Two students injured in auto accident during October break

by Lindy reeho
Staff Reporter

Two Notre Dame students were seriously injured over the October break when the parked car they were in hit the rear of another car whose driver apparently fell asleep at the wheel.

Stan Podlesak, a graduate student at Notre Dame, discovered the accident and the injuries of his two friends, Jane Hogan, a senior in Baslin, and Bill Crooks, a graduate student in Carroll Hall.

Podlesak found his injured friend when he came back to his car after going to get help for a breakdown. Podlesak's car broke down on Highway 94 going west to Chicago. Podlesak went to get help while Hogan and Crooks remained in the parked car. The car was then hit from the rear, injuring Hogan and Crooks.

The two students were treated by Mercy Medical hospital in Gary, Ind.

The accident occurred on Fri., Oct. 22, in the late afternoon. Crooks was in a coma until Sunday, and both students required surgery for facial injuries on Wednesdays. Hogan also broke a couple of her ribs and one of her lungs collapsed.

Hogan's home is in Connecticut, and Crooks is from New Jersey. Their parents are with them now in Gary. They are expected to be back at school in about a week, although they will probably stay in the infirmary for a while.

Darcy O'Gill, Fr. Robert Graf's cooker's nephew, was also in the park. He was not injured, however, and the driver of the other car suffered a broken nose.

Prospects for reform
Council to review infirmary

by Tom Byrne
Senior Staff Reporter

A board consisting of six hall presidents is currently examining the prospects for procedural reform at the campus infirmary, particularly in the areas of visitation policy and medical excuses from classes.

Created by the Hall Presidents Council, HPC, at the request of Student Body President Mike Gassman, the Infirmary Advisory Board issued its first report to the HPC at Tuesday night's meeting. The document noted the results of the committee's initial meeting with infirmary officials, and outlined several "practical goals."

"The meeting was more or less to get acquainted with the infirmary," explained Lyons Hall President John O'Lear, one of the board members. She indicated that the meeting allowed both the board and the three infirmary officials, University Physician Robert Thompson, Infirmary Administrator Sr. Marion Ridul, and Charles Arnes, director of Psychological Services, to better understand each other's positions.

Among the goals listed in the board's report was "to change the visitation policy," since at the present time only rector and residents assistants are permitted to visit patients in the Infirmary. Ridul cited two principle reasons for the policy.

First, the students are here for short term care because they can't cope with the physical or mental stress outside. Otherwise we're not really helping them," she said. "Secondly, many cases are infectious, easily communicable to others, or to the patients are in such a weakened condition that they'd be susceptible to other diseases," she explained.

Ridul also commented that a "considerable amount of personnel" would be needed to regulate visiting hours. "You would have to give passes to check people in and out," she remarked. "We don't have a lot of staffing to police that sort of thing.

"I didn't want to say absolutely not," she continued, referring to the conference with the board. "I suggested that they might propose something to us, and we could at least take a look at it. Maybe there's an angle we haven't looked at yet.

"If we're going to have visitation hours then we're going to have to compensate," said McGuire. The report of the board stated that the infirmary administrators "seemed willing to work on a compromise to allow limited visitation in non-consecutive cases."

Ridul acknowledged that compromise was possible. "Maybe there'd be an hour that could be opened," she said. "I'd feel open maybe to an experiment if the students could help us out."

Another point investigated by the board was the policy toward medical cuts from class. As of the fall of 1975, students cannot receive medical excuses unless they are staying in the infirmary. The committee's report disclosed that the Infirmary Staff is "willing to support a working proposal concerning medical excuses from classes" at the present time. The board would like to see the most sort through the Notre Dame Administration to change the official policy.

"The Infirmary falls under the control of the Board of Trustees," said Ridul. "We don't feel we have any right to interfere with academic standards that have been set."

She added that policies used before 1975 have become unmanageable.

Women's medical services

The board also examined the area of improved medical services for women. Since their meeting with the Infirmary Staff, it has been arranged for Dr. S. Bech. to a gynecologist recently retired from private practice, to join the staff on a part-time basis. Ridul described the doctor as "very competent," and announced that he would be available on Tuesday mornings from 9 a.m. until noon.

"We'd like the students to make an appointment," she said.

The board in addition mentioned in its report the lack of adequate transportation to the hospital and to off-campus medical facilities. "You have to wait until security can find someone with a car that's free," said McGuire. "Sometimes you have to wait as long as an hour." The board plans to probe solutions to this problem in the future.

The report dealt also with the distribution of Darvon, a potent drug frequently prescribed at the infirmary. According to the board, Dr. Thompson revealed that the dosage now available is approximately half the strength once used. The report also noted that Thompson described Darvon as "not much stronger than aspirin."

The primary purpose of our whole committee is to make the students more aware of the Infirmary," said McGuire, who suggested that not all students have a negative attitude toward the Infirmary. Other members of the board are John O'Leary of Holy Cross, Jeanne Guerin of Baslin, Anne Thompson of Lewis, Rich Riley of Alumni, and Tracy Kue of Farley.

Absentee ballots should be completed and mailed today!

Ballots may be notorized

free of charge in Office of International Students and Student Affairs

by Katie Kerwin
Senior Staff Reporter

Congressman John D. Brademas denied charges that he knowingly accepted campaign contributions from a South Korean CIA agent in a speech at Notre Dame last night.

"This is the most malicious, scurrilous and dishonest charge I've ever encountered," Brademas told a crowd of about 30 in the Grace Hall pit. He is currently running for re-election to the House of Representatives if he is re-elected.

Brademas stated that his campaign had been reported dating from the enactment of campaign disclosure laws. "They are all a matter of public record," he declared, and fully justified.

Brademas also emphasized his record of opposition to the South Korean military dictatorship.

Brademas is chairman of the sub-committee on Select Education, a part of the Education and Labor Committee, and a member of the House Administration Committee. He elaborated on some of the contributions, sponsored or supported recently.

