Walsh states moratorium position

The University of Notre Dame's policy on the observance of Vietnam Moratorium Day on October 15 rests on an affirmation of the right, say the necessity, of members of the University community to confront in their own personal consciences the moral and social issues raised by the war. Faculty members whose consciences so dictates may suspend classes to participate in the Moratorium, and, likewise students are free to absent themselves from class in order to attend Moratorium events. The University asks that no student be penalized for an absence from class on this day. On the other hand, the University will remain officially open because to do otherwise is tantamount to forcing participation in a protest on some who, in conscience, hold other views.

In establishing this policy, the University recognizes the special national character of this particular day. In the practical order, the policy has obvious academic limits, and it is in the light of these limits that the University would have to consider any future occasions of a similar nature.

by Jim Graff

The SLC still will meet Thursday, October 10, at 6:30 p.m. in the Lonergan Room. The body could be encouraged to issue its own statement in support of the Moratorium. vice-President Phil McKenna reaffirmed to discuss the possibility about the University issuing a similar statement about all employees of the University. McKenna's only other comment about the statement centered around the fact that an individual professor could penalize a student for not attending class. "I keep the feeling that the professor has more power than the student," McKenna noted. He characterized the circumstances as the feeling that a professor was holding a "stick" over a student's head.

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Since the Assembly agreed upon this ideal, McKenna affirmed to discuss the possibility of the University issuing a similar statement about all employees of the University. McKenna's only other comment about the statement centered around the fact that an individual professor could penalize a student for not attending class. "I keep the feeling that the professor has more power than the student," McKenna noted. He characterized the circumstances as the feeling that a professor was holding a "stick" over a student's head.

Another argument stated in the letter is that the means to obtain the benefits of codification (which Father Sheedy mentioned as being enlargement of opportunity, a trend to thinking, diversification and the emergence of a new public) should not be taxable. Also coeducation doesn't consist entirely in academic pursuits. Clark and Harmon elaborated on these points. They felt that it is wrong for the university to tax students for academic endeavors. Both felt that coeducation doesn't exist merely in attending classes together, but in participation in the life of the university's activities. They believed the university to be committed to the ideal of codification, but by imposing the bus fare it is not following through on this ideal.

Along with the letter, they presented a petition signed by over 800 SMC girls which listed their academic reasons for using the bus. A list of night classes was also presented. The list included 15 Free University courses, Afro-American Seminar, Human Relations Seminar, and many other courses. Activities such as W.S.N.D., Scholastic, Observer, and others were listed under the title Other Evening Academic Pursuits. Fr. Wilson said that he could understand the students arguments concerning academic affairs, however he felt that dating was not part of a student's academic life. He pointed out that the university bus expense has been increased this year from $3,500 to $17,000. (continued on page 3)

Expect quorum

Professor James Massey, Chairman of the Student Life Council, stated yesterday that he felt that the chances were good that the council would have the quorum necessary to conduct business at its meeting Thursday. The bill was to have been considered at the Council's Monday meeting but a lack of a quorum forced the enlargement of consideration. Massey and other council members have been working to encourage attendance at the meeting.

SMC blacks form new group

by Jeanne Sweeney

The Black students of St. Mary's College submitted a constitution to the Student Assembly last night for their new organization, the Association of Black Collegiate Women of St. Mary's College.

The constitution was accepted by the Assembly. The Assembly also endorsed the Association at the request of the Association's president, Marie Henley.

This endorsement was requested by the Association's president because the Association may have to work through the Assembly on some of its projects.

The organization's purpose is to establish a means through which the Black students at St. Mary's can take a more active part in the university community to confront in their own personal consciences the moral and social issues raised by the war.

They hope to improve communication among the Black women on the campus and establish an atmosphere where the Black women can be proud of their heritage and future. But they will also work toward increased understanding between black and white students.

Other aims are to establish an atmosphere conducive to Black enrollment and to establish communication with the black community in South Bend.

The membership is open to any female at St. Mary's College provided she is aware of the nature of the Association and understands the problem.

The organization also requires that its members have had experience living and working with this minority group and an acquaintance with the history of this minority group.

Other officers are vice-president Rochelle Marsh, secretary Marilyn Trice, and treasurer Marie Henley.

The Assembly also dealt with the problem of whether or not to support the Vietnam moratorium on Oct. 15th.

Walsh states moratorium position

Father John Walsh, Vice-President for Financial Affairs, issued a statement late yesterday afternoon articulating the University's position on the Vietnam Moratorium.

