Tuition may increase "hundreds"
Inflation cited as major cause

by George Ecker
Staff Reporter

Acknowledging that an inflation which has plagued the American economy since 1960 has raised prices and lowered people's income in all areas of the country, University President Fr. Theodore Hesburgh has spoken of the problem due to "the veritable explosion in costs which has had an impact on colleges and universities everywhere."

Inflation has already caused the increase in tuition fees of $360 for this academic year. In a letter to undergraduate last year, Hesburgh explained that the increase of $160 in tuition and $24 in room and board for the current year was due to "inexplicable explosions in costs which has had an impact on colleges and universities everywhere."

Increases in student tuition can directly trace in part to the increases in the prices of fuel and maintenance.

Father Jerome Wilson, Vice-President for Business Affairs, indicates the drastic state of inflation which the University faces.

"For the same amount of fuel we bought in September of 1974, we are going to have to pay an additional $1,200 by July of 1975. That could add up to a $360-380 increase in student charges alone. There is also a list of miscellaneous costs that are now becoming quite numerous," Wilson said.

Wilson also stated on the long-term endowment left by Ignatius A. O'Shaughnessy, estimated to be in the area of 2 million dollars. "The problem with the O'Shaughnessy contribution is that it will be long before we will be able to invest all of it. It is extremely valuable stock that we are dealing with, but it is stock that is hard to sell readily."

While the University is attempting to deal with the problems Notre Dame has to come to grips with in the slow inflationary era, schools are in the same boat across the country," he said. "We have to decide where we want to go to increase their tuition and room and board in the area of $360."

"The only solutions available are to adjust to rising costs and possible cut backs in the budget where it would be financially feasible. However, the problem then exists if you can find something to cut. Naturally, no one wants to be left out."

A recent survey released by Northwestern University, the Office of Student Billings and Accounts estimated a $360 increase stemming from the nation's inflationary problems. Tuition at the Evanston campus for the first quarter of 1974 was $1,164, with room and board rates (depending on room size and condition) averaged to $600. With northernwestern operating on a trisemester schedule, total costs for the year run to $4,680.

Quickly, O'Shaughnessy, the University's Bursar, stated an increase in the offing. "Our tuition has been increasing substantially the past few years, but with the economic situation the way it is now, we can't see an increase of anything less than $500."

Certainly the economic troubles of inflation have added to the costs. Besides this common malady, food services and dormitory keep-up have risen astronomically. The problem of faculty and administration salaries keeping pace with the cost of living and inflation also have contributed to the inflation of tuition charges," Burrell said.

Notre Dame's tuition base for the 1974-75 year consists of tuition in fees per semester, an average of $330 for room and board depending on hall and other miscellaneous fees totalling $46 dollars. Figures concerning tuition charges, pending a meeting of the Board of Regents which convenes this Saturday, February 22, are going to increase their tuition and room and board in the area of $360."

The separation of powers of the American constitution was purportedly explained by Dr. Martin Diamond last night as "special and relatively modern and could only exist in a diverse country like the United States."

Diamond's speech was the first part of a four-part series of lectures on the "Separation of Powers in the Wake of Watergate." The purpose of Diamond's lecture was to present a background history of the present governmental system of checks and balances.

The gist of Diamond's highly technical presentation was that the system of three branches of government was an "architectural, judicial and executive--was unique in the United States because of the diversity of the nation."

Diamond, a Woodrow Wilson Fellow from Washington D.C., contrasted America's separation of powers with a mixed regime of powers in countries, as he spoke to a moderate gathering in the library lounge.

Diamond referred briefly to the Watergate incident by saying, "We remedied Watergate as quickly as could be reasonably expected." He explained that if the issue had gone to the people as it would have in a government set up like that in Great Britain, the people would have acted too quickly without the slow process of the facts unfolding. He estimated that 70-80 per cent would have voted Nixon back into office.

It is the nature of man to commit crimes because he did something wrong and had to arrive at the decision that Nixon should finally act, the American people would have done the same thing had it been in their interest."

The separation of powers was never intended to prevent crimes. It is the nature of man to commit..." (continued on page 7)
Congress alters view on gasoline rationing

Washington (UPI) - Congress' view of gasoline rationing has changed from the old one to the new one. This is due to President Ford's new position, which is that the nation would have rationing only "over my dead body." Administration spokesmen later said that they could not agree on an emergency. Earlier in this congressional session, some members of Congress considered a coupon rationing of gasoline the only way to solve energy and economic problems quickly. Reduced fuel use and cut out some expensive foreign energy.

