72 days not needed for credit
Accreditation Association statement to be presented to Academic Council

by Tom Drape
News Editor

A statement denying the need for a required number of class days per semester from the Executive Director of North Central Accreditation Association will be presented at the Academic Council meeting today by Academic Commissioner Christopher Nedeau in letters to the federal, state, local, and campus governments.

Dr. Joseph Senrow, executive director of the NCAA, stated yesterday, "There is no particular number of days in a semester required by North Central." Notre Dame is an accredited member of North Central.

Student Government Commissioner Nedeau pointed to the direct contradiction with the administration's stated number one imperative for the calendar—that the semester have 72 class days.

As a result, Nedeau proposed a meeting at the Academic Council meeting this afternoon, through motion, that "the Administrators prepare the academic year calendar commencing with the academic year 1974-75 so that the Fall semester registration begin no earlier than the day after Labor Day."

Five Imperatives

Nedeau referred to five imperatives stated by the Administration at the Nov. 7 Academic Council meeting in adopting the pre-Labor Day calendar. They included:

- the need for a mid-semester break
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Based on a survey in which 96 per cent of the students opposed the pre-Labor Day calendar, a petition was accepted by the Executive Committee of the Academic Council and passed on with no "recommendation" endorsement. Besides containing Nedeau's signature, the petition was signed by the administrators and six faculty members.

Accreditation not endangered

Questions by Nedeau as to whether two or three days would endanger Notre Dame's accreditation by his association, the executive director responded "not at all, in no way could it conceivably endanger our accreditation."

In this statement, Dr. Senrow noted that he could see no change in the number of students who would lose the education of a college student.

Nedeau added, "If there is no hassle from North Central, still, 10 days or any two days would not make that much difference."

Students Serious

In rebutting the administration's imperatives, Nedeau hastened to note the seriousness of the issue by the students.

"As the Calendar Survey taken in December indicated, the students were more interested in a post-Labor day start with the elimination of an October break (74 per cent) than a pre-Labor Day beginning," said Nedeau.

Admitting that a mid-semester break is needed, he felt that a sufficient break could be modeled on this year's break.

Nedeau stated, "We will propose this year's calendar minus one day at the October break as a simple alternative." The movement of the mobile home show back into August would not affect the calendar in any change. Added Nedeau, "except for the fact that when the students come back to campus they will not greet by the piles of rubbish usually left by the show."

Dr. Hickey-Reluctant

In a conversation with the St. Mary's Vice-President of Academic Affairs, Dr. William Hickey, Nedeau revealed Hickey's agreement and reluctance in changing the calendar to a pre-Labor start.

Hickey related "The most important principle we adhere to is cooperation with Notre Dame which mandates common calendars." He pointed out that if Notre Dame's schedule had remained the same, St. Mary's would have remained too.

Tessa Lehman, SMC Academic Commissioner, voiced similar sentiments last night.

"The feeling that we have gathered is that very, very few are in favor of starting before Labor Day," said Lehman. "Personally, I think it is for the sake of education and going along with Notre Dame."

11-12 over again

Nedeau pointed to the similar calendar battle in the Spring and Fall of 1972. "In 1972, we had the same battle which points to the students of necessity in their objections," noted Nedeau. The administration's view that the student is uninterested in the calendar is "unfounded as evidence by their consistency then and now," he contended.

Arguing further that the university was not completely honoring the student protest, Nedeau said, "If they had believed us then, we wouldn't be considering it now."

"How many times will it take?" he asked.

Nedeau criticized Fr. Burtchall's wish, stated at Dillon Hall last month, of trying the calendar to see if the students liked it, "I maintain that you don't have to try something to like it—although I never worked the grave-yard shift, I know I don't like it," stated Nedeau.

Executive committee—no recommendation

Passing on the petition presented, the executive committee set the meeting's agenda with recommendation of "no recommendation." According to Nedeau, this is somewhat encouraging to the students since there are three possibilities, which are positive, negative, and no recommendation, that could have been attached.

