military graduates.
D. Regular Army commission and a career in the Army.
E. Flight training.
F. Airborne school.
G. Ranger school.

To apply visit Army Rotc in the Military Science Building.
For information call: Lieutenant Colonel Lake at (219) 283-6264-65.
The faculty's own resolution, which was presented by the Executive Committee of Notre Dame's Academic Center, said in part that "the St. Mary's faculty assembly urgently requests an open meeting in order that the communities be able to assist in solving the problems preventing unification.

The meeting came after SMC Trustees Chairwoman Mother Olivette Whelan met with the Senate's Academic Affairs Council, which includes Messbarger, Dr. William R. Petley, Dr. Bruno Schlesinger and Dr. Clarence Dinerary.

In another, a soldier, seemingly unhurt, lay perfectly straight on his back, his eyes closed, as if in a coffin.

Indians overrun Pakistani troops.

The village of Jessore, sector, the Indian troops who greeted the Pakistani soldiers was outgunned and outnumbered.

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Indian troops, standing amid bodies, exhaled what was left of their oxygen to reach their next station, a forward position in the Jessore sector.

The Pakistani troops were being overrun by the Indian Army, which had been advancing for two days.

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Each bunker held two or three bodies. The Pakistani soldiers had abandoned them, most of the bodies were in a state of disintegration.

Mud huts with thatch roofs were scattered throughout the area, the Pakistanis' position was outflanked by the Indian Army.

In another, a soldier, seemingly unhurt, lay perfectly straight on his back, his eyes closed, as if in a coffin.
world briefs

(C) 1971 New York Times

UN: invite Bangla Desh reps?

United Nations, N.Y., Dec 5.—
The Security Council met for the second consecutive day today to discuss the India-Pakistan conflict and found itself immediately embroiled in a wrangle over whether to invite a representative of the insurgent Bangla Desh to address the council.

A decision was deferred after Yakov A. Malik, the Soviet Delegate, as the chief sponsor of the invitation to Bangla Desh, the East Pakistani autonomy movement, declared that he would not press for a vote now.

Malik made his concession after Carlos Ortiz de Rozas of Argentina pointed out that the Bangla Desh delegation in a letter to the council president had asked to be heard in the capacity of representatives of "the government" of Bangla Desh. The implication of Ortiz de Rozas was that the council could not possibly give Bangla Desh government status. Malik agreed that the matter needed further consultation.

ABU SSayeed Chowdhury, the leader of the Bangla Desh delegation, watched the council debate from the visitors' gallery. The meeting was delayed three-and-a-half hours as the delegates, in a mood of growing tension and frustration, sought to bridge the gap that had opened during the first meeting last night between the unconditionally pro-Indian position of the Soviet Union and the equally adamant pro-Pakistani stand of China.

The central issue in these consultations was whether the council should, or could, pass a resolution that would call for an immediate cease-fire in the in-dian subcontinent and for the withdrawal of Indian and Pakistani troops to their own side of the border.

The Soviet Delegate, Yakov A. Malik, was understood to have told his colleagues that he would vote against any resolution that included cease-fire and withdrawal calls. His vote as a permanent member of the council would constitute a veto.

Early this morning, during the first meeting of the council, Malik had in fact vetoed an American resolution calling for cease-fire and withdrawal as well as for the dispatch of a U.N.'s observer force if such a force was desired by the two governments directly involved.

George Bush, the American Delegate, made it clear during today's consultations that the U.S. could not vote for any resolution that did not include calls for cease-fire and withdrawal. Bush was under­stood to have received strict formal instructions to this effect from President Nixon, conveyed by Secretary of State William P. Rogers this morning.

Speaking informally to reporters between consultations with his colleagues, Bush con­fessed Pakistan to a "man who has his leg almost cut off."

"What you do in such a situation is put on a tourniquet," Bush added, explaining that this was the reason for the American insistence on cease-fire and withdrawal.

India clearly was "the major aggressor," Bush said.

The Chinese delegation, led by Huang Hua, the permanent representative, hardly took part in the informal consultations preceding today's meeting.

"Our position is no clearer than there is no need for consultation," a Chinese delegate said.

The Council today submitted a draft resolution that not only called for a cease-fire and withdrawal but included a clause "strongly condemning" India for "creating a so-called 'Bangla Desh' and for subverting, dismembering and committing aggression against Pakistan."

