50,000 Chicanos stranded, unemployed in midwest
by Jodi Campbell

Fifty thousand Chicano migrant workers are stranded in the midwest without jobs. Ricardo Parra, executive director of the Mid West Council of La Raza, stated yesterday. The plight of the workers is due to the "over-recruitment practices" of the Mid Westemployment officers, he added. Parra alleged that this practice has "resulted in two workers for every available job at 70 cents an hour."

"Over recruitment is common," Parra reported, adding that American migrant workers are pitted against Mexican workers allowing employers to pay the lowest possible wage.

Minimum wage laws vary from state to state but loopholes can be found by paying on a rate basis, or on the number of workers hired.

"The contractors make some side deals," Parra stated, explaining the difference between minimum wage and the migrant worker's salary.

The Mid West Council of La Raza, which is associated with the Institute for Urban Studies at Notre Dame, is an organization serving ten midwestern states, coordinating programs to improve the life of the Chicano migrant workers in the area.

In response to the theory that mechanization would put an end to the migrant problems, Parra said, "Mechanization makes the migrant problem more serious. These people looking for work have to travel more to find jobs. Programs are needed."

First snow edition......
Yes, Virginia, that white stuff is snow

Draft council backs government move
by Joe Tanosh

Student draft counseling head Tom Theis last night endorsed the Government's recently-adopted termination of student draft deferments.

"Eliminating student deferments was the right thing to do," Theis said in giving his opinion on the new Selective Service regulations.

Theis said he "realizes this may be an unpopular position" but he contended that the 2-S deferment caused "an inequity in the draft before the changes were made. It won an inequity, he argued, because the 2-S allowed college students four years' protection from the draft. That protection, he claimed, was unavailable to non-students. He contended that college students used the four years to find more permanent alternatives to the draft.

inequities removed

"The student deferment gave many people great advantages in trying to obtain a conscientious objector classification that those without the deferment could not attain," Theis said. Although the law governing CO classifications was unchanged in the regulation shift, he contended that what he termed the "inequity of the student deferment" connected with the CO has been removed.

Most of the changes were initiated to facilitate classification and streamline the department's functioning, Theis said. According to the counseling head, streamlining has been the policy since Curtis Carr was appointed head of the system.

freshmen affected

The new rules currently effect only freshmen and Theis termed it "important that they be informed immediately of the alternatives to and in military service open to them. "Some freshmen have their lottery numbers already," he said, "and their problem is immediate." He advises freshmen not to "put things off" since, he said, they soon will be asked to make "important decisions about their futures."

However, Theis contended that if a young man wants to enter college he shouldn't wait until he receives a lottery number. "If you must go into the service, re-admission into college afterward is not difficult, and the G.I. Bill will help with your expenses," he said.

For September, 1972
Complete merger looks dim

By Ann Therese Darin

Despite the optimistic merger of Notre Dame and St. Mary's academic depart­ments Sept. 1st, both schools will possibly remain as separate entities next year. Rev. James T. Burtchaell, univer­sity provost, claimed last night.

"We were hoping and planning that Notre Dame and St. Mary's would be on a single budget, and that St. Mary's would be completely unified with Notre Dame," confided Fr. Burtchaell.

He cited still to be settled financial af­fairs between the two schools, and the necessity of planning both budgets for next year immediately, as main hin­derances to complete unification in Sep­tember 1972.

The administration might be receptive to a woman's dorm on campus next fall, he indicated. This move, he felt, would be necessitated by an increase in the number of women in next year's freshman class. The number of men would correspondingly be decreased since Fr. Burtchaell said the current undergraduate enrollment will remain fixed.

"My conclusion is probably that the decision (on which dorm would be designated for women) will be made without consulting the residents," analyzed the Provost.

He cited flag that occurred last spring, "the opposition to the experimental college plan by Holy Cross residents, when they feared their dorm would be its headquarters, and the will-Pangborn-Hall-being-as-a-women's-dorm rumor prompting hall residents to become suddenly unenthusiastic about coeduation."