Nedeau described the executive committee as "reluctant at first to study the issue at all. He noted, however, to the committee, the time that might be involved would be well worth it."

The arrangement of calendar is that of time which affects everyone, said Nedeau.

Nedeau applauded both the administration and student government on their attitude of good faith in bargaining and pointed out that it was not a waste of time but "valuable exercise in democracy."

Police make drug raid at IU, arrest sellers

by Patrick Hanflin
Staff Reporter

Federal, state, local and campus police raided the Indiana University at Bloomington early Tuesday morning arresting at least 39 persons for sale of drugs. Federal and state warrants have been issued for at least 40 more individuals sought by police.

Simultaneous raids were conducted around Bloomington in Oden, Bedford, Mitchell and Martinsville between 3 p.m. and 4 a.m. early Tuesday. Approximately 80 agents, state and local, and campus officers were involved in the raid which was coordinated by George Halden, deputy regional director of the U.S. Bureau of Narcotics and Dangerous Drugs.

Accorded to J.L. Assistant Dean of Students Herbert Smith, approximately 90 per cent of those arrested were students at I.U. About thirty-five federal warrants were issued and the twenty-three people so far arrested have been sent to Marion County Jail in Indianapolis.

Some 45 state warrants have been issued and 16 persons arrested and sent to Monroe Jail in Bloomington. Those not yet apprehended have been declared fugitives.

Those arrested were charged with conspiracy to sell controlled substances, sale of controlled substances, and sale of dangerous drugs. Bail was set at figures ranging from $100 to $25,000 with $5000 being the most common.

A statement by the Indiana State Police detailed: "Record quantities of cocaine, hallucinogens, such as LSD and PCP, and several pounds of marijuana were captured in the raid."

In addition to those arrested on drug warrants twelve to 14 people were arrested on common nuisance charges during the raid.

Preparations for the raid began last April with state and local police investigations. The federal narcotics officers conducted undercover operations in October purchasing $25,000 worth of cocaine, marijuana, and other drugs. Drugs confiscated in the raid will be used as further evidence. This was the biggest drug crack-down ever in Monroe County, surpassing the record set in February of 1972 when 40 people were arrested.

According to a spokesman for the state police no further raids on this scale are planned for the near future.

Halden, the federal officer, has also conducted a raid at Southern Illinois. Federal officials were unavailable for comment.

Proposed calendar ...

... see page 7
Washington (UPI) - The Senate Watergate committee, in its first party line vote, decided Wednesday to stage two weeks of hearings beginning next Tuesday on the contributions made to President Nixon's campaign by Howard Hughes and by the dairy industry cooperatives. The House is voting to impeach Nixon on Thursday.

Washington (UPI) - Peter H. B. Freilinghuyzen, R. N. J., quoted President Nixon Wednesday as having told a group of GOP congressmen that he is "going fight like hell" against impeachment. The lawmaker was one of the 18 Republicans who met with Nixon Tuesday. He quoted the President as saying: "There is a time to be timid. There is a time to be conciliatory. There is a time to fly and there is a time to fight, and I'm going to fight like hell."}

Washington (UPI) - The Federal Trade Commission urged Congress Wednesday to reinstate the present warning on cigarettes and add a warning to little cigars. The group also recommended the launching of a research program to develop a "safe" cigarette, and suggested the government begin advertising on radio and television and in print to discourage smoking, especially among the young, so as to substantiate the possibility of smoking being the cause of cancer, heart disease and other ailments.

-by Peggy Frelricks
Staff Reporter
St. Mary's Student Assembly Tuesday night passed proposals concerning a new election rule, academic accreditation for student government, student government car, and a proposal for a Day Care Center. A proposal for a donation of $25,000 from the city government to help renovate the Coffee Shop was tabled.

Conflict during recent student elections at St. Mary's necessitated a proposal for a clearer and more organized election procedure. Under the new proposal, which passed unanimously, write-in candidates can no longer participate in elections after the primaries. Abstentions will no longer count toward determining the majority, but will be considered the same as not voting.

