**World era in which states were viewed instead of imposing our beliefs**

The world has progressed past the Middle East peace process, capped a day of Israeli air attacks on south Lebanon that left eight other people dead and 29 wounded.

The raids came less than 48 hours after an attack on an army camp inside Israel, in which three Israeli soldiers were hacked to death.

Hezbollah said its leader, Sheik Abbas Musawi, 39, his wife, Silham, and their 3-year-old son, Roussel, the youngest of the couple's six children, were "martyred" in what was re-called "a cowardly air attack."

The terse statement issued at the group's headquarters in Beirut gave no other details.

In addition to Musawi and his family, four other people were killed, and 18 were wounded, police in Lebanon said. They said eight of the wounded were in critical condition.

Sheik Mohammed Fadlallah, spiritual mentor of the Shiite militant group, called the attack a "barbaric crime" and said in a statement: "I call upon all resistance fighters to escalate their jihad (holy war) against Israel."

Hezbollah, or Party of God, was considered the umbrella group for the Shiite Muslim holders of Western hostages in Lebanon. It opposes the Middle East peace talks, the next round of which are to begin Feb. 24 in Washington.

In Washington, President Bush declined comment on the effect the attack might have on peace talks. He said he did not see the situation through the lens of the Israeli military raids in Lebanon.

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**DIDON, Lebanon (AP) — Israeli helicopters on Sunday blasted a convoy carrying the leader of the pro-Iranian group Hezbollah, killing him and his wife and son. Shiite Muslim leaders vowed revenge and called for a holy war against Israel.**

The dramatic strike, which could damage the Middle East peace process, capped a day of Israeli air attacks on south Lebanon that left eight other people dead and 29 wounded.

The raids came less than 48 hours after an attack on an army camp inside Israel, in which three Israeli soldiers were hacked to death.

Hezbollah said its leader, Sheik Abbas Musawi, 39, his wife, Silham, and their 3-year-old son, Roussel, the youngest of the couple's six children, were "martyred" in what was re-called "a cowardly air attack."

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INSIDE COLUMN
Memories of weekend will remain
In the words of JPW chairperson Katy Hart, "WOW!"
OK, so now it's back to the 9 to 5 grind for all of us. What a weekend for all the juniors who took academic vacations this weekend to celebrate J PW. Most of our past have journeyed back home, but those who didn't will do so shortly, leaving the memories of the fourth's Junior Parents Weekend in our hearts and our minds.

Unlike that weekend, full of apprehensions and nervous excitement, this was a celebration of growth, a chance to show our parents how we have matured, how we live and work here at Notre Dame. It was an opportunity to meet friends and faculty, to share our experiences. For the parents, it must have been a proud moment to see their sons or daughters in twenty or so years of wise and loving upbringing brought forth in a pleasant way.

I must confess that, as the weekend approached, I didn't know what to expect from myself, my parents, friends, and their families. What I found was a beautiful example of the kind of people and activities that symbolize the Notre Dame family. If nothing else, for the parents who are not alumni, this was an adoption of sorts, an initiation into the spirit that found at this University.

JPW provides a chance for students to strengthen the tremendous bonds they share with their parents. It is a celebration of the love, spoken or unspoken and always expressed in unique ways, that we have for our parents.

Listening to the thought-provoking words of the eloquent speakers who addressed us, it was easy to see how blessed we really are. We have the love and support of our parents, our peers, and everyone associated with Notre Dame. This special feeling provides us with the strength, as Mr. Holtz commented upon, to meet our challenges head on and see them through.

As we return to our studies, this weekend seems such a refreshing break from the everyday occurrences of our lives. We probably all look forward to shop til, but those are mere side effects of the real reasons we gathered here: to show our parents we love them and provide them with confidence in our futures.

I hope that my fellow classmates, along with this year's senior class, understand what I am talking about. To the sophomores and everyone associated with Notre Dame.

am talking about. To the sophomores and freshmen, you will experience the event that has joined together as one. The course will be held at 5 p.m. on Tuesday, Feb. 18 at the Zaglsh Center.

Today in History

On February 16:

In 1804: Lt. Stephen Decatur led a successful raid into Tripoli Harbor to burn the American frigate "Philadelphia," which had fallen into the hands of pirates.

In 1862: During the Civil War, about 14,000 Confederate soldiers surrendered at Fort Donelson, Tennessee. General Ulysses Grant's victory earned him the nickname, "Unconditional Surrender Grant."

In 1945: During World War II, more than 2,000 American troops dropped onto the island of Corregidor in the Philippines.

MARKET UPDATE

YESTERDAY'S TRADING/February 14
VOLUME IN SHARES
264,898,520
NYSE INDEX
228.16
S&P COMPOSITE
727.48
DOW JONES INDUSTRIALS
3,245.97
PRECIOUS METALS
GOLD
22.00
SILVER
4.30

TODAY AT A GLANCE

WORLD

Indian builder turns ascetic
NEW DELHI, India — A wealthy building contractor plucked out the hair on his head, discarded his clothes and gave up his money to become a homeless ascetic Sunday. Fulfilling a 2,500-year-old tradition of the Jain religion, Sulekh Chand Jain vowed to live a contemplative life, eat no more food each day than can fit in his palm, and leave his wife and five children. Jain, 60, abandoned his worldly goods before 10,000 witnesses at the climax of a two-day ceremony that began with a ride in a horse-drawn chariot, the news agency said. Wearing a turban and fine clothes, Jain was preceded in Saturday's procession by elephants, camels and a marching band. Henceforth, he may not stay more than a few days in one place, to avoid crowds and damage to crops. Jain hoped to use the proceeds from the sale of his farm to help homeless people $2 each to watch the jumps from a bridge near Nanaimo on Vancouver Island, about 35 miles west of Vancouver. Proceeds went to Canada's Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals. The Bungy Zone's video cameras were rolling, so jumpers can relive the memorable moment.

NATIONAL

Study finds Americans working more
WASHINGTON — Americans are working more and playing less, according to a study that found an increasing number of people stressed out by the demands of job and family. Their study of work and leisure habits found that the average American worker puts in about 140 more hours on the job every year than he did two decades ago and is less willing to take paid days off. Figuring in the rise in work hours, commuting time and the decline in days off, the economists said Americans are spending 158 hours more each year on work — or an extra month.

WEATHER REPORT

FORECAST:
Mostly cloudy today with a 40 percent chance of showers in the afternoon. High in the middle 40s and low around 40.

TEMPERATURES:

TODAY

BY THE BOOK

The book "WOW!" was released on February 16, 1804, by the American War Office. The book was a bestseller and quickly became a cult classic. Its author, Lt. Stephen Decatur, is widely regarded as a hero of the United States Navy.

Historical Fact

On February 16, 1862, during the Civil War, about 14,000 Confederate soldiers surrendered at Fort Donelson, Tennessee. General Ulysses Grant's victory earned him the nickname, "Unconditional Surrender Grant."

On February 16, 1945, during World War II, more than 2,000 American troops dropped onto the island of Corregidor in the Philippines.
Black, a 1966 graduate of Trinity College in Washington, D.C., was appointed president of USA Today in 1983 and pub­lished a year later. She also served as executive vice presi­dent of marketing for Gannett Co., Inc., the newspaper's par­ent company.

A native of Chicago, Black began her career on the adver­tising sales staffs of Holiday, Travel & Leisure and New York magazines. She went on to be­come advertising manager and associate publisher of Ms. magazine, then returned to New York magazine as associ­ate publisher and publisher, the first woman to be the publisher of a weekly consumer magazine.

She serves on the board of di­rectors of The Coca-Cola Co., the board of trustees of Trinity College and the board of gover­nors of the United Way. Her husband, attorney Thomas Harvey, is a native of South Bend and earned his bachelor's and law degrees from Notre Dame in 1963 and 66. DeCrane, a 1955 Notre Dame graduate, joined Texas as an attorney soon after earning a law degree in 1959 from Georgetown University. He rose through the ranks at Texas, serving as assistant to the vice chairman of the board, assis­tant to the chairman of the board and general manager and vice president of the Producing Department/Eastern Hemisphere.

In 1983 DeCrane became se­nior vice president and general counsel for Texasco Inc. and a year later was selected to chair the board of directors. He was named executive vice president and joined the board's executive committee in 1978 and five years later became executive vice president of the company. In October 1986, he was elected board chairman.

Last June, DeCrane became chairman of Notre Dame's Edward Frederic Sorin Society, an organization comprised of alumni and other benefactors who contribute $1,000 or more annually in unrestricted gifts.

He also serves as a director for CIGNA Corp., a trustee of the Committee for Economic Development, and a director of CIGNA of Texas. He ran for his election to the board of trustees, a member of the executive council for Notre Dame's College of Arts and Sciences, and a member of the Notre Dame Board, now with 25 members, is chaired by General Michael Krass and chief operating officer of Coca Cola, Bob McKenna, presi­dent and chief executive officer of the Schwarz Paper Co. of Elmhurst, Ill. He will assume the chair in June. The board was formed in 1990, in light of the governance of the University was instituted.

The Notre Dame Board, now with 25 members, is chaired by General Michael Krass and chief operating officer of Coca Cola, Bob McKenna, presi­dent and chief executive officer of the Schwarz Paper Co. of Elmhurst, Ill. He will assume the chair in June. The board was formed in 1990, in light of the governance of the University was instituted.

Music for the Masses

Junior Kate Boyd plays her cello for the mass of juniors and their parents during the PJP Hurray last Saturday.

** Club Column **

FEBRUARY 17, 1992

1) The Club Coordination Council would like to remind all presidents of graduate and undergraduate clubs to check their mailboxes for the second floor of fortune.

2) The Last Day to access club funds is April 10, 1992.

3) Attention All Clubs: Club registration packets for the 1992-93 academic year are available in 206 LaFortune on Feb. 17, 18, 19. Clubs must register with the CCC in order to be recognized by the University each year. Registration packets are due Mar. 4. No late packets will be accepted.

