Baranowski resigns

HPC chairmanship

by Jim Eder
Staff Reporter

Fred Baranowski stunned the Hall Presidents Council last night by announcing his resignation as HPC chairman and as president of Holy Cross Hall. Baranowski explained that his voluntary resignation is part of a self-imposed punishment for "a serious violation against the university." After having been confronted with the violation, Baranowski had not several times with both Fred haller and the dean of students before reaching his final decision. Baranowski elaborated on the reasons for his resignation in the following statement to his fellow HPC members:

"Being a student leader involves more than merely serving as a policy maker or decision maker. It involves living with guidelines that have been implemented; it involves exemplifying principles that are consistent with University regulations; and it involves a responsibility to be honest with oneself. Because I have violated a serious University regulation, I feel it is my responsibility to be honest with myself and with the University. Perhaps I could continue to function physically as a student leader; however, I function on more than a physical basis, as I hope to prove in the near future. Thus, I am resigning as Chairman of the Hall Presidents Council and as President of Holy Cross Hall, effective immediately.

"I do not wish to compromise myself or the University by remaining a student leader when I have personally failed to uphold the values protected by the university regulations. It would be hypocritical of me to support those values and regulations in our deliberations while exempting myself from those regulations.

Most of the hall presidents received the announcement in silent shock. A few expressed their feelings.

Chuck Cardillo, president of Keenan said, "I am very sorry for the circumstances. I wish Fred the best."

He put a lot of time and effort not only into the business of the HPC in an objective manner, but Fred put a lot of time and effort not only into the average hall president. It is not easy to represent the average hall president. It is not easy to represent the average hall president.

HPC Executive Coordinator Pat McLaughlin expressed his support of Baranowski. "Although I know it must have been an extremely difficult decision for him to make, I believe it was a good decision. Fred was a very able chairman; he had a fine sense of direction as to where the HPC should go; and his leadership will be greatly missed. He had provided a long-needed bridge between the HPC and Student Government."

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Dr. Henry discusses problems

by Paul Colgan
Staff Reporter

Dr. Edward Henry, President of St. Mary's, discussed the problems of the college with 35 seniors in Stapleton lounge last night.

The topics of Dr. Henry's "personalized" discussion ranged from admission students to the rising cost of food in the dining hall to the academic and financial problems of a women's college.

During the discussion Dr. Henry announced that next year the SMC and ND academic calendars will be the same. "You will both be coming to school a week earlier next year," he said.

The discussion with the senior class was part of Dr. Henry's dialogue with each class once every semester. The purpose means to improve relations between himself and the students, according to Dr. Henry.

The SMC seniors began the discussion with a complaint about the quality of food. "We threw away several bowls of chili the other night because we tasted something like our food," one student claimed.

Dr. Henry said he was unaware until now that any problems existed in the Saga food service.

There was a report of a promotion from September when I received complaints," Dr. Henry explained. "I thought it was OK until now.

A few students felt they could go without the decorative parts of the meal so they could save money in favor of increasing the amount of meat in the meal.

Speaking as a former mess supervisor in the military, Dr. Henry agreed saying that the most inexpensive parts of the meal. "Saga is squeezed on their extras so much," he explained. "They are trying to save on their milk prices by reducing the amount of meat in the meal."

Saga negotiated their current contract last year, and have been caught in a food price hike which has raised costs nearly 18 percent in the last six months according to Dr. Henry.

Dr. Henry said he would look into the problem and asked the students to submit complaints to Tenov Nakat at the dining hall.

The problems of rising food costs led to a discussion of the rising financial burdens for the whole college.

Because of the financial depression of colleges in America Dr. Henry felt that St. Mary's had to score to two points, enrollment and development, if it is to survive.

"Dr. Henry explained that 80 percent of St. Mary's revenues come from tuition and fees. If enrollments go up they will provide a solid financial footing for the college. He admitted that SMC was currently on a tight budget because of enrollment drops after the merger attempts failed, but he expected to have a "full house" next year. "Our inquiries (for applications) are running 50 percent over last year," he said.

The problem with development is the fact that the student does not pay the full cost of her education. An additional $500,000 to $600,000 are needed from outside sources to support the school according to Dr. Henry.

Raising the money is difficult because, first, St. Mary's is a women's college and second, it is a Catholic college. The prejudice against women and the lateness of Catholic colleges in seeking endowments for their schools create these problems, Dr. Henry explained. "It has only been in the last decade that Catholic Colleges have raised money to build endowments."

The war for development is highlighted by the fact that St. Mary's endowment is only $24 million, or one-sixth of what it should be. Dr. Henry explained that for a college the size of St. Mary's there should be an endowment over $15 million.