By the time today's meeting started at 6 p.m., delegates from several countries felt that only one draft resolution remained that still had a remote chance of being adopted by the council.

Moscow—The Soviet Union called Maoist communism a "utilitarian, pragmatic" ideology that puts the nationalistic interests of China above all. The analysis, an escalation in the ideological warfare between the Soviet Union and China, appeared in Pravda and seemed to reflect the Kremlin's analysis of the downfall of Lin Piao.

New York—A small foundation in New Brunswick, N.Y., that has distributed less than $5 million, mostly to hospitals in New Brunswick since it was formed in 1936 by Robert Wood Johnson, then the chief executive officer of Johnson & Johnson, disclosed that it had received more than $1 billion in securities from the estate of the late Mr. Johnson. Among foundations, only the Ford Foundation is now wealthier.

Washington—Sources familiar with the workings of the price commission said the body would rule this week that hospital charges can rise between 5 and 6 per cent and that doctors' fees can also rise, by perhaps 3 per cent. Hospital charges have been the fastest rising component of the cost of living over the past decade.

Pitt Club

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Wed. Dec. 8

7:30 p.m to 8:30 p.m

Room 2-D La Fortune

Christmas shop at your Golf Pro Shop "In the Rock"
-Golf balls - gift wrapped - Alpaca Golfing Cardigans
-Jantzen Golf shirts - Monogrammed Caps
-Munsingwear Golf Jackets - Novelty items
-Socks - Ski & Toboggan hats

ATTENTION NON-CATHOLICS

For all University students and faculty.
LISTS OF NON-CATHOLIC SERVICES IN THE NOTRE DAME AREA ARE AVAILABLE FOR THE ASKING AT THE CAMPUS MINISTRY OFFICE, ROOM 103 MEMORIAL LIBRARY. LIST INCLUDES PROTESTANT AND JEWISH CHURCHES, THEIR ADDRESSES AND SERVICE SCHEDULE OF EACH.

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THE STRON BREWERY COMPANY, DETROIT, MICHIGAN

I love Strong's Beer.
and petitioning, and namely that the proposed merger financially confirming what people financial and philosophical, and was directly involved."