Walsh's statement (reprinted in its entirety in today's issue) recognizes the right of faculty members "whose consciences so dictate" to suspend classes. It also states that students are free to treat themselves from class in order to attend Moratorium events.

The University will remain open, the statement relates because "to do otherwise is tantamount to forcing participation in a protest on some who, in conscience, hold other views."

Walsh noted that the decision to issue the statement was made by "this office, and the office of Academic Affairs" after "consulting with appropriate deans and faculty members."

The action was not taken as a result of any student request. Walsh noted. It was initiated and drawn up by the Academic Affairs Office.

Although the statement "asks" that a student not be penalized for missing class on the fifteenth there is no assurance that an individual professor will not penalize members of his class who call. He will still have the option to do so.

"It's adequate as far as I'm concerned," commented Student Body President Phil McKenna about the proposal.

McKenna noted that he will meet with Father Jerome Wilson, Vice-President for Business Affairs to discuss the possibility about the University issuing a similar statement about all employees of the University.

McKenna's only other comments about the statement centered around the fact that an individual professor could penalize a student for not attending class. "I keep the feeling that the professor has more power than the student," McKenna noted. He characterized the circumstances as the feeling that a professor was holding a "stick" over a student's head.

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University policy on moratorium:

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**Election procedures determined**

by Steve Hoffman

Formal procedure for the conduction of Senate elections was determined last evening at a special meeting of the Permanent Election Committee. The meeting was recommended by the Hall Presidents Council. The HPC urged the Election Committee to adopt efficient and capable methods for counting votes. They felt such actions were necessary because of technical mishaps which occurred last week.

It is proposed that the hall presidents handle the responsibility of securing ballot boxes, ballots, and computer lists of students for voting. Also, the hall presidents would appoint their hall's election clerks.

Stay Senator John Zimmerman explained that the hall presidents would return and sign-in election materials after the noon session of voting, and repeat the procedure before the dinner-hour elections.

**Bridge Club Meeting**

**SUN., OCT. 12 2:30 PM**

Basement of Farley

HD and St. Mary's Women's Union

Rubber and Duplicate

A pair of distinguished speakers will appear on campus today. Senator Vance Hartke (Dem. Ind.) will speak in the afternoon, while Prof. Philip E. Mosely from Columbia will talk in the evening.

Hartke will be the keynote speaker for the Student Union.

**NOTRE DAME BOOKSTORE**

**Student Union Social Commission and ACC present**

Good seats on sale in the **DINING HALLS**

Tonite and Tomorrow

**$2, $4, $5**

(continued on page 3)
The Observer

Board of Trustees: who does it represent?

The board represents the highest possible level of policy and decision-making. It is at the board level that the fundamental decisions affecting the life and spirit, the direction and the progress, the plans and projections, for the university or for the community are discussed (Notre Dame Magazine, 1965).

Feedback in his many speeches and letters has spoken of creating a meaningful community at Notre Dame. Certainly a meaningful community would hardly be worth the name unless the members of the community were truly interested in and had some control over the "decisions affecting the life and spirit" of the community. It is only a token representation of the body which constitutes "the highest possible level of policy and decision-making" for the community reveals that only a small part of the community is represented.

The board is composed mostly of lawyers, financial experts, and priests. Of an active board membership of 39, only two members (excluding members of the law firm that the board hires) have any real control over the operations of the university. The board is composed mostly of members of the "highest possible level of policy and decision-making" for the community reveals that only a small part of the community is represented.

G. J. Nun, noted writer, due at SMC

Sister Mary Xavier Coen, B.V.M., professor of drama at Clarke College, Dubuque, Iowa, will return to the Saint Mary's College campus tonight, as a guest lecturer.

Her topic, "inter-disciplinary Preparation for a Performing Art: Specifically The Believers," will be presented at 7:30 p.m. in the Madeleva Memorial Building's Carroll Hall. The presentation, part of the College's 125th Anniversary series, Dialogue: Trends in Contemporary Education, is related to the October 9 production of The Believers at O'Laughlin Auditorium.

Sister Xavier, with an outstanding record in theater and drama, received her B.A. degree from Mundelein College in Chicago and M.A. degree from Catholic University of America in Washington, D.C.

Sister Xavier pioneered children's theater in the Iowa area and was involved in a great amount of overseas touring for the United States armed forces coffee house theater groups. For her pioneer activities in this area she was named honorary colonel in the U.S. Army and became known as the G.J. nun.

