Mayor of $76,000 inflationary pressure caused the University budget to jump from a 1968-69 scale.

Across the snow covered province, the mood among the Roman Catholic minority was one of sullen fury. Seven Catholic priests in Londonderry accused the British Army of a "mass murder." And John Hume, a Catholic leader, called yesterday's incident "A cold blooded massacre."

Early today the two wings of the Irish Republican Army spoke with one voice and vowed vengeance on the British Army for the "Mass murder of 13 innocent people." IRA leaders of the Provisional Wings said at a secret news conference in Londonderry that "there will be reprisals, without any shadow of doubt."

Fr. Wilson wrote in the recently released annual report: "I have little sympathy for the Catholic minority. The army and the Catholics pointedly defended themselves in the aftermath of the worst single incident since the civil rights struggle began in August, 1969. When the Catholic minority began its campaign for equal job opportunities, better housing and voting reforms. According to witnesses, the Killings occurred when more than 10,000 civil rights marchers came up against a British army barricade to William Street in The Bogside, a Catholic area, of Londonderry. Leaders of the march ap-

pealed for calm as the demonstrators turned and surged toward a street called "Free Derry Corner," where the organizers planned to hold a protest meeting.

Some observers said that a few bottles, paving stones and chair legs were thrown at the troops manning the barrier. Army officials said the troops were attacked with bombs and bullets—and then moved through the barricades.

Wilson suggested that ND "are going to be cutting back with the things it does under-graduate tuition increases," he added. "We were getting expenditures under control.,"

This year an initial of $300,000 was made to the unemployment insurance fund. Wilson predicted that the practice would cost one and a half million dollars over five years.

Can't pass on costs

Solutions to the financial pinch are not easy to find. Manufacturing firms can pass almost all increasing costs on without losing market share, but the university has "almost reached the limits of the things it can do," the Vice-president continued.

Wilson suggested that ND would probably use "strict academic priorities" in attempting to bring the rising cost problem under control.

Many major universities are facing the same problem of runaway cost. Princeton, for example, has publicized its austerity budget which would reduce spending a million dollars.

Measures include raising undergraduate tuition $300, trimming athletic expenditures, firing employees and limiting use of the University computer.

IRA vows "reprisals"

Killings awaken Ulster terror

by Bernard Weinsraub

Belfast, Northern Ireland Jan. 31-

Stunned by the killing of 13 persons in Sunday's civil rights demonstration in Londonderry, Northern Ireland was torn today by protests, bombings and terror.

The Federal Government could not agree to the rescue. Although Wilson said that Nixon's Phase II programs have not eased the pressure, he added that Congress is seriously con-

suming "across the board aid" to colleges.

"In the meantime" he added, "we must do everything possible to maintain a balanced budget with or without government aid."
**Bengal-Bihari fighting enters third day**

by Sydney H. Schanberg

(C) 1972 New York Times

Daaca, Pakistan, Jan. 31 – At shooting between Bengalis and non-Bengalis continued for a third day, in Daaca, the prime minister, Sheikh Mujibur Rahman, offered forgiveness today to the non-Bengalis, many of whom had come from South Pakistan and were part of the Pakistani army, but threatened force if they did not surrender their arms immediately.

The two heavily non-Bengali neighborhoods, where the fighting is taking place — Bihari and Mithamder — remained under a 24-hour curfew, with a cordon around them. As many as 30,000 people continued to search for arms and the non-Bengalis continued to fire on them and other Bengalis.

The Indian army, whose victory over the Pakistani occupation army here last month helped establish Bangladesh, the nation proclaimed by the Bengali secessionists in East Pakistan, was being kept in reserve, to be moved in if needed. Both Indian and Bengali officials said that some of the shooting in the non-Bengali areas was being done by Pakistani soldiers who had gone into hiding there in civilian clothes rather than surrender with the rest of the Pakistani forces on Dec. 16.

With soldiers barred from the areas, the picture of the fighting remained confused and no exact figures were available on casualties. But a check of hospitals indicated that the Bengali casualties must be in the scores, with at least 20 dead. There are no figures on the non-Bengali casualties, for they are being treated in their neighborhoods.

Sheikh Mujib had given the non-Bengalis until 1 P.M. today to turn in their weapons, most of which were given to them by the Pakistani army during its nine months here. Today was also the deadline for the surrender of arms by the Bengali guerrillas, who fought for independence and received most of their weapons from the Indian government.

These guerrillas have turned in part, but not all, of their large arsenal, and the non-Bengalis — who are known as Biharis — have not voluntarily turned in any. It was from the Biharis that the Pakistani army drew the greatest number of collaborators. Together, they were estimated to have killed at least a hundred thousand Bengalis during the crackdown, an effort to crush the Bengali autonomy movement. The homes of some of the Bengali victims still lie scattered at execution sites in the Bihari neighborhoods.

At a symbolic arms surrender ceremony this afternoon at the Dacca Stadium — during which a supposedly elite Bengali guerrilla contingent turned in some of its weapons — Sheikh Mujib told the crowd of about 40,000 that “we can forgive” the Biharis. “I don’t want you to kill these people,” he said, “regardless of what they have done to us. But they must give up their arms. If they don’t, the arms will be taken by force.”

The Prime Minister also appealed to the Urdu-speaking non-Bengalis who have always identified with West Pakistan and the Pakistani army. “In the name of Allah,” he said, “learn the Bengali language, become Bengalis and learn to live here. Your safety will be guaranteed.”

