Key changes made
Roemer replaces Macheca

by Bob Mader

Several key administrative appointments have been made during the summer for the present school year. Included among them is the appointment of Dr. James Roemer as Dean of Students. Macheca, the University's first lay dean of students, and new deans of the colleges of business and arts and letters.

It was officially announced on July 31 that Dr. James A. Roemer, university counsel since 1973 would replace Mr. John Macheca as Dean of Students. Macheca, the University's first lay dean of students in 1973 is now working with Roemer to provide as much continuity as possible under the new dean. After the transition is complete, Macheca will serve as special assistant to Brother John Paczesny, C.S.C., vice president for student affairs.

Roemer, a South Bend native, received his bachelors degree in economics from Notre Dame in 1951 and a J.D. from the Notre Dame Law School in 1955. He joined the university staff after four years in the South Bend law firm of Roemer, Sweeney, and Roemer. In addition to his work as a University Counsel, he also served part time as a city attorney for South Bend. He formerly held legal positions in the St. Joseph County Prosecutor's Office. The South Bend Redevelopment Department, and the St. Joseph County Board of Zoning Appeals. He was a member of the Urban League, the United Negro College Fund, and Neighborhood Study Help, Inc.

Macheca's role will be helping Roemer in what he has to do, but leaving the decision of how the job is done to Roemer. Macheca plans to include in his work as a special assistant to Brother John Paczesny, C.S.C., vice president for student affairs, providing as much continuity as possible under the new dean.

The College of Arts and Letters is the University's largest undergraduate College with about 2000 students.

Dr. Donald P. Kommers, professor of Government and international studies, has been appointed director of the University's Center for Civil Rights. Kommers, a member of the faculty since 1963, succeeds Dr. Howard A. Gluckstein who headed the Center since it was established in 1973 by a $35,000 grant from the Ford Foundation. Gluckstein has accepted a law faculty appointment at the Law School, University of Chicago.

Kommers received his bachelor's degree from the Catholic University of America in 1944 and obtained his doctorate from the University of Wisconsin in 1962. A specialist in comparative constitutional law, he has published widely on West German and American constitutionalism. He is currently writing in the area of civil rights and human liberty in the world community and is editing a volume on civil rights.

Breech Replaces Schlaver

Brother John Benesh, C.S.C., will be the new director of the School of Engineering. Father John Schlaver, director of the School since 1973, is moving to Indiana University to full time teaching as a professor of marketing.

Ryan, a specialist in institutional finance, brings with him a change of pace. His most recent position was president of Victory High School in Arlington Heights, Illinois. His consulting assignments have included the administrative reorganization of the city of Milwaukee Department of Economic Development, Furoy Tours of Chicago, and the Viller Manufacturing Company in Chicago. He is also the author of an article on school finance to the National Catholic Education Association.

Brother John has held visiting professorships at eight universities, including Notre Dame, and has authored over 400 articles and three books.

Charles Named Acting Dean

Bodie Charles, D.P., assistant dean of the College of Arts and Letters, has been named acting dean of the College. A search committee for a permanent replacement for retiring Dean Frederick J. Crosson, chaired by Charles, is continuing its work.

Charles received both his M.A. and Ph.D. in English from Notre Dame. Following a year of postdoctoral study in 1969 at the Center for the Study of Higher Education at the Pennsylvania State University at Michigan, she worked as executive vice president and academic dean of Ohio Dominican College in Columbus, where the previously taught for three years on the English faculty. She was the first woman to hold an associate dean position when she came to the University in 1973. She will also concurrently serve as an appointment as associate professor of English.

The search committee for a permanent replacement for retiring Dean Frederick J. Crosson, chaired by Charles, is continuing its work. A search committee for a permanent replacement for retiring Dean Frederick J. Crosson, chaired by Charles, is continuing its work.
Wrong babies sent home

DEQUEEN, Ark. (AP) — The DeQueen General Hospital apparently gave the wrong babies to the wrong parents this summer, but legal problems involving the swap of the infants, an official said Tuesday.

Ray Kimball, chairman of the hospital’s board of directors, said the two babies were to have been swapped at a meeting Saturday morning.

But one of the families “decided it wouldn’t work until they had their attorney in­ vestigate,” Kimball said.

Kimball said the babies were born the same day in late July. He said he didn’t know and couldn’t find out their ex­ act birthdays.

The parents have been identi­ fied as Mr. and Mrs. Jerry Fisk of Lockesburg, Ark. and Mr. and Mrs. Gerald Tabor of Broken Bow, Okla.

Kimball said the swap of the Fisk family asked for the investigation after they found a plastic wrist bracelet with the name “Ta­ bor” on it when they went through the baby’s effects.

The hospital then asked the Arkansas State Police in Little Rock to compare recent foot­ prints with footprints taken at the time of birth.

“The footprints hadn’t changed much, and they were easy to match up,” State Police Major W.A. Tudor said. He said a full report was sent to the DeQueen Hospital.

Project choice established

SMC to investigate sex bias

Saint Mary’s College has received $48,118 to establish Project Choice: An Institute for the Elimination of Sex­ discrimination in Education. Awarded by the Department of Health, Education, and Welfare, the grant is to be used in work with the South Bend Community School Corporation in reviewing practices and educational materials which could be considered discrim­i­ natory.

Described as “a positive program,” Project Choice has received the support of the school corporation which seeks to “review texts, courses, or other educational programs or activities offered separately on the basis of sex.” The program will also assess guidance procedures, testing materials, teacher-student interaction, and sex­bias in extracurricular activities.

Ms. Nora Hoeve of St. Mary’s Department of Education describes the goals of Project Choice as “a concrete, operable program to eliminate sex­ discrimination in all forms.” The program will be put into practice throughout the year and evaluated.

Ford, Congress: no compromise

WASHINGTON (AP) — Key Democrats indicated Tuesday that Congress is in no better mood to compromise with President Ford on oil price controls.

This is a good chance that Congress, despite Ford’s position, will be able to extend existing price controls for six months.

