**Candidates debate issues, Stockdale calls it gridlock**

ATLANTA (AP) — Al Gore and Dan Quayle collided over leadership, the economy and the economy Tuesday night in a cracking debate of vice presidential qualification, spiced by James Stockdale’s passionate endorsement of the political gridlock in Washington.

President Bush and Quayle were like “dear caught in the headlights” when the recession struck, Gore charged, paralyzed and unable to respond. He alleged that he and Democratic presidential candidate Bill Clinton “stand for change.”

Quayle quickly retorted that Clinton and Gore would “make matters much worse. Jobs will be lost, the talk aside, that the Democrats would raise taxes and spending, as well.

The debate, which was a number of 105 percent on Clinton as an un

**Mother Teresa given Notre Dame award**

Special to The Observer

Mother Teresa of Calcutta has been selected by the University of Notre Dame as the second recipient of its Notre Dame Award for international humanitarian service, University President Father Edward Malloy said yesterday.

"I am one of those precious few people who, when one hesitates to describe, because words truly cannot do justice to her extraordinary achievement,” Malloy said.

The Notre Dame Award was established in celebration of the University’s Sesquicentennial to honor persons “within and without the Catholic Church, ordinary and heroic, whose religious faith has quickened learning, whose learning has engendered action, and whose deeds give witness to God’s kinship with his people,” Malloy said.

Mother Teresa is the first international figure to receive the award. It was established last year to former President Jimmy Carter and his wife, Rosalynn.

Born Agnes Gonxha Bojaxhiu in Skopje, Albania in 1910, Mother Teresa was in 1928 as a member of the missionary order the Sisters of Loreto. In 1946, after hearing what she calls “a call within a call” from God, she began a life devoted to caring for the abandoned and dying people and her fellow sisters found in the streets of Calcutta. “We cannot let a child of God die like an animal in the gutter,” she said.

Mother Teresa was first sent to Assisi’s prayer for peace. The Missionaries of Charity, an international religious order which Mother Teresa founded in 1950, has over 300 communities around the world.

Mother Teresa is the first Notre Dame Award recipient to be announced on October 13, called the University’s Founder’s Day because in the Catholic liturgical calendar it is in honor of the patron saint of the University’s founder, Father Edward Sorin.

Arrangements for Mother Teresa’s acceptance of the award will be announced at a later date.

**Golf n’ Stuff**

Junior Rich Toohey waits for a student outside of DeBartolo Hall. Toohey is manager of the golf cart service, which is available free to all students temporarily disabled. All drivers volunteer their time and service.

**Cultural Diversity Task Force releases recommendations**

By PANCHO LOZANO

News Writer

After over a year of compiling its information, the Task Force on Cultural Diversity is ready to implement the action plans devised by the task force, according to Father Richard Warner, co-chairman of the task force.

These action plans were developed as a response to the recommendations presented in the final report of the task force.

The deadline was originally set for October 1, but had to be postponed due to delays in processing the information on the recommendations.

A sub-committee was formed this summer to collect and assess the reactions to the recommendations issued in the preliminary report this past August.

Each department and committee was shown the recommendations and asked to assess how these recommendations could be implemented in the most effective manner.

There was a great deal of support from groups and had very encouraging response from the officers, said Warner, “but we must revisit those areas to make sure that the action plans are effectively enforced.”

Over the next year, the University Committee on Cultural Diversity will consist of officers from the office of the President, the Provost, Business Affairs, Student Affairs, Student Government and other appropriate organizations.

Some of the recommendations

SHEARERS /page 4

**Malloy delivers annual address**

By ALICIA REALE

Assistant News Editor

The University must make an effort to set educational goals and “position ourselves as an institution within the system of higher education,” said Father Edward Malloy, the University’s annual faculty address yesterday.

"These times tap the spirit of Americans. Financial realities are forcing hard decisions today, leading to a creeping panic in America," said Malloy. "During this war of attrition, various levels of education have to constantly mobilize supporters ."

After examining the state of the University, Malloy said, "We need to remind ourselves that there are no shortcuts or magic potions. We simply have to live within our means," he said. "We need to translate our ideas and goals into viable fundraising campaigns. I am confident that the best is yet to come."

Malloy said the core mission of the University is first what faculty activities are appropri-
Coffeehouses
scent the aroma of life

As the chill of fall sets into the bones, I find myself wishing for a good cup of coffee. And we're not talking instant Folgers.

Sure, Notre Dame has Allegro—but that's a coffee shop. And they don't play real "coffee" music. (You'll see what I mean later.) Saint Mary's has Dalloway's coffeehouse. They, at least, have live acoustic sets, poetry readings and different types of coffee.

But I miss my coffeehouses back in Santa Barbara, where the names are odd, the cafe lattes are foamy and the people are, well, strange.

Places like the Green Dragon, Expresso Roma's or Restia House attract art gurus, college students and time-warped types, who still want "let love rule."

If "The Great Gatsby" were written today, Daisy and Gatsby would frequent Kaldi's. That is the coffeehouse I worked at all summer. Kaldi's attracts real estate brokers, tourists and rich unknowns that want to keep it that way.

Coffee is an attitude they have down to an art. Working the early morning shifts, I always started the day with a double mocha and played some Ella Fitzgerald.

When the eight a.m. rush came through, Pearl Jam, Beastie Boys or Squeeze went into the tape player. Music is essential to a coffeehouse's setting.

At night, on the weekends, locals came in with their guitars and drew Guatemalan blankets on the floor and lit the room up.

Stereo blaring, my friend Sunny would yell orders over the song.

"Double capp to go — lots of foam," she'd holler.

I ordered a huge cup of coffee. When she wasn't jettling to New York, she was a regular who loved to gossip.

I'll order expresso with a little half and half," I heard over the din.

Conrad's favorite drink. That day, styling in an Italian suit, he had a big real estate deal.

The CEO of Paul Mitchell Products was looking for about twenty acres of oceanfront property. He wanted to build a new corporate getaway spot. Just another day of business.

Day in and day out, I worked with guys like Dave, a thirty-year-old Englishman; hungover one morning.

And Jesse, who sometimes worked and sometimes auditioned new music gigs for the day. Depending on his mood, he sometimes never showed up.

My friends and I took breaks as soon as everyone went home for dinner.

We'd sit out in Kaldi's courtyard, smoking Marlboros and having cappuccinos. "Red, Red Wine" played loudly from inside. Often we spoke about life, but during the summer it was dragging.

So, back in South Bend, I crave a tall, cappuccino.

And I wouldn't even mind a long summer's day.

By the way, tonight there will be ethnic poetry at the Poetry Cafe. And they attract real estate brokers, tourists and rich unknowns that want to keep it that way.

The views expressed in the Inside Column are those of the author and not necessarily those of The Observer.

INSIDE COLUMN
Nicole McGrath
SMC Sports Editor

TOP TEN
SUNNY
PT. CLOUDY
CLOUDY
FLURRIES
SHOWERS
HIGH LOW
SHOEMERS
RAIN
T-STORMS
FLORELLS
SNOW
ICE
SUNNY
PT. CLOUDY
CLOUDY

WEATHER REPORT
Forecast for noon, Wednesday, October 14

FORECAST
Mostly cloudy today with a 30 percent chance of showers. Highs around 70. Cooler Thursday with a 40 percent chance of rain.

IN YOUR AREA

BEFORE
NOW
TODAY
SUNNY 70 30
PT. CLOUDY 70 30
CLOUDY 65 30
FLURRIES 65 30
SHOWERS 65 30
HIGH LOW
SHOEMERS
RAIN
T-STORMS
FLORELLS
SNOW
ICE
SUNNY
PT. CLOUDY
CLOUDY

TODAY AT A GLANCE

WORLD
Pope supports Haitian bishops
- Dominican Republic—Pope John Paul II expressed support Tuesday for Haiti's conservative bishops, who have complained to the pontiff that a U.S.-backed hemispheric embargo has inflicted suffering. In a meeting with 20 Haitian bishops and lay people, the pope made no reference to ousted Haïtian president Jean-Bertrand Aristide, a radical priest whose grassroots Catholic movement often was in conflict with the church establishment. Aristide, Haiti's first democratically elected president, has repeatedly accused the Vatican of supporting the military government that ousted him on Sept. 31, 1991.

NATIONAL
Court declines suit against rock star
- Washington — The Supreme Court today refused to reinstate a pair of lawsuits that accused heavy metal rock star Ozzy Osbourne of inciting, through his music, the suicides of two Georgia teen-agers. The court, without comment, let stand rulings that said Osbourne's free-speech rights protect him against such legal action. Similar suits against Osbourne over suicides committed by youths in California and Nevada had failed previously.

Woman dies from pig liver transplant
- Los Angeles — A woman who received a pig liver to keep her alive died late Monday before surgeons could implant a human organ. Susan Fowler, 26, had been in critical condition since Sunday, when the pig liver was implanted next to her own during an eight-hour operation — the first pig-to-human liver transplant. The pig liver was considered a means of keeping her alive until a human organ could be found, not a permanent replacement for her own liver.

OF INTEREST

- Sports Dinner will be held from 4:45 p.m. to 6:45 p.m. in North and South Dining Halls today.
- An open Alcoholics Anonymous meeting will be at 6 p.m. in the Office of Drug and Alcohol Education, LaFortune Mezzanine.
- Congressman Tim Roemer will be speaking today at 7 p.m. in St. Mary's College's Center for Social Concerns.
- Auditions for Eastern Standard, a Lewis Hall production, will be held tonight at 7 p.m. in O'Shaughnessy, room 203A.
- WVFI presents Palace Laundry tonight between 7 p.m. and 9 p.m. The acoustical jam can be heard on 640 AM, WVFI.

MARKET UPDATE

YESTERDAY'S TRADING October 13

UNCHANGED
581

VOLUME IN SHARES
184,166,400

NYSE INDEX
+1.03 to 225.31

S&P COMPOSITE
+47.28 to 407.44

DOW JONES INDUSTRIALS
+27.01 to 2,201.42

GOLD
+11.20 to $345.20 an oz

SILVER
+0.025 to $5.752 an oz

MARKET UPDATE

ON THIS DAY IN HISTORY
- In 1666: Normans under William the Conqueror defeated the English at the Battle of Hastings.
- In 1944: German field marshal Erwin Rommel committed suicide rather than face trial and execution as a traitor to the Nazi regime.
- In 1947: U.S. Air Force Captain Charles "Chuck" Yeager became the first person to fly faster than the speed of sound.
- In 1960: The idea of a Peace Corps was first suggested by presidential candidate John F. Kennedy.
- In 1964: Civil rights leader Martin Luther King Jr. was named winner of the Nobel Peace Prize.
- In 1968: Holocaust survivor and human rights advocate Elie Wiesel was awarded the Nobel Peace Prize.
By BEVIN KOVALIK
News Writer

Lee Mayes, the producer of the movie "Rudy," informed the Hall Presidents' Council (HPC) last night that TriStar productions will film the main football scene of the movie during half-time of the November 8, Boston College game.

During the filming, the crowd will be needed to play the role of Rudy's fans and cheer him on as he suits up for his first game, according to Mayes. We need a large crowd of people to return November 9, to film the last play of the game since half-time is not long enough to shoot an entire scene, he said.

According to Owen Rice, di­rector of the extras casting, they still need twice as many men to register for extra roles. Anyone who is still interested can sign up anytime at the of­ fice trailers in the Holy Cross Annex.

"Filming a movie on campus is a lot of fun, but you will get tired of us," said Mayes. "Try to be patient with us since we will be here until early December." The price of the basketball ticket booklets has been lowered this year to $44 for eleven home games, according to Bill Schall, from ND Ticket Office.

Because we were able to drop the price to $4 per game, all seats, including the lower area will be the same price, he said.

The student seats have also been relocated to the area un­der the basket and near the team bench, he said. "Both the coaches and players like having the fans right near them," Schall said. "Without the stu­dents, football is not loud and fun." he said. "Students make it an event."

In other business, the Saint Mary's junior class will be sponsoring a lip sync contest on November 22, to benefit the YWCA, according to coordina­tor Valerie Hicks. The entry cost is $8 and both students and faculty are invited to regis­ter, she said.

Educators challenge Catholic universities

By BRIAN SEILER
News Writer

Two prominent spokespersons for educational problems have called on Catholic universities to do well to include the Catholic universities in this country to adapt to the secular world.

Elizabeth Kennan, president of Mount Holyoke College, and James Turner, Professor of History at the University of Michigan, recently spoke about the changing function of univer­sities in America, especially Catholic universities on Tues­day.