was behind-the-throne',"... suggest,\n
"... power... guaranteed to, ... • South Bend, Indiana •... tilt 7:00 PM AQUINAS... WELCOME FREE PARKING. OPEN MONDAY & THURSDAY TIL: 7:00 PM AQUINAS BOOK SHOP 18717 BULLA ROAD SOUTH BEND, IN 46637 PH.: 272-1704 404 WEST WASHINGTON AVENUE • SOUTH BEND, INDIANA American's Largest Family Clothing Chain "... the power-behind-the-throne", Sr. Gerald Hartney, C.S.C., was visited by student leaders, who believed to be the first time in her experience at the college. The four girls who spoke with Sr. Ginger were visiting Sr. Cathy Hicks, Ann Shoemaker, and Grits Anderson, came away from the meeting with the conviction: at the time - that the merger had been staled by the fear of the nuns that they would lose control of the student groups under their jurisdiction. This contradicted the view that finances were not the stumbling block. Sr. Gerald also held to the "no comment" line when it came to affixing the blame. Thursday, the major happenings stopped, to be replaced by the intense, if hopelessly prolonged protest activity that involves tuition-withholding, transfer application, and negative recruitment. Still, the thrust of the activity was at the nuns and was called "their decision." Another pacifier was injected into the complex and situation when the chairman of the SMC Board of Trustees, Mother Odilette Whales, C.S.C. appeared suddenly on Friday to address the student body about statements which were received with little more enthusiasm than were Sr. Alma on Tuesday night. In short, the faculty of S. Mary's with some backing at Notre Dame, was moving towards a position of solidarity with the student's. Under the direction of Dr. Paul Meshberger, chairman of the SMC English Department, the faculty participated in the discussions held by the students and proposed a resolution to the Notre Dame Senate criticizing the secrecy of the circumstances surrounding the merger breakdown. During these attacks on the SMC administration, little has been said about the Notre Dame administration and its part in the failure of the merger talks. The reasons for this are three. First, many people actually believed that Notre Dame and the nuns were indeed the sole cause of the failure. Second, because the Notre Dame students are not directly involved in the breakdown, it usually assumed, not without some justification, that sufficient pressure could not be brought to bear on the Notre Dame administration. Thirdly, some people believe that Notre Dame is better off without SMC in the combination, particularly if the nuns ar going to be obstinate about it. The following day, the "power-behind-the-throne", Sr. Gerald Hartney, C.S.C., was visited by student leaders, who believed to be the first time in her experience at the college. 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However, as the saying goes, it takes two to tango and pressure is built to start at the Dome within the next few days. A difference will arise, however, in the two pressures. Since Notre Dame students are not directly and obviously affected - if they were, the rubble would be routed already - the activity will be directed more at the facts surrounding the merger and at the decision of Fr. Hesburgh and the top administrators than at the actual merger breakdown itself. And the infinitely larger question involved here is one of "who decides?" Students have long argued that they should make most, if not all, the decisions directly involving their lives, but their authority has always shifted all but the most aggressive protesting this area. The most recent issue was that of parietals, when over 600 students appeared at a Student Life Council meeting in opposition to a strict plan for enforcement of parietals. The Board of Trustees never gave in, but rather did the students, so the result is "discreet unenforcement," where few are caught and nobody cares so long as it isn't him. Apparently this sort of situation will continue as long as there is no uprising or "cause célèbre" to unbalance things. In addition to basic question of merger, however, other factors entered into the necessity for Notre Dame in whash, has thus far been "a Saint Mary's problem." At the joint Board of Trustees meeting at Key Boxcayne last Spring, the statement was made that the merger would be a "new Notre Dame," and not merely the collapse of one institution into the structures of another. In this goal, SMC student government leaders were one with their administration. But when it came time to work out the details it apparently seemed to the nuns as if the feared "collapse" were on its way. They could not accept, so they backed out of the merger entirely, or at least long enough to make the Notre Dame brass think twice. This theory, like most of the others, is largely speculation, since nobody will talk on the subject so far. The question that now arises is that of time. The semester ends in less than two weeks; for many, a good deal less. If the protest movement is allowed to continue without unsatisfied basic goals there is good question whether it will ever start up again in sufficient force. The expansion of the movement to SMC campuses in one week swamps the available pressure. It's fairly obvious that the two administrations have been playing for time after time, and an even worse thought is that they might actually get time to defuse student protest. Last week, week brought confusion to an already dimly lit scene. Th weekend brought chaos, and the week to come may bring worse. The two administrations have refused to talk and students - those whose lives are most directly affected - are left without explanation for the most important happening on this campus since the merger.
Amidst the babble of controversy, demagoguery, radicalism, foolishness, and idiocy that surrounds and now threatens to engulf the "unmerger" decision made just before Thanksgiving, a whole new set of rationales for the move are beginning to emerge as St. Mary's basis for suspension.

Two entirely different rationales have been repeated most frequently. One that contends that the Sisters of the Holy Cross have invested a great deal of time, money, material and human toil into St. Mary's and the offer tendered by Notre Dame for the use of the campus was simply insufficient - the second says that despite the rhetoric of the unification agreements conclude by both boards of Trustees, rhetoric claiming that a new institution would emerge from the unification of the two schools, which would take the best elements from both, the merger looked more and more like Notre Dame simply absorbing St. Mary's - taking what it wanted and casting the rest aside.

No hard information has come out supporting either contention. Sister Olivette Whalen, in her talk Friday, stated the latter reason as one thing that held up unification and rumors from highly reliable sources have supported the former.

Notre Dame, on the other hand, has been officially silent. Some highly placed administrators have hinted that St. Mary's asked an ungodly lease from Notre Dame for use of their campus, in order to pay off a myriad of mortgages against the school. Nothing has been released backing up the charge. There has been no response, official or unofficial, to St. Olivette's charges from the university.

What the actual reasons for "unmerger" are shrouded in mystery - a mystery apparently imposed by a joint agreement, an agreement made to minimize the backbiting and blame-fixing that was sure to come about.

So instead of announcements from each school flatly stating the reasons they believe to be the true ones for the "unmerger", vicious rumors are circulating both campuses, rumors that gossip mongers have used to cloud the issue, rumors have invited, are inviting and will continue to invite backbiting and blame-fixing.

The fact remains - a gross injustice has been done the St. Mary's girls - an injustice which has not been explained.

We think the students are entitled to that explanation. The Observer hereby officially extends an invitation to Sr. Alma Peter and Fr. Theodore Hesburgh, to send us, in a sealed envelope the reasons they believe to be the correct ones for the suspension of the merger.

We are ceasing publication on Wednesday, for the Christmas Holidays. On that day, if we have received the correspondence, we will print it.