As a result, a combination of factors work out, American con­ sumers could suddenly see lower—rather than sharply higher—fuel prices over the next six months.

Senate Democratic Leader Mike Mansfield and House Speaker Carl Albert won Ford’s approval last year after a violent, prolonged interaction, and sex­bias in extracurricular activities.

Illegitimate babies sent home

State police and sheriff’s deputies re­ ported that several hospitals and bus garages, but there were no problems. Most parents apparently ignored urging to continue a school boycott called last year as a protest to the United States’ action in Vietnam.
Off Campus food co-op opening delayed

by Mary Reilly
Staff Reporter

Student Body Vice-President Tom Fitzgerald yesterday announced the organization of a drive for a direct charge co-op for off-campus students. Fitzgerald expects the drive to begin within the next two weeks in order to set up the co-op as soon as possible.

The purpose of the co-op is to supply off-campus students with food at a decreased rate. It will be operated on a direct charge system, according to Fitzgerald. Under this arrangement students are charged initially for membership fee to join the co-op and charged a flat rate each week to support the upkeep of the shop. Neither the interest rate nor weekly rate have yet been determined, Fitzgerald said, because the amount of needed capital has not been estimated.

The food, under the direct charge system, would be sold at cost price with no mark-up, he stated. "The initial membership fee would cover the cost of the drive for the co-op and the stock, remodeling and setting up an electrical system in the co-op. The weekly rate would cover any maintenance charges incurred such as rent and lights," Fitzgerald stated.

The drive for a food co-op last year was unsuccessful primarily due to an inadequate membership of five hundred people paying a membership fee of $5.00 per person.

Opening Delayed

Steve Shantel was expected to organize and prepare for this year's co-op over the summer. However, he was unable to remain on campus this summer due to personal reasons. For this reason, Fitzgerald said, opening of the co-op will be delayed until later this semester.

"I am as unhappy as those people who wanted to use the co-op that it could not get started any sooner," Fitzgerald said. "All I can say is please be patient. We are giving it our full time and attention." An important difference in the co-op that was planned in the spring semester from the one Fitzgerald would like to establish, is that the former was to be based on a 10 per cent mark-up in price. The latter system would sell the food at cost with no mark-up. It depends on the flat monthly charge to cover all expenses.

Haldeman appeals case: claims first trial unfair

WASHINGTON (AP) - Lawyers for H.R. Haldeman appealed his Watergate coverup conviction Tuesday saying he was tried in an atmosphere "supersaturated with the utter assumption of guilt."

The appeal asked the trial judge, John J. Sirica, of pre-trial maneuvering calculated to help the prosecution.

Haldeman, the White House chief of staff under former President Richard M. Nixon, was convicted along with three other men of conspiring to cover up the Watergate affair. Haldeman was sentenced to serve 1½ to 8 years in prison.

The appeals were filed Tuesday with the U.S. Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia. It claimed that pre-trial publicity made a fair trial impossible and that much of the publicity was generated by the government itself.

It also claimed Sirica should not have allowed the jury to hear the White House tape recordings and that Sirica gave instructions that were "repetitive, slanted in favor of the government ... and improperly directed the jury to return a verdict of guilty."

The cover-up trial began Oct. 1 last year, less than two months after the resignation of President Nixon. Haldeman had resigned as Nixon's top lieutenant on April 30, 1973, when the Watergate scandal was breaking full-blown into print.

"The first system with the 10 per cent mark-up would require careful bookkeeping and an accurate indication of what the amount of sales will be," Fitzgerald noted. "This is a major drawback because if there are fewer sales than expected, the co-op would not be able to operate due to a lack of funds."

Site Undetermined

Although no sites have been chosen as yet for the co-op, there are three or four places being considered, according to Fitzgerald. Also, there are an additional two or three places being investigated.

"We are looking for a place with minimal overhauling. We need a site with adequate parking spaces, shelving, food security, an installed electrical system and availability to students," Fitzgerald said.

No target date can be set at the moment, Fitzgerald commented, because everything depends on the response of the students. "I would like to remind the students that a co-op stands for cooperation and is dependent on a group of people and not just one."

"I hope that the response of the students to this drive for the co-op will be a good one," Fitzgerald stated. "This drive is primarily for, in new members. Those students who joined the co-op last year and paid their $5.00 are currently members of this co-op," he noted.

"I am trying to set up a group of volunteers to work on the co-op in any way," he said. Those interested in working on the drive or operating the co-op are asked to call Fitzgerald at 1542 or 7471.
Badin, Lewis residents comment

by Martha Fanning
Staff Reporter

Last year's university decision to convert Lewis Hall from a graduate dormitory to an undergraduate residence met with reactions from the women affected. Despite renovations to both dorms, women switched from Badin Hall to Lewis Hall are mixed on the change, general, but most former Lewis residents object to their new surroundings.

Joan Martel, a sophomore living in Lewis, stated: "The rooms are nice and completely adequate for two or three people."

She also remarked that many of the singles that were converted to doubles are larger than the Badin doubles.

Mc Cormick stated that she missed living directly on the quad: "It's also a longer walk to many places on campus," she observed.

The hall's location didn't bother her. "I like the location because I enjoy walking on campus." she explained.

Badin grade upset

Graduate students moved into Badin and are less enthusiastic about the change.

One resident remarked that she didn't like the switch when made and still does not. "I prefer quiet and the South Quad in very noisy." "The two-dorms," she continued, "are not really comparable nor adequate. For example there are no bathtubs and many of the women in Lewis preferred taking a

The next issue of the Observer is Friday Sept. 5.

Daily publication begins again on Sept. 8.

Prof. Fahey suffered fatal heart attack yesterday

Dr. Frank J. Fahey, 47, associate professor of Sociology and Anthropology, died in his sleep yesterday morning after suffering a heart attack. He had been a member of the sociology faculty since 1969.

After receiving his bachelor, masters, and doctoral degree from Notre Dame, completing his studies in 1959, he was post-doctoral fellow at the University of Chicago. He also taught at Nazareth College, Kalamazoo, Michigan, from 1951 to 1953.

