vo Hofmann calls society disastrous

by Fred Graver

Addressing a crowd last night in Washington Hall, Nicholas von Hofmann called the large scale of American Society "disastrous. 

"In me can be expected to administer that monster," he said. "It shouldn't be. It has to be changed."

In a lengthy structured lecture, which von Hofmann called a "wrap-up of where we are and where we are going," the professor for The Observer Editorial Board, who has defined Kissinger's politics as one in which "the goods of war" are pursued, too vague to interject into the political realities. These are crackpot realities.

"What we have then," he said, "is a practical crackpot."

Main Areas of Foreign Policy

Von Hofmann defined the three main areas of foreign policy concern as Vietnam and Cambodia, Turkey, and Cyprus, and the Middle East as a whole. "There's something heartwarming about an old war," Von Hofmann said, "but the impression is that Vietnam is an exercise in cynicism and lack of imagination." In reference to Cambodia, he said, "I can't help but wonder how close it is going to make a fool out of us."

On the question of Cyprus, it was already done in, it was shown, in fourteen out of the last fifteen years, America has supplied arms to both sides. "The Middle East divides into two things," Von Hofmann explained, "the Arab-Israeli conflict and the Russians who play a larger hand in the conflict. In a question and answer period following the lecture, Von Hofmann said the Arabs are divided because they have," he said, "that Kissinger once said 'that old fox Makarios is not going to make a fool out of me."

In reference to Vietnam, it was shown, that, in fourteen out of the last fifteen years, America has supplied arms to both sides. "The Middle East divides into two things," Von Hofmann explained, "the Arab-Israeli conflict and the Russians who play a larger hand in the conflict. In a question and answer period following the lecture, Von Hofmann said the Arabs are divided because they have," he said, "that Kissinger once said 'that old fox Makarios is not going to make a fool out of me."

"I'm showing that he can negotiate with fifteen people, but I don't think that he knows what he's doing anymore."

Speaking on "Dr. 99: Failings of a dilettante-Maker, Von Hofmann accused the Secretary of State as having "no moral dimension to his politics." He quoted Max Schumacher, political philosopher, who has defined Kissinger's politics as one in which "the goods of war" are pursued, too vague to interject into the political realities. These are crackpot realities.

"What we have then," he said, "is a practical crackpot."

Faculty responds favorably to referendum by Maureen Flynn

Staff Reporter

Faculty members responding to the recent Faculty Senate referendum gave strongest support to the item dealing with the appointment, promotion and tenure process. A considerable majority also supported resolutions regarding the budget, salaries, evaluations, and employment practices.

Four hundred seventy-five (two-thirds of the 740 faculty members polled) responded to the referendum issued in late February. Of this number, 414 (89 per cent) supported the referendum, and 81 (16 per cent) opposed it.

"When a candidate for chairman or dean is from outside the university, or as an untenured member of the faculty, the CAP (C ity Administration and Promotion) should be especially careful to treat separately the question of his or her professional qualifications for appointment to the faculty or for promotion to tenure track," he said. "It has to be changed."

In a slightly smaller number of those responding favored the adoption of a model system of departments and colleges rather than a referendum. The main thrust of the proposed setup is to render appointment, promotion and Tenure Committees independent. The actions of the administration and committees cannot be resolved, the matter would be referred to the Academic Council. The decision would be binding on both the administration and the departmental committees.

On the basis of this result, the Faculty Senate voted last Tuesday night to empower the Academic Council to act as a subcommittee to devise a specific proposal on CAP structure.

As a general statement of its position on university governance, 78 per cent of the responding faculty members endorsed the principles set forth in the 1978 statement on Governance of Colleges and Universities of the American Association of University Professors. Special emphasis was placed on internal committees and sections of committees which deal with the appointment, promotion, and tenure process.

Budget Committee Supported

Another proposal for the establishment of a university-wide budget priority committee received the support of 77 per cent of the faculty answering the referendum. The vote was directed towards a specific plan drawn up by the Faculty Senate committee on Budget Review Proposal in accordance with guidelines suggested in the report of the Committee on University Priorities in December 1977.

General dissatisfaction with the present salary situation among those responding ranged from 76 per cent on the one hand to 90 per cent on the other.

The Senate then took the $600 cost-saving grant to the faculty which the board of trustees decided was not an "adequate response to faculty salary needs."

A slightly smaller percentage (72 per cent) endorsed the sense of a resolution stating on part, "Having established that adequate funds are available, we hereby urgently request that each member of the Notre Dame... faculty a total compensation increase of no less than $1,000..."