He praised the guerrillas for their restraint in dealing with the non-Bengalis and again promised that those who collaborated with the Pakistanis would be brought to trial.

The arms surrendered at the stadium today included huge sites of boxed ammunition, grenades, machine guns, a few mortars, a recce rifle and a small antiaircraft gun.

Most of the firing today was harmless, but there were some accidents. Four guerrillas wounded by stray bullets were being treated in the late morning in the emergency room of the Dacca Medical College Hospital. Elsewhere in the hospital were many of the casualties from the firing in the Mirpur section. One wounded Bengali soldier confirmed that a fairly large Bengali contingent — about 150 policemen and soldiers — had been surrounded by non-Bengalis in Murpur last night and had broken out only after suffering a number of casualties.

He said that in his platoon of 25, one man was killed and five wounded. Other patients gave similar accounts.

All the wounded at the hospital said that Pakistani troops in civilian clothes were among those who fired at them. They said the Pakistanis used 2-inch mortars, machine guns and grenades.

--

---

**New York Times**

Tuesday, February 1, 1972

**The Observer**

by Iver Peterson

(c) 1972 New York Times

Saigon, Jan. 31—After nearly a week of talks with field commanders, Gen. William C. Westmoreland said today there was “every indication” that the North Vietnamese were preparing for a major offensive in South Vietnam in February.

Westmoreland, the U.S. Army Chief of Staff, said he expected the offensive to consist of several phases, with the fighting centered in the northernmost provinces and the central Highlands, but perhaps also on the coastal plain in the vicinity of the port city of Qui Nhon.

He added that he felt U.S. and South Vietnamese forces were well prepared and that they had “a great deal of confidence that they can handle any forthcoming enemy initiative.”

Westmoreland, who spoke at a news conference in the U.S. command headquarters, was the latest in a series of high-ranking American and South Vietnamese officials to predict an offensive coinciding with the approach of Tet, the Lunar New Year, on Feb. 15 and President Nixon’s trip to China beginning Feb. 21.

Shortly after the general’s news conference, a spokesman for the United States Embassy announced that Ambassador Ellsworth Bunker would leave tomorrow for the Yamagata prefectural capital of Sendai.

The spokesman would not comment on whether, the consultations would concern the possible offensive, which Bunker has also predicted, or Nixon’s visit to China. But the timing of the ambassador’s departure suggested that those two issues would be on his agenda.

American and South Vietnamese headquarters, meanwhile, reported continued activity in the regions where the offensive is expected.

U.S. officials reported saturation bombing by B-52 bombers in the central highlands, and on both sides of Vietnam’s border with Laos and Cambodia and just below the demilitarized zone between North and South Vietnam.

The South Vietnamese reported destroying three of four enemy tanks sighted near the highlands capital of Da Nang.

The North Vietnamese have rarely used tanks in South Vietnam, but for the last few weeks the South Vietnamese have been reporting enemy armored movements in the highlands.

**Now, every Notre Dame fan can share in the glory.**

Stun the Army with Rockne. And agogize with Ara Parseghian, as USC topples the Fighting Irish.

Sweep around end with Hornung. And get close to the action with Lujack and Layden, Frank Tripucka and Kevin Hardy and Dipi.

This is where you can do it. In the 320 exciting pages of The Glory of Notre Dame.

Many of America’s greatest sportswriters—from Grantland Rice to Jimmy Breslin and Roger Kahn—have written their most brilliant and colorful pieces about Notre Dame’s spectacular football record and its legendary players and coaches.

Now, twenty-two of these memorable articles, which originally appeared in Sport Magazine, are collected for the first time in this one handsome volume. It’s another big win for Notre Dame. And for you. Order your copy today.

**The Glory of Notre Dame**

Intrigue and excitement.

Edited by Fred Katz
32 black and white and color photographs

**$6.95**

**THE HAMMES BOOKSTORE**

3605 North Clark Street

Chicago, Illinois 60613

**THE HAMMES NOTRE DAME BOOKSTORE**
Fr. Brennen honored with Sorin Award

Awarded by Alumni Board

The Alumni Board of Directors, this past weekend voted unanimously to bestow the Sorin Award upon Fr. Thomas Brennen, professor of Philosophy.

The award, the highest honor the Alumni Association can bestow on any person, was given to Fr. Brennen for the "distinguished service" he has given to the University.

The award was presented Saturday by the members of the board to Fr. Brennen at his bed in the infirmary.

Fr. Brennen was born in 1898 in Purdue, Indiana. He received his doctorate from the Gregorian University. He was ordained a priest in 1920 and taught here at Notre Dame until his retirement this year.

The alumni board also voted to ask the University to continue to give the Campus Ministry institutional and budgetary support, in recognition of the work the Campus Ministry did that initially suggested the merger to the Board two years ago.

Regarding the present situation on the merger, the Board voted to change the name of the ND-SMC Alumni Committee on Unification to a committee of cooperation between the two associations. Presently, the Pooria Alumni Club has an SMC alumna as its president.

The purpose of the Board meetings this weekend was to familiarize and acquaint the new old members of the board to University policies. During the weekend the Board heard speeches from Fr. William Toohey, Director of Campus Ministry, Fr. James Burtchaell, University President and Fr. Theodore M. Hesburgh's annual State of the University Address.

The Board also welcomed Dr. John Kungren as the new President of the Alumni Association, and other board members which included Coley O'Brien, former ND football star.

The text of the award given Fr. Brennen follows:

To Thomas Brennen, CSC
We make this award to you in behalf of the 45,000 alumni, the hearts and minds of many of whom you have touched.