Kennan stressed that because the chaos of the Twentieth Century has torn the "Blush of innocence" away from the undergraduate experience, universities will "do well to in­vest their energies in reality."

The university, she said, as part of its attempt to deal with reality, should make an at­ttempt to "address the agony of our society." Among her sug­gestions were the stricter polic­ing of athletic policies and the reassessment of the distribution of financial aid monies.

Turner focused on how Catholic universities can com­bine religious belief with an increasingly secular world. He said the key to creating effective educational facilities, Catholic universities need to in­clude the poor in service projects, and avoid a "retreat into Catholic tradition."

Turner said that a successful Catholic University will ensure that the students, whether they are Catholic, or the other hand, or non-believers, will be involved in the "ongoing synergy between Christians and non-believers."

Columbus has been seen as a hero or greedy

By MEGAN BRUCHAS
News Writer

Christopher Columbus has now taken on two faces re­cently, said Jerry McElroy in a lecture at Saint Mary's Tuesday.

Columbus has been seen as a selfish, greedy individual who was out for profit, McElroy said.

Despite the fact that the tradition side of Columbus is still important to Americans.

"He is seen as taken an ar­riving voyager, who came across a surprise in his explor­ing," said McElroy. Today, after 500 years Americans are still trying to understand who Columbus is, said McElroy, who believes that Americans must continue to learn about his history.

In over two million works that have been written about Columbus the story seems to be the same with minor variations, McElroy said. Through his travels Columbus gave new definition of the world to Euro­peans, according to McElroy.

Since European countries were discovered by Columbus, the story has been changed, said McElroy, who believes that Columbus could have been discovered even if it was not Christopher Columbus, McElroy said, Columbus' voyage can be used to better un­derstand the cooperation different religions or non-believer­ers.

"He believes this is neces­sary in the solution to reduc­ing the "The story of Columbus has now taken on two faces re­cently, said Jerry McElroy in a lecture at Saint Mary's Tuesday.

Columbus has been seen as a selfish, greedy individual who was out for profit, McElroy said.

Despite the fact that the tradition side of Columbus is still important to Americans.

"He is seen as taken an ar­riving voyager, who came across a surprise in his explor­ing," said McElroy. Today, after 500 years Americans are still trying to understand who Columbus is, said McElroy, who believes that Americans must continue to learn about his history.

In over two million works that have been written about Columbus the story seems to be the same with minor variations, McElroy said. Through his travels Columbus gave new definition of the world to Euro­peans, according to McElroy.

Since European countries were discovered by Columbus, the story has been changed, said McElroy, who believes that Columbus could have been discovered even if it was not Christopher Columbus, McElroy said, Columbus' voyage can be used to better un­derstand the cooperation different religions or non-believer­ers.

"He believes this is neces­sary in the solution to reduc­ing the "The story of Columbus has now taken on two faces re­cently, said Jerry McElroy in a lecture at Saint Mary's Tuesday.

Columbus has been seen as a selfish, greedy individual who was out for profit, McElroy said.

Despite the fact that the tradition side of Columbus is still important to Americans.

"He is seen as taken an ar­riving voyager, who came across a surprise in his explor­ing," said McElroy. Today, after 500 years Americans are still trying to understand who Columbus is, said McElroy, who believes that Americans must continue to learn about his history.

In over two million works that have been written about Columbus the story seems to be the same with minor variations, McElroy said. Through his travels Columbus gave new definition of the world to Euro­peans, according to McElroy.

Since European countries were discovered by Columbus, the story has been changed, said McElroy, who believes that Columbus could have been discovered even if it was not Christopher Columbus, McElroy said, Columbus' voyage can be used to better un­derstand the cooperation different religions or non-believer­ers.

"He believes this is neces­sary in the solution to reduc­ing the "The story of Columbus has now taken on two faces re­cently, said Jerry McElroy in a lecture at Saint Mary's Tuesday.

Columbus has been seen as a selfish, greedy individual who was out for profit, McElroy said.

Despite the fact that the tradition side of Columbus is still important to Americans.

"He is seen as taken an ar­riving voyager, who came across a surprise in his explor­ing," said McElroy. Today, after 500 years Americans are still trying to understand who Columbus is, said McElroy, who believes that Americans must continue to learn about his history.

In over two million works that have been written about Columbus the story seems to be the same with minor variations, McElroy said. Through his travels Columbus gave new definition of the world to Euro­peans, according to McElroy.

Since European countries were discovered by Columbus, the story has been changed, said McElroy, who believes that Columbus could have been discovered even if it was not Christopher Columbus, McElroy said, Columbus' voyage can be used to better un­derstand the cooperation different religions or non-believer­ers.

"He believes this is neces­sary in the solution to reduc­ing the "The story of Columbus has now taken on two faces re­cently, said Jerry McElroy in a lecture at Saint Mary's Tuesday.

Columbus has been seen as a selfish, greedy individual who was out for profit, McElroy said.

Despite the fact that the tradition side of Columbus is still important to Americans.

"He is seen as taken an ar­riving voyager, who came across a surprise in his explor­ing," said McElroy. Today, after 500 years Americans are still trying to understand who Columbus is, said McElroy, who believes that Americans must continue to learn about his history.

In over two million works that have been written about Columbus the story seems to be the same with minor variations, McElroy said. Through his travels Columbus gave new definition of the world to Euro­peans, according to McElroy.

Since European countries were discovered by Columbus, the story has been changed, said McElroy, who believes that Columbus could have been discovered even if it was not Christopher Columbus, McElroy said, Columbus' voyage can be used to better un­derstand the cooperation different religions or non-believer­ers.

"He believes this is neces­sary in the solution to reduc­ing the "The story of Columbus has now taken on two faces re­cently, said Jerry McElroy in a lecture at Saint Mary's Tuesday.

Columbus has been seen as a selfish, greedy individual who was out for profit, McElroy said.

Despite the fact that the tradition side of Columbus is still important to Americans.

"He is seen as taken an ar­riving voyager, who came across a surprise in his explor­ing," said McElroy. Today, after 500 years Americans are still trying to understand who Columbus is, said McElroy, who believes that Americans must continue to learn about his history.

In over two million works that have been written about Columbus the story seems to be the same with minor variations, McElroy said. Through his travels Columbus gave new definition of the world to Euro­peans, according to McElroy.

Since European countries were discovered by Columbus, the story has been changed, said McElroy, who believes that Columbus could have been discovered even if it was not Christopher Columbus, McElroy said, Columbus' voyage can be used to better un­derstand the cooperation different religions or non-believer­ers.

"He believes this is neces­sary in the solution to reduc­ing the "The story of Columbus has now taken on two faces re­cently, said Jerry McElroy in a lecture at Saint Mary's Tuesday.

Columbus has been seen as a selfish, greedy individual who was out for profit, McElroy said.

Despite the fact that the tradition side of Columbus is still important to Americans.

"He is seen as taken an ar­riving voyager, who came across a surprise in his explor­ing," said McElroy. Today, after 500 years Americans are still trying to understand who Columbus is, said McElroy, who believes that Americans must continue to learn about his history.

In over two million works that have been written about Columbus the story seems to be the same with minor variations, McElroy said. Through his travels Columbus gave new definition of the world to Euro­peans, according to McElroy.

Since European countries were discovered by Columbus, the story has been changed, said McElroy, who believes that Columbus could have been discovered even if it was not Christopher Columbus, McElroy said, Columbus' voyage can be used to better un­derstand
Situations desperate in Sarajevo, according to U.N. official

YUGOSLAVIA (AP) — Serbian police were reportedly clashed with Albanian demonstrators in southern Kosovo province, the next potential hot spot of ethnic violence. What used to be Yugoslavia.

In Belgrade, the Serbian government, said the situation was "imperative" in the Bosnian capital. Cedric Thornberry said crews were trying to restore water and electricity before the onset of winter were coming under frequent gunfire. Fighting convulsed parts of Sarajevo, that people from Republika Srpska launched attacks on the western suburb of Stup, and mortar rounds targeted the neighborhood.

"Serbs have fled the city," Thornberry said. "They are now seeing the reason for the bombardment."consistent with cultural diversity. The University offers much more exposure for faculty and University officials on issues concerning cultural diversity. While it is true that they have made great progress but the task has still not been completed.

Diversity continued from page 1

tions given by the task force addressed topics such as the meaning of diversity, the role of the University, a large graduate program, the undergraduate support, and the identification of responsibility for cultural Diversity issues.
The University recognizes:
- more aggressive recruitment of minority students for the Overseas Program.
- two additional counselors in the Office of Career Center with an emphasis on sensitivity toward cultural diversity.
- an environment in resident halls which upholds cultural diversity values.
- opportunities for faculty and University officials on issues concerning cultural diversity.

We need to recognize that they have made great progress but the task has still not been completed.

Malloy continued from page 1

The candidates clashed once more on Thursday in Richmond, Va., and again next Monday in East Lansing, Mich.

The political impasse was clear for each of the three running mates: to boost the fortunes of his party, and to build a winning coalition in the race that has been a long time coming. The three-weeks left to run and shows Clinton with a double-digit lead in the polls.

Stockdale stressed his non-politician's status, and was stumped by his words periodically in a demonstration of his inexperience at political combat and perhaps his lesser familiarity with some of the issues.

"Don't expect me to use the language of Washington," he said, in his opening statement. "The centerpiece of my campaign is theotty War." He went on to describe leading the first bombing run over North Vietnam, being shot down and held as prisoner of war for seven years.

The candidates clashed briefly over the environment, the topic of the recent book by Gore.

"I read Sen. Gore's book," said Stockdale. "I don't see how he could possibly pay for his proposals for the environment, and a new economic climate," he said.

"The primary issue is how to strike a proper balance among the multi-faceted role of the University," he said.

"Faculty are also dedicated to scholarship and research through a sustained effort to improve the quality of their field," said Malloy. "The engangement of one's faculty and student needs colleague and faculty support to sustain and enhance the University, and for our proposed efforts."

"The University needs to examine composition size and project developments. "Notre Dame's research programs are engaged in undergraduate institutions with 75 percent of students being undergraduate," said Malloy.

"We do hope to enhance the quality of teaching and research and faculty needs and support," he said.

"We need to make sure all students receive a quality education," through mixed-class sizes and course content.

Debate continued from page 1

It is seen right now the reason this nation is in gridlock," adding that President Bush's support is in the fix in the system.

The candidates clashed once more on Thursday in Richmonds, Va., and again next Monday in East Lansing, Mich. The political impasse was clear for each of the three running mates: to boost the fortunes of his party, and to build a winning coalition in the race that has been a long time coming. The three-weeks left to run and shows Clinton with a double-digit lead in the polls.

Stockdale stressed his non-politician's status, and was stumped by his words periodically in a demonstration of his inexperience at political combat and perhaps his lesser familiarity with some of the issues. "Don't expect me to use the language of Washington," he said, in his opening statement. "The centerpiece of my campaign is theotty War." He went on to describe leading the first bombing run over North Vietnam, being shot down and held as prisoner of war for seven years.

The candidates clashed briefly over the environment, the topic of the recent book by Gore.

"I read Sen. Gore's book," said Stockdale. "I don't see how he could possibly pay for his proposals for the environment, and a new economic climate," he said.

Diversity continued from page 1

The candidates clashed once more on Thursday in Richmonds, Va., and again next Monday in East Lansing, Mich. The political impasse was clear for each of the three running mates: to boost the fortunes of his party, and to build a winning coalition in the race that has been a long time coming. The three-weeks left to run and shows Clinton with a double-digit lead in the polls.

Stockdale stressed his non-politician's status, and was stumped by his words periodically in a demonstration of his inexperience at political combat and perhaps his lesser familiarity with some of the issues. "Don't expect me to use the language of Washington," he said, in his opening statement. "The centerpiece of my campaign is theotty War." He went on to describe leading the first bombing run over North Vietnam, being shot down and held as prisoner of war for seven years.

The candidates clashed briefly over the environment, the topic of the recent book by Gore.

"I read Sen. Gore's book," said Stockdale. "I don't see how he could possibly pay for his proposals for the environment, and a new economic climate," he said.

Diversity continued from page 1

The candidates clashed once more on Thursday in Richmonds, Va., and again next Monday in East Lansing, Mich. The political impasse was clear for each of the three running mates: to boost the fortunes of his party, and to build a winning coalition in the race that has been a long time coming. The three-weeks left to run and shows Clinton with a double-digit lead in the polls.