Seventy-three per cent of the respondents supported the sense of a statement requesting that the administration make available to the faculty each year a distribution of academic year salaries by equal increments for each of the four Colleges in the University, as well as the corresponding salary increases for the coming academic year."

Although no action was taken on salary issue itself at last Tuesday's meeting of the Faculty Senate, the senate decided to carry another formal request to the administration for the latter information.

Will Evaluate Officers

A proposal "to conduct a faculty evaluation of those academic officers on the University..." who have jurisdiction over and directly serve the entire academic community" was approved by 71 per cent of the faculty answering the referendum. The vote was directed towards a specific plan drawn up by the Faculty Senate committee on the Budget Review Proposal in accordance with guidelines suggested in the report of the Committee on University Priorities in December 1977.

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Faculty responses to the possibility of collective bargaining were rather vague, with 45 per cent of the respondents favoring the sending of more information on the subject before making a decision. Twenty-two per cent of those favoring a bargaining agent to represent the faculty, while 30 per cent opposed collective bargaining at Notre Dame. The Faculty Senate will initiate an informational program on collective bargaining with the American Association of University Professors.

Busy schedule planned by Terry Kernes

Ford will meet with faculty, students

President Gerald Ford will meet with a group of about 50 Notre Dame faculty and students as part of his schedule of appearances, starting March 17. Richard Conklin, director of University Information Services, confirmed yesterday that Ford's schedule will include a luncheon with media executives, a meeting with presidents of Big Ten universities and Notre Dame, and a working dinner with Midwest governors. After Ford's appearance at the Academic Convocation, scheduled for 11 a.m. Monday, the president will meet with the faculty and students in the Monogram Room of the Athletic and Convocation Center.

Ford will then attend the luncheon for approximately 75 Notre Dame faculty and students, another part of the Monogram Room. He will then appear at a luncheon for the university and college presidents hosted by Fr. Hesburgh, University president, in the Morris Inn.

Following a 6 p.m. regional news conference in the auditorium of the Center for Continuing Education, Ford will dine with the governors in the dining room on the fourteenth floor of the Memorial Library.

St. Mary's faculty yesterday joined Notre Dame in ratifying classes between 9:30 a.m. and 11:30 a.m. Monday to allow students to attend the Academic Convocation in the ACC. In a statement by Fr. W. Lynn Conklin, university public relations director, Ford extended an official invitation to all St. Mary's students to participate in the Special Convocation.

Conklin explained that the students were invited to meet with the president by Fr. Hesburgh. He explained that the criterion for selection was an academic one. Therefore, members of the Academic Council, the highest University policy-making body, were invited.

"The decision was made to invite the elected Academic Council, but it turned out that only seven..." continued on page 7}
by Kevin Dickerson
Staff Reporter

Notre Dame's Fighting Irish Band will travel to Cleveland, Ohio this weekend for the annual St. Patrick's Day parade, sponsored by the United Irish Societies of Greater Cleveland. Band members will leave Notre Dame Sunday morning at 11:30 a.m. and will arrive in Cleveland for two days of guest appearances, special occasions and ceremonies.

The Emerald City Society will host the band along with other civic-minded Cleveland businesses. Band members will be the guests of local companies, enjoying a dramatic presentation at the State Theater, and a second Italian dinner.

St. John's College, a Catholic girls school will host the Band at a party given in the Band's honor. St. Patrick's Day parade will host bands, guests and performers from as far as New York State. Besides the Orange Bowl Festival, this is the Band's only other parade appearance.

Basked 5th in the Nation, the Notre Dame cheerleaders will be traveling to Chicago to participate in the Chicago St. Patrick's Day parade and festivities. They will be hosted by Meaux Supply company and will ride on the sponsor's float. The Fighting Irish Cheerleaders attended Chicago's parade last year also.

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ACROSS THE STREET FROM THE BAND'S DORMS
Murphy predicts recession outcome

by Val Zurhbes and
Margaret Hall
Staff Reporters

Professor Thomas Murphy predicted the outcome of the stagnating economy in his lecture of the Fifteenth Annual Finance Forum yesterday. Sponsored by the Notre Dame Finance Forum, the forum brought experts in the nation's economy to the Notre Dame campus each year to discuss the current state of the economy.

Murphy predicted the outcome of the recession or a depression. He is a financial expert and is associated with the McGraw-Hill Intelligence Service's Monthly Financial Chronicle. Murphy is also a member of the Federal Reserve Board of Directors and is the chairman of the board's Credit Committee.

The lecture was sponsored by the Finance Club, the forum brings students in touch with leading experts in the field of economics.