"Rationing has sort of petered out," said a staff member whose views were widely distributed.

Nobody is really seriously talking about mandatory rationing any more," said an aide to Rep. John Wright, D-Texas, head of a House Democratic task force on energy. Both Senate and House task forces are trying to write a Democratic energy program that will be effective in rationing only in a dire emergency, such as another embargo on Arab oil imports.

The "working paper" from which Senate Democrats are operating says it is "imperative" that there be a standby rationing system to cope with "a total import embargo," or similar emergency.

"The executive would be directed to prepare immediately a system of rationing gasoline that could be implemented on notice in the event of an embargo or other emergency situation," the Senate document said. The House task force's Wright told newsmen, is thinking of rationing only as a standby. There is no emergency in gasoline, and the idea of rationing is unacceptable, Wright said.

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TREASURY FACING FINANCIAL PINCH

WASHINGTON Ñ The United States government, blessed with a quarter trillion dollar budget, is facing one of its periodic cash squabbles. Unless Congress acts quickly to boost the ceiling on the national debt, the Treasury will be hard-pressed to pay its bills which include government payrolls, social security checks and unemployment benefits.

The problem occurs roughly once a year and this time zero-hour is Tuesday. That's when the Treasury will have to suspend its many money-saving measures and call on Congress to raise the statutory level of $400 billion. The government a few days breathing room may mean the difference between paying its bills and defaults. A default of $5 billion would trigger a financial crisis.

Currently, the government is laying out billions of dollars in benefits to the 7.5 million social security checks and pensioners and companies who will be paying $400 billion this year. The deficit is expected to swell by another $52 billion in fiscal 1975. That's why Tuesday is an important day for the government to ensure smooth financial survival.

The Senate has yet to act. The House already has approved a $35 billion ceiling for June 30, when the 1975 fiscal year expires. The Senate has yet to act. The House already has approved a $35 billion ceiling for June 30, when the 1975 fiscal year expires.

But the government has already used up its legal borrowing authority. Unless Congress acts, the Treasury will be in a tight spot. The government is expected to raise $41 billion through sales of short and medium-term securities, known as money market bills and certificates of deposit. A temporary ceiling of $400 billion will give the Treasury the green light by lifting the debt ceiling, the government won't be able to borrow a nickel after this week. Reverting to its "permanent" statutory level of $400 billion. The result was a series of emergency measures, including a temporary halt in the savings banks, cancellation of the regular weekly auction of Treasury bills and an order to commercial banks to forward federal funds on deposit to the Treasury.

These actions, plus a $6 billion working cash balance, gave the government a few days breathing room but the Senate has approved a new ceiling figured three days later and the crisis passed with minor inconvenience.

Previously these and other money saving measures would be called upon if Congress defaults on the budget ceiling bill this time.

President Ford, in his message to Congress, will ask for a temporary "ceiling" to be set by Congress last year. Unless Congress agrees to a higher ceiling, the government will have to suspend its many money-saving measures and call on Congress to raise the statutory level of $400 billion. The government a few days breathing room may mean the difference between paying its bills and defaults. A default of $5 billion would trigger a financial crisis.

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Don't Let It Die Now!
LAST FALL, ALMOST 2,000 NOTRE DAME STUDENTS REGISTERED TO VOTE. AGE OF MAJORITY LEGISLATION WAS A KEY ISSUE. NOW, THROUGH THE EFFORTS OF THE NOTRE DAME STUDENT GOVERNMENT AND THE INDIANA STUDENT ASSOCIATION, HOUSE BILL 1818 HAS BEEN INTRODUCED. IT WOULD PROVIDE A NEW DEFINITION FOR THE TERM MINOR- A PERSON LESS THAN 18 YRS. OF AGE...NOT 21! BUT IT NEEDS YOUR CONTINUED SUPPORT TO MAKE IT A REALITY.