In 1962, he conducted a study of the stubbede plant shutdown and had done research and a national survey of the economic problems of Catholic school Enrollment. The Ford Foundation funded his research in rehabilitation of juvenile delinquents and the Department of Health, Education, and Welfare supervised his studies of youthful parolees. He also worked on a Project ABLE which dealt with the problems of unemployed persons over age 50.

He was a past director of the office of education research on campus. He was a native of Lakewood, Ohio and moved to South Bend in 1949. In 1960 he married Lillian Toth.

He is survived by his wi Lillian, two sons, Paul and Frank, a Michael, and three daughters, Sheila, Mary, and Toni. Denis and Frank both currently attend IU University.

The only complaint made against Lewis was the location. "We usually miss any activities that are going on," remarked Martel.

Location only complaint

The hall's location doesn't bother him. "I feel more relaxed."

There's also a lot more space and the rooms are better designed.

"I prefer quiet and the South Quad in very noisy." "The two-dorms," she continued, "are not really comparable nor adequate. For example there are no bathtubs and many of the women in Lewis preferred taking a

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Prof. Scott named to Fellow post

The selection of Dr. Joseph W. Scott, associate professor of sociology and anthropology and director of the Black Studies Program at the University of Notre Dame, as a Fellow in Academic Administration has been announced by officials of the American Council on Education in Washington, D.C. Scott will serve a host internship with Provost Raymond W. Mack of Northwestern University during the 1975-76 academic year.

Nominated by Rev. Theodore M. Hesburgh, C.S.C., Notre Dame president, Scott is one of 40 faculty members or administrators selected from more than 120 applicants for the prestigious internship award. Candidates must have had three years of college teaching experience and exhibited a record of accomplishment indicative of substantial career potential for academic administration. The program is underwritten by a grant from the Lilly Endowment, Inc.

A member of the Notre Dame faculty since 1970, Scott has been a Fulbright lecturer in Argentina twice and Rockefeller Visiting Professor of Sociology at the University of Ibadan, Nigeria. He has also held teaching positions at American University of Port Benning, Ga., University of Kentucky, University of Littoral, Michigan State University, University of Buenos Aires and University of Toledo.

Dr. Joseph Scott

The native of Hamtramck, Mich., received cum laude honors at Central Michigan University where he was a varsity football player and was selected as outstanding student senator and distinguished military graduate. He was a member of the debate team, oratory team, interpretative reading team and served as president of Pi Kappa Alpha and vice president of Phi Kappa Delta and Kappa Delta Pi Fraternities.

His doctoral degree in sociology and anthropology was awarded in 1963 at Indiana University after receipt of a master's degree in the same study area in 1959. His graduate education was partially financed by John Hay Whitney and National Institute of Health fellowships.

Scott is the author of 18 articles in scholarly publications, two published book reviews, and a book, "The Black Revolts and the Politics of Racial Stratification," scheduled to be published next spring. He has been a visiting lecturer at Toledo, Cornell, Howard, Nebraska, Bowling Green, Central Michigan, Wayne State University, etc. (continued on page 11)
Dr. Joseph J. Nahas, assistant professor of electrical engineering at Notre Dame, is involved in a NASA project to develop a system for collecting and converting solar energy to electrical power. He is using computer simulations to "optimize" operations on the earth end of the proposed satellite system.

NASA plans to collect solar energy by raining, radiating the earth synchronously in order to be totally in sunlight except for a few minutes each spring and fall. An antenna, about two-thirds of a mile in diameter will beam the energy back to earth in the form of very high frequency radio waves.

As new army chief
Army opposes Goncalves

LISBON, Portugal (AP) - The chief of the Portuguese army joined the air force commander Tuesday in strongly opposing the appointment of pro-Communist Gen. Vasco Goncalves as commander of the armed forces.

Army Chief of Staff Gen. Carlos Fabiao said Goncalves was the cause of disunity in the army.

Goncalves, who was removed as premier Friday under pressure from fellow officers in Portugal's military government, made a personal appeal to an emergency session of 240 army officers meeting in a barracks at Tancos, 80 miles north of Lisbon.

Sources at the meeting said senior officers rejected Goncalves' appeal and there were strong indications his opponents were gaining strength.

There were unconfirmed reports that the army assembly had voted to oppose his installation as armed forces chief of staff. 111-10 officers were barred from the meeting.

Goncalves left three hours after he arrived, returning to Lisbon. At the meeting were influential dissidents who had virtually forced President Francisco da Costa Gomes to drop Goncalves as premier. When Costa Gomes announced his plans, chants of "No!" rang through the meeting in a barracks at Tancos.

Goncalves led the armed forces they renewed their campaign, fearing he would use the post to increase Communist influence.

The army chief's stand followed an even tougher denunciation of Goncalves by Gen. Jose Marais da Silva, head of the air force, on Monday. The president called Morais da Silva on the carpet to explain his open antiCommunism.

"Although the system will have a very large transmitting antenna and a very narrow transmission beam," Nahas said, "the great distances involved, about 35,000 miles, will result in a widely dispersed beam on the receiving end."

Consequently, a circular receiving area about six miles in diameter will be required to collect the microwaves and convert them to DC electrical power. The field will consist of approximately ten billion small, identical converters on a series of panels. Because of the quantity of elements required, Nahas said, "they had better be cheap and efficient, that is, the elements can't lose energy as heat. That's where this project comes in."

The Notre Dame specialist in solid state devices has developed a mathematical model of the 3/4-inch-long T-shaped conversion element which consists of a dipole antenna, filters, and a diode. "Like 90 per cent of the world, this is a highly nonlinear system. Ninety-nine per cent of analysis, however, is designed for linear systems," Nahas commented.

He runs computer simulations of the model's complex operation, varying 12 dozen parameters to find out how they influence the operation of the element and to determine the optimum mix. So far, his model has shown a conversion efficiency of 86 per cent. He has identified the points of energy loss and hopes to increase the efficiency to 85 to 90 per cent.

In the fall, Nahas expects to supplement his calculations with experimental work. He will build an element designed in a coaxial system for better control, which he can use to verify his computer simulations.