You have embodied all the virtues the Notre Dame Alumni esteem. You have truly been the priest-teacher to whom generations of students have turned for knowledge, compassion, warmth and love. You have been a noble man which we strive to create.

The greatest of Notre Dame reflected an abiding concern not only for the greatness of his school but for the youth who were charged him. In that cherished tradition you importantly contributed to producing an unparalled man. A great teacher is one who knows and who can communicate, the greatest teacher is one who exemplifies and you have all been of these.

You are known to Alumni in every walk of life and in the most remote corners of the world. You are known and cherished not just as a teacher but as a man who combined the high virtues and sacred purposes of the priesthood with warmth and concern for all the youth of Notre Dame.

We honor you today on this your premature retirement as a Notre Dame man unexcelled.

We honor you as educator, as counselor, and as a friend. We know you most importantly as the priest teacher.

Alumni Board of Directors recently gave an ND professor their highest award. (Fr. Toohey addresses the board...see page 12.)

Alumni Board of Directors recently gave an ND professor their highest award. (Fr. Toohey addresses the board...see page 12.)

The text of the award given Fr. Brennen follows:

To Thomas Brennen, CSC
We make this award to you in behalf of the 45,000 alumni, the hearts and minds of many of whom you have touched.

You have embodied all the virtues the Notre Dame Alumni esteem. You have truly been the priest-teacher to whom generations of students have turned for knowledge, compassion, warmth and love. You have been a noble man which we strive to create.

The greatest of Notre Dame reflected an abiding concern not only for the greatness of his school but for the youth who were charged him. In that cherished tradition you importantly contributed to producing an unparalled man. A great teacher is one who knows and who can communicate, the greatest teacher is one who exemplifies and you have all been of these.

You are known to Alumni in every walk of life and in the most remote corners of the world. You are known and cherished not just as a teacher but as a man who combined the high virtues and sacred purposes of the priesthood with warmth and concern for all the youth of Notre Dame.

We honor you today on this your premature retirement as a Notre Dame man unexcelled.

We honor you as educator, as counselor, and as a friend. We know you most importantly as the priest teacher.

Alumni Board of Directors recently gave an ND professor their highest award. (Fr. Toohey addresses the board...see page 12.)  

Alumni Board of Directors recently gave an ND professor their highest award. (Fr. Toohey addresses the board...see page 12.)
Ocean V2

I!

complained of a constantly bad

his illness was diagnosed. He
taste in his mouth. After tests in

Mayo

have already donated blood.

Manufacturing

them with a benefit card party.
members of the family and his

couple as

coordinator.

off"

work. Mrs. Spitaels labeled the

sponsored by the Non-Violence

termed

issues."


One o!

adv adm~

epis
t~rcut~

m~

ulcering

n~

ar

"•

ec~

\,~

ew

es.

\,~

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.

es.
There is almost unknown by the student bodies of Notre Dame and St. Mary's another "Minority" on campus. But unlike other minorities, these people do differ physically since they lack the sense of sight -- but that is the only difference.

Also unlike most minorities, the blind are not covered by the Federal Civil Rights Act, however, a state "Model White Cane Law" has been accepted in 21 states since its origination in 1966.

There are four undergraduate and one graduate blind students at Notre Dame and St. Mary's. There is also one blind professor on the Notre Dame faculty. This is the largest number of blind students to be at two institutions at any one time.

Mark Maurer, a blind sophomore, besides taking classes at ND, is President of the National Federation for the Blind, Student Division. As such, he has to deal with the problems of the 1.500 blind students across the nation (there are an estimated 400,000 to two million blind people in the U.S. today).

Professor Stephen Rogers, on the General Program and Comparative Literature faculties, has been with Notre Dame for eleven years. Jim Grimes is a second year law student at the University.

As can be evidenced by these three people, the blind are a vital part of the Notre Dame community. Admission standards for the blind are the same for sighted students. Grimes said the admissions board knew of his blindness and had accepted him on the basis of his academic merit. His basis for a scholarship was also on that of academic abilities.

"Readers" are a necessary tool for the blind on any campus. Notre Dame does not fund any special program for readers but leaves that responsibility to the individual. Prof. Rogers, who utilizes two student readers, says that they are paid a "mere pittance" of their worth. Maurer has readers from the ND - SMC community. Bed-Case volunteers give of their time for Jim Grimes. "You have to have the readers," said Grimes, "but we also make use of tape recorders and what Braille material is available."

Maurer likes the idea of having to take the initiative at Notre Dame to get your own readers. "It is not good (for a University to provide readers and special programs for the blind) since it provides me the opportunity to work for myself and to get help myself," Maurer stated.

Notre Dame also does not provide any special programs for the blind and Maurer agrees with this idea. "People should not try to be specifically helpful to blind people because it probably will not help them in the long run," he said referring to types of rehabilitation programs at universities such as Hawaii and Illinois.

Prof. Rogers agrees with Maurer, "The individual must meet his own needs but the University does make allowances whenever possible." For his own duties as a teacher, Rogers said that he is, "expected to perform like everyone else in his department." However he favored special rehabilitation centers which are set up for all the handicapped in many states to help prepare a student who has sufficient qualifications and desire to get into a college.

Grimes said that there is a great deal of work expected of him like all law students and that he has adjusted to the problems associated with doing this work. "Misunderstandings hurt. As far as problems concerning this completion of work, Grimes said the main problem is that people do not understand about the blind and are indeductive about "not doing enough vs. doing too much, so consequently many do nothing."