Write Your Representatives Now!
TELL THE MEMBERS OF THE HOUSE PUBLIC POLICY COMMITTEE THAT:
AT 18, A PERSON IN INDIANA CAN VOTE, PAY TAXES, MARRY, CHOOSE A PROFESSION, CARRY A FIREARM, ENTER THE CIVIL SERVICE, ENTER THE ARMED FORCES, SIGN CONTRACTS, BE HELD RESPONSIBLE FOR HIS DEBTS, DRIVE AND OWN AN AUTOMOBILE, TAKE OUT AN INSURANCE POLICY, MAKE WILLS, BE JUDGED IN CRIMINAL AND CIVIL COURTS AND SENTENCED TO THE PENITENTIARY, AND BE TREATED AS AN ADULT IN PENSION AND WELFARE MATTERS BUT NOT DRINK!

THAT:
PAST OPPONENTS TO LOWERING THE DRINKING AGE TO 18 HAVE ARGUED THAT IT WOULD RESULT IN A DRAMATIC INCREASE IN THE NUMBER OF ALCOHOL-RELATED TRAFFIC ACCIDENTS INVOLVING 18-20 YEAR OLDS HOWEVER, ACCIDENT STATISTICS FROM MICHIGAN (WHERE THE DRINKING AGE HAS BEEN 18 SINCE 1972) SHOW THAT OVER THE LAST THREE YEARS THE PERCENTAGE OF 18-20 YEAR OLD DRINKING DRIVERS INVOLVED IN THE TOTAL NUMBER OF ACCIDENTS AVERAGED 9.43% AS COMPARED TO 8.72% FOR DRINKING DRIVERS OVER 21.
THE PERCENTAGES OF THE GROUPS ARE ALMOST THE SAME!
SEND 'EM A MESSAGE!

IF YOU ARE AN ND STUDENT WHO LIVES IN HOUSE DISTRICT 3, WHICH IS GARY, HOBART OR GLEN PARK, INDIANA PLEASE WRITE TO YOUR HOME REPRESENTATIVE:

CHESTER F. DOBIS
CHAIRMAN, HOUSE PUBLIC POLICY COMMITTEE
INDIANA HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES
INDIANA STATE HOUSE
INDIANAPOLIS, INDIANA  46204

BE SURE YOU MENTION THAT YOU ARE ONE OF HIS CONSTITUENTS.

ALL STUDENTS SHOULD WRITE TO THE OTHER COMMITTEE MEMBERS-

NELSON J. BECKER
CLIFFORD D. ARNOLD
THOMAS D. COLEMAN
CRAIG B. CAMPBELL
SAMUEL L. REED
WILLIAM D. ROACH
DONNABELLE MAHONEY
RICHARD C. BODINE
JEWELL G. HARRIS
DONALD T. NELSON

c/o INDIANA HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES
INDIANA STATE HOUSE
INDIANAPOLIS, INDIANA 46204

FURTHER DETAILS CAN BE OBTAINED FROM STUDENT GOV'T. OR YOUR HALL PRESIDENT TONIGHT.

SPONSORED BY THE ND STUDENT GOV'T. AND THE INDIANA STUDENT ASS'N.
Fr. Gartland enjoys his work

by Jack C. Silbavy
Staff Reporter

In August 1974, Fr. Frank Gartland became the first male to take residence in a women's dorm—Lyons.

Gartland is not a rector or discipline figure in Lyons. As chaplain and counselor, he works towards an inner-discipline in people. Gartland called his position a "use of service."

In 1974, Fr. William Tooby, head of Campus Ministry, offered him the chance to become chaplain of Lyons. Gartland readily took the offer.

About being the first live-in chaplain in a girls' hall, he said, "I call it entertainment."

Wondering what to do next year? Contact Fr. Tom Stella, Student Activities office for information about Volunteer Programs.

ONE OF THE SHAREHOLDERS AT WHIRLPOOL...A native of Juarez, Mexico, Miss Natvidad said she learned to enjoy life in the raw by frequenting nudist camps in the Los Angeles area, where she now makes her home.

"But I like people wearing clothes," she said. "Some people have terrible bodies and they should wear clothes."

National Engineers Week offers the opportunity to recognize professional engineers exploring new energy frontiers.

As with most new frontiers, bridging the uncharted energy gap provides many challenges. There are energy challenges in nearly every phase of our home appliance business from product design, to material selection, fabricating and assembly, to distribution, and in the ultimate use by the consumer. Whirlpool's engineers accept these energy challenges as a basis for personal and professional growth.

Since we are on the threshold of this energy frontier, the challenge will be around for years in the future. Young, and progressive people anxious to accept this challenge are urged to investigate opportunities at Whirlpool during National Engineers Week...

February 16-22.