Murphy is a well-known economic analyst and author of several books on the economy. He is also a member of the Federal Reserve Board of Directors and is the chairman of the board's Credit Committee.

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Dear Editor:

I could not help but wonder if St. Mary's students should be invited to participate in the student body's tryouts and for three reasons.

First, it is true that a great number of St. Mary's seniors applied to St. Mary's under the impression that eventually a merger with Notre Dame was to be realized. For the last three years, many have rightfully expressed disappointment and felt cheated by the unmerger. It would have been unfair to deny these women such opportunities as being cheerleaders for obvious reasons. They applied in good faith, and were let down by the respective administrations of the two schools. However, often this year, they will be gone, and presumably all St. Mary's students will be there on their own accord and should not feel that they are truly representative of Notre Dame. Secondly, Notre Dame is a coed institution, and its cheerleaders, male and female, are students. I think that it highly inconceivable to deny a Notre Dame coed an opportunity to participate as a cheerleader in favor of St. Mary's, a student of another institution.

Finally, and most importantly, the true growth of St. Mary's and women's rights is in general demand that St. Mary's no longer desire to be Notre Dame cheerleaders. The new president of St. Mary's has declared its independence as a progressively growing college, and it can only benefit St. Mary's to more fully develop its own personality, particularly since its enrollment has already grown to exceed that of Notre Dame. This need not take place at the same time, and if the women at Lewis have valid arguments raised by the Lewis women in favor of retaining their present home, as is the reasoning behind these arguments was somewhat invalidated by the advantage accruing to the women should their points carry. Now, in this charge was made by a C.S.C. priest and an un­dergraduate arguing in favor of the Administrator's decision. It does not take much mental gymnastics to discern that the same charge could be turned against him. But, more to the point, if the charge is specious in the extreme, how are we to say "Ontario!" to the University's faulds, simply because a few reforms were to be our advantage? By the same token, we should not defend our­selves in court, or support political parties, or take medicine, because people of the wicked self-interest involved.

If the women at Lewis have valid arguments in favor of their position, then their self-interest does not alter that validity, and the mere charge of self-interest does alter it. But the mere charge of self-interest is in a totally insufficient answer to them.

Sincerely,

Bill Zimmerman

Dear Editor:

The Lewis Hall debate took a new turn when Observer printed the first rebut­tals from the apparent advocates of the Administrator's decision. Both a letter to the editor and a signed column suggested that graduate student arguments in favor of keeping Lewis a graduate hall were invalid in that they were based on self-interest, and the column went on to suggest that the graduate students learn to make some sacrifices. Now these two points have a high moral tone to them, of the sort that we all know and love here at Notre Dame, but, while we admire the style, I think we would do well to inquire into the validity of the logic involved.

The first point, that the student self-interest was urged as a sufficient response to all the well-considered arguments raised by the Lewis women in favor of retaining their present home, as is the reasoning behind these arguments was somewhat invalidated by the advantage accruing to the women should their points carry. Now, in this charge was made by a C.S.C. priest and an un­dergraduate arguing in favor of the Administrator's decision. It does not take much mental gymnastics to discern that the same charge could be turned against him. But, more to the point, if the charge is specious in the extreme, how are we to say "Ontario!" to the University's faulds, simply because a few reforms were to be our advantage? By the same token, we should not defend our­selves in court, or support political parties, or take medicine, because people of the wicked self-interest involved.

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Dear Editor:

Inasmuch as there is no assurance for anyone's attendance at the Notre Dame/SMC basketball game, it was mentioned that the program will be printed Tuesday evening (Marcy 10). As a member of the student community, I am surprised by the information that the Observer has not predicted to point out the already limited campus facilities for graduate students. I am also pointed to note that the majority of graduate students never have the opportunity to live on campus because of the lack of room. I am, therefore, not holding my breath until that graduate housing complex goes up.

Now, while it may be that we elected this situation when we elected to live in the dorms, simply because we wish to point out to the writer of the column that graduate students are not unaccompanied with sacrifice. I would further question his place to suggest sacrifice to people whose situation he has not the least grasp of. If he is a Lenten mood, fine; sacrifice is our own business. As Alexander Pope so elegantly put it, "I never met a man who could not bear another's misfortunes like a true Christian."

These cheap rhetorical flourishes based on facile moral philosophy are bad enough, but far worse is this subtle animosity growing between graduates and undergraduates. This need not be surprising. Bickering serves no one's purpose with the exception of those ad­ministrators who have conspired to exclude all students from decision making process. They are the real source of problem and sure to be the real target of the attention of the debate focussed elsewhere.