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Brademas accused his opponent in the race, Republican Thomas L. Thompson, of making "wild and reckless claims." He also blamed local media for "slurping up reporting of the matter." He said he has been informed that there will be a complete retraction of the charges against him.

Brademas explained his relationship to South Korean businessman Tongue Park, saying that he had received contributions from Park as a long-time casual friend. He emphasized that the contributions had been reported dating from the enactment of campaign disclosure laws. "They are all a matter of public record," he declared, and fully justified.

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Congressman Brademas denied allegations concerning illegal contributions last night in Grace Hall pit. (Photo by Janet Carney)
McCarthy to challenge laws as election draws near

PITTSBURGH, Pa. (AP) - Eugene McCarthy said Wednesday he'll challenge the constitutionality of the federal election law because he says it strengthens a monopoly the federal government has on American politics.

McCarthy, the former Minnesota senator who is running for president as an independent in at least 30 states, told reporters he would file a court challenge to the federal election law today.

He also said he would pursue challenges in several of those states where he has been kept off the ballot.

"This is probably the first unconstitutionality issue to come up in this election," McCarthy said. "In eight states we established that laws were unconstitutional and have gotten some correction."

"There are a number of them in the South where we think the laws are unconstitutional and in about five or six of them we haven't been able to get on the ballot and that could very well determine how the election goes."

McCarthy is still fighting to hold on to a slot on the New York State ballot.

The Court of Appeals, the state's highest court, is to rule on whether the former senator can appear on the ballot there, a move opposed by the state's Democratic leadership.

McCarthy's visit was the start of a two-week swing through Pennsylvania, where 27 electoral votes are at stake. President Ford came here Tuesday night in a strong- arm challenge to McCarthy's candidacy.

Shaffer named director of law clinic

Dr. Thomas L. Shaffer, professor and Associate dean of the Law School at Notre Dame, has been named director of the Law Teaching Clinic of the Association of American Law Schools. The appointment was announced by the AALS president, Francis A. Allen of the University of Michigan. Shaffer, who has served as regional co-director in a variety of capacities, will direct curriculum development and other administrative procedures in the new assignment.

Campus News Briefs

GUNFIRE IN INDIA

Snipers and mortars continued to fire at the state capital as late as yesterday afternoon, when a Judicial candidate and the state's Democratic leader got ellipse.

McCarthy, who sought the Democratic presidential nomination in 1968, said he is not in the race as a "follower" to take votes from Carter. He said his candidacy is a "challenge to the system and Carter and Ford not addressing the issues."

U.S. PRICING ORLANDO, Fla. (AP) - Former Sen. Edward J. Gurney, his name cleared of a long legal battle, blames his ordeal as a States senator, blackened my name, beamed at me, and ruined me economically," Gurney said Wednesday after a jury found him innocent of perjury.

Gurney, 62, was accused of lying during a 1973 Florida grand jury about a major political fund-raising operation. He had been acquitted of five felony charges, but the government ordered him retried on one perjury charge on which jury deliberations had no verdict.

"We've beaten these means, victors and vindications from the government," said the former Republican senator who retired because of the scandal.

This grand jury had charged Gurney "deliberately and wilfully lied" when he said he didn't know that his onetime fund raiser, Larry Williams of Orlando, had collected more than $400,000 in illegal contributions. Williams got the money from Florida builders in exchange for promises of favors from Florida offices of the Federal Housing Administration.

The only issue before the jury here in three days of deliberations was whether Gurney knew before mid-1973 that Williams used part of his illegal collections to pay Gurney's field-office and staff expenses.

Gurney, a World War II hero who served three terms as a congressman before he ran for the United States Senate, gained national prominence as the tough-questioning Republican party's nominee for the U.S. Senate in 1966. He was defeated in the televised Senate Watergate hearings in 1973.

اخلاص

"I don't know whether he thought this had anything to do with the 1973 Florida grand jury," said "I only conjecture about the Watergate. I expect it probably did."

Justice Department lawyer Edward L. Gourley, the special federal prosecutor assigned to the case over three years, had no comment.

Williams testified that the former senator was in the government in return for a plea-bargained reduction of a campaign perjury charge on which the jury cleared him after a long legal battle, or in the state's Democratic leader.

The Court of Appeals, the state's high court, is to rule on whether the former senator can appear on the ballot there, a move opposed by the state's Democratic leadership.

Shaffer is probably the first unconstitutionality challenge to the constitutionality of the federal election law, which the state's Democratic leader called "a monstrous law."

"This is probably the first unconstitutionality issue to come up in this election," McCarthy said. "In eight states we established that laws were unconstitutional and have gotten some correction."

"There are a number of them in the South where we think the laws are unconstitutional and in about five or six of them we haven't been able to get on the ballot and that could very well determine how the election goes."

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Four campus political experts discuss presidential candidates

by Dave J. Bauer
Staff Reporter

Four political experts got together last night at Howard Hall and discussed the biggest three-ring circus in town -- the American political scene.

Just six days before the election, Fr. William A. Toohey, Director of Campus ministry; John Roos, associate professor of Government Studies; Walter J. Niegorski, associate professor of General Program and Edward Goerner, professor of Government and International Affairs, held an election symposium that resulted in many views expressed by the Howard Hall Academic Culture Commission.

"We cannot blame the candidates for not sticking to the issues," said Roos. "If they really did run on issues that were real, saying that hard times were on the way Race people would look at each other and say, 'who is this guy?'"

According to Roos, there are a couple of serious problems that the two presidential candidates are not facing. "Number one would be inflation. Sixty percent of inflation has come from abroad," Roos said. "There are products that we have to buy that are made abroad, energy and agriculture. Things that have risen dramatically lately. It is possible that this problem is going to be a permanent increase."

"The other problem is that we will not be cut by monetary policy and a politician. The fact is that we may have to have permanent decrease in our real income. This is not a pleasant thing, but we are going to have to live with this."

