Mock Minority Plank Bid Fails, Convention Sees NLF As Separate

By TIM O’MELIA

The anticipated battle between the moderates and the anti-war liberals crystallized unexpectedly early in a floor fight over a Rules Committee proposal in the second session of the Mock Political Convention. The question raised in question required that 667 votes be cast, a majority of the 1333 delegates, to nominate both the Presidential and Vice Presidential candidates, regardless of the total number of delegates present.

The controversy arose when Garrett Olney, Chairman of the Rules Committee, submitted the rules agreed upon by his committee to the convention. Potentially more than one delegate was opposed to calling for a roll call vote on any other delegation during a roll call vote and that debate may be limited only by a two-thirds vote of the convention.

After Colorado delegate Jay Lowrey's amendment permitting "friendly" amendments was approved, Bob Heineman of Washington Chairman Joel Connelly argued that the only way anyone would get the two selections warranted the admissibility of the motion to table the decision on the rule passed by a 230-219 margin after a roll call vote in which there were many calls for rolling delegations. In fact only three delegations were polled, the remainder of the requests being ignored. It was later revealed that the original tally of the three suspected were correct.

After debate among Hatfield supporters Tom Brislin and Jeff Keyes and moderates Dan Lungren and Jay O'Donnell, the amendment was defeated in a roll call vote, 234-202.

Joe Blake was nominated by Permanent Organizations Committee Chairman Tom McCloskey as the Permanent Chairman. He and the remainder of the temporary officers were accepted as permanent by acclamation.

New Jersey’s Bob Narucki criticized the decision to Dayton in the semifinals of the NIT. "They're real tough," he said. "They're real tough."" However, the results of negotiations must be regarded as more important than the Platform Committee's plank on the economy, spending, and the war. But he said it's not enough to criticize. "If we provide an affirmative campaign, then the voters in limbo, the undecided, may not drift over to the other party." The country, he says, "will not "involve quick or trick solutions in Vietnam."

In his address to the evening session Temporary Chairman Nau told the delegates there was a choice of choosing the one man they think will ultimately win the Republican nomination or who will fulfill the convention's principles.

Student Keynote Speaker Jeff Kyes blunted President Johnson for the promise he has kept to keep in Vietnam the Platform Committee's plank on the ground that it limits the number of candidates who can run on it. He said, "It violates American ideals and Republican policies." Dan Lungren of California added that the minority report was more flexible, enabling more to run.

Colorado's Jay Lowrey opposed the amendment claiming that the NLF in fact had different goals than the North Vietnamese government since it desires a two Vietnams. Five other minor amendments were considered, three passing and two failing.

"Governor John A. Volpe of Massachusetts told the convention that young people should become involved with their country and not "drop out." Speaking of changing the home in midstream, Volpe said, "The scary steed we ride now is bogged down and may never make it to the other side."

The convention decided to call for the voting to be lowered to 18, a re-evaluation of the roll of foreign aid and its distribution, and a reassessment of the allocation of military funds.

The delegates defeated an amendment to replace conscription with a voluntary army.

The most important defeated amendment was a motion by John Schally of Missouri to strike the entire Vietnamese plank in favor of one advocating escalation of the war immediately to attain a decisive victory.

Alabama nominated University of Alabama Football Coach Paul Bryant as a "symbol of the American people," to win the Republican Party to follow. A delegation from Alabama fell with delegations touring hawking flags and placards and marching in the Pennsylvania Convention Center.

Alaska yielded to Oregon to permit Jeff Keyes, Chairman of the Florida delegation to nominate the ex-Mississippi Governor John A. Volpe for the nomination telling the delegates they could be either for or against the war and that Hatfield was the only candidate fully opposing the war. Joe Blake, speaking for the non-military Republicans for the moment, endorsed the convention.

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Keyes called for a moment of silence for "the South, which we're losing," and another for those who "are on the border." He said in 1964 Johnson called the war "a necessary war." The video rang true claiming he misunderstood. The silence then followed.

Detroit Riens Irish Hopes, 76-74

By TERRY O'NEIL

NEW YORK, Mar. 22. Coach Johnny Dow was being praised and second guessed by reporters last night in a Madison Square Garden locker room shower. His boys had just dropped a 76-74 overtime decision to Dayton in the semifinals of the NIT.

Why did O'Connell and Derrig take those long shots in six straight points for a 75-70 margin at :54 in overtime Whitmore gave ND its last lead in six straight points for a 75-70 margin at :54 in overtime Whitmore gave ND its last lead. Arnzen took Mike O'Connell's inbound pass. "They're real tough."" However, the results of negotiations must be regarded as more important than the Platform Committee's plank on the economy, spending, and the war. But he said it's not enough to criticize. "If we provide an affirmative campaign, then the voters in limbo, the undecided, may not drift over to the other party."