Fr. Burtchaell declined to name the dormitories considered, stating it depended on the number of women to be housed.

Everyone, including himself, gets attached to the places where they live, Burtchaell said. I wouldn't want to particularly want to move from Dillon, but I also know that it would be necessary for some girls to move into ND dorms," he said.

He dismissed the possibility of a coed dorm saying, "We never talked about it.

Citing "the tens of millions of dollars and emotional ties of 126 years," Fr. Burtchaell believed it "too narrow an interpretation" to blame the Sisters of the Holy Cross for unification held-ups when asked.

"I'm not even sure it's even fair to say someone's holding us up," he added. As the officer responsible for academic af­fairs, Fr. Burtchaell, speaking as the officer responsible for academic affairs, reported that the merging of the reluctant faculty members by Sept. 1 was not as difficult as everyone had initially anticipated.

"Right now departments and colleges combined efforts are far better than anyone anticipated," he related.

With the deadline for faculty tenure decisions drawing near (Dec. 1), the Provost commented that a joint ND-SMC committee will evaluate candidates for appointments and promotions on both campuses.

(continued on page 2)
Provost talks of finances

(continued from page 1)

Questioned on the recent Trustees decision to reject changes in parietals regulations suggested by the Student Advisory Council, Fr. Burtchaell claimed it did not hurt the credibility or effectiveness of the Council. As a member of the SLC's founding member, the Provost said "Four times in the past, the Trustees acted in the direction asked to by the SLC on the issue of parietal hours." The administrator said that Notre Dame was third nationally in gross contributions per student. While these facts could not be verified, the administrator said that Notre Dame was ranked eighteenth in national college giving.

One student suggested that the Indian success story was "not really all that new." Fr. Burtchaell replied that "the Indian success story is not what they mean by "I’m going to make them more like me"." Miss Garbarino was leery of current programs designed to help Indians. "I wouldn’t recommend any organization," she said, "except as an instrument for advice and guidance in reaching goals but not in setting those goals."

The Observer reported a demonstration of two summers ago, in which Indians and Indian sympathizers camped out in Wrigley Field in protest of substandard housing a "bad situation for 98 percent of the Indians in Chicago." According to Miss Garbarino, the demonstration "turned away Indian sympathy." Miss Garbarino, at another point in her lecture, commented that there is "not enough recognition" of what she termed the Indian success story.

"You hardly ever hear of the people who don’t have problems," she said, "only of flamboyant, disillusioned people."

Briefly outlining Indian history, she described the government policy in the past toward Indians as "consistent inconsistency." According to Miss Garbarino, the American Indians were formerly considered separate nations and their affairs were handled by the War Department. Not until 1934 were they made citizens of the United States.

Chicanos meet migrant needs

(continued from page 1)

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Laissez-faire Indian program called for by Prof. Garbarino

by Noli Kane

Contending that Indians should be left alone to "become what they want to become," Merwyn S. Garbarino, an associate professor of the Department of Anthropology, of the University of Illinois, last night concluded the fourth series of the American Scene series of lectures on "American Indians, Traditional and Contemporary.

In addressing the audience comprised mainly of students at Madonna Hall last night, Miss Garbarino suggested that the "two greatest problems" facing the Indian today were their current poverty and the prevalent lack of education. The speaker said that "many" skilled Indians quit the reservation, leaving few trained laborers behind.

She attributed the stereotype of the "noncompetitive alumno" Indian "happy in his ignorance" to what she saw as a lack of "competent teachers in reservation schools and meaningless curricula," which she said was geared toward the middle class rather than Indians.

"It is about time to recognize differences as differences," she said, "and not as inferiorities." In a question and answer session following the lecture, Miss Garbarino contended that most social workers "go in with the idea to make a better life for the Indians and what they mean is "I’m going to make them more like me"."