The cities are one of the other problems that neither of the candidates are addressing."Every citizen builds a suburban home, a white middle-class family is going to move out of the city. Neighborhoods which are being vacated are becoming unattractive. This is the worst thing that could happen, but there is no relief in sight."

The candidates are saying anything about it," said Roos.

"Society did not always take an issue-oriented slant towards their political figures. 'For the Greeks, the character of the man was the political criteria. The politicians at the time did not have a magical ball and could not tell what was coming up in advance."

"In a world of no TV or mass communication, a candidate is not known by a distant image. You are known by your reputation."

"In modern time, TV is not good to show how much a character a politician has. Because of this, most of them result in toxiptoad aptitude."

"The election of benefits without costs prevails in our politics. Candidates should tell the public the cost of their dreams, Niegorski stated."

"We have to look for intelligent and realistic visions," said Goerner.

"In the third debate, both candidates were asked that since they were promising that everybody is going to get something, who will pay for it all? Both of them were thinking." stated Niegorski. "'They never thought they would be asked that question, that they would be forced to speak their minds."

"I think it's a good issue. There would still be a change that America could stand on solid moral grounds," he continued. "But the vote of six Supreme Court justices..." (continued on page 9)

Niegorski was also angry with the moral tone the government has taken recently. "With the form that tax-relief has taken, the government is encouraging a wife to work on the side and take her children to child care centers. This is not just for the poor and the needy, they say it is for everybody. They are attacking the institutions of the family," he said.

"We can change moral standards," Niegorski explained. "When the Supreme Court first changed the abortion laws, most people in middle America were against abortion. But three years later, people are starting to accept it. We are at the tipping point in this issue. If the political action could put the law on the right side of this issue."

"If we make this a vital issue, there would still be a change that America could stand on solid moral grounds," he continued. "But the vote of six Supreme Court justices..." (continued on page 9)

John Roose outlines shortcomings of present political campaigns. (Photo by Janet Carney)
SAN FRANCISCO - Scientists experimenting with genes have "ossi­fied" a tiny cell to produce an enzyme that is used to make insulin.

"Normally there's a protein molecule that sits on top of this gene segment and keeps the cell from working," Boyer explained. Such molecules, called "repressors," are important clues to understanding how a gene is turned on and off. When the mammade DNA is inserted into the cell, Boyer said, it grabbed the repressor molecule away from the cell's own DNA, and then began to make the gene to produce the enzyme.

Scientists think repressor molecules see part of the reason why gene in a human fetus will direct cells to form into a hand and another, perfectly identical gene, will order the development of a nose.

Boyer said the biggest stumbling block in making genetics work for man in producing insulin and other needed proteins is the laborious synthesizing of DNA segments and genes that 20 times more complicated than those used in the UCSF and MCT re­search.

"Putting it into the cell is a snap," he said. "We have the technique for that. DNA synthesis is still very expensive and time-consuming."

Other UCSF biochemists in the project are D. Ray, H. D. Wood­cock, and D. R. And P. J. Byers of the City of Hope National Medical Center Duarte, Calif.

**A walking billboard announces the coming of the Beaux Arts Ball. [Photo by Joseph Burns]**

**Scientists to produce gene**

**UAW may go on strike**

DETOUR (AP) - About 118,000 United Auto Workers in 32 states and Canada will strike Chrysler Corp. on Nov. 1 if agreement on a new contract is not reached by then, the union said Wednesday.

In announcing selection of the No. 3 automaker as its next bargaining target, union officials expressed hope a second industry strike could be avoided.

"I don't believe Chrysler wants a strike, and we don't want to strike, but there's always a possibility that a strike, nevertheless, will occur," said UAW vice president Douglas Fraser.

Chrysler's top bargainer, Vice President William M. O'Brien, said in a prepared statement the firm is confident of reaching "a fair and equitable new agreement... without a work stoppage."

Meanwhile, General Motors said Wednesday it had a record-shatter­ ing performance in the third quar­ter with net profits of $79 million on $10.2 billion in sales.

Profits were up 63 percent from a year ago. The company's report this quarter showed $26 million in net profit in 1973, the firm said.

Chrysler, however, has reported third-quarter profits of $76.2 million, up from $56.1 million a year ago.

The UAW struck its principal bargaining target, Ford Motor Co., on Sept. 14. The two sides reached tentative settlement on a new industry pension-setting account two days later.

However, unresolved disputes over local working agreements that supplement the national pact kept many Ford operations strikebound until this week and two Ford assembly plants still are closed.

Officials at General Motors and Chrysler have said they would accept the key provisions in the Ford contract, which include an additional seven paid days off by 1979, annual wage hikes exceeding 3 percent a year, continuation of cost-of-living pay adjustments, improved layoffs and health care benefits, and special cash pay­ments for retirees.

The UAW, negotiating three year agreements for 700,000 auto workers, had extended old contracts at t5: other companies until Ford was close to full recovery.

UAW President Leonard Wood rock said a deadline would not be set at GM, where the union yesterday represented 400,000 workers, until Nov. 5.

Woodcock also said bargaining agent­ships with American Motors, which has 13,000 UAW-re­presented workers, are not expected to intensify until pacts with the other companies are settled.

**Comedienne doesn't find herself limited by physical handicap**

BEVERLY HILLS, Calif. (AP) - Can't a famous comedienne get laughs with a routine about having her leg amputated and sleeping seven months in a hospital bed?

Yes, if she's Totie Fields.

The 47-year-old performer met the press Wednesday, her first public appearance since a circula­tion problem complicated by phle­bitis forced removal of her left leg last spring.

"If you're not funny with two legs, you're not going to be funny," Totie Fields said when asked whether the amputa­tion would affect her act. "I have the same tongue and brain. I haven't lost my sense of humor."

And she proved it when she did.

"The minute I put the rings back on, I knew I was well," she said, flashing a handful of diamonds. "I'm not going to cut my nails... that I could if I lost a leg. I've got my fingers."