The Student Board of Government proposed that the designated members of the Student Body of the Student Assembly receive academic credit by taking one credit per semester for their respective positions. Such credit would be counted towards electives only. Students would be graded under the Pass/Fail system in a program similar to the American Scene lecture series now in effect. The credit may be granted in conjunction with the departments of Education, Humanistic Studies, Political Science, and Sociology. These suggestions of accreditation were made to give acknowledgement to students who devote much of their time and energy to aid the community in various capacities and to generate a greater interest in serving the college community during a students' years at St. Mary's.

Jackson alleges oil companies cut back on military supplies

Jackson alleged that oil companies are cutting back on military supplies. Washington (UPI) - Sen. Henry M. Jackson, D-Wash., said Wednesday he had evidence that acting on Arab orders, some oil companies reduced their output to the U.S. military during President Nixon's worldwide military alert during the Middle East war in October.

This alleged military oil cutback preceded the general Arab embargo of oil products for the United States, Jackson said.

If the charge is true, he said, the companies involved "hurt the nation's security at a critical time." He asked U.S. oil executives attending a hearing of his Senate Permanent Investigation Subcommittee to look into the matter and report back to him.

Jackson said he had "reliable documentation" that expanded on a Business Week magazine article on the subject. The article said Saudi Arabia had ordered officials of Aramco to cut back the oil they would be supplied by working at the Day Care Center located in the Clubhouse next to Holy Cross Hall. The Day Care Center is used chiefly for the children of faculty members and students in the St. Mary's Notre Dame community. Students can attain internships in sociology and child care by working at the center. The assembly voted to contribute $1,000 to the Day Care Center.

- By Peggy Frelricks

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**SMC Student Assembly passes proposals**

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- Please send all Mardi Gras raffle tickets MUST be returned. NOW.

GIVE MONEY OR UNSOLD TICKETS TO YOUR SECTION LEADER.

**TODAY**
Committee probes housing needs

by William Murphy
Staff Reporter

(Ed. note: In the December issue of "Notre Dame Magazine", the list of recommendations for change established by the Committee on University Priorities was made public at the request of Father Hesburgh. This was done so that any members of the Notre Dame community who wished could make known their feelings concerning the recommendations to the University president before the spring meeting of the Trustees. This is the first in a series by The Observer examining in depth each area considered by the Committee on University Priorities.)

"The residentiality of Notre Dame has its mark on all who have lived here," this, according to the Committee on University Priorities, is the most important aspect of Notre Dame after its academic mission and its Catholic character. "Nevertheless," states the report, "Notre Dame's residential character is deficient.

"The Committee on University Priorities submitted suggestions for the problems of residentiality at Notre Dame. Especially stressed were measures to eliminate overcrowding, making dorm life more congenial, and increasing the rector's role in hall affairs.

Overcrowding

The first recommendation by the Committee is to eliminate overcrowding in the halls. The Committee feels that life in the halls is inadequate and that each hall is less comfortable where there are more than the residents.

In compliance with this first recommendation, Fr. John Mulcahy, director of campus housing, has announced that overcrowding will not be allowed next year. Instead, a computer random sample of all male undergraduates will be provided proportionate housing opportunities.

Confidentiality

The Committee also recommended that life be made more congenial within the dorms.

Some residents agreed on one singular aspect which would make life more congenial in the dorms. Fr. James Shilts, director of residence hall living, has observed that a positive attitude must be fostered in an attempt to develop mutual understanding. Fr. James Riehle of Pangborn Hall called this the "human element." Fr. Chambers felt that a sense of community must be maintained so that all residents feel they have a stake in the dorm.

Field studies showed that a positive attitude must be fostered in an attempt to develop mutual understanding.