Stockdale stressed his non-politician's status, and was stumped by his words periodically in a demonstration of his inexperience at political combat and perhaps his lesser familiarity with some of the issues. "Don't expect me to use the language of Washington," he said, in his opening statement. "The centerpiece of my campaign is theotty War." He went on to describe leading the first bombing run over North Vietnam, being shot down and held as prisoner of war for seven years.

The candidates clashed briefly over the environment, the topic of the recent book by Gore.

"I read Sen. Gore's book," said Stockdale. "I don't see how he could possibly pay for his proposals for the environment, and a new economic climate," he said.

"The primary issue is how to strike a proper balance among the multi-faceted role of the faculty," he said.

"Faculty are also dedicated to scholarship and research through a sustained effort to improve the quality of their field," said Malloy. "The engangement of one's faculty and student needs colleague and faculty support to sustain and enhance the University, and for our proposed efforts."

"The University needs to examine composition size and project developments. "Notre Dame's research programs are engaged in undergraduate institutions with 75 percent of students being undergraduate," said Malloy.

"We do hope to enhance the quality of teaching and research and faculty needs and support," he said.

"We need to make sure all students receive a quality education," through mixed-class sizes and course content.

"The primary issue is how to strike a proper balance among the multi-faceted role of the faculty," he said.

"Faculty are also dedicated to scholarship and research through a sustained effort to improve the quality of their field," said Malloy. "The engangement of one's faculty and student needs colleague and faculty support to sustain and enhance the University, and for our proposed efforts."

"The University needs to examine composition size and project developments. "Notre Dame's research programs are engaged in undergraduate institutions with 75 percent of students being undergraduate," said Malloy.

"We do hope to enhance the quality of teaching and research and faculty needs and support," he said.

"We need to make sure all students receive a quality education," through mixed-class sizes and course content.

"The primary issue is how to strike a proper balance among the multi-faceted role of the faculty," he said.

"Faculty are also dedicated to scholarship and research through a sustained effort to improve the quality of their field," said Malloy. "The engangement of one's faculty and student needs colleague and faculty support to sustain and enhance the University, and for our proposed efforts."

"The University needs to examine composition size and project developments. "Notre Dame's research programs are engaged in undergraduate institutions with 75 percent of students being undergraduate," said Malloy.

"We do hope to enhance the quality of teaching and research and faculty needs and support," he said.

"We need to make sure all students receive a quality education," through mixed-class sizes and course content.

"The primary issue is how to strike a proper balance among the multi-faceted role of the faculty," he said.

"Faculty are also dedicated to scholarship and research through a sustained effort to improve the quality of their field," said Malloy. "The engangement of one's faculty and student needs colleague and faculty support to sustain and enhance the University, and for our proposed efforts."

"The University needs to examine composition size and project developments. "Notre Dame's research programs are engaged in undergraduate institutions with 75 percent of students being undergraduate," said Malloy.

"We do hope to enhance the quality of teaching and research and faculty needs and support," he said.

"We need to make sure all students receive a quality education," through mixed-class sizes and course content.

"The primary issue is how to strike a proper balance among the multi-faceted role of the faculty," he said.

"Faculty are also dedicated to scholarship and research through a sustained effort to improve the quality of their field," said Malloy. "The engangement of one's faculty and student needs colleague and faculty support to sustain and enhance the University, and for our proposed efforts."

"The University needs to examine composition size and project developments. "Notre Dame's research programs are engaged in undergraduate institutions with 75 percent of students being undergraduate," said Malloy.

"We do hope to enhance the quality of teaching and research and faculty needs and support," he said.

"We need to make sure all students receive a quality education," through mixed-class sizes and course content.

"The primary issue is how to strike a proper balance among the multi-faceted role of the faculty," he said.

"Faculty are also dedicated to scholarship and research through a sustained effort to improve the quality of their field," said Malloy. "The engangement of one's faculty and student needs colleague and faculty support to sustain and enhance the University, and for our proposed efforts."

"The University needs to examine composition size and project developments. "Notre Dame's research programs are engaged in undergraduate institutions with 75 percent of students being undergraduate," said Malloy.

"We do hope to enhance the quality of teaching and research and faculty needs and support," he said.

"We need to make sure all students receive a quality education," through mixed-class sizes and course content.

"The primary issue is how to strike a proper balance among the multi-faceted role of the faculty," he said.

"Faculty are also dedicated to scholarship and research through a sustained effort to improve the quality of their field," said Malloy. "The engangement of one's faculty and student needs colleague and faculty support to sustain and enhance the University, and for our proposed efforts."

"The University needs to examine composition size and project developments. "Notre Dame's research programs are engaged in undergraduate institutions with 75 percent of students being undergraduate," said Malloy.

"We do hope to enhance the quality of teaching and research and faculty needs and support," he said.

"We need to make sure all students receive a quality education," through mixed-class sizes and course content.

"The primary issue is how to strike a proper balance among the multi-faceted role of the faculty," he said.
Pig liver transplant patient dies

LOS ANGELES (AP) — Surgeons who tried to save a dying woman by implanting a pig's liver defended the effort Tuesday until a human liver could be available.

The operation was a temporary measure to keep her alive from the surgeons who tried to save a dying woman.

"The operation was a temporary measure to keep her alive until a human liver could be available," said Dr. Arthur Caplan, director of the Biomedical Ethics Center at the University of Minnesota at Minneapolis.

"But the gap in biology between organs from a pig and a person at the present time is too large to morally justify subjecting any human being to a transplant of organs from a person," Caplan said in a telephone interview.

Makowka insisted that a pig liver is suitable as a temporary measure.

"I understand his concerns ... but Dr. Caplan hasn't had the benefit of years of research into transplanted pig livers, Makowka said.

Cedars-Sinai said Monday that the pig liver transplant was a world's first.

But a La Jolla surgeon, Dr. Gustavo Kuster, senior consultant on general surgery at Scripps Clinic and Research Foundation, said two such transplants done in 1972 were cited in a 1976 book by makowka.

"But the gap in biology between a pig and a person at the present time is too large to morally justify subjecting any human being to a transplant of organs from a pig," Caplan said in a telephone interview.

Makowka insisted that a pig liver is suitable as a temporary measure.

"I understand his concerns ... but Dr. Caplan hasn't had the benefit of years of research into transplanted pig livers, Makowka said.

Cedars-Sinai said Monday that the pig liver transplant was a world's first.

But a La Jolla surgeon, Dr. Gustavo Kuster, senior consultant on general surgery at Scripps Clinic and Research Foundation, said two such transplants done in 1972 were cited in a 1976 book by makowka.

"But the gap in biology between a pig and a person at the present time is too large to morally justify subjecting any human being to a transplant of organs from a pig," Caplan said in a telephone interview.

Makowka insisted that a pig liver is suitable as a temporary measure.

"I understand his concerns ... but Dr. Caplan hasn't had the benefit of years of research into transplanted pig livers, Makowka said.

Cedars-Sinai said Monday that the pig liver transplant was a world's first.

But a La Jolla surgeon, Dr. Gustavo Kuster, senior consultant on general surgery at Scripps Clinic and Research Foundation, said two such transplants done in 1972 were cited in a 1976 book by makowka.

"But the gap in biology between a pig and a person at the present time is too large to morally justify subjecting any human being to a transplant of organs from a pig," Caplan said in a telephone interview.

Makowka insisted that a pig liver is suitable as a temporary measure.

"I understand his concerns ... but Dr. Caplan hasn't had the benefit of years of research into transplanted pig livers, Makowka said.

Cedars-Sinai said Monday that the pig liver transplant was a world's first.

But a La Jolla surgeon, Dr. Gustavo Kuster, senior consultant on general surgery at Scripps Clinic and Research Foundation, said two such transplants done in 1972 were cited in a 1976 book by makowka.

"But the gap in biology between a pig and a person at the present time is too large to morally justify subjecting any human being to a transplant of organs from a pig," Caplan said in a telephone interview.

Makowka insisted that a pig liver is suitable as a temporary measure.

"I understand his concerns ... but Dr. Caplan hasn't had the benefit of years of research into transplanted pig livers, Makowka said.

Cedars-Sinai said Monday that the pig liver transplant was a world's first.

But a La Jolla surgeon, Dr. Gustavo Kuster, senior consultant on general surgery at Scripps Clinic and Research Foundation, said two such transplants done in 1972 were cited in a 1976 book by makowka.

"But the gap in biology between a pig and a person at the present time is too large to morally justify subjecting any human being to a transplant of organs from a pig," Caplan said in a telephone interview.

Makowka insisted that a pig liver is suitable as a temporary measure.

"I understand his concerns ... but Dr. Caplan hasn't had the benefit of years of research into transplanted pig livers, Makowka said.

Cedars-Sinai said Monday that the pig liver transplant was a world's first.

But a La Jolla surgeon, Dr. Gustavo Kuster, senior consultant on general surgery at Scripps Clinic and Research Foundation, said two such transplants done in 1972 were cited in a 1976 book by makowka.

"But the gap in biology between a pig and a person at the present time is too large to morally justify subjecting any human being to a transplant of organs from a pig," Caplan said in a telephone interview.

Makowka insisted that a pig liver is suitable as a temporary measure.

"I understand his concerns ... but Dr. Caplan hasn't had the benefit of years of research into transplanted pig livers, Makowka said.

Cedars-Sinai said Monday that the pig liver transplant was a world's first.

But a La Jolla surgeon, Dr. Gustavo Kuster, senior consultant on general surgery at Scripps Clinic and Research Foundation, said two such transplants done in 1972 were cited in a 1976 book by makowka.

"But the gap in biology between a pig and a person at the present time is too large to morally justify subjecting any human being to a transplant of organs from a pig," Caplan said in a telephone interview.

Makowka insisted that a pig liver is suitable as a temporary measure.

"I understand his concerns ... but Dr. Caplan hasn't had the benefit of years of research into transplanted pig livers, Makowka said.

Cedars-Sinai said Monday that the pig liver transplant was a world's first.
World leads way; Bush drag-feet

BY DOMINIC MANZO

This summer, representatives and heads of state from many nations around the globe met in Rio de Janeiro to debate and sign protocols and treaties on the environment at the United Nations Conference on Environment and Development. The conferences on Climate Change (COC), Agenda 21, The Biodiversity Convention (BDC), and The Forest Convention (FT) were the major developments of the Rio summit, but President Bush only signed weakened versions of the first two and baled at the prospect of signing the latter two. Initially there was hope for the summit and its outcomes, but apparently parochial, sophomoric approaches to the global environment, like Bush's, still dominate U.S. leadership and clearly leave us isolated in the world community.

The major international accord that was reached at the conference was Agenda 21, which calls for "integrated activities to reduce waste, improve energy efficiency, and promote sustainable economic development." Unfortunately the U.S. tarnished this treaty by demanding the removal of all promises of future action. The home country of the United Nations and the largest importer of environmental disaster from many nations around the globe continued to reject effective action on behalf of the environment as so many other nations begin to recognize the supreme importance of the environment as a whole.

"Agenda 21 represents a beginning to the process that will lead to a sustainable society. The commitment that is made toward the fulfillment of Agenda 21, the areas outside of the stadium fall under the jurisdiction of General Services and Support Services. But in even these areas, where fans dispose of trash from tailgate parties, most of what is collected cannot be recycled.

"Most of what we collect are paper products," according to William Thistlethwaite, director of General Services.

But the University, although it collects the aluminum cans recycled on campus for its own profits, does not bother to collect aluminum cans or other recyclable waste left over after football games. According to Thistlethwaite, scavengers comb the fields for all of the aluminum cans before they can be recovered by the cleaning crews. "We tried having boxes for aluminum in the past, but as fast as people put their cans in them they were taken out by scavengers," Thistlethwaite said.

But while most of the aluminum cans and plastic cups are being recycled or reused, glass and other paper products are not.

According to Maureen Brown of Recycling Ireland, Thistlethwaite, Mr. Prentkowski, says, "People are involved in recycling the trash produced at a football game is beyond the capabilities of Recycling Ireland.

"We are stretched to our limits now," she said. "We barely have enough volunteers working to collect from the terratories. And with other campus buildings wanting to recycle, we just couldn't handle it.

Until materials other than aluminum can be recycled for a profit, or until the cost of landfilling these materials exceeds the cost of separating and reusing them, any extensive recycling effort at Notre Dame on football weekends will remain unwarranted.

But according to Dave Young of WorldWatch Institute in Washington, D.C., what we need to focus on is redirection at the source. Young, as well as many other environmentalists, advocates a change in our consumption patterns.

