Losers become winners in lottery

WASHINGTON (UPI) - America's first draft lottery in 27 years yesterday decided by the luck of the draw which of 850,000 young men of military age will be called to serve next year.

"September 14th," was the first birthday to be called out as youth representatives of the various states drew, one by one, the large blue plastic capsules from a big glass laboratory jar at Selective Service Headquarters. Then in rapid order came April 24, Dec. 30, Feb. 14, and Oct. 16.

With a third of the 366 birthdates capsules drawn, 171 represented days in December, meaning that those born in December, 1951, would be highly vulnerable to the draft.

Under the new lottery system, a registrant's birthday would be the key to the order in which he would be subject to the draft call. Haphazardly, it was first drawn, first called; last drawn, last called.

Those affected by the third lottery in three generations consisted of 1A registrants between their 19th and 26th birthdays.

Lt. Gen. Lewis B. Hershey, 76 year old outgoing director of the draft, spoke briefly following the opening prayer and the first capsule was drawn by Rep. Alexander Pirnie, R. of New York, a member of the House Military Affairs Committee.

Members of the Selective Service's Youth Advisory Board were seated around the number one capsule. If the capsule was opened by a woman from the Selective Service staff, the hearing on the grounds that the number needed as draftees would increase.

The Pentagon believes that an estimated 250,000 of these will be drafted under the new lottery. Thus the remaining 310,000 would not have to serve and would be able to plan their lives in the expectation they will see no military interruption.

However, should the number of volunteers fall below the prediction, the number needed as draftees would increase.

The priority situation under the birthday lottery may vary from locality to locality. Local draft boards, under the order of call for inductees with the same birth dates, will assign draft quotas to be filled.

Therefore it is possible that a local board may use all of the calls under a certain birthday and another may use only part of those born on the same date. To deal with this, the drawing included the random selection of the 26 letters of the alphabet to establish a priority within a group the birthday lottery may vary from locality to locality. Local draft boards, under the order of call for inductees with the same birth dates, will assign draft quotas to be filled.

Following in the order of the alphabet to be applied in determining the order of call for inductees with the same birth dates: 1-J; 2-G; 3-D; 4-X; 5-N; 6-C; 7-Z; 8-T; 9-W; 10-P; 11-Q; 12-Y; 13-U; 14-C; 15-F; 16-H; 17-V; 18-W; 19-V; 20-L; 21-M; 22-A; 23-R; 24-E; 25-B; 26-V.

Of the 56 youngest scheduled to draw capsules, the five needed more time to arrange their lives to serve in the military.

The motion was voted down.

He said that he had no objection to the party that seeks action to be heard before the old University Court or by the old tripartite appeals board contained in the old Judicial Code.

A directive from the SLC ordered the University Court to extend the option to the defendants which was presented to them at last Wednesday's preliminary hearing before the SLC.

The meeting consisted of introductions of the ten "Ten" in order for Father Riehle's actions to be upheld.

Instead the meeting consisted of introductions of the ten "Ten" in order for Father Riehle's actions to be upheld.

A directive from the SLC ordered the University Court to extend the option to the defendants which was presented to them at last Wednesday's preliminary hearing before the SLC.

Fred Dedrick, Student Body Vice-President, at the SLC meeting made a motion which would have made it necessary for five of the six Court members to vote for conviction of the "Ten" in order for Father Riehle's actions to be upheld.

The motion was voted down.

Professor Massey made a motion incorporating Hesburgh's belief that a simple majority of the University Court an amendment to include the possibility that a student may choose to go before the old appellate body, it was passed.

The newly ratified University Court convenes this morning to hear the decision of each individual member of the Notre Dame Ten as to whether he wants to be tried under the University Court or by the old tripartite appeals board. It was presented to them at last Wednesday's preliminary hearing before the SLC.

The meeting consisted of introductions of the ten "Ten" in order for Father Riehle's actions to be upheld.

Professor Massey made a motion incorporating Hesburgh's belief that a simple majority of the University Court an amendment to include the possibility that a student may choose to go before the old appellate body, it was passed.

The newly ratified University Court convenes this morning to hear the decision of each individual member of the Notre Dame Ten as to whether he wants to be tried under the University Court or by the old tripartite appeals board. It was presented to them at last Wednesday's preliminary hearing before the SLC.

The meeting consisted of introductions of the ten "Ten" in order for Father Riehle's actions to be upheld.

Professor Massey made a motion incorporating Hesburgh's belief that a simple majority of the University Court an amendment to include the possibility that a student may choose to go before the old appellate body, it was passed.

The newly ratified University Court convenes this morning to hear the decision of each individual member of the Notre Dame Ten as to whether he wants to be tried under the University Court or by the old tripartite appeals board. It was presented to them at last Wednesday's preliminary hearing before the SLC.

The meeting consisted of introductions of the ten "Ten" in order for Father Riehle's actions to be upheld.

Professor Massey made a motion incorporating Hesburgh's belief that a simple majority of the University Court an amendment to include the possibility that a student may choose to go before the old appellate body, it was passed.

The newly ratified University Court convenes this morning to hear the decision of each individual member of the Notre Dame Ten as to whether he wants to be tried under the University Court or by the old tripartite appeals board. It was presented to them at last Wednesday's preliminary hearing before the SLC.

The meeting consisted of introductions of the ten "Ten" in order for Father Riehle's actions to be upheld.

Professor Massey made a motion incorporating Hesburgh's belief that a simple majority of the University Court an amendment to include the possibility that a student may choose to go before the old appellate body, it was passed.

The newly ratified University Court convenes this morning to hear the decision of each individual member of the Notre Dame Ten as to whether he wants to be tried under the University Court or by the old tripartite appeals board. It was presented to them at last Wednesday's preliminary hearing before the SLC.

The meeting consisted of introductions of the ten "Ten" in order for Father Riehle's actions to be upheld.

Professor Massey made a motion incorporating Hesburgh's belief that a simple majority of the University Court an amendment to include the possibility that a student may choose to go before the old appellate body, it was passed.

The newly ratified University Court convenes this morning to hear the decision of each individual member of the Notre Dame Ten as to whether he wants to be tried under the University Court or by the old tripartite appeals board. It was presented to them at last Wednesday's preliminary hearing before the SLC.