The position started out as an experiment to extend some services to the girls. Gartland believes that he leaves himself open to any problems that the women have. "There is no conflict between being a priest and being a counselor. It is a priest's job," he noted.

Gartland stated that Notre Dame must get away from the sex distinctions as far as some services go. "All people have the same need for love and appreciation. The common denominator, (between men and women) is that we're all persons," he said.

The girls at N.D. are just as open as the guys, he stated. "They come to the point with their problems."

One important difference in his living in a women's hall as opposed to a men's hall is that he can't drop in whenever he feels. He said that he thinks girls have a greater need for privacy. He said that he has to be available but not forward, that it takes a bit more diplomacy.

"I haven't been overwhelmed with traffic, I'll be the first to admit. I think that I would have liked to have been busier than I've been, liked to have had more impact on hall life, but I can't force myself on people," Gartland said.

Gartland doesn't know of any plans to extend the program of live-in chaplains in women's dorms. He said that he would like and hope to see more, but doubts that there would be many priests available for this job.

Gartland stated that he doesn't feel a bit awkward living with the women and that he is happy to know that he can be of some help to someone.
The laundry service would not have 100% satisfaction from the students. To increase satisfaction, we would consider:

1. Conducting a survey to understand student preferences regarding washing and drying services.
2. Offering flexible hours to accommodate student schedules.
3. Providing high-quality laundry services to ensure customer satisfaction.
4. Regularly cleaning and maintaining the laundry equipment to prevent issues.
5. Offering incentives or discounts to encourage student usage.

By implementing these strategies, the laundry service can increase student satisfaction and improve overall operations.
Irish streak past Pumas win 97-81

Ernie Terrill

Small college powerhouse St. Joe's of Hershey College came to South Bend to play their third game at Indiana College. The Irish were victorious in three of their previous four matches when the score was tied at three different times, the Irish were in control.

The contest featured a scoring battle between the nation's top point getters, Notre Dame's Brian Bailey and St. Mary's John Carroll on the Irish. For the record, A.D. defeated St. Mary's in overtime 14-11. At times, they played head to head and when the smoke cleared they came away with nothing but praise and respect for each other. Adria was amazed by Thoresen's quick movements in the basket. She said, "He's the quickest player that I have ever had to face." The big man was also a race-hare pace, as the teams traded buckets. With 1:42 left in the half and the score 19-19 in favor of Notre Dame, Bailey banked a three pointer and very quickly the Irish spurt time was in full gear. With Notre Dame forcing a plethora of turnovers on the part of the Pumas, the Irish reeled off 14 unanswered points, and quickly the Pumas found themselves in a five point halftime deficit to take a four-point lead into the second half.

Thoresen, who was injured in the first half, had equal respect for his opponent, saying, "Dantley is one hell of a ball player. I've seen him against the best, and he's the best player to face the Irish all year." St. Joe's coach John Weinsth was very impressed with the Irish, "He related, "St. Joe's is a very good basketball team." They came here really fired up and played a great game."

With Adrian Dantley leading the Irish, now 13-10, conclude the season. He had 36 points, 14 rebounds, and 14 assists. He further said, "We think that they are the best second team in the nation." Digger Phelps was able to upstage the blowout victory as a three-time All-American.

"Digger felt that the Pumas were in the right place at the right time for the Irish. He related, "St. Joe's is a very good basketball team. They came here really fired up and played a great game." Digger Phelps continued, "I'm the best player to face the Irish all season long. I've been a good challenge for the Irish."

"We felt that the Pumas were in the right place at the right time for the Irish. We played a great game." Digger Phelps was complimented on his game and said, "I'm the best player to face the Irish all season long. I've been a good challenge for the Irish.

UNDER THEN UP, Adrian Dantley streaks in for two of his 36 points in the Irish 97-81 victory over St. Joe's last night. He and see has some very good moves." Coach Dillei executor on the +t of the Irish. He related, "St. Joe's is a very good basketball team. They came here really fired up and played a great game."

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INTER ALL-HOOP PLAYOFFS CONTINUE

by Fred Herbst

The Irish basketball team continued play in the double elimination playoff system Sunday night.


In the Interhall playoff system, winning teams continue to play in the winners bracket, a team that is beaten once continues play in the losers bracket while a team that is defeated twice is eliminated.


FRESHMAN FOCUSPOINT

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"We're not as good as I thought we were," said Coach Fred Pechek. "I meant two real good teams."