WE MADE IT! IT'S MORE DAYS AND WE'RE OUT OF THIS HOLE FOR GOOD!

FOR YEARS OF THIS BULL, I DON'T KNOW HOW I LASTED.

JUST THINK! TWO WEEKS AND WE'RE FREE MEN!
NO MORE EXAMS, NO MORE PAPERS.

NO MORE TOMORROWS, NO MORE BAGGAGES.
WE'LL BE IN THE REAL WORLD!

WON'T THAT BE GREAT?

YEAH, AND WE'LL BE ON OUR OWN.
WOULDN'T IT BE GREAT?

WE CAN'T STAY HOME BACK FOR FOOTBALL GAMES!

Observer picks the year's
ten best stories...page 3

-Circus Maximus...page 18
In answer to faculty letter

Hesburgh stirs mixed responses

by Mike Baum

Reaction to yesterday's Presidential address to the faculty varied widely among faculty members who signed either "The Future of Notre Dame" or the second group letter.

Five professors of the eleven surveyed by The Observer spanned the spectrum from complete agreement to "dismay." Gerhart Niemeyer, retiring professor of Government, found Fr. Hesburgh's speech "very impressive," saying that he felt Hesburgh "spoke from the heart, he was really concerned." Refering to recent differences among faculty members over the future and policies of the University, Prof. Niemeyer found the talk "an appeal to sobriety and at the same time an appeal to the kind of spirit Notre Dame must have if it is to survive." Hesburgh's speech had stressed the need for faculty and administrative policy formulation decisions by administrators and "temporing" current fault of the faculty. "This aisation of fears (about the future of the school) is sheer nonsense," he offered, "a sort of paranoia." In the face of this he found Fr. Hesburgh's talk "a brave attempt bring some kind of composure." "The faculty have to learn how to moderate their transports," he said.

Nonetheless, he did not agree with the timing of the speech, saying, "It was not entirely suitable, I doubt it was the time or place." He also found the talk "designingly vague."

Dr. Bernard Norling, of the History Department, also found the talk unimpressive, commenting, "He didn't say anything very unexpected." Norling agreed with Hesburgh that "much of what has been undertaken here in the way of restrictions on the faculty's has been done out of sheer necessity." Norling pointed out that many other schools had taken much more drastic steps than any here and remarked, "To have decisive opinions a person would have to be high in the Administration or on the Board of Trustees."

It is necessary to know the expenses, income and finances of the University necessitating such measures as the two thirds free use of dining room policy. Norling added, "I'm not dissatisfied with the way things are run" he finished.

Dr. Thomas Swartz, professor of Economics, felt that Fr. Hesburgh's speech, the bulk of which concerned the questions raised by the first faculty letter, had missed the point of the letter. "I think that Fr. Hesburgh may have missed the thrust of the first letter, which called for cooperation, but with faculty input," he said. Echoing to some extent Professor Sandeen's comments, Swartz suggested that "personalities are not the issue-it is the mode of operation. Swartz criticized what he felt to be "a lack of faculty input in decision making." He agreed with Fr. Hesburgh that an administrator should have "unique characteristic foreight, and the ability to initiate policy," but felt that the Administration was "following through on ideas without th "temporing and modifying" these ideas by deliberative bodies as suggested in the President's address. "I'm concerned with the changing that has happened since the Faculty Manual," he said. "We have lost faculty input." This difference notwithstanding. Dr. Swartz said of the President's speech, "He's trying for cooperation, and I agree 100 per cent with him."

WHAT'S HAPPENING THIS WEEKEND (see page 18)

Notre Dame - St. Mary's Theatre presents

SHOWBOAT
A musical by Kern & Hammerstein II
April 28, 29, May 4, 5, 6
8:30 pm sharp
O'Loughlin Auditorium
Tickets $2.50, $2 for students, ND-SMC faculty, staff.
Information and Reservations at 284-4141, 284-4176

SIMERI'S
Happy Hour 7 to 10 pm
64% pitcher Bud. $1.32

-PIZZA-
Italian sandwiches
Spaghetti & Sea foods

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Free use of dining room
410 N. HILL

Notre Dame Poets

POETRY READING
readings by students:
Rick Fitzgerald, Dan O'Donnell, Cathy Wolfe,
Mary Pat Quinlan, John Coury, Gary Robinson,
Jim Wilson, and Eileen Dugan

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Convert your programs and magnetic tapes before the
1107 leaves. All 1107 tapes and some programs will not run on the IBM System/370 model 155 which is now installed. For additional information or assistance contact:
Mr. R. R. Naegle Manager
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Mr. T. C. Drake, Assistant Director
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at the Computing Center.
Observer picks the top ten stories:

by Don Ruane

Merger problems between Notre Dame and St. Mary's had been declared the number one story for the second year in a row among the top ten of the year. The top ten stories of the year represent those which created the most controversies, heralded pronounced changes in thought, sentiments or physical make up of the campus; provided exceptional human interest; or produced campus surprises and national attention.

A recap of each story follows, in their order of importance, as determined by this reporter, Editor John Ahoud, and News Editor Jerry Lutkus, and Editorial Page Editor Jim McDermott.

1. Merger-Unmerger

First canceled Dec. 1, 1971, it was revived Feb. 7, 1972 only to unofficially collapse again 22 days later. Both canceled sparked strong student reactions, especially the first. Both campuses were actively involved in protest. However, the second was met with apathy from Notre Dame students. SMC was hit with student strikes, protest meetings, window banners, threats not to pay tuition, and transfer applications.

Neither administration would lay blame on either themselves or the other, but one SMC Trustee resigned claiming that certain SMC negotiators had commandeered the negotiations and made unreasonable demands in financial matters. The merger has never been officially declared dead, and SMC Trustee's have voted to continue negotiations.

2. Coeducation

Women's liberal and education both got a big boost when it was announced on Dec. 1, 1972 that Notre Dame could go coeducational this fall, with or without St. Mary's. It has been reported in Notre Dame Report that 195 freshmen and 100 transfer women students will be admitted. Walsh and Badin Halls hit the dust in February, when it was announced that they would become the women's dormitories. Both halls protested strongly, and criticized the administration for ignoring a study which termed the halls unsuitable. The new students will be the first women undergraduates in the 130 history of Notre Dame.

3. Sr. Alma Resigns-Prof. Henry appointed

Acting President Sr. Alma Peter announced her resignation in late January, effective Aug. 1, 1972. Sr. Alma took the reins of SMC in hand after the Rt. Rev. John J. McGrath died in the summer of 1971. She resigned to make way for a presidential search, in accordance with an SMC Trustee resolution, providing for the search if merger negotiations fell through, as they did in December, 1971.

However, Sr. Alma was subjected to much pressure and criticism regarding her part in the merger, which resulted in claims that she lost the confidence of faculty and students, and thus ability to communicate with them.

Dr. Edward Henry, 51, was appointed President of St. Mary's College in early March, 1972. Although he doesn't officially take office until July 1, he already has made some administrative shuffles and made efforts to strengthen several departments. Dr. Henry believes in small liberal arts colleges, and that SMC has a future even if it never merges with the school across the road.

Dr. Henry, who is director of the Center for Local Government at St. John's University in Minnesota, was well received by faculty and students in general, but many took a cautious, wait-and-see approach.

4. Faculty Letters

Two letters, both signed by prominent faculty and mostly from the College of Arts and Letters, were sent to the administration this semester. The first letter rapped the Provost's Office for allegedly leading Notre Dame from democratic methods.