Sr. Alma and Fr. Hesburgh - the move is now yours.

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Sr. Alma and Fr. Hesburgh - the move is now yours.
On the night of Saturday, August 21, 1971, FBI agents and Buffalo police in the old federal building in Buffalo, New York attemped to destroy draft records and remove files from the office of army intelligence. The agents, Maureen Condshine, Chuck Darst, Jim Martin, Ann Masters, and Jeremiah Horrigan were then interrogated by the FBI for five hours the next day before being removed to the Erie County Jail.

Arraignment followed later Sunday and the five were charged with theft of government property, destruction of government property, and committing a crime on a federal reservation.

Bail was set at $15,000 for Jim, Ann, and Maureen. Bail for Chuck and Jeremiah was $35,000 because they exercised their legal right to remain silent. Their bail was later reduced to $15,000.

At a pre-trial hearing on August 31, the five were ordered held for further action by the federal grand jury.

Indictments against the five charged of conspiracy, theft of government property, and burglary were announced by U.S. attorney general John Mitchell on Tuesday, September 21, 1971.

Arraignment on these charges was held in Buffalo federal court on October, Friday, October 1, 1971. The five entered this statement in lieu of plea which the judge accepted as a plea of not guilty.

The prosecution very difficult to enter a plea of "guilty" or "not guilty" to these charges - not the notion entering a plea necessarily bad, but because of the extraordinary times in which we live and the crucial circumstances surrounding our acts, it is no criminal act. Ours is a moral outcry aimed at those who, in the name of Law and Order, perpetuate such evils as war and poverty and prisons - namely the makers and sponsors of the law.

We want to say with our lives that we want to promote and preserve life, not death. And when one is trying to stop a crime, how does he enter a plea of guilty or not guilty? Our plea is to you to help stop this madness.

The Buffalo are continuing to address themselves to the compelling reasons which led them to act. They are continuing to say with firmness, vigor, courage, and sincerity that obedience to a higher authority has precedence over obedience to the state and the position of a respon­sible person today is in opposition to en­tertaining power.

J. Edgar Hoover and the federal government may believe that they have broken the conspiracy which led them to act. This includes the Catonsville raid, the Flower City Conspiracy, actions taken by the East Coast Conspiracy to Save Lives, the Harrisburg case, and now the recent Buffalo and Camden draft board raids. They have not yet realized that what they are up against is a movement, an idea that cannot be walled in and crushed by the tactics of electronic surveillance, prison terms, and fear of spies and informers. The movement stands for life and justice while the state is choking on its diet of death, racism, and fear.

The five brothers and sisters of The Buffalo actively stand for life, a stance for which the state will try to send them to prison. If the state succeeds, Chuck, Ann, Maureen, Jim, and Jeremiah will not be the ones locked inside of walls.

A community of support for The Buffalo is flourishing. People are gathering to share the five people the joy and anguish of coming months.

The Buffalo Defense Committee is not only organized for the purposes of raising money for The Buffalo's legal proceedings, but also for handling their speaking and publicity efforts.

The five people will be busy talking to groups of all kinds in the western New York area until their trial. They hope by confronting people on a personal human level an exchange of ideas and energies will occur. Their desire is to communicate with as many people as possible. The Buffalo's trial will be expensive and there's an urgent need for them to share their ideas. Legal costs are not inex­pen­sive in this society where it is a crime to be poor. Contributions should be made to The Buffalo Fund and sent to:

The Buffalo Defense Committee
124 Jewett Parkway
Buffalo, New York 14214


Arrangements for a rap session can be made by contacting the defense committee at the above address.

In most cases, they will pay about 25 percent of their new price. Fiction books are a flat 40 percent.

Secondly, Pandora's buys paperbacks. In most cases, they will pay about 20 percent of a book's retail price in cash or give 40 percent credit toward used books. For example, if you brought in paperbacks for five dollars and were offered $5.96, you could either be paid $1.00 in cash or given $2.00 credit toward used books.

Thirdly, Pandora's carries a fairly extensive collection of new newpapers, especially those of current interest to students. Books like The Teachings of Don Juan by Carlos Castaneda and the works of people like Brautigan, Vonnegut, and Mailer are of course available as new books when used copies cannot be located.

You should not be surprised to find that Pandora's has a just-published book you want - well in advance of any other bookstore in the area.