Arnzen and Jim Derrig faced the hoop from either end of the foul line. Arnzen raced around to the right corner and took Mike O'Connell's inbound pass.

Final statistics showed that Dayton won the game on the boards. The Flyers with a front line which averaged 6-7, compared to ND's 6-5, held a 30-38 rebounding edge. More important, they got 80 shots, many of them taps on the offensive board. The Irish had a 49 per cent to 39 per cent advantage in field goal accuracy, but took just 59 shots.

NIT NOTES - High scorer: Dow 32, Whitmore 26, Hooper 18, Arnzen 16. , Including the Creighton, Army, LIU, and Dayton games, "Dixie" Restovich is on a streak of six consecutive field goals without a miss... All American May" reaction to ND... "They're real tough."" However, the results of negotiations must be regarded as more important than the Platform Committee's plank on the economy, spending, and the war. But he said it's not enough to criticize. "If we provide an affirmative campaign, then the voters in limbo, the undecided, may not drift over to the other party."

It was Scalpel's Night out here; five dollar tickets were gone for fifteen dollars at the turnaway 19,500... Dayton was a two point betting favorite. The Irish engage St. Peter's, the Home-town Honey from Jersey City, NJ. at noon Sat. in the consolation game. Kansas, a 35-48 victor over St. Peter's last night meets Dayton at 2:00 pm in a nationally televised final.
Now It's As Uptight As It Can Be

By DENNIS GALLAGHER

This is the third in a three part series on Detroit six months after.

The sky is clear and cloudless. The sun is shining, a dead yellow reflecting the rubble that the snows have left behind. Winter is almost over and soon spring will come to Detroit. The brown grass gives that promise as it takes on a pale greenish color. And after spring, there will be summer.

Why did black Detroit riot last summer? "A lot of it was sheerest accident," says Bill Standing. "There was no rain for the last seven or eight days of July. P was no rain for the last seven or eight days of July. B'11 Stf ding'T. There s a cre b° mbinS e ry  two or

Detroit was extremely complacent, now it's as uptight as it can be. Very few people considered a riot an extreme improbability, yet few felt it would happen.

Standing is a white man. He used to teach at Wayne State. Then he got involved in the West Central Organization, a Saul Alinsky type community organization which represents one of the several Negro neighborhoods in the city.

WCO had a major confrontation with Wayne State over an expansion move which entailed tearing down a lot of housing in the area. 35 people were arrested and Wayne State got a lot of bad publicity. Bill Standing no longer teaches at Wayne. Some of his friends claim he was fired because of his connection with WCO, but Standing says he simply lost interest in teaching about urban problems once he began to be directly involved in trying to solve them.

In an upper middle class Negro bar in the midst of a black neighborhood, a very good jazz combo is playing. One of the patrons is a well-dressed man of about thirty who works as a serviceman for the electric company. "Sure, there's segregation in Detroit," he says, "You don't feel it so much when you're growing up. I went to an all-black high school, ran a Teamsters' strike for several months, and this lets the cops go wild."

Detroit's white radicals fear that another riot in Detroit may lead to mass retaliation from the white Establishment. Frank Joyce, head of PAR (People Against Racism) notes that the state legislature has passed close to 100 anti-Jew bills. He doesn't foresee any peaceful solutions. "I'm just fighting for time," Joyce says. The whites will organize for genocide, but the blacks won't go as easily as the Jews in Germany. We've got to convince the white community that the price they'll have to pay is too high."

Bill Standing is more optimistic, less committed to the rhetoric of revolution. But from the middle of the situation, he too sees the white reaction, the gun clubs and the paramilitary organizations, as a move toward Fascism. He hopes that the West Central Organization's newly formed non-violent action program will have some effect before the summer comes.

"The white middle class has a strange combination of hate and fear for the Negro," he says, "But probably they fear Fascism as much or more."

But the lines of communication are few. Last summer, Groose Point was defended by crack Federal troops specially trained in non-violent techniques, but poorly trained National Guardsmen were assigned to the middle of the riot areas. Now, the good burglars have their own weapons, their own gun clubs, and they too have their own weapons, their own weapons, their own weapons.

"The riot last summer never really stopped," says Bill Standing. "The riot never really stopped. Everything every two or three days. Negroes are shot down on the streets. Meanwhile, there's no police commissioner and no papers (Detroit's newspapers have not been shut down by a Teamsters' strike for several months), and this lets the cops go wild."