The meeting consisted of introductions of the ten "Ten" in order for Father Riehle's actions to be upheld.

Professor Massey made a motion incorporating Hesburgh's belief that a simple majority of the University Court an amendment to include the possibility that a student may choose to go before the old appellate body, it was passed.

The newly ratified University Court convenes this morning to hear the decision of each individual member of the Notre Dame Ten as to whether he wants to be tried under the University Court or by the old tripartite appeals board. It was presented to them at last Wednesday's preliminary hearing before the SLC.

The meeting consisted of introductions of the ten "Ten" in order for Father Riehle's actions to be upheld.

Professor Massey made a motion incorporating Hesburgh's belief that a simple majority of the University Court an amendment to include the possibility that a student may choose to go before the old appellate body, it was passed.

The newly ratified University Court convenes this morning to hear the decision of each individual member of the Notre Dame Ten as to whether he wants to be tried under the University Court or by the old tripartite appeals board. It was presented to them at last Wednesday's preliminary hearing before the SLC.

The meeting consisted of introductions of the ten "Ten" in order for Father Riehle's actions to be upheld.

Professor Massey made a motion incorporating Hesburgh's belief that a simple majority of the University Court an amendment to include the possibility that a student may choose to go before the old appellate body, it was passed.

The newly ratified University Court convenes this morning to hear the decision of each individual member of the Notre Dame Ten as to whether he wants to be tried under the University Court or by the old tripartite appeals board. It was presented to them at last Wednesday's preliminary hearing before the SLC.

The meeting consisted of introductions of the ten "Ten" in order for Father Riehle's actions to be upheld.

Professor Massey made a motion incorporating Hesburgh's belief that a simple majority of the University Court an amendment to include the possibility that a student may choose to go before the old appellate body, it was passed.

The newly ratified University Court convenes this morning to hear the decision of each individual member of the Notre Dame Ten as to whether he wants to be tried under the University Court or by the old tripartite appeals board. It was presented to them at last Wednesday's preliminary hearing before the SLC.

The meeting consisted of introductions of the ten "Ten" in order for Father Riehle's actions to be upheld.

Professor Massey made a motion incorporating Hesburgh's belief that a simple majority of the University Court an amendment to include the possibility that a student may choose to go before the old appellate body, it was passed.

The newly ratified University Court convenes this morning to hear the decision of each individual member of the Notre Dame Ten as to whether he wants to be tried under the University Court or by the old tripartite appeals board. It was presented to them at last Wednesday's preliminary hearing before the SLC.

The meeting consisted of introductions of the ten "Ten" in order for Father Riehle's actions to be upheld.

Professor Massey made a motion incorporating Hesburgh's belief that a simple majority of the University Court an amendment to include the possibility that a student may choose to go before the old appellate body, it was passed.

The newly ratified University Court convenes this morning to hear the decision of each individual member of the Notre Dame Ten as to whether he wants to be tried under the University Court or by the old tripartite appeals board. It was presented to them at last Wednesday's preliminary hearing before the SLC.

The meeting consisted of introductions of the ten "Ten" in order for Father Riehle's actions to be upheld.

Professor Massey made a motion incorporating Hesburgh's belief that a simple majority of the University Court an amendment to include the possibility that a student may choose to go before the old appellate body, it was passed.

The newly ratified University Court convenes this morning to hear the decision of each individual member of the Notre Dame Ten as to whether he wants to be tried under the University Court or by the old tripartite appeals board. It was presented to them at last Wednesday's preliminary hearing before the SLC.

The meeting consisted of introductions of the ten "Ten" in order for Father Riehle's actions to be upheld.

Professor Massey made a motion incorporating Hesburgh's belief that a simple majority of the University Court an amendment to include the possibility that a student may choose to go before the old appellate body, it was passed.
THE OBSERVER

TUESDAY, DECEMBER 2, 1969

Hesburgh to try to meet proposals
by Tim Treanor

University President Father Theodore Hesburgh pledged before a rally held last Monday in the fieldhouse to do "all I can" to delay the scheduled fieldhouse demolition.

Hesburgh appeared before a gathering estimated at between one hundred and several hundred and two hundred Notre Dame and St. Mary's students and faculty, and pledged to attempt to meet a three-point program advocated by the loosely-organized "save the fieldhouse" committee. The three-point program includes provisions to:

1. establish a University Arts Center for the University of Notre Dame
2. Give Arts Department Chairman, Profemor Thomas A. Fern, at least until the end of the 1969-70 school year to raise an unspecified percentage of the estimated 1.3 million dollars needed to renovate the fieldhouse.

A portion of the crowd at the "save the fieldhouse" rally.

3. That a meeting between students, architects, and University Vice-Presidents concerning the fieldhouse be arranged.

Hesburgh's appearance followed close to ninety minutes of heated debate on tactics fieldhouse supporters would use to draw the attention of the university president. A crowd of nearly five hundred people dwindled down to less than half that number as a sizable segment of the assemblage, led by assistant committee head Rob Bartelli, advocated a march on Keenan Hall, where Hesburgh was celebrating the Hall's twelfth anniversary. Bartelli suggested that the crowd wait silently in the Keenan hall lobby and confront Hesburgh. However, a faction led by committee head Tom Kronk who suggested that Student Union Academic Commissioner J. Patrick Dowdall go down to Keenan and attempt to induce Father Hesburgh to come to the fieldhouse assemblage. Bartelli was that number as a sizeable segment of the assemblage, led by assistant committee head Rob Bartelli, advocated a march on Keenan Hall, where Hesburgh was celebrating the Hall's twelfth anniversary. Bartelli suggested that the crowd wait silently in the Keenan hall lobby and confront Hesburgh. However, a faction led by committee head Tom Kronk who suggested that Student Union Academic Commissioner J. Patrick Dowdall go down to Keenan and attempt to induce Father Hesburgh to come to the fieldhouse assemblage. Bartelli was.

Father Hesburgh was celebrating the Hall's twelfth anniversary. Bartelli suggested that the crowd wait silently in the Keenan hall lobby and confront Hesburgh. However, a faction led by committee head Tom Kronk who suggested that Student Union Academic Commissioner J. Patrick Dowdall go down to Keenan and attempt to induce Father Hesburgh to come to the fieldhouse assemblage. Bartelli was.