Sincerely,

Stephen L. Trainor

Dear Editor:

Dear Editor:

The second point, that graduate students ought to learn to make sacrifices, is equally fatuous, and was obviously made by someone ill-versed with graduate life. While the column writer was quick to point out that undergraduates, study, too, he seemed less eager to recognize the much greater in­ten­sity involved in graduate studies, an intensity which is often coupled with the difficulties of beginning a new career in teaching. Further, the writer is apparently unfamiliar with the economic sacrifices made graduate students, who must get by on loans or minimal T.A. salaries, unsupported by their parents and, in some cases, supporting families of their own. And while the writer was quick to recurse to the true growth of St. Mary's and love here at Notre Dame, but, inasmuch as there is no assurance for anyone's attendance at the Notre Dame/SMC basketball game, it was mentioned that the program will be printed Tuesday evening (Marcy 10). As a member of the student community, I am surprised by the information that the Observer has not predicted to point out the already limited campus facilities for graduate students. I am also pointed to note that the majority of graduate students never have the opportunity to live on campus because of the lack of room. I am, therefore, not holding my breath until that graduate housing complex goes up.

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Bill Zimmerman

Dear Editor:

I was happy and touched to see the "prayer of a homosexual" printed in Wednesday's Observer having friends who are gay, and knowing somewhat of their plight on campus, I hoped that this prayer would be of some comfort to them. Yet shortly after having read your paper I saw the same one being typed by a student of my R.A.'s room, with comments penciled in regarding his prayer to the H.A. and his friends. The dossier remained anonymous.

I look, however you are, you are not "in your stride" at the end of the day; without embarrassing your R.A., committing sacrilege and summing up your irresponsibility by dumping on yet another deprived minority? Perhaps you should reconsider why you spent about $16,000 and four years of precious life at Notre Dame. Hopefully your intention was not to go out in humanitas, if so, you blew it. Please devote of making public displays of your intellectual and moral failure, some of us are depressed enough already.

Yours,

John J. Graecask
Hesburgh influenced food aid

by Pat Cusus
Staff Reporter

Recent letter exchanges between University President Fr. Theodore Hesburgh and President Gerald Ford greatly affected developments that increased food aid toward the world hunger problem. The White House decision of February 1 increased food aid by approximately two million tons and $900 million, to totals of 5.5 million tons and $1.5 billion respectively.

Beginning Friday, November 21, 1974, numerous organizations and individuals in South Bend lobbied Hesburgh in an appeal to President Ford urging him to act in the manner in which the President actually did in the determination.

During the November 22 press conference, Hesburgh was backed by Cardinal Cooke of the National Conference of Catholic Bishops, Patricia Young of the National Council of Churches, Rabbi Tanenbaum of the American Jewish Committee, and Herbert Walker of the World Hunger Action Coalition. This meeting prompted the first letter by Hesburgh in pleas of government food aid.

President Ford responded in a positive manner on November 4, but refused at that time to render a decision. Your proposal is made at a time when America faces many difficult decisions and choices if it is to continue to play a responsible role in this interdependent world as well as provide for the needs of its own citizens. We must attack both inflation and recession at home, and, at the same time, build new relationships with major regional and international groups abroad. We must also promote peace in the Middle East, improve the world trading and monetary arrangements, and assist the poorer developing nations," said Ford in his letter.

As you know, each of these goals is important, and failure to realize them could adversely affect the lives of many millions of people," Ford said.

Ford advised the possibilities for an increased private response for food aid but in his December 14 reply to the President, Hesburgh and various organizations felt "that early and substantial action by the U.S. Government was necessary if there was to be any perception or beginning of a positive response to the need.

On January 22, this year, President Ford again failed to reach a decision but stated, "When my decisions are made, I shall instruct the agencies responsible for carrying out the food aid program to do so urgently. Given this guidance, I am sure that they will do the job, I hope that this government's action will be of assistance to you and others in investigating the private sector to redouble its own efforts to help meet the food shortage problem."

Following the White House decision, Hesburgh wrote Ford, "All of us have been heartened by your generous leadership in this major tranche of additional food aid, your sincere gratitude for your generous leadership in this major tranche of additional food aid, and your willingness to send to your action and want to send you a copy of the letter for you to find results which could be put into statistical form. However, no one who works on the project since Dickerson was unable to attend and defend his proposal.

The board also decided to set up a table in the Library Lobby on Wednesday between the hours of 1:00 to 5:00 pm and 7:00 to 9:00 pm in order to distribute available surveys on consumer items.