A Notre Dame faculty member since 1971, Nahas received his master's and Ph. D. degrees in electrical engineering from Purdue University. His work is supported by a grant from NASA.
Student Union sponsors book drive and rug sale

(continued from page 1)

remarked Nolan. "It is impossible to find work-exam time or the first work back at school."

"We make an effort to provide good service at a good cost, but this will probably be the last year because of the volume," he added. Besides running the summer storage program, the Student Union is involved with the book exchange being held throughout this week from 10 a.m. to 5 p.m. in the second floor of LaFortune. Students were also encouraged to buy in books today; book sales start Thursday.

Also, unpainted furniture and rugs are for sale at Stepan Center, and refrigerators are available for rent at the fieldhouse.

The Student Union is sponsoring the movie discount tickets again this semester. These are valid for one dollar off the regular price at all Pilt theaters including those at Scottsdale and Town and Country, and the State Theater in South Bend.

Indiana Bell has mismeasured SMC

A list of important telephone numbers put out by Indiana Bell and distributed to I. M. Mary's students as a public service incorrectly lists 287-2581 as the number for directory information. Anyone wishing to obtain the phone number in question should call the College switchboard at 287-3630.

John R. Lloyd, of the Department of Aerospace and Mechanical Engineering, and Dr. Eldred H. MacDowell, a physician and assistant professor in the department, are applying engineering design principles to help reduce the artificial heart valve problems. Using a mock circulatory system and other specially designed pumping equipment, they have determined the flow characteristics created by three models of artificial valves. The next step is to gather and evaluate data on particular valve designs in order to make recommendations on their use and to suggest design improvements. Research also is progressing on the "Notre Dame leaflet valve." Right now, the engineers are experimenting with the mixture of ingredients in the synthetic rubber material used to mold the valve. They are trying to find the mixture with the least flexibility that will not cause clots, before they are used in a patient. In the process the researchers also have developed a silicone rubber leaflet valve closely resembling nature's own.

Dr. Thomas J. Mueller, an engineer at the University of Notre Dame, has been studying blood flow in his research into the design of an artificial heart valve which copies as closely as possible the action of a natural one.

Nature's leaflet design has not yet been copied successfully because of difficulties in finding materials both flexible and long-lived. The compromise has been variations in the stress-causing caged ball, caged disc and tilting disk designs.

Engineers at the University of Notre Dame have developed elaborate techniques and sensitive equipment for testing and evaluating artificial valves for their potential to destroy red cells and cause clots, before they are used in a patient. In the process the researchers also have developed a silicone rubber leaflet valve closely resembling nature's own.

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Our Way

A new school year has begun. With the start of the year the Observer is entering its tenth year of publication. For these new students not familiar with the Observer, it is an independent newspaper operated by the students of Notre Dame and St. Mary's College. The paper is financed independently of the University through paid advertising and revenue from subscriptions.

It is the duty of the Observer to inform the community of events that affect their lives. This is accomplished for events on campus by a staff of student reporters and editors. To keep the community informed of national and international events, the Observer staff must find its reports are used daily.

Along with the duty to accurately report the news is the obligation to fairly comment on and interpret the news. Interpretation of the news is to be found solely on this page—the editorial page through editorials, columns and letters to the editor.

The Observer Editorial Board has recently adopted a new editorial policy. The policy is intended to more clearly identify the nature of the views expressed on the editorial page.

Editorials

Editorials are an expression of the opinion of the majority of the Editorial Board. Unlike editorials in past years, these editorials are not signed by the author. Our Editorial Board finds it necessary to speak to you on the opinion of the University of Notre Dame or St. Mary's College. They are written by a member of the Editorial Board for the majority of the Board.

Letters to the Editor

Letters to the Editor are the opinion of the person or persons who sign the letter. All letters must be signed, but names will be withheld upon request.

The observer reserves the right to edit all letters for length and taste.

Columns

The Observer maintains open column space for students and members of the University community. All columns may deal with a variety of issues ranging from the campus to the world, with some written by well-known syndicated columnists.

Choice and placement of columns is the decision of the Observer. The Observer columns reflect only the opinion of the author, not that of the Observer, the Editorial Board, or the University. It has been said that the editorial page is the conscience of a newspaper. For the Observer editorial conscience is a policy to which all observers subscribe.

The Observer staff would like to affirm its editorials do not necessarily reflect the opinion of the University of Notre Dame or St. Mary's College. The paper is financed independently of the University and through paid advertising and revenue from subscriptions. The Observer reserves the right to edit all letters for length and taste.

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Assistant Night Editor: Bob Brink
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seriously, folks

The Big Issue

MARTHA'S VINEYARD, Mass.—The difference between this year and last year on Martha's Vineyard was that last year we were all talking about Nixon's resignation and this year we were talking about whether Susan Ford should have an affair or not.

The difference this year is that the University is equally divided on the issue. The Up-Inlanders believe Mrs. Ford did the right thing when she said on television that she could care less what she does.

The Down-Inlanders feel that Susan Ford got a raw deal from the public and that President Ford didn't do his job of protecting the first lady.

I wish I had thought of it.

"When Betty Ford in two separate interviews last month began to rattle out her sexual inklings in public, country preachers, dimwitted moralists and Congressional Democrats all rushed to their pulpits to decry Lady Juanita in the bedchamber of Caesar. But even more secular observers noticed a twinkle. Mrs. Ford's remarks were the first headline-grabbers to come from anyone in the First Family in some time. At least all the sex talk reminded voters that there still is, after all, a campaign."

"In the summer's controversy Helsinki Extravaganza, the week's memorable quote was still from son Jack, who called the events in Finlandia Hall the "most boring part" of the trip."

"...they will have to get moving.

Grand Rapids carpenters have already started a log cabin.

DOONESBURY by Garry Trudeau

### Our Way

Her husband hadn't said anything so interesting in months.