Maurer also feels that a lack of understanding is at the root of the problems of the blind and the prejudices against them. "few hate the blind but due to a lack of understanding, discrimination may be as great or greater than that of racial prejudice," Maurer added. Rogers said that, "there are no sensational statements to be made about the blind. Intelligent people on the whole are easy to get along with." However, he added, "People in the outside community are discriminated against more than here."

Grimes said though that he would like Notre Dame to increase their tapes and Braille materials for the blind as, in fact, all universities should. "There have been improvements and considerations," he added.

The greatest problem the blind have had to face here -- and everywhere for that matter -- seems to be that of acceptance. Grimes said that there is "no way to make someone like you. Be yourself and hope people will accept you. Adjust to the situation and hope the people will adjust to you." Maurer said that, "I do not mind being known as a blind guy, because that is what I am, but I am also a person."

Kenneth Jeravigan, President for the National Federation of the Blind, stated in a report to the Iowa Commission for the Blind, "The real problem of blindness is not the loss of eyesight. The real problem is the misunderstanding and lack of information which exist. If a blind person has proper training, and if he has opportunity, blindness is only a physical nuisance."

ATTENTION!
Dr. Thompson (Asst. Dean - A & L) Will Discuss THE DRAFT, LOTTERY And YOU Tues., Feb. 1st Farley Hall Chapel - 8:00...
PUBLIC SERVICE - FARLEY ACADEMIC COMM.
Give blood

Multiple myeloma is one of those diseases that are found in the catalogues of obscure ills which afflict mankind, ills that force men to give up their jobs and depend on machines for their life.

Camil Geurs, a South Bend resident, has multiple myeloma. That disease has affected the blood making capacity of his bone marrow and paralyzed his kidneys. As a result he is out of work and has to depend on a kidney machine to live. He could get a kidney transplant, but only if the blood condition disappears. In addition Mr. Geurs needs blood and lots of it. He requires a pint of that precious fluid every other week.

Family, friends and co-workers have all contributed to helping keep Mr. Geurs alive. But out of work and faced with tremendous medical costs—totaling over $15,000 so far—has put a severe strain on Mr. Geurs and his wife.

Blood costs $50 a pint, that's $50 that the Geurs have to come up with every other week, along with money for the kidney machine, and money to pay for visits to the Doctor and the like.

Central Blood Bank Inc. has agreed to give Mr. Geurs his pint of blood every other week, provided it is replaced with a donated pint. If only 50 Notre Dame students donate blood, then Mr. Geurs can get the rights for 100 weeks of the precious fluid. The Central Blood Bank is located at 204 West Bavarre St. That street is behind Memorial Hospital, that's the one on Michigan Avenue with the addition going up. Mr. Geurs needs the blood to live. Most people won't even miss a pint. Go to the blood bank and give up a pint; you never know when you could be in the same spot.

Guess which hall

The big game of "Guess what hall is going to get nailed?" is starting to sweep across the campus, after Student Body President John Barkett announced that the decision on which dorm is going to house co-eds will be made this week.

The residents of the hall eventually chosen will be mad and not without some reason. All the various verbiage expended about hall life has not been without effect. There is, among some students, a strong feeling of attachment to their place of residence, a feeling that has some merit. But you can't have women on campus without having an entire hall turned over to them. As desirable as the concept is, Notre Dame is not yet ready to house women and men on the same floor, or the building. In fact, Notre Dame probably won't be ready for it for a long time.

So the residents of one hall will be turned out in the snow, so to speak. It will be a bitter blow, but not one without some consolation. There will be women inhabiting one of the residence halls, Notre Dame will at long last be co-educational and more importantly a better place to live. With all that possible, how cold can a few flakes of snow be?

Tom Bornholdt
Math and the Merger

In the recent paroxysm over the status of the merger, a great many words were uttered. Few of these managed to form logical phrases. Of these a remarkable few were transformed into logical sentences. So on down the line, a geometrical progression of the most unfortunate sort. Yours truly searched through this N-Space of irrational formulas to find a more able to find a logical speech than the Magnetic Monopole or the Holy Grail.

One of the big stumbling blocks found in a good many tirades was the lack of "equal responsibility". Like a scratched record, the animated mouths of the SMC student government babble forth this phrase, evidently promising themselves to analyze its meaning in the next leap year ending in seven.

As a phrase, Equal Responsibility is meaningful, however. It was only in the way it was used with others that reason was folded spindled and mutilated. Equal Responsibility, as then used, meant that the "fault" for the failure of the merger rests equally with the two unions of SMC and Notre Dame.

The fault with a good deal of Equal Responsibility Theorems as they were promulgated, was that they talked about blame, without first trying to find the reason for it. To speak about responsibility for failure to agree, and to ignore the issues of the disapproval is a strange type of ethics. That is, Equal Responsibility is only a statement of the obvious. If it is taken to mean: When two parties disagree, each is equally to blame, since each party chose to agree with the other.

But the Bubble of Rabbie meant more than a statement of the obvious. They meant that both campuses had done an equal "wrong". There is the notion that make all human disagreement a mortality, and no matter what the issues involved. One need not spend a semester in a course in ethics to see the problems in that. Negotiations are an attempt to reconcile these differences in a human desires. To talk about the negotiations and to ignore the right and wrong of the two opinions is patently absurd.