"We can't keep consuming the way we do," Young said, "or in the end it will come back to haunt us.

In the meantime, patterns of trash disposal will continue to be determined by economic restrictions; which means that, until the technology exists to easily recycle all of the trash produced on a Notre Dame football weekend, the majority of it will continue to end up in the landfill.

Huddle to begin new poly recycling program

By KATHY RUTKOWSKI

Visitors to the Huddle recently have been welcomed by a sign reading "University Food Services Recycling Center - Coming Soon.

The purpose of the recycling center, according to Dave Prentkowski, director of Food Services, is to promote the recycling of polystyrene.

"Our overall goal," according to Prentkowski, will consist of two large categories - got them to various companies. They will be in place after Fall Break of this year.

According to Prentkowski, the program will take a while for the customers to get used to, but he is confident in its success. He pointed out that it took a year for students to adjust to using the recycling bins.

According to Prentkowski, the program is expected to result in a savings of about 50 percent in the amount of trash the University sends to the landfill. The savings will be used to offset the costs of the program.

The new program will be in place after Fall Break of this year.
**LETTERS TO THE EDITOR**

**The Observer shouldn’t ‘editorialize’ headlines**

**Dear Editor:**

I wish that The Observer would please try to refrain from editorializing in their headlines. In an arena where differences of several percentage points frequently determine the choice of whatever elected official, a 41 to 38 margin for Bill Clinton in The Observer’s latest poll must certainly be classified as a lead.

I doubt that any responsible journalist would have announced a tie on Monday morning had Notre Dame managed a 41-38 score against Stanford, and political reporting, some would venture to say, should be held to the same level of journalistic integrity as sports reporting.

Ben Schwartz
South Hall
Oct. 7, 1992

Editor’s note: The margin of error in the poll was 5 percent, causing ambiguity in determining a clear-cut winner with only a 3 percent difference.

---

**Clinton’s record exemplifies concern for mothers,children**

**Dear Editor:**

Arriving at Notre Dame, a Liberal Arts University, I was expecting to see diversity and open-mindedness towards issues. However, I was surprised to see how conservative and ignorant many of the students are in their thinking.

I was offended at the letter stating that Governor Bill Clinton cares nothing for mothers and their children. His appearance here at Notre Dame was a direct endorsement of his concern and care for the nation’s youth.

Taking the opportunity to speak to Notre Dame students, Clinton showed our generation that he is working for a change that will benefit the children of the nation.

His record as Governor of Arkansas exemplifies his concern for mothers and their children. He has revived the public education system in Arkansas and has put his state third, after Oklahoma and Kansas, in the organization and improvement of state economy.

Clearly, Governor Clinton has been, and is currently, working for the benefit of the nation’s families. Knowing this is just another reason to vote for Governor Clinton to be the next president of the United States.

* Michelle Di Re Pangborn Hall
Oct. 1, 1992

---

**Slanted calls make circus of game**

**Dear Editor:**

We are writing on behalf of the Siegfried Interhall Football Team in reference to Sunday night’s game against Farley. Siegfried lost the game 12-7 after an unbelievable series of blatantly biased calls by the RecSports referees.

We do not feel that we are being sore losers, but the outcome of the game was determined not by the players and their abilities but instead by the referees.

It may be easy to write off girls interhall football as insignificant and insignificant, but to the girls who spend hours practicing and playing it is anything but unimportant.

We simply ask to have impartial, informed referees who take their duties seriously. Anyone who watched what transpired on Sunday night would have laughed at the ludicrousness of the calls and penalties.

The controversy started in the second half when Siegfried was ahead 7-6 with two minutes left. It was third down, Farley had possession. A Siegfried player intercepted a pass and ran for a 30 yard gain before her flag was pulled.

Because of offsetting penalties, the referees decided the down would be replayed. At this point, the person holding the down-marker was told twice by the referee to change the marker back to the second down, drawing much protest from the Siegfried sideline.

After two more plays, and what should have been a change of possession, Farley called a time-out, before what in reality was a fifth down. Farley had already taken their two allowed timeouts for the second half.

Nevertheless, the referees allowed them to take a third. A Siegfried coach protested to the extra time-out. The defense lined up and play was about to resume when, after a long delay, a referee threw a flag.

After being asked by a fellow referee what it was for, he responded “I have something on the other coach. What do you want me to call?”

After discussing it, it was decided that the Siegfried coach’s protest, which was not vulgar or out-of-line, was unsportsmanlike conduct. Siegfried was penalized half the distance to the goal line and Farley was awarded a first down.

It should be noted that the Farley coach was being just as vocal as our coach, as well as being verbally abusive to the Siegfried sideline. Perhaps this went unnoticed by the referees because of their close connections with one of the Farley coaches.

This seems to be a conflict of interest. After this comical officiation, Farley scored the winning touchdown, with ten seconds left on the clock, on a controversial roll into the end-zone.

It was obvious that Farley’s victory was a direct result of the unfair officiation. We do not hold a grudge against Farley’s players; our major complaint is against paid referees, who obviously have little care for the integrity of the game as it should be played.

Any of these calls in singularity would not merit this response, but the accumulation of them in the last two minutes of the game is too blatant to go uncontested.

We realize that the game’s outcome will probably not be reversed, but we are compelled to alert the rest of the campus that RecSports, by using such referees, is defeating its own purpose of quality, non-varsity athletics. Our team feels like it came home from a circus instead of a football game.

Kate Willrouth
Rachel Mitchell
Siegfried Slammer Football Team
Oct. 7, 1992
Dear Editor:
I have just finished reading an article, "Notre Dame students protest Right to Life resolution," published in the Tuesday, April 6 edition of The Observer. I found the article so offensive that I am writing this letter to address an unfairness that it reflects.
My first concern is its heading, "Notre Dame students protest Right to Life resolution." As a Catholic student at Saint Mary's College, I was offended by Bill Clinton's recent speech at Notre Dame in which he alleged he would strengthen the Pro-Life Movement.
He recited the watchword of the United States Catholic Bishops, the "Catholics for Choice" letter, "Putting Children and Families First." However, I would not write the letter's substance. The Bishops oppose the Pro-Life Movement's promoting dependence. Regardless of the rhetoric, Clinton relies on the support of special interest groups who owe their existence to a steady flow of government money.
The more the point depend on government largesse the greater the damage to the family. The bishops noted that government dependence fosters loss of self-esteem and self-reliance. It splinters a family-based society by reducing respect for one community's and individual effort.
President Bush has dedicated himself to keeping taxes low so that we can afford to live without government aid. He has proposed a $500 increase in the per child tax exemption. He has addressed educational choice so that parents may send their children to their favorite public, private or parochial school.
He has initiated housing programs allowing public housing residents to purchase their homes and manage their properties.
And he opposes "value-free" sex education in our schools, in which children are taught no moral differences separate various sexual practices and all "safe" sex is OK.
Bill Clinton may like the title of the bishops' letter, but it is President Bush who is literally "Putting Children and Families First."—Katherine Walsh LeMans Hall Oct. 6, 1992

President Bush will put children, families first

Dear Editor:
President Bush has dedicated himself to keeping taxes low so that we can afford to live without government aid. He has proposed a $500 increase in the per child tax exemption. He has addressed educational choice so that parents may send their children to their favorite public, private or parochial school.
He has initiated housing programs allowing public housing residents to purchase their homes and manage their properties.
And he opposes "value-free" sex education in our schools, in which children are taught no moral differences separate various sexual practices and all "safe" sex is OK.

President Bush may like the title of the bishops' letter, but it is President Bush who is literally "Putting Children and Families First."—Katherine Walsh LeMans Hall Oct. 6, 1992

Abortion restrictions hurt women

Dear Editor:
In the Oct. 5, 1992 edition of The Observer, Theresa Aleman quoted Claire Johnson, a member of the Notre Dame Right to Life organization, as saying that "4,400 babies (are) killed daily."
Assuming that Johnson meant to say that 4,400 children born daily, can you imagine 4,400 unwanted children born daily? Legislation concerning elective abortions oppresses women and is anti-social, economically, and professionally.
Restricting abortions will cause women who are free to walk away from unplanned pregnancies, but women are impressed by the social stigma, financial burdens, and new groups on campuses of unplanned pregnancies, and of an unwanted child.
Not everyone faced with an unplanned pregnancy fits the image portrayed by the Arthur D. Little Foundation anti-abortion commercials plugging the television airwaves with happy, healthy toddlers in pretty school uniforms.
Consider the results of unwanted pregnancies of those who cannot afford to carry children, those who must use public assistance programs which will no longer air the Notre Dame Right to Life commercials. But please don't try and limit the right of O'Connor or others to speak as they choose. Surely you have more important things to do. If not, I might suggest reading the newspaper. Salzman's "The Satanics Verses" comes to mind.

Pam Smith
99 ND Law '92
Hermosa Beach, CA
Oct. 8, 1992

S.W.A.T. educates students on AIDS

Dear Editor:
I am writing to address Miguel Perez's letter (Observer, Oct. 5) regarding the University's role in educating students about HIV and AIDS.
Perez says that "The university must attempt to educate and protect the students" more than just saying "No."
I would like Perez and every other student to realize that the S.W.A.T. Foundation, a nonprofit group, named Students With AIDS (S.W.A.T.) who have begun the task of educating students.

So far, we have made presentations in two dorms and are beginning to schedule presentations in other dorms after fall break.
We will also come and speak to special interest groups or campus organizations if there is an interest. If you would like to schedule a presentation or if you have any questions regarding S.W.A.T., call Ruthann Hemberle, the group's advisor, at the Notre Dame Center (229-522).

The biggest problem that our group has encountered is the low turnout at dorm presentations.
I would like to strongly urge each and every dorm to watch for signs in your dorm and come to the presentations. Please remember that the subjects covered in these presentations are controversial and different between life and death.

Betty Chang
Off-campus Oct. 6, 1992
The year was 1972. Notre Dame—a one-time bastion of Catholic masculinity—became a co-educational institution.

People had talked about it for years and signs began to show in the early 1960s. A co-exchange program with Saint Mary's College was instituted in 1965, allowing students from both schools to sample academic offerings.

Plans for a merger with Saint Mary's looked promising. During the 1970-71 academic year, administrators from both institutions examined the possibilities. In May of 1971, the trustees of both schools gave the merger a green light. But something went awry in the fall of 1971. Financial problems seemed to hamper the merger, and the question of whether to institute a unified budget plagued members of the Notre Dame and Saint Mary's Inter-Institutional Team.

The logjams of the merger were also an issue, as administrators had trouble deciding which programs would be housed on which campus.

An official announcement terminating unification plans came Nov. 30, 1971. Officials from both schools cited financial and administrative problems as the chief obstacles to the merger.

The immediate reaction on both campuses was shock and anger. A group of 1,300 students, many from Saint Mary's, boycotted classes. Demonstrators from both schools worked to pressure the schools into changing their minds.

But the decision to halt the merger did not quench Notre Dame's interest in bringing women to campus, it merely changed the way they would be admitted.

Included in the termination statement was the University's decision to admit women in the fall of 1972. Officials said the move would make Notre Dame "more humanized" because "as all male institution is totally unrealistic. Notre Dame enrolled 365 females that year. 125 of them freshmen. Of the 365, 211 were transfers from Saint Mary's.

The presence of women at an historically all-male school brought immediate change to Notre Dame, both structurally and emotionally.

Walsh and Badin Halls were converted into women's residence halls at a cost of almost $150,000. Washing machines and dryers were installed. An ironing room was designated.

Full-length mirrors were placed in each of the newly-painted pastel rooms. Female security guards were hired and card-lock systems were implemented to protect the new students.

In the bookstore, feminine items were stocked for the first time. Even the infirmary was renovated to accommodate the new students, although requests to hire a gynecologist were denied.

Women at Notre Dame experienced more than a cultural shock. Their arrival coincided with the growth of the women's movement. Female students pressed for greater concern for women's issues and the need for equality among the sexes.

The integration process went relatively smoothly. By 1975, the undergraduate student body had a ratio of four men to every woman, up from 17:1 in 1972. In 1976, the first 125 women undergraduate received diplomas from Notre Dame.

Gradually, more residence halls were designated for women and a greater presence of women in academic and social settings was thought to have improved relations.

But the status of women at the University was still being examined in a critical light as the 1980s approached.

An April 1982 special anniversary section in The Observer, "Women at Notre Dame," looked into the progress made by co-education over 10 years.