Both Riehle and student were living. Fr. Riehle felt that it would be good for the rectors and staff in one way of facilitating the rector's intellectual image. Fr. Lenz felt that a program of that sort would be of great benefit to the rector. According to Lenz, this would force the rector to defend his values and would serve as a check so that the rector would retain a real image rather than one that was either higher or lower than what he intended to be.

In compliance with this first recommendation, Fr. John Mulcahy, director of campus housing, has announced that overcrowding will not be allowed next year. Instead, a computer random sample of all male undergraduates will be provided proportionate opportunities to live on campus next year.

Fr. James Shilts, director of the larger campus living, has developed a system of idea changes between rectors. This would keep each rector aware of the overall academic experience that students are undergoing within the overall academic institution. This exchange, said Chambers, could bring about better ways to enliven the academic tone within each dorm.

Off-Campus Needs

The Committee called for development of programs to meet the special needs of off-campus students so they can share in Notre Dame's non-curricular life to whatever extent they wish.

Fr. James Shilts, director of the off-campus living office, stated that the greatest thing the off-campus student needs is contact with his neighbor and his surroundings. According to Shilts, students just moving off-campus know little about their neighbors and the people who live around them.

There are, said Shilts, faculty members who live near off-campus students who would be happy to be of any assistance.

Shilts suggested a sort of off-campus hall fellows program and neighborhood activities like block parties to help the students establish, what he termed "this much needed contact."

Grad Student Housing

The Committee felt that residence facilities for married and unmarried advanced students should be provided proportionate to demand.

Fr. James Planigan, vice-president of student affairs, stated at the last SLC meeting that married and graduate students need housing even more badly, but there just isn't enough money to go around.

"Even if someone were to give us money," said Planigan, "I doubt if we would build a new dorm since we have no way of knowing that in a few years students would move off-campus again and leave it empty." According to Planigan, priority has been given to building a dorm for the university's endowment.

The committee also asked for development of a religious and recreational center at University Village but information about plans for such a structure was not available.

HELP!!!

We need you to help build Mardi Gras booths! Tonight 7-12 at Stepan Center. The road goes ever on and on...

J. GEILS BAND
Duke Williams and The Extremes
Fri. Feb. 1st 8:00 pm

NOTRE DAME Athletic and Convocation Center

See it "live" on big screen
closed circuit T.V.
direct from Madison Square Garden

Forward Mail Order:
State number & price of tickets desired. Make check or money order payable to N.D. J. Geils Band, Send to J. Geils Band Shav A.C.C. ticket office, Notre Dame, Indiana 46556. Enclose self-addressed stamped envelope.

Ticket Prices:
Bleachers $2.50
Lower Area $4.50
Main Floor $5.50
Loge $6.50
First Bank $6.50

Tickets on sale:
Today -- The Vote

Today the Academic Council meets to consider, among other things, the fate of the Academic Calendar. The debate will more than likely center around one thing -- the starting date for calendars after next year. This year. In other words, they wish to reinstate the pre-Labor Day opening ban for all calendars after next year.

The calendar for next year is the issue and it is the issue that should be debated and reconsidered. A pre-Labor Day opening is opposed by a majority of the students. The opening date, plus the mid-semester break, are not terribly popular among the faculty either. So, if the council is going to show that it is truly responsive to its constituencies, it will discuss and amend the problem at hand -- and that is next year's pre-Labor Day opening date.

Jerry Lutkus
Tom Drape

Impeach First

With Congress reconvening in the second session of the 93rd Congress, action must begin immediately towards the impeachment of President Richard Nixon. Earlier in the year, The Observer along with numerous other college publications joined together to call for the impeachment of the President. The President should be impeached instead of opting for resignation as sources have reported him prepared to do. Hopefully, in the impeachment proceedings the truth of the ways of the administration can proceed and for all be exposed. But most important now, as Speaker Carl Albert has said, is expediency. It’s time to get it done. The Congress must initiate impeachment proceedings.

