Summer sales not perfect

Basketball tickets cause controversy

by Tony Pace
Staff Reporter

Pointing to an ever-increasing demand for Notre Dame season basketball tickets from South Bend area fans, Ticket Manager Mike Busick explained that student basketball tickets were sold over the summer in order that all students who wanted season tickets would receive them.

"The main reason for the summer sale was to find out what the demand for tickets among the students would be," said Busick.

"Student demand has fluctuated during the past few years and I think a summer sale is the answer to a problem that cropped up early for this season."

There has been a great demand from the fans of this area, but once we knew the students' demand was equally great, we had to place a moratorium on new season tickets for the general public. We have fulfilled the demand for tickets and, for the first time, the home games have all been sold out," Busick continued.

Another reason for the summer sale was the number of complaints Busick received from students who were financially strapped in either the spring or the fall. "Near the end of the semester, I often heard from Busick observed, "many students are running out of money. When they return in the fall, they have to purchase books and supplies."

Some financial considerations that Busick implemented a down payment purchase system for 1976-77 season basketball tickets. But, he said, this posed new problems.

"By the time the fall rolls around," students who came to me early in the fall and I tried to find tickets for those students," said Busick.

"Seal locations will be assigned on a first come, first served basis. The tickets will be distributed the Tuesday through Friday at the ACC. Busick remarked, "We will start with the closest seats to the floor in the best section and move right down the line. The first guy in line is going to get what we believe is the best seat in the house."

At this time, students may also purchase tickets to the games against the University of Mississippi, St. Joseph and the Russian national team. The first two games were not included in the student ticket because they fall during the Thanksgiving and Christmas breaks respectively. The Russian game was not included because it was only recently added to the schedule.

Generally, Busick likes the student basketball ticket situation at Notre Dame, "It's an excellent situation for us. Approximately 45 percent of our arena, which is sold out for the first time."

One of the alleged violations occurred Oct. 5, according to the document, when the law firm representing the University announced that an illegal contract for subcontracting was in existence that would be perpetually laid off. A decision to subcontract was made in September to assure the students' demand was being met.

After the decision to lay off the groundskeepers was declared a mistake by the University, "the subject of subcontracting was left as a cloud over the organizational activities of these employees," the Teamsters charge stated.

"This cloud was economically threatening," Lawrence claimed.

The Teamsters' charge also mentions the employee turnover. The university through University President Fr. Theodore Hesburgh's letter to the faculty and students on Oct. 14 had admitted that they handled an organizing effort several years ago among other employees by "simply subcontracting the work and at­ nating the individuals as employ­

Lawrence said that the decision several years back draws the attention to the National Labor Relations Board because it shows that the University is "behaving the same way."

Lawrence remarked, "If there's a history of this pattern, then we need to get rid of the law firm."

Another violation by the University, according to the Teamsters' charge, was the Oct. 26 decision to subcontract the work by 215 employees at various Notre Dame campus cafeterias.

The employees working in these areas were actively discus­

Weekend Concerts: The ACC was the scene this weekend as 3 performers graced the south dome. Bob Hope and Joey Heathcote entertained a crowd which included many parents and alumni on Friday night. Saturday, Crosby, Stills and Nash were faced to play 3 encore with a tumultuous gathering. (Photos by Greg Trupka.)
**On Campus Today**

4 pm lecture: "recent work of the architectural collaborative and the future of architecture," James Hurlburt with architecture collaborative, Cambridge, Mass., sponsored by the arch. dept., arch. bldg., aud.

4 pm civilisation film series "grandeur and obedience," sponsored by bus. and econ. dept., carroll hall, snc, no charge.

5:00 pm french club dinner meeting, faculty dining room, south dining hall.

7 pm career workshop skill identification with Leslie Wilson and Betty Twitchell, sponsored by snc career development cenet, regina north basement.

7:20 pm duplicate bridge ladies of nd, faculty, staff duplicate bridge, university club.

7:30 pm lecture clark meccallen, ex-nasa official, will speak on ufo's. sponsored by suc. lib. aud.

8 pm perspectives in philosophy lectures "rules vs. virtues," prof. alasdair macintyre, boston univ., sponsored by phil. dept., galvin life aud., open to the public.

8 pm concert the rotterdam philharmonic orchestra, sponsored by snc performing arts series, o'laughlin aud. call 414716 for reservations.

9 pm senior bar night for cap members and faculty, alumni-senior club.