When asked whether the enrollment problems of SMC had lowered the academic quality of entering freshmen, Dr. Henry countered, "I would dispute that point." He admitted that they lost a few superior choices but that the average quality of entering students has not changed considerably.

Dr. Henry also emphasized that the quality of instructors has gone up at St. Mary's. "I think we have been more careful in our reviewing professor in the last 18 month than the previous 18.

St. Mary's is currently seeking a foundation grant so that several faculty members can be retained over the summer to work exclusively on revamping courses and changing teaching methods, Dr. Henry announced.

The SMC senate announced an opposing party for St. Mary's and Notre Dame for the 1974 academic calendars. School will begin in the latter part of August, instead of the latter part of February, according to Dr. Henry.

McGovern to speak here

David Kaminski
Staff Reporter

Senator George S. McGovern will speak at Notre Dame tonight. He heads Sunday, November 11, at 8 p.m. in Stepan Center. McGovern comes to campus one year after his overwhelming loss to President Richard Nixon in the 1972 election.

The Notre Dame appearance will be McGovern's only other political activity this year to anywhere but his native South Dakota, where he faces reelection in the June 1974 primary. McGovern is one of the Senate's few hopeful liberal Democrats, but McGovern supported the Administration's war efforts, whereas McGovern had a record of opposition to the Vietnam War dating from 1963.

At that time, McGovern said that the war was leaving America with "a limited amount of moral, intellectual and emotional energy we can apply to domestic problems.

"McGovern came again in 1967 to discuss his role in the upcoming presidential race of 1968. James Bogle, then professor of government at Notre Dame, was Midwest McGovern for President. He tried to persuade McGovern to oppose President Johnson in the 1968 South Dakota presidential primary as a favorite son candidate, but McGovern and Bogle are not likely to form a McGovern-McCarty ticket.

McGovern decided to wait and see what Robert Kennedy would do, so he turned down Bogle's suggestion. Apparently Kennedy was thinking along the same lines, because after he was a candidate in 1968, Kennedy told columnist Jimmy Breslin that he would have stayed out of the race himself and supported McGovern against Johnson and McCarthy if McGovern had decided to enter the race.

McGovern's next move to Notre Dame in October of 1970 to campaign for Congressman John (continued on page 7)
WASHINGTON (UPI)—Voters in New Jersey and Virginia chose new governors Tuesday in the first statewide elections since the Watergate and Agnew scandals burst on the political scene.

With Republican leaving office in both states, the Democrats had high hopes of increasing their national majority of 31-19 in governorships and snaring a resounding psychological victory over the beleaguered GOP.

There were also mayoral elections in New York City, Detroit, Minneapolis and a number of other cities, and referendums in New York and California.

WASHINGTON (UPI)—President Nixon plans to address the nation Wednesday night on a "very acute" energy crisis now heightened by the Middle East conflict and prospects for a cold winter, White House aides said today.

Nixon was expected to ask Congress for broad emergency powers to institute a rationing program if it is needed. Aides to the President said he was expected to request a lowering of automobile speed limits, temporary modification of clean air standards to allow wider use of coal, a cutback on airline schedules and other conservation measures.

Nixon to fight skepticism

By ED ROGERS
KEY BISCAYNE, Fla. (UPI) — President Nixon, preparing to return to Washington, indicated through his aides Monday that he was more determined than ever to resist pressure for his resignation.

The President wound up his four-day stay at this oceanside retreat by meeting with his two Watergate lawyers, Robert Kendall, Garment and J. Fred Buhhardt, to discuss strategy to combat the public skepticism that arose last week when they disclosed that two of the Watergate tapes subpoenaed by U.S. District Judge John J. Sirica never existed.

A spokesman predicted these doubts, which prompted several demands for Nixon's resignation, will be met by testimony before Sirica's court Tuesday in a renewed hearing on the tapes issue.

Nixon was aware of the clamor for his resignation, the spokesman said. But interviews with Nixon's chief of staff, Alexander M. Haig, adviser Bryce Harlow and deputy press secretary Garland L. Warren drew a composite picture of a President who was growing more determined to continue in his job as the pressure on him mounted.

Before the session with his legal advisers, the President conferred for an hour and a half with and for an hour with his press secretary, Ronald L. Ziegler.

While the President worked in his study during the weekend, he left it to these spokesmen to convey his responses to his critics and to the American people.

Warren told reporters the President has no plans to address the nation by radio or television, call a news conference, or use any other forum except forthcoming testimony in Judge Sirica's hearings.

"We are confident that they will show there are no missing tapes and that the two conferences (with former White House Counsel John W. Dean III and with former Attorney General John Mitchell) were not recorded," Warren said.