The Editorial Board

Kelly’s Korner

William Simpke, the nation’s assistant energy czar (he calls himself a "czarette"), was on campus yesterday. He’s traveling to a variety of colleges throughout the country to promote the president’s new scheme for energy conservation. I was allowed a brief interview.

“Mr. Simple,” I began, “I hear you’re unveiling a special plan to combat the energy crisis.”

“That’s right. Our plan is simply to save the energy expended by the normal human body. Every time a person moves or thinks, you know, he’s using up calories. And calories are nothing more than units of energy.”

“Where’s the hitch with the energy crisis? Cars don’t use calories do they?”

“That’s just it. The carrots and french fries you eat today could -- over a period of thousands of years -- be turned into coal, oil, or gas by Mother Nature herself. This would provide ready fuel for future generations. The energy crisis isn’t just a short term thing you know.”

“So your idea is...”

“To save machine horsepower by saving human calories. It’s that simple.”

“Does that mean you’ll be asking all of us to cut down on food consumption?”

“As only that. Our position is that too many people use too many calories for wasteful and unnecessary functions. Our idea is to cut down on the very expenditure of human energy itself.”

“What’s all this have to do with the university?”

“We’re trying to persuade students to cut down on calories by cutting out unnecessary studying. Concentration takes a lot of energy, you know. Shooting the bull or playing blackjack doesn’t use up nearly as many calories. And the lighting doesn’t have to be as powerful either.”

“So, what’s the plan?”

“We’re asking all students to voluntarily cut down to five study hours per week. We’ll be checking libraries and study lounges for a while to see if the voluntary controls work. If they don’t, we’ll probably have to substitute mandatory study.”

“You don’t mean...”

“Yes. Self-discipline is a very real possibility.”

“Let’s hope those voluntary cuts work.”

“I think they will. Today’s American college student is responsible and mature enough to make himself buckle down and stop studying when he has to. And besides, we’ve got a great promotional campaign under way. Here’s our slogan:

Do not give our prez the fits;
As you dim the lights, dim your vita.
Would you like a bumper sticker with that on it?

“No thanks, Mr. Simple. Around here, I think people will catch on to your idea real quick. You don’t anticipate any problems, do you?”

“Well, as a matter of fact, I’m sure we’ll barely be able to break even at Notre Dame. Your administration is preventing us from handing out some of our best energy saving tips.”

“How’s that?”

“A while back, one of our engineers discovered that two people sitting close together in a dorm room could generate enough heat so that the thermostat could be turned down to sixty. And in a situation like that, of course, who needs lights?”

“Sounds good. What happened?”

“Your Provost said that if we gave out any information like that, he’d have the thermostats up to eighty and order a nightlight in every room.”

“If figures.”
Mardi Gras booths now under construction

by Janet Denese Staff Reporter

Mardi Gras, Notre Dame's answer to Las Vegas, will begin February 1. Booths are already being constructed at Stepan Center and must be completed by next Tuesday, January 29.

"The Long Expected Party" will kick-off Mardi Gras festivities on Thursday night, January 31, at 9 p.m. The theme of the party is based on J.R.R. Tolkien's Lord of the Rings trilogy and guests are encouraged to dress in any appropriately bizarre manner. Refreshments will be served, being sold every evening in the dining halls at $2 per person or $3.75 per couple.

Friday, February 1, the J. Geils Band will appear in concert. Mardi Gras will open that same day at Stepan Center, from 3 p.m. to 7 p.m. Admission is 75 cents on Friday and Saturday, but it is only 50 cents the remaining days of the week. Admission is free on the last day, Sunday, February 18. Buttons may be purchased for $2 at the door which entitle the buyer to free admission the entire week.

Steve Boy, Mardi Gras Chairman, emphasized that besides being one of the biggest social events of the spring semester, Mardi Gras is valuable for its charitable purposes. Profits are donated to the Neighborhood Study Group, Sister Marita's Day Center, MECHA, CILA, and the ND-SMC "council for the Retarded."

"These charities are student oriented," said Boy. "Students don't seem to realize that the money goes right back to them."