To illustrate, consider two very possible causes of trouble during the negotiations, money and student life. From various sources of information, it seems that the dear Sisters desired that Notre Dame pay them a certain sum of money each year on the pretext of "renting" St. Mary's buildings. As a cause of disagreement, the problem becomes "Is this demand reasonable?". If one says yes, the next question comes: How large a sum is reasonable? Obviously $1,000,000,000,000,000 is ridiculous, while $2,000 would be more than reasonable (money doesn't grow on trees). We can't agree, for as you know, a large SMC extortion fee would take needed funds away from the quality of life of Notre Dame students. A demand by the SMC, on the other hand, is a sticky one that deserved much attention and discussion before a student, even an SBP, could intelligently say who was wrong in the failure of the merger.

Even more interesting is the problem of student life. It is very possible that the SMC negotiators desired the administration of the merged university be drawn so that the present SMC Administration Cloque would have the deciding say over the SMC student life matters.

It is very reasonable that there are a great many St. Mary's who are horrified at the prospect of their innocent girls being corrupted by the irresponsible laxity of Notre Dame regulations. It may be no coincidence that Dear Sister Alma slashed away a parietals proposal just a few weeks before the merger impasse was announced. If she felt so strongly about the matter, wouldn't parietals be a bone of contention with Notre Dame? Would she not be scared that the administration of Notre Dame could not maintain for long, a double standard of rules with regards to men and women at a unified Notre Dame? In fact, Notre Dame women is ludicrous and unlikely (nowadays those two words are not exclusive). And it is almost certain that next year's Notre Dame women will not have to suffer the wisdom of Sister Mary Hickey, R.S.M., C.S.C.

There are many other issues involved in the merger. Each involve a value judgement before one can talk of right and wrong in the disagreement. It Miss Barlow does really believe all human disagreements are equally wrong without regard to the issues, then she should tell Missy first.
The following story is a reprint of a story that appeared in the National Observer on February 11, 1972.

When Ed Stefankiewicz reported for the night shift in the lockup on the first floor of Baltimore police headquarters, he was advising the officer on duty on the second floor who was talking to the cells in 2. So when he noticed after midnight that Cell 2 was unlit, he opened the gate to the front row -- where warning signs had been posted and are usually kept -- and walked the few steps to the second cell. In the shadows he saw a hole in the bars, and at the corner some garbage. He pulled the garbage out of the hole and noticed a pair of forearms jutting through the bars. He tried to see what was in the arms, but they disappeared quickly.

"You all right?" the turkey asked. The naked man glanced at him, he recalls, but said nothing.

The burly jailer returned to his desk, and busied himself with paper work for the next few minutes. Then, still wondering about the strange, curious behavior, he decided to take another look. What he saw when he got to Cell 2 this time Ed Stefankiewicz avows he will never forget. This is how he tells it:

In the darkness of the night, change more than potentials of that night, however. Nothing in the picture he had seen of the Apostle Paul. Stefankiewicz retains is of torn eyeballs sockets. only in front of the eyelids. A moment's chillings revelations:

"This is the doctor who couldn't repair must be done. It's practically impossible nowadays for even a veteran "head" to be sure of what he's buying.

"A potent drug known as PCP, marketed legitimately as 'anesthetic' and analgesics for animals, is being produced by underground laboratories, and foisted upon unwitting young buyers as everything from an "aphrodisiac" to "tranquilizer."

"There are widespread misconceptions among police and hospital personnel about the use of PCP. Doctors are watching many "drug cases" can exaggerate reactions from some drugs, especially psychotic effects."

At Hopkins Charlie was an erratic student, nominally majoring in philosophy but auditing more and more courses just because they interested him. He turned on to marijuana and radical politics, and gravitated into Baltimore's drug-oriented society. He split to San Francisco for a spell, and returned to Baltimore last year considering himself a permanent resident.

"What is it, Charlie?"

"Nothing, Doc, just glad to see you."

"I'm the drug."

"I'm not sure that's what the big trouble was."

"That's one reason for hope that a drug like this could be used."

"The morphine and heroin, too, are kept in the counterculture. One woman in the Wayne Institute study stayed in a prolonged state of consciousness."

"But it never has."

"You're right."

"You're wrong."

"I don't get it."

"What did Charlie eat?"

"Officer Dennis reported that all the way to the station Innes repeated slogans:"

"PCP. LSD. Peace. Right On.

"It's been taken from the inmates and put into a pipe, then smoked, and released the next morning at about 10:00 a.m., along with possession of marijuana. In the back yard that evening, he bolted into the house, grabbed a 35-mm. film can, and swallowed its contents.

"What did Charlie eat?"

"Officer Dennis reported all the way to the station Innes repeated slogans:"

"PCP. LSD. Peace. Right On.

"I don't think he got loaded on LSD. He says he was kept overnight, and released the next afternoon."

"What happened to Charlie?"

"Innes gobbled an overdose of 'mescaline.'"

"What happened to Charlie?"

"I don't think he got loaded on LSD. He says he was kept overnight, and released the next afternoon."

"What is it, Charlie?"

"I'm the drug.

"I'm not sure that's what the big trouble was."

"That's one reason for hope that a drug like this could be used."

"The morphine and heroin, too, are kept in the counterculture. One woman in the Wayne Institute study stayed in a prolonged state of consciousness."

"But it never has."

"You're right."

"You're wrong."

"I don't get it."

"What did Charlie eat?"

"Officer Dennis reported that all the way to the station Innes repeated slogans:"

"PCP. LSD. Peace. Right On.

"It's been taken from the inmates and put into a pipe, then smoked, and released the next morning at about 10:00 a.m., along with possession of marijuana. In the back yard that evening, he bolted into the house, grabbed a 35-mm. film can, and swallowed its contents.