Complaints that lack of social space inhibited relations between the sexes were prevalent, as were comments that students at Notre Dame were still unsure of how to interact.

Women were uncomfortable with the idea of asking men on dates, while male students fought to understand the concept of male-female friendships.

Segregation in the dining halls, at popular bars and in classrooms was still a norm, further stifling relations. Even in 1982, with an undergraduate population of almost 2,000 women, both sexes still suffered from tension, and often resentment.

"Before women were admitted, Notre Dame was known as a male bastion. Now, with women getting into the spotlight, competing in all areas, the men feel they have to be more macho," said Father John Van Wolvlear, then vice-president for Student Affairs.

Female students at Notre Dame struggled to break the mold and fight stereotypes. Beyond the problems on their own campus, the female minority continued to suffer from strained relations with women at Saint Mary's.

"It strikes me that there's this 'woman against woman' thing. It's about damn time we started pulling together," said 1982 Saint Mary's Student Body President Eileen Murphy.

Notre Dame females agreed. "People characterize the typical 'SMC chick' based on a minority and assume it fits all Saint Mary's students. And this is stereotypes continue," said one student.

Editor's note: This special section commemorates this year's 20th anniversary of co-education at Notre Dame. Because of Notre Dame's Sesquicentennial, the University will not officially commemorate this anniversary of co-education, but will instead celebrate its 25th anniversary, according to Dennis Moore, director of Public Relations and Information. In upcoming months, The Observer's Accent department will examine various issues relating to co-education. The editors extend special thanks to Charles Lamb and Jennifer Webber in University Archives, without whose help this section could not have been produced. All photos compliments of University Archives.

Section Staff:
Jahnelle Harrigan  Monica Yanti
Jeanne Blasi  Marguerite Schropp

This story originally appeared in an Observer Sesquicentennial special section March 20, 1992.
Notre Dame men react to big changes

By LAURIE SESSA
Assistant Accent Editor

To many Notre Dame men, it was long overdue. The decision for co-education was viewed as an inevitable occurrence by most men on campus during the 1960s. While they welcomed the idea, it was the little changes that made it hard to adjust to.

The process went pretty smoothly," Abowd said. "People were focused on the political and intellectual aspects of life like Vietnam. We weren't too focused on the changing social institution."

"The novelty aspect wore off pretty quickly," said Abowd.

Dating and the social life on campus did not change very much because of Notre Dame's past relationship with Saint Mary's, according to Abowd. "There were just the usual juvenile displays of affection," he said.

But structural changes caused inconveniences for many men.

Men living in Walsh and Badmin halls were forced to move when the two dorms were renovated to make room for the incoming women.

Gerald Lutkus, a 1974 Notre Dame graduate, lived in Badmin when the decision was made to convert to a women's dorm. He had to adjust to visiting his girlfriend in the dorm he used to live in when she moved into Badmin.

According to Lutkus, the transition was difficult because the residents of Badmin "were a close cohesive group and it was sad to see everyone split up."

There was some resentment from men who became separated from their friends, but many people saw the trouble as compromises that were "the price to pay for modernization," Abowd said.

Badin and Walsh underwent renovations totaling $150,000, including new paint, sinks, and medicine chests. But the women's request for hairdryers was denied.

"A lot of the guys got a chuckle about the renovations. So much of it was things that guys hadn't needed." — Gerald Lutkus

1974 ND graduate

Ten years later, the Park-Mayhew report was complete and in agreement with faculty groups. Park-Mayhew offered a comprehensive plan including board action, faculty, degrees, student life, and cooperation.

In spite of the plan's caution against "precipitous action," Notre Dame wished to merge immediately, causing Saint Mary's anxiety to surface again.

The two executive committees met again on March 21, 1971, where they agreed on a merger between the schools.

The Joint Statement on Unification was signed by both parties on May 14, 1971.

But no sooner had the decision been made when problems surfaced. The committee agreed that the "new identity" of the unification inevitably meant loss of identity for Saint Mary's as the College would be obsolete under the Dome except in name.

The public prominence for co-education soon went bad.

"A group of Notre Dame women soon told me that the first men's dorm was remaining separate. Also, Notre Dame said it would admit women the next fall, while preserving the six-year-old coeducational program with Saint Mary's."

The "two institutions still recognize unification as a goal to be achieved and hopefully to be achieved in the future," the press release said.

Some were pleased with the Trustees' decision.

"I felt there was a very real place for a small women's college in the American educational scheme," said Tony Black, chairman of Faculty
Women confront challenges of ND

BY JAHNELLE HARRIGAN
Accent Editor

The spotlight was on them when they came to Notre Dame in the fall of 1972.

"People tended to look at us as oddities. Some people were not thrilled that we had destroyed this male bastion of knowledge," said Rebecca Code, a 1976 Notre Dame graduate and member of the first freshman class to include women.

"People tended to look at us as oddities. Some people were not thrilled that we had destroyed this male bastion of knowledge."

—Patricia Willing, 1976 ND graduate

But in many cases, this did not occur.

"I think that a lot of people felt that guys wouldn't ask girls out because they thought that they already had dates. And then the girls would just sit at home. That was one misconception," said Code.

While social situations and stereotypes sometimes caused problems, the first Notre Dame women were strong in academic life.

"There weren't any women that had difficulty with the academics—Notre Dame made sure they were getting the cream of the crop," said Willing.

But it wasn't always easy.

"I had one teacher who used to say how much higher the women's score was than men's. That made things a little uncomfortable," said Willing.

And even when they were seen as equals, women faced challenges.

Willing was the only woman in her lifeguard class for physical education, and she felt she was unfairly treated as "one of the guys." "I had to pull a 180 pound man out of the water—it was really difficult," she said.

But beyond the many challenges, some had few problems moving into a previously all-male university.

"I didn't feel intimidated by going to a male school—I was more intimidated by Emil T. Hoffman's chemistry quizzes," said Code.

But not all transitions to co-education were smooth, the first women to attend the University sometimes faced opposition.

"We were forging ahead full-steam wasn't going to happen." Noyes, student body president. "We were so embroiled in the merger because we were look­ing at us as oddities."

"We were so embroiled in the merger because we were looking at us as oddities.

—Missy Under­

Women also faced opposition in social situations.

Willing remembers the first time she and a friend entered North Dining Hall for dinner. "There was dead silence," she said of the men's surprise at seeing the women.

"Part of the problem might be that so many people came from single-sex high schools and they weren't used to having the opposite sex in classes and other situations," Willing said.

A partials system kept men and women even more separate, and dating difficulties resulted.

"There were always complaints that the interaction (between men and women) wasn't very good," said Willing. "We once figured out that each woman at Notre Dame could have 42 dates each weekend because of the ratio of men to women."

I didn't feel intimidated by going to a male school—I was more intimidated by Emil T. Hoffman's chemistry quizzes.

—Rebecca Code, 1976 ND graduate

Saint Mary's student body presi­dent, Kathy Barlow, and Na­tional Public Radio did a 10 minute documentary on the sit­u­ation.

Not all responses to the Trustees were demanding, how­ever. Some students even pro­posed alternative solutions.

The Hall Presidents' Council suggested waiting for Saint Mary's to have a change of heart. A coordinator would be appointed to organize co-ed housing on both campuses as well as medical services, security departments, placement bureaus, admission offices, public relations, and development departments to name a few.

In spite of the sentiments in favor of co-education, termina­tion of the merger was made of­ficial on February 29, 1972.

"Morale was terrible," Mandell said of the Saint Mary's community. "There was a deflated image of Saint Mary's students and their abilities. They tended to think of themselves as second class citizens," she said.

A lack of credibility in the ad­ministration caused a complete turnover and the 1972-73 classes were led by a new presi­dent and dean, according to Mandell. The administration of President Jack Dugan brought changes in the Saint Mary's cur­riculum, reestablishment of the nursing program, and financial solvency.

"We did not fail apart," Man­dell said. "Saint Mary's got stable about three years later."

Twenty years after the merger fell through, O'Flynn still feels that Saint Mary's made the cor­rect decision in remaining inde­pendent. "The whole world is turning to women for leader­ship—we have a gorgeous op­portunity to provide that," she said. "I think if you have a prod­uct that's been a success for 150 years, you really have something to sell."

But many faculty and students protested the discontinued merger.

Saint Mary's English professor Elizabeth Noel was dissatisfied with the decision, but she emphasized that there was no single prevailing attitude among faculty. "It seemed to me that if Notre Dame went co-ed, which it undoubtedly would, that Saint Mary's would suffer. And it did. They creamed the top off our student body."

"I'm not sure that Saint Mary's has ever regained the kind of status that we had before the merger," she said.

Saint Mary's student reaction included petitions demanding both schools to continue merger negotiations in 1972 and for equal student representation on trustees' decision-making committees, according to a South Bend Tribune article on Dec. 10, 1971.

Legal action was taken. An at­orney was hired by Saint Mary's Student Government for misrepresentation in Saint Mary's brochures sent out to freshmen promising "students at the university, meeting the same requirements, having the same classes, and earning the same degrees."

Students boycotted classes and an assembly was held in O'Laughlin Auditorium on Dec. 1, 1971, to allow the Board of Trustees and administration to appear before the firing squad of angry students.

"I remember being unable to take a couple of finals because we were so embroiled in the protests. It was really very emo­tion­al," said Noyes, recalling the event even captured na­tional media attention. NRB and CBS news interviewed 1971

education

scenes....

leaving ND to go it alone

or conducted by Professor Paul Rathburn in one of the earliest co-educational classes in the mid-1970s.

It sexism to adjust to the changes at the University.


"We were all in favor of the merger because we were looking at getting Notre Dame degrees and the prestige of a large university," said Missy Under­man Noyes, Saint Mary's 1972 student body president. "We were forging ahead full-steam with plans, never dreaming it wasn't going to happen."

Noyes, who now sells real estate in Philadelphia, had been on a committee to change the hand­books and bylaws to accommo­date the changes.

But many faculty and students
By JONATHAN JENSEN
Sports Writer

With the arrival of women at Notre Dame in 1972 came the advent of women's athletics, one that just 20 years later boasts national rankings, post-season berths and envy among competitors.

"It's been a long and arduous process," noted Notre Dame Assistant Athletic Director Lilian Boulié. "To say you're going to create an emotional power oversight, that just doesn't happen. A lot of things have to fall your way.

And they have, since the first women's athletic organization—a fencing club of Saint Mary's students and ND faculty daughters—began in 1970. The club was organized by Mike DeCicco, now in his 32nd year coaching fencing at Notre Dame. DeCicco was later approached by then Executive Vice President Father Edmund Joyce about expanding the opportunities for females in athletics.

"(Joyce) wanted to make athletics available to (women) even before we had the facilities," said DeCicco — noting that his current office was probably the first women's locker room on campus.

Joyce nearly doubled the fencing program's budget, expressly to outfit the new women's fencing program. He knew to make sure that women were given top equipment. He didn't care how much it cost, he wanted it to get done," DeCicco said.

1972: Notre Dame made fencing the first women's varsity sport. Field hockey would follow.

"That (fencing and field hockey) was the advent of women's athletics," said Boulié, who was an assistant football coach at the time. "It was non-scholarship activities based on interest. That's how it started to make some roads."

Basketball, tennis, and volleyball were soon introduced, and the women's athletic program became a small, but spirited addition to the Notre Dame campus.

Getting there

The spirit that in 1978 drew an intelligent and athletic 18-year-old basketball player from Buffalo to Notre Dame today is the highest ranking woman in the Athletic Department—Associate Athletic Director Missy Conboy.

Conboy captives the Irish in her senior season, leading the team to a 17-9 record in their fifth year of competition. She remembers well Notre Dame's modest beginnings.

"When I came along in 1978, there were no scholarships available for women in any program," she recalls Conboy. "But the programs continued to grow. Women's basketball had 12 scholarships by 1986 and gained North Star Conference affiliation in 1983. Before we had a conference affiliation everybody liked to schedule Notre Dame, everybody liked to beat Notre Dame, and back then we weren't particularly difficult to beat," Conboy said.

Just four years later, in 1987, coaches were given the conviction to women's athletics can't be ignored.

"Creating a strong and legitimate interest in women's sports was not easy," said Boulié. "We can measure the interest in women's sports and we can observe it with intramural play and the activity of women on campus. We've tried to respond to the genuine and legitimate interests of the student body. He didn't care how much it cost, he wanted it to get done."

"Starting from scratch

Our first year, a major challenge was starting the women's athletic programs from scratch," Boulié said. "The women's athletic program has grown and matured, and we're now in our fifth year of existence.