4) The Black Cultural Arts Council holds office hours on Mondays and Wednesdays, 215-430, Tuesdays and Thursdays 2-4, Fridays, varied afternoon hours. The office is located at 217 LaFortune, the telephone number is 239-8850.

5) The Management Club is planning to elect new officers on Wed., Feb. 19 at 7:30 p.m. in room 27 Hoyt-Hedley. All members must attend. Call Trey at 283-1600 with any questions.

6) CARE (Campus Alliance for Rape Elimination) will hold an organizational meeting on Thurs., Feb. 20 at 6:30 p.m. in the Montgomery Theater in LaFortune. Topics for discussion include "The Week," training for new presenters, and election of new officers. All are welcome. For more information, call Susan at 282-0980.

7) The Notre Dame Rebel Club will hold a discussion on the Bahai Faith at 7:30 p.m., Wed., Feb. 19 in the Sorin Room of LaFortune. Anyone interested is welcome to attend.

Any club wishing to place an entry in the Club Column must do so by 4 p.m. Thursday each week. All entries appear in the following Monday's edition of The Observer. Please drop off entries to the Club Coordination Council office in 206 LaFortune.

** Jurors find Dahmer sane, guilty **

MILWAUKEE (AP) — In the end, jurors who decided Jeffrey Dahmer was sane when he killed and dismembered 15 young men and boys cast aside the opinions of medical experts and listened to one person: the serial killer himself. Dahmer told jurors he killed for "my own warped, selfish desires for self-gratification," and the jury concurred.

His confession, as recited by two police detectives, came through more clearly during his three-week trial, as Dahmer read his de­scriptions like "paraphilic disorder not otherwise specified speci­fication clinical diagnosis.

"The professional words were confusing," an juror for Karl said, "and Stahle said after the verdicts were read Saturday.

"TheBulk of the whole conduct showed he was a con artist. ... He had just one thing on his mind — to satisfy his ego and to satisfy himself," Stahle said.

The jury's decision that Dahmer was not insane means he faces mandatory life sen­tence, a hearing was set for Monday, when relatives of his victims plan to speak in court. Dahmer didn't take the stand during 12 days of testimony. His lawyer, Gerald Boyle, made a lengthy confession. "I have Dahmer speak through his lengthy confession.

Dahmer told police he se­duced victims, drugged and strangled them, then had sex with the corpses. He later mutil­ated bodies, saved skulls and was a heart, brain and stomach.

Wisconsin law required the jury to determine whether the former chocolate factory worker had a mental disease or defect when he killed. If the die­diers had to decide whether he knew right from wrong or committed crimes unknowingly.

"We never got past the first question," said Russell Fenstermaker, one of two jurists who disagreed and said Dahmer was mentally ill, and the trial required that 10 of the 12 jurors agree. "We all agreed there was a problem," Fenstermaker said. "How else could Dahmer have committed a murder unless he was ill?" Two jurors dissented and said Dahmer was mentally ill; the jury's decision was made by the majority of the jurors and Dahmer did not suffer mental disease.

"When you look at the ex­perts, they can't agree. If they had seven doctors up there agreeing, it may have been different," she said.

Fenstermaker said Dahmer would have been found sane even if the jury said he was mentally ill.

"He could have conformed his conduct to the law, and it would not have changed the outcome."
Man arrested for killing rampage

IRVINGTON, Ala. (AP) — Authorities on Saturday arrested a suspect who police say went on a shooting rampage in a rural Alabama community, gunning down a 24-year-old man who let him move in with him two weeks ago and three members of a neighboring family.

The capture in Tuscaloosa County of Jason Clark Williams, ended a nearly 36-hour nationwide search.

Williams apparently won't fight extradition and duels were ensuing Mississippi to bring him back to Alabama, where he'll be charged with four counts of capital murder, said Mobile County Sheriff's Department spokesman Gardner Wilcox.

He was arrested without incident about two hours after a man in Neil Miles, about a two-hour drive from Mobile, said Mississippi Highway Patrol spokesman Dan Tackett.

He had called the Mobile sheriff's office on a phone to say he would surrender, authorities said.

"He came out of the phone booth with his hands on top of his head and gave himself up, " Tackett said.

Williams, 24, earlier had been seen driving a van that he belonged to one of the victims.

Police said he armed and dangerous.

Police said he apparently quarreled with Gerald and Claire Paravicini, a couple he'd been with for about two weeks in Irvington, seven miles southwest of Mobile.

Paravicini was found shot to death in the road outside his home early Saturday, and his wife had been badly beaten with the .22-caliber rifle used in the slaying, Wilcox said.

Mrs. Paravicini's 16-year-old son, Jeffery Carr, was shot through the mouth but survived, Wilcox said.

The family then ran down the road to another home, where he apparently shot and killed residents Fred Barber, 50, his wife, Linda, 46, and their 23-year-old son, Bryan. Wilcox said. Another son, Brad, was shot in the hand.

St. Ed's at Sorlie; and

"Morrisey A at Alumni.

During the quarterfinals, the contestant teams are thinned to the four who will compete on February 25 in the semi-finals, which will be held in both the Hayes-Healy Auditorium and in the Montgomery Theater. The following week, on March 3, the finals will pit the top two youth at an early age. "The key is in giving high expectations," he said.

Kunjufu said that if a sense of self-worth and discipline is instilled in children at a young age, they will be more likely to be motivated to achieve later in life.

He said that a changing of the value each other and turn to each other when the amount of violent and disrespectful crime and make increased achievement a reality.

"When our youth turn to each other, they don't turn on each other," he said.

"We used to value cooperation. Now we value competi-

The 1992 Xavier Summer Sessions Bulletin of Classes & Workshops is now available. Undergraduate & graduate level courses offered in the areas of Arts & Sciences, Business, Education, Professional Studies & Social Sciences from May 16-August 14. For your copy call or write:

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February 24, 25, 26

Thanks be to God

Juniors Laura Heimann and William Vass sing the responsorial psalms during the JPM Mass on Saturday.

The Observer/Barbara Parks

OBC Japan

The 1992 Xavier Summer Sessions Bulletin of Classes & Workshops is now available. Undergraduate & graduate level courses offered in the areas of Arts & Sciences, Business, Education, Professional Studies & Social Sciences from May 16-August 14. For your copy call or write:

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Xavier University is an academic community committed to equal opportunity for all persons regardless of age, sex, race, religion, handicap, or national origin.
Roh signs nuclear accord

SEOUL, South Korea (AP) — President Roh Tae-woo on Monday signed agreements with North Korea calling for reconciliation and a nuclear weapons ban.

It was unclear how much the agreements, reached in December, would ease the intense rivalry between the two Koreas. The North has refused to put the nuclear dispute on the main agenda at talks Wednesday and Thursday between the two nations' prime ministers.

North Korea has agreed, however, to discuss the nuclear issue outside the conference room at the meeting in Pyongyang, its capital.

North Korean leader Kim II Sung was also expected to sign the accords.

Roh urged North Korea to ratify soon a nuclear safeguards agreement signed in 1992 with the U.N. International Atomic Energy Agency on Jan. 30.

Many international experts believe that North Korea, one of the world's most hard-line communist states, has the capability to make a crude atomic bomb as early as 1993. North Korea claims its nuclear program is peaceful.

The Koreas have a separate agreement to set up a committee to monitor demilitarization of their joint zone and to conduct trial inspections of suspected nuclear weapons sites.

North Korea has yet to say when it would allow inspectors of its nuclear facilities.

The Korean peninsula was divided into the communist North and the capitalist South in 1945 at the end of World War II.

Bush opposes pollution targets

WASHINGTON (AP) — The Bush administration will oppose setting specific pollution control targets to address the issue of global warming, government documents say.

In a U.S. position paper prepared for this week's U.N. conference, the administration urges that nations "take suitable measures" to reduce so-called greenhouse gases, but argues that such measures should vary from one country to another.

The conference, which begins Tuesday in New York, is charged with preparing a draft treaty on what actions should be taken to reduce carbon dioxide and other greenhouse gases scientists believe are causing the earth to become warmer.

World leaders hope to sign a final treaty this summer in Brazil.

Environmentalists have called on the United States to follow the lead of most European countries and establish a specific target of cutting the pollution that causes global warming and stabilize such emissions by the end of the decade.

President Bush has steadfastly refused to tie the United States to a specific timetable for reducing carbon dioxide emissions, arguing that such measures are too expensive and may, in fact, not be achievable. Carbon dioxide emissions come from the burning of fossil fuels.

The document, reflecting the administration's negotiating position at the upcoming talks, was made public by Sen. Albert Gore, D-Tenn., who said he had received it from an administration whistle-blower.

"What it shows is that they are still preparing to stonewall the entire rest of the world" on dealing with global warming, Gore said Sunday on CNN's "Newsmaker Sunday.

EPA Administrator William Reilly, appearing on the same program, defended the administration on the issue, suggesting a cautious approach until there is a broader scientific consensus about global warming and its potential.

The administration's outline for a proposed treaty avoids setting any specific pollution reduction targets, but urges that treaty participants address the global warming problem not only by seeking to curtail greenhouse gases, but also to develop and protect the natural "sinks" — such as tropical rain forests — that absorb greenhouse gases.

The administration will argue that while efforts should be made to limit greenhouse emissions through increased energy conservation and efficiency, the measures should take into account "national circumstances, development priorities and capabilities," including economic costs.

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 Songs from the soul
Sophomore Cynthia Chan and senior Kay Hoover, left to right, practice playing songs planned for Sunday Mass at Bowen-Phillips Hall.

Peace plan opponent ousted in Yugoslavia

BELGRADE, Yugoslavia (AP) — The last key opponent of a U.N. plan to deploy thousands of peacekeepers in war-torn Croatia was ousted from power Sunday, according to news reports.

Yugoslavia's Tanjug news agency said legislators of the Krajina, an ethnic Serb enclave within Croatia, fired Krajina President Milan Babic in a special session. The assembly also dissolved the Krajina government, said Tanjug.