Miss Fields revealed that she had once tipped the scales at 191 pounds but said she now weighs 117.

"I've never said this before, no one in the world knew how much I weighed, not even Georgie her husband, George Johnston. ... This is the first time in my life I weigh less than my husband.

During her ordeal, Miss Fields said, there were "times, seven times, when they thought I was gone." But she said she believes "there's a reason. I don't think God works in any other way... and a person's life probably is happier than ever.

"Oh, it's so good to be here, so good to see you. Oh God, how glad I wanted to live," she said.

A few minutes later, the former comedi­an Jan Murray and per­formers Florence Henderson and Bert Grant surprised Miss Fields with a huge cake and a few kisses. She said letters from her fans-- "we stopped counting at half a million"--kept her spirits up during the long months she spent on her back.

Miss Fields said she will soon start learning to walk on an artificial leg, first with parallel bars, then with crutches, then with a wheelchair. She plans to return to the night­clul stage next April in Las Vegas.

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Vitamin C no help to colds

BOSTON - Researchers who said that giving Vitamin C might relieve the common cold now conclude the drug does not significantly ease symptoms of the ailment.

The team of doctors, among the first to confirm the relieving powers of the vitamin, had earlier made similar assertions.

"It's true that Vitamin C has widespread usefulness as a cold remedy," the doctors concluded.

The new study was directed by Dr. John F. Coplehan of the University of Pittsburgh Medical School. It is reported in an issue of the New England Journal of Medicine for publication today.

The virtues of Vitamin C have been debated since Nobel laureate Linus Pauling said in 1970 people who took the drug in large daily doses would have fewer colds. He also said the colds they did get would be less severe.

To test that theory, Coplehan and his associates experimented with students at a Navy boarding school in Arizona. They concluded in 1974 that students who took the vitamin number into a nationwide "computer-guard" system through which a recovered bicycle can be traced in minutes.

To aid in the return of other lost property the Hall MARC system offers diamond-tipped pens to mark merchandise with the owner's identification and returns. The department also supervises bicycle registration and the Hall MARC program.

The Graham Foundation for Fine Arts was awarded for the purpose of further development in graphics, sculpture, and three-dimensional design.

The money has already been used to develop an updated graphics program which is complete and in operation. The Foundation is planning to expand the ceramics area and have the newly expanded equipment used in making jewelry, although money from the grant has not been used for that purpose as yet.

St. Mary's receives grant from Graham Foundation

by Ellen Lynch

The Graham Foundation for the Advanced Studies of Fine Arts granted $25,000 to the St. Mary's Department of Art.

The grant was notified in September. The grant is for the purpose of further development in graphics, sculpture, and three-dimensional design.

The money has already been used to develop an updated graphics program which is complete and in operation. The Foundation is planning to expand the ceramics area and have the newly expanded equipment used in making jewelry, although money from the grant has not been used for that purpose as yet.

The commission distributed 1,000 random surveys in early October, which included questions concerning students' past attendance at speakers and future preferences for speakers, in order to locate student's interests. Hoffman stated that students who still have surveys should return them.

Next semester a two-day forum with news correspondents from the three major television networks is planned. The Amazing Kreskin will also return to campus in March. Other tentative speakers are Ralph Nader, Congressman Ronald Dellums, William Buckley, Richard Daley and Art Linkletter.

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One noticeable difference between the two presidential packages presented for public scrutiny in 1976 lies within the packages themselves. With Gerald Ford, you know what you're getting; with Jimmy Carter, you don't.

Gerald Ford is a strong conservative, a man who is offering the American people the prospect of a slow but steady economic recovery. He is a quiet and unassuming man, and a quiet and unassuming President. There is nothing really very exciting or charismatic about him, but he possesses a quiet simplicity that is reassuring in troubled times. His honesty and integrity are unquestionable.

His primary concern is the economic stability, inflation. At the beginning of his Presidency two years ago, he vowed to set any and all economic problems aside, except in the energy field. He has kept this vow exactly 95% of the time, much to the anger and chagrin of a Democratic spending Congress. He urges this Congress to adopt his "new realism," a policy that entails a reduction in government spending and strict controls on the federal budget.

Ford's economic programs reflect the conservative nature of this "new realism." His first priority concerns cutting the federal budget. The amount of money that he proposed to be saved is presently being debated, but the final cuts have not been revealed to him by Congress or the press.

Gerald Ford attends the former press secretary, Gerald F. Kromm, to see if there is any money coming from Congress. He doesn't ask if the proposal is necessary or how it can be spent. Ford simply asks if there is any money coming from Congress. If the money isn't available, says Ford, he can't afford to deal with the problem.

How has it worked? Ford claims that his very low taxes have $9 billion in spending. He claims to have cut the federal budget to the tune of 11,000 jobs. He professes a genuine concern for the middle American; two weeks ago, he signed a $1 billion tax reform bill, saying "I am absolute- ly convinced that we have to get a greater degree of equality and fairness in the middle-income tax category," an increase in the $750 personal exemption, and Ford would be "the best tax reform we can give the American people.

Ford's critics charge that there has been a noticeable reduction in unemployment, and that Ford has shown a tendency to refer to "the facts in the people's behalf rather give in to the demands of the facts. The fact is, though, that this attitude works rather well, both in the business world and in public opinion polls.

Which regularly arouses more "fear of inflation than unemployment. And even Ford's critics concede that he has kept the lid on inflation.

What could the American public reasonably expect from a President who has been in office for two years? According to one senior staff member of President Ford, 11% of the people would have more years of quiet and consoli- dated government. The Washington Post weekly magazine opined that "His attention, in the past, will now be, how does economic management... His solutions will conform to budgetary restrictions." He would most assuredly veto expensive economic legislation in accordance with the policy of "new realism," and with the hope of a slow and steady economic recovery.