The issue of Nixon's credibility has centered on the existence of the tapes of Nixon's Watergate-related conferences with Dean last April 15 and with Mitchell on June 30, 1972.

With prospects of a winter fuel shortage looming and new trouble erupting on the cease-fire fronts in the Middle East, Nixon devoted some of his long work sessions at Key Biscayne to study of these problems, Warren said.
Judicial board to fill six positions

by Ken Bradford
Staff Reporter

The six student positions on the University Judicial Board will be filled by November 19, according to Fred Syburg, chairman of the Student Life Council (SLC).

The two student positions on the Judicial Appeals Board will also be filled by that time, he stated.

"We're attempting to create a pool of people of judicial temperament for the board," Syburg explained. "Until then, we are in a position to handle any cases which come up," he added.

The responsibility of choosing the membership of the judicial boards lies with the Rules Committee of the SLC, Judicial Coordinating Board, and Grimmer.

Students interested in serving on the board, submitted  applications a few weeks ago. The applicants are currently being interviewed by the SLC.

Next, the SLC will meet to discuss and select the candidates from the applications. Grimmer stated.

"Under the new rules, the boards consist of students, faculty, and administrative representatives," John Macheca, dean of students, said. Students accused of violating university rules are given three options, Macheca stated.

"He may choose to meet the dean of students on a one-to-one basis or meet with a hearing officer mutually agreed upon or appear before the University Judicial Board," Macheca said. If either the student or the dean of students wishes to appeal the decision, the case is brought before the Judicial Appeals Board.

An appeal of the recommendations of the Judicial Appeals Board is to have a particular visitor heard by a group of people with different viewpoints rather than by just one individual," Grimmer stated.

Security

by Al Rutherford
Staff Reporter

Campus activities for the security guards of the past weekend, according to Director Arthur Pearse. Reports submitted ranged from stolen bikes to lost wallets.

SMC student's condition fair

by Rick Scharf
Staff Reporter

Pamela Anne Waldeck remains in fair condition today in St. Joseph's Hospital according to hospital spokesman. Waldeck, a St. Mary's student, was struck by a car Friday night on the main road of St. Mary's campus while returning from Notre Dame. Suffering from a dislocated pelvis and head injuries, Waldeck continues to be kept in the intensive care unit of the hospital. Doctors will decide later in the week if Waldeck should be placed in traction, or can be flown home to California. Waldeck arrived in South Bend on Saturday.

Waldeck was struck by a car allegedly driven by Peggy McDonough, also a St. Mary's student. McDonough reportedly was unaware that she had hit anyone. Indiana State Trooper Barry Ball said the driver of the car was ticketed for failure of duties in an accident." Indiana law requires all drivers, in the event of an accident, to stop and render aid or assistance to any victims involved.

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Security has quiet weekend

Friday, November 2
A car was reported stolen from D-2 parking lot. But it was later learned that four students had taken the car without the owner's permission. The students were sent to the dean of Students pending further action.

That night, six persons were evicted from the ACC for trespassing. No details were available as to whether charges were being placed.

Saturday, November 3
A complaint was registered against the hazards prevailing from the scaffolds erected near Cavanaugh Hall. Students had tipped the scaffolds over earlier that afternoon. Three non-students were removed from the storm tunnel of Alumni earlier in the evening.

A car was reported stolen but it was later changed to 'unstolen.' Calls also came in about missing wallet and a watch. They were last seen somewhere in the vicinity of the stadium during the Notre Dame-Navy football game.

Sunday, November 4
A man reported losing a wallet in the lockerroom of the ACC.

Two bikes were reported stolen. One of the bikes was taken from the bike rack outside of Lyons Hall on Saturday. A non-student reportedly his bike stolen from outside the Huddle.

An unlocked bike was reported stolen from Alumni Hall. A non-student reported that his car had been vandalized. A large scratch had been made on the trunk lid. Also, an unlocked car in the C-3 parking lot had its decal stolen.

A ladies diamond ring was reported lost in Flanner sometime on Saturday.

Beame wins NY mayor race

NEW YORK- (UPI) Sixty-seven-year-old Abraham D. Beame was elected the first Jewish mayor of this city with the largest Jewish population in the world Tuesday night, leading the Democratic ticket in a citywide sweep.

Beame, who succeeds the retiring John V. Lindsay, amassed a more than 3-to-1 lead over his nearest rival in a four-man field in early returns and headed for a landslide that would carry in virtually all his city running mates. With 51 per cent of the vote in, the short, white-bearded Beame had 58 per cent compared to 26 per cent for Republican John Marchi, his nearest foe.