The time for buying their friendship is over. "Material projects are not likely to make ghetto life better," says Bill Standing, "Just jobs and housing alone without self-determination will not cut it. We must keep Malcolm X alive in our hearts," says Rev. Albert Cleage and his Federation for Self-Determination, "because he taught us to believe in identification with Africa, racial pride, self-defense, Black Power, control of our own communities!!"

And the few remaining patches of dirty snow are melting, and the sun turns the mud on the sidewalks to gray dust. The children play and fight as they run from school to home. And they tap their fists at the boarded windows of the empty shops as they run by. And slowly, yet inexorably, summer is returning to Detroit.

Statement Guarantees Rights

St. Mary's Student Government has submitted a proposed "Statement of Student Rights and Responsibilities" to the student body for suggestion. The statement was prepared by a Student Rights Working Board composed of students, faculty members, and administrators. After students' comments are reviewed, the final statement will be submitted to the students, faculty, administration, and College Board of Trustees for approval.

The statement guarantees students their personal, social, and academic rights as well as Student Government rights and the rights of due process. The purposes of the statement points out: "It must be emphasized and fully accepted by those concerned, that with any right there is a correlative responsibility."

The section on personal rights guarantees that "Each student, as a citizen, has the right to freedom of speech, peaceful assembly, and rights of petition. They also possess the same civic duties.'"

FOR SALE By Owner: Large 4 bedroom, 2 bath home at 12465 Weymouth Drive, South Bend. Master bedroom (17 by 22), Fireplace, carpeting, screened porch and patio, fenced back yard, dining room, attached two car garage. In the Jefferson, St. Anthony, and Adams school district. Before 5 p.m., call 234-7118 (Mr. Andrews); after 5 p.m. 288-5103.

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THE OBSERVER

Tom McKenna

What Then?

Tonight the 1968 Republican Mock Political Convention will choose a presidential candidate. We will be presented with an opportunity to voice our concern for the United States and her present policies. The word “mock” is utterly meaningless in the context of the item shouting, debating and making lovely oratorical gestures, but our decision is a serious one. We are not voting for a candidate, but are voting a political alternative to the present national course.

For the young collegian, this is not a happy time. Albert Einstein once said, “war is not a thinking thing.” Our nation’s military budget is increased, our society is in chaos, and our country is violent. Why then do we not pick up the cross and follow the leadership of Jesus Christ, and work toward that hope to effect that future. Politically we now have two choices: Eugene McCarthy and Robert Kennedy. Those who criticize Kennedy’s entrance into the race have overlooked two important factors. First, the object of the Democratic alternative movement is to unseat Lyndon Johnson and then win the presidency. Robert Kennedy will accomplish this Eugene McCarthy cannot. Second, if Eugene McCarthy was a sacrificial lamb, why hasn’t he stepped aside? Is it possible that he has been affected by the “drive for power” that we so readily attributed to Kennedy? Has this newly and altruistic McCarthy lost the sweet victory of primary success, envisioning the ultimate power of the presidency? And if he did enter the race to protest the war, why doesn’t he step aside for the admittedly stronger Kennedy candidacy? The danger is that Lyndon Johnson will stroll between a divided peace movement and America will be faced with a choice (l) between Kennedy and Nixon. This problem has to be resolved before the convention, not after.

I criticized Kennedy for not coming out for McCarthy, for not running himself, and for general lack of action in regard to his Viet Nam policies. But Kennedy has acted. He is in the arena and it is not valid to attempt to destroy him simply because he is second. In politics, opportunities must be seized. McCarthy proved a point, but Kennedy is the man to implement it.

Tom Brisltn

If We Fail

There is always something especially exciting about discovering new conventions of any sort. Young people are usually more open to argument and interaction than their elders. Unfortunately, this particular will probably hold true in comparing the Notre Dame and Miami versions of the 1968 Republican Convention. Hence, we felt somewhat regretful entering Stepan Center for the first night of the convention. The misplacing of a Marcio Polo bag, and our every decision. Words are flowing freely, feeding the ever-increasing sea of conversation. But we are in danger of dying from thirst. The cool, refreshing spring of action is waiting to be tapped. Tonight we must begin. Tonight we must nominate Mark Hatfield.

What then? We begin to move. We begin to realize that we are a powerful entity on the American political scene. We are a nation with unlimited energy and potential that we possess must be applied and those of us pre-senators will move to work toward that hope to effect that future. Politically we now have two choices:...

Chris Jarabek

Yet This Same RFK

Question of the week: Where was RFK when he needed us?