At this point the crowd

"I would think that one of the most impressive things about the arts here is the interest that you put into it," Hesburgh, speaking before the group.

"There are so many good ideas (that we have received that we can't possibly implement because of our financial situation."

Fern, speaking after Hesburgh had finished, reiterated arguments he had presented to the rally earlier. He said that he had contacted a Notre Dame graduate architect Fr. J. McDermott who claimed to be able to make 75,000 square feet worth of floor space available for the $1.3 million figure.

Fern admitted that raising the money would be difficult, but felt that various foundations would be willing to meet the expenses.

Hall President Council hears project request
by Jim Graf

The Hall Presidents Council last night heard two requests for community project funds.

Tony Scalise, Alumni Hall President, introduced Tom Parrell, the Muscular Dystrophy chairman for Northern Illinois.

He proposed a "Shamrocks for Dysphrophy" campaign. He pointed out the success attained by the University of Michigan in a short drive last year. The possibility of interhall competition was suggested. Parrell mentioned a statement by a lady concerning the earlier campaign.

She said that such efforts by students remove some of the tarnish from the image of college students.

Dave Lab of the Community Relations Commission presented the idea of the various halls holding Christmas parties for town children at the Head Start Centers around the city. Each hall would be able to plan the party to be as lavish or simple as they wish. These parties would be in cooperation with the Head Start coordinators.

HPC chairman Tom Sodde explained the results of a meeting held Nov. 23 attended by members of the Student Life Council and the Hall Presidents Council. The discussion centered on hall autonomy. The group came to the conclusion that hall autonomy is included in the powers given to the halls by the SLC. With the new judicial system in effect the only aspect of hall life not controlled by the halls is parietal hours.

The members also tried to determine what is needed to make a perfect hall, and what can be done to improve spirit in the halls. The SLC members and the Hall Presidents hope to meet in the near future to have a frank discussion on parietals.

The Observer is published daily during the college semester except vacations by the students of the University of Notre Dame and St. Mary's College. Subscriptions may be purchased for $8 from The Observer, Box 11, Notre Dame, Ind., 46556. Second class postage paid, Notre Dame, Ind., 46556.

NOTRE DAME
ITS PEOPLE
ITS LEGENDS
FRANCIS WALLACE

Norelco
$54.95
NOTRE DAME
BOOKSTORE

Noelco

$54.95
NOTRE DAME
BOOKSTORE

Open house

DEPARTMENT OF METALLURGICAL ENGINEERING
and MATERIALS SCIENCE

Tonight -7 PM
Room 5 Engin. Building
Tour-Demonstrations-Informal Discussions -Refreshments
Notre Dame and St. Mary's Students
you're invited

OPEN HOUSE
NOTRE DAME LAW SCHOOL
Saturday, December 6, 10a.m.
Free Lunch
Program by Dean and Faculty
1. LSAT exam, what it is and how to take it
2. Legal Education Opportunities in U.S.
3. Admissions and Scholarships at Notre Dame
4. Program and methods at Notre Dame
5. Career Opportunities in Law

Please call or write Admissions Office, Law School, for reservations - 283-6626, 7092, 7015, or 7728.
Vandalism remains unchecked

by Bill Carter

At last night's Student Life Council meeting the Council passed a proposal calling for the allocation of $5000, collected from disciplinary traffic violations on campus, for the purpose of beginning a "minority scholarship fund." The proposal, as presented by student representative Ted Jones, called for the money to "partially finance" the scholarships with a special emphasis on recruitment.

In making his proposal concerning the minority scholarship fund, Jones pointed out that the money collected from the traffic violations had been accumula­ting over the past two years without any indication of how it would be put to use. He answered objections from those who claimed a percentage of the Cotton Bowl profits were to be directed to this purpose by stating that money was needed right now to recruit next year's freshman class.

Jones emphasized the fact that the $5000 would only serve as a beginning for the fund, as capital to work with to handle preliminary planning and details, such as finding people to man the scholarship committee.

Jones explained the need for a minority scholarship fund at Notre Dame. "Notre Dame needs a far greater diversity in its community. Right now there are only two scholarships I know of which are particularly for minority students, and yet 82 of the 83 blacks on campus are cur­rently on some form of financial aid. It usually consists of a National Defense loan or something like that. But if we want to start attracting the talented people in the minority to Notre Dame you have to be ready to offer more. These people are getting more at other places. The scholarship fund would bring more of these people here, I mean non-Catholics, blacks, Mexican Americans and maybe just people from the South. This is the kind of diversity we need at Notre Dame." Dean of Students Rev. James Riehle, however, pointed out that the Council really had no authority concerning the allocation of funds but that the pro­posal could be made in the form of a recommendation to the Vice-President for Business Af­fairs, Rev. Jerome Wilson. The motion was passed with only two dissenting votes.

The Council also passed a mo­tion concerning the ten-cent shuttle bus fare. As finally stated the motion called for nothing more than continued negotiation on the issue between the student government and the Academic Affairs Office.

The shuttle bus motion, as originally presented by Student Body President Phil McKenna, called for the elimination of the ten cent fare by next year with Notre Dame and St. Mary's shar­ing the additional cost of run­ning the bus after 6 p.m. McKenna presented figures which showed the bus company to be "breaking even or better" on the service charge required at night. McKenna said it cost each school about $12,000 a year for the use of the bus during the day and that the additional cost would be about $4,250 apiece.

He called the fare an unfair tax on students based on an unjust claim that the bus was used only for social purposes after 6 p.m. McKenna's motion was amen­ded by Prof. John Houck to call only for further negotiation on the subject and not for elimina­tion of the fare and substitution of University funds to finance the use of the bus. Houck's amended motion passed easily, despite McKenna's objection that the amendment made the motion meaningless.

In a final piece of business the Council agreed to hold an infor­mal meeting with the Hall Pres­i­dent's Council on Dec. 14 for the purpose of discussing the present situation of hall life, with particular emphasis on the problems with the present par­ti­cular system.

Applications are now being accepted for the following positions:

BUSINESS MANAGER

THE OBSERVER

Send resume to:

THE OBSERVER

BOX 11

NOTRE DAME, IND.