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Joining in the Call

In response to a national student plea engineered by the staff of the Amherst Student - the student newspaper of Amherst College - The Observer's editorial board has decided to endorse a national college newspaper editorial calling for the impeachment of President Richard Nixon. As a staff of The Student explains, this editorial is not meant to stifle the individual cries for impeachment that college newspapers have run, as did The Observer, but rather to establish a national voice of the student calling for impeachment.

In our decision to support this editorial, we join the staffs of the newspapers at such schools as Princeton, Dartmouth, Duke University of Chicago, Iowa State, University of Kentucky, University of Michigan, MIT, Stanford, Wisconsin and Yale among others, in our attempt to bring reason and justice back to the government of our country.

The Editorial Board

Paradox of Wealth

Editor:

Juxtapositions. They can be so striking, can catch the sight and attention at a glance. Agnew denounced amnesty; Agnew squirming for leniency. Indigence and indigence staring us in the face, never looking at each other on the campus. No one in the campus Ministry of Education. Indeed, the preoccupations of the Campus Ministry for many say under the fires of a Notre Dame Mercedes; or that glass wall of compassion placed next to an authentic 16th Century Russian icon encased in gold and jewels, too valuable for its local hoarder to allow it to be in a public museum: under oath of poverty. Blue on gold and black on white. "The mouth is bitter, because the heart believes so much."
One year after landslide victory

Nixon popularity still on decline

The Gallup poll showed his percentage of the American voters. The victory was impressive, but from Nixon's perspective not perfect. The "new American majority" he had sought to weld together from the suburbs and the South proved on analysis likely to be a one-shot coalition good at the presidential level only. He did not carry either house of Congress. His party lost a governorship. And Republican National Chairman Bob Dole, who had sponsored an act that had experienced an emotional let-down.

Nixon promised in the 1972 election that "We are going to continue to play a great role in world affairs because that is the only way you can have the peace we talk about." And he pledged that by boosting the forces of law and order, appointing stricter judges, he would deal with problems such as crime and drugs that he felt were a result of the social programs prepared for Congress.

Nixon retired to Camp David in the fall and reshuffled if not thoroughly in the leadership in that extraordinary leadership. The president stood at 68 percent—a near record high for any President.

And then came Watergate. In short order the nearly dormant scandal over the June, 1972, burglary and bugging of Democratic National Headquarters flamed into charges of complicity in high White House circles and a million dollar cover-up.

Nixon was forced to dismiss his closest associates. The Senate Watergate hearings began. Questions were raised about government expenitures on improvements of Nixon properties. The special Watergate prosecutor eyed illegitimate campaign contributions from milk men and others. Nixon's two-time running mate, Spiro T. Agnew, pleaded no contest to income tax evasion in October and had to resign as vice President amid political kickback charges. On Aug. 17, public approval of Nixon's conduct of office, measured by a poll, stood at 38 per cent. A study by Congressional Quarterly disclosed that while Nixon was able to keep Congress from running away from him, there had been a considerable erosion of support among his politicalbase.

Nixon was forced again and again to explain and defend his role in Watergate. The court fight over his secret Watergate tapes went on. The firing of the special prosecutor. The necessity of giving in. Two tapes missing.

Sunday, the Gallup poll reported popular support for Nixon in mid-October stood at just 27 per cent. Sixty per cent of the public disapproved. And Sunday, the New York Times joined a growing list of newspapers calling for Nixon's resignation.

Editor's note

President Nixon won re-election by a landslide of historic dimensions a year ago this week and was endorsed by 61 per cent of the American electorate. But this weekend the Gallup poll revealed his popular support had tumbled to 38 per cent because of the events of Watergate. The following article tells of Nixon's promises and hopes of those and the realities he faces now.

By ROBERT J. TAYLOR

WASHINGTON (UPI) — One year ago, a seemingly confident and very much in charge Richard Nixon outlined a second term program of open government dedicated to internal reform that would regenerate a spirit of national greatness.

Permissiveness and a government that promised more than could be delivered had brought the nation to "a very great split" by the late 1960s, as he saw it. But a leader government that asked more of its citizens would nurture "a new spirit of independence" in the American people, he said. Nixon could justifyably be positive about his intentions and chances of success in this critical leadership challenge in that extraordinary Nov. 5 interview.

His $60 million re-election campaign was at an end with polls showing a landslide victory in store—a mandate to conduct government his way that could not be denied. He enjoyed the editorial support of over 70 per cent of the nation's newspapers.

The polls were right. Two days after the election, Richard Nixon retired in solitude to a White House study and, while his family partied in another room, sat by a cracking fireplace and methodically made notes on a yellow legal pad as election returns came in. He added up to the greatest presidential electoral plurality in history, a sweep of every state but one, a percentage of the vote just a hair below the all-time record.