"What happened to Charlie?"

"Innes gobbled an overdose of 'mescaline.'"
North Vietnam reveals nine-point peace plan

by Henry Ginger

Paris, Jan. 31—North Vietnam made public today the Nine-Point Peace Program it had secretly submitted to the United States last June and charged that Washington had not seriously considered it.

Obviously annoyed at President Nixon's disclosure last week of the private meetings that had been held here, the North Vietnamese delegation accompanied its own program with the version of the eight-point American peace plan it said it had received in October.

Nguyen Thanh Le, the delegation's press spokesman, commented at a news conference today that the differences between Hanoi's and Washington's plans were "fundamental—like night and day."

The actions by the North Vietnamese today it appeared, did not provide any major disclosures of position. But they did remove what seemed to be the last vestiges of secrecy from the 12 meetings that Henry A. Kissinger, President Nixon's special assistant for national security affairs, held with the North Vietnamese last year.

The North Vietnamese disclosures were evidently an effort to counteract any propaganda spin the United States might have made by its revelations.

In Washington the Nixon Administration, which in the course of its disclosures had refrained from publishing the North Vietnamese plan, withheld specific comment on Hanoi's decision to make it public. The White House said the North Vietnamese statements were under review and promised comment later.

The North Vietnamese and the United States peace plans leave intact the two essential differences between the positions of the two countries.

The private American one gives more detail on military withdrawal than Mr. Nixon announced in his televise Jan. 25, but insists that such withdrawal come only after agreement in principle on a final settlement. The Communists want the United States to set a date for withdrawal without conditions.

The United States document calls for a presidential election run by a commission with Communist participation. It would leave the present Saigon government intact until a month before the election, when President Nguyen Van Thieu and Vice President Tran Van Huong would resign. The Communists want the United States to abandon the Thieu group immediately and agree to its replacement by a tripartite coalition that would hold the election.

At the news conference today Nguyen Thanh Le, the Hanoi press spokesman, in noting the gulf between the American and North Vietnamese positions, avoided a direct answer to the question whether North Vietnam had rejected the American initiative. "We criticize severely this maneuver by Nixon, who refuses to put an end to the war, to halt Vietnamization and give up his support of the Thieu Administration," Le said. He added that his delegation would continue "to criticize severely." American official sources here refused to comment on the authenticity of the version of the United States plan given out by Le, but no effort was made to cast doubt on the accuracy of the text. At the news conference the North Vietnamese also made public an exchange of messages concerning cancellation of the secret meeting Mr. Kissinger was to have had on Nov. 28, with Le Duc Tho, a senior member of the North Vietnamese Communist Party's Politburo.
Letters to the Editor

...more of the same

Barkett's metaphor

Editor:

John Barkett really says, as The Observer (January 26) quotes him, that "...the group is'combing the hair of the old, for replacements," but will 'swipe the Country' for other can-
didates. "We're not leaving anyone out. We're shooting for the best," Barkett says.

Well, as I always say, a man's spoken word is his bond, or what's a metaphor?

Sincerely,

Richard Blunk

For Gay Lib at ND

Editor:

To anyone who might be there to listen,

Saturday night at Notre Dame. Surrounded by friends in a room in a lonely mood. Why? I'm one of Notre Dame's silent minority in the bisexual or homosexual.

After a month of being with old friends, who know what's what and like . . . things are pretty much the same. I'm just not so sure of quite a few things. You love no longer has an emotional meaning to you. It's just a "best friend." Isn't that what you and me from the home for two or three people? A better way to the ego somehow? a gay you love no longer has an emotional meaning to you. It's just a "white middle class Catholic man who goes to church every Sunday." The atmosphere at du Lac is colorful with 8,000 guys and 1,500 still new. It's about time I get hung up on another gay. Me? The image of the "Notre Dame man" turning into a "Queer." The tragedy of it all. Yet for a few months I was the happiest person on earth. For the first time in 3½ years here I knew what it was to be needed by someone. I was accepted emotionally, rationally. Me? That person, with all the love, will come back to me. I would like that very much since I still look back at it as this earth. I'm not the fellow Mr. Griffin wrote about. I never had much of a chance for acceptance. That is the hardest thing to do and a lot of people could lose with it. It is hard to reject what so many of years of white middle class Catholic teaching has told you, or what your psychology or sociology teacher tells you. Yet there are "happy" homosexuals. I am relatively, but I'm more of a bisexual right now, not having decided whether I want a full commitment to the gay world. I haven't had that much experience with people who are gay at this time of the year. I suppose the purpose of this much involves a decision that the student body at Notre Dame must face. Whether it was a majority or not, there is a need for this issue to be aired, to be asked of the student body whether they care or not. Perhaps not so much as "up yours," but "you're f--ked," or "you're f--ked" should replace or be incorporated into the Fight Song.

Let's not be hypocrisies, hide behind good sportsmanship and school spirit labels when actually there are no other labels but the name of the game. The decision is ours, individually and as a whole. Let's decide for the Notre Dame student body.

Robert Keenan
1 Lyons

Student Union Social Commission presents

JESUS

is Lord...And It Makes ADifference..Really There Is A New Life For You. There Is Power In Living A Christian Life Come And See..Make A Jesus Retreat

24 Hrs Sat. Feb. 5 & 6
Further Information Call Joel 3840 Days Or 234-5529 Evenings Sponsored By True House A Charismatic Christian Community At Notre Dame

Student Union Social Commission presents

RICHIE HAVENS

WITH SPECIAL GUESTS THE WINTER CONSORT

February 13th 7:30 p.m.
Ticket Prices $4.50, $3.50, $2.50
Ticket Sales Begin 7:00 p.m.
the Fiesta Lounge Lafortune Student Center

School spirit?