When Betty Ford in two separate interviews last month began rattling out her sexual inklings in public, country preachers, dimwitted moralists and Congressional Democrats all rushed to their pulpits to decry Lady Juanita in the bedchamber of Caesar. But even more secular observers noticed a twinkle. Mrs. Ford's remarks were the first headline-grabbers to come from anyone in the First Family in some time. At least all the sex talk reminded voters that there still is, after all, a campaign.

In the summer's controversy Helsinki Extravaganza, the week's memorable quote was still from son Jack, who called the events in Finlandia Hall the "most boring part" of the trip. Where are the sex-crazed slugs, the elaborate promises, the tasteless songs? Not so fast.

Plain Jane

Hardly the man for a charismania-campaign, the President appears increasingly willing to rely on the safe (if rather boring) ordinary-guy approach. While "Fresh Start" was proving a puny imitation of such slogans as "New Frontier" and "Great Society," the phrase "Plain Old Jerry" was sprawled across pages of both top news magazines. More and more, Mr. Ford seems convinced that a Plain-Jane incumbent can defeat a herd of zealous Congressmen.

He may be right. If the promise of a Do-Nothing administration seems and sound platform for a disciple of Harry Truman, it may still be a reading of public will to rival the Minnesotan himself.

Watergate and Watergate. It is true that many Americans that active government is possible only by deceit and double-dealing. Tired of being duped, voters—just maybe—will prefer a quiet government that solves problems and lays low.

It will be an odd spectacle: a humdrum executive re-elected by approving legions of domestic job. Seems far-fetched. But when being creative is made to look suspicious, mediocrity becomes a virtue and politics like a paradise.

It is a virtue, furthermore, on which Mr. Ford may have cornered the market. Republicans have argued all along that bushy-topped policies espoused by Democrats have been an imposition on traditional freedoms. Apparently relying on Kissinger laurels and cost-oil economies, the President enjoys a rare opportunity to espouse nothing in particular and call it a platform.

Pajama Politics

It's almost sure to please. In the popular passion for blandness, a President whose chief liabilities are an overly liberated wife and badly pressed pajamas can only be successful. What matter if his assets are equally nondescript?

So unless some Democrat can find a way to stay in the headlines without doing anything interesting, Mr. Ford has a valuable head start. And even if someone manages to yawn his way to prominence, in a battle of insignificance the Ford administration will be well armed.

For the time being, the First Lady will have to shelve the bedroom chatter, speechwriters will put away their thesaurus, and make-up men can work on artificial acne for Jack. When Betty Ford in two separate interviews last month began rattling out her sexual inklings in public, country preachers, dimwitted moralists and Congressional Democrats all rushed to their pulpits to decry Lady Juanita in the bedchamber of Caesar. But even more secular observers noticed a twinkle. Mrs. Ford's remarks were the first headline-grabbers to come from anyone in the First Family in some time. At least all the sex talk reminded voters that there still is, after all, a campaign. In the summer's controversy Helsinki Extravaganza, the week's memorable quote was still from son Jack, who called the events in Finlandia Hall the "most boring part" of the trip. Where are the sex-crazed slugs, the elaborate promises, the tasteless songs? Not so fast.
Breach of Faith: The Fall of Richard Nixon

A review by Thomas O'Neil

A definitive text on Watergate may never be written, but a remarkable and objective account, justified by the presidency and the person of Richard Nixon has been written by T.H. White in A Breach of Faith, the top-selling hard-cover in America today.

The book is subtitled "The Fall of Richard Nixon" and deals extensively with the presidency. Nixon's rise to power and his eventual downfall and retreat from the worlds of the White House. This book, however, though scholarly researched and rendered, has been the subject of ridicule by spokesmen of both the extreme political right and left.

But White is as objective with his subject as possible today. He tells us that "Richard Nixon alone had been able to destroy Nixon's perception of power. His character was flawed." These judgments may not be belittling an objective historian, but he balances them neatly with the presidential ac-

Richard Nixon: circa 1974

The cover-up is portrayed in A Breach of Faith with the following complexity of objectivity. The attitude of the president was one of human magnanimity toward those he loved and those who had broken the law. He personally solved them of their crime, and in a deeply personal reaction to the possibility of their imprisonment, he joined them in recoiling from the matter. After all, White tells us, the game was economics. Johnson had used economic tactics against Goldwater, etc. The "perception of power" was flawed, as White has tried to explain. This, of course, is hardly the case, but White is a political Romantic, and he can assert all wishes with his belief (however supranational or Tolstolistic) that fate is operable in the world. It is another Romantic belief of his, however, that critics have ridiculed his book for, and labeled him a "man of his time." This passage most disputed is the true crime of Richard Nixon was simple: he destroyed the myth that Bonds Amerigluts - (but all the political myths out of the Republic was born - none was more hopeful than the Jordon myth of the Presidency that the people, in their shared wisdom, would be able to choose the best man to lead them. From came a derivative and that the Presidency, the supreme office, would make noble any man who held its responsibility. The office would burn the dreams from his character: his duties would, by their very weight, make him a superman. ... Richard Nixon behaved otherwise - The Fall was shattered.

Most of White's critics today are arguing that the myth is a fabrication of White's, or that if it does exist that none but the intellectually limited believe it all. But this is not the case. The fact remains that if the myth of presidential

purification existed, it was shattered by Watergate, and that if it did not exist before it certainly does not exist today. There is certainly no cause to dismiss the work of one of America's most admirable journalists for his theorizing.

All candidates, historically, White tells us, have "broken the laws of election practice," but for the presidency, once elected, it becomes an imperative, that he must not, and if he should do so, he breaches not only the law, but the faith of a nation.

The former was the crime of Richard Nixon, for which he could be par- doned. The latter was his sin, for which there is no absolization.

Monty Python is 'ridiculous'

Monty Python & the Holy Grail is a ridiculous motion picture. It was a movie made by college students - the situations are so bizarre and the story for no other reason, there is slapstick, intelligent jokes, moments when you believe you are watching either the Theatrical of Monty Python. One should be familiar with Monty Python before going to view the movie. It will serve as a definite ad

TV season offers great films

September begins the new television season this year, and along with the scholarly researched and rendered, there will be some outstanding motion pictures. Among them are the following movies.