46556

LAW STUDENTS COMMITTEE

TO PREVENT DISRUPTION

OF THE UNIVERSITY

- We are students at the Notre Dame Law School
- We are presenting the case in the University Court against the persons suspended and expelled in the Dow C.I.A. demonstrations on November 16th.
- We would like to talk to you:

1. If you were there and will tell us what you saw
2. If you took pictures of the demonstrations

Contact us in the office of Prof. Charles E. Rice, Law School, Room 100E Phone 8355
Layout Editor: Mary Beth Cimmarusti

THE OBSERVER
An Independent Student Newspaper
DONALD C. HOLLIDAY, Publisher
GAETANO DeSAPIO, Editor
FOUNDED NOVEMBER 3, 1966
NOTRE DAME, INDIANA

TUESDAY, DECEMBER 2, 1969

Mike Kelly
'Kronk and the Ducks'

It was rather suppressing really. Students like Tom Kronk and Pat Dowdall, unwilling to sit back and do nothing, got out and started asking questions about why the fieldhouse couldn't be saved for a campus center for the fine arts. The Art Department, which has been trying to be heard for months, was pleased to join in with a concrete plan (including facts and figures) for saving and renovating the old structure.

Tom Kronk and his new University Arts Council began raising the question publicly over and over and support began to gather (even this column attacked the destruction of the fieldhouse back in October).

Miracle of miracles! There was a rally and people came to it. Art freaks, student senators, drama people, student union bureaucrats, writers from the Observer and the Scholastic, radicals, conservatives and even a plain student or two; all of them concerned about the arts at Notre Dame.

After a while, Fr. Hesburgh came to.

As Joe McCarthy used to say, "It's the most unheard of thing I ever heard of!"

Every now and then a columnist writes what is best described as a "three atenik" column. These columns are identifiable by frequent breaks denoted by three asterisks (***) . A three asterisk column means one of two things: either the columnist is too rushed and busy to sit down and write out a coherent argument that will run seventy words, or he has a number of small subjects, none of which is worth a whole column, which he wants to cover. Having done the former before, I am pleased to say this is the latter.

Watch your record stands, gang, for a hot disk just out from Big Frenchie's Records! Another smash hit from that song writing team of Bill Locke and Pat Clinton: Agamemnon! A musical comedy remake of the Greek classic by Aeschylus, Agamemnon! is out just in time for the harried Christmas shopper trying to pick out a gift for the man who thinks he has everything. Starring Ruth Fischer and Michael Monotone, the entire production is best summed up by the insipid chorus during a refrain of "The Insipid Chorus Waltz.

"We don't understand what's happening or what our playwright undertakes here."

But we know whatever is happening it wouldn't have happened in Shakespeare.

***

A new cause for those still drunk with their victory over the administration on the fieldhouse issue; the mural in the Huddle. I can find no one who finds the atmosphere of the already gloomy room enhanced by the sight of nightmarish football players undertaking eight or nine different plays simultaneously.

I say we should raise some money (preferably out of administration pockets) and commission Andy Warhol to do a painting of Father Hesburgh on the wall.

***

I am told that the University was left a large sum of money (the figure mentioned was $100,000) by a little old lady for the feeding of the ducks in the lakes on campus (the farsighted I.O.I. realized that someday even Father Duck will go the way of the flash), I am told that the administration refused the money saying, "That sort of thing is for the birds!" Tom Henehan suggested that they take the money and establish duck-feeding scholarships for poor students. The students would have tuition, room and board paid for in exchange for feeding the ducks once a week.

If Fr. Hesburgh is still looking for a replacement, I'd like to nominate Henehan.

The Opinions in the editorials, news analyses, and columns of The Observer are solely those of the authors and editors of The Observer and do not necessarily reflect the views of St. Mary's College, the University of Notre Dame, their administration, faculty or student bodies.

---

Narrator: Here's the man the draft wouldn't be the draft without. (Marine Corps Band breaks into a rendition of "America: Love It Or Leave It"contest. As a special highlight we have arranged interviews with a draft-eligible youth for each day of the year. So we'll have comments from one of the many thousands of lucky winners immediately after his selection.

Al: Enough of this levity. On with the monologue. By the way, narrator, why don't you shut the windows or close the door? Because I'm beginning to feel a draft.

Narrator: Excuse me Al, But we**

---

Dave Bach and John Knorr

The Fish Bowl

As a public service, The Observer submits the following program script to the major TV networks in an effort to take the strain off Spiro Agnew.

Host: Our host for the evening is the guiding light of America's Company patriotically presents the "Fish Bowl, or You Bet Your Chemical Co. and Metropolitan Life Insurance Company."

(Commercial)

Narrator: Here's the man the draft wouldn't be the draft without. (Marine Corps Band breaks into a rendition of "America: Love It Or Leave It" contest. As a special highlight we have arranged interviews with a draft-eligible youth for each day of the year. So we'll have comments from one of the many thousands of lucky winners immediately after his selection.

Al: Enough of this levity. On with the monologue. By the way, narrator, why don't you shut the windows or close the door? Because I'm beginning to feel a draft.

Narrator: I'll be the straightman and bite, (he said fishingly) why

Al: Alright, alright. On with the show. As you all know, we're here tonight to pick the lucky winners in the America's Company's "Fish Bowl," or You Bet Your Chemical Co. and Metropolitan Life Insurance Company."

(Al reaches into the Fish Bowl)
Two fifths and a stewed turkey

by Dan Shaw

To begin with, Thanksgiving has never really been a widely occurring occasion in my life. For that matter, I doubt that it's much more than a couple of days off and long nosiness in front of the screen for anyone. Anyway, after twenty years, the list of alternatives struck me as pretty boring, and, in spite of long-held tradition I began to think... of alternate dinner options. Not too suddenly, I came up with the idea that it might be amusing to get stewed with a turkey.

Rejecting the more obvious implications of the project, I did a little two-stop shopping and picked up two fifths of Old Crow and a live gobbler. My choice of liquor was unchallenged, but when I suggested that the two of us sit around and shoot the bull my ungrateful guest flew into a rage. It seems that he had been doing a slow boil over man's unthinking extermination of hunters via lung cancer. The tirade continued for the better part of an hour, ending with indictments against man for his portrayal of animals as stupid, ungrateful guests, and ridiculous (notably Fohrenkog and Superchicken).