In the only poll that really counts, Nixon found his leadership approved by better than 61 per cent of the American voters.

The victory was impressive, but from Nixon's perspective not perfect. The "new American majority" he had sought to weld together from the suburbs and the South proved on analysis likely to be a one-shot coalition good at the presidential level only.

He did not carry either house of Congress. His party lost a governorship. And Republican National Chairman Bob Dole, who had sponsored an act that had experienced an emotional let-down.

Nixon promised in the 1972 election that "We are going to continue to play a great role in world affairs because that is the only way you can have the peace we talk about." And he pledged that by boosting the forces of law and order, appointing stricter judges, he would deal with problems such as crime and drugs that he felt were a result of the social programs prepared for Congress.

His midwinter mandate, as measured by opinion polls, was the highest near record high for any President.

And then came Watergate. In short order the nearly dormant scandal over the June, 1972, burglary and bugging of Democratic National Headquarters flamed into charges of complicity in high White House circles and a million dollar cover-up.

Nixon was forced to dismiss his closest associates. The Senate Watergate hearings began. Questions were raised about government expenitures on improvements of Nixon properties. The special Watergate prosecutor eyed illegitimate campaign contributions from milk men and others. Nixon's two-time running mate, Spiro T. Agnew, pleaded no contest to income tax evasion in October and had to resign as vice President amid political kickback charges. On Aug. 17, public approval of Nixon's conduct of office, measured by a poll, stood at 38 per cent. A study by Congressional Quarterly disclosed that while Nixon was able to keep Congress from running away from him, there had been a considerable erosion of support among his politicalbase.

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Lloyd heads new heart research

A new heart valve is being developed in the Department of Aerospace and Mechanical Engineering. Assistant Professor Dr. John R. Lloyd, currently heading the research at Notre Dame, hopes to have test models ready by mid-1974.

Lloyd explained that the valve is a funnel-shaped, trileaflet mechanism modeled after the tricuspid valve in a human heart. Previous attempts at tri-leaflet valve development, he said, according to Lloyd, have failed because the valve leaflets have been unable to support the blood flow forces, or shear stresses, which can damage red blood cells.

According to Lloyd, they first produce high shear forces, or shear stresses, which can damage red blood cells. Secondly, they produce, what Lloyd termed, flow separate regions which promote areas of thrombus build-up. Thirdly, the flow patterns of occluder valves produce a large pressure drop across the valve, which tends to pull the valve away from its original emplacement. The Notre Dame valve, Lloyd believes, should eliminate these three problems. Composed of three equal sized, silicone rubber leaflets in a ring, which is sewn into the heart's valve opening outward toward the artery walls like a natural heart valve.

The resulting unimpeded flow should prevent red blood cell destruction from high shear stresses. Thrombus build-up should be eliminated because the backward flow of blood which clots the valve is directed "back and around" by the leaflet's curvature. The pressure drop is prevented because there is no occluder ball or disc offsetting a steady flow and its accompanying pressure.

The current research, according to Lloyd, began as a joint venture by Mueller and himself 2½ years ago. Their goal, he said, is to develop evaluation techniques, equipment, and an implantable heart valve.

The National Science Foundation has supported the research with grants of $11,317 and $43,800 respectively. The NSF's grant came only two months ago, but the IHA has provided assistance for about 1½ years.

Research up to this point, according to Lloyd, has been aimed at the development of tools. Most of the time has been spent on valve design, computer simulation, valve construction, development of a mock circulation system, and evaluation of disc and ball occluder valves.

The mechanical engineer said one of the major accomplishments so far is the group's ability to go from the drawing board to an actual valve for about $100. With the low cost, the researchers can now experiment with a variety of designs.

Lloyd explained that leaflet valves in the past have had material problems. With the present structure developed here, he believes to be sound, the main problem is to find a material comparable in lasting strength and endurance to that of the self-restoring leaflets in a human heart valve.

The valves developed at Notre Dame have spherical leaflets made of a silicone rubber, which Lloyd thinks is the best material yet employed by his group. The Notre Dame researchers are now making modifications in the rubber to get the flexibility desired. Later the inexpensive spherical leaflets will be changed to a more expensive parabolic shape, which closer approximates the natural condition.

Plans for the immediate future include continued evaluation of all types of valves. Three main phases are involved here. Computer programs are written to predict what blood flow should look like. The valves are then tested in a steady flow and pulsating flow with equipment being specially designed for this purpose. Finally, the valves are put into a mock circulatory system and subjected to human conditions for use in this system.

The mock circulatory system is currently being modified for future work. An accelerated valve tester is now being developed. It will subject the valves to a fatigue test which compresses 10 years of blood flow in six months.