Caher—even Winner of Academy Awards. A superb movie dealing with a decadent night-club in Berlin contemporary with the rise of Nazism. To be shown Sept. 19 on ABC.

There's a Girl in my Soup—Peter Sells and Goldie Hawn in a comedy about a gourmet writer whose life is changed when a young girl moves in with him. To be shown Sept. 22 on NBC.

The Man Who Loved Cat Dancing—Butch Reynolds and Sarah Miles in a western for advocates of women's liberation. A good and fast-moving film. To be shown Sept. 27 on NBC.

The Last of Sheila—An all-star cast in an excellent mystery. It involves the widower of a slain movie actress (a producer) who invites six famous Hollywood personalities aboard his yacht to join in a death game. To be shown Sept. 13 on NBC.

Red Son—Charles Bronson in a story of outlaw who fights over the spoils of a train robbery. To be shown Sept. 18 on CBS.

Diamonds are Forever—Sean Connery as James Bond pursuing an army of villain who has devised a masquerade for conquering the world by using an armed satellite. To be shown Sept. 12 on ABC.

The April Fools—Comedy starring Jack Lemmon concerning a society gal who is being chased by everybody. To be shown Sept. 15 on NBC.

The Holy Grail in Old Britain. The medieval tales are parodied not quite as

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Holy Grail in Old Britain. The medieval tales are parodied not quite as

vantage in appreciating it. But overall it is an entertaining hour and a half at the local bijou. You'll have some difficulty following the jumbled dialogue and some scenes with no apparent direction by resolution, but it is generally characteristic of Monty Python. Also the ending of the movie is quite abrupt. It ends in the middle of a scene, making some viewers believe it to be a technical error but naturally it is not. It is typical Monty Python, enjoyable Monty Python and an apt ending to a ridiculous motion picture.
DETROIT (AP) — A prosecutor said Tuesday that hair found in a car owned by the FBI is similar in color to that of missing ex-Teamsters boss Jimmy Hoffa, but cautioned against drawing any conclusions from that evidence.

Attorneys for the U.S. government told a federal court the FBI believes the car was used by Hoffa’s foster son, Charles “Chickie” O’Brien, to “facilitate an abduction of Hoffa.”

U.S. Atty. Ralph B. Guy Jr. listed the hair samples as one of 25,000 items the government sought to keep in custody the car, which Hoffa owned, to facilitate an investigation.

At a court hearing where the government sought to keep custody of the car, Hunterton read a sworn FBI affidavit which said “probable cause exists to believe that Charles O’Brien has used Joseph Giacalone’s automobile to facilitate an abduction of Hoffa, and that the said abduction constitutes the use of force and violence.”

O’Brien has acknowledged he was driving the car on July 30, the day Hoffa disappeared, near a fashionable suburban Detroit restaurant where the ex-Teamsters boss was last seen.

Hair analysis is not like fingerprint analysis,” he said. “It will not establish identity.”

O’Brien has been linked to disappearance of Hoffa's foster son, "Charles O'Brien," who believes the car was used by Joseph Giacalone.

Chieftain Anthony “Tony Jack” Giacalone, who denies he was to have met Hoffa on that day.

Joseph Giacalone wants the federal court to order the car be returned, but Guy said in the statement that giving the FBI access to the car would seriously impair the government’s ability to follow through on a major lead in this investigation.

NEW YORK (AP) — Steel production climbed to 2,038,000 net tons in the week ended Aug. 30, an increase of 3.9 per cent over the preceding weeks 1,962,000 net tons, the American Iron and Steel Institute reported Monday.

The production index, with 100 equaling the 1967 weekly average, rose to 83 from 80.4.

Estimated figures for the year to date showed production at 80,631,000 net tons, decrease of 17.8 per cent from the 98,066,000 net tons the previous year. The index for the year to date was 96.4, compared with 116.3 a year earlier.

The index by districts for the week ended Aug. 30: Northeast Coast, 63; Buffalo, 26; Pittsburgh, 83; Youngstown, 69; Cleveland, 81; Detroit, 97; Chicago, 99; Cincinnati, 97; St. Louis, 86; Southern districts, 98; and Western, 96.

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STEEL PRODUCTION INCREASES

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Steel production increases...
Pact to enlarge UN Sinai force

TEL AVIV, Israel (AP) — The U.N. Emergency Force, a thinly human shield between the Israeli and Egyptian armies, began plans Tuesday to expand its Sinai Desert buffer zone and coordinate with American techni-
cicians under the pact worked out by Secretary of State Henry A. Kissinger.

Four thousand UNEF troops have been sweltering in the desert since Kissinger's last Sinai agreement 20 months ago, manning a narrow strip be-
tween Israeli and Egyptian guns near the Suez Canal.

Under the new accord initia-
ed Monday, Israel agreed to pull back its front and hand over 1,520 square miles to the guns near the Sinai. Under the pact, technicians under the pact worked

The accord specifies that the early warning network will be under U.S. control, but it will work in conjunction with the U.N. forces.

Israeli Defense Minister Shimon Peres conferred Tuesday with Finland's Lt. Gen. Ensio Sillassuo, chief coordinator of all U.N. forces in the Middle East. They discussed the Kisin-
ergold accord, the expanded one in association with the U.N. forces.

Sillassuo, a veteran of almost 20 years of peacekeeping in the Mideast, will be intimately in-
volved in the new Kissinger pact. Sillassuo is to be chair-
man of the meetings at Geneva where Israeli and Egyptian delegates decide how to put the accord into action, and will ref-
eree a joint Israeli-Egyptian tion later.

Lt. Gen. Mordechai Gur, Israel's chief of staff, who initia-
ed the agreement, said he would not know for five years whether the accord benefited Israel, depending on whether war broke out in that time.

He said the new military lines gave Israel good defensive scope and a springboard for an offensive if necessary. Months ago, Gur's generals had insist-
ed that the Milla and Gidi passes — which Israel relinquished in the accord — were vital to defense of the Sinai.