At this point, though completely overwhelmed by flighty arguments, I felt it necessary to defend my choice of words was unfortunate to say the least. I pleaded with him to stop. I threatened, but to no avail. Finally I had no other choice, I did only thing any civilized man could have done.

This Thanksgiving ended just as nineteen others had preceded it, but, perhaps with a little more of warmth. Colonel Sanders, have you ever considered

THE OBSERVER

Two fifths and a stewed turkey

by Dan Shaw

To begin with, Thanksgiving has never really been a widely occurring occasion in my life. For that matter, I doubt that it's much more than a couple of days off and long nosiness in front of the screen for anyone. Anyway, after twenty years, the list of alternatives struck me as pretty boring, and, in spite of long-held tradition I began to think... of alternate dinner options. Not too suddenly, I came up with the idea that it might be amusing to get stewed with a turkey.

Rejecting the more obvious implications of the project, I did a little two-stop shopping and picked up two fifths of Old Crow and a live gobbler. My choice of liquor was unchallenged, but when I suggested that the two of us sit around and shoot the bull my ungrateful guest flew into a rage. It seems that he had been doing a slow boil over man's unthinking extermination of hunters via lung cancer. The tirade continued for the better part of an hour, ending with indictments against man for his portrayal of animals as stupid, ungrateful guests, and ridiculous (notably Fohrenkog and Superchicken).

At this point, though completely overwhelmed by flighty arguments, I felt it necessary to defend my choice of words was unfortunate to say the least. I pleaded with him to stop. I threatened, but to no avail. Finally I had no other choice, I did only thing any civilized man could have done.

This Thanksgiving ended just as nineteen others had preceded it, but, perhaps with a little more of warmth. Colonel Sanders, have you ever considered

The battle of the balds

INDIANAPOLIS (UPI) - Women afflicted with near baldness now have a choice between their present state and wigs.

Women who are credited with having the present upsurge in hair-wearing for men will be able to benefit directly from the technique, according to Mike Nickerson, vice president of Ultra Lok V.I.P. International of Indianapolis.

According to Nickerson, the hair weaving technique originated with aborigines centuries ago, had been known in the Negro community for many years, but only within the last few years was developed for general practical use.

The technique requires that the customer have some original hair to start with, preferably about 40 percent, Nickerson explained. He said his shop in the first 10 months of operation had, had only min customers until recently, because the technique works best with short hair.

"But we have tried hair weaving for one woman and it was successful, so we will try it again," he said. "With a woman you've got to use longer hair and long or hair tends to knot." He said a surprising number of women have become nearly bald due to disease or misuse of hair dyes and bleaches, and wear wigs.

Nickerson's clients have ranged from age 16 to 81, all male except for one woman secretary who was his first venture into hair-wearing.

"Most of the time, a woman is behind a man wanting to look younger," he said.

"The whole thing is a part of a revolution that was started by the younger generation. Some of my clients say I was meant to have hair and I want hair," he said.

Nickerson said he had received letters from clients who told of returning to active sports such as swimming, skiing and football because they did not want to worry about their toupees getting knocked off their heads.

Others wrote they were able to earn greater incomes and felt they were once again the men their wives married. Nickerson said two of his new customers came because their wives wanted to give the victims of a hair weaving job as a Christmas gift.

Nickerson doesn't have to worry about a hair weaving job. He is 22 and has a full head of hair.

To serve or to run, that is the question

Your lot(tery) in life

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Day</th>
<th>Date</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Tuesday</td>
<td>Nov 26</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wednesday</td>
<td>Nov 27</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Thursday</td>
<td>Nov 28</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Friday</td>
<td>Nov 29</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Saturday</td>
<td>Nov 30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sunday</td>
<td>Dec 1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

To serve or to run, that is the question

The battle of the balds

INDIANAPOLIS (UPI) - Women afflicted with near baldness now have a choice between their present state and wigs.

Women who are credited with having the present upsurge in hair-wearing for men will be able to benefit directly from the technique, according to Mike Nickerson, vice president of Ultra Lok V.I.P. International of Indianapolis.

According to Nickerson, the hair weaving technique originated with aborigines centuries ago, had been known in the Negro community for many years, but only within the last few years was developed for general practical use.

The technique requires that the customer have some original hair to start with, preferably about 40 percent, Nickerson explained. He said his shop in the first 10 months of operation had, had only min customers until recently, because the technique works best with short hair.

"But we have tried hair weaving for one woman and it was successful, so we will try it again," he said. "With a woman you've got to use longer hair and long or hair tends to knot." He said a surprising number of women have become nearly bald due to disease or misuse of hair dyes and bleaches, and wear wigs.

Nickerson's clients have ranged from age 16 to 81, all male except for one woman secretary who was his first venture into hair-wearing.

"Most of the time, a woman is behind a man wanting to look younger," he said.

"The whole thing is a part of a revolution that was started by the younger generation. Some of my clients say I was meant to have hair and I want hair," he said.

Nickerson said he had received letters from clients who told of returning to active sports such as swimming, skiing and football because they did not want to worry about their toupees getting knocked off their heads.

Others wrote they were able to earn greater incomes and felt they were once again the men their wives married. Nickerson said two of his new customers came because their wives wanted to give the victims of a hair weaving job as a Christmas gift.

Nickerson doesn't have to worry about a hair weaving job. He is 22 and has a full head of hair.

To serve or to run, that is the question

Your lot(tery) in life

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Day</th>
<th>Date</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Tuesday</td>
<td>Nov 26</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wednesday</td>
<td>Nov 27</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Thursday</td>
<td>Nov 28</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Friday</td>
<td>Nov 29</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Saturday</td>
<td>Nov 30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sunday</td>
<td>Dec 1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Psychologists try to break indifference shells

Donald F. O'Brien, a vice president of McCann-Erickson's Houston office. For several years he has been a member of the marketing sequence for its advertising agencies. O'Brien, 54, was elected to the national board of directors.

Robert Speaight, visiting auditorium. Other lecturers scheduled to lecture will be Professors Thomas Whitman and Bobbie J. Farrow. South Bend's Logan Center to interact with other children of their own age. "We began with the premise that all complex human behavior is learned and can therefore be taught," Whitman explained. "The problem in teaching retardates is that, because of frequent failures in his attempts to learn, he doesn't get reward as is the case with other children under the traditional system."