Four more years of Gerald Ford would be an unspectacular four years, for those who long for liberal programs reflecting the Keynesian pump-priming of the '60s. But Gerald Ford will be a disappointment—just will not spend the money. What he will do is continue on the path he has already laid out--one that is conservative and financially strin- gent. Newsweek observed that even Ford's own people "soli- pulate that there is nothing very exciting in aspiring to just Plain Jane Jerry Ford; they offer only that his simpler virtues are right for the times." If he is a plodder, says his counselor, Robert Hart- mann, that is only a "derogatory label, such as "steely worker." The plow horse has accomplished a little more for the world than the race horse.

Four more years of the Ford package promises, once again, key concepts of conservatism, budgetary restraint, tax cuts and few spending programs. It is somewhat difficult to pinumped," a package, especially with regard to curbing inflation and stabilizing the economy. The personality within it, that of Gerald R. Ford, is one of a conservative mindset. The package needs to make it effective in both the fiscal and economic matters of the country. The needs to get that back on its feet—but a quick and dangerous leap, but a slow and safe ascent. The known and proven entity such as Ford would have far better than the untested and unknown one decided to govern them.

The recent "censorship" of WSDN programming should be of importance not just to the students at Notre Dame, but to students, faculty, and administration at all universities. We have stumbled into a problem that encompasses much more than simply the broadcasting of Notre Dame Hockey Games. We have approached the question of the purpose, structure, and usefulness of students media as if we were uncovering the fact that we must re-evaluate and change.

Indeed, is it necessarily the right of the administration, as owner and licensee of WSDN, to circumvent student management of the station? Is it their legal responsibility to ensure that programming is consist- ent with FCC regulations, management, and the views of the students. For example, is it within the "true form," "artistic" character of WSDN-FM. And by all means, one must concede that it is difficult to consider hockey as a fine art. Nevertheless, what good is a student radio station if it is not run by the students? Similarly, what purpose would a student newspaper serve if it were owned and ultimately operated by the administra- tion. The fact that the office of the student administration must help the students to develop such a station. In other words, a radio station must be a viable alternative as needed will prevail over "true" and "artistic" "censorship" from this occurring.

The protection of the student interest in the station. WSDN, as all student media, must be the student interest of Notre Dame.

Mr. Ford is advocating pro- grams to help themselves instead of pouring millions of dollars into programs to "spend" the poor. He indeed, Mr. Kane's interpretation of the "lazy, good-for-nothing, poor (i.e., blacks), but instead be used to buy new toys for the Pentagon (i.e., the B-1, nuclear aircraft carriers, etc.). Mr. Kane is twisting Ford's stand on the use of Government funds.

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P. O. Box Q

Still Mr. Nice Guy

Dear Editor:

As I read the article "No More of Mr. Nice Guy," in Tuesday's Observer, I became very disturbed at the slash Mr. Kane made against President Ford. After I thought about Mr. Kane's allegations, my disturbance diminished. I suddenly realized how ill-informed and immature the writer of the piece was.

Mr. Kane expressed his "sadness" at the lack of unenlightened students leaning towards Ford. Why? Because it didn't happen to agree with his choice? Many of the articles describe Mr. Kane that transpired in the last 8 years were untarnished circumstances. But I fail to see how they are indicative of a Ford Administra- tion. Had Mr. Kane taken the time to research those events, instead of ranting his opinions, he would have discovered some amazing differ- ences in his opinion.

If Mr. Ford appears to have some trace of racism, it is only because Mr. Kane put it there. I have no problem at hand.

And the real problem is: When FM just as both an AM and FM station, provides little service to the students, faculty, and administration at Notre Dame. We have stumbled into a problem that encompasses much more than simply the broadcasting of Notre Dame Hockey Games. We have approached the question of the purpose, structure, and usefulness of students media as if we were uncovering the fact that we must re-evaluate and change.

Indeed, is it necessarily the right of the administration, as owner and licensee of WSDN, to circumvent student management of the station? Is it their legal responsibility to ensure that programming is consist- ent with FCC regulations, management, and the views of the students. For example, is it within the "true form," "artistic" character of WSDN-FM. And by all means, one must concede that it is difficult to consider hockey as a fine art. Nevertheless, what good is a student radio station if it is not run by the students? Similarly, what purpose would a student newspaper serve if it were owned and ultimately operated by the administra- tion. The fact that the office of the student administration must help the students to develop such a station. In other words, a radio station must be a viable alternative as needed will prevail over "true" and "artistic" "censorship" from this occurring.

The protection of the student interest in the station. WSDN, as all student media, must be the student interest of Notre Dame.
Observer: After a rough start this season the team picked up, almost like a rock, on defense. Did you set any sort of goal or timetable at the beginning of the season for the team, and how do you think you achieved it?

Devine: Well, at the beginning of the season, all coaches, and I'm not any different, have to come up with something that we won't know until we see it. In a way we set out to do something, to see if we'd have a strong enough team to go on defense. I didn't think any coach ever, during the offseason or before the season, begins realizing that they have a team that don't have a strong enough team to go all the way.

I took three starters and moved them to the defense. Three very talented athletes. I'd been an assistant coach, and I have an idea of who they are and how good they are. And we didn't have a sack. The next week we had three, and we didn't have a sack. In that week, we had three, the week after we had four, and we didn't have a sack.

You'll find that probably in the last two weeks of the season we have played most United States as far as giving a team effort, but we've got a long way to go. Our offense has shown some signs of life. The way I feel, we have to improve in a number of areas. There are different aspects of defense, and I think we're still improving. I think there are a lot of things we have to do.

For someone who has never been a head coach and it's one of the reasons that they would ever have in their life. You're just responsible for everything.

In my first year of coaching at Arizona State, two of the teams we played were from the West Coast. They were the best two West Coast teams, but I think we had a real good job of preparing for them. We didn't have a lot of depth on the defensive line, and we didn't have a lot of depth on the offensive line. We didn't have a very good defense. It's a long way from being a good defense.