Pandora's also has a full selection of underground newspapers from around the country. You'll find quasi-establishment papers like the Village Voice and the Boston Phoenix as well as the L.A. Free Press, the Berkeley Barb, the Tribe from Berkeley, the L.A. Staff, the Seed from Chicago and South Bend's own River City Review, among others from New England, the South and the Midwest. Political newspapers like the Liberated Guardian, the Caliban paper Gramma, and the Daily Worker are also sold. Pandora's is also selling the Realist, The Black Panther, and The I. P. Stan's Bi-Weekly.

You'll also find a wide selection of literary and scholarly magazines at Pandora's. The magazine section in cludes those two organs of sexism, Playboy and Penthouse, as well as Psyche Today, Enquire, Playboy East, Ramparts and Evergreen. Pandora's also has a large number of underground comics like Zap, Greaser, and Yellow Dog. You can also buy rolling papers and pipes at Pandora's.

On Sunday you can get your copy of The New York Times at 1 p.m. They also have the Sun-Times, the Chicago Tribune and the South Bend Tribune on Sunday.

Pandora's Books wants to encourage people not only to come in to sell and purchase books, but to hang out, have a free cup of coffee or tea, and feel free to read their books and periodicals. They are open from 10 in the morning until at least midnight Sunday through Thursday, and from 10p.m. until at least 1 a.m. on Friday's and Saturday's. Their phone number is 203-232.

It is likely that a student could save up to a third of his total book cost by buying and ordering his books through Pandora's. In order to obtain fast service there is no charge but to use the long distance number they charge the customer a service fee to cover the phone calls necessary, about 25 cents depending on the number of calls that must be made. Therefore, if you wish to order next semester's books from Pandora's, it would be best to leave your list with them over the semester break and avoid the service fee.

The people are friendly and you won't find anything like it anywhere in South Bend.
Coalition of new voters headed by Julian Bond

by Jack Kelly

Three thousand student leaders from across the nation saw Georgia state representative Julian Bond elected co-chairman of the Emergency Conference of New Voters, at Loyola University in Chicago, this weekend.

Bond was elected so as to form a coalition between the National Youth Caucus, the Black Caucus, and the Women's Caucus, in order to maximize their strength at the 1972 Presidential Nomination Conventions, organizers claimed.

The conference was billed as "non-political" and, according to organizers, supposed to "show youths how they can elect a president who speaks to their hopes, rather than their fears, one who believes that honesty and not deception is the surest appeal to America's greatness."

Many Democrats

Most of the "names" attending the conference were Democratic, raising the complaint among some delegates that the conference was partisan, despite its billing. Among those attending were: Sen. Alan Cranston, Rep. Bella Abzug, Rep. Walter Fauntroy, Daniel Ellsberg, A.D.A. Vice Chairman Joseph Rauh and singer Peter Yarrow, all Democrats, and lone Republican Rep. Peter McCloskey.

"All I have seen here are Democrats," one delegate said, "I was under the impression that the kids would run this thing but I was mistaken."

The overall effectiveness of the weekend, organizers said, will not be felt until the slating of delegates at the respective nominating conventions. However some present did venture their opinions on the effectiveness of the meeting.

Former Rep. Allard Lowenstein, in an interview with the observer, said "this conference will create a greater political atmosphere to dump Nixon. I feel that Pete McCloskey will be a great help to our cause."

Daniel Ellsberg, who revealed the Vietnam Pentagon papers this past summer, felt "from this conference will emanate a kind of process, a decent process."

Notre Dame seniors Bill Eiler and Don Mooney, part of Notre Dame's delegation to the conference, were uncertain as to the effectiveness of the conference.

"There is a national spirit here, but if the coalition doesn't elect delegates, everthing goes down the drain," Eiler said.

"There is a lot of delusion of power here," Mooney, ND Social Commissioner said, "and a group like this will never have any power."

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Notre Dame Bookstore
India and Pakistan deadlocked

(Dispatch of the Times, London)

Rawalpindi, Dec. 5—Pakistan appears to have made no significant gains across the Western border with India in the two days since the start of full-scale hostilities began.

A military spokesman here today stated that Indian troops had penetrated into Pakistani territory and were advancing across the cease-fire line in Kashmir and said that the Pakistan Air Force had dropped counter-narcotites that Indians had attacked all along the border.

The Pakistan Air Force first crossed the border on Friday. The strikes against airfields and radar installations followed statements that Indian troops had attacked all along the border. The Pakistan Air Force did not reveal how many planes they destroyed on the ground or what other damage was done. A high official was quoted as saying that it was not yet proved, but “there was every reason to be satisfied.”