At the end of the experiment, Whitten agreed on stopped rewarding the children for interactions, and as expected, they slowly stopped playing as regularly. "However," he added, "the behavior continued at a much higher level than we expected. Quite possibly playing with others becomes rewarding in itself," he said.

TUESDAY, DECEMBER 2, 1969

THE OBSERVER

The University of Notre Dame psychologists are trying to break through the shell of indifference which often proves as big a barrier to the training of severely retarded children as their mental disabilities.

Dr. Bobby J. Farrow and Thomas L. Whitman, associate professor and assistant professors of psychology, have based their research on the fact that learning requires a response on the part of the child. Without such a response - either to the teacher, the material, or an accompanying reward - no learning will occur.

Getting such a response from the severely retarded can be a quite a task in itself, the two professors said, because many retardates simply sit in a corner staring blankly into space, while others are so active they cannot sit still long enough to absorb material. But Farrow and Whitman have discovered that unresponsive retardates can be "conditioned" and "shaped" by appropriate techniques derived from basic learning theory.

Farrow, assistant chairman of the psychology department, theorized that many retardates do not respond to their environment in the institution because it is often dull, lacking in contrasts, and devoid of objects and situations the child can control or manipulate. "It may not be the child's retardation that makes him unresponsive," Farrow suggested. "I dare say if you put a normal child in many institutions you would end up with a behaviorally retarded child."

To coax retarde children from their shells, Farrow created a special, enriched environment for patients at South Bend's Northern Indiana Children's Hospital, which he describes as a "notable exception to many other institutions in providing considerable opportunity for children to learn and develop a skill."

In the hospital, he set up a mobile trailer equipped with 12 hidden switches, a Woody Woodpecker cartoon, or a spinning wheel of color. He then placed an unresponsive child in the room. Watching for an observation booth, Farrow could see the child accidentally trip one of the switches - perhaps after three days of complete inactivity. The child, generally so unresponsive to his environment, often started back in wonder, clapped or smiled, and looked carefully around the room for the cause of the surprise.

After tripping the first switch, the children quickly found the relationship between other hidden switches and various clown boxes, cartoons, airplanes and music. Often children would move quickly around the room pushing and pressing switches and watching in delight as the expected event followed.

"The study suggests that children do not need more supervision and regimentation," Farrow said, "but need things built into their environment which they can control. Just like their normal counterparts, they need things to explore their environment,"

Whittman took a different approach to a slightly different problem in teaching retardates at South Bend's Logan Center to interact with other children of their own age. "We began with the premise that all complex human behavior is learned and can therefore be taught," Whitman explained. "The problem in teaching retardates is that, because of frequent failures in his attempts to learn, he doesn't get reward as is the case with other children under the traditional system."

At the end of the experiment, Whitten agreed on stopped rewarding the children for interactions, and as expected, they slowly stopped playing as regularly. "However," he added, "the behavior continued at a much higher level than we expected. Quite possibly playing with others becomes rewarding in itself," he said.

"Getting such a response from the severely retarded can be quite a task in itself," the two professors said, because many retardates simply sit in a corner staring blankly into space, while others are so active they cannot sit still long enough to absorb material. But Farrow and Whitman have discovered that unresponsive retardates can be "conditioned" and "shaped" by appropriate techniques derived from basic learning theory.

Farrow, assistant chairman of the psychology department, theorized that many retardates do not respond to their environment in the institution because it is often dull, lacking in contrasts, and devoid of objects and situations the child can control or manipulate. "It may not be the child's retardation that makes him unresponsive," Farrow suggested. "I dare say if you put a normal child in many institutions you would end up with a behaviorally retarded child."

To coax retarde children from their shells, Farrow created a special, enriched environment for patients at South Bend's Northern Indiana Children's Hospital, which he describes as a "notable exception to many other institutions in providing considerable opportunity for children to learn and develop a skill."

In the hospital, he set up a mobile trailer equipped with 12 hidden switches, a Woody Woodpecker cartoon, or a spinning wheel of color. He then placed an unresponsive child in the room. Watching for an observation booth, Farrow could see the child accidentally trip one of the switches - perhaps after three days of complete inactivity. The child, generally so unresponsive to his environment, often started back in wonder, clapped or smiled, and looked carefully around the room for the cause of the surprise.

After tripping the first switch, the children quickly found the relationship between other hidden switches and various clown boxes, cartoons, airplanes and music. Often children would move quickly around the room pushing and pressing switches and watching in delight as the expected event followed.

"The study suggests that children do not need more supervision and regimentation," Farrow said, "but need things built into their environment which they can control. Just like their normal counterparts, they need things to explore their environment,"

Whittman took a different approach to a slightly different problem in teaching retardates at South Bend's Logan Center to interact with other children of their own age. "We began with the premise that all complex human behavior is learned and can therefore be taught," Whitman explained. "The problem in teaching retardates is that, because of frequent failures in his attempts to learn, he doesn't get reward as is the case with other children under the traditional system."

At the end of the experiment, Whitten agreed on stopped rewarding the children for interactions, and as expected, they slowly stopped playing as regularly. "However," he added, "the behavior continued at a much higher level than we expected. Quite possibly playing with others becomes rewarding in itself," he said.

The University of Notre Dame psychologists are trying to break through the shell of indifference which often proves as big a barrier to the training of severely retarded children as their mental disabilities.

Dr. Bobby J. Farrow and Thomas L. Whitman, associate professor and assistant professors of psychology, have based their research on the fact that learning requires a response on the part of the child. Without such a response - either to the teacher, the material, or an accompanying reward - no learning will occur.

Getting such a response from the severely retarded can be a quite a task in itself, the two professors said, because many retardates simply sit in a corner staring blankly into space, while others are so active they cannot sit still long enough to absorb material. But Farrow and Whitman have discovered that unresponsive retardates can be "conditioned" and "shaped" by appropriate techniques derived from basic learning theory.

Farrow, assistant chairman of the psychology department, theorized that many retardates do not respond to their environment in the institution because it is often dull, lacking in contrasts, and devoid of objects and situations the child can control or manipulate. "It may not be the child's retardation that makes him unresponsive," Farrow suggested. "I dare say if you put a normal child in many institutions you would end up with a behaviorally retarded child."

To coax retarde children from their shells, Farrow created a special, enriched environment for patients at South Bend's Northern Indiana Children's Hospital, which he describes as a "notable exception to many other institutions in providing considerable opportunity for children to learn and develop a skill."