**Weather**

Mostly cloudy and a little cooler today and tomorrow morning, but becoming partly sunny tomorrow afternoon. There is a 30 percent chance of drizzle tonight and tomorrow morning. Highs in the upper 60's today and around 60 tomorrow. Lows tonight in the upper 40's.

**Ticket complaints**

(Continued from page 1)

This season, goes Duggan, things are different. This is certainly not the case at many other schools which have sold solid basketball programs. Further, while the regular ticket prices were raised for this season, the student prices have remained the same.

"Of course, our distribution system still has some problems, but we can learn from them and plan so as to avoid them in the future," Busick concluded.

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**CAMPUS MINISTRY INQUIRY AND CATECHUMENATE PROGRAM**

- For anyone wishing to find out more about our Christian faith and Catholic tradition
- For anyone thinking about becoming a Catholic

For more information, drop by the Campus Ministry offices in the Memorial Library or Badin Hall, or call 6538 or 3820.

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**SMC Regents approve new library facility**

by Molly Woolfe

The resolution to construct a new library was unanimously approved by the SMC Board of Regents at a meeting held Oct. 21. Other resolutions passed were the establishment of a campus police department, a financial plan for 1977-78, and the agreement that the Sisters of the Holy Cross will donate back to the College the annual lease payment for next year.

Kathleen Rice, dean of Student Affairs, commented that the present library "lacks space and general comfort." There's no lounge area, she explained.

John Duggan, president of SMC's, remarked, "We're so crowded now we don't have room to put all our books on the shelves." He added that the new library will be four times larger than the current one and "there will be comfortable study rooms, smoking areas, display cases, and audio and video back rooms."

According to Duggan, architects have suggested two possible sites for the library: south of Lemans or the present parking lot between Lemans and Regina. A fund drive is being planned to raise five million dollars to cover construction costs and two million dollars for a library endowment.

Duggan expressed the hope that the money will come from "mostly alums." He says "the primary supporters of the College. They're our main hope," Duggan said.

"We'd like to raise the money within a few years—maybe one year."

The Committee on Development has recommended to the Board that the College undertake an annual capital fund drive rather than a traditional capital campaign.

Board members also divided into groups to discuss aspects of student life and workshops for students. The dog group talked about the start of an alcoholic awareness program," stated Rice. "It would consist of films, followed by discussions, young speakers that the kids can relate to and something."
Lombardo's death ends success story

NEW YORK (AP) - There'll still be a New Year's Eve this year, but it may not be the Millions of American and Canadians for the first time since 1929 Gray Lombardo won't lead his Royal Canadians in "said Long Lyne."

The creator of "the sweetest music this side of heaven" died Saturday night in Houston's Methodist Hospital after a heart attack. The problem associated with the pulmonic artery was found only after the death was admitted Oct. 27.

His wife, the former Lilibell Glenns of Cleveland, Ohio whom he married 51 years ago, was at his bedside.

Arrangements for a funeral service near his Farmingdale, L.I., home were being made Sunday. Lombardo was 79.

Lombardo is survived by a brother and a sister.

Youthful and energetic, he was a frequent visitor to the United States and Canada during this time. He was a member of the Royal Canadian Legion, the Royal Canadian Legion of the United States, and the Royal Canadian Legion of Canada.

The Royal Canadian Legion, the Royal Canadian Legion of the United States, and the Royal Canadian Legion of Canada are all very proud of the contributions made by Gray Lombardo.

His death is a great loss to all of us.

Penn duplicates ND problem

by Kevin Walsh
Senior Staff Reporter

In a situation similar to that of 21 Notre Dame groundskeepers, housekeepers at the University of Pennsylvania were dismissed late Aug. 8 as a result of what Teamsters Union officials claim is an attempt to eliminate unionization of the workers.

According to the October issue of the Gazette, University of Pennsylvania alumni, 51 housekeeping employees were released from the University's employment in August. The claim was made that the housekeepers could save over $750,000 or approximately 15 percent of the group's $5.4 million housekeeping budget by hiring private contractors who would provide the same services, with fewer benefits.

Teamsters Local 115 head John Morris, however, does not believe that money is the real issue. "The University rejected our proposals because it did not want to bargain with the Teamsters," he said. In support of this claim, Local 115 has filed a "petition for recognition" against the National Labor Relations Board (NLRB) for the university.

According to the Gazette, the housekeeper's decision to join the

Senior Class Fellow nominees announced

by Pat Derryday

Elizabeth Naquin, Senior Class Fellow Committee chairman, announced yesterday the names of the 20 candidates for the final Senior Class Fellow elections to be held Nov. 16-17.