Sister Xavier has contributed articles to Reader's Digest, Critique, Catholic Theater and Today magazines as well as writing G.J. Nun, her biography, in 1967.

Monetary reward for any information leading to the apprehension of a student wishing to move on campus. Call Dave 285-7739.

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Doug Taylor got his B.S. degree in Electronics Engineering in 1967.

Doug is already a senior associate engineer in Advanced Technology at IBM. His job: designing large-scale integrated circuits that will go into computers five to ten years from now.

The challenge of LSI

"Most of today's computers," Doug pointed out, "are hybrid integrated circuits. But large-scale integration (LSI) circuit technology is even more complicated. I have to design a great many components and connections onto a tiny monolithic chip."

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"I'm helping to advance LSI technology!"
Senate elections

Notre Dame students will go to the polls today and tomorrow to elect members of the Student Senate. The Senate suffered last year from a misunderstanding of its function, or if you rather, an identity crisis. Part of the lack of understanding stemmed from the birth of the Student Life Council which began to deal with most of the problems that the Senate used to concern itself with. The major difference was the fact that the SLC had the power to bring about tangible changes as a result of their deliberations while the Senate could do nothing but suggest them.

At the same time the Hall Presidents' Council began to grow in stature. Hall Councils, with the HPC's support, began to take the concept of hall autonomy to heart and began to take independent action in their halls. They began to make decisions that at one time were solely the Senate's. The Student Union, traditionally a branch of Student Government under the Senate's jurisdiction, began to grow more and more independent. Student Union officials consistently overspent the budgets allotted to them by the Senate. The Senate never tried to stop them. The Senate failed to keep sufficient tabs on the people who were handling Mardi Gras and so it lost money last year, a rare circumstance indeed. As a result Student Government found itself in a financial hole.

This year's Senate will face many of the same problems. The SLC is still the main organ for bringing about changes in areas of student life. Talk to any Hall President and it is obvious that the HPC has no intention of taking a back seat to anyone. Union officials are all the more irritated this year because last year's waste will probably bring a cutback in expenditure this year. Some of them have even talked about lobbying for independence from Student Government control.

The answer to the Senate's problems lies primarily in the election of qualified, progressive, intelligent Senators. The Senate has what we believe is the best group of Stay Senators in recent years. The backgrounds of Rich Hunter, Tom Thrasher, Ed Davey, and John Zimmerman are varied. Collectively they are probably the most articulate spokesmen the Senate has seen in a long time. If the newly elected Senators are of the same caliber we believe the Senate will have taken the first step toward getting back on the right track.

Specifically, though, we think that the Senate must reevaluate its role in light of the SLC. We feel that it should begin to exercise its perogative and begin to introduce specific bills for SLC consideration. It should also begin to communicate more with SLC student representatives, helping them with research, and convey to them some idea of the feelings in their halls about SLC matters.

By the same token, the Senate should not fear the rising power of the HPC. Rather Senators should aid their Hall Presidents and Hall Councils in establishing meaningful and workable hall autonomy. It is obvious that there are many areas in which halls should have the freedom to set up their own regulations. The Senate will still be able to act on matters that should be legislated on a campus wide level.

The Senate should begin to exercise more control over Student Government funds. Waste and inefficiency should be eliminated and checks should be made to see that the budget is not overspent. We feel this is the most important task facing them.

Despite its struggle for identity we feel that the Senate is the student's last link with a government structure that has grown to gigantic proportions. We feel that students must feel that they have a say in the direction that the structure is moving, particularly as to how it is spending the activities fee.

We encourage students to vote today for men who will fulfill those needs.

Questions: 1) Why is the military under attack?; and, 2) How can the military avoid criticism and become a better run organization?

The most obvious, and accurate, response to the first question is, "the war in Vietnam for the first time in United States' History, the military has been unable to "win" a war. More than this, however, were the Westmoreland promises of victory "within six months" that proved empty. Had the war ended in 1965, there would be a good chance that the "dignity" of the military would still be unchallenged. A war, literally, half way around the world, that dragged on without dramatic progress, was a shock to the "win in a walk" war attitude that so many Americans held.

As a result, the country began to feel the military was purposely deceptioning it. If this was so in Vietnam, couldn't this be true in domestic affairs as well? Suddenly it was realized the dominant role the armed forces played in United States' policy and the typical American "over-reaction" struck the Defense Department. It is not a "pure peace" mentality that attacks the military today, but rather an "anti-war" view — although slight, the difference should be clear since true peace is much more than the absence of war (eg. our post-war relations with the USSR are known as the "cold war" despite the lack of open hostility).