In the hospital, he set up a mobile trailer equipped with 12 hidden switches, a Woody Woodpecker cartoon, or a spinning wheel of color. He then placed an unresponsive child in the room. Watching for an observation booth, Farrow could see the child accidentally trip one of the switches - perhaps after three days of complete inactivity. The child, generally so unresponsive to his environment, often started back in wonder, clapped or smiled, and looked carefully around the room for the cause of the surprise.

After tripping the first switch, the children quickly found the relationship between other hidden switches and various clown boxes, cartoons, airplanes and music. Often children would move quickly around the room pushing and pressing switches and watching in delight as the expected event followed.

"The study suggests that children do not need more supervision and regimentation," Farrow said, "but need things built into their environment which they can control. Just like their normal counterparts, they need things to explore their environment,"

Whittman took a different approach to a slightly different problem in teaching retardates at South Bend's Logan Center to interact with other children of their own age. "We began with the premise that all complex human behavior is learned and can therefore be taught," Whitman explained. "The problem in teaching retardates is that, because of frequent failures in his attempts to learn, he doesn't get reward as is the case with other children under the traditional system."

At the end of the experiment, Whitten agreed on stopped rewarding the children for interactions, and as expected, they slowly stopped playing as regularly. "However," he added, "the behavior continued at a much higher level than we expected. Quite possibly playing with others becomes rewarding in itself," he said.

The University of Notre Dame psychologists are trying to break through the shell of indifference which often proves as big a barrier to the training of severely retarded children as their mental disabilities.

Dr. Bobby J. Farrow and Thomas L. Whitman, associate professor and assistant professors of psychology, have based their research on the fact that learning requires a response on the part of the child. Without such a response - either to the teacher, the material, or an accompanying reward - no learning will occur.

Getting such a response from the severely retarded can be a quite a task in itself, the two professors said, because many retardates simply sit in a corner staring blankly into space, while others are so active they cannot sit still long enough to absorb material. But Farrow and Whitman have discovered that unresponsive retardates can be "conditioned" and "shaped" by appropriate techniques derived from basic learning theory.
The Observer

Letters

On November 30, Joe White, a Senator from Breen-Philips Hall, confronted five teenage vandals in the D1 parking lot, and became involved in a short fracas with them. As a result of this incident, he has become determined to do something about the situation with vandals in the parking lots.

"I'm sick and tired of this," he said in a telephone interview, "Something has to be done about this!"

White said that he went to the D1 parking lot at about 8:10 p.m. to try to start his roommate's car. His roommate had given him the keys to the car, because the vehicle was having trouble starting. As White approached the parking lot, he saw five youths, all about 15 years old, "ruminating around cars." He said two "kids" were in a car, searching through its glove compartment; two more were "ripping the door off of a couple." And said that one was trying to gain entrance to his roommate's car.

He yelled at the teenagers to scare them away, but they fled only when he ran towards them. One of the vandals shouted obscenities at White, angering him so that he pursued the high schooler. White caught the youth, and started dragging him so that he pursued the high schooler. White caught the youth, and started dragging him, threatening to turn him over to the authorities.

Though White had made the threat only to scare the teenager, the vandal's partners in crime evidently took it seriously. One jumped out of the shrubbery, barring White's path, ordering White to release his captive.

"There seems to be much confusion and discussion concerning the issue of the blocking of the Dow and CIA interviews and the subsequent suspension of Notre Dame students under the '15 minute rule.'

Very few, if any, people on this campus can discuss the relationships between these organizations and the taking of human life, should do all in his power to stop it.

"It is White's opinion that it is these, young people, not Notre Dame students, who are plaguing the vehicles in the parking lots. He pledges to bring the issue of campus security before the Student Senate. He feels that the campus security before the Student Senate. He feels that the campus can discuss the 15 minute rule and the taking of suspend and expulsion to the vandal's partners in Crime."

Senator from Breen-Philips Hall, White to release his captive.

On November 30, Joe White, a Senator from Breen-Philips Hall, confronted five teenage vandals in the D1 parking lot, and became involved in a short fracas with them. As a result of this incident, he has become determined to do something about the situation with vandals in the parking lots.

"I'm sick and tired of this," he said in a telephone interview, "Something has to be done about this!"

White said that he went to the D1 parking lot at about 8:10 p.m. to try to start his roommate's car. His roommate had given him the keys to the car, because the vehicle was having trouble starting. As White approached the parking lot, he saw five youths, all about 15 years old, "ruminating around cars." He said two "kids" were in a car, searching through its glove compartment; two more were "ripping the door off of a couple." And said that one was trying to gain entrance to his roommate's car.

He yelled at the teenagers to scare them away, but they fled only when he ran towards them. One of the vandals shouted obscenities at White, angering him so that he pursued the high schooler. White caught the youth, and started dragging him so that he pursued the high schooler. White caught the youth, and started dragging him, threatening to turn him over to the authorities.

Though White had made the threat only to scare the teenager, the vandal's partners in crime evidently took it seriously. One jumped out of the shrubbery, barring White's path, ordering White to release his captive.

"There seems to be much confusion and discussion concerning the issue of the blocking of the Dow and CIA interviews and the subsequent suspension of Notre Dame students under the '15 minute rule.'

Very few, if any, people on this campus can discuss the relationships between these organizations and the taking of human life, should do all in his power to stop it.

"It is White's opinion that it is these, young people, not Notre Dame students, who are plaguing the vehicles in the parking lots. He pledges to bring the issue of campus security before the Student Senate. He feels that the campus security before the Student Senate. He feels that the campus can discuss the 15 minute rule and the taking of suspend and expulsion to the vandal's partners in Crime."

Senator from Breen-Philips Hall, White to release his captive.

On November 30, Joe White, a Senator from Breen-Philips Hall, confronted five teenage vandals in the D1 parking lot, and became involved in a short fracas with them. As a result of this incident, he has become determined to do something about the situation with vandals in the parking lots.

"I'm sick and tired of this," he said in a telephone interview, "Something has to be done about this!"