The remaining 20 nominees were selected from a field of 144. "We would like to thank the entire senior class for their support, and for the enthusiasm we have shown," said Naquin. She added that the number of nominees was over twice the amount submitted last year.

Selected by the committee on the basis of accomplishments, spirit, and personal integrity, the following 20 candidates are those who may be elected Senior Class Fellow of the Class of '78:

BOB HOPE HUBERT HUMPHREY STEVE MARTIN JOHN WAYNE ALAN ALDAN BUCHWALD BILL COSBY RALPH NADER BARCKHAMSTAD KURT VONNEGUT ALAEX HALEY BILL HAYES "O.J." SIMPSON ART BHUCHWALD CHARLES W. STEVENS STALFORD BRUCE SPRINGSTEEN

Naquin stated that "any senior who is dissatisfied with the remaining candidates may reopen discussion of a nominee by submitting a brief paragraph outlining the qualities of that nominee." She added that 25 signatures of other senior must accompany this statement.

This petition must be dropped in the Student Activities Office or to the Student Activities Office by 3 p.m. Wednesday, day, 7. At 7 p.m. that evening the Senior Class Fellow Committee will hold a forum in Room 122 of the Business and Economics Building.

The forum is open to all seniors, but those seniors who have submitted a petition must be in attendance. If the petition is not present, his nominee will not be recommended.

The vote is an important matter, but the outcome of the vote will not necessarily be the same as the final vote. The final vote will be taken at the November meeting of the Senior Class Fellow Committee.

The Observer is now accepting qualified applicants for ASSISTANT AD DIRECTOR/ MANAGER; salary offered. Please schedule interview at the Observer ad office 3rd floor LaFortune.
Credit cards, loans? Not easy for students

by Bill Delaney

Thinking about applying for a credit card, taking out a loan or buying on a time payment plan? If you're a college student, you may be disappointed.

In the buy-now-pay-later world of credit cards and consumer finance, students often find themselves face-to-face with a Catch-22 type of situation. They can't take out a loan or qualify for a credit card without first establishing a credit background. But, in order to establish a credit background, they must bor­row money or make a sort of credit transaction.

The problem, according to Paul Hill, loan officer at the South Bend American National Bank, banks, stores and credit card companies demand "some kind of previous loan experience" as assurance that their money will be paid back on time. "No one will stick his neck out to get a guy started," he explains.

The most important factor in deciding whether or not to let a student have a credit card is whether the student has a good credit risk. Usually this is easily decided by the credit bureau file, a company that specializes in providing credit information. Hill says, unfortunately, many young people have little or nothing on their file so credit bureaus know nothing about them, Hill continues. He specializes in providing credit information. Hill says, unfortunately, many young people have little or nothing on their file so creditors know nothing about them, he continues.

If you have some extra money in a savings account, Hill suggests, a good way to begin to build up a file is to take out a loan using the savings as collateral and then depositing the money in the savings account. The loan goes on file with the Credit Bureau, however, is not always the final solution to establishing credit. "This is just the first step," Hill warns, because "you don't go from a $200 loan on a savings account to a $4,000 loan on a new car over night. You've got to crawl before you can walk."

Credit bureau files are not the only obstacles in the way of students who wish to get credit. There is a definite prejudice among lenders towards college students because of the high rate of non-payment on loans for tuition, Hill asserts.

Congress has recently passed legislation to protect people who borrow money. The Equal Credit Opportunity Act of 1976 makes it illegal for creditors to discriminate because of reasons including age and sex. But Hill points out that "laws can't change everything. There is still that prejudice."

Jerry Cauldwell, operations manager of the South Bend Credit Bureau, feels that employment and residency are two factors that hurt students' chances for being granted credit. Most students don't have full time jobs, he says, and "even though they get a check every month from Dad, that's not the same as a job."

Students whose parents do not live in the South Bend area have a further problem, Cauldwell contends, because creditors look at length of residency.

"Start out small, most obligations and maintain stability in address and employment," he advises.

For people who have been rejected, there is some recourse. "A person can dispute any rejection," Hill says. "Present law states that we have got to tell the rejected person why he was rejected and if it is because he is willing to talk again."

The law also states that everyone has the right to examine their own files at the Credit Bureau, although the information cannot be gotten over the phone, according to Hill. Another way out that he suggests is to have a co-signer. "A co-signer has to be someone who is willing to support the contract," he says, "so we are looking for family ties, which can make it hard for out students."