Graduate students are conducting much of this research. Frederick L. Galanga and Wayne T. Struble are doing experimental evaluation of disc and ball occluder valves. Francis N. Underwood is doing computer work. Gregory E. Chetla is assisting with valve design and is doing developmental work on the mock circulatory system. Undergrads Richard S. Figliola and Donald S. Kuehn are also assisting with evaluations. The researchers expect evaluation results sometime late spring.

Lloyd and Mueller recently presented a publication entitled "On the Separated Flow Produced by a Fully Open Disc-Type Prosthetic Heart Valve" at the 1973 Biomechanics Symposium at Georgia Tech.

Lloyd, Mueller, and 1973 engineering science graduate Richard Waugh have also co-authored two papers on research results. Lloyd delivered the first one, "Morphological Changes in the Artificial Destruction of Erythrocytes," at the 8th Annual Conference on Engineering in Medicine and Biology. He plans to deliver "On In Vitro Thermal Destruction of Erythrocytes," an extension of the first paper, later this week in Detroit.
Second lecture this Thursday

**Dixon lectures on meditation**

by Mary Kay Baron
Staff Reporter

When someone mentions transcendent meditation to people who don’t know about meditation, “their eyebrows go up, and they wonder if it’s a kooky sort of thing,” states Harold Plotkin, vice president of the nonprofit organization, Transcendental Meditation (TM) is accepted. In an article in the New York Times, it was not to be of a violent nature but a peaceful reaffirmation of the principles. The revolution was founded upon.

The rest of McGovern’s weekend of Notre Dame matters. Dixon lectured to the university. It is also designed to be an outreach to the students of the university. In the Shakespeare Martin, talking with the faculty at the University Club in an “Evening with George McGovern,” and joining Frank Brinkerhoff, principal of the Baltimore High School, to discuss the Kennedy campaign and the flow of consciousness.

McGovern was persuaded to make this unusual out-of-state appearance because of the moral efforts of Chuck Nau, lecture chairman for the Student Union Academic Commission. Nau was the student who was seriously wounded in the Wounded Knee Massacre.

McGovern’s speech at Stetson University, in which he spoke to the public. Admisson is free.

**Robert Kennedy Lecture Series**

(continued from page 1)

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**HPC meeting**

(continued from page 1)

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ON-CAMPUS INTERVIEWS Friday, November 16, 1973, 9-11 A.M. by Mr. Jay Alischwang

**Sign-up: Placement Bureau**

**RETRIEVE - Nov. 9-11 ROLLIE STAIR, CSC (Asst. Publisher - Ave Maria Press)**

**THEME: The Person of Jesus**

**PLACE: Old College**

A fee of $5 ($3 non-refundable deposit) will be requested.

Sign up in the Campus Ministry Office in the Library - 103

**TM work and a brief review of this first session, TM teacher, Carol Dixon, will return to speak at 7:30 Thursday night in O’Shaughnessy Hall, Room 118. At that time, more points of the program and other arrangements can be made. Three requirements essential to participation in this course are: 1) Time: the participant for complete results must attend all four sessions in their proper time sequence; 2) Financial: to help support the World Plan Centers, a fee of $600 is charged to participants and 3) A pure physiological relaxation exercise. All participants must refrain from the intake of all non-prescribed drugs for at least 15 minutes before the first person in

**Send flowers to tell**

**Someone how you feel about them**

within walking distance from the campus

**Teleflora**

FLOWER AND GIFT SHOP

409 Dixeway North

272-5363

**SOUTH BEND, INDIANA 46637**

**Thanksgiving Buses**

TO CHICAGO

DEPART CIRCLE 1:00pm WED. NOV. 27 ARRIVE O’HARE 2:30 (CHICAGO TIME)

RETURN SUNDAY NOV. 25th

DEPART O’HARE 8:00pm (CHICAGO TIME) ARRIVE CIRCLE II:30 (SOUTH BEND TIME)

**Sign-ups at Travel Bureau, Badin Hall. All sales final.**

**Classified Ads**

**فالورى**

THE SU TD EN T UNION

**P R O B L E M S O L V E R**

**TICKET OFFICE, 2ND FLOOR LAFORTUNE, 11:30-5 PM**

**LOST AND FOUND**

Lost 9000 balance cellular phone 

**PERSONAL**

Happy Birthday Kathy no log origin, but what can i say? Have a good one. F.J.K.

**FOR RENT**

Rooms 40 dollars month. Near 222-1339.

All private 3 rooms up for interval or graduate students. Utilities. Near Memorial Hospital. No rent in return for helping parents to help lift transportation and buy your way to the airplane. 222-9733.