The signers also claimed they had little or no voice in any matter concerning them, and that they were not reasons when tenure or other recommendations were refused.

The second letter defended Notre Dame democracy, but acknowledged the communication problem. It also defended the Provost. Both called for communication improvements.

5. SLC sanctions

Students returning last fall, found parietal and drinking rules due for much tighter enforcement. The SLC was asked by the Board of Trustees to draft sanctions or have the administration draft them. The SLC complied, while student fervor against the crackdown increased. On Sept. 28, 1971, more than 600 students forced the SLC, which was to discuss the sanctions, to move from the CCE to the Engineering Auditorium. The sanctions were tabled in true SLC tradition and haven't been heard of since.

6. Sr. Catherine Kersten elected

The Prime Mover climbed out of a clogged, Walsh Hall commode last month into the student body presidency and the national spotlight with a rabid campaign designed to show what a joke student government has become on campus. He tried to decarbonate the CCE spent more on cat food than they did on the campaigns (about $101 while serious candidates spent $200 or more. Kersten made use of campus parietals from the world of sports, friends of the family, twilight audiences with the rabble from the fourth floor ledge of Walsh Hall, and was heralded by cries of "oligarchy" and the spinning of Pump and Circumstance in his parody.

7. Faculty Tenure

This issue spanned his entire year, and still leaves doubts and worries in the minds of untenured faculty. It started with the problem of how to solve the faculty increases created by the merger, but this was quickly solved. Next came Provost James T. Burtchaell's Oct. 1, 1971 letter to all deans and department chairmen urging them to submit a plan to reach and maintain a two-thirds quota of tenured faculty within each department. The reason for this was to prevent Notre Dame from becoming impacted as did Yale, and thus ability to communicate with them.

New faculty were afraid of losing their jobs, and department chairmen feared the loss of many fine applicants who...
Computer needs revised programs

The UNIVAC 1107 will be removed on August 15, 1972, as a part of the equipment installation plan at the Computer Center. The 1107 will not be used for instructional purposes during the Summer Session in preparation for its removal. It will be available, as it has been, for conversion of the 1107 tapes and programs to the IBM System-370 model 155. It should be noted that the 1107 magnetic tapes cannot be read by any other equipment in this area and data not converted to System-370 compatible format before the 1107 is removed will, for all practical purposes, be lost.

Programs which are currently being run on the 1107 will have to be modified or, in some cases, rewritten before they can be run on the System-370.

The Computing Center Staff is prepared to assist current users with conversion problems. Please contact Kathy Cahill, present Assistant Director, Customer Services for additional information.

Co-ed orientation committee begun

Vice President for Student Affairs Rev. Thomas E. Blantz has appointed a committee of four men to college life and orient all of the students to plan their freshman year. Rev. Thomas E. Blantz has appointed a committee of four co-ed freshmen next year.

The committee has been working closely with the Notre Dame and St. Mary's general orientation committees. The ND freshmen coeds along with the SMC freshmen will participate in the traditional individual hall mixers. Freshmen from both campuses will be invited to a mixer Sunday night on the SMC tennis courts.

The Gateway to the Rockies is making preparations for the arrival of the Irish and the demise of the Air Force Falcons November 11th. Plans are being made by the Senior Class government and the Student Union for a two- or three-day trip to Denver and the Air Force Academy, along with an optional ski trip to the mountains.

The committee consists of three faculty, three pre-professional students, three medical students who are graduates of the programs and three M.D.s involved in medicine and the appropriate responsive to the needs of the professional students. The committee consists of three faculty, three pre-professional students, three medical students who are graduates of the programs and three M.D.s involved in medical school administration. They are: Dr. Richard A. Kurtz (chairman), professor of sociology and anthropology, Dr. Jeremiah P. Freeman, chairman and professor of chemistry; Dr. Kenyon S. Tweedled, professor of biology; John Musser (A.L.P.P.); Charles Clark (St.P. Major); Jeff Niles (St. P.P. Cons.); Joseph Moses, Case Western Reserve School of Medicine, James W. Findling, Northwestern Medical School; Maurice Norman, Indiana University Medical School; Dr. William F. Rice, Associate Dean of Loyola University's Stritch School of Medicine; Dr. Robert E. Macks, admissions committee at Wayne State University School of Medicine, and Dr. Robert L. Devetski, member of the admissions committee of the Rush Medical Center.

Outdoor lunch slated for May

Sunday, May 14th, the University Food Services are experimenting with a special "take-out" meal for all students who have validated meal contracts.

Chickens, fresh cole and cole slaw will be served in a bucket. A brown bag will contain: an apple, a brownie, napkin, salt, pepper, etc.

Paper cups will be used for beverages. A caddy will be available to carry these paper cups. Students are encouraged to take their meal from the dining room to the outdoors to eat. We hope that students enjoy this new approach.

Lodging, transportation, game tickets, and parties will cost less than $40, and sign-ups for a limited number of students (any class) will be in September. Any questions, call Jim Shananah.

Pre-med program to be reviewed

The three programs of pre-professional studies at Notre Dame, which together enroll almost 900 students, will come under the review of a committee appointed by the present, Rev. James T. Burtчesh, C.S.C.

Father Burtчesh explained "we have much cause for pride in our pre-professional programs and have reason to believe that our graduates are extraordinarily successful in being accepted at medical and dental schools across the country." He added that the programs, dispersed in two separate colleges, might escape the "regular self-scrutiny that benefits our other academic programs." He particularly charged the committee to consider such questions as: Are the pre-professional students prone to professional programs the best ones for preparation for medical school? Are the departments appropriately responsive to the academic needs of the pre-professional students?

"I would like to personally say how exceptionally pleased we are with the students at Notre Dame who participated in the Program."
Jim Jendryk as Observer Business Manager, John Abowd, editor-in-chief, announced yesterday. Thomson, a native of Waterloo, Iowa, replaced the graduating Jendryk at the beginning of the week. He had previously been production manager.

"I think Thomson will make an excellent business manager," Abowd said, adding that, "the position is vital to the continuing financial solvency of the paper."

Chemistry Prof gets NIH grant

Dr. Marino Martinez-Carrion, associate professor of chemistry at the University of Notre Dame, has received a Research Career Development Award from the National Institutes of Health (NIH).

The five-year award will allow Martinez to pursue interesting new side-projects to his research on an important heart enzyme by freeing him from most teaching and administrative duties. The NIH award includes salary, and is one of the few programs available to senior, established researchers.

Martinez has been studying the heart enzyme glutamate aspartate transaminase (GAT), which stands at the crossroads of protein and carbohydrate metabolism. He hopes to extend this method to other important biochemical processes which allow the body's cells to get certain chemicals in and out, while remaining impermeable to most substances.

Psych students present papers

Eight of the 35 authors of papers presented this weekend by the Notre Dame Psychology Department completed their research as undergraduates. The nine papers are being presented at the annual meeting of the Midwestern Psychological Association May 4-6. Undergraduate student authors are: Chris Cunningham (3), John Clifford, Joseph Miskulin, John Pearson, Alan Kamitani, Charles Zubrzycki, and Gene Mercer.

Who is the first girl in your life?

MOM

Mother's Day May 14
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SPORT SHIRTS

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Pay in June, July and August with no In-Interest or carrying charge added.
From the editor’s desk

No pap! There is nothing really final about this edition except that, for a while, our staff must become students again.

There is nothing final about the still brooding discontent among students and faculty over the decision-making process at this University.

There is nothing final about the willingness of this community to accept coeducation as equal treatment for female students.