When the program was started in 1978, women's athletics was non-scholarship athletics in the beginning," noted Boulié. "We won 1988-89 MCC Coach-of-the-Year and the women's basketball program was named Notre Dame's first season of women's sports was in 1978, and has had three national championships programs at Notre Dame.

Women's softball won two-sport national titles as Rosenthal increased the program's schol­ arships and recruiting budgets.

"All the credit has to go to the girls because without their work ethic and ability it would not have grown as quickly as it did," said Boulié, who since has handed coaching duties to Liz Miller.

"I think the (financial) aid today is much greater than it was when we started, and we have a good group of kids on the softball team that could play with anyone in the country."

Performance pays off

The increases in financial aid available for female athletes has allowed Notre Dame to recruit the highest caliber athletes, leading to nationally ranked teams.

Fencing: Women's fencing has been the most successful of the women's sports at Notre Dame, finishing in the top three in the nation six times, including a national championship in 1987. The program has produced arguably the greatest female athlete in Notre Dame's history.

"I was first attracted mainly to women's sports, which thus be a lot easier to attract the top athletes."

A Rocky Road

But Notre Dame's success has not come without controversy. Some say that increased spending on the women's athletics programs has come at the expense of the men's programs.

"There was a sentiment followed her during an undergraduates career which saw 12 scholarships awarded to the women's basketball team."

"There was some negative backlash in that a lot of people perceived that the hockey program was cut at that point in order to make way for women's sports," she said.

The times have changed, at least for Conboy and her colleagues in the athletic department.

"The way we've approached it in recent years is we'll try hard to make sure we increase revenue so that we have enough to pay for growing men's programs and growing women's programs."

Field hockey became one of Notre Dame's most modest beginnings. "All the credit has to go to the women's basketball program for the success of the program," Boulié said.

"Women's basketball was the first thing we did, and we've been successful ever since."

A women's interhall football team poses for a team photo. With co-education came the slow, but steady development of women's athletics at the University.

But observers can't help but remember last year's abrupt cutting of the wrestling team to devote more funds to women's athletics—a decision that stirred emotion on campus.

The athletic department maintained that the decision was necessitated by the Title IX decision which requires athletic programs to promote gender equity in athletics.

"We didn't have the wrestling program here before it came into the equation in 1988, although the program has a staggering 92 scholarships."

"The success of the Irish football program means stepping up the commitment to women's sports, which thus puts other men's sports—like wrestling—at risk for funding cuts."

Women now number 39 percent of the Notre Dame student body, and the rise of women's athletics at a once all-male institution is a story in itself.

"The way in which they've taken off has absolutely amazed us. These programs have all just taken their place along with all of the other great traditions we have had here for a number of years," he added.

"Creating a strong and legitimate interest in women's sports was not easy," said Boulié. "We can measure the interest in women's sports and we can observe it with intramural play and the activity of women on campus. We've tried to respond to the genuine and legitimate interests of the student body."

"Creating a strong and legitimate interest in women's sports was not easy," said Boulié. "We can measure the interest in women's sports and we can observe it with intramural play and the activity of women on campus. We've tried to respond to the genuine and legitimate interests of the student body."

"Creating a strong and legitimate interest in women's sports was not easy," said Boulié. "We can measure the interest in women's sports and we can observe it with intramural play and the activity of women on campus. We've tried to respond to the genuine and legitimate interests of the student body."

"Creating a strong and legitimate interest in women's sports was not easy," said Boulié. "We can measure the interest in women's sports and we can observe it with intramural play and the activity of women on campus. We've tried to respond to the genuine and legitimate interests of the student body."

"Creating a strong and legitimate interest in women's sports was not easy," said Boulié. "We can measure the interest in women's sports and we can observe it with intramural play and the activity of women on campus. We've tried to respond to the genuine and legitimate interests of the student body."

"Creating a strong and legitimate interest in women's sports was not easy," said Boulié. "We can measure the interest in women's sports and we can observe it with intramural play and the activity of women on campus. We've tried to respond to the genuine and legitimate interests of the student body."

"Creating a strong and legitimate interest in women's sports was not easy," said Boulié. "We can measure the interest in women's sports and we can observe it with intramural play and the activity of women on campus. We've tried to respond to the genuine and legitimate interests of the student body."

"Creating a strong and legitimate interest in women's sports was not easy," said Boulié. "We can measure the interest in women's sports and we can observe it with intramural play and the activity of women on campus. We've tried to respond to the genuine and legitimate interests of the student body."

"Creating a strong and legitimate interest in women's sports was not easy," said Boulié. "We can measure the interest in women's sports and we can observe it with intramural play and the activity of women on campus. We've tried to respond to the genuine and legitimate interests of the student body."

"Creating a strong and legitimate interest in women's sports was not easy," said Boulié. "We can measure the interest in women's sports and we can observe it with intramural play and the activity of women on campus. We've tried to respond to the genuine and legitimate interests of the student body."

"Creating a strong and legitimate interest in women's sports was not easy," said Boulié. "We can measure the interest in women's sports and we can observe it with intramural play and the activity of women on campus. We've tried to respond to the genuine and legitimate interests of the student body."

"Creating a strong and legitimate interest in women's sports was not easy," said Boulié. "We can measure the interest in women's sports and we can observe it with intramural play and the activity of women on campus. We've tried to respond to the genuine and legitimate interests of the student body."

"Creating a strong and legitimate interest in women's sports was not easy," said Boulié. "We can measure the interest in women's sports and we can observe it with intramural play and the activity of women on campus. We've tried to respond to the genuine and legitimate interests of the student body."

"Creating a strong and legitimate interest in women's sports was not easy," said Boulié. "We can measure the interest in women's sports and we can observe it with intramural play and the activity of women on campus. We've tried to respond to the genuine and legitimate interests of the student body."

"Creating a strong and legitimate interest in women's sports was not easy," said Boulié. "We can measure the interest in women's sports and we can observe it with intramural play and the activity of women on campus. We've tried to respond to the genuine and legitimate interests of the student body."

"Creating a strong and legitimate interest in women's sports was not easy," said Boulié. "We can measure the interest in women's sports and we can observe it with intramural play and the activity of women on campus. We've tried to respond to the genuine and legitimate interests of the student body."

"Creating a strong and legitimate interest in women's sports was not easy," said Boulié. "We can measure the interest in women's sports and we can observe it with intramural play and the activity of women on campus. We've tried to respond to the genuine and legitimate interests of the student body."

"Creating a strong and legitimate interest in women's sports was not easy," said Boulié. "We can measure the interest in women's sports and we can observe it with intramural play and the activity of women on campus. We've tried to respond to the genuine and legitimate interests of the student body.
into the deep

Scuba lessons offered to students in St. Joe's Lake

By JIM VOLG
Accent Writer

S cuba diving in South Bend! Sounds about as appropriate as ice fishing in the Bahamas.

Our Notre Dame's Recreations makes this tropical paradise possible available to students amid the confines of the Midwest's hum-drum locales.

The seven-week program, conducted by the YMCA and held at the Rockne's classroom and chlorinated, olympic-sized pool, students get the opportunity to explore the campus' micro-biological aquarium, St. Joseph's Lake. The current scuba class will undergo four open water dives there between Oct. 31 and Nov. 1 before becoming lifetime certified divers.

Picture yourself plunging into the murky, murky mosh-mosh on a brisk late-autumn morning. Like some sort of deranged dream, you'll explore the depths of this body of water which, although located amid the confines of the Rockne's classroom and chlorinated, olympic-sized pool, students get the opportunity to explore the campus' micro-biological aquarium, St. Joseph's Lake. The current scuba class will undergo four open water dives there between Oct. 31 and Nov. 1 before becoming lifetime certified divers.

"People who learn in the Midwest usually better divers. They learn to handle the cold water and low visibility," explained Tiser.

Still, the vast majority of Tiser's students learn scuba skills for use in resort diving, photography, advanced diving, rescue, dive master, instructor certifications. They can also explore the petrified forest, the savannah, the kelp forest, the canyons, the thermocline, the mangroves, the coral reefs, the hot springs, the cold water, and the cold water. They can also explore the petrified forest, the savannah, the kelp forest, the canyons, the thermocline, the mangroves, the coral reefs, the hot springs, the cold water, and the cold water. They can also explore the petrified forest, the savannah, the kelp forest, the canyons, the thermocline, the mangroves, the coral reefs, the hot springs, the cold water, and the cold water.

"The skills you can learn don't stop at underwater level," urges Tiser.

"Especially at Notre Dame, we get a lot of people from foreign countries-Puerto Rico, Japan, Mexico, France, Spain, Germany, Russia-where they have the opportunity to dive but they don't know how," said Tiser.

Other students enroll in the class in preparation for Spring Break trips to places like Florida, the Bahamas, Mexico and Hawaii. In fact, Tiser's company also acts as a travel agency, booking scuba trips that include airfare, lodging, and plenty of diving.

"The Notre Dame program handles between 15 to 40 students who meet certain restrictions. 'You don't have to be a great swimmer, but you can't be afraid of the water," said Tiser, who requires a 300-yard swim with no time limit, a 50-foot underwater swim and a 15-minute tread.

Tiser's staff includes 12 instructors who offer personal attention on technical abilities such as equipment and safety.

Two Notre Dame faculty members, photography professor Richard Gray and biology professor Bill Archer, add artistic and scientific flair to the students' underwater experiences as assistant instructors.

"Diving is only a launching pad for other specialized scuba skills. Gray had a reef ecology course in Jamaica which he said, 'added a new dimension to this class (which he took three years ago).'' He also experiments in underwater photography and plans to integrate it into some of his future works. He and Archer give students an idea of what to expect under the water, with information about marine biology and other scientific features.

"The skills you can learn don't stop at underwater level," urges Tiser. "Other operations include advanced diving, rescue, dive master, recreational diving, photography, deep-diving, underwater life, and plenty of diving and navigational diving.

"There are many directions you can go," emphasized Tiser.

"But for divers under the Dome, it all begins at the buck-toothed... or St. Joseph's Lake.

Award winning 'Lend me a Tenor' showcased at Saint Mary's College

By MARY MURPHY
Accent Writer

The latest Broadway smash to hit the stage at Saint Mary's is none other than the Tony Award winning "Lend Me A Tenor." This popular comedy comes to O'Laughlin Auditorium, Wednesday, October 14 at 8 p.m.

The play stars Burton Farber as Titus Morelli, an Italian opera singer; Michael Garziano as Max, an aspiring singer and assistant to the producer and Max's girlfriend. The setting is Cleveland, 1934 and the story takes place around the Cleveland Opera's production of "Otello." The play is staged in a hotel suite over the course of a day. The comedy begins when Titus, the star of "Otello," is caught up in a love affair with Blumenthal as Maggie, daughter of the producer and Max's girlfriend.

"The setting is Cleveland, 1934 and the story takes place around the Cleveland Opera's production of "Otello." The play is staged in a hotel suite over the course of a day. The comedy begins when Titus, the star of "Otello," is caught up in a love affair with Blumenthal as Maggie, daughter of the producer and Max's girlfriend. The setting is Cleveland, 1934 and the story takes place around the Cleveland Opera's production of "Otello." The play is staged in a hotel suite over the course of a day. The comedy begins when Titus, the star of "Otello," is caught up in a love affair with Blumenthal as Maggie, daughter of the producer and Max's girlfriend. The setting is Cleveland, 1934 and the story takes place around the Cleveland Opera's production of "Otello." The play is staged in a hotel suite over the course of a day. The comedy begins when Titus, the star of "Otello," is caught up in a love affair with Blumenthal as Maggie, daughter of the producer and Max's girlfriend.

Written by playwright Ken Ludwig, the comedy won two Tony Awards, four Drama Desk Awards, and three Outer Critics Circle Awards.

Tickets are available at the box office of O'Laughlin Auditorium, Monday through Friday from 10 a.m. to 4 p.m. Tickets are $14 for adults, $12 for senior citizens and Notre Dame students, and $6 for Saint Mary's students, faculty, and staff.
Laettner close to a deal

MINNEAPOLIS (AP) — Christian Laettner is close to signing a six-year contract with the Minnesota Timberwolves, negotiators on both sides said Tuesday.

“There are reports that we’re all done that I wish were true,” Timberwolves president Bob Stein said. “We’re getting close, but until the deal is finalized, you never know.”

Said Laettner’s agent, Arn Tellem: “We’re very close but it’s not a done deal yet.”