On November 30, 1967, Senator Eugene McCarthy outlined for the nation his previously acknowledged concern with regard to the administration’s present Vietnam war policies and announced his intention to challenge President Lyndon B. Johnson in the Democratic primaries of four states.

As late as January 30, 1968, Senator Robert F. Kennedy stated, “I have told friends and supporters who are urging me to run that I was not prepared to support President Lyndon Johnson under any foreseeable circumstances. Our figures show that two hundred million Viet Cong have been killed since the war began.” Bunker stated, “Either they are just about out of men or they’re just about out of life on a very hard, very unforgiving life from river mud, because God knows that’s the only raw material left in Vietnam.”

Vice-President Hubert Humphrey was formally committed today to the Massachusetts State House for the Bewildered. In his last public appearance on December 15, Mr. Humphrey reiterated his support of Mr. Johnson’s Asian foreign policy, Mr. Johnson’s fiscal policy and Mr. Johnson’s life insurance policy. Towards the end of his speech, Humphrey unaccountably began screaming, over again over again, “HUBERT WANT A CRACKER! HUBERT WANT A CRACKER!”

The House Appropriations Committee called today for cuts in the anti-poverty budget. Mr. Johnson has asked for $15,427. The committee would like to cut it to $5,000.

Former Vice-President Richard Nixon announced yesterday that he will be a candidate for the presidency in 1972. Nixon, widely known narrowly lost in 1968 on his vigorous campaign based on the slogan: “I can win the war, end poverty, stop violence, and over again, “HUBERT WANT A CRACKER! HUBERT WANT A CRACKER!”

Forseeable circumstance, these.

Yet one can not help but point out that the country’s “perilous course” had been charted by “disastrous and divisive policies long before McCarthy’s gains in New Hampshire indicated that President Johnson could be challenged successfully. Were RFK’s “strong feelings” merely icing on the cake? For that matter, where was RFK’s “strong feelings” ever? For that matter, where was RFK’s “strong feelings” ever?
Pat Collins, Editor-in-chief of the Observer announced today that Bill Luking, a junior from Connersville, Indiana majoring in History will be the Observer’s new editor. Luking and a new staff of columnists will take over on April 1.

"Bill knows what he’s doing," Collins said. "I don’t think my absence will hurt the paper at all." Both Collins and Luking agree that the Observer, transformed this year from an occasional publication to one which publishes three times per week, still has room for growth. "We hoped to go daily this year," Collins said, "but there a week was all we could afford."

Collins said that the Observer had shown this year that it could publish according to a regular schedule and publish as "something the students can be proud of. Our series idea seems to be popular, our columnists have been able to stir up campus opinion, and, above all, our news has been just that. News. The Observer has been believable this year."

Luking said that "In my opinion, one of Collin’s best ideas was the columnist idea." Luking plans to run weekly columns by Don Hynes, Michael O’Conor, and St. Mary’s junior Betty Doerr. Joel Connelly will continue as both a columnist and as executive editor. Gay De Sapio, a freshman, will become news editor and the position of managing editor will be held by Paul Schroeder.

Merger with the Innovator, which recently replaced the Cruze, is also under consideration, Luking hopes that the Observer, as both a columnist and as executive editor, will be popular, our columnists can be done if we’re able to go daily," through a UPI or AP trunkline. "Ultimately," he said, "the Observer can be as good as the students want it to be."

Outgoing editor Collins credited his staff with much of the Observer’s success. "For example," he said, "Tom Fidel did a good job, I think, of keeping the Vietnam issue under consideration on this campus. And Condron and Gallagher have been superb."

"When it comes right down to it," Collins said, "I think the paper’s been damned good and anyone who says otherwise hasn’t been reading it."

STUSOC Nominates A Third Party Alternative

"Ladies, Lites, and Lots of . . . ."

The Winning Ticket

The Shags

Cast your ballot at the LAUREL CLUB

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Poll Tax $3.00 per couple

Special: $1.00 off with a Mock Convention Delegate’s badge.

"Zhivago’s "Lara meets "Georgia Girls." guy . . . is the love story of the year.

SPORT SHIRTS swing with lighter brighter colors

Spring into action is lively plaid, checks, stripes and solids. Our new sport shirts literally swing with brighter, styles. And they’re neat for keeps, thanks to durable press of Dacon and cotton. Choose from our side assortment in regular or button collars. On you they’ll look great.

ATTENTION all SENIORS Collegiate Cap and Gown Co. will be in the bookstore Thursday, March 28 and Friday, March 29 to take measurements for caps and gowns. Hours: 9:00 a.m. to 4:00 p.m. All measurements will be taken at this time.