Editor:

Once again, the student body, Monday night, on their need for a way to express the fraternity which so impinges upon the student body, and the trend of the times, to express themselves.

Whether it was a majority or minority of the students, the fact remains that the over-all feeling of the students, as viewed by all, is of the belief of the school spirit. And, as a group, it is a far cry from the school spirit and the intellectual institution which Notre Dame is so noted for. Such an expression of damage, hate, or insult the reputation of the individual student body, and its team in the eyes of the visiting spectator, or the out-of-town spectator, as well as, general spectators. Past and present athletes can readily attest to this fact, especially, if they themselves, have been the subject of such school spirit. It is sad, as well as maddening, to realize that such behavior is a product solely because the Fighting Irish's opponents are undefeated, nationally ranked, or wear flashy uniforms, or that one or two of their players are before looking, or that fouls are attributed to our players. It makes no difference whether they were just or not. Everyone knows that there are other blind and freeborn being paid off by the opposing team, whichever team is in. This is it. There is no end. Perhaps such notables as "up yours," "eat me," "you s-t," "f-you," or "you're f- ked" should replace or be incorporated into the Fight Song.

Not to be hypocrites, hiding behind good sportsmanship and school spirit labels when actually there are no other labels but the name of the game. The decision is ours, individually and as a whole. Let's decide for the Notre Dame student body.

Robert Keenan
1 Lyons
Nobles entertain Irish ice fans

by Jim Donaldson

At 5'9" and 190 pounds, John Noble looks like just another guy on campus. But when he skates around the ACC ice rink for the Notre Dame hockey team, he stands out in the crowd.

Noble came to Notre Dame from St. Michael's College Prep, in Toronto, where he had been undoubtedly selected to the Toronto Metropolitan Junior B all-star team in his senior year, and quickly established his reputation as a first-rate hockey player. He has been his Notre Dame's Most Valuable Player by his teammates. His 35 assists and 39 points also established team season records.

Last year, Noble slipped to 34 points (16 goals, 28 assists) but still was Notre Dame's number one point producer. At present, Noble trails linemate, and former teammate at St. Mike's, Paul Regan, in the Irish point parade with an 22 goals and 22 assists, yet he isn't satisfied with his scoring statistics.

"I really don't feel that I'm scoring that well," Noble says. "I'm not disappointed in my goal total. Pickuping up a point or two for a direct hand in a scoring play do get you some satisfaction."

Coach "Lefty" Smith had nothing but praise for Noble, however, when asked how he'd evaluate his junior center.

"John's a heady player who sets things up well," Smith comments. "He's a good stickhandler, with a hard shot. He has a good athletic sense and great balance."

"John's the thermostat for the line he's on," Smith says. "When he pushed, his whole line went. Noble doesn't mind "pushing" at all. "Everyone likes scoring," he says, "but the thing I enjoy most in hockey is having to work to score. I've always had to forecheck, dig and make a good pass to score."

He has played the same way each game, too. "The tougher the game, the more I try to control it," he remarks.

At times this season, the Irish have been plagued by inconsistency. Noble is one of the team's steadier performers, as evidenced by his school record of scoring point in 37 consecutive games from January, '70 to January, '71, but he, too, isn't always at the top of his game.

"We look good on a particular weekend, Noble explains, "and then we figure it'll all be downhill from there. Then, the next weekend, we're jarred back to reality. We tend to dwell on past games and that's not good."

"We haven't been in the WCHA long enough to realize that we can't react that way," he continues. "We have to learn to concentrate on the team we're playing. We have to forget the past and future and keep in mind the task at hand."

Noble and the Irish face a different challenge that will require all of their attention this week when the Bulldogs of the University of Minnesota at Duluth invade the Convio for a pair of games Tuesday and Wednesday. The series is worth eight points and, since both clubs are battling for playoff position, there should be plenty of hard hitting and fast skating.

"I'm not opposed to being hit," Noble says. "It wakes you up and helps you get in the game. I don't like a series with no contact."

And the fact that there's that a valuable playoff position at stake brightens Noble's anticipation about the U-M-D series. "I like to play best in games where there's a challenge, something to gain," he says.

There's plenty for the Irish to learn in their series with the Bulldogs, so John Noble will undoubtedly show up more than ready to play. If his teammates do likewise, Noble has a good chance to climb in the WCHA standings.

Veteran Notre Dame cross country coach Alex Wilson has been named (1971) Coach of the Year by the NCAA Cross Country Coaches Association.

Wilson, the Notre Dame cross country and track coach for the past 22 years, will be honored by the coaches association during the 1972 NCAA Indoor Track Championships in Detroit, March 10-11.

During the last 22 years, Wilson's runners have finished in the top 10 in the NCAA finals 11 times, winning one national title (1972) while placing third on two other occasions.

The Irish, in the same 22 year time period, have finished first or second 12 times in the Central Collegiate finals, winning six titles; finished first or second six of the 16 years they have competed in the ICACAA championships and have won the state title in 16 of 22 attempts.

Wilson, a member of the Canadian Olympic teams in 1952 and 1956, is a 1922 graduate of the University of Notre Dame.