There is nothing final about the relationship between Notre Dame and St. Mary’s.

There is something final, unfortunately, about exams and the yearbooks, last editions of the Observer systemized production of an "education" that results in a degree. The finality comes from moving through a community rather than into it. The sense of completion is heightened by final yearbooks, last editions of the Observer and Scholastic, and the not so mythical "real world."

What is it, then, that makes a person come to Notre Dame or St. Mary’s and spend four years challenging the permanent powers to open up to the students?

A dedication to changing this place so that it becomes more livable and meaningful for the students that follow must go beyond the apparent finality of last semesters. Something must come away with those seniors who have not been molded by their education into the complacent attitude that says: since I am going to leave, I have nothing to leave behind but "good riddens."

What they leave behind is a better place for those of us who remain and a better ND-SMC for those students, they will never see. They also leave behind an inspiration for the rest of us to surrender our complacency—to take an active, vital interest in this community. John Baskett, Kathy Barlow, Bill McGrath, Glen Corso, Joe Holz, Mary Ellen Stolz, Don Mooney, and those who have not crept as noticeably into the media have all tried, in very different ways, to make this university a more livable place.

If you ever get a chance, sit in one of the large abandoned rooms of LaFortune at three in the morning and think about what Notre Dame or St. Mary’s might be like without the students who dedicated a large portion of their time to future students. Don’t let yourself get buried in the silence, it could be lethal.

John Abowd

Final issue dedicated to Glen S. Corso

Editor-in-Chief October 1, 1970-March 2, 1972

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Minstrel of the dawn

Rediscovery

Jim McDermott

This is not a good time of the year. Papers are becoming due, and overdue tests are piling toward us relentlessly. It won’t be separated, at least for the summer, from people that are our lives here, that we will not see again. The ones who have not crept as noticeably into the media have all tried, in very different ways, to make this university a more livable place.

Some called it apathy. The student body elections were a shoo-in for a man who found that apathy, and now he is trying to make it. In Bob Kersten, there is a Student Body President, whose job is to heap bills, and see that the smaller, real accomplishments are something more than the one he could be.

Others found the unrealness by a by-product of the "unmerger." The students of St. Mary’s, a part of the community, were shifted by disrupted plans, and dead hopes for Notre Dame degrees. Notre Dame men hoped for a true school—of men and women. Now, the transfer parade is starting. Many women will leave here by next fall, or after next year.

Others will wait and see, watch the carnival, and bide time to make a decision, which is only one should have to make. In the meantime, the women who see themselves as transients on a sinking ship are willing to see any good here. Too many, it seems, are simply spending time, not energy.

The pressure of higher requirements for grad, law and med schools was also cited as a reason for the four-filled calm over the campus. Serious students worried about each test as if it were their lives on the line, not realizing that human values are more important than the 0.6 on the sacred line.

Recently, attention has been focused on the administration and the distrust on the campus. The office of the Provost was accused of destroying the sense of community leadership that had, or has, distinguished Notre Dame. Thirty-one of the most respected faculty members signed a letter critical of Rev. Curtsell’s administration as Provost: thirty-one equally prominent teachers signed a letter supporting him.

So one of these reasons is adequate to explain our present climate of the campus. However, student apathy seems more a function of groups than individuals. SBP candidates saw individual interest in the halls, but a belief that it was futile, since "everyone knows that this place is apathetic." Candidates had no chance to harass the individual student among the self-filling "Merrylands" of student apathy. Too many people really cared about what happened here to believe that apathy alone would bring moral so low.

The annulled union of Notre Dame and St. Mary’s did not raise the morale, yet it seems senseless to attribute all the futile failing to it alone. SMC students showed their concern over their future, and the school’s ND students cared, but the futility had already set in. There was no caring of concern or action. With few exceptions, ND students did not try to relate to the pain at SMC.

Higher grad school requirements for ND may contribute only a part of the "mean" feeling on the campus. If requirements for ND grades are higher, we must see that the quality of the graduating class is increasing in its own right.

It would be convenient, but not realistic, to pin responsibility for poor morale on the administration. The faculty letter did not go this far—it is about the achievement of trust are not necessarily the type that can be separated, at least for the summer, from people that are our lives here, that we will not see again. The ones who have not crept as noticeably into the media have all tried, in very different ways, to make this university a more livable place.

The blues may be false expectations. I hope so.
Vaudville is alive and well and living in O’Laughlin Auditorium where ND-SMC's production of Vaudeville is a musical revue. It’s a musical play, but it is definitely a delightful setting that produces a weak plot. As such, it is not much of an actor’s show, but provides an excellent showcase for the singers and the musicians of the Theatre group.

We have been treated to a good, old-fashioned visual extravaganza as the final production of the year. Simply done, it was a definite treat. The Broadway revival, when No Nonet, Sugar, and A Look at the Fifties. In fact, it was a good show, with the exception of the dancers. Good. Not quite as much as I would have thought it would have been.

The story is of a young man who moves while music plays. In the show, the dancers are dancing with the music. This is a very interesting concept, and the show is well worth seeing. It is a very entertaining production, and the dancers are excellent. 

The musical overdoes its success to an extreme, with a large group of dancers, all dressed in the same style. The show is smoothly choreographed by America's leading choreographer, Peter Gennaro. The troupe doesn't merely move...it dances, becoming a single moving body. All too often in non-professional theatre, we find that the music is too loud, and the dancers are too far away from the audience to make an impact. 

This is not the case here. The dancers are very much part of the show, and their movements are well coordinated with the music. The choreography is excellent, and the dancers are very talented. 

The show is a must-see for anyone who enjoys musical theatre. It is a very entertaining production, and the dancers are excellent. 

Showboat by Jerome Kern and Oscar Hammerstein II is one of the greatest musicals ever written. The music is beautiful, and the story is well-told. The production is well-paced, and the performances are excellent. 

Johnston and Murray were, of course, the real stars, their voices and their banjo playing was worth the price of admission. But the others were not as good. They were, of course, the ensemble. The Chorus was very good, and the Musicians were excellent. 

The show is well worth seeing, and I would recommend it to anyone who enjoys musical theatre. It is a very entertaining production, and the dancers are excellent. 

The highlight of the show was the performance of "Oliver!." The actor played the character in a very convincing manner, and the audience was very well entertained. 

The show is a must-see for anyone who enjoys musical theatre. It is a very entertaining production, and the dancers are excellent. 

I. franklin devine

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The musical overdoes its success to an extreme, with a large group of dancers, all dressed in the same style. The show is smoothly choreographed by America's leading choreographer, Peter Gennaro. The troupe doesn't merely move...it dances, becoming a single moving body. All too often in non-professional theatre, we find that the music is too loud, and the dancers are too far away from the audience to make an impact. 

This is not the case here. The dancers are very much part of the show, and their movements are well coordinated with the music. The choreography is excellent, and the dancers are very talented. 

The show is a must-see for anyone who enjoys musical theatre. It is a very entertaining production, and the dancers are excellent. 

The highlight of the show was the performance of "Oliver!." The actor played the character in a very convincing manner, and the audience was very well entertained. 

The show is a must-see for anyone who enjoys musical theatre. It is a very entertaining production, and the dancers are excellent. 

I. franklin devine
Dean Shaffer gives Law Day lecture

"Law ought to be as rational a system as men can manage to make it." Dean Thomas L. Shaffer of the University of Notre Dame Law School told a Law Day audience at a meeting of the Niles Rotary Club today. "We are inclined to intellectualize the law," he said, "The law expresses all sides of us, good and evil, rational and irrational. We need to keep our feelings tuned in to the horrors of the law; and we need to do that precisely because the law cannot express the best that is in us, the best we hope for, unless we are aware to the fact that it also expresses the worst."