In 1968, Mardi Gras made $22,000 but in 1972, the profits were only $4,000, although the committee donated $7,000. Boy feels that the decrease in profits is due partially to apathy, but primarily to cheating.

If 90 per cent honesty existed at Mardi Gras, the increase in profits would be incredible as compared to last year," he said.

Security measures will be much tighter this year, without being oppressive. More policemen have been added, both uniformed and plain-clothes, and there will be gambling experts and experienced students present to check out legalities.

Boy said that in the past students have brought their own cards in, have taken advantage of the innocence of a dealer, or have simply stolen money. Offenders will be prosecuted severely through the University.

Students are urged to return the unused tickets or money for the raffle of the 1974 Chevrolet. Those who have sold on e-mail may keep two of the ten dollars, are given a Mardi Gras button entitling them to free admission the whole week.

Anyone interested in being a dealer should contact his or her hall representative. There will be a dealing school on Monday night at 7:30 in the Student Union Office, 4th floor LaFortune. Participants will be alerted to possible means of cheating.

In hospital murder

Key witness changes story

by Henry Logeman

Mineola, NY UFT - The prosecution's key witness in the murder trial of Dr. Vincent A. Montemarano, 39, the former chief resident surgeon at the center, committed a "murder of dining halls at $2 per person or $3.75 per couple.

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The Observer, January 31, 1974

Federal Energy Office affirms shortage

by Clyde Ivensen

Staff Reporter

According to the American Petroleum Institute and government sources, the country is afflicted with an oil shortage. The Federal Energy Office has predicted the shortage will amount to 3.3 million barrels per day—or 2.7 million barrels per day...or 1.5 million barrels per day.

Despite the conflicting figures on the severity of the crisis, Notre Dame professors seem certain that the crisis is real.

"We are facing a serious problem of credibility," admitted John W. Luce, associate professor of aeronautics and mechanical engineering. "Increasingly people are hesitant to believe the administration."

He surmised that although there seems to be grounds for suspicion, this stems not from any dishonesty on the part of the government but rather from the cynicism of the situation. "The energy crisis is not, in my opinion, a hoax," commented Luce. "It is the result of existing demand, and of poor planning."

On congressional floor

Brademas congratulates Irish

Mr. Speaker, we have had a lot of bad news during the year just ended, but in South Bend, Indiana, in the heart of our congressional district, we have not lost heart.

For, Mr. Speaker, life is, in at least one important respect, back to normal. The University of Notre Dame, the great basketball team, after its magnificent 24-3 victory over the University of Alabama in the Sugar Bowl in Oklahoma City, the New Year's Eve, is the National Champion.

Mr. Speaker, I take this time first to extend my congratulations to my countrymen in South Bend, to the gentleman from Alabama, Congressman Walter Flowers, who represents the Tuscaloosa district here in Alabama, on his team, and my congratulations to the University of Notre Dame basketball team, under the coaching of Coach Ara Parseghian, to his coaching staff and to the entire Notre Dame football team.

But, Mr. Speaker, not only is the University of Notre Dame number one in the nation in football. Last January 9th, Saturday, January 19th, I was privileged to be among those present to watch the University of Notre Dame basketball team, under the outstanding coaching of Digger Phelps, break the three-game losing streak of the University of California at Los Angeles, led by the great coach, John Wooden, whom I remember well from his days as head basketball coach at another small school, South Bend Central. Indeed, I once played a game, albeit a JV game, under his direction.

Mr. Speaker, as we today begin the second session of the 93rd Congress, we all recognize that the nation confronts, two in particular, energy and Richard Nixon. But, Mr. Speaker, nothing is wrong with America today. God's in his Heaven, something's right with the world.

Notre Dame is Number One again.

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Kromkowski returns to ND teaching post

by Ken Bradford  Staff Reporter

Government Professor John Kromkowski has returned to Notre Dame after a leave of absence. Kromkowski spent the leave as Director of Human Resources and Economic Development in the South Bend City Council.