Persistence can sometimes help, Hill bluntly admits, because "there is always a human factor. Loan officers sometimes take risks on a gut feeling or to help a guy out," he says.

Chapter 2: Classifying Your Engagement Diamond

After a few shopping excursions, you finally come across a jeweler who says, "Since you're single, I'll give you a special discount on this perfect half carat blue-white diamond. What do you say?"

Well, what would you say? You could offer a bit of sales talk, you might wish to say "thank you for your trouble" as you close the door from the outside. Here's why:

Student discounts, sales of any type on diamonds, are nothing but pennery. The worldwide supply of diamonds is dwindling every year, and those diamonds which are available are generally priced in accordance with international standards. So when you're offered a "deal" on a diamond, you can safely assume that (a) the diamond is flawed in some fashion, or (b) it has been marked up in order to be discounted back to its original retail price.

Remember that you're asking for a discount if you shop for diamonds in the same way you shop for toothpaste. Secondly, terms such as "perfect" and "blue-white" are not used by knowledgeable jewelers and retailers. Even though a diamond may be flawless and colorless, it is not necessarily perfect or pure. It is always a human factor..."
Neat Distinctions and Silences
Laurence d. mayer

As everyone knows, the 5th Commandment says "Thou shalt not kill." As everyone also knows, we are surrounded by a great deal of killing, much of which is absolved of wrong by the approval and legitimation of court and law. In order for this to be done with ease of conscience, a great distinction is made between human life and all other life. Humanity per se is considered, for the most part, "fair game" for the whim and mood of Man.

Again, we are quite aware of the sort of havoc wreaked on the environment through the disdain of the human and how through the simple expedient ofigneous permission, all sorts and catch phrases used by students of the University of Notre Dame have been accompanied by the slaughter and enslavement of native peoples and nations. We are quite aware of the devastation of Western civilization has been precipitated by "non-humans" and their thinking and ideals; and how through the simple expedient of"non-humans," and their gospel, using the Word of God for everything, all of which is what "non-humans" are trying to do. We are quite aware that things have gone too far when we are so afraid of being "tainted" by allowing the minority to speak for God and for Humanity, Ms. Bryant and others "like her give a divinity authorized permission.

As this happens throughout the country, this planting of a terrible self-righteousness, one wonders at the silence of the churches and theologies and the many champions of human rights. Are they hoping "B." (Amb., the phenomenon of homosexuality, the existence of different people and ideas) will go away? Why do they temporize while the proponents of executing Gays, for instance, shout "non of homosexuality, the nonion of human rights. Are they saying that things have gone too far when they are so afraid of being "tainted" by allowing the minority to speak for God and for Humanity, Ms. Bryant and others "like her give a divinity authorized permission.

One wonders what these distinctions justify the killing silences. And one wonders if the God and the Humanity which these present day crusaders and knights - crassly refers to is the one that Jesus heard and unpopularly served.

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Lighting Priorities
Dear Editor:
The University has taken a strong position against the unionization of any one of its employees, but that is this position as concrete as it seems to some? Perhaps the University would not be so strongly opposed to unionization if it were dealing with a progressive, well respected labor organization. The Teamsters, whose reputation escapes few of us, are not such a class organization. On the contrary, the Teamsters insist on fragmenting the people so as to include only a few groundkeepers in their local. In benefiting the workers in the one case by this man's personal attention given to me and his dignified and holiness).

As for human life, there are also types of legitimized killings: punishment for heretics, crimes, self-defense, "just wars," and the like. But isn't it unfortunate how distinctions so that killing becomes revered: witness the Commandment "Thou shalt not kill."
FCC head holds seminar

by John Mahon

Robert E. Lee, a senior member of the Federal Communications Council (FCC), spoke to approximately twenty telecommunications students last Thursday. He also met with the WNDU advisory committee to discuss the possibility of expanding their programs and increasing the number of courses in this area of study.

Lee, a former FBI agent and currently a commissioner of the FCC, talked to students in the American Studies telecommunications class about the regulative and functional duties of the FCC, as well as his own responsibilities as commissioner. He described the FCC appointment procedure, and explained that he was appointed to his present position by Eisenhower in 1953.

Currently he is preparing to participate in an international conference in Geneva, set for 1979, which will allocate broadcasting frequencies and adjust regulations. He described the meeting as "the largest of its kind in 100 years." He is presently the United States representative to the International Telecommunications Union.

After the speech, Lee met with the WNDU advisory committee to plan on ways of expanding their current programs. A second telecommunications course is being added to the schedule next semester. WNDU already sponsors internships, but is looking for more avenues of service.