Laettner, the third-overall pick in the 1992 NBA draft, couldn’t be reached for comment.

The Timberwolves, who began workouts last Friday, wrapped up the first part of training camp Wednesday morning at St. Cloud State. They then return to Minneapolis before leaving for Thursday night’s preseason opener against the New Jersey Nets at Grand Forks, N.D.

“I hope that we can get him here in time for him to play in our first game,” Stein said.

“Assuming everything moves ahead, he can be there,” Tellem said. “But there are still some issues that are unresolved. That’s the problem. It definitely isn’t a done deal.”

A source close to the Timberwolves said a formal press conference would confirm reports that Laettner’s six-year deal would be worth between $20 million and $22 million.

If Laettner signs, he’ll become the third of the six NBA draft choices with contracts. No. 1 Shaquille O’Neal agreed to a $105 million deal, No. 2 Chris Webber got a seven-year, $90 million deal with Orlando in August, and No. 3 Laphonso Els- lonian signed a five-year contract for $13 million with Denver last week.

The 6-foot-11 Laettner led Duke to national champion-

ships as a junior and senior. He averaged 16.6 points as a four-year starter for the Blue Devils and 21.5 points as a senior.

Toronto’s three-man rotation looks shaky

TORONTO (AP) — It’s a prob-
lem that pops up every post-
season. When making pitching plans, do you use a three-man rotation or four?

The Toronto Blue Jays chose three for the AL playoffs, and went with Jack Morris, David Cone and Juan Guzman. The first time around, it looked pretty good.

But now, after watching Morris and Cone get pounded in their second turns, the decision seems clear.

“I wouldn’t want to use it as an excuse at this point,” said Cone, who had not started on three days’ rest all season. “It’s a valid question and something to speculate on. You can use it as a factor, not as an excuse.

“My arm felt different out there, but it feels different every day,” he said. “That’s the starting pitcher’s dilemma and he has to deal with it.

The Blue Jays went with a four-man rotation of Dave Stewart, Mike Moore, Ron Dar-
ling and Bob Welch. Working with the usual four days’ rest, they’ve all pitched pretty well, with the best effort being Stewart’s complete-game victory in Game 5 Monday night.

Stewart, given one more day to rest than his Toronto oppo-

nents, kept the Athletics alive in the series. Oakland trails 3-2 going into Game 6 Wednesday. Guzman is scheduled to start on three days’ rest. Moore will be back with four days between starts.

“I always have my good stuff,” Guzman said. “I could pitch on two days’ rest. It’s no problem.”

That’s what the Blue Jays thought about Morris and Cone, too.

Morris did it with no trouble last October, winning twice for Minnesota against Toronto in the playoffs and going on to be-

come the World Series MVP.

This year, he pitched on three days’ rest only once during the regular season, doing it in late September and earning his 20th victory.

Morris went nine innings in Game 1 of these playoffs, gave up six hits and got his team a chance to win. He allowed three homers and absorbed a 4-3 loss.

But in Game 4, he was out of it right away. He lasted just two innings, giving up five runs on five hits and five walks in only 3 1-3 innings, and looked to have wound up with a no-decision.

Morris has won his last seven decisions on three days’ rest. Cone was 6-2 with a 1.74 ERA on three days until Monday’s debacle.

Cone, who shut out Oakland for eight innings in Game 2, was ripped for five runs on six hits and five walks in only 3 1-3 innings, and looked to have wound up with a no-decision.

“Both guys coming back didn’t pitch as good,” said Jimmy Key, who was bumped from Toronto’s rotation. “It’s something management is go-
ing to have to look at.

Blue Jays manager Cito Gasic-
on admitted he was worried about the sudden turnaround in his starters, although there’s not a lot he can do about it now. He has no option but to start Todd Stottlemyre in place of Guzman.

“I wish I knew why,” he said. “If I did, I’d do something about it. I can’t really answer that.”

Pirates

continued from page 16

July 14 in San Diego. And Glavine was just as awful as he was in the All-Star game.

Glavine allowed seven straight hits in that one, and what prevented that from occurring again was Atlanta’s spring training-like defense.In all, the Pirates recorded-
tying eight hits, Atlanta had an on-field error and a mental one, and Glavine had a nightmare.

What do you want to do with your Christmas money?

Aspen/Snowmass, CO.

Jan 2 - 10, 1993

Sponsored by ND Ski Team

$425.00

Questions Call Chris Boone

273-2958

Armando's Barber & Hair Style Shop

1639 Edison Road

South Bend, IN 46637

Walking Distance from Campus

Across from the Linebacker

Appointments Encouraged

Walk-ins taken on a 1st come, 1st serve basis

Armando's

PHONE: 277-8615

Armando's Barber & Hair Style Shop

OPEN AUDITIONS!!!

FOR THE

ST. ED'S PRODUCTION OF

Out of the Frying Pan

(A COMEDY IN THREE ACTS)

will be held this coming

Tuesday and Wednesday (Oct. 13 & 14)

from 9-11 pm

in Room 123 Nieuwland

No preparation necessary!!
Flanner, Zahm stay on top in IH football

By TIMOTHY SEYMOUR
Sports Writer

With only one week remaining in the regular season, last weekend's interhall football contests were especially important for teams on the brink of finishing in the top four of their division and thereby advancing into the playoffs.

The first place team in each division stayed on top, as Zahm improved 4-0 to lead the Blue division, and Flanner stayed unbeaten 3-0 to lead the Gold division.

In playoff position behind Zahm in the Blue division are Cavanaugh (3-0), Alumni (2-1), and Carroll (2-2). The Gold division is just as tight at the top, as both off-campus (3-1) and Keenan (3-1) trail by just a half game, while Stanford (1-2) and Dillon (1-2) will battle Wednesday night for the final spot.

Alumni 14, Sorin 11
After losing its first game, Alumni has come roaring back in recent weeks, improving to 2-1 after edging Sorin (1-3). Sorin drew first blood in the contest, booting a 40-yard field goal after intercepting a pass and returning it to midfield. Cavanaugh's defense was the star of the game, allowing Alumni just 14 points in the game. In the second half, Alumni put the game out of reach, scoring a safety, giving Alumni a 14-0 lead going into the fourth quarter. Alumni's defense continued to dominate in the second half, preventing any movement on the scoreboard. Alumni won this game with a spectacular punt return for a touchdown, setting up a 14-0 lead for the game's final margin.

Zahm 14, St. Ed's 0
Zahm continued its domination of Blue division competition, blanking St. Ed's (0-3). Zahm receiver Pete Couri proved to be the star of the game, connecting with Dan Morrison for the first touchdown. The game was marked by a brawl that saw both benches clear, forcing the officials to stop the game before it reached the first quarter.

Cavanaugh 7, Carroll 0
Cavanaugh stayed undefeated by dropping Carroll (2-2), allowing for the possibility that a win this week would vault them into a tie with Zahm for first place in the Blue division. Cavanaugh's defense was the main factor behind the victory, as they held Carroll's dangerous quarterback Jon Oleksyk scoreless with crucial stops at the goal line. The game's only points came on a spectacular punt return for a touchdown, providing the game's final margin.

Flanner 6, Morrissey 0
Flanner stayed undefeated and dropped Morrissey (1-3) out of playoff contention in a game that Flanner captain Bernie Keller called "exciting if you like defensive football." The game was marked by an interception by Flanner's defensive back Nick Preservati, which he returned for a touchdown, giving Flanner a 6-0 lead going into the second half. Flanner won this game with a spectacular punt return for a touchdown, setting up a 6-0 lead for the game's final margin.

Keenan 0, Grace 14
The Keenan defense blanked Grace for its third straight shutout, keeping pace with OC in the Gold division. Hich Toothy was the key to anchoring the Keenan defense, as he intercepted a pass and returned it to midfield. Keenan's offense was led by quarterback Jon Oleksyk, who threw for three touchdowns, giving Keenan a 14-0 lead going into the second half. Keenan won this game with a spectacular punt return for a touchdown, setting up a 14-0 lead for the game's final margin.

But Monk's toughness and durability have marked his 13-year career the same way those same drives by Keenan's offense were marked by a sack just as the game's final margin. Keenan's defense was the star of the game, allowing Alumni just 14 points in the game. In the second half, Alumni put the game out of reach, scoring a safety, giving Alumni a 14-0 lead going into the fourth quarter. Alumni's defense continued to dominate in the second half, preventing any movement on the scoreboard. Alumni won this game with a spectacular punt return for a touchdown, setting up a 14-0 lead for the game's final margin.

In the end, Alumni emerged victorious, winning by a score of 14-0. Alumni's defense continued to dominate in the second half, preventing any movement on the scoreboard. Alumni won this game with a spectacular punt return for a touchdown, setting up a 14-0 lead for the game's final margin.

John P. O'Malley
Sales Representative
New Memberships or Transfers
Auto & Property Insurance
800-932-0528
John P. O'Malley

Cashier's Office
106 Administration Bldg.
Is now open
9 a.m.—4:30 p.m.

John P. O'Malley
Sales Representative
New Memberships or Transfers
Auto & Property Insurance
800-932-0528
John P. O'Malley
By DAN PIER
Sports Writer

Notre Dame head volleyball coach Debbie Brown often takes pride in the fact that her team does what it takes to win. Matches like last night's victory over Bowling Green State, however, is not quite what Brown hopes for when she uses that terminology. The Irish struggled all night and prevailed only after facing four Falcon match points, 15-10, 9-15, 15-8, 11-15, 18-16.

"I don't want any more of these," Brown exclaimed. "As usual, I'm extremely pleased that we won, but I wish we wouldn't struggle so much sometimes. We just weren't sharp tonight."

The Irish were just sharp enough, though, being spurred on by a strong bench and a clutch performance by the front line late in game five.

Sophomore outside hitter Nicole Coates played the last three games, racking up eleven kills and three service aces, while first-year setter Shannon Tuttle also played three games and contributed 42 assists. Five of Notre Dame's last seven points came on block kills.

After winning the first game, Notre Dame was plagued with sloppy spikes the rest of the way. The Irish committed eight errors en route to dropping game two. Coates gave the Irish a lift in game three, however, spraying five kills and serving all three of her aces. Tuttle set up most of the team's 23 kills.

"Our bench definitely helped us tonight," Brown reported. "Nicole did a good job, and Shannon came in and picked up the slack. She deserved to stay in there."

Notre Dame stumbled in game four again, committing five service errors. Bowling Green scored eight unanswered points to take a 9-5 lead and cruise.

In game five, the Falcons took the lead 4-1. After battling to a 13-11 deficit, though, the Irish came through in the clutch. Marilyn Cragin pounded out two big kills after that point, while Cragin, Cynthia May, Jessica Fiebelkorn, and Tuttle combined for five block kills. A block also caused the Falcons to hit the ball long to end the game.

"Real important," Brown said of her net defense. "We knew where they were going but they were just getting balls through us. In game five, we had finally seen it enough times that we were able to execute."

Chris Peters led the Irish offense with 22 kills. Fiebelkorn had 34 digs. Love led the Falcons with 24 kills and 25 digs, while Costein contributed 21 kills and 23 digs.

**SPORTS BRIEFS**

**Irish Youth Hockey League** is looking for ND students to coach or assist coaches during the upcoming hockey season. If interested, contact Scott Gussett at 271-7414.

**The Alkido Club** will be having open practices on Mondays and Wednesdays from 6-8 p.m. in Rockne 219. Everyone is welcome.

**Notre Dame Tae Kwon Do Club** practice times have changed.

**SMC field hockey** will practice on October 14 in Loftus at 9 p.m. If you cannot come, please call Liz at 283-2670.

**SMC field hockey** will hold practice on October 14 at 9 p.m. in Loftus. If you cannot attend, call Liz at 283-2670.

**SMC varsity basketball open gym** will last only three more days on October 26, 27 and 29 from 6-10 p.m. Everyone is strongly encouraged to attend.

---

**The Observer**

is now accepting applications for the following paid position:

**Asst. Saint Mary's Editor**

Contact Anna Marie Tabor at 239-5303 or 284-5440 for more information.

---

**Volleyball slips past Bowling Green**

*By BRIAN KUBICKI*

*Sports Writer*

John Coyle knew of Notre Dame's traditional standing as a powerhouse, and he enrolled hoping to be a part of a national championship—a cross-country, national championship.

Two years ago as a sophomore he almost saw his dream realized. Coyle led a talented Irish squad to a third-place finish in the NCAA national invitational by finishing 24th overall, earning himself All-American honors, as well.