"Awful machinery"

Citing the trial of Charles Manson for murder in Los Angeles, Shaffer said, "It displayed before my eyes all of the parts of me that I prefer to see as part of the law. I am sometimes a champion for righteous causes and for just judgment — as the prosecuting attorney was then. I am sometimes quizzical and doubting and wonder what to do, as the jurors in that case did. And I am sometimes evil and dark and inevitable and frightening to myself, as the defendants, and especially Manson himself, were in that trial."

Continuing, Shaffer said "I am also nooky and manipulative and clever, as perhaps the defense lawyers in that case were. Finally, I am sometimes wise and just and sober and altogether admirable — a kind of God. All of those things are the law and I am all of those things. As I look around the courtroom in Los Angeles I see the awful machinery as the taxpayers maintain for dealing with evil and order in our society, and, more to the present point, I see all of the sides of myself which I am talking about when I talk about the law."

Law an experience

"Law is for each of us a personal experience," Shaffer concluded.

Graduates will hear Kingman Brewster

Kingman Brewster, Jr., the president of Yale University, will be the speaker at the University of Notre Dame's 121st commencement exercises May 21. He will also receive a doctor of laws degree.

A total of 1,745 degrees will be conferred by Notre Dame's president, Rev. Theodore M. Hesburgh, C.S.C. There are 1,247 bachelor's degrees to be awarded, 222 master's degrees, and 66 doctorates. A total of 135 persons will receive law degrees and 67 will be awarded master's degrees in business administration.

Nine persons, in addition to Brewster, will receive honorary degrees. They are: Dr. Hannah Arendt, university professor, New School for Social Research, New York, N.Y.; doctor of laws; Dr. Robert Cotes, psychiatrist, Harvard University Health Services, doctor of laws; Dr. Paul A. Weiss, professor emeritus of history, The Rockefeller University, New York, N.Y. doctor of science; J. Irwin Miller, chairman of the board of the Commins Engine Company, for Columbia, Ind., doctor of laws.

Also, Dr. Ernst R.G. Eckert, regents professor of mechanical engineering, University of Illinois, doctor of science; Judge Walter M. Jacob of the U.S. District Court for Illinois, doctor of laws; Franklin D. Schuor, president of the South Bend Tribune company, doctor of laws; Sister M. Almina Peter, C.S.C., acting president, Saint Mary College, Notre Dame, Ind., doctor of laws, and Thomas Grey Wicker, associate editor of the New York Times, Washington, D.C., doctor of laws.

As Bishop Giovanni Benelli, undersecretary of state for the Vatican was scheduled to receive a doctor of laws degree, but unexpected developments have prevented him from leaving Rome. Dorothy Day, the founder of the Catholic Worker movement and the 1973 Laetare Medalist, also will probably miss the exercises because of poor health.

Schools are already experimenting with education in legal paraprofessionals, and a few are offering graduate programs in law which expressly disavow any interest in educating lawyers. The Notre Dame dean said he could see future lawyers becoming influential in a quieter way than has been true in the last generation. The new breed will carry out reform in manipulative ways, "in ways which see them joining with their clients rather than leading them."

Job interviews coming up? This will help

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WORTH $10
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Continental
HAIR STYLING, LTD.
1321 E. McKinley Ave, Mish (next door to Hanson Pharmacy)
funny.

option involved in the
took a fresh look at the
and

couldn't recall who the convention
Democratic Chairman. McGowan
wrote Farley to find out his
politics was a course we were
problem. Blair McGowan, the first
for President. His running mate
Mock Convention chairma
thur H. Vandenburg of Michigan
It
would be

minimal time in preparation for the
he spend months organizing was
relief. The Mock Convention that
was evident that the convention
was to be
permanent chairman that year,
perfect. But in most years past, delegates
Mock Convention chairmen were not
were never a problem. The first
Mock Convention chairman remembers that there wasn't an
option involved in the
1940 con
vention.

"Dr. Paul Bartholomew initiated it
He said that work on the
convention was a course we were

in the
..." McGowan remembers. "He
extended an invitation to come to the Chicago convention
and meet him. I had to get through
abstention from a lot of people, including myself,
but I got in and
joined the
party.

McGowan's fondest memory of
that convention was his meeting of January
1940 with Democratic Convention chairman. McGowan
wrote Farley to find out his
name. The convention was not
chaotic. Johnson appeared again in the
convention, this time battling

Sen.
Johnson Returns

Johnson appeared again in
the

mock convention this time, battling
against Gen. Kenneth Bill
McPheeters, the 1960 Permanent
Chairman, remembers it as
the
\"most realistic convention in the
history of the convention.\" The delegates were
right down the line for
Johnson, he took exit, but not
Kennedy got it.

McPheeters agreed deeply at
the representative nature of the
event. The state delegates
represented the people of the
state's makeup, according to the
ex
President. All of the states
were not made up of people from
California.

He stressed the similarity between
the
Mock Convention and the
\"real deal\" that was held in Los Angeles. Even the voting was

through the
mock convention. But
Johnson and Kennedy
closer than
we thought.\"

Dillon might have been closer
than
we thought. But
in most years past, delegates
Mock Convention chairmen were not
not made up of people from
California. All of the states
were not made up of people from
California. All of the states
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Keeping the campus beautiful by Anthony Abowd

A campus of beauty is a joy forever.

Many visitors to the Notre Dame campus remark about its beauty. The campus is beautiful. The full grown trees, bushes, vines and flowers give it natural beauty. The buildings and monuments give the campus architectural beauty.

But not everything is beautiful. Muddy paths substitute for sidewalks. Signs are inadequate or non-existent. Sparse lights glare over the night scene. Benches and outdoor plazas are scarce. The situation is sometimes dangerous and almost always displeasing to the aesthetic eye.

Since ND is an academic institution it can turn into itself to find solutions. Within ND are many capable architecture teachers and students. There are artists and industrial designers. At the suggestion of Fr. James Burtchaell, University Provost, last year these people pooled their resources and minds into the Committee on Campus Environment.

The Committee explores renovations of the campus.

The sole assignment of this brain trust is to formulate a workable 'Master Plan' for campus improvement. "Our goal is to produce very real and practical suggestions that will ultimately be put into effect," says Professor Francesco Montana, chairman of the Architecture Department, and a member of the Committee.

To date four specific projects and many spinoffs are being explored. One project deals with standardizing the university's image presented in signs and stationery. Another deals with the messed up sidewalks. Some recommendations for lighting are being formulated. A study for an outdoor plaza is being explored.

1. Standardized signs

When Jim Kaufman, a teaching assistant in the Art Department, first came to Notre Dame last year, he did not know where anything was. The signs or lack of them around campus did not help much.

He discovered that no sign on the expanse directed traffic to the campus. So Kaufman marks the campus itself. In finding the campus, getting around on campus and finding parking "People are confronted with many contradictions and numbers. Signs are random and sparse. It all adds up to a hodge-podge of signs." Kaufman says.

Image problem

Kaufman observed that around campus some buildings are well marked such as Hayes-Healy, the Radiation Center and Howard Hall. But most buildings are poorly marked especially the infirmary and other residence halls. It is even difficult to tell which tower is which. "The signs inside the Administration Building are ridiculous," he adds.