You can't describe the role of the head coach. Devine: Well, I'm here and they (the players) tell me who that's the big thing. Not because they are lazy, because they are all hard-headed kids. Can you describe the role of the head coach?

For someone who has never been a head coach and it's one of the reasons that they would ever have in their life. You're just responsible for everything.

I'd say that as far as everything that happens on the field, you are responsible for that, too. I know exactly what we are going to do in the game plan, but I think you are responsible for setting up the game plan and the way you set it up. You have to be tough on standards for athletes?

Devine: Yes, I think that I am. I'm talking about things that happen on the field and when you're playing football and when you're playing for a college team. I'm here to make sure that happens to be tough on the standards for athletes.

Observer: The improvement of football athletic versus academic needs? Should we be concerned about the standards for athletes?

Devine: I think we are concerned about the standards for athletes. We've got a lot of kids who are very talented and very skilled people.

I feel that we've got a lot of problems with kids who are not doing what we want them to do. They have the same kind of problems that we've ever had. So far as everything that happens on the field, you are responsible for that, too. I know exactly what we are going to do in the game plan, but I think you are responsible for setting up the game plan and the way you set it up. You have to be tough on standards for athletes?

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**Nuclear power key issue in election**

WASHINGTON AP—Although overshadowed by presidential and congressional politics, the Nov. 2 ballot issue in the state of Arizona could determine the future of nuclear power in two states.

The nuclear power industry has back an antinuclear initiative in a California referendum last June, only marginally winning its campaign up in the ballots of Arizona, Colorado, Washington, Oregon and Montana.

The passage of any one of them on Nov. 2 would be a grave setback to nuclear industry.

All six initiatives are essentially similar, requiring guaranty of nuclear power form to public ownership, and to its supporters, the initiatives are pouring millions of dollars into campaigns and the process ousting the antinuclear forces many times over.

To avoid utility-backed foes of the initiatives have a $1 million budget, and the support of its supporters, a coalition of nuclear consumers groups.

The pattern appears similar in the other states, but the ballot proposals seem to stand a better chance of passage, here and there, because the dollar-power alone might indicate.

In Washington, public opinion polls have indicated a strong nuclear power initiative, and to the nucleus measure, observers in Oregon believe the measure has an even chance of passage, because polls indicate a close vote.

Opponents of the initiatives, however, have$60 million backing of opinion polls, both sides were similar.

In Colorado, a poll published earlier this month by the Denver Post, an indicated that $60 percent of those polled appeared to favor the ballot initiative, and 25 percent were against, and 20 percent were undecided.

In Ohio, both sides claimed favorable polls but the measure is opposed by a broad range of interest groups.

An independent poll in Arizona recently pointed to failure of the initiative in November.

All six ballot initiatives would require that nuclear facilities be proven safe by prior equipment testing before they may be built or operated within the state.

All six would also require proof that nuclear materials will be safely stored and handled, before facilities can be authorized.

All six would require that the nuclear power industry assume responsibility for any "third-party compensation" of all damages resulting from an nuclear accident.

Five of them include a ban on nuclear facilities until and unless Congress repeals the so-called Price-Anderson Act, which provided liability insurance for commercial nuclear power plants, but only up to a limit of some $500 million, these states would insist on unlimited liability.

Only Ohio's initiative offers a specific requirement for removal of federal liability limitation of nuclear facilities by municipal corporations.

Approval necessary

In all six initiatives, authorization of nuclear facilities would require explicit approval by both houses of the state legislatures.

In Arizona and Ohio, a simple majority in each house would be required; and in Montana a legisla­

Recent polls have indicated that nuclear power industry would also be approved by a second ballot question, which is a review board in Montana.

The initiative states differ mainly in defining the cut-off dates, by which new facilities would have to meet the proposed requirements.

That was one lesson apparently learned from the defeat of the California initiative, which could have applied tough new regulations to power plants already in operation, raising the fear of plant shutdowns and power short-offs.

As an anti-nuclear advertisement in Colorado, one state, shows a light bulb slowly fading, but in fact the same light simultaneously would probably affect no existing power plants, although they might cover some already under construc­

Passage of any one of these initiatives would affect the legal status of nuclear facilities in other states, but would certainly inject more uncertainty into the already nervous industry, encouraging the antinuclear forces to strengthen.

**Rhodesian strife may finally end**

GUSWA, Switzerland - The Rhodesian drama entered a new and maybe final phase today when black nationalist leaders met with Prime Minister Ian Smith on an unspecified proposal they will carry out on their own insistence on their own terms.

But on the eve of a laborious organization phase, the white minority government could emerge from the meeting today and next week will easily yield the control it has exercised for 11 years. The basic black demand for a political conference and an inter-
The first musical review to be featured in the Nazz, "Jaques Brel is Alive and Well and Living in Paris," will be playing this Friday and Saturday night. [photo by Janet Carter]

French musical review to be featured by Nazz

by Joe Gill
Staff Reporter

"Jaques Brel is Alive and Well and Living in Paris," a musical review, will be played at 8 p.m. Friday and Saturday at the Nazz. Mr. F. said the show is to benefit the Salvation Army and the moral fiber in this community.

"Jaques Brel is really a great oxidation," said Spisto. "I've once heard it in New York and I fell in love with it and I've wanted to do it ever since," he concluded.

The huge and overcrowded movie theatre with its large and impersonal audience is not so much effective as enjoyable as a musical review presented in the Nazz, according to Spisto.

Toohey compares party platforms to Catholic stand

(continued from page 31) are standing in the way of the church in speaking about abortion and the moral fiber in this country.

"In foreign policy, both parties are in agreement with the bishops, but in the areas of domestic affairs, both parties have let the Catholic voice be heard," said Toohey. "But the bishops come on stronger than do either of the candidates," he added.

"Our campaign is planned to educate the countryside with this weekend's ride going into the faubourgs of Michigan. All rides end in time for lunch and are open to all interested persons."
Conrad denies Bowen accusations

President Ford, contending there is a "distinct difference" between his administration and that of Richard Nixon, said Wednesday that "there is a difference between himself and his predecessor.