Where does the blame lie for the military's prestige loss? There are three areas: 1) the military itself for not presenting the true facts on a war it could not win with the resources it was allowed to use; 2) the Kennedy Administration for its lack of decisive action on Vietnam; 3) the Johnson Administration for its gradual escalation of the war it promised to end.

Given this situation, how can the military regain its respect? First, and most important, it needs a helping hand from the present Administration. For example, although Mister Nixon has the strength to railroad through the needed AIBM system, this would be too damaging a blow to popular opinion (and attacks upon the military) if not handled in the right (not yet visible) would make the Saughard System much more palatable to the average American, and less of a strain economically.

Beyond this, however, the military itself needs to be restructured, especially if the often advocated "volunteer army" is to become a reality. Promotion and, therefore, management will have to be based on initiative and ability rather than "years in service." This is of extreme importance if intelligent men (tempted to entire other the real world (as it is often referred to), or who have nothing to do for a few years. The United States' Armed Forces were meant to be feared by enemies of America — not Americans. If restricted, the military will once again be recognized as the servant of the country and, at the same time, become a more efficiently run organization.

From Murphy

Things in Generals, part II

The opinions in the editorials, news analyses, and columns of The Observer are solely those of the authors and editors of The Observer and do not necessarily reflect the views of St. Mary's College, the University of Notre Dame, their administrations, faculty or student bodies.
About late 1959, rock 'n' roll was suffering. All was not well in Nashville. Those "mature pickers" discovered that the payola scandal, the deaths of Buddy Holly and Eddie Cochran and the blasts from the pajaet were taking their toll on this new music industry.

But the place in which the greatest strain was being felt was the dance floor. Rock 'n' roll had come in as "super danceable music," replacing an obdurate jazz king.

Now the kids were leaving the dancing floors faster than before. Bad publicity and sagging record sales threatened to pull the rug out from under the fledgling musical form. This time the saving breath for rock came from the east and it came in the form of the biggest twister that ever hit the U.S.

"Round and round and up and down" went the lyrics and before long the entire nation was participating. From man from the east named Chubby Checker had made an impact on dance music that revealed the Charleston and the Black Bottom of an earlier era.

Everyone from the Peppermint Lounge to Basin Street East, the nation was doing the Twist. Not just the high school set, but adults everywhere were trying to "put out that cigarette and shuffle with a toe." Like a shot in the arm the Twist was doing the Twist. Not just the high school set, but adults everywhere were trying to "put out that cigarette and shuffle with a toe."

As a result, on stage he seemed like a cross between a hopped up cheerleader and an Indian rubberman. But his lasting contribution to rock was both the style he imparted to the music's rhythm and his songwriting.

At this moment, Berry has written more hit songs than any other rock 'n' roll writer. His charts have been used by everyone from Presley ("All Shook Up", "Heartbreak Hotel", "Hound Dog", "Jailhouse Rock") to the Beatles ("Roll Over Beethoven", "Johnny B. Goode").

His recordings were hits too. From such Blandish classics as "Sweet Little Sixteen" to "Johnny B. Goode," his own releases established him as a rockabilly genius of rock 'n' roll writing. One of the most influential writers in rock 'n' roll has been Chuck Berry. A southern Negro with a great deal of rhythm, Berry still tours the country usually playing for black audiences. In 1956, Berry was one of the first black rock singers to make it with a white audience. His trademark was a kind of duck-walk-stumble while playing a guitar solo.

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Letters to the Editor

Viet moratorium

Editor: We are aware that Vietnam has cost the U.S. over 35,000 lives, in the longest war in which the U.S. has been involved and appears to be more politically than militarily unsolvable. Therefore, we want to participate in the national war moratorium, scheduled for October 15.

However, we are sick of discussing the pros and cons of war, debating which President bears the brunt of responsibility for our presence in Vietnam and what we can do to end it. None of these avenues will change the cold fact of history that the war will go on until we win or lose.

The moratorium for October 15 is the longest war in which we stand out as concerned and active college community.

Sincerely,

Sheila M. Cronin
Barbara Connelly
Audrey Lourenzen
Kay McGowan
Karen Schultz
Kathy Larin
Maureen McInerney
Disse Dzidzensko
Anne Eldschun
Bobbi Butz
Suzanne Lench
Ann Galloway
The above are all residents of McCandless Hall.