Several months ago Kaufman, through the Committee on Campus Environment, began researching the University's image problem. "I think the administration is also interested in improving the campus' image in the visual media-signs, vehicles and stationery. The problem is similar to a business establishment wishing to present a pleasing image to the public."

Kaufman is an industrial engineer who spent three years with National Cash Register Company working on product design. From this experience he draws his suggestions for standardizing signs and unifying the campus' "outward image."

Uniform signs

New standardized signs are proposed. "We should have signs for each building with uniform shape, material and lettering," Kaufman says. He suggests signs be the same rectangular shape and vary in size according to their function. The signs should have one color scheme and the same style of printed lettering.

His proposals are detailed. The signs are made of specially treated brown aluminum. The finished sign has long life and resists vandalism. It is similar to the brown trim on the ACC. The shape and design of the signs are carried over into vehicle decals, office nameplates and official stationery. Color codes are used extensively to signify different parking areas or college departments.

Kaufman also hopes a symbol for the university is developed. "It is a complex job, a real public relations deal that I would like to see them do," he says. "The theory is..." Kaufman suggest transforming the Lewis bus shelter into an information center.

4. An outdoor plaza

Montana also cites the need for the campus "to create a center where students could gather, an area to respect." He mentioned the site between LaFortune and Hayes-Healy as a likely spot for the plaza.

A water fountain, textured-surface sidewalks, a depressed area, trees, benches and special lighting have all been suggested for the plaza. McCandless sees this plaza as a gathering place for extracurricular activities. "Presently the
ND Graduate Student Ken McCandless is working on improving the campus in a different area. He is studying sidewalk patterns, dirt paths and the flow of people around campus. “There are two problems with people and sidewalks,” McCandless says. “One is the design of the sidewalks. People don’t turn corners at 90 degrees. The other problem is less tangible. It is the lazy attitude of the people who use the sidewalks.”

**Diagonal dirt paths**

McCandless, a graduate student in Environmental Architecture, blames designers for laying out sidewalk patterns that looked good on paper but had no relation to other buildings or human nature. “People tend to take the quickest path. Diagonal cutting is the biggest problem. I’m not against walking on the grass but if the grass gets enough traffic to wear out it should be paved,” he says.

The most obvious example of this diagonal cutting is in the library dirt paths.

in a one hour period one weekday morning. McCandless charted the people walking toward the library. 46 students used the paved sidewalks and 115 used the diagonal paths. He recommends paving paths like these.

**Ugly posts and wires**

McCandless cites the silver posts and guide wires as another negative element in sidewalk construction. “They are ugly and unsatisfactory. If a twenty year old guy wants to walk on the grass these don’t stop him,” he says. Widening sidewalks and rounding corners are two of his alternatives. To keep the grass along the edges of the sidewalk from wearing out he suggests a foot wide cobblestone border in place of the posts. A 'sub-theory' is also being worked on by McCandless. He thinks if a sidewalk is added one can be taken away. “If a sidewalk is seldom used then it probably isn’t needed. It should be taken up and草地 over,” he states.

New walkways for sidewalks are suggested. McCandless says brick and crushed stone blend more easily with the environment and are a welcome change from traditional paving materials.

**Attitude problem**

To combat the attitude problem the Committee on Campus Environment is launching a publicity campaign. For example, copies of a cartoon that appeared in the Observer on sidewalk shortcuts are being distributed. The committee will try to instill a sense of pride in the campus. “We don’t have all the answers to change attitudes,” McCandless says. “We will always have the guy who throws his cigarette butt on the ground.”

**3. Different lighting**

Campus lighting is being explored by the Committee on Campus environment as another dimension of the problem. “Lighting is primarily protective. It is the best deterrent to crime,” says Prof. Montana. “Dark areas on campus are had especially with the increase of women on campus. We need enough light in vulnerable places.” The chairman of the Architecture Department labels the present lighting as "adequate" but finds displeasure with the glare from the light and the light fixtures. "Everything in dark after you pass by one of the lights," he says. Any new lighting should enhance the campus. It should not have a glary surface of an abstrusive appearance.

Montana has several suggestions for lighting revisions. He points out that the shrub lighting around the ACC is a good example of lighting that has "soft residential qualities, not harsh light a shopping center and not too expensive either," he says.

The key to good lighting Montana contends is if the light "bulb is hidden from view. "The effect is like candlelight, not dark enough that somebody can sneak up and not too much glare either."
The class of '72

Tom Gatewood - top receiver in ND history

Gatewood rewrites the record book

Walt Patalski - the nation's top lineman

Buster Brown - three years as No. 1 man

He's number one

Terry Buck - set Irish Eyes smiling

Cheer, cheer for old Notre Dame

Ken Ryan - the Scrambler

Ryan sets career win mark

Joe LaRocca - captain of the Irish nine

LaRocca's big bat leads ND nine

Dick Tomasoni - bulwark of Irish ice program

Shot...save!

Elio Polselli - big guy with a big heart

Irish strongman

Patulski is nation's top lineman
Irish lose two; Jake still waiting

by Stan Unrau

Michaelink, whose hitting form in a head coach in Jake Kline's efforts to attain that magical .500 career victories rate has been considerable, faced the Wolverines on Notre Dame Saturday. The 24 hitnd at Carrier Field as the Big Ten squad swept a doubleheader by scores of 8-6 and 9-3. Irish hurler Ed Hrabok was riddled by Michigan hitters in his three innings of duty in the opening game, giving up 11 hits and six runs with all but two of the tallies earned. Though he did manage to register five strikeouts.

Junior Mike Lucas followed Hrabok, and pitched well in all but one case out of his three innings. The sidewinding righty covered a total of just one scratch run in the sixth, this season J. Rob Reschan greeted safeties, a sacrifice fly, and Tom Schuster with a shortstop error. But one of those tallies earned, and captain Joe LaRocca followed time that cost Notre Dame the winning run.

The Blue-Gold slated for its second doubleheader by scores of 8-5 and to 6-2. came through as pinch hitter Rick in the seventh off reliever Art Stewbelge. The Irish in the eighth by Lefty Ellis, turned in a walk, and moved to third on Schuster's sacrifice fly. The tying run scored on the wild throw by Michigan relief reliever."
Cycle fans are motley lot

by Don Roane

Working class America, some sporting stomachs made from the finest grains and hops, others with the lean, weathered faces reflecting years on the farm, spent the afternoon last Sunday on a rugged hillside east of Bristol, Ind.

Now why would families, guys and their girls, greasers, skinheads and longhairs want to get together on some rock strewn hill tucked in the woods off I-130? They like motorcyles, and Sunday was a day for competition in the trying sport of hill climbing. Shortly before 1 p.m. a scratchy "Oo, you can see them..." hustled the crowd of two or three hundred as it struggled to get out of speakers wired to the trees. After it was over the pits at the base of the 140 foot hill exploded in unmuffled thunder, and everyone prepared for some excitement.

The first ones up the hill were little guys, almost adolescents, who piloted tiny 100 cc bikes. The spirit of competition could be seen on their faces as they struggled to keep balance, and lost traction in the loose soil and rocky course. Some didn't make it all the way, but then some didn't even get over the three foot incline at the gate either.

At the afternoon passed the bikes got bigger and the course got tougher. Each class made the hill softer, rutier, and more dangerous for the big boys who were taking "warrior bikes" and other models with engines stronger than 1,000 cc.

The announcer had several wry comments for those who lost traction or fell, among them: "He made a U-turn at 40 feet, guess he didn't like our hill," or "The old gray mare died at the bottom of the hill."