Also stressed in his talk was the historical background in which FCC regulations developed. He stated that the duties of the commission lie more in regulative functions than in actual broadcasting.

He cited the rapid growth of the Citizens'-Band radio as a dramatic example of the problems in trying to ensure adequate regulation. Under the present FCC rules, all C-B radios must be licensed. Yet over 15 million sets are in use, and only half of them are actually registered. Attempts to bring the situation under control are made difficult by the easy accessibility to CB radios and their ease of operation.

Issues the FCC must face in the field of television are more controversial and bring up the question of censorship. Lee said that some programs are excessively violent and "many good citizens are anxious to bring them under control."

Yet there are others who approve of the programs and would view regulation attempts as a form of unwarranted censorship. It is a question of trying to determine where bad taste ends and the need for regulation begins. Lee said.

Lee said that there are "direct local implications resulting from future satellite transmissions." NASA has already completed an experimental satellite, the Application Technology Satellite or ATS-6, and is using it to provide educational services to people in inaccessible areas like Appalachia.

One problem with such satellites is that by the nature of their frequencies they may effectively block all telephone communications. Until this problem is solved, the use of television satellites appears unlikely on a local scale.

In a recent talk to business leaders, Lee predicted a rapid rise in the use of home computers. A system is available today costing $400. If the consumer already has the needed television and cassette player it might cost even less.

Data storage units are also available for $300 which are able to project newspaper pages onto the television screen. These units involve memory chips and character generation components. If they follow the same trend as that of pocket calculators they should be available for $20 in a few years, he said.

Lee predicted the spread of coaxial cables and optical fibers in broadcast transmission to homes from a central base. The use of such cables allows for direct contact with the source, and prevents atmospheric static. Over 12 million homes are already hooked up to such systems for television and FM radio reception. The number is expected to greatly increase with advances in the technology of optical fibers.

Speaking before the Nevada Broadcasters' Association Convention in Lake Tahoe, Lee said, "I certainly don't think our broadcasting system will become obsolete because of the technological developments I have been describing." Rather, he feels, the system will be improved and become more efficient.

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The University of Notre Dame
on November 15, 1977.

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Irish demolish Wreck, 69-14

Lua, Michigan over-powers Notre Dame pucksters

Then, only 28 seconds later, the Irish tallied again.

Then, only 28 seconds later, the Irish tallied again.

The Wolverines would not settle

for a one-goal margin as with 3:39

gone in the third, Todd slipped a shot past Mother's right side to give the

Wolverines a two-goal lead.

However, the Irish refused to

leak, Mauer tallied to pull the Wolverines within two at the

7:51 mark of the period,

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Fighting Irish sweat Yellow Jackets
Green Machine totals Ramblin’ Wreck, rambles for 667 yards and 69 points

by Paul Stevenson
Sports Editor

Like a beekeeper handles his insects, the Notre Dame football team swatted the Yellow Jackets of Georgia Tech 44-14. The score was the highest offensive output since the Pittsburgh game of 1965, in which the Irish were victorious, 66-0.

The Ramblin’ Wreck’s running attack was fairly successful in the opening period, but not substantial enough to dent the scoreboard. The Irish defense did a fine job in forcing the Yellow Jackets to find the goal line in the opening frame as the first quarter was a scoreless tie.

The second quarter opened up with Notre Dame going on a 77-yard scoring play. Davey Reeves attempted a 27-yard chip shot, but the Yellow Jackets’ Indian native was wide with his three-point try.

But a few holding the Yellow Jackets on their next series, the Irish regained possession of the football. Notre Dame started on the Georgia Tech 44 via an 11-yard punt return by Steve Schmitz.

Seven plays later, Notre Dame was in the end zone and a one yard touchdown plunge by Irish quarterback Joe Montana. Dave Waymer at the Irish 14-7 lead.

The last Irish tally before intermission occurred after Tech’s Rodney Lee fumbled at the Yellow Jackets 32 and Willie Fry recovered at the Irish 19 for a 19-yard return. Reeves’ extra point was good for Notre Dame a 14-7 lead.