In one concern, attacks since then the Pakistanis have struck Indian airfields, including raids last night on Pathankot, Srinagar, Sialkot in the Punjab and Agra, over 400 miles from the border.

They have also made ground attacks against Indian troop and tank concentrations. The same statement that the only planes Pakistan has lost were two jets shot down in the vicinity of Deosai.

India appears to have made only limited sorties over West Pakistan, using between two and eight planes in any one attack.

The raids last night were concentrated on Karachi Harbor and airport, but there have also been attacks on the northern airbases of Peshawar, Sargodha and Skardu.

Pakistan, like India, has made no formal declaration of war. Pakistan has made a demand for a convening of the United Nations Security Council. Diplomatic sources here said that Pakistan’s attitude was that it would ask for the advice of the Security Council, based on consultation with individual members.

This morning, officials said, two Indian planes strafed the airport here, destroying a United Nations plane and a sporting aircraft belonging to the United States embassy.

In Rawalpindi there is now a total blackout the little traffic that is on the streets moves slowly and without lights in some parts of the city electricity is switched off automatically on the sounding of the air raid warning to ensure that no lights are visible.

Many cars have been camouflaged with mud and three limbs as protection against daylight raids. Families have been similarly covering the houses or makeshift huts or tents which they live.

Throughout the day and night there are fairly frequent air raid warnings. When they are given, people make for the slit trenches dug beside streets or next to houses.

Others ignore the sirens and stay where they are.

At the Intercontinental Hotel, residents including families evacuated from Lahore, have moved to the basement. There has been an absence of panic, during the daytime, life has been proceeding fairly normally. Most of the Indian planes flying high overhead are on their way to more distant targets, but there have been repeated bursts of fire from antiaircraft guns.

In the event of war, the general assumption here had been that the Pakistanis would seize a substantial chunk of territory before a cease-fire was imposed and then use it as a bargaining counter in subsequent negotiations.

The drawback to making thrusts across the Punjab or into Rajasthan is that even if the initial breakthrough was successful, there are no obvious defensible positions for them to hold. They would be exposed to counterattack and particularly in the case of Rajasthan, to the severance of their supply lines.

The most tempting prospect for the Pakistanis has always been Kashmir, which they have claimed since partition in 1947 and which has a majority Muslim population, but such an operation might give rise to considerable pressure to clear Indian positions.

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Dear Editor:

Tuesday there was hot water. I water in the last four mornings. Cross state a point made sympathy, nor even to elicit from. Rather, I would like to re­spect and understanding by the administration for the point of circumstances surrounding this unusual and amusing, in a per­telling are that Holy Cross Hall has been, more times than could be counted, because students seem to think the morning. The something less than a luxury. The about relative noted above, does not grow on trees. The amusing twist to this is more profitable to your readers than are fairy tales. The law school and the actual cir­cumstances of this particular unique and amusing, in a per­telling is that Holy Cross Hall has been, more times than could be counted, because students seem to think the morning. The something less than a luxury. The about relative noted above, does not grow on trees.

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THE OBSERVER

Monday, December 6, 1971

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

Dear Editor:

I submit for your evaluation two typical illustrations of how this policy is carried out. First, there are students who can well afford to attend the law school, but who, not being highly qualified students, even valedictorians, do not have any scholarships. Cross state a point made sympathy, nor even to elicit from. Rather, I would like to re­pect and understanding by the administration for the point of circumstances surrounding this unusual and amusing, in a per­telling are that Holy Cross Hall has been, more times than could be counted, because students seem to think the morning. The something less than a luxury. The about relative noted above, does not grow on trees.

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The Irish Eye

You blew it, ref!

Referees are both the savior and the bane of sport. It's impossible to control them, and not even the officials who play the game can escape their wrath. If referees were gentlemen, and not the participants, can be directly responsible for the outcome of any game. Their misjudgment can mean the difference between victory and defeat. Friday night at the Michigan Coliseum, the officials cost Notre Dame a game. And they were a contributing factor in Notre Dame's demise.