"Prestly paradise"

Editor: In an issue of "The Observer," with an article as well written and disconcerting to read an article written as poorly as was "The Observer," I found myself in a bit of a quandry. It would be both pretentious and extremely defensive to complain of the gross misrepresentation of fact and the inadequacy of the article, so suffice it to say that it seemed to reach a new low in the conception and presentation of fact and the inclusion of poorly written articles.

Stephen P. Newton, C.S.C.

"Two Souls"

Editor: Maybe the Black man isn't the fool after all. Instead of being "two souls, two thoughts, two unprovoked stings," are not just the current facts, but a sign of the "off-white" master race. For from this hell comes the Black man's super-sensitivity. This is the only thing that the Black man owes his oppressor. This is the part of this society that the White man has not yet deserved. With each deceptive attempt, the Black man's super-sensitivity is strengthened.

I am Black—and my extreme pride in this fact is one of the few things in life that I feel is worth fighting for. For when I emmanate my "me-ness" it is my face that I do. This super-sensitivity has caught many a white, white/ black and black/white pseudo-liberal in the old trick bag of denouncing his prejudices. Many whites are realizing now whether Blacks or others whites think that they are adequately with- out prejudice. As a Black, a man's prejudices don't bother him. This is the part of the Black man that don't materialize to the point that they hurt or hinder Black men's progress. Let us take a case at hand. There are certain University officials, who by the mere fact that they are connected with Notre Dame and are liberal in the old trick bag of denouncing his prejudices. Many whites are realizing now whether Blacks or others whites think that they are adequately with- out prejudice. As a Black, a man's prejudices don't bother him. This is the part of the Black man that don't materialize to the point that they hurt or hinder Black men's progress.

Karen Schultz

Kay McGowan

Antoinette Nixon

Bobbi Butz

Surely we have a concelebrated mission around the world. Make checks payable to Notre Dame Colony Company just want to let you know that we are WE ARE ON YOUR CASE.

Danny Willkerson

225 Alumni Hall

Mass schedule

Editor: Merely a note requesting an announcement of the regular Mass number and content of the various devotions (commonly referred to as "masses"), on the campus each week.

This would greatly assist persons like myself in determining which type of service would serve myself and my immediate needs best. At present, I, like many other students are in a quandary as to the schedule of Masses, as well as the type of worship involved.

Thank you for any aid you may be able to offer.

Sincerely,

Fisher Hall

Editor's note: Although it would be impossible for me to run a listing of all Masses on campus weekly, I assure you that in my correspondence of your letter will encourage the various hall religious councils and the University chaplains to rectify the situation somehow.

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[Advertisement]
Grace and Flanner halls unaffected

(continued from page 2)

Off-campus students will cast their ballots from 10:00 A.M. to 7:00 P.M. today and tomorrow in the off-campus office. Ballots from the three areas will be tabulated in the Student Center.

An exception was noted with relation to Moreau Hall. No candidate came forward to represent Mc-eau. It was decided that should a student seek the position this fall his candidacy would be presented to the Senate as a whole and would be voted on.

As for the candidates themselves, sixty-seven students submitted nomination petitions.

800 SMC girls sign petition

(continued from page 1)

University has been operating on the theory of making those who use the service pay for it rather than taxing the entire student body.

Fr. Charles McCarthy C.S.C., Vice President for Student Affairs said that at the present time there is no money to pay for the nighttime service. Proposals were made to solve this dilemma. One would be to use the University’s buses at night. Another would be to sell the buses and use that money to pay for the service.

THE OBSERVER

Hesburgh opposes tax on foundations

by Glen Corso

Rev. Theodore M. Hesburgh testified before a Senate Banking Committee Monday, and spoke against a pending bill, already passed by the House, which would levy a tax on all private foundations.

Dr. John Cooper, President of the Association of American Medical Colleges, Mr. Francis Erwin, Chairman of the Board of Regents of the State Universities of Texas, and Dr. Felix Robb, Director of the Southern Association of Colleges and Schools, testified along with Hesburgh.

"The four of us appear before you this morning as representatives of institutions which are, in a sense bystanders in the present controversy," Hesburgh declared.

He went on saying, "No matter what definition you finally settle upon all of the institutions which we represent will fall beyond the direct effect of whatever rules you prescribe for foundations." Hesburgh claimed that all the institutions (the four collectively represented) were indebted to many private foundations for the benefits that they had received from them.

Hesburgh did state that he would like to make it clear that the four of us wholeheartedly support legislation aimed at the financial abuses in which a minority of private foundations are reported to have become involved.