In the opening kickoff, Georgia Tech took back to their 68-yard touchdown. Yellow Jacket returner David Waymer eludes tacklers en route to his 68 yard touchdown. [Photo by Greg Traupke]

Wolverines devour Notre Dame icers

by Paul Stevenson
Sports Editor

The Notre Dame hockey team dropped a pair of contests to the pre-season number-one ranked Michigan Wolverines, 5-3, 7-5, this past weekend at the ACC. Although the Irish had built a 3-1 lead entering the final period of play on Friday, the Wolverines, displaying their top-ranked form, bombarded the Notre Dame icer, with four unanswered final frame goals. Saturday, the Irish came back from a 3-5 deficit late in the game, only to let the contest slip away in the last seven minutes.

With 46:18 elapsed in the first period of Friday’s battle, Notre Dame’s Don Jackson put the Irish on the board. At the 12:32 mark of the first period, the Irish relied on a penalty kill at one. The Wolverines’ goalie by default, the Wolverines had difficulty for Michigan for the first two periods.

The Irish continued the offensive, but the Wolverines’ goalie played the two periods.

The second act, Steve Schneider gave the Irish the lead again with a straight-on score. The first came from Ted Wetzlin and Greg Meredith on the power play. Then, only 56 seconds later, the Irish boosted their lead to 3-1 on an unbelievable score by Scott Cameron that just cleared Michigan goalie Frank Zimmerman’s back and made the right-hand corner of the net. The remainder of the period was scoreless as the Irish maintained their two-goal advantage.

Then, just as they had done the week before in Denver, the Michigan icer appeared for four final period scores. At the 8:05 mark, Jackson closed the Wolverines within one with an assist from Rod Pacholzuk. The second period started out with a major blow to the Irish. Ivery and Jim Browner pounced on the fumble at the 20-yard line. The Irish were defeated after the play by a Tech defender. Of course, the Irish were not the only ones affected as the Wolverines managed a five-yard touchdown.

In the final stanza, Notre Dame eroded for four additional touch-downs. The first came on a spectacular 56-yard touchdown pass to Don Willitsen, in which the Richmond-Indiana native shocked two would-be tacklers in the process.

The next tally came on a 14-yard scoring play. MacAfee missed scoring opportunity against Michigan goalie Greg Zimmerman. The Irish had numerous shots on goal, but could not score in several key situations. [Photo by Doug Christian]

Wolverines’ aerial strike from Litch to freshman spurned Jimmy Stone. Stone then captured the first Irish touchdown as he raced over right guard, eluded four Georgia Tech defenders and galloped 21 yards for the score.

The final Notre Dame touchdown came on a 31 yard toss from freshman quarterback Tim Keogel to Speedy Hart with 3:28 remaining in the contest. On that play, Keogel became the first freshman quarterback to throw a touchdown pass for the Irish since Ralph Guglielmi in 1941.

With the Irish enjoying a 69-7 romp, Tech roared back for one final touchdown. The drive covered 53 yards in three plays. The tally came on an 18 yard pass from Hardie to only 2:06 left in the game.

In the mismatch, the Irish racked up 22 first downs, while, Georgia Tech only managed 15 of 25 passes for 273 yards. The Monongahela Pennsylvania native distributed his passes evenly amongst his receivers. MacAfee caught four passes for 67 yards; Hartless, 7, 11 yards; and 16 yards, respectively, were key in the Irish drive. Five times Tech was held in goal on the field from the 29, Heaven’s touchdown covered 35 yards on the extra point.

The next six minutes were scoreless as the game was turned over to the Wolverines for 88 yards. The Irish had numerous shots on goal, but could not score in several key situations. [Photo by Doug Christian]

Overall tonight last week, however, we still lack that killer instinct.

Many thought the Irish fortunes would be substantially better the following night, especially after the opening of the Saturday night clash.

With only 47 seconds elapsed in the game, Kevin Nugent put the Wolverines on the scoreboard with a close-down right off the right side on the assist to Don Willitsen. Notre Dame scored an average of 6.7 yards per play, while Tech had a mean of 2.5 yards per play.

The leading rusher for the Irish was Ferguson, who accounted for 119 yards in 17 carries. Keogel followed his running mate with 85 yards in 20 attempts.

Montana broke his individual rushing record against Navy, by completing 15 of 25 passes for 273 yards. The Monongahela Pennsylvania native distributed his passes evenly amongst his receivers. MacAfee caught four passes for 67 yards; Hartless, 7, 11 yards; and 16 yards, respectively, were key in the Irish drive. Five times Tech was held in goal on the field from the 29, Heaven’s touchdown covered 35 yards on the extra point.

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With the Irish enjoying a 69-7 romp, Tech roared back for one final touchdown. The drive covered 53 yards in three plays. The tally came on an 18 yard pass from Hardie to only 2:06 left in the game.

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