White said that he went to the D1 parking lot at about 8:10 p.m. to try to start his roommate's car. His roommate had given him the keys to the car, because the vehicle was having trouble starting. As White approached the parking lot, he saw five youths, all about 15 years old, "ruminating around cars." He said two "kids" were in a car, searching through its glove compartment; two more were "ripping the door off of a couple." And said that one was trying to gain entrance to his roommate's car.

He yelled at the teenagers to scare them away, but they fled only when he ran towards them. One of the vandals shouted obscenities at White, angering him so that he pursued the high schooler. White caught the youth, and started dragging him so that he pursued the high schooler. White caught the youth, and started dragging him, threatening to turn him over to the authorities.

Though White had made the threat only to scare the teenager, the vandal's partners in crime evidently took it seriously. One jumped out of the shrubbery, barring White's path, ordering White to release his captive.

"There seems to be much confusion and discussion concerning the issue of the blocking of the Dow and CIA interviews and the subsequent suspension of Notre Dame students under the '15 minute rule.'

Very few, if any, people on this campus can discuss the relationships between these organizations and the taking of human life, should do all in his power to stop it.

"It is White's opinion that it is these, young people, not Notre Dame students, who are plaguing the vehicles in the parking lots. He pledges to bring the issue of campus security before the Student Senate. He feels that the campus security before the Student Senate. He feels that the campus can discuss the 15 minute rule and the taking of suspend and expulsion to the vandal's partners in Crime."

Senator from Breen-Philips Hall, White to release his captive.

On November 30, Joe White, a Senator from Breen-Philips Hall, confronted five teenage vandals in the D1 parking lot, and became involved in a short fracas with them. As a result of this incident, he has become determined to do something about the situation with vandals in the parking lots.

"I'm sick and tired of this," he said in a telephone interview, "Something has to be done about this!"

White said that he went to the D1 parking lot at about 8:10 p.m. to try to start his roommate's car. His roommate had given him the keys to the car, because the vehicle was having trouble starting. As White approached the parking lot, he saw five youths, all about 15 years old, "ruminating around cars." He said two "kids" were in a car, searching through its glove compartment; two more were "ripping the door off of a couple." And said that one was trying to gain entrance to his roommate's car.

He yelled at the teenagers to scare them away, but they fled only when he ran towards them. One of the vandals shouted obscenities at White, angering him so that he pursued the high schooler. White caught the youth, and started dragging him so that he pursued the high schooler. White caught the youth, and started dragging him, threatening to turn him over to the authorities.

Though White had made the threat only to scare the teenager, the vandal's partners in crime evidently took it seriously. One jumped out of the shrubbery, barring White's path, ordering White to release his captive.

"There seems to be much confusion and discussion concerning the issue of the blocking of the Dow and CIA interviews and the subsequent suspension of Notre Dame students under the '15 minute rule.'

Very few, if any, people on this campus can discuss the relationships between these organizations and the taking of human life, should do all in his power to stop it.

"It is White's opinion that it is these, young people, not Notre Dame students, who are plaguing the vehicles in the parking lots. He pledges to bring the issue of campus security before the Student Senate. He feels that the campus security before the Student Senate. He feels that the campus can discuss the 15 minute rule and the taking of suspend and expulsion to the vandal's partners in Crime."

Senator from Breen-Philips Hall, White to release his captive.
Carr's shooting, passing lead Irish to first win

by Mike Pavlin
Observer Sports Editor

Austin Carr scored 18 points in the second half and Notre Dame held off a Minnesota rally to defeat the Golden Gophers 84-75 last night at the losers' court. ND sent a starting line-up of Carr, Mike O'Connell, Collin Jones, Sid Cadlett, and John Pleick onto the court, but Sid's sore ankle prevented him from operating effectively. It was the opening game for both squads.

Carr played a super game on defense with several fine assists to go along with his 31 points. Forward Collin Jones (right) contributed 19 points and a bushel of rebounds.

Shut-out highlights

Apparently suffering no ill side effects after devouring a sumptuous Thanksgiving feast at the South Dining Hall, the Irish icers poured in 18 goals past bewildered Ohio University defense as Notre Dame swept to its second and third straight victories over the holidays by the scores of 8-3 and 10-0. A few "firsts" were registered as the Irish set the Bobcats down to their third loss of the season. On Friday night, sophomore wingman Jim Cordes made his seasonal debut a successful one as he tallied twice past Bobcat goalie Dennis Hayworth. Saturday evening, freshman center John Noble notched his first goals of the season (two of them, to be exact) and prolike Dick Tomasoni registered the first shutout for the Irish since Jim Crowley (one of the famed "Four Horsemen") turned the trick three times in 1921-22.

Both teams played a hard contact game on Friday night, as typified by the 17 penalties doled out by the officials. Scoring was see-saw, with O/P, coming from behind to tie on three different occasions. It was Cordes, however, who spelled defeat for the Bobcats as his tie-breaking goal at 19:53 of the second period paved the way for a quick rally reduced the Irish to a 24-13 lead at 9:10.

The big man for the Irish last night was Austin Carr (left) with 31 points. Forward Collin Jones (right) contributed 19 points and a bushel of rebounds.

ND sweep

Regan also netted two goals with Captain Phil Wiltch, Kevin Horr and John Roselli of the "Veteran Line" and defensemen Mark Longar rounding out the rest of the scoring with one goal apiece. Tomasoni turned in a fine game, stopping only 23 of 28 Ohio shots, but a few timely point-blank saves preserved Notre Dame's second win in a row. Few expected the drubbing the Irish handed the Bobcats on Saturday night. But from the opening faceoff the outcome was never in doubt as Coach "Lefty" Smith's ruffians, who were quicker than ever, the Irish are well on their way to four other games (including a two-goal night in a row, upped his season point total to 9) and 5 assists). Netminder Mikan rebuffed from his far showing of Friday night to turn aside all of the Bobcats 25 shots-on-goal in registering the first Irish shutout in 47 years.

The Irish should meet their match in the next few weeks as they move on a three-week road trip during which they'll be paired with Wisconsin twice and Boston College once in addition to four other games (including a two-game tournament at Merrimack College). Last year the Badgers simply destroyed the Irish with their skating. Notre Dame, which could not keep up with the torrid pace set by the Badgers over three periods of play. Over their first three games, however, the Irish sector appears to have gained a much quicker attack over last year's squad. Combined with a defensive unit that is more solid in both the Badgers and the top-rated Eagles.