Babic could not be reached for comment. Tanjug said 74 deputies voted for his dismissal, eight were opposed and three abstained.

The removal of Babic from office would clear the last obstacle to the U.N. plan, which aims to enforce a truce in a civil war in which more than 8,000 people have been killed and hundreds of thousands uprooted from their homes.

Babic objects to the plan because it treats Krajina as part of Croatia and calls for the withdrawal of the Serb-dominated federal army and the disarming of thousands of Babic's irregular forces.

Tanjug has warned of bloodshed if peacekeepers are sent to his region. The United Nations intends to deploy about 10,000 troops to the republic.

Babic resisted the peace plan even after Serbian President Slobodan Milosevic, who picked Babic to lead the Krajina Serbs, embraced it. Now the two are rivals.

Sunday's developments reflected an escalating power struggle within Krajina. But it was unclear how the meeting in Glina truly achieved the goal of removing Babic from power.

The Krajina assembly already approved the peace plan on Feb. 9 in a meeting in Glina, 100 miles north of Kain, the capital of Krajina. But Babic overrode that vote, calling it stage-managed by leaders in Serbia.

The next day, the assembly voted to hold a referendum on the U.N. plan.

Also Sunday, opposition leaders in Serbia claimed to have gathered 110,000 signatures in three days in demanding the resignation of Milosevic, the Serbian president.

Milosevic has lost much popular support as the war drags on and the economy worsens.

The Observer/Marguerite Schropp

Applications are now being accepted for the followingpaid positions:

Illustrations Director Graphics Director

•Applicants for Illustration Director should have strong drawing skills and editorial experience.

•Applicants for Graphics Director should be creative and familiar with Macintosh MacDraw.

•All applicants must have good management skills.

To apply, submit a one page personal statement, résumé, and 3 examples of past work to John Rock by 5 p.m. Tuesday, Feb. 18.

For further job descriptions, call The Observer, 239-5303

The Observer

JACK GORDON
Assassination of Martin Luther King Jr.
Thursday, Feb. 20 7p.m. Carroll Auditorium
Sponsored by the Student Activities Board/Cultural Events
Democratic hopefuls debate as primary nears

Economic issues, Bush attacks, dominate talks

MANCHESTER, N.H. (AP) — Five Democratic presidential candidates took turns replying Thursday night that they had nothing to lose in the New Hampshire presidential campaign Sunday night, lambasting President Bush time and again in a debate concentrated on economic policy.

Four of the five, reflecting a certain sentiment to take care of work-related concerns at home, said that they would spend their time in New Hampshire to reach American workers rather than use their time to make economic aid to the Russians.

"In a heartbeat, it's on the American worker," said Arkansas Gov. Bill Clinton, saying his more would be spent on programs such an apprenticeship for U.S. workers.

Timing made the debate crucial — voting begins in little more than 30 hours in the first presidential primary election of 1992.

Paul Tsongas, the former Massachusetts senator, said an issue discussed in the polls, took an aggressive line toward Bush.

"What principles is he willing to sacrifice for something else?" he asked. "What principles is he willing to sacrifice for the balance of power?"

He cited specifically Bush's political passage to an anti-aborption campaign. Off the Democratic field, he said, "We're not there to offer, is a core of principle."

Tsongas, deflecting his frontrunner status, drew fire from most of the field for his support of abortion, especially the Seabrook nuclear plant that operates in New Hampshire.

Clinton said Americans need a president who can relate to the nation where we are and where we ought to go who has the ability to change things.

"You can make jobs, you can educate people, you can solve social problems," he said. "That's what America needs."

Sen. Bob Kerrey of Nebraska said he'd demand prompt action on a health care, his central campaign issue.

Forensic scientist is silent on Hug Ley Long

NEW ORLEANS (AP) — A forensic scientist is refusing to say anything, for now, about what he knows about the life and death of Huey Long's purported killer.

James Starrs said he will re- 

veal his findings Feb. 21 at the national meeting of the American Academy of Forensic Sciences in New Orleans.

"I am promising startling revelations," Starrs said, but refused to elaborate.

Starrs, a professor at George Washington University, went to Baton Rouge in December to exhume the body of Carl Weiss, Long's purported assass- in.
Bank robberies surging in cities nationwide

CHICAGO (AP) — From Atlanta to Anchorage, from Seattle to St. Paul, bank robberies were epidemic last year. Authorities blame drugs, hard times and a new breed of banks that are easy marks.

Though the nationwide total hasn't been tallied yet, it's expected to top the bank-robbery record of 7,837 set in 1990, FBI officials said.

Eight of the nation's 15 largest metropolitan areas reported a surge in bank heists. Several smaller cities also set records.

Some cities — New York, San Francisco and Boston, among them — saw a decline. But Los Angeles had 810 stick-ups, by far the highest total of any city in the country, breaking the record of 742 set in 1983. Hold-ups in Atlanta more than doubled, to 247 from 109 in 1990, and rose in Chicago from 59 to 95.

"It's a relatively easy crime to commit and it can be quite profitable," said Magnus Seng, a criminal justice professor at Loyola University Chicago.

"Unlike robbing a grocery store where you usually get only a couple of hundred bucks, you're usually walking away with money at least in the thousands." And for drug addicts, that money is a great temptation.

"When you go through so-called hard times, it seems that crime may take an increase but there aren't any statistics to back that up," Long said.

The growth of branch banking also is a contributing factor, police and the FBI said. Branch banks, particularly in California, have proven attractive targets because they generally are spread throughout suburbs, have little security and are often located near highways, aiding fast getaways.

After Illinois changed its laws to allow more branch banks, the number of robberies skyrocketed, compared to the rest of the Midwest, Seng said.

Still, bank robbery remains a high-risk crime. Three out of four bank robbers are caught, and they face up to 25 years in federal prison for armed robbery, a few years less if unarmed.

"But these people are not the most intelligent criminals in the universe," Long said.

He cited the case of a man nabbed in Chicago after robbing a bank. President Bush was just down the street, along with three times as many police officers as usually patrol the area. When the thief ran out of the bank, the red dye pack — inserted to mark the money and the robber — exploded.

"He threw the money in the air. I guess thinking, "If I'm not holding it, it doesn't count," Long said.

Bank robbers often are repeat offenders, though the risk of getting caught increases with each robbery, he said.

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Obviously, savings like these say a lot about the value of the Card. And having the Card will say a lot about you. For one thing it says you have a handle on what you carry over a balance. It also says you're smart enough not to pay interest charges that can really add up. So take a few minutes now to call (have your bank address and account number ready) and apply for the American Express Card.

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One reached agreement late last week among OPEC leaders to slice output again in hopes of raising prices, Algeria's energy minister said Sunday the cartel may have to cut output more in hopes of raising prices, Algerian official, Nordine Ait Laoussine, said at a briefing.

"It's not a country, or a government. Nor is it a single military bloc. It may become an economic union, but even that is uncertain," Russian President Boris Yeltsin pushed for a united military but was unable to sway his colleagues, even with the threats that if other republics insisted on their own armies, Russia might, too.

Laoussine said at a briefing: "Armas is usually very conciliatory, very moderate," said a senior OPEC source, who requested anonymity. "This time he was a hard-liner."
Monday, February 17, 1992
The Observer

**Time: Reagan, Pope aided Polish Solidarity**

WASHINGTON (AP) — President Reagan, in cooperation with Pope John Paul II, approved a plan a decade ago to secretly supply Poland's outlawed Solidarity movement, Time magazine reports.

Spokesmen for the former president could not be reached Sunday, but Time quoted Reagan as saying that he and the pope felt the division of Europe at the Yalta conference after World War II was a "great mistake ... and something should be done."

"Solidarity was the very weapon for bringing this about, because it was an organization of the laborers of Poland," Reagan says in the Feb. 24 issue of the magazine, which is available Monday.

Reagan didn't discuss any such plan in his memoirs, but he did say in discussing Solidarity: "I wanted to be sure we did nothing to impede this process and everything we could to spur it along. This was what we had been waiting for since World War II. ... But our options were limited."

"Time" said, in an account written by Carl Bernstein, was the result of several months of research, which involved more than 75 officials of the Reagan administration and the Vatican were interviewed.

Time magazine reported that Mr. Reagan was interviewed by The Associated Press in May to reach several officials. Sunday were unsuccessful.

White House spokesman Marlin Fitzwater, who was Reagan's spokesman during his second term, said he knew nothing about the program.

Solidarity was outlawed by a declaration of martial law in Poland in 1981. Subsequently, fewer than three weeks before his meeting with John Paul II, the magazine said Reagan signed a secret national security directive authorizing economic, diplomatic and covert operations aimed at "neutralizing efforts of the Polish church" in Eastern Europe.

The magazine said the supply network had its genesis in a meeting between the president and the pope in the Vatican library on June 7, 1982.

Time said money for the project came from CIA funds, the congressionally created National Endowment for Democracy, secret accounts in the Vatican and Western trade unions.

The magazine said the project was part of a policy of covert operations aimed at encouraging reform movements in Eastern Europe.

It said Reagan telephoned the pope for his advice shortly after the declaration of martial law.

"We had a massive row in the Cabinet and the National Security Council about putting together a menu of counteractions," former Secretary of State Alexander Haig told the magazine.

Haig said the options "ranged from sanctions that would have been crushing in their impact on Poland to talking so tough that we would have risked creating another situation like Hungary in 56 or Czechoslovakia in '68." Reagan expressed a similar concern in his memoirs, writing that We "had concerns about a false signal, leading them to expect us to intervene militarily on their side during a revolution." Some contend that the United States sent such a false signal before the doomed Hungarian uprising.

Major decisions on funnelling aid to Solidarity were made by Reagan, CIA Director William Casey and National Security Adviser William Clark, in consultation with the pope, Time said.