Mardi Gras "Destruction Party" (for all who work on Mardi Gras Construction)

Tues. Nite 10:00
Senior Bar

All SMC Girls Invited
Beer Free!
Cagers tangle at MSU

by Eric Kinkoph

The Notre Dame basketball team finds itself in yet another crucial series tonight and tomorrow night when the Fighting Irish go to University of Minnesota-Duluth in a two-game set worth the most points the Irish have played in all of 1972.

"There are no two ways about it," coach "Lefty" Smith remarked. "This is an important series for us. There are eight big points up for grabs if Minnesota-Duluth can win two, it'll put them in contention. But if we win two, we can move into the first division.

Notre Dame, despite dropping a pair of games this past weekend to league leading Wisconsin last weekend, remained in fifth place in the WCHA with a 7-4 record and with 22 title points, four behind Minnesota-Duluth, which is 10 in the conference.

When coach Smith spoke after the game, referring to the first four teams, rather than the top five in the ten team league, "I was surprised that Phelps didn't stall at all--that he should have blown the game."

The reaction to Digger Phelps' mid-game stall in Saturday's contest against the UCLA Bruins has not been good. And from the viewpoint of the fans, it's easy to see why.

It was apparent last spring that it was going to be a rough year for the ND cagers, and the students who paid for season tickets realized most of this--most of it--from the very first game. One of the first games of the season, a year ago. Included in the line-up of players that marked this time was soph. guard Mike Robinson, a 6-7 junior who earned national acclaim a year ago by leading the Bulldogs to the NCAA playoffs.

In the first period Saturday I was surprised that they might not come back, and if that didn't happen, it might have been worse.

Defeating the Bulldogs from Minnesota-Duluth doesn't promise to be much easier task for the Irish, particularly since the games are so critical to both clubs.

UM-D is led by All-American junior winger, Walt Ledingham, who earned national acclaim a year ago by leading the Spartans in scoring, picking up 26 goals and 38 assists for 64 points. Smith calls Ledingham "a sure-fire NHL prospect."

In the UM-D's 18 WCHA games to date, Ledingham has scored 14 goals and been credited with 15 assists. His total of 29 points places him among the league's top five scorers.

Sophomore winger Pat Boutette, who tallied 17 goals last season, second only to Ledingham, is also a scoring threat. He has 16 goals and 14 assists in this WCHA games this year.

The Bulldogs have also been getting good goaltending in the '71-'72 campaign from sophomore Jerome Menard and freshman Ken Turk.

The Irish may not be at full strength for tonight's key conference game. The Irish wing Ian Williams was out, and there were doubts about the arrival of center Dan O'Mara, who averaged 14 points per game for the Spartans a year ago.

Williams has held that mark this year, averaging 16.1 points a game and collaring an average of 11.1 rebounds a game.

But the big gun for the Spartans is soph. forward Mike Robinson who leads the MSU scoring parade with an average of 20.0 points per game.

When Rudy Benjamin graduated last year (21.2 points a game), soph. guard averaging 8.4 points per game, round out the MSU line-up.

The Irish come into the game with and an 8-6-3 mark, following their loss to UCLA Saturday night.

Gary Novak still leads the Irish scorers with a 19 point average, followed by Tom O'Mara with a 12.9 points per game average.

Digger is once again expected to go with the starting line-up of Novak, O'Mara, Willie Townsend, Chris Stevens and John Kapt.

The Irish hold the edge in the all-time series with MSU 7-5-7.

Wednesday's boys' win last year at the Conv 104-80.

After the game the ND round-up will return to the Conv to prepare for the upcoming game with the Mountaineers of West Virginia Thursday night.
The anger of the Roman Catholics was heightened with the over-whelming Catholic majority of the South. Since the division, Ulster has been governed by the dominant Protestant Unionist Party, basically the local conservatives. In recent years, the Catholic minority has sought to crack the established structure and pressure the government for reform. The Catholics, however, have grown disillusioned and alienated from the government, which has used the British army to maintain order and introduced an "Interment without trials policy to weed out terrorists." The minority insists that inter-ment is merely an anti-Catholic measure that avoids Protestant terrorists.

Warrant issued for Irving's arrest
by Clyde H. Farnsworth

Zurich, Switzerland, Jan. 31 - A warrant was issued for the arrest of Mr. and Mrs. Howard H. Hughes, the billionaire. The Zurich prosecutor said that the probe would have meant a great deal to the police in connection with charges of fraud, falsification of official documents and instigation of crimes.

The prosecutor said that the police had impounded Mr. and Mrs. Hughes' money in a Swiss bank account and then transferred it to another bank at the request of Hughes.

The Zurich prosecutor said today that no request for the extradition of Mr. and Mrs. Irving had been transmitted to another country. It was known that the couple had been in Britain, where the police had impounded $445,000, never met the writer.

Irving said that his wife, using the name of Hanna Rosenkranz, had told reporters in a telephone interview in Zurich that the couple, the billionaire, had transferred it to another bank at the request of Hughes.

The prosecutor said today that no request for the extradition of Mr. and Mrs. Irving had been transmitted to another country. It was known that the couple had been in Britain, where the police had impounded $445,000, never met the writer.

Irving said that his wife, using the name of Hanna Rosenkranz, had told reporters in a telephone interview in Zurich that the couple, the billionaire, had transferred it to another bank at the request of Hughes.

The Zurich prosecutor said today that no request for the extradition of Mr. and Mrs. Irving had been transmitted to another country. It was known that the couple had been in Britain, where the police had impounded $445,000, never met the writer.

Irving said that his wife, using the name of Hanna Rosenkranz, had told reporters in a telephone interview in Zurich that the couple, the billionaire, had transferred it to another bank at the request of Hughes.