"Bowman, a reclining woman embodying a then-revered water spring of that form. The secretary of state said he has proposed a graduated net income tax system based on ability to pay. Such a system would result in a tax due reduction for the average earner. Conrad said the average non-supervisory production worker would receive a tax deduction more than $122 a year. Dorothy Ford contends his administration varies from his predecessors

"The Acropolis was laid waste by Persians in 480 B.C., and its remains have had an influential effect on artists, students and art lovers. The majority of the marble figures were placed in the Greek national museum long ago."

"The study concluded that the monuments have been removed from the Acropolis to a new Acropolis museum, to be built by a private group. The secretary of state said he has admitted to the existence of the resigned former president Ford.

"In the past, when Ford was placed in question, where he mentioned Nixon, the former president because "my predecessor. Once or twice, Nixon was referred to as "Lyndon Johnson's successor."

But Ford in the past two days has used public television shows to contrast his administration with those of the past and said there is a difference between the Ford and Nixon programs. The Ford television programs are in a talk show format in which Ford defends his administration. Ford added that the average newsman is not a sincere talker and is much more likely to be a tiresome person, although the measures have trimmed their profit margin car.

Bag Brothers resume meetings

The Brother's regular meeting of Notre Dame seniors of the Senior Club and resume resumed weekly meetings of the club. At last night's meeting, which had an attendance of less than 20, the meeting was over-ded and outstanding. Those absent from the meeting may obtain tickets from Steve Plain or Bob Tully, both of 432 Morrissey Hall.

According to Kon Gourdour, the club's secretary, next week's meeting will be a mandatory meeting. At that meeting, plans for the Bag Brothers will be held Saturday, November 5, will be discussed. Also, a new system of tax relief will be decided upon at that time. Members are urged. Gourdour stated, "to be thinking of possibly winning some of the game's prizes and place of throne.' The meeting are the same as those for past meetings, 8 p.m., Wednesday night."

ND Republicans sponsor short talk

The Notre Dame College Republicans are sponsoring a short talk by St. Joe Republican shopkeeper Jack Ellis tonight at 6:30 p.m. in the Memorial Library. The talk will be folowed by a brief meeting scheduled to end by 7:30 p.m. The talk is open to all interested persons.

No pork niles for '77 cars

WASHINGTON The government inflation monitoring agency reported that cars buyers aren't likely to face any more price increases in '77 models, even though the manufacturers have trimmed their profit margin car.

The Council on Wage and Price Stability, which is making up at least in part for the average profit per car by making such familiar ones as the Ford and Ford, the Ford, but Jerry Ford said that there was no 'pop-punk', there's nowhere 'there's no dictatorial authority' now. Meanwhile, Carter mentioned the possibility of a tax cut in a radio interview in Pittsburgh when he told a questioner that instead of raising taxes there is a "much more effective way" of tax reduction in the next four years, I believe it is almost inevitable. Also, in the last year, there could be a general tax cut, he said. Carter previously has said he would redistribute the tax burden to give tax cuts to lower and middle income families by closing tax loopholes. When stating that this was the first time the media had access to such confidential data, the secretary of state said this was the first time the agency had access to such confidential data. The conclusion were based on the car's profit margin car of 1977 models, even though the manufacturers have trimmed their profit margin car.

The Secretary of state said he had admitted to the existence of the resigned former Nixon. Ford said the night, the Senior Club. Ford is running against former President Nixon. On Tuesday, in a broadcast aired at Illinois voters. Ford said the night, the Senior Club. Ford is running against former President Nixon.

ATLHENS, Greece (AP) - Part of the real thing will be missing for future visitors to the Acropolis. In place of the marble statues from statues of Greek's Golden Age will be copies made of the statues themselves, including such familiar ones as the maidens of the Parthenon Temple, archaeologists said Wednesday. They will include the statues of Kikoupas and his winged escort Constantine Tripanis, an associate of ancient culture and sciences, announced that the statues would be restored for the originals for the present. He said it is a part of a $2 million project to protect or restore Greece's archaeological remains.

Tripanis said the marble sculptures to be removed from the Acropolis will be the most important for the original. He did say it is a part of a much larger project to protect or restore Greece's archaeological remains.

The finely engraved, lifesize works on marble will be able to be moved to the new pergola and the Greek Cultural Organization and the Greek government. The study concluded that the monuments have suffered more from pollution alone in the last 30 years than from all the damage received during the past four centuries.

In Athens, the mythical founder, builder and first king of Athens, is depicted in half man, half dragon form. Callichrus is depicted as a reclining woman embodying a then-revered water spring of that form. The majority of the marble figures were placed in the Greek national museum long ago.

Larger antiquities will also be replaced by marble copies, the most important being the Karyatides Temple with maidens serving as columns. One of the seven marble maidens, held in a British museum for two centuries and unreported, has been shown to be in markedly better condition than those on view.

Tripanis said the original statues will be moved to the new museum now being developed. The copies are being made at the British Museum under the direction of Akis Mitriedis. The Acropolis, a 260-foot-high hill dominating Athens, was walled during the 6th century B.C. by the Persians. It was devoted to religious rather than defensive purposes and during the next 200 years. The Persians were swept a tough series for the games. The chair and place of throne, the meeting are the same as those for past meetings, 8 p.m., Wednesday night."

Pistols remain undefeated at seasons end

For the second consecutive year, the Crystal Pipers have completed an undefeated season and captured the Interhall 16" Softball championship. Against a 7-0 record that exceeded the team's unbeaten streak to 24 straight games, the Crystal Pipers swept a tough test from the Hole in the Wall Gang, winners of the American division.
Hughes relied on for line leadership

In the case of Ernie Hughes, one year made a whole lot of difference. The 1976 Notre Dame quarterback had come to the sideline in 1975 and worked his way up to second team. By the end of his junior year, he was the senior class took its toll on the Irish offensive line. So, when Dan Devine decided on his replacements there, he didn’t have to look too far across the line of scrimmage.