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University of Notre Dame Student Government Report to the Board of Trustees

"Back to Basics: Undergraduate Education at a 'National Catholic Research University'

PART I: THE ISSUES AT STAKE

The University of Notre Dame was established as a school to educate young adults in the context of the traditional Catholic Church. Indeed, it is this unique mission that has contributed to Notre Dame's reputation and its strength. One hundred and fifty years later, the foundational mission of Notre Dame is rapidly becoming lost to the secular pressures of a world that wishes to see Notre Dame becoming a research university. In turn, this is leading to a conflict of priorities and a decrease in the quality of undergraduate education at Notre Dame. Resolving this conflict of priorities is critical to maintaining Notre Dame's reputation and its strength.

The tone of the 1982 PACE report is slightly different. The growing importance of research at Notre Dame, although still recognized as a priority, is less clear. At many distinguished universities, research and professional activities dominate so much of the undergraduate curriculum that it dominates research at Notre Dame. Undergraduate administrators and faculty members are no longer able to maintain the undergraduate curriculum without serious administrative and financial support.

In the 1972 COUP report, the importance of teaching was acknowledged. The report states that "we must always pay attention to teaching." It also points out numerous gaps in the university's research program.

However, in 1992 we find that the mission of teaching has all but disappeared from the University of Notre Dame. The University of Notre Dame Fact Sheet 1991-92 states that "the information about Notre Dame's research activities is not available.' This is not the same as the strong tradition of high-quality undergraduate education. Fr. Edward Malloy, the president of Notre Dame, pointed out in his interview with Scholarly that, "the research and professional activities of Notre Dame have become a reality." In fact, it is clear from the information about Notre Dame's research activities that it has become a reality.

Non-regular faculty are typically hired only to perform administrative tasks. They are not considered regular faculty and are therefore not included in the overall numbers. However, it is clear that these faculty members are capable of teaching and are capable of teaching two classes each semester, then they are not included in the overall numbers. This figure cannot be explained solely by faculty leaves, obligations to the MBA and the administrative responsibilities.

The real problem lies in the lack of regular teaching and research faculty. At Notre Dame, non-regular faculty include only current students and not the students who teach classes in the next century. They are not able to teach courses in the future. However, they do not contribute to our host departments and are simply teaching for their courses and not for themselves. The students who teach courses in the next century are not included in the overall numbers.

Non-regular faculty have been asked to teach one course that should be handled by regular teaching and research faculty. Many of these students are teaching courses which have not been taught in the past. Adjuncts and graduate students are also asked to teach courses that are not taught by regular faculty. The PACE report states that "the university needs two classes each semester, then they are not included in the overall numbers. This figure cannot be explained solely by faculty leaves, obligations to the MBA and the administrative responsibilities.

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Housing stock predicted to increase

By JULIE BARRETT

Changes in the value of owner-occupied housing stock determine the financial fortunes of many participants in the U.S. economy according to Jim Follain, Chairman of the Economics Department at Syracuse University.

Follain discussed the current status of the housing market and predicted its future direction at a lecture Thursday titled “Property Taxes Under Siege, Housing Markets as We Approach the 21st Century.”

Despite tough economic times in the United States, Follain estimates that the value of housing stock will probably increase by several percent in real terms during the 1990s.

“The value of housing stock probably will not rise as much as it did during the 1980s, but I’m optimistic that it will continue to grow in the ’90s,” Follain said.

Follain bases his optimistic outlook on the ability of markets to quickly adjust to adverse conditions. “There are many ways in which households and firms can adjust their behavior in response to falling housing prices that can prevent such steep declines in the real price of housing,” Follain said.

For example, Follain states, the typical size of a household may decline, the rate at which households choose ownership versus renting may increase and the amount of housing consumers choose to purchase may increase. Builders can also be expected to alter their behavior, in which production would fall to near zero and existing housing would be transferred to other uses until price returned to a level close to replacement cost, Follain added.

Follain’s reasoning does not imply that the adjustment process is flawless and unable to be improved. However, it does suggest that the values of owner-occupied housing will remain largely intact for most regions of the country and for most households during the 1990s, according to Follain.

“Neither does the analysis suggest that all is right with the housing market and that government policy toward the housing market cannot be improved,” Follain said.

According to Follain, the government gives most of its subsidies on owner-occupied housing to high income households. Follain suggests that the government reallocate some of this investment in expensive owner-occupied housing to lower income renters and to other sectors of the economy in which subsidy funds can be better used.

Children receive free enterprise lesson

LARGO, Fla. (AP) — Enterprise Village is a small, bustling place, where the townfolk operate stores, pay bills, take out loans and staff city hall. And they’re only 10 and 11 years old.

After two months of classroom preparation in consumer economics, Pinellas County’s 8,000 fifth-graders get a hands-on learning experience about the American free enterprise system.

For one day, as many as 120 youngsters at a time operate the village, computing interest, managing checking accounts, buying and selling, even placing advertisements in a village newspaper.

The businesses the children run have the same names they see in their neighborhoods — Blockbuster Video, Eckerd drugs, Florida Power Corp., Barnett bank, McDonald’s restaurant and even a hospital.

As managers, meter readers, cashiers, sales people, tellers and accountants, the youngsters earn between $13.50 and $16.50 a day in play money.

During breaks, they spend it on pens, stickers, puzzles, football posters, sports cups, sodas or videos.

What they buy isn’t as important as the experience of buying it, organizers said.
The Observer

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LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

Butrus/O'Neill will serve as puppets

Dear Editor:

After browsing through the election results in the February 11, 1992, edition of The Observer, I found a personal opinion that occurred to me. The first, at which I am quite dismayed, is that the student body here at Notre Dame has once again voted the "safe" ticket, Greg Butrus and Molly O'Neill, into the offices of Student Body President and Vice President. The second, about which I am much more pleased, is the support that the ticket of George Smith and Mike Goodwin, the so-called "outsiders," received.

The strength of the Butrus/O'Neill ticket proved that a majority of the student body (more than 60 percent to be exact) still is unwilling to put a little faith in the student and student government. However, the second-place finish (22.6 percent) of the Smith/Goodwin ticket shows that all hope is not lost.

While the combination of Butrus and O'Neill in office will not be detrimental to the student body, it will not, in all probability, be much of an addition. These two will fit in perfectly with the already apathetic student body. Butrus and O'Neill ran on a ticket of proposals that they knew had a good chance of passing through the administration. With an ID-card based credit system and better off-campus security in the "student- patronized" areas in South Bend, the two had a ticket that could best be termed as "safe."

DOONESBURY

On the greater issues, which I am sure concern a good number of the students at this university, Butrus and O'Neill are neither up to the task, nor at all concerned. When asked by a fellow student what the two planned to do to alter the banal meals plans, Butrus meekly replied that the University made a great deal of money on the food services enterprise, and therefore it was not practical to pursue any change.

Butrus may call this practical, but it might be better termed as "puppet." The puppet and the crew under the Dome are the puppet-masters. The duo of Butrus and O'Neill will back complacently filling their resumes, while the Monk and Patti puppet show continues to pull our strings.

I previously said that there was one aspect of the election that showed more that all hope was not lost. This was the fact that the Smith/Goodwin ticket received 22.6 percent of the vote. With a 64.4 percent turnout, that means that nearly 15 percent of the student body is willing to take a chance. Smith and Goodwin were running on the premise that they would press the administration dictate our education and our lives. We must stand up and express our right to the best education that this university can give us. Only we as students can return the University of Notre Dame to the upper echelon of American universities. That should be our goal, and, I believe, our obligation.

Christopher C. Tidrick
Zahn Hall
Feb. 11, 1992

ND candidates failed to face primary issues

Dear Editor:

The Student Body President elections are over, and Greg Butrus and Molly O'Neill have come out the winners, garnering 50.8% of the vote, enough to end the election in the first round. In The Observer, Butrus was quoted as saying that the Butrus/O'Neill position on adding two study days had "received a mandate from the voters." However, the real mandate by Domers this time around was for another year of the same old garbage that has been here for far too long.

Notre Dame is sometimes called a great university, but being great takes constant work, and Notre Dame is falling ever more swiftly into the dark ages. Undergraduates are presented with only that is increasingly unimportant to Notre Dame in the face of the university becoming a Catholic Research Institution where undergradu ate studies really do not matter. Still, Butrus and O'Neill could only come up with study days as an area of improvement to academics. It is a noble effort and definitely a good idea, but there are more pressing problems weighing on the declining educational quality of Notre Dame.

With Notre Dame still dealing with ancient parietal rules and the lack of at least optional coeducational housing, as well as dismal male/female relations and the depressing status of minority affairs and of homosexuals on campus, the only things which Butrus and O'Neill thought important enough to advertise under the "Campus Life" section of their campaign posters was their idea for a campus credit card.

"This is the type of change that we as students deserve - and that we as student leaders will demand," their poster reads. And campus credit cards are such a strong demand. Too. Before we know it Notre Dame could be plunged into a revolution.

The students of Notre Dame had the opportunity to put candidates in office who promised a real fight to change Notre Dame's age-old and antiquated "traditions," but we threw away the chance. It is depressing to see that for the first time in seven years the candidates were elected with no run-off needed, and these candidates seem to promise so little. So I guess it is a mandate from the voters, a mandate to get screwed over again by a student government that is too afraid or too lazy to fight the administration which refuses to listen to the students.

I can only hope that Mr. Butrus and Miss O'Neill actually attempt to do something a bit beyond the minimal ideas presented within their campaign, and use their term to really change Notre Dame for the better.

William Albertini
Zahn Hall
Feb. 11, 1992

QUOTE OF THE DAY

"In eyes of nature we are just another species in trouble."

Lionel Tiger and Robin Fox
The Imperial Animal

Woke up to find out, then submit:
QUOTES, P.O. Box Q, ND, IN 46556
**Viewpoint**

Women choosing abortion deserve only compassion

**Dear Editor:**

I am writing to express my support for the proposal (offered by John Daly and James Kelly) to renovate Loretto into a co-ed, chemical free dorm. It is a creative way to solve some of the problems which flow from poor gender relations and alcohol abuse on this campus.