**Mortgage Loan Fund can loan up to 15% of per cent interest. 20th Street.**

Room 222-2699 after 7 pm.

**TRAVEL**

Take advantage of student rates. TWA to the specialists BOAC. Group arrangements. Call 234-2098 after 7 pm.

**SKI TRIP**

FRENCH ALPS, JAN. 1-9. DEPOSITS ARE STILL BEING TAKEN. CALL PFO FOR INFORMATION.

**GOOD TIX FOR THE NOV. 17TH RUDOLPH CONCERT AT MORMS CIVIC AND NOV. 13-14 U.S. PERFORMANCES OF GODSPELL ARE AVAILABLE AT TICKET OFFICE, ENO LAFORTUNE, 11:30 DAILY**

**bars**

come on down to pandora’s for those great big hamburgers, everyday new and used goods bought and sold in our run-down store, pipes and rollin papers, newspapers and newspapers and newspapers to touch from 10 to 7.

Logan volunteers: Buprikshad not trip this year. Everyone needed. Come at 9 am to Logan.

Many thanks for all those who gave at King Lear.

**For sale**

**MEERKIN CHAUFFEURS**

Exceptional values, personalized service. Catalog A.E. Co. Box 444, Gaithersburg, Md. 20878.

**WANTED**

Need 2 x for Pitt game. Call Jim 3842.

**NEED ROOF REPAIR**

To identify call 3513.

**Lost set of keys 2 weeks ago.**

**FOR SLEA**

66 Mustang, 4 speed, $300 or best offer. Nick 1670.

Need ride to Pitt game. Nick 1670.

Need roof work. Bob 3461.

**LOST AND FOUND**

Lost lights wire rimmed glasses in brown case after Navy game. Call 3514.

Lost shirt to another profession at concert. Reward $416.

Found tie and umbrella school property. To identify call Pat 3133.

Lost set of keys 2 weeks ago. Call 3842.

Lost green contact lens in case, between B-P and Farley. To identify call Bill 1015.

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ND’s Al Hunter--Ara’s not kidding about this man

by Tom Kruczak

One year ago Al Hunter was playing football on the backfield for J. H. Rose High School in Greenville, North Carolina.

This year Hunter is seeing plenty of time and has scored three touchdowns for Notre Dame as only a freshman. A freshman? Three touchdowns for Notre Dame? Just last year Hunter had to make the travel squad.

"I really wasn’t thinking about playing freshman football, but I was hoping to be able to travel with the team," said Hunter. "So when I got into the Southern Cal game, I was pretty excited and I wasn’t all that nervous.

The Northwestern game was a little different for the sixth-foot, 190-pound running back. I was worrying about not knowing my plays in the first game because offense in college is a lot more complicated than that in high school. Three weeks ago, I think it took me a long time to learn a new offense. I didn’t think that I knew the offense that well, and I worry now that I shouldn’t know what to do. Plus all of those people from the audience just add to the pressure.

Going back to the Southern California game, I just wanted to show you how you go about preparing to play a game the magnitude of USC.

Preparing for Notre Dame’s defense was the biggest challenge for any game—except that you knew it was S.C. It wasn’t hard to get up for this game." As the student body, Hunter commented, "they helped the team morale because it is really important to play to be before the home crowd."

At 190 pounds, Hunter admits that he isn’t tremendously huge for a back, but his speed makes up for what he may lack in size. In the 100 yard dash he’s been clocked at 10.3 and in the 40, Hunter snaps it in 4.5 seconds.

Looking back on high school football, Hunter said that the biggest thing in Notre Dame is college basketball. But football is important there also. While in high school, his choices of colleges were Duke, Michigan State and North Carolina State.

So what is the man from North Carolina doing in the gold and blue of Notre Dame?

"I really don’t know what it was and I still don’t know why I came here, but I sure am glad I did. The major difference between high school football and college is that in high school we played home and away and here there are other things you still have to do after the hitting stops. There’s meetings and films after dinner, and then I have to study," Hunter added.

What a difference a year makes. Last year high school—the year before, I was a guy like Al Hunter, you might say things have changed.

John Fineran

Blarney Stone

Thin ice

If last week’s successful visit to Michigan Tech is any indication of Notre Dame hockey for the season, the Irish hockey team should enjoy a banner year. And if last season’s final playoff series with Wisconsin is any indication of attendance, it could be a disappointing one, at least from this writer’s point of view.

Hockey is a young sport here at Duke, six years young this season. But this is probably the only area of indifference in the Notre Dame hockey program. Certainly, coach Lefty Smith and his able assistants, Tim McVeill and Kevin Hoenec, have put together a squad which is capable of playing with any and all on this season’s schedule.