"Mike McWilliams and I kind of stumbled into (the leadership roles on the team)," Coyle explained referring to injuries sustained late in that season by Mike O'Connor and Ryan Cahill, the two senior leaders of the squad.

With Coyle and McWilliams both coming off All-American seasons and a crop of promising young talent, the Irish looked to improve on that finish in the following season. Disappointment was all that they found.

Notre Dame failed to qualify for nationals as a team, sending only McWilliams and Coyle back to the meet to compete individually. For Coyle the disappointment continued as he failed to repeat as an All-American, finishing 41st.

"I had a good season up to that point, but I didn't," he recalled. But Coyle said that the disappointment has helped him and the team to focus on this year's goals.

For Coyle individually, it is to finish in the top ten at nationals. But the senior captain stresses the team goal, "If we beat anyone who wears red and white, we will be successful and have to be that Notre Dame will be looking ahead to its matchup with ninth-ranked SMU on October 19th.

"Coach (Irish coach Chris Petrocelli) was worried that we would not be concentrating, but I think everyone is focused on the game," added McCarthy. If Notre Dame was looking ahead it would be for good reasons. The Lady Mustangs are the top-flight team on the Irish squad to a third-place finish last season, while Mike O'Connor and Ryan Cahill, the two senior leaders of the team to focus on this year's goals.

For Coyle individually, it is to make sure he runs to improve on transfers the team goal, "I hope I can keep improving and step up to the national level. If I want to put making money on the back burner, maybe I can even make the Olympics. I have a way to go, but I know I will get there."

Championships are not new to Coyle. He has won the team's third year setting at the Irish have McWilliams and Coyle back to the meet to compete individually. For Coyle the disappointment continued as he failed to repeat as an All-American, finishing 41st.

"I had a good season up to that point, but I didn't," he recalled. But Coyle said that the disappointment has helped him and the team to focus on this year's goals.

For Coyle individually, it is to finish in the top ten at nationals. But the senior captain stresses the team goal, "If we beat anyone who wears red and white, we will be successful and have to be that Notre Dame will be looking ahead to its matchup with ninth-ranked SMU on October 19th.

"Coach (Irish coach Chris Petrocelli) was worried that we would not be concentrating, but I think everyone is focused on the game," added McCarthy. If Notre Dame was looking ahead it would be for good reasons. The Lady Mustangs are the top-flight team on the Irish squad to a third-place finish last season, while Mike O'Connor and Ryan Cahill, the two senior leaders of the team to focus on this year's goals.

For Coyle individually, it is to make sure he runs to improve on transfers the team goal, "I hope I can keep improving and step up to the national level. If I want to put making money on the back burner, maybe I can even make the Olympics. I have a way to go, but I know I will get there."

Championships are not new to Coyle. He has won the team's third year setting at the Irish have

The Observer is now accepting applications for the following paid position:

**Asst. Saint Mary's Editor**

Contact Anna Marie Tabor at 239-5303 or 284-5440 for more information.
It's never too early to start thinking about your costume for the biggest Halloween celebration ever!

October 31st at The Club 9-2
must be 21
Forfeits hamper Rec-Sports competition

In the realm of sports, it really doesn’t mean that much, but for the guys and gals winning the RecSports co-rec softball title was pretty important. It was on a Thursday afternoon just a few weeks ago when my team because co-rec softball champions. The game was tight and went back and forth all the way.

The game was so close that we had to go into extra innings. Then finally in the second extra innings they had us ahead for good and shut the other team down with strong defense and the title was ours.

The competition in the game was excellent. Big hits and sparkling defensive plays were turned in by members of both teams and the game could have gone either way. The best part of it was that the game was a lot of fun.

Fun and friendly competition are the purpose of every RecSports league and the RecSports staff does a good job making sure there are plenty of leagues for a variety of sports. There is only one thing that the RecSports staff can’t do prevent games from being forfeited.

My team had a season record of 6-1 which includes two victories in the tournament. In actuality, we were only 2-1 in games we won by forfeit. This statistic casts an ominous shadow of what the season could have been if the team on one hand, but on the other hand it says that we were dedicated enough to show up for the games.

I’m not insane. I know that people will always have conflicts in scheduling and leagues can be made up of people we may never see, but I still try to find people to play in that game. I assume that’s against some RecSports rule to have people play who aren’t on the roster and who haven’t signed insurance forms, but playing with a person not on the roster seems better than not playing at all.

If you sign up on a team for a RecSports league, be considerate of the other teams. You wouldn’t show up for the games. It makes the league more fun if the teams actually play games. The games aren’t too time-consuming and they provide a healthy break from class or work.

In addition to myself, people who played for the champion co-rec softball team included Mike Bremer, Dave Hazellon, Cameron Turner, Luke Lampry, Andy Wieser, Pat Duffy, Eric Morin, Sean Fitzpatrick, Dan Costello, Matt Nordgren, Hank Brown, John Mattingly and superfan Judd Tudd.

Inside Sports

By TEDS PETERSON

Special to the Observer

Dean’s intensity boosts Irish defense

It has been a good week for Notre Dame men’s soccer player Bert Bader. Just days after being in Soccer America’s “Collegiate Personality of the Week” – Bader contributed the 16th shutdown in his two-year career and the fifth in 1992 as the Notre Dame Fighting Irish (9-4-1) upset the Evansville Aces 1-0 Sunday at Black Beauty Field in Evansville.

For his efforts, he was named the MCC Player of the Week for Oct. 5-11.

Bader, just a sophomore, leads the co-ed intersection with a 9-0 overall goals-against average and five shutouts. He has 30 saves on the year and has given up only 12 goals.

The upcoming games against the Irish are 4-1. On his career, he is already six shutouts shy of matching the school record for shutouts (22).

If the Irish defense was in the doghouse because of earlier performances, Sunday’s game did plenty to dig them out.

In an intense, physical battle, the Irish shut down Evansville, a team that has not lost a regular-season conference game since entering the Midwest Collegiate Conference.

Dean said that the victory was a “big accomplishment” for the defensive squad, preventing a perennial top-20 team.

The Observer/Kyle Kusak

Women’s soccer

ends homestand against Kentucky

By GEORGE DOHRMANN

The Notre Dame women’s soccer team plays the final match of an eight-game homestand when Kentucky visits Alumni Field tonight at 7:30.

The eight-game stretch started on a negative note for the Irish as they fell to 1-3-1 after five games, but a victory over the No. 24 Aces was Evansville’s first regular season MCC loss in 16 games, dating back to the middle of 1989.

Bader named MCC Player of Week

The victory over the No. 24 Aces was Evansville’s first regular season MCC loss in 16 games, dating back to the middle of 1989.

Bader, just a sophomore, leads the Co-Rec intersection with a 9-0 overall goals-against average and five shutouts. He has 30 saves on the year and has given up only 12 goals.

The upcoming games against the Irish are 4-1. On his career, he is already six shutouts shy of matching the school record for shutouts (22).

If the Irish defense was in the doghouse because of earlier performances, Sunday’s game did plenty to dig them out.

In an intense, physical battle, the Irish shut down Evansville, a team that has not lost a regular-season conference game since entering the Midwest Collegiate Conference.

Dean said that the victory was a “big accomplishment” for the defensive squad, preventing a perennial top-20 team.

The Observer/Kyle Kusak

Women’s soccer

ends homestand against Kentucky

By GEORGE DOHRMANN

The Notre Dame women’s soccer team plays the final match of an eight-game homestand when Kentucky visits Alumni Field tonight at 7:30.

The eight-game stretch started on a negative note for the Irish as they fell to 1-3-1 after five games, but a victory over the No. 24 Aces was Evansville’s first regular season MCC loss in 16 games, dating back to the middle of 1989.

Bader, just a sophomore, leads the Co-Rec intersection with a 9-0 overall goals-against average and five shutouts. He has 30 saves on the year and has given up only 12 goals.

The upcoming games against the Irish are 4-1. On his career, he is already six shutouts shy of matching the school record for shutouts (22).

If the Irish defense was in the doghouse because of earlier performances, Sunday’s game did plenty to dig them out.

In an intense, physical battle, the Irish shut down Evansville, a team that has not lost a regular-season conference game since entering the Midwest Collegiate Conference.

Dean said that the victory was a “big accomplishment” for the defensive squad, preventing a perennial top-20 team.

The Observer/Kyle Kusak

Women’s soccer

ends homestand against Kentucky

By GEORGE DOHRMANN

The Notre Dame women’s soccer team plays the final match of an eight-game homestand when Kentucky visits Alumni Field tonight at 7:30.

The eight-game stretch started on a negative note for the Irish as they fell to 1-3-1 after five games, but a victory over the No. 24 Aces was Evansville’s first regular season MCC loss in 16 games, dating back to the middle of 1989.

Bader, just a sophomore, leads the Co-Rec intersection with a 9-0 overall goals-against average and five shutouts. He has 30 saves on the year and has given up only 12 goals.

The upcoming games against the Irish are 4-1. On his career, he is already six shutouts shy of matching the school record for shutouts (22).

If the Irish defense was in the doghouse because of earlier performances, Sunday’s game did plenty to dig them out.

In an intense, physical battle, the Irish shut down Evansville, a team that has not lost a regular-season conference game since entering the Midwest Collegiate Conference.

Dean said that the victory was a “big accomplishment” for the defensive squad, preventing a perennial top-20 team.

The Observer/Kyle Kusak

Women’s soccer

ends homestand against Kentucky

By GEORGE DOHRMANN

The Notre Dame women’s soccer team plays the final match of an eight-game homestand when Kentucky visits Alumni Field tonight at 7:30.

The eight-game stretch started on a negative note for the Irish as they fell to 1-3-1 after five games, but a victory over the No. 24 Aces was Evansville’s first regular season MCC loss in 16 games, dating back to the middle of 1989.

Bader, just a sophomore, leads the Co-Rec intersection with a 9-0 overall goals-against average and five shutouts. He has 30 saves on the year and has given up only 12 goals.

The upcoming games against the Irish are 4-1. On his career, he is already six shutouts shy of matching the school record for shutouts (22).

If the Irish defense was in the doghouse because of earlier performances, Sunday’s game did plenty to dig them out.

In an intense, physical battle, the Irish shut down Evansville, a team that has not lost a regular-season conference game since entering the Midwest Collegiate Conference.

Dean said that the victory was a “big accomplishment” for the defensive squad, preventing a perennial top-20 team.

The Observer/Kyle Kusak

Women’s soccer

ends homestand against Kentucky

By GEORGE DOHRMANN

The Notre Dame women’s soccer team plays the final match of an eight-game homestand when Kentucky visits Alumni Field tonight at 7:30.

The eight-game stretch started on a negative note for the Irish as they fell to 1-3-1 after five games, but a victory over the No. 24 Aces was Evansville’s first regular season MCC loss in 16 games, dating back to the middle of 1989.

Bader, just a sophomore, leads the Co-Rec intersection with a 9-0 overall goals-against average and five shutouts. He has 30 saves on the year and has given up only 12 goals.

The upcoming games against the Irish are 4-1. On his career, he is already six shutouts shy of matching the school record for shutouts (22).

If the Irish defense was in the doghouse because of earlier performances, Sunday’s game did plenty to dig them out.

In an intense, physical battle, the Irish shut down Evansville, a team that has not lost a regular-season conference game since entering the Midwest Collegiate Conference.

Dean said that the victory was a “big accomplishment” for the defensive squad, preventing a perennial top-20 team.

The Observer/Kyle Kusak

Women’s soccer

ends homestand against Kentucky

By GEORGE DOHRMANN

The Notre Dame women’s soccer team plays the final match of an eight-game homestand when Kentucky visits Alumni Field tonight at 7:30.

The eight-game stretch started on a negative note for the Irish as they fell to 1-3-1 after five games, but a victory over the No. 24 Aces was Evansville’s first regular season MCC loss in 16 games, dating back to the middle of 1989.

Bader, just a sophomore, leads the Co-Rec intersection with a 9-0 overall goals-against average and five shutouts. He has 30 saves on the year and has given up only 12 goals.

The upcoming games against the Irish are 4-1. On his career, he is already six shutouts shy of matching the school record for shutouts (22).

If the Irish defense was in the doghouse because of earlier performances, Sunday’s game did plenty to dig them out.

In an intense, physical battle, the Irish shut down Evansville, a team that has not lost a regular-season conference game since entering the Midwest Collegiate Conference.

Dean said that the victory was a “big accomplishment” for the defensive squad, preventing a perennial top-20 team.

The Observer/Kyle Kusak