As director of that department, Kromkowski was responsible for working with problems of human relations, housing, health, employment, and redevelopment in the city.

During his stay with the administration, Kromkowski's department provided improvement in equal employment for women, minority hiring for minorities, and additional federal aids to city projects.

Aside from his administrative position, Kromkowski was active in bringing the concept of cabinet government into practice.


Although the cabinet for the city government is not a cure-all, Kromkowski considers it a substantial step forward.

"Basicallly, the cabinet has enabled the mayor and the city council to be more aware of the individual areas," Kromkowski observed.

"The administrators are more aware of their options and can systematically anticipate problems instead of simply responding to crises," he added.

Kromkowski also noted that the cabinet's strategy of government aids "the continued professionalization of government employees."

This situation, according to Kromkowski, "provides vehicles through which talented citizen groups can hold public officials accountable for the city's operations."

Regarding his philosophy of government, Kromkowski quoted theoretician Todd LaPorte: "The purpose of public organization is the production of social, economic, and psychic suffering and the enhancement of opportunities for those inside and outside the organization."

"South Bend is a very manageable unit," Kromkowski noted, expressing his optimism for the city's future.

He pointed to the size and ethnic composition of the city as favorable to the overall good of the city.

Kromkowski noted a trend of moving away from manufacturing and toward service industries which will aid the economic growth of the city he will run.

Kromkowski observed: "I hope to be back at Notre Dame and is pleased to see the fine students he taught in the past have learned much in two years."

"I appreciated that the university sees the importance of allowing leaves to political science people," Kromkowski concluded.

"They bring a humanitarian touch to politics and the questions which aren't traditionally raised," he observed.

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Senate Watergate committee to investigate contributions

by Jane Deason

Washington (UPI) - In its first party line vote, the Senate Watergate committee decided Wednesday to hold two weeks of hearings on President Nixon's campaign contributions from billionaire Howard Hughes and dairy industry cooperatives.

Nixon, questioned by Investigators as "Bebe," Rebozo, might be called to testify.

Chairman of Senate Committee on Ethics, Walter H. Baker, Jr., D-N.C., emerged from a three-hour closed meeting to announce the committee had voted 6 to 3 to resume public hearings next Tuesday.

The four Democrats on the committee voted in favor of resuming the hearings and the three Republicans voted against the first such party line vote in the committee's year-long existence.

Ervin then charged the committee staff would draw up a new witness list and that he hoped Rebozo would be called to testify. Rebozo has acknowledged accepting $500,000 in campaign contributions from Hughes, which he later returned.

Sen. Howard H. Baker, Jr., R-Tenn., the committee vice chairman, said that the panel will not be able to get all the facts needed to do its job because of the deletion of Nixon.

"The more the matter is delayed, the more the attention of the American people at this time is impeachment," Baker said.

"The political fever in the country as it is getting on with the business at hand... I have grave doubts what we can do in these six days of hearings."

Responding to Baker's comment, Ervin said, "I think it essential for the evidence to be presented."

"I think these issues have been extensively covered by Ervin and that I couldn't see any real point in individual meetings," Baker added.

"We are going to do this in material turned over by the special prosecutor," Ervin said, "and that he hoped Rebozo would be interviewed."

Responding to Baker's request to send a resolution to the full House, Ervin said, "We will not. We are going to do this in material turned over by the special prosecutor, a spokesman for the prosecutor, a spokesman for the committee staff and the committee staff."

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Irish iccers down Falcons: Eddie B. gets 200th point

by John Finneran

Notre Dame’s forechecking was awesome last night as the Irish succeeded in containing the behemoth two Bowling Green goalies and the rest of the Falcon squad. The Irish pounded the Falcons 7-3 in front of 4,500 fans in the Athletic and Convocational Center. Still, the Notre Dame team belonged to senior left wing Eddie Bumbacco.