Speculators were in almost as much danger as the bike jockeys. Often ignoring the rope barriers, they lined the course wall, but whirled for safety every time a powered to their side in search of better traction. Flying sand and stone was another danger, and the gallery often had to protect their faces and heads from the debris.

Just about everybody brought their own refreshments, and if they didn't there was a food shack. Members of the Caretakers Club of Northern Indiana wheeled their Ford van in behind the finish line for distribution of several cases Pabst among members. They could be seen strolling about the hillside in their riding clothes with a can of brew in hand.

Other bike fans settled for Zapple and other wines. Other members of the Heartland of America people settled for pop sold at the food shack.

Housing survey needs volunteers

The Northeast Neighborhood Center located at 908 Notre Dame Ave, (The old firestation on the corner of N.D. and South Bend.) will be conducting a housing survey on Sat., May 6, 1973 beginning at 12:00 Noon until 3:30 p.m. Any Notre Dame student wishing to volunteer his services for three hours should call 284-6705 and leave his name and phone number. After 7:00 pm please call either 284-0678 or 284-0878. Thank you.

SOME GRAD SCHOLLS ARE MORE CHALLENGING THAN OTHERS.

It's graduation day and there you stand...diploma in hand and future in doubt. You could go on to graduate school or you could look for a job in today's ever-tightening job market. Or you could put your education to work immediately by applying for the Air Force's Officer Training School program.

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Anyone Interested in the Student Union

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Walt (services commission) at 7757

Transcendental Meditation

Introductory Lecture

Thursday May 4

8:00pm

Library Auditorium
Wellesley elects to stay all women by Ann Therese Darin

Ocean City, Md. — Can a college be happier than a newly-wed bride? According to spokeswomen for two prominent women's colleges, yes. Both institutions, recently adopted or soon to be adopted, there are more opportunities for women in education than between marriages with larger universities.

Two years ago Wellesley College, one of the famous seven women's liberal arts colleges in New England, formed a cooperative exchange with two prominent students, faculty, and administrators to investigate its students.

The commission suggested that the college change its state charter to admit men as degree candidates.

"The board wouldn't approve this," recalled Ms. Alice Gordon, director of the Scholastic Magazine, "the faculty voted by a narrow margin to remain feminine in character. The students at one point wanted to go coed on a 10 on 90 percent women - 40 percent men ratio, however, later they lost the urge."

Exchange programs

Instead of restricting itself to a merger with one of the many men's universities and colleges within the region, Wellesley joined a 12-college area consortium.

The program, which includes Amherst College, Connecticut College, Dartmouth College, Mount Holyoke, Smith, Vassar, Wesleyan College, and Wellesley College, has academic and recreational offerings for men who can live and study on the campus, and women can study at any of the participating schools. There is no exchange of money within the program.

Ms. Gordon also noted that Wellesley has a cross-registration program with Massachusetts Institute of Technology. "You have to take four free units of credit, 14 Wellesley units, to graduate from the school," she said. (Wellesley students take four units or course a semester.)

A formal cooperative course work may be elected at any of the participating schools. However, the students have to select Wellesley majors. They can not elect one that the college does not offer." Ms. Gordon added.

The movement away from merger is not limited to the East. In addressing an all-college assembly here last week, Dr. Edward Henry, president-elect of Southern Women's College, questioned the students on co-education as the solution to all their problems. "One may well ask on any co-ed campus - what are the most important extra curriculars? Do they permit of female participation? And, if so, what proportion of women will play leading roles as compared with men students? One is tempted to ask, will it take a generation or two to eliminate 'tokenism'?"

Despite the growing trend toward merging smaller colleges with larger universities, Wellesley rejected all proposals for unification or merger. However, it is one of the participating schools. Wellesley is one of a new breed.

New Breed

Wellesley is one of a new breed. A new breed of women who demand to remain unique, Ms. Gordon said. "Women's colleges give women an opportunity for role models of other competent women. They can always see themselves where they are respected as individuals and have a chance to succeed, not in larger men's universities, where they are excluded and outnumbered in the classroom.

She also saw women's colleges providing students with necessary experience in extracurricular activities, since at a co-ed university, men usually receive the best experience.

Breasted according to

At Notre Dame, women hold three key posts in campus administration. However, while last year, Elizabeth Stoltz, a St. Mary's senior served as co-director of the Scholastic Magazine. In Notre Dame Student Government and Student Union, there are no women as yet appointed for next year, although R. Calhoun Ker- sten, student body president, has cancelled StatClint Life Council elections so that women can vote in them, too.

Ms. Gordon also noted that Wellesley would have particular career programs, which women's colleges can offer.

Henry's plan

Henry plans to convert St. Mary's into a "progressive center of women's education. He not only plans to expand extra-curricular activities on the college to give women an opportunity to compete and to develop, but in going one step further than the colleges in the East."

Following the plans of the Southern Women's Colleges Association, Notre Dame was the first to develop the curriculum to fit women's needs. Instead of requiring the number of majors at the college from which one can immediately be placed in a job, he is going to expand them to possibly include nursing, urban studies, paramedical institutes, a Minnesota training institute and business administration.

Henry feels that even if the social environment of women's campuses is important, the academic area is also crucial in training women for her new "liberated role" in society.

While St. Mary's, Wheaton and Wellesley will remain for women, Notre Dame and Manhattanville, formerly a Catholic women's institution in Purchase, New York, have gone coed, following the trend toward coeducation within the last decade.

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from the observer

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THURSDAY, MAY 4, 1972

these legislators have on the budget and the economic scene.

These legislators have on the budget and the economic scene.

These legislators have on the budget and the economic scene.

These legislators have on the budget and the economic scene.

These legislators have on the budget and the economic scene.
Black literature suppressed

The introductions and prefaces of all the books were curiously similar: all confirmed the belief that black literature and culture has been suppressed and neglected in this country. They proceeded that their volumes were not all-inclusive, but do provide an excellent base for surveying black literature.

One of the anthologies stated boldly, "The present interest in the Negro artist appears to be a sufficient reason for singling out for special study these recent books which treat of the colored man. Only by isolating this particular material from the body of American literature can we come to a deeper understanding and appreciation of the Negro's place in our national life. The New Negro has sloughed off his protective covering of self-praise, over-sensitiveness, exaggerated accusation of his oppressor. He has repudiated any special allowances, the appeals on which he has, in the past, been tempted to lean. He stands upon a certain pride in the history and the gifts of his race, but he looks beyond the limits of his particular group to a consciousness of national and international identity." The copyright of that book? 1928.

The above passage lends credibility to the idea that not much has changed in the past 45 years. Black literature is still considered a new phenomenon, that is attempting to establish itself as a stable art form.

Labels and stereotypes

Works by black authors are still stereotyped, isolated, from other American literature. It seems that every one of these books published is described by critics as having the same theme—racial discrimination, the second class citizen and his struggle.

In an article entitled "The Literary Ghetto," John A. Williams stated, "Almost without fail, a novel written by a Negro is said to be one of anger, hatred, rage or protest. Sometimes modifiers are used: "beautiful" anger, "Black" hatred, "painful" rage, "exquisite" protest. These little tickets deprive that novel of any ability it may have to voice its concern for all humankind, not only Negroes."

Black writers are scarce in ND/SMC libraries

by Marlene Zloza

John A. Williams is an author, a black author. Williams spoke on campus on April 21 as a guest of the Sophomore Literary Festival. Yet after his appearance, none of the listeners who had become interested in Williams' works had the opportunity to whet their literary appetites. Neither the Notre Dame nor the St. Mary's library contains any of his novels or poetry books. A few of his short stories are included in black anthologies, but this is hardly satisfying to the curious reader.