U.S. officials in Kissinger's party said Monday that by pull-
ing back from the passes, Israel had surrendered some military advantage but had not significantly weakened its de-
fense.

Named as Fellow

Prof. Scott active in serving

Ohio, and Kentucky Training Project, and as a consultant for other community programs.

At Notre Dame he has served as advisor to the Black Student Affairs Committee, of the 1974-75 Summer Session program of the Department of Sociology and Anthropology, as a member of the admissions committee and the committee on appointments and promotions of his department, and as a member of the advisory committee for the Notre Dame Center for Civil Rights.

He is a member of the Association of Social and Behavioral Scientists, African Heritage Study Society, American Sociological Association where he is section chairman of the professional ethics committee, and council member of North Central Sociological Society.

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**de Valera buried amidst other Irish heroes**

**Dublin, Ireland (AP) —** Eamon de Valera was laid to rest just a few graves away from the man who succeeded him at the helm of Ireland. Hesburgh, the president of Notre Dame University, was one of the dignitaries at the graveside, their sweep of Ireland's fight for independence and freedom.

The Rock Island train explosion near highway in Iowa described in the article highlights the danger of industrial complexes and the need for safety precautions. The explosion occurred as the train, carrying propane gas, derailed and exploded into a huge fireball. The resulting flames were visible for miles and caused severe injuries and property damage.

The article also mentions the recent events in Ireland, including the continued conflict with the British army and the ongoing struggle for independence. The mention of the Easter Monday rebellion and the de Valera family's role in the struggle for Irish independence adds context to the current events.

The political landscape in Ireland is also discussed, with the mention of the prime minister of Ireland and the ongoing negotiations for peace.

Overall, the article provides a comprehensive look at the current state of Ireland and the significant historical events that have shaped the nation's history. The article draws parallels between the struggles of the past and the current challenges faced by Ireland.
Teachers' strikes delay schools' opening

By The Associated Press

The opening of school Tuesday brought picket lines and strike votes as teachers in communities across the country battled at the budget slashing of financially pressed school boards. Boston teachers voted to strike the city's public schools on Sept. 22 if they do not have a new contract. Chicago teachers balked at the budget slashing of other boards. And deadline negotiations opened in Great Falls, Mont., with substitute teachers as the regular teachers manned picket lines. Many of the strikes and potential strikes center on the demand of teachers for wage hikes to offset cost-of-living increases. But school boards in some cases want to increase class sizes, reduce teacher preparation periods and make other changes to save money. Teachers say they are being asked to give up benefits won in previous contracts.

Boston teachers voted to work without a contract for the first two weeks of school to help assure that classes begin smoothly under a new court-ordered integration program that calls for the busing of 26,000 of the city's 94,000 school children. However, members of the Boston Teachers Union voted overwhelmingly to strike Sept. 22 if they do not have a new contract by then with the Board School Committee. The teachers are seeking a 2 to 7 per cent pay raise, while the school committee has offered 6 per cent. Boston teachers now make $9,722 in $19,765 a year.

In Chicago, Mayor Richard J. Daley offered Tuesday to mediate the school dispute. Key issues include salaries, class sizes and whether 1,935 teaching positions will be unfilled this year. Meanwhile, strikes continued in two Southern Illinois school districts — Urbana and Belvidere. Teachers struck in Marion, Ill., and voted to strike in Maysan, N.J., and East Haven, Conn., when schools open Wednesday.

Los Angeles teachers said they would picket a superintendent's address Wednesday and threatened to strike when schools reopen Sept. 10.

The Los Angeles teachers are asking a 7.5 per cent pay increase as part of a package that would cost $60 million. The school board has countered with a $40 million package that includes a cut in health benefits for teachers.

In San Francisco, teacher representatives reported "absolutely no break" after three days of weekend negotiations. Across San Francisco Bay, the Oakland Education Association has authorized a strike vote to opened schools for one million pupils next week despite a strike threat by the city's 60,000 teachers over a cost-of-living increase and proposed budget cuts.

New Jersey city is running dry

TRENTON, N.J. (AP) — Schools, industries and business were ordered closed Tuesday as New Jersey's capital city and surrounding communities began running out of water.

The problem was caused by a broken pump at a plant that filters the city's water supply. Trenton Mayor Arthur Holland declared a state of emergency and said the water system probably would not be back in working order until Thursday.

Most of the areas 356,000 residents were without any water at all. There was still some service in low-lying areas including the State House, where janitors dry-mopped the corridors to conserve water.

Holland ordered the closing of business and industries. He also ordered the city's public and parochial schools to delay their openings, scheduled for Wednesday.

In Philadelphia, about 30 miles south of here, an aide to Mayor Frank Rizzo said Rizzo called Gov. Brendan T. Byrne and offered to provide as much water as possible. He said the city has 30 tank trucks with 500 gallon capacities.

Byrne could not be reached for comment on the offer.

and Berkeley teachers said they would go out if school board proceeds with proposed contract changes.

In New York City, Schools Chancellor Irving Asher vowed to open schools for one million pupils next week despite a strike threat by the city's 60,000 teachers over a cost-of-living increase and proposed budget cuts.

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Syracuse concert draws rocks

SYRACUSE, N.Y. (AP) — Dozens of state troopers and hundreds of gate-crashing young music fans battled in tear gas and rain Tuesday at the entrance to a rock concert. At least 30 persons were injured.

"State police said the most serious injuries reported were a broken elbow and broken toes suffered by troopers. A spokesman for a medical team at the site said no civilians were seriously injured."

The violence erupted when 100 youths in a crowd estimated at 2,000 being held outside the Great American Music Fair tried to uproot a fence and force their way into the concert, state police said.

"There were some nasty kids out there. We took their crap for about four hours before we used gas," said Capt. Kenneth Crouse. "We took a lot of injuries before we went after them."

The initial clash, in a rainstorm, lasted only a few minutes, but state police said it took them about 40 minutes to disperse the crown and seize the "prime agitators." About 60 persons were arrested.