My own experience as an assistant resident leader makes me believe that the majority of Notre Dame students are co-eds. The college-traduced housing arrangement. While single-sex dorms are attractive for many reasons, and I support the continuation of them in addition to co-ed dorms, I do think we students deserve the opportunity to choose between the two. Most of the students I have talked with are open to the possibility of responsible adults who take their life and faith very seriously. They deserve to be trusted.

Contrary to some beliefs, the availability of co-ed dorms will not translate into permission for sexual relations to occur between the sexes. Our context remains Catholic and our fidelity to what the Church teaches is a mandate. I believe co-ed dorms provide the opportunity for limits, can lead to promoting those teachings in a healthy setting in which genuine friendship, not based on romance or sex, can occur between men and women.

The most attractive feature of this proposal is that such an undertaking will not be a charade which comes with them. My guess is that there would be many more students happy to volunteer for such an experiment than Pangborn could accommodate.

I applaud the effort of John Daly and James Kelly to advance the discussion a little further with this creative solution. I hope that it is given serious consideration.

**Mary Yu**

Assistant Resident
Siegfried Hall
Feb. 13, 1992

Military and morality not opposed

**Dear Editor:**

In response to Jon Davidson's Feb. 13 Viewpoint, CPT Huet-Vaughn was a "war resistor, a selective conscientious objector." No she wasn't. She knew exactly what she was doing.

Additionally, her unit deployed during her period of unautho­rized absence. Since she knew of this deployment, she was guilty of missing a unit movement. CPT Huet-Vaughn could have based her claim in such a belief. Under this war the U.S. could become involved in would be "just" in her eyes.

If she had truly believed this, she would never have volun­teered for the Army, or would have left behind the appropriate procedure to apply for CO status as soon as she experienced such a "reaction." It would not have taken the ac­tivation of her reserve unit to convince her that she no longer wished to be in the Army.

Finally, Mr. Davidson proposes the Catholic Church's approval for war the students who are simply tired of being at war, that the real world, certain respon­sibilities are the obligation of those able to bear them. This, by the way, is also the position of the Catholic Church.

Mr. Davidson insists on asking a rather old question does the military belong on a Catholic campus? The Catholic Church has always supported those serving in the military, as long as they fulfilled the right of a nation to defend itself. Since a state has the right to defend itself, there is no inconsistency in one country aiding another in the victim of blatant aggression. Mr. Davidson's "easily drawn" conclusion about the supposed systematic perpetration of war crimes by the U.S. is neither easily drawn nor logically con­vincing. He then states this is due to the fact that the trusting soldier is guilty by not reporting a draft in almost 20 years. The military belong on a Catholic campus? The Catholic Church has always supported those serving in the military, as long as they fulfilled the right of a nation to defend itself. Since a state has the right to defend itself, there is no inconsistency in one country aiding another in the victim of blatant aggression. Mr. Davidson's "easily drawn" conclusion about the supposed systematic perpetration of war crimes by the U.S. is neither easily drawn nor logically con­vincing. He then states this is due to the fact that the trusting soldier is guilty by not reporting a draft in almost 20 years. The military belong on a Catholic campus? The Catholic Church has always supported those serving in the military, as long as they fulfilled the right of a nation to defend itself. Since a state has the right to defend itself, there is no inconsistency in one country aiding another in the victim of blatant aggression. Mr. Davidson's "easily drawn" conclusion about the supposed systematic perpetration of war crimes by the U.S. is neither easily drawn nor logically con­vincing. He then states this is due to the fact that the trusting soldier is guilty by not reporting a draft in almost 20 years.

Robert McMonagle
Off-campus
Feb. 11, 1992

Does college exist for students or faculty?

**Dear Editor:**

In writing in response to Professor David O' Connor's comment as quoted in the Feb. 13 Observer that "the students aren't the core of the university, the faculty is." How ignorant I have found Queen Bess, is alive in my ideology; who do I believe?

Rather than despair, long ago I decided to care for the women who have no other choice or interest, but to the other unfortunate women facing an unwanted pregnancy. These women I choose to have compassion for because they deserve it as humans. The moment we point fingers and try to judge these women, they become somehow less than us; human.

Peter Helland reminds me that Christ said, "Whatever you did for not the least of these, you did for me." This is all well and good, but Christ in the same sentence is saying that we must help the mothers not just the babies. It is deceptive to say that saving unwanted children is the free ride to heaven. If there is a heaven and a god, and if Peter Helland is correct, then I guess I'll never see it.

Chlorine Брonte wrote in 1847, "Conventionality is not morality. Self-righteousness is not religion. To attack the first is not to assail the last." I leave that at it.

Dave Mack
Keenan Hall
Feb. 12, 1992

Church of Loretto 'masterpieces' should be destroyed

**Dear Editor:**

They shall take away...all monuments of feigned miracles, pilgrimages, idolatry and super­stition, so that there remain no memory of the same in walls, glass windows, or elsewhere within their churches.—Injunctions of Queen Elizabeth 1, 1559.

In this age of multiculturalism, it seems that Catholic churches—not to mention the Renovation Committee—should be destroying Church itself—are simply too Catholic. For this reason I am glad that the purifying influence of Protestantism, as exemplified by the above commandment from good Queen Bess, is alive and well in the Church of Loretto renovation project at St. Mary's. The Renovation Committee recently held a meeting to discuss the renovation scheme with students and other members of the layubbub. Initially, I feared that these well-meaning but ignorant folks might interfere with the original plan, especially the removal of the painted glass windows. Fortunately, the Committee had the wisdom to continue denying all requests for modification by the good public servants, they realize that the public can only interfere with their efforts to serve.

The members of the Renovation Committee, after all, are enlightened by Calvinist teaching; they realize they are members of the Elect. This status gives them the authority to tear down the work of previous generations over the course of a single meeting. Their efforts to explain their personal revelations to the non-believers was no doubt futile. For it is like dis­cussing a painting with a blind person. If the masses cannot be made to understand that plain glass can be a thing of beauty, then they should be covered with more sacred images of the Blessed Virgin. More importantly, the real sin is the danger that future generations might question the perfection of one's aesthetic principles; they might re-install the windows.

I can think of no greater satisfaction than the destruction of an old masterpiece simply because it does not conform with contemporary notions. About what is beautiful or liturgically proper. If those who come after us were as faithful as those designed in their image, let them build their own, I say.

Thus it would be great to disturb the integrity of the Renovated Church of Loretto. We could, for instance, totally destroy the Church by the method of our Protestant heroes: by burning stone after stone until not a shard of it remains.

Roger Hig
Dillon Hall
Feb. 12, 1992
On any given Tuesday, a curious troop of musicians gathers at a local bar to play some seldom heard tunes. They beat bodhrans, blow tin whistles, and strum bouzoukis. And, if the spirit moves them, they'll even dance a ceili.

The musicians call themselves Seamaisín (pronounced HAY-muh-shin) and they play Irish music. Every Tuesday, the six-member band fills tiny Club 23 with jigs, reels, and hornpipes. With a brogue thick as smoke, they sing about travelling pot fixers and drinking whiskey.

The group finished its first recording, "Joseph Harvey's Fiddle Was Left in the Rain," just before Christmas. They invaded the house of band member John Kennedy's father and spent two weeks getting everything just so, eating spaghetti whistle and the guitar, is Seamaisín's unofficial swear that "it's just a matter of time before they get around to putting the album on the shelves."

John Kennedy, who sings and plays both the tin whistle and the guitar, is Seamaisín's unofficial leader. He has been with the band since its beginning four years ago. After receiving his Ph.D. in economics from Notre Dame in 1989, he became the Arts and Letters Computing Coordinator.

"It's difficult in America to have a job and play music full time," says Kennedy. He says that playing music until 2 a.m. on Tuesday makes going to work on Wednesday a less-than-cheerful proposition.

"If I could make this kind of money just playing Irish music, life would be heaven," says Kennedy. As it is, he plays a mild-mannered Macintosh repair man by day, then turns folksy Irish troubadour at night—until at least on Tuesdays.

Kennedy says that he enjoys listening to "absolutely anything I can get my hands on." He admits to some Latin and African influences in his song writing. He also concedes that he still has much to learn about Irish music.

"In another two or three years I'll be able to play Irish music. Every Tuesday, the six-member band fills tiny Club 23 with jigs, reels, and hornpipes. With a brogue thick as smoke, they sing about travelling pot fixers and drinking whiskey.

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NATIONAL DEVELOPMENT LEAGUE

FAST FUNDRAISING PROGRAM

Fraternities, sororities, student clubs, high schools, churches, and community organizations can earn up to $100 in prizes for each $1000 you call for. All you need to do is call 1-800-322-0216.

If you are a NU SKI distrubute please contact Scott x1038

LOST:
A pair of gray wool gloves, lost in 1206 Duff after 10:15. Arthur R. Brand, 7100-240, please call X 726

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Men's glasses at Wild Howard party on 102. Call Bevo x1760

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Unified Team wins thriller vs Canada

French, Czechs also victorious

MENDEL, France (AP) — Canada's third-period comeback back against the Unified Team didn't win the game. It earned something more valuable — the top spot in its Olympic hockey group.

The former Soviet Union, which needed to win by three goals to overtake the Canadians in its Sunday night game five-victory Sunday night in one of the most intense games of the tournament.

In its opening medal round game Tuesday, Canada will play the easiest competition from the other group, probably Germany or Italy. The Unified Team, which finished second, and Czechoslovakia, the third-place team, will face stiffer competition.

Sunday's four-goal lead by Canada clinched the fourth and final playoff spot in the group with only an 11-11 tie needed to eliminate Switzerland and Norway. Czechoslovakia then beat Canada 6-2.

Canada, the Unified Team and Czechoslovakia qualified for the medal-round play with 4-1 records. All are 1-1 in games among themselves.

Canada won the next tiebreaker, goal differential in those games. It scored three more goals than its opponents, the Unified Team was even, and Czechoslovakia scored by three.