Further examination of the small stack of books on black literature at the SMC library revealed that only superficial care had been taken in stocking such books.

About half of the dozen or so volumes are circa 1968. Those which are more current appear very similar in content and scope. The only two that contain any of Williams' works happen to include the same short story, "Sun in the Afternoon." Most contain liberal samplings of Langston Hughes, Claude McKay and LeRoi Jones.

Top stories of the year

(continued from pg. 3) would be scared off by the quota. After reflection, many departments are learning to live with the quota. The decision allowed many senior students to graduate this spring. All classes would have been taken in stocking such books.

About half of the dozen or so volumes are circa 1968. Those which are more current appear very similar in content and scope. The only two that contain any of Williams' works happen to include the same short story, "Sun in the Afternoon." Most contain liberal samplings of Langston Hughes, Claude McKay and LeRoi Jones.

The Mock Democratic Convention nominated Sen. George McGovern of South Dakota and Sen. Birch Bayh of Indiana for President, Vice-President, respectively. After three long days, the delegates were more than happy to get out of Stepan but many were willing to go through the long, hot, and humid afternoons again. The convention was another plus in the history of Notre Dame politics. The first convention was held in 1952.

OOPS! The slate of newly-elected officers for Regina Hall, a predominantly freshman-sophomore dormitory at St. Mary's College, was accidentally omitted from yesterday's Observer. Ann Smith and Mary Ellen Darnin, both freshmen, are respectively president and vice-president for next year.
Idealism leads ND grads into Peace Corps

by Ann McCurry

Bill Hrabrick used to get his exercise on the rugby fields both in the A.C.C. or on the Stephon Center basketball courts. As a Peace Corps volunteer, a 1971 Notre Dame graduate now commutes, on foot, between six Guatemalan mountain villages. During the two-hour walk between towns, Bill often thinks about Notre Dame.

"Another five weeks or so will mark a year that we graduated from N.D.," Bill wrote from Jacaltengo on April 14. "I really enjoyed my four years there. Down here, at times, I think about the 'good old days'."

A Notre Dame education gives Bill something more than memories of the 'good old days' to sustain him in his Peace Corps work. Notre Dame gave Michael McCauley, who has just completed two years with the Peace Corps in the South Pacific, something extra, also.

Observer Insight

These men are only two of the hundreds of Notre Dame graduates who have served in the Peace Corps since its creation in 1961. The largest 'feeder' school in the country, Notre Dame has always held the special interest and respect of local Peace Corps officials.

"You meet a completely different kind of kid here," a recruiter once remarked to R.J. Waddick, dean of the College of Arts and letters.

ND Preparation

Notre Dame is a university steeped in pride and tradition. This respect for tradition may be partly responsible for the lure the Peace Corps seems to hold for Notre Dame students. ND has been connected with the Peace Corps from its birth on March 1, 1961. Shortly after President John F. Kennedy signed a bill creating the corps, Father Theodore Hesburgh asked to plan a project for the Peace Corps in one of the foreign countries with which the corps would cooperate.

On July 20 of the following summer, fifty-two young Americans arrived at the University of Notre Dame to prepare for the first Peace Corps mission in Chile. The group included eight Notre Dame and two Saint Mary's graduates and was directed by Professor Walter Langford of the Language Department. Langford also accompanied the group to Chile, supervising the project for two years.

An 'idealistic' View

A commitment to the Peace Corps requires more than a sense of history, however. "The advantages of a peculiar 'Notre Dame' education in the Peace Corps lie in the motivation for going," stated Michael McCauley (ND 1970). "One must be partially 'idealistic' I think, to ever attempt such a thing in the first place."

Officials agree that idealism is the major quality characteristic of all volunteers. Waddick, who was also involved in the Peace Corps, feels that Notre Dame, as a Catholic university, imparts an outstanding variety of idealism. Most Notre Dame volunteers base their personal philosophy on the high moral values developed through their background studies in the humanities, theology and philosophy.

"I really began in the Peace Corps, and I really got involved," said Joe Evans, professor of philosophy, who has recommended several former students for Peace Corps work.

"All of these young men have a Christian personalism about them," says Evans. He continues to say that a sincere reverence for being and the sharing of this personal being is common among the Notre Dame men he has recommended. This effervescent youthful idealism also can prove a disadvantage to a volunteer.

"The disadvantages of this background have their genesis in that same idealism which fomented the advantages," commented McCauley. "That is, I found that I thought in such idealistic and naive terms after coming out of college that I was for a long time crippled in dealing with the real world."

Notre Dame students also participate in many volunteer programs such as Neighborhood Study Help Program, which provides tutors for local schools, C.I.L.A., and the Kennedy Foundation. Experiences like these help breed the concern and commitment to humanitarian work which may lead students into the Peace Corps, VISTA, or other related programs.

An Alternative?

An increasing number of volunteers are students who have been rejected from graduate school or have experienced first hand the death of jobs incurred by a changing economic situation.

"Rather than sit around, they figured they might as well do something," said Mike Williams, at the Notre Dame Placement Bureau. Williams, a former volunteer, says that these young students think that two years in the Peace Corps can give an individual the opportunity to challenge himself and discover new lifestyles.

"The Peace Corps is a great challenge and maturing influence on people," Walter Langford concurred. "The Peace Corps is a great challenge and maturing influence on people." Walter Langford concurred. "The volunteers gets more out of two years than any one he helps.

responsibility, maturity"

Mike McCauley found that his ND experience engendered some distinctive features in his approach to the Peace Corps which effected a unique capacity for personal growth.

"I viewed my years overseas as a continuation of my search for self and God which I really began at entrance. During my year I appreciated the loneliness and the isolation in my early days in the foreign countries with which I was intellectually accepted in college but had not yet spiritually "appropriated" into my own lifestyle and search," philosophized McCauley.

"The PC certainly was not a 'religious' experience, but I did use it to develop a deeper appreciation for others and a sense that all people are united in a search for meaning in life," he concluded.

The vast majority of volunteers plan to further their education after completion of their two-year stint, says Waddick. Figures have proven that fifty percent of all these volunteers possess a heightened desire to help people and have changed or redirected their major to one that will afford them greater interaction with people.

A Foundation for Inspiration

In the final analysis, it is the combination of a spirit of adventure, sensitivity, compassion, and selflessness into a driving motivation that is most vital to the success of a Peace Corps volunteer. Working in a desolate rural village like Jacaltengo necessitates a large measure of faith, which Notre Dame's Father Duffe once defined to Mike McCauley as "a willingness to live in uncertainty with desperate faith."

As the Peace Corps begins its second decade, Notre Dame continues to instill courageous young Americans with this faith. At the same time, its people, its traditions, experiences and education provide them with the motivation to follow Joe Evans' directive as he quotes William Blake.