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Correction

The Observer reported yesterday that the Student Affairs Council of St. Mary’s postponed action on the proposal calling for hall jurisdiction over parietal hours. Actually, SAC policy is never to vote on an issue the day of its introduction. So the issue was, in fact, not postponed but adhering to SAC policy.

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Rev. James Burtchaell speaking before the residents of Stanford and Keenan Halls.

Thursday, November 4, 1971

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The Irish Eve

Where has the $1 ticket gone?

This question comes up this winter when the student supporters of the sport are going to have to pay big-ticket prices for their viewing action.

The student ticket situation for the upcoming season is this: If a student does not purchase a season ticket, which allows the holder to see 12 home games for $12, then he must purchase a reserved seat ticket (there are no more general admission ducats) for $2. The one dollar student ticket has gone the way of the five cent cigar.

Ticket manager Don Bouffard Jr. has made 700 tickets available to the campus, which seems like a lot, until one hears how Bouffard determined the allotment.

"It's an experience in the past that we sell, on the average, 400-450 student tickets for any single home game. The students just aren't that interested."

Since Notre Dame hockey may mourn the passing of the dollar ticket, it should be noted that interested fans are going to have to follow the progress of the Notre Dame hockey team. It should be noted that less than 700 people interested in buying a season ticket. The demand might well arise. "It would be a problem for us, but we would attempt to get more season tickets printed up," he said.

"There are so many prospective fans interested in selling a hockey season ticket that isn't paralleled in basketball. The hockey team is, in actuality, number six or seven team in the country. But there are problems which can easily arise."

Offering from a hockey bathed like New England and knowing the talent on the Notre Dame club and the calibers of teams they'll be playing, it seems almost inconceivable to me that there aren't at least 700 people interested in buying a season ticket. The demand might well exceed the supply.

If anyone is prepared to cope with this situation, however, should it arise: "It would be a problem for us, but we would attempt to get more season tickets printed up," he said.

"It's an experience in the past that we sell, on the average, 400-450 student tickets for any single home game. The students just aren't that interested."
Computer returns to aid job placement

The Placement Bureau has received the printout results of the Grad II computer placement program, bureau director Richard Willemin announced yesterday.

All students who participated in the program should come to the bureau, Room 222 in the Administration Building, to pick up the results.

Grad II is a computer placement program which matches a student's degree, abilities, experience, and job qualifications with his job preference and prospective employers. The printout then lists the dates when these employers will be on campus for interviews.

Notre Dame had 512 seniors and graduate students active in the program. Only 231 were matched with employers. Willemin was quick to note that this was caused by "one, the incompatibility of career choices with career openings, and two, the poor economic condition of the country."

He added that it may be necessary for many students to choose alternative fields of interest not he hoped they would come to the Placement Bureau for counseling.

The students who found themselves matched with employers though, had an average of four matches per student.

"This is far above the national average," Willemin said. He attributed this success on the Notre Dame name and highly interested employers.

The Placement Bureau will run the program a second time for those who missed the first. The forms can be acquired from the bureau and results should be filled out by December 17.

Hall funds: no final decision

by Mike Baum

The newly-formed Student Life Committee met Tuesday for the first time to organize but made "no final decisions" after reviewing hall requests for allotments from a $10,000 hall improvement fund.

The Committee may distribute the fund, which is composed of a $5,000 grant from the University matched by an equal grant from Notre Dame, in $5,000 allotments from a $10,000 hall improvement fund. The allotments from a $10,000 hall improvement fund.

The Committee also decided not to give any money to St. Mary's halls since they did not give any money to the Student Activities fee," he said.

Trenoor also said that the halls would receive individual inspection. "We've decided that we will visit all 22 halls to see for ourselves which requests are necessary."

Most of the requests he said were for physical facilities.

The Committee will hold hearings Friday and Sunday from 1 to 3 and make final decisions Sunday evening. The Committee's decisions and program were reported to the hall President's Council at their Tuesday meeting.

Limited number of bleacher seats available at $2.00

-ticket sales tonight in the Dining Halls

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