Canada (1-3) would be the fourth team in the other group if it beats Poland (0-4) Monday. If Poland (2-3) would get in if it beats Finland (1-1). Three Canadian costaders finish at 1-4, the goal-differential tiebreaker would be used.

The Unified Team and Canada followed a simpler formula Sunday night — play as hard as you can — then try every doorway.

"This game was emotional for both sides," Unified Team assistant coach Igor Dimitriev said. "It was a matter of great tides.

"It seems like when we play the Unified Team it brings out the best in our players," Canada assistant Wayne Fleming said.

"It's disappointing you can't play hard, but we're proud of the way our players played.

Canada's loss left the United States (4-0) as the only team that has won all its games. The final U.S. preliminary game is Monday night against Sweden (3-0-1). The Americans would finish first and face Russia if they win. Sweden and Finland would finish second or third, in either order.

If Sweden wins, it captures the group. The United States would be second and Finland third. A tie gives the division to the Czechs.

The Unified Team's winning goal was scored by Kravtchouk after he got the puck at the red line, sped between Canadians Joe Juneau and Dave Archibald and charged straight at Burke. He cut to his right and backhanded a 5-footer over Burke's left shoulder.

"Our coaches did not make such an assignment to our players, to win by three or four goals," Dimitriev said. "Our main task was not to lose the game."

"We tried to win the game," Canada's Kent Mandeville said, "but not at the expense of losing first place."

Dmitri Mironov scored first, but Canada all but 4-1 on goals by Archibald and Eric Lindros. Nikolay Novoselov, Sergei Petrenko and Kravtchouk gave the Unified Team a 4-1 lead with 2:27 left in the second period.

For the French, it was a great day for hockey. Even the prospect of a bad day just didn't change their game.

"It was really a victory for me even though I didn't win the race. Now I feel much more comfortable."

A slip at the fifth of 39 gates on the La Face course probably cost him the gold, which went to Kjetil Andre Aamodt of Norway. Aamodt led a 1-2-4 Norwegian super-G finish in 1 minute, 13.04 seconds. Girardelli, who was third in the combined, was third in 1:13.77.

Jan Einar Thorsen, who won the downhill part of the combined, was third in 1:13.83, followed by countryman Ole Christian Furuseth, a slalom specialist, in 1:13.87.

While the Girardelli jinx was over, Frenchman Franck Piccard extended another one.

The defending Olympic super-G champion, Piccard fell seven gates from the top when he got his ski stuck in some snow. Fifteen seconds into his run, he was out of the race, and still no Alpine skier has won the same event at two Olympics.

Attack was exactly what Aamodt did. His training derailed by a bout with mononucleosis in December and unable to start in the combined because of flu, the 20-year-old Norwegian was one of the biggest surprises of an Olympic Alpine competition full of them.

Patrick Ortlieb of Austria won the men's downhill as an outsider last Sunday, and two days later, unheralded Josef Polig of Italy won the men'scombined. The biggest surprise of all might have been Kerrin Lee-Gartner's victory for Canada in the women's downhill.

Monday, February 17, 1992

Spills, slips dominate super-G skiing

The 1992-93 Registration and Budget packets will be available to be picked up from the Club Coordination Council office (room 206 LaFortune) on Feb. 17- Feb.19.

The packets must be completed and returned by Wed. March 4. No exceptions!! All social service & graduate clubs must also pick up their forms from the CCC office.
Reflections on University Governance

Edward A. Malloy, C.S.C.

The University of Notre Dame was founded in late November, 1842 by Reverend Edward Sorin, C.S.C. The University was chartered by a special act of the Indiana State legislature on January 15, 1844. Although it called itself a University from its foundation, it had a minimum core of lower course curriculum in its early decades. From 1842 till 1867 it was owned by the Congregation of Holy Cross.

In 1867, governance of the University was transferred from the Congregation of Holy Cross, Indiana Province to a predominantly lay Board of Trustees. The Statutes of the University created a body whose members were to be known as the Fellows. They have and exercise all power and authority granted by that certain act of the Legislature of Indiana. The Board of Trustees was also granted the powers of non-discrimination on the basis of race, color, national and ethnic origin.

All Fellows of the University are also Trustees. The Fellows meet annually or whenever called into a special session. It is present practice for the Fellows to meet at the time of each Trustee meeting. Except for those powers specifically reserved for the Fellows of the University, all powers for the governance of the University are vested in a Board of Trustees which consists of a maximum of fifty members. The bylaws of the University specify the duties, terms of office, committee structure and responsibilities of the Trustees. Presently, the Trustees meet three times a year. Among the responsibilities of the Trustees are the election of the President of the University and the approval of the annual budget.

The bylaws of the University specify the responsibility of the various officers of the University and establish the Committee structure of the Board.

The academic articles speak first of the executive administration and the academic officers. They then move on to speak of the faculty. There are detailed descriptions of the various ranks of faculty and the procedures for appointment, reappointment and promotion. This section concludes with a discussion of the president and the powers of the University as a Catholic University. Any changes in the academic articles require approval of the Board of Trustees.

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INGLEWOOD, Calif. (AP) — Magic Johnson, the league's career assists leader, had his number retired yesterday at the Forum in Los Angeles.

Johnson was honored a week after his Most Valuable Player performance in the NBA All-Star game, a 29-minute effort in which he had 25 points, nine assists and five rebounds.

Johnson is the only game Johnson has played in since he announced his retirement on Nov. 7 because he had tested positive for the virus that causes AIDS and AIDS specialists told him he couldn't make up for a poor first half, losing 114-107 to the Boston Celtics on Sunday.

After trailing by as many as 22 points in the second quarter and beginning the second half down 63-47, the Lakers closed to 104-103 with three minutes remaining in the game.

But they went cold — as they had in the first half — in the closing minutes and the Celtics pulled away.

Robert Parish had 21 points, 18 in the first half, and 11 rebounds for Boston, which ended a three-game losing skid. Kevin McHale and Reggie Lewis added 19 points each for Boston.

James Worthy led the Lakers, who've now lost three straight, with 24 points, Sedale Threatt had 22 and Sam Perkins 21.

After Worthy's basket cut the margin to 104-103 with 3:11 remaining, Lewis went on to score four more points in the closing minutes, while Bee Brown had five for the Celtics, all on free throws.

Pistons 90, 76ers 83

PHILADELPHIA — Orlando Woolridge scored a season-high 34 points and Dennis Rodman grabbed 26 rebounds as Detroit beat Philadelphia.

Woolridge hit 16 of 21 shots and scored 24 points in the second half when the Pistons pulled away for their first victory at Philadelphia in nearly three years. They had lost three straight at the Spectrum.

Charles Barkley, with 24 points and 17 rebounds, could do nothing to save the Sixers, who lost their third straight.

The two embraced with Johnson in tears.

"Kareem was like my big brother who taught me all about life and taught me how to be a professional basketball player instead of just being a man on the court. He's taught me about life and taught me how to be a professional basketball player," Johnson said. "I never dreamed in my life that I would be up there near any of them."

He referred to the wall where his jersey joined those of Baylor, West, Chamberlain and Abdul-Jabbar.

"It was a long time ago we welcomed this young man on the court. He's taught us a lot. All of our lives are touched by him."

"The most important thing for me is Earvin made me realize I was having a good time. That's kind of different sometimes, you know. You get caught up in the difficult part of your job."

"Thank you Earvin, I love you, good luck."

The ceremony and received a standing ovation from the crowd.

"It's just being one of the boys."

Magic Johnson, shown here against the Timberwolves, had his number retired yesterday at the Forum in Los Angeles.

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Martina Navratilova, shown here in the Virginia Slims of Palm Springs, became the winningest tennis player in history after capturing the Chicago Virginia Slims title this weekend.

Track
continued from page 24
sals, but as a team. In the past, we really haven't been able to," said Bradley. On the men's side, the results from the two-day meet were not as encouraging. Notre Dame finished seventh in the final standings behind event winner Eastern Michigan, Michigan State, Purdue, Northern Iowa, Iowa, and Michigan respectively.

"We had some good things happen," said Plate. "It was a much better and deeper meet than it was last year." After Friday's scoring the Irish were in fifth place due to the strong performances of sophomores Mike McWilliams and Todd Herman and senior Mike Borges. Herman was one of the few Notre Dame individuals but as a team. In the past, one of the most powerful play unhappens," said Piane. "It was a stand behind event winner and as a team. after that had shared with Everet. On Saturday Navratilova rallied from a set down to beat top-seed Steffi Graf in a semifinal.

The 23-year-old Navratilova, 12 years younger than her oppo
dent, used a blazing serve and precise passing shots to take a 5-4 lead in the final set. Navratilova fought off four match points in the 10th game.

As the indoor season winds to a close and the NCAA champi
tionships draw near, the men's track team is looking to be
droduce more runners for the season.

"We don't really have a lot of proven sprinters. We lost her service in the next game but almost broke back in the seventh, which went to deuce three
times, and again in the ninth, which went to deuce twice. The young Czech slammed two aces past her opponent in the last game to tie the match.

Tennis
continued from page 24
still around with the more power-oriented games that are popular.

In stark contrast to Mayer, Colin Dibley was long known as one of the most powerful play
ers in professional tennis. But Dibley's world-record serve was ineffective in his singles match with Coleman, as the junior All-American defeated the Australian, 6-0, 6-4.

"Colin had a very bad match-up," Bayliss said. "Colin lives and dies with his serve. Chuck is our best returner. It was strength against strength, and something was going to happen. One of them was going to win big." At fifth- and sixth-string sin
gles, the Legends' qualifications were suspicious, as Irish assis
tant coach Brian Kalbas and Notre Dame's coach Jay Louderback faced Mark Schmidt and Ron Rosas, respectively. The coaches split with the
coached, as Schmidt defeated Louderback was taken out by his opponent in the last game to tie the match.

"I had Gene Mayer's poster on my wall through high school, even back when he was playing with his back to the middle set after a pair of
sprints. Navratilova easily held serve.