"To find the world in a grain of sand and heaven in a wildflower."
Democratic primaries are still inconclusive

After eight major and several minor Democratic primaries this year, the only conclusion we can possibly reach is that there is as yet no conclusion. We have seen Maine Senator Edmund Muskie win two, then quit the race entirely. Alabama Governor George C. Wallace won one, and continues to scare people with respectable turnouts in all the primaries he enters. South Dakota Senator George McGovern has come out of nowhere using devasting campaign methods to capture two primaries and show well in all others but Florida. Minnesota Senator and former Vice-President Hubert Humphrey captured his first primary victory at the presidency last week in Pennsylvania. He followed that with a victory in Indiana Tuesday, and what appears to be a victory in Ohio, though all the votes are not yet in. We ought to note, however, as all the party professionals are liable to note, that neither Indiana nor Ohio gave Humphrey a big margin. Indiana went for the former vice-president by only a few percentage points, most of the rest going for Wallace. Ohio will result in a wider victory for Humphrey over McGovern, showing that McGovern can indeed draw support from a large industrial state. Wallace has been busy sending his "message," a definitely populist one, which concentrates on blue-collar workers and the right wing of the party. He has had considerable success even in northern liberal states, but this lack of a recent victory could hurt him in the weeks to come.

Two-Way Street—With Cross-Traffic

The Democratic party, then, is dangerously fragmented. This division was somewhat alleviated by the withdrawal of former frontunner Muskie from the list of contenders. Wallace's relative success in many of the primaries was due to fragmentation of the liberal vote between the three major contenders. Now there are only two, and this won't help Wallace. However, it will tend to divide more sharply than the party between the "progressive center" of Humphrey and the "new center" of McGovern.

Which brings us to the upcoming primaries. Today is Tennessee, with Wallace the only candidate on the preferential poll. He will obviously win this, but the race for delegates may fragment the Tennessee delegation. Saturday is North Carolina, where Terry Sanford, president of Duke University and a former candidate of the state, has won. This could tell a lot about the state of Wallace's campaign. Sanford is admittedly a minor candidate, but he has decent credentials and considerable support in the state party. If he does well in North Carolina, he intends to enter the New Jersey primary in a few weeks.

Michigan and California

And the biggest of the upcoming primaries, Michigan, May 16. Here the busing issue will receive considerable attention from all quarters, and the Wallace-Governor McGovern split will be the ultimate test, particularly in the Detroit area, where he has campaigned considerably so far. All the candidates are entered in Michigan, and it figures to be a battle between Wallace, McGovern and Humphrey. If Wallace wins, he will go to the convention with a considerable bloc, possibly as much as 300 votes. If, however, he slips between now and May 16, he is likely to be disappointed with his delegate total, which now stands at 75, the sum he won in Florida.

The big step in June is in California, where all 271 delegate votes go to the winner. Here Humphrey and McGovern are rated even, although everyone realizes that that can change in a month. McGovern has used rock concerts in California, as well as in Ohio, to raise more money for the state, and also to display that sort of thing which could swing an election for the South Dakota senator.

The Democratic organization in the state has been divided for several years, with Mayor Sam Yorty of Los Angeles holding down the right wing, while newly-elected Senator Tom Tunney is the liberal figure on the left. Humphrey will have some trouble holding the organization behind him, especially since Tunney endorsed the campaign of Edmund Muskie.

Consequences of a Split

After California comes New York, where predictions at this early date are a bit futile, since so many factors can change. If the current trend continues, one of two factors could determine the outcome. Either Humphrey's limited success could be the result of a full-grown success in Michigan and California, thus making him the nominee on the first ballot, or the primaries will continue to split between Humphrey and McGovern, with the outcome in California also.

The result of the latter would be to make Wallace the power broker, since he will have the most to lose, and the result of the former, McGovern with Humphrey and McGovern also.

In any case, the party will be left to combine Wallace, McGovern and Humphrey to make the ticket.

Confusion and a Kennedy Draft

Kennedy, of course, has repeatedly denied that he wants the nomination. He is said to be ready to espouse, we may find the bosses-like Chicago Mayor Richard Daley—looking for a compromise—Edward M. Kennedy.

Kempsey will go to the convention with the most votes, with McGovern not far behind. Neigher will be near a majority, and Humphrey, the man who has escaped from the primaries unscathed. Simply, Teddy.

Some observers have said that Kennedy would be beaten in 1972 and would be worthless in 1976. However, we may find it hard to believe that the emergency leader of a factional party, having sacrificed his personal desires for the good of the party, would be dumped upon for second term. O'Brien, however, had a leader of a factional party, having some sense of the state's outlook, as well as a good practical sensibility are the sort of thing that could be treated "with some deference"—Miami, and his occupancy of a position of power between two big blocs may guarantee such treatment.

It is unlikely that any one primary—even California—will mean victory for anyone. Chances are that the party will continue to split between Humphrey, McGovern, and "the wild card," Wallace. The race may be like Michigan, with McGovern going to Humphrey; Maryland and North Carolina will go to Wallace, and Nebraska will go to McGovern. This could tell a lot about the McGovern, and what may well be California, but this will be offset by Humphrey wins in the non-primary states. The result, when the race reaches the McGovern convention, could well be close. The new "open" convention will be a confused, factioned convention. With a badly divided left wing, and a right wing, this could tell a lot about the party, in particular about Wallace.

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The prospect of women living among us

I fear that I write these lines as though I were a satirist or a silly romantic or a middle-age lecher with a glint of depravity in his eye and probably means I am a little bit like a lot of other people here at Notre Dame. A sexual sophisticate or a veteran of the drawing room experience, I am not. Years of living in men's dormitories and the male ghettos of the priesthood have left me with a sense of inexperience which is most vivid when one is dining alone in the City, with the unsung hours of the evening stretched like a wasteland before him. Woman is mystery, warmth, the mind's companion, Dame, and the change is happy news to those who lose us like roses viewing a briar patch, leaving traces of My Sin to drift across the noontime, lifting their faces like proud cushions to the unshared hours of the evening stretched reelected in November. But coeducation is a step towards a new life-style at Notre Dame, and the change is happy news to anyone who loves the place.

I cannot omit from these breath-taking insights a comment addressed to some of the dearest people I know, the children of Notre Dame who live among the spires and recovering nicely, thank you anyway.

Am I glad to see women coming to Notre Dame? Is the note of a symphony glad to hear? Do these words mean to the reader one man or one Dame? Is the note of a symphony glad to hear? Am I glad to see women coming to Notre Dame? I love these people, and I love their beauty and grace, and I love their love, and I love their charm and love, shaped by God as though He were a poet composing sonnets, and I love the Notre Dame experience, you are Notre Dame--for me, and I suspect for all of us just as much as football is, or the Provost, or lectures in O'Shaughnessy, or the golden Virgin dancing in the sun. The development of Notre Dame from a boys' jungle into a center for life-experiences is part of your development. New kinds of awareness await you, as they await us, and St. Mary's loses its image (deserved or not) among the undergraduates as the finishing school for Hard-Hearted Hannah, the vamps of Savannah, Ga.

Our schools are dedicated to the identical Mother of God who may, these days, seem to have little relevance to either campus. But really, as a Christian, you can't understand much of the mystery of Jesus except in the context of the people around him. A life touched by God, as Christ's was, is an affair of suffering as a consequence of love, and only through death, did resurrection come. A life touched by Christ, as Mary's was, is also an affair of suffering, because the God-touch and the Christ-touch are as one, demanding that the cross be assumed before the Magnificat can be sung. I touch

(continued on page 15)
Danang-Lt. Gen. Hoang Xuan Lam, the former northern military region commander, said he resigned because his troops gave up Quangtri City without a fight—disobeying his orders to stand and fight.

Washington—There were rumors in world capitals that the United States and North Vietnam were near an agreement on a broad peace announcement. But the rumors were strongly denied by the Nixon Administration. The settlement reportedly included a cease-fire and a mutual pullback of troops.

National

Washington—L. Patrick Gray 3d, an assistant attorney general and longtime personal friend of the President, was named acting director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation by President Nixon.