Notre Dame students come from every geographical section of the nation. In two of these areas, the South and Far West, hockey is a relatively new sport, especially so the pro-level.

Last season, in that last series, probably the most exciting one in the sport’s short history in Indiana, fans were treated to 120 minutes of the way the game should be played. Many of those fans, perhaps at least one half of them, traveled down the interstate highway system from Wisconsin. If left some of the most loyal Irish fans, this writer included, a little wistful for days gone by.

Granted, no Notre Dame student could be faulted for not showing up, especially the way the season ended. Notre Dame could have finished second or fifth depending on the outcome of the last regular-season game. Midsemester vacation was scheduled rather inappropriately the same time as the Badger series. Many students had already made plans for going home or getting away for the last series of the season on vacations.

Still, all of the students of this great institution, wherever they come from, should recognize there are more than two sports on this campus at the varsity level. There are nine others of varsity status and countless others on the club level, hockey being one of the former.

Many students recognize this factor about the ice sport. Hockey season ticket sales among students already have increased four times what they were last season, and with the support the sport has in the South Bend area, there will be at least 5,000 students at Notre Dame’s Athletic and Convocation Center next weekend when the Irish open their home season.

Two problems arise, however. The ACC can seat 4,485 persons at a hockey game. So this overabundance of empty seats presents the other problem, a very serious one.

Notre Dame’s opponent next weekend will be that playoff nemesis, the defending national champions, Wisconsin. The Big Red Badgers are noted for their great hockey team, and also their unbelievably voracious fans. In fact, Sports Illustriated covered this phenomenon of student loyalty twice last season. Wisconsin fans can be summed up in one word, and unfortunately, that word can not be printed here.

You can bet your last dollars, if you want, that those fans from Wisconsin would love to knock down here for the series on November 16 and 17, especially if word gets out that those remaining seats are selling at apathetic levels. But maybe you’d better not

Rather, this writer believes you should invest those dollars and borrow the rest from the student body and purchase your tickets at the box office. After all, football has an off-week next weekend, and basketball doesn’t start for another two.

Hockey will be the only sport in action November 16 and 17 at Notre Dame, so go out and buy those tickets.

Sales began this morning for the series, and it wouldn’t be surprising to see a desperate crowd here to buy tickets. You can’t beat the price, $1.50 for one game and a bargain price of $2.00 for the weekend package.

We will be an exciting series between the currently top two nationally-ranked squads. And the Badgers’ ranking as number-one should not deter anyone from seeing the games.

We all know who the real number-one team is, right?

Freshman Alphonse Hunter careers into Navy’s end zone with ND’s second tally against the Middies. Hunter and his Irish teammates will travel to Pittsburgh this Saturday.

Patriots tickets on sale today at ACC

Tickets went on sale this morning for Notre Dame’s opening hockey series against the defending national champion Wisconsin Badgers. The series is scheduled for the ACC on November 16 and 17 and there are still plenty of seats available for both nights.

Notre Dame and St. Mary’s students who have not bought season tickets can present their ID cards at the Gate 10 ticket window and receive a ticket for either game at $1.25. A maximum of four adjacent tickets can be bought, each at the same price.

For all others wishing to see the game, the tickets are priced at $3.00 each night.

AP Ratings

1. Ohio State (3) 2.384
2. Michigan (1) 2.186
3. Penn State (1) 2.108
4. Michigan State 2.017
5. Minnesota 1.933
6. Arizona State 1.892
7. UCLA 1.858
8. California 1.845
9. Notre Dame 1.841
10. Utah 1.800
11. Stanford 1.772
12. Iowa 1.734
13. Texas (1) 1.595
14. Wisconsin 1.547
15. Navy 1.528
16. Southern Cal 1.485
17. Wisconsin-LSU 1.470
18. Michigan State 1.410
19. Arizona State 1.395
20. Purdue 1.388
21. Louisiana Tech 1.375
22. Utah State 1.331
23. Stanford 1.327
24. Rice 1.205

UPI Ratings

1. Ohio State (2) 2.284
2. Michigan State 2.187
3. Penn State (1) 2.108
4. Minnesota 2.058
5. Utah 2.012
6. Michigan (1) 1.933
7. UCLA 1.872
8. California 1.845
9. Notre Dame 1.841
10. Utah 1.800
11. Stanford 1.772
12. Iowa 1.734
13. Texas (1) 1.595
14. Wisconsin 1.547
15. Navy 1.528
16. Southern Cal 1.485
17. Wisconsin-LSU 1.470
18. Michigan State 1.410
19. Arizona State 1.395
20. Purdue 1.388
21. Louisiana Tech 1.375
22. Utah State 1.331
23. Stanford 1.327
24. Rice 1.205