In the final set, Navratilova was broken in the opening game, which went to deuce five
times. Navratilova lost her service in Game 4, by the beginning of four straight service breaks that had the young Czech ahead 4-3. Navratilova went ahead 3-0 in the middle set after a pair of service breaks. She lost her serve in the next game but almost broke back in the seventh, which went to deuce three
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Martina Navratilova, shown here in the Virginia Slims of Palm Springs, became the winningest tennis player in history after capturing the Chicago Virginia Slims title this weekend.

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THE NITE OAK - IN SOUTH DINING HALL

Martina Navratilova, shown here in the Virginia Slims of Palm Springs, became the winningest tennis player in history after capturing the Chicago Virginia Slims title this weekend.

CHICAGO (AP) — Martina Navratilova became tennis' all-time singles titles leader by beating Jana Novotna 7-6 (7-4), 6-7, 7-5 in the final of the Virginia Slims of Chicago on

Sunday.

Navratilova won her 158th career singles championship and 12th Chicago Slims crown. She and Chris Evert, who re
tired in 1989, had been tied with 157 singles titles. Jim Connors is the men's all-time leader with 109 singles cham
pionships.

It looked like Novotna would pull off her second consecutive upset in this event before Navratilova fought back to fi
nally break the record she had shared with Evert. On Saturday Navratilova rallied from a set down to beat top-seed Steffi Graf in a semifinal.

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tent, used a blazing serve and precise passing shots to take a

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said Bayliss. "I think everyone has always been a fan of tennis.

Hopefully, they (Legends) will come back on a Friday night in

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times, and again in the ninth, which went to deuce twice. The young Czech slammed two aces past her opponent in the last game to tie the match.
Belles
continued from page 24

The Belles grabbed the lead on a free throw by Restovich at the 10:57 mark, 54-53. Beloit stopped the Belles fast break, holding them to just two buckets in five minutes. But the Belles would go to the line 11 more times sinking a poor 41 percent at the line, the Belles stretched their lead to 59-53 with 7:53.

Jenay Oberstar's three point jumper charged the Lady Buccaneers again. Beloit cut the Belles lead, pulling within one at the 2:27 mark, 69-68. The Belles extended their lead to five, 75-70, with 13 remaining. Still charged, Beloit kept their upset hopes alive, sinking two buckets from the line, but that would be the last stand for the Lady Buccaneers as the Belles held them off for the victory.

"Saint Mary's did a nice job capitalizing on their opportunities. They were patient and had some good shots on us," said Beloit coach Mimi Walters. "We had some opportunities but we didn't finish on several points.

"Let me tell you, I'd rather be lucky than good," joked Oberstar. "In the second half, we came out, got into our flow. We started fastbreaking, using the man-to-man and really pressurizing them. Our biggest problem was we weren't hitting the free throws."

Three players scored in double digits for the Belles. Junior center Julie Snyder led all scorers with 23. Restovich contributed 20 points.

The Saint Mary's basketball team extended its winning streak to four games with a win over Beloit on Saturday. Wiegel added 12. Angela Athletic Facility. In the finals in five sets.

The Observer

Belles chosen as 1994 NCAA tennis site

Special to the Observer

The Courier Tennis Center at the University of Notre Dame will serve as the site for the 1994 NCAA men's tennis championships.

The event, which crowns a team champion in addition to titlists in singles and doubles, is set for May 20-29.

It is only the second time since 1977, when the current team format was adopted, that the men's championships have been held outside the University of Georgia in Athens, Ga. The 1990 tournament was held in Indian Wells, Calif.

A total of 20 teams will compete for the team title while 64 singles players will meet for the individual crown. Doubles competition will consist of 32 teams.

The Courier Tennis Center, built in 1967, will see 20 courts used during the competition. Seating will be added to the number one, two and three courts to provide a stadium atmosphere.

In addition to the Courier courts, the Ick Tennis Pavilion's six courts can be used in the event of inclement weather.

The South Bend Racquet Club, which is located near campus, could make an additional eight courts available if necessary.

Notre Dame was the site of the 1971 NCAA championship that was won by then-freshman Jimmy Connors of UCLA. He defeated Stanford's Roscoe Tanner in that star-studded field that was won by then-freshman Jimmy Connors of UCLA. He defeated Stanford's Roscoe Tanner in that star-studded field.

The Notre Dame men's coach Bob Bayliss will oversee the day-to-day operations of the tournament. He was at the 1971 championships as a coach for Navy.

Notre Dame men's coach Bob Bayliss will oversee the day-to-day operations of the tournament. He was at the 1971 championships as a coach for Navy. Bayliss has fond memories of the event.

"I remember walking away and I was very impressed with the job Notre Dame and the community did," said Bayliss. "It made a real impression on me and I think people were very impressed with the calibre of tennis they saw that week. The tournament has remained in Athens, Ga. for so many years because the people really do an outstanding job. There's a very festive atmosphere and we want to duplicate that with the help of the local community.

"We'll have a large number of courts available and that will provide the scheduling committee more flexibility. We have the setup to play three dual matches simultaneously and if we have to go indoors we can play two dual matches at a time. Those are just a few of the factors that I think will help us put on an outstanding tournament."

If you see news happening, call the Observer at 239-5303.

Dismas House

A community of support, reconciliation and adjustment, Dismas House offers a unique opportunity for Saint Mary's and Notre Dame students to share in a life-training experience with former prisoners. Together an environment of trust, friendship and hope can be built to provide the confidence and courage necessary for each to enter society as a valuable and integral member.

Are you interested in living in the Dismas community next semester?

Applications available at the Center for Social Concerns. See: Kathy Royer -- 239-7862, or call Br. Bonaventure Scully -- 239-7353, or call Dismas House -- 233-8522.
Orange crushed by up tempo offense

By ANTHONY KING
Associate Sports Editor

Syracuse, New York—Guns were blazing in the Carrier Dome, as the Irish unleashed a fast paced arsenal of offense. The 74-69 victory belonged to a sharpshooting Notre Dame team that blew away the Orangemen with a high caliber fast break attack. The Irish offense had been struggling, to put it mildly, in its last three games. Poor shooting has plagued the Irish, especially in the first half. Yet, Saturday, the up-tempo offense was resurrected, and put a 101 points on the scoreboard.

The spark that seemed to give the Irish life was point guard Elmer Bennett's constant pressure on the Syracuse defense. Bennett pushed the ball up court persistently, and set up easy buckets on Orangeman defensive breakdowns.

Syracuse tried to pressure Notre Dame into turnovers, using a full and half court trap. Bennett and company did not appear to be bothered by the pressure and often exploited it. "We had to change the tempo of the game, and try to make it a little faster," explained Syracuse coach Jim Boeheim. "They have four seniors and they handled it pretty well."

The Irish fast court press, on the other hand, produced some turnovers and easy baskets. The Orangemen gave it up five times to the press in the first half alone. Fast break opportunities were open all game for Notre Dame. Syracuse gave up the break, to crash the offensive glass. The Irish capitalized on this, by running and gunning for easy hoops.

"When you're down eight to ten points, you have to gamble," said Boeheim. "We had 29 offensive rebounds, that's why we had a chance to win the game."

"But, when you gamble and you go to the boards, there are going to be some fast break opportunities. But if you don't gamble you lose by 15 or 20. You've got to give yourself a chance to win. That's why we press, that's why we go to the boards so hard."

"When you're not making shots, you have to do something to get back in the game. We tried our full and half court traps and got something out of them, but not quite enough."

The Irish break resurrected under the pressurized Carrier roof, hitting on all cylinders. "LaPhonso Ellis and Dalmon Sweet finished off the break, while Bennett dished out a game high seven assists."

"We watched a lot of films and we saw that one of their strengths was getting second shots, a third attempts," explained Ellis. "That leaves the backcourt open, so we were trying to take advantage of it every time we could."

When Ellis slammed home his final point on a break, he had scored 28 points. The rest of Lethal Weapon 3, Sweet and Bennett, combined for 46 points.

Coach John MacLeod was pleased with the offensive effort, as the Irish broke the century mark for the first time in the MacLeod era.

LaPhonso Ellis, who led the team with 28 points and 15 rebounds, rejected Orangeman center Conrad McRae, and Sweet finished the ensuing break with a tomahawk slam.

Johnson hit two of four foul shots, and Syracuse retained possession following the technical. A desperation three pointer, but missed. After a Notre Dame turnover, Syracuse freshman sensation Lawrence Moten, who scored 25 points, was fouled by Malik Russell and hit one of two free throws to cut the Notre Dame lead to 74-72. Just as it appeared as if the Irish would crack under the pressure of the Syracuse defense and Carrier Dome crowd of 30,877, they rebounded with two straight buckets. At 8:11, Keith Tower hit Bennett with a perfect pass from the top of the key for an easy layup. Following a missed trey by Moten, Sweet sunk a 15 foot jumper to stretch the lead back to six, 78-72.

The teams traded baskets until the 4:08 mark when Sweet took a tip pass from Jon Ross, scored on a layup and was fouled. He converted the three-point play to put Notre Dame up 87-80.

After each team turned the ball over and a Scott McCorkle miss, Sweet fed Ellis with an alley-oop to extend the lead to nine with 3:17 left. The Irish then completed the upset from the foul line.

"Anyone who enjoys basketball got their money's worth out of this one. Both teams showed a great effort," MacLeod commented.

"This was a very, very big win for Notre Dame basketball."
Irish wrestling falls to MSU

By JIM VOLG
Sports Writer

The Notre Dame wrestling team faced a long trip home from East Lansing Michigan last night, where they suffered a disappointing 18-15 loss.

"We really didn't wrestle up to our potential," said junior Jamie Boyd, who hails from Mt. Pleasant, MI.

"We just lost two or three matches we shouldn't have and they got rolling," he continued. "We were facing a home crowd (boistered by an alumni reunion) and some bad calls."

The Irish, now even at 4-4 in dual meets on the season, broke the momentum of their two game winning streak. On the other hand, the Spartans took their third straight from the Irish, boosting their record to 6-9. MSU has taken five of seven in the heated series.