In general, knowledgeable fans must sympathize with the mercurial officials. What happens when five of the six officials drop their whistles and pick up fouls? Why do they do it? Why do they have to do it? Why does any sense of fair play orozoalize? Calling fouls and penalties in a fast-moving game is no easy task. Assuming control of a game and gaining the respect of the players is most difficult. Referees have been known to say that they have a right to blow their whistles if they so choose and that the game is over when they do. But there is never an excuse for an official failing to make a call that he, or she, believes, should have been made. Gilray, a veteran official, admitted that he, too, was aware that the goal should have been permitted to stand. Gilray claimed he never blew his whistle and Irish officials are forbidden to call fouls.

What happened in the next second and a half is hard to believe. It happened in front of referee John Egart, who had 26 points against Caroll, hit for one. Novak had his old glasses back on for the second half but didn't do him any good as he made 4 for 22 for the game. Starting forward Wally Schultz departed at 15:30. Tom Hoerl, who had 26 points, hit a three point shot with 10:50 remaining to put the Irish into a slow-down offense but ND brought it back to the 65-59 deficit.

Baskets by Egart and Novak, some Valpo turnovers, and a falling away jumper by Billy Townsend helped push the Irish into a 12-point lead. Valpo came right back to make it 71-65 at 3:02, but a running hook by Novak and a tip-in by Stevens ended the threat.

Jim Donaldson

Icers drop 2 at Michigan

by Jim Donaldson

It was a frustrating weekend for the Notre Dame hockey team. Valpo lost the first game of the series in Grand Forks, Minnesota and Irish shooters had trouble scoring. Irish forwards dusted off the old game plan and the Irish played at a high tempo on Saturday. Notre Dame's defense was a bit off pace and more puck control was needed. The Irish fans were disappointed and the Irish fans were disappointed.

The Wolverines posted a 6-5 play thereafter. Bucky Straub tied the score early in the third stanza but the Irish got a break when Donnelly's 25 foot slap shot by Bagnell without a screen went in. It was a gift goal, largely controlled by Jim Donaldson and a few former South Bend St. Joe Crusaders rallied to cut the lead to 62-61 at 15:50 despite continuing to pile up fouls. This half, however, the Irish forwards did most of the fouling so no Irish official was penalized.

With their first string undisciplined and unwilling to score, Valpo turned to reserves Gus Hauberg and Buck List who combined for 16 second period points. Valpo and Valibus each scored 10 points and Stevens led the Irish with 13 points and 10 rebounds.

Michigan had a poor shooting percentage from the field, but the Irish had their own problems. ND had a poor shooting percentage from the field, but the Irish had their own problems.

Noval had a superb outing: 13-22 from the floor, 4-4 from the line, 6 points and 9 rebounds. Irish forwards played the second half, had 15 points and Stevens had 13 rebounds. Everyone Val本文中没有提取出有效的结构化的数据。
It's the same way everywhere

By Sue Oldeshave
The following is a commentary on the Loyola conference. It does not necessarily reflect the opinion of the Observer.

This past weekend, Loyola University in Chicago was the site of an inaugural conference for New Voters with representation from the universities, and minorities such as the woman's coalition, the Chicano community, etc. Theoretically, it was a shame that the observer, with the spirit they have shown in the past, could not have sent a large delegation to spread their enthusiasm and dedication to change the traditional status quo at St. Mary's has adhered to in the past 125 years. Coincidently, the ideology on which the Conference was based is identical to that which the students at St. Mary's formulated and initiated for its acceptance last week. Both aim to enter into a coalition in order that the majority in either situation, the students and faculty and the citizens of the U.S., may have a leadership who employs its energies to conform to the majority hopes and not their fears and who believes that the acceptance of new people, whom they are members of that community or nation.

The Conference declared that support would be given only to those Presidential candidates who are dedicated to making necessary changes so that the hopes of the American people may be fulfilled. St. Mary's isn't doing the same thing.

Another purpose of the conference, in terms of the girls of St. Mary's, "to end the deceptive lies," by national leaders. Isn't it ironic how the correctness of politicians is criticized, yet the Trustees seem to play by the game, "do as I say, not as I do." Would you elect one of our Trustees President of the United States?

The Conference also stated that one of its goals was put on an end to the discrimination and repression which now prevails, and the high rate of unemployment.

Because of the courses the past school administrative buildings have followed, the significance of the United States have developed a new system. This same situation of distrust is present. The old government administration of both have not produced results which place faith in their prestigious words. Isn't it a farce seeing that misfortune and not losing its full confidence that the women of St. Mary's should break its walls of status quo can be changed. The mistrust has not led to a complete repression which now prevails, and the high rate of employment.

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