Authorities said at least 20 troopers and 16 youths were treated at an infirmary on the grounds. Most of the injuries were cuts and bruises, they said. Most of the troopers were hurt by thrown objects.

The Audio Specialists
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CLOSED SUNDAY
Krishna mission fails in Japan

TOKYO (AP) — Authorities here are weighing crackdown on a group of young foreigners bent on bringing an Asian reli-
gion to some reluctant Asians - the Japanese.

After five years in Japan, the saffron-robed members of the Hare Krishna movement admit the Japanese are a hard lot to win over, having converted only five persons among the country’s 110 million people.

In the West, a Krishna devotee may have acted rashly, said John Wil-
liams, 25, of San Francisco, who also is known by his reli-
gious name of Kamal Rattan Das.

“But our intentions are good,” he added.

In the past month, five Amer-
can devotees have been ar-
rrested — one youth twice — on charges ranging from assault to incitement. The incidents

...for living expenses.

Only five Japanese have been admitted as full-fledged devotees, although as many as 20 show up for the mission’s Sunday feasts, Williams said.

Krishna mission fails in Japan

INDIANAPOLIS (AP) — The Public Service Commission ap-
proved an order that would boost Indians Bell Telephone Company’s charges $36.4 million, the In-
diana newspaper said.

The newspaper reported that William Powers, a member of the PSC, said he supports the commission to approve an or-
der he drafted. The company had requested increases totaling $58 million.

Powers said the order would:

• increase basic monthly resi-
dential bills by 6 per cent to 6

per cent.

• hike basic monthly charges for business telephone service by about 10 per cent.

• deny a request to double the per-cent rate of co-operated telephones.

• allow a request to begin charging for directory assistance after the first three free inquiries each month.

• generally approve a request to revise and increase interstate toll charges.

• generally approve a request to list charitable contributions as oper-
ating expenses.

• and reduce a request for in-
creases in “economy” or mea-
sured rates.

• generally approve a request for several miscellaneous other increases including charges for special checks cleared and unpublished numbers, in-
stallation and moving charges

and rates.

Powers said the proposed or-
der would be reviewed by the commission Wednesday. He added that costs to passersby - a major

The spokesman said the charges are “fra-
merups” or stem from mis-
understandings. None of the

The study indicated that a $1-

million public service jobs pro-
gram initially would produce

up to 15,000 jobs and cut the

unemployment rate as much as 11 per cent, could be started quickly and terminated easily.

Chess tourney

set for Saturday

A speed chess tournament will be held on Saturday, September 28th at the south end of River Bend plaza on Michigan

street. There is no entry fee, and trophies for 1st, 2nd, and 3rd place are offered. Those interested may sign up now at the chess
clock if they have them. For

more information, call 234-9648.

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Wednesday, September 3, 1975

the observer

15
Irish rush toward coming season

There are some people on campus who are glad to see classes begin. These are the hundred or so Notre Dame football players who for almost two weeks have been totally engrossed in preparation for a September 15 showdown with the Boston College Eagles. For these few their time has been occupied with two-a-day practices, various film and tutoring sessions and other rituals designed for the mental digestion of Dan Devine’s football philosophy.

Sunday Devine took the team to the astroturf of Carrier Field for an extensive scrimmage. Rick Slegar went most of the way at the helm of the number one offense, but had some trouble moving it consistently. It was the running of freshman fullback Dan Browne that made the Irish 0 shine. Early in the day, Browner broke over the left side, left two would-be tacklers and galloped undaunted into the end zone for 47 yards and a touchdown. For an encore he rushed for 69 yards in 20 carries.

Bill Brink

The Irish Eye

The wrong rule

Give credit to the NCAA officials for delivering the cruellest blow of all. At the recent convention in Chicago last month the NCAA came up with several new regulations in an effort to combat the skyrocketing budgets of college athletic departments. Spending on athletics was getting out of hand. It gives a distinct advantage to the home campus who are glad to see classes begin. The business. The regulation which has the most effect and has all the coaches up in arms is the limitation of the football team’s travelling squad to 48 players and home squad to 60. Looked at logically, the rule makes no sense. It’s just another way of limiting expenditures without truly pinching any college. Of course you have to cut a 48 man squad on the road, teams now can carry a squad only two deep at every position plus several specialists. The rest of the 40 or 50 members of the team remain behind. For the kids who need little more than practice, and whose sole moments of pride come when he stands suited up on the sideline, it is all over now. The regulation stops the individual and intangible attitudes. Players come to college expecting at least the thrill of wearing his school’s colors and breaking the game wide open. Even if it is on the sideline. Now they’ve been robbed of some of the spirit and enthusiasm, and that’s what makes college football.

“I don’t think that’s a fair play,” says Irish head coach Dan Devine, and that’s putting it mildly.

Joe Montana directed the second team offense. Montana looked sharp as he passed for 11 yards while faking on nine of 10 attempts. The sophomore quarterback showed excellent blocking ability as he cut down Randy Harrison springing Steve Schmidt for 14 yards. Schmidt made four good grade in his 44 yard challenge for a back up wide receiver slot. Gary Forystek was at the helm of both the number one and number two offense.

The coaches did a lot of different things on defense. Ross Browner and Willie Fry were all over the football field harassing the opposition. Bradley and Harrison played well in the secondary. After the day’s action, Coach Devine was reluctant to emphasize the need for any changes. “We must look at the films before we can make any concrete changes.”

This may explain the under-lying reason for the fall scrimmages. "In this type of scrimmage we’re working on using the new fair selection that we would in a game."

The Irish have 11 practice days left before the opening game. For the past few days, the team has been doing extra running before and after practice. Devine calls this "running for consistency." Today the Irish will take the field for the third practice scrimmage at 4:00 p.m. in the stadium.

Student ticket distribution begins today

Ticket distribution begins today for the 1975 season begins today at the ticket sales window on the second floor of the ACC. The schedule for exchange of the blue athletic certification is as follows:

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**The Sting**

with Paul Newman

Robert Redford

Thursday and Friday

Sept. 4th and 5th

7:00 pm, 9:30 pm, 12:00 am

Engineering Auditorium