Individually, Notre Dame won only two of the ten matches on Sunday afternoon. The meet started off on a high note at 118 where the team has been struggling. Freshman Ed Jamieson returned from an injury, replacing Chris Jensen and Javier Rivera, and beat MSU's Jeddeliah Kruthe (8-7) to give the Irish an unexpected lift.

McGrew, a 177 pound sophomore from Cleveland, OK, scored a major decision on Brian Woods (21-12-1). McGrew pounced on his third win in a row, his last loss coming against Ohio State's Jamie Boyd. McGrew continues to shrug off injuries in his quest for the NCAA tournament. "I'm getting back in the groove," said McGrew, who has had recent ankle problems in addition to a torn cartilage that kept him out five or six weeks at the start of the season. "I'm getting back into shape and gaining some intensity."

The Irish usually count on a victory at the 150 pounds, and Boyd didn't let the team down. Including an 8-2 decision on Sunday, Boyd has quietly established a 15-3-1 mark this season. After unexpectedly bulking up from 142 last season, Boyd could surprise a few people by sneaking into the NCAs this March.

Senior Marcous Gowens, ranked 13th in the nation at 126 pounds, put his first appearance in the rankings, and they were placed by Scotty Bletz. Gowens raised his season record to 20-4, notching victory number 92 in his illustrious career.

Another NCAA candidates for the Irish, heavyweight Chuck Weaver, broke a personal seven game winning streak as Spartans' powerful Dan Whipp (24-11-1) wrestled him to a draw. Whipp went on to make his first appearance in the rankings (18-2) prior to the match.

SMC swimmers split meets

By JULIE SCULLY
Sports Writer

The Saint Mary's swim team competed Saturday against Hillsdale College and Grand Valley at Hillsdale. The meet, which was originally scheduled to be a two-meet team between Saint Mary's and Hillsdale, gave the Belles an edge and a loss. Saint Mary's best Hilldale 48-44, while Grand Valley racked up 73 points to Saint Mary's 42.

"Overall, it was a good meet for us. Our swimmers are exactly where they should be after the last dual meet of the season. We are definitely on the right track on the road to the championships," coach Doug Cooper said.

In Saturday's meet, senior tri-captain Kathleen Golinski took first place in the 1,000 freestyle with a time of 1:48.97. Golinski said, "It was my personal best so I was obviously very pleased with the time."

The only double winner for the Belles was another senior tri-captain, Michelle Colburn who took the 100 freestyle with a time of 57.77. Colburn also dominated the 200 freestyle event with a time of 2:05.15.20, which was her personal best.

"It was really happy with my times, but I couldn't help being a little upset at not having missed the school record by three tenths of a second in the 100 freestyle," Colburn said.

Sophomore Ellen Kramer placed second in the 100 freestyle behind Colburn. Kramer also finished second in the 100 breaststroke and in the 400 medley relay.

Senior diver, Carrie Cummins gave the team a scare when her arm bit the board in her last dive of the meet. Coach Cooper said, "It really shook her up and it was a tough way for her to end the season. Cummins has a reputation for it and it has been determined that she has no broken bones. Cooperation in gaining will be able to resume practice within the week and will look like able to compete the championship meet in two weeks.

Saint Mary's College

Student Body Presidential Debate

Monday, February 17, 1992

Haggar Parlor

7 pm
Part of a series of Dr. Lewis' experiments on flightless birds

CALVIN AND HOBBES

BILL WATTERSON

CROSSWORD

ACROSS
10 Returns on payments
8 --- conditioning
15 Utterly unyielding
16 --- Wood
17 Goddess of wisdom
18 Signaled, as in an auto race
19 Toward the stern
20 Throat tissue
22 More aged (arch.)
23 Legislative body of Japan
25 --- Objects of worship
26 Bedouin tribe
27 Estate
29 Chemical suffix
30 --- Shopping
31 Young bird
33 Navigation devices
34 Work with wallpaper
35 Chinese: comb. form
36 Growing annual

DOWN
1 Islamic month of fasting
2 Building
4 French soul
5 Sharp in taste
6 Concluding remarks to a poem
7 --- army
8 Among the records (2 wds.)
9 Finance cloth
10 Letters, in Greece
11 Distasteful newspaper
12 High school course
13 Actor Leslie
14 One-piece undergarments
15 "Flower Drum ---"
16 Lines restricting animals
17 Fitting
18 --- boom
19 --- sheep
20 Finance abbreviation
21 --- Ameer
23 Balloon-rider items
24 Exceeded one's allotted time (2 wds.)
25 Iridescent milky-white
26 Bounced on one's knee
27 Vaudeville prop
28 Involving love, hate, etc.
29 Experiences again
30 Finance abbreviations
31 Experiences again
32 Devices for removing pits
33 Most dreadful
34 Capital of Nigeria
35 Evangelist McPherson
36 --- at Indy
37 --- Sharon
38 Dangerous drug
39 Female prophet
40 --- Boom
41 Experiences again
42 "Flower Drum ---"
43 Asunder
44 Mr. Aykroyd
45 --- Car or cleanser
46 One-piece undergarments
47 Miss Ronstadt
48 Secret agent
49 Napoleon ---
50 --- Biddy
51 Welsh ---
52 Compete at Indy
53 --- ear
54 Experiences again
55 --- fish
56 --- hate, etc.
57 Female prophet

CAMPUS

Monday
7 p.m. Film, "Miracle in Milan." Annenberg Auditorium.
9 p.m. Film, "Avant Garde." Annenberg Auditorium.

LECTURES

Monday

Tuesday

12:30 p.m. Seminar, "Presidentialism, Democratic Institutions, and Political Instability in Costa Rica," Fabrice Lehostec, faculty fellow. Room C-103, Hesburgh Center.

MENU

Notre Dame
Roast Top Round
Jumbo Fish Sandwich
Vegetables Marinara

Reduce
Reuse
Recycle
THANK YOU!
**Sports**

**ND stuns Syracuse**

**Irish pull off upset: win101-98**

*By MIKE SCRUADATO*

Sports Writer

SYRACUSE, N.Y. — The Notre Dame men's basketball team (9-11) broke one streak and continued another on Saturday at the Carrier Dome.

The Irish's 101-98 win snapped Syracuse's 20-game home winning streak, and it was the first time in Orangemen coach Jim Boeheim's 16-year tenure that an opponent had scored over 100 points.

"We had a great offensive game. You don’t score 100 points very often. Today the opportunity presented itself because we both like to run," said Elmer Bennett, who had 72 points and seven assists.

"When the other team is pressuring you, you can’t take a lot of time off the clock. Therefore, you have to take the shots when they are there."  

The Irish win, their third straight at the Carrier Dome, showcased the up-tempo offense and solid man-to-man defense that Irish coach John MacLeod has tried to implement throughout the season. On Saturday, everything finally clicked.

"Going in, we wanted to rebound, get the ball out and run the break. We were concerned with their offensive rebounding ability, their depth and their switching defenses," MacLeod commented. "Our players deserve a lot of credit. They did a lot of good things tonight."

One of those good things was the Notre Dame Free-throw shooting, as the Irish were 32 for 40 (80 percent) from the line for the game.

Down the stretch they won it from the line. With 1:10 left and Syracuse trailing 93-89 and four Notre Dame fouls, Senior guard Dave Pfister was nearly flawless, hitting eight of his last ten foul shots. Daimon Sweet was six for six in the waning moments, and his last put the Irish in the century mark for the first time since January 27, 1990 tiebreaker.

After shooting 59.9 percent from the floor in the first half of its last four games, Notre Dame came out strong, scoring on 11 of its first 15 possessions.

When Bennett capped it 10-0 Irish run with a 14 foot fade away jumper with 10:36 left in the first half and put Notre Dame up 30-14, it looked like the Irish would run away with an easy win.

"Dave likes to be in this situation. He responds very well to the spotlight."

Pfister, the number-one player in the world in men's 35s, never let up on the 6-1, 6-2 decision. The 38-year-old was run ragged by Dilucia, the second-ranked player in collegiate tennis.

"While most of us (Legends) still move pretty well, you’re used to a certain footspeed," Pfister said. "These kids, they’re running like rabbits. When you hit a volley, and it’s going away, you almost relax for a second. Then, not only do they run it down, but they hook it back cross-court on you."  

Pfister fared much better when paired with Peter Fleming at number-one doubles. After dropping the first set to the team of Dilucia and Chuck Coleman, the Legends’ number-one tandem came back to win the second. However, the Legends could not keep their momentum, as DiLucia hit a spectacular winner while lying on his back to win the deciding tiebreaker.

Junior Andy Zurcher defeated Peter Fleming, John McEnroe's former doubles partner, at number-two singles, 6-4, 6-4. However, Notre Dame's Win Forsyth fell to Legend Gene Mayer, 7-5, 7-6 (8-6). Forsyth led late in each set, but Mayer used crafty play to break the Irish junior.

"Gene Mayer is kind of a dance-type player," said Forsyth. "I haven’t really been exposed to that in college tennis. There aren’t too many of those guys out there."  

Last year at the Purdue event, the Irish women scored a disappointing seven points, but in the 1992-93 edition, Notre Dame scored 22.5 points. Miami of Ohio captured the Purdue title edging out Purdue which finished second and Southern Illinois, the third place finisher. Southwest Missouri placed fourth in the meet just ahead of Notre Dame.

"We didn’t compete as strongly as we’re capable of," said senior captain Brian Aschenbrenner. "Although, we did have some good performances," said senior captain Brian Aschenbrenner. "We competed well against the other teams. It’s just a step we’ve got to work on."

Freshman Becky Alfieri, senior Karen Harris, and the relay team of Eva Flood, Kristin Fleming and Sarah Riley equalled the performance in the 800-meter race.

"Gene Mayer is kind of a dance-type player," said Forsyth. "I haven’t really been exposed to that in college tennis. There aren’t too many of those guys out there."