Bumbacco, an All-America choice last season with 90 points, has been unable to duplicate his efforts this season. Coming into the game, Bumbacco had scored 29 points. However, his play on Vanill Williams’ opening goal of the evening tonight helped lead the Irish to their come-from-behind victory.

At 19:09, Bumbacco took advantage of Falcon goalie Mike Lutz’s inability to control the puck, and after Ric Sacher’s powerplay slapshot from the point, the Irish had an early 1-0 lead.

For the first nine minutes of the second period, the Irish held onto their slim 1-0 lead. However, at 8:59, Bumbacco was dumped from behind as he took Kronholm’s clearing pass into the Falcon zone on a breakaway.

It took Notre Dame just 36 seconds to score the winning goal. Ray De Lorenzi sped up the right wing, and his 50-foot slapshot whizzed by Lutz for a 2-0 Irish advantage at 9:28.

Fifteen seconds later, Bowling Green’s Doug Ross, on a centering pass, took advantage of an Irish mistake in front of Kronholm. Ross’ wristshot slid along the ice past Mark’s right side.

Williams’ backhander at 10:07 on a powerplay and Steve Curry’s give-and-go at 14:00 closed out the second period, giving the Irish a 3-0 lead.

Bowling Green coach Ron Mackson decided to use Lutz in favor of Al Sarachman for the third period. Al Sarachman also looked unasurprised at the duel, but the Irish took advantage only during the thinking period.

After Mike Bartley’s shot slopped through Woodhouse’s legs for a fluke goal at 1:59, it was another 12 minutes before the last goal of the evening. In the meantime, beauty?

Pat Conroy saw linemate Ray De Lorenzi moving toward the slot.

“Goose” Bumbacco had added a goal and three assists.

Who’s Number One?

Although last year’s Red Flash was a real beauty, the Red Flash from St. Francis, St. Francis, an institution of about 1,400 students located in Loretto, Pa., has gained admittance to the last ten years gained national recognition for its hardwood achievements.

While most Irish fans have been talking of little since the much anticipated ND-UCLA rematch in Los Angeles this Saturday night, Coach Digger Phelps has been playing it game by game, “When you’re number one, you observe, ‘everyone’s out to get us.’”

One thing is certain, the grueling Irish schedule over the next week and a half is offering plenty of “everyone’s.” For Digger Phelps’ Notre Dame that has already played three games in the last six days. Following tonight’s St. Francis game the Irish must trek to L.A. for UCLA then journey back Sunday morning to begin preparation for next Tuesday’s battle with sixth-ranked Marquette. That match-up will then be followed by four more games within the next seven days.

Coach Phelps noted that his Red Flash is working hard, tough, and is capable of achieving the expected goals. Every game is being treated with the utmost importance. "That is an overall optimist.

It's a critical season for the Fighting Irish and the Fighting Falcons. The Fighting Irish are one of the top teams in the nation and the Fighting Falcons are also eager to make a name for themselves.

The game will be played at the Notre Dame Stadium in South Bend, Indiana, and is expected to be a highly competitive contest. Both teams have had successful seasons so far and are looking to take the next step towards championship contention.

The Fighting Irish have been led by their talented roster, including star players such as Goose Bumbacco and Ray De Lorenzi. The Fighting Falcons have also been strong, with standout performers like Pat Conroy and Steve Curry.

The game is expected to be a high-scoring affair, with both teams boasting potent offenses. The Fighting Irish have scored 200 points this season, while the Fighting Falcons have netted 180 goals. Both teams have a lot of scoring ability and will be looking to light up the scoreboard.

The game will be played in front of a sell-out crowd, with expectations for a exciting and close contest. The winner of the game will take a step closer to securing a spot in the conference championship.

Who will come out on top? It's anyone's guess, but one thing is certain: it will be an ultimate test of skill, strategy, and determination.

The Fighting Irish have the edge in experience and overall talent, while the Fighting Falcons have young guns primed and ready to make a name for themselves. It's sure to be a thrilling and unforgettable game that both teams and fans alike will be talking about for years to come.