The 248-pound junior made the transition just fine, starting all 11 games in 1975, but once again getting pummeled by the Irish interior line. So when the Boise, Idaho native returned for spring drills this season, he was the only experienced player back.

Suddenly Hughes, who was probably looking to others for leadership in 1975, was the one being looked on as the leader. But it’s a role Hughes has accepted without much difficulty.

"Experience is the most important thing you can have," says Hughes. "The techniques as you learn on the field and things like that don’t change. The keys, well, they do."

But when the Irish opened the current season with a 21-10 loss to Pittsburgh, a lot of the blame fell on the younger Hughes.

"Our timing was off against Pitt," Hughes admits. "It just seemed that when four of the guys on defense were off their feet, the other did something wrong and the play wouldn’t work. I just couldn’t get it together."

But after the loss, he says he worked his way back and has improved. Fixed three plays have followed since that opening game, giving the Irish victories of 48-0 over Northwestern and the 41-0 win over Loyola that has allowed the Notre Dame back-up to total 509 yards in over 500 attempts.

"We’re getting better every game," says Hughes, "but there’s always room for improvement. We’ve got to make sure we have a unit, but we can’t have to."

One player Hughes believes must continue to show improvement is senior Marc Lyons, a third-year man who was already being mentioned for All-American honors. "He’s always been blessed with speed and quickness," says Hughes, "and if I can continue to improve enough by the end of the year, I’d like to be mentioned in the All-American circle."

Another person who must concern is for the team to have a good season. Sure, the team isn’t going to be perfect by any means there is a good chance we can win our last three games."

Arunching that comes after that will be king points: You don’t have that unselfish attitude which made the transition from defense to offense easy in Cardinals operations, said Wednesday.

Fullback Tony Miller, a star for Notre Dame in 1975, will be a role model this season. Miller was the team’s leading rusher with 772 yards in 1975.

"The team has three class of 1973 h

Lyons went early in the carpath game when he lost consecutive games to Nebraska, 28-0, and Walsh. However, it appears that the team has straightened itself out as they have now won four of their last five games.

Lyons has added more than two free agent players this season and has improved. Five straight wins now gives them a chance to win their last three games.

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Irish injured contribute their share

by Patrick Cole

Irish Sports Writer

Luther Bradley, Ross Browner, Joe Restic, Bill Slager. These are all names familiar to Notre Dame fans and the Notre Dame fans know and bear every Wednesday afternoon in the fall. But try these: Doug Buth, Vince Klein, Pat Kalk, Carl Kalk, Joe Golli, Vincent Rachal, Mike Faltine, or Dick Hughes. Are these names familiar to you?

Probably not. And this is part of the reason why Notre Dame football fans don't know. These are the names of the athletes who are fighting back courageously from injuries to play once again.

For example, take Vincent Rachal, one of the most liked members of the team. Rachal, a freshman defensive back on Notre Dame's varsity team last year, was among the 25 free agents. He also competed in basketball and track. But one play stopped his hope—at least temporarily. Nevertheless, it would be very disappointing for him.

Rachal came up to a sweep around his end. Just as he was about to make the tackle, he got clipped from behind. The result was torn ligaments, an injury that could have ended his career like other team members in the past.

"I could limp off the field," the athlete from Houston, Texas said. "When they took me to the Notre Dame orthopedic room, they told me I would have to have surgery." Rachal has the scar on his knee from the operation to fix the torn ligaments. For the first time in his life, Rachal experienced the reality of healing and recovery.

This is a story that is being repeated all over the school. They've lost players to injury in the past, but this year they're losing them in their prime. Vincent Rachal, a freshman, is expected to be back in action simply because of the promising attitude of the team members who were recently injured.

"I'm on the way to getting better," Rachal talked about the encouragement he got from his friends. "My strongest encouragement has been from the most important people," he said. "Players like Restic, Keven Hart, Bradley, who are also injured, and Slager. They've helped me. The people in the University, the most important factor. They're behind me and other injured players on the team." Rachal's attitude is commendable.

Mr. and Mrs. Rachal, Vincent's parents, were relieved when he was injured. "My father was optimistic that I could work my way back," Vincent stated. "My parents always encouraged me, and this helped a great deal."

It's a source of pride that the starting 22 members of the varsity, like the recognition he received in the classroom, was a reward for the hard work they put in. Vincent Rachal is determined to make a comeback. He has an added year of eligibility. He knows it is up to him. But he realizes like other injured Notre Dame football players who have made a comeback, that the fight is not over. It is just beginning. In the words of Vincent Rachal, "I'm going to try my best to help the team win again this season." Rachal is an important part of the Notre Dame team, and his return will be a significant boost to the team's spirits.

"I think it would be right for the Cincinnati club to get into the bidding contests that must come out of this draft," said Ross Browner, named AP lineman for the second time this season. "All of our players have been taught to play the game as well as we can and we are hopeful that we can improve our team future to our mutual advantage," Browner added.

Pitcher Dan Gulliet is the only Notre Dame player among the 25 free agents from the last year's contract, but the Cincinnati organization apparently felt a five-year contract for Gulliet would get the same demands from the other stars on the team. The Expos, however, don't have that problem. There are no real stars on the 1976 team, which posted its worst record since its first year, 1969.

The National League won a coin flip, giving the Expo-05-107 advantage in the selection, but Gulliet will be selected in the first round. The Expos, after all, have the second choice. With Cincinnati passing, the New York Yankees did not have the third or fourth, but they still will alternate.

Whether sluggish Reggie Jackson, who was hitless in 1976, is back or this year's crop of free agents, will be available when the Yankees come to bat is questionable. Teams ahead of the Yankees must be pragmatic and decide whether they can waste a choice on Jackson. [continued on page 11]

Ross Browner, who has been named AP Lineman of the Week, has been instrumental in the Irish defensive success this season.