Hesburgh cited the specific bills which he and the four men found most objectionable. They included "...a 7 1/2% tax upon foundation investment income," and another bill which would put a .25 year limit on foundations' tax exemption and qualification to receive deductible charitable contributions.

Specifically cited in Hesburgh's testimony was the work of the Ford Foundation, especially their Special Program in Education. He described it as "perhaps the most magnificent philanthropic program in the history of American higher education."

"The aid which the major foundations have provided in the years since World War II has proved to be a life-line to the independent half of our nation's unique dual, private/governmental system of higher education," Hesburgh stated. "The proposed tax on foundations or any general measure to end the existence of exemption of foundations—will have the plain and necessary effect of driving our independent colleges into the arms of the government at a time when many feel there is already too much government involvement on campus."

Hesburgh then bluntly stated the ultimate effect the bill would have on colleges and universities across the country.

"To state the matter somewhat differently a 7 1/2% tax levied on the investment income of foundations would in effect, be a tax on Stanford and John Hopkins, Vanderbilt and Emory, Notre Dame and Denver and, indeed, on all the colleges and universities great and small, in every part of this land which benefit from the regular and substantial support of these foundations. It would result in less foundation support for the nation's colleges and universities at precisely the time when they are experiencing a financial crisis and need more..." he said.

Hesburgh asked that Congress only legislate against those foundations which use their tax-exempt status for lessening individual, or corporate tax loads, or other abuses.

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Wed., Oct. 8, 8:00 P.M.

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Orioles are strong at mound and plate

MINNEAPOLIS ST. PAUL (UPI) - The slogan for the Baltimore Orioles is "Powerful Baltimore meets charismatic Mets." The two teams have faced each other in the World Series twice, in 1966 and 1969. In both years, the Orioles emerged victorious.

Miller Richman, UPI sports columnist

Aaron and Jones agree

NEW YORK (UPI) - Cleon Jones doesn't pop off. Nor is he big on champagne. He took a couple of sips in the New York Mets' madhouse, better medicine than club world club house Monday, because he saw everyone else.

"I called Jerry Grote out and asked him how to pitch to him," says Jones. "I know statements like he makes can arouse the other side, but he feels the same way Billy Hunter, the Baltimore coach, felt before the playoff with Minnesota. Hunter, speaking for most of the Orioles, said they would take the Twins three straight and somehow with the Twins Pitten Hunter's quote on their clubhouse door when the team was in Baltimore. It didn't do the Twins any good. The Orioles still bowled them over three in a row. Hunter believed.

So does Jones. And you'd be surprised how many others believe the same thing as he does.

"I'm sure they went 'beat Baltimore,'" says Jones. "I'm sure they went 'beat Baltimore,'" says Jones. "Why? Because of their pitching, not their hitting. Those two in the pen, Steve and Kosmo the past few years and a half, we know what they can do. They're tough. Believe me they are."

"It's tough to win another." It's usually a good idea to listen. Aaron in a rival of Jones. So is Bob Aaron, the Atlanta infielder. He's another one who agrees with Jones. "I don't see how anyone can beat 'em the way they're playing now," he says. "Everything's going their way. What do they do? Amazing! It's certainly the word that describes them beautiful."

The biggest stickout of all for the Mets was a guy who didn't even play. His name is Carl Yastrzemski and he's been hitting the right call all year long. He made another one when he called in Ryan from the bullpen with runners on second and third and none out and the Atlanta receiver. He did and Didier Mollenkopf of Purdue football fame said it impossible to conceal his excitement.

The 6-3 senior quarterback from Columbia Ind., was "Mister Mike" last Saturday, rallying the eighth ranked Boilermakers from a two touchdown deficit in the final period to a pulsating 36-35 victory over Stanford to win the Pacific-8 "Back of the Week." Honors.

In the process, Phipps rewrote Purdue's record book five times. Marks included 210 for 315, 11 for 15, six touchdown passes and 429 yards passing, all single game records. One of the oriole fans who made three games last season when he was troubled by a severe ankle injury, last Saturday nine of them found their marks.

In short, everything fell right in the Mollenkopf, who calls Phipps his "poise and confidence. I feel his potential," said Mollenkopf. The 6-3 senior quarterback from Coal City Ind., was "Mister Mike" last Saturday, rallying the eighth ranked Boilermakers from a two touchdown deficit in the final period to a pulsating 36-35 victory over Stanford to win the Pacific-8 "Back of the Week." Honors.

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