Other business included a vote to send InPirg funds from St. Joseph Bank and Trust to the First National Bank in accordance with the results of the InPirg bank survey. The board of Directors was informed of arrangements to attend the InPirg state meeting in Indianapolis this Saturday by Sheriff Joe Warren.

Warwick outlined the current plans in organizing InPirg chapters across the state, noting that there soon will be six chapters in northern Indiana, three of them in South Bend. He requested by next year, Warwick explained. These organizations will be able to work together on large projects such as investigating local public utilities. There will be a statewide conference on the utilities topic on March 9 in Indiana sponsored by the Movement for Economic Justice.

InPirg studies teaching effectiveness

InPirg yesterday discussed a project that measured the effectiveness of mathematics and English teaching methods in the South Bend public schools as well as several other schools around the nation and the InPirg group.

The school system study was proposed by Kevin Dickerson of the InPirg group as a way to determine the amount of continuity which presently exists between primary and secondary schools in the teaching of mathematics and English. Differences and overlaps in those fields would also be investigated, and solutions suggested to alleviate these problems.

The workshop also raised about the scope of the project. Chairman James Suk's comments, it sounds like the topic of a sociology dissertation. The board member also foresaw problems with assessing teaching methods in such a way which would produce valid results in statistical form.

InPirg Blake Organizer and guest at the meeting, Richard Warwick, suggested a careful analysis of syllabus in those subjects, in order to find results which could be put into statistical form. However, no one was available on the project since Dickerson was unable to attend and defend his proposal.

The board also decided to set up a table in the Library Lobby on Wednesday between the hours of 1:00 to 5:00 pm and 7:00 to 9:00 pm in order to distribute available surveys on consumer items.

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Maurice Stans pleads guilty

WASHINGTON (UPI)-Former Commerce Secretary Maurice R. Stans pleaded guilty Wednesday to a campaign finance violations--the third member of Richard Nixon's Cabinet to plead guilty or be convicted of Watergate related crimes.

The 60-year-old silver-haired Stans, with bowed head and hands clasped in front of him as he pleaded guilty, was convicted of second-degree fraud, a five-count misdemeanor in federal court Wednesday in the 1972 re-election campaign.

U.S. District Judge John Smith released Stans on his own recognizance and, at the request of defense lawyers, let open the sentencing.

Watergate Prosecutor Thomas S. Mclntyre said each of the five counts carried a maximum penalty of $1,000 fine and one year in prison. But Walter Bonner, Stans' lawyer, contended the three counts of failure to report did not carry a prison sentence.

"The 1972 election and its aftermath have been a major burden of my life," Stans told reporters. "I am as eager as all of us have been heavily occupied in defense of civil and criminal actions."

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The Observer
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Students react to housing contract

by Gregg Baage

In late February, Notre Dame undergraduates received housing contracts in the mail. For those already off-campus, it was a simple matter of returning the enclosed contracts to the Housing Office by April 15 without signing them. For those who meant to stay off-campus again, however, on-campus students were debating whether or not to return the contracts. Those who were forced to contemplate what they really wanted to do next year.

Some said that it was enough to move off campus to be in the Notre Dame dormitory system, but others more frequently referred to the idea of completely leaving the housing contract itself. To be specific, it is found in the last paragraph of the housing regulations section and is known as the "no knock" policy.

In whole, the policy states: "The University reserves the right to make whatever readjustment or adjustment for accommodations deemed necessary; to inspect rooms for changes, or to make repairs; to enter rooms without a search warrant or any other form of maintaining security, discipline and the orderly operation of an educational institution."

It is the last clause of this policy that has caused such a commotion, therefore unnecessary and an infringement upon the privacy of the student who did not wish to be considered home. But most students moved off-campus anyway.

A student living here is not renting property. The University is not making any money letting students stay in the dormitories. The money you pay goes to the University for the expenses it incurs in running these buildings," he said.

The University is also running under the fact that the property (in this case, the dormitories) is depreciating. "Most property depreciates as it gets older and the dorms are a case in point. To use something like this against a person in court would not hold up in that particular situation," he explained.

Napolitano then pointed out that this is not the case at Notre Dame, even as most college campuses.

"A landlord could not have a lease like this. When you rent, the estate is land and it is to the exclusion of the owner. To use something like this against a person in court would not hold up in that particular situation," he explained.

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Proposals presented to incorporate halls

(continued from page 1)

"The essence of the idea," stated Walsh, "is that the quality of life could be improved in halls. Halls could become a more community-oriented environment."

Walsh maintains that the government and international students must be involved in proposing the suggestions for improvement of halls.

"We need to have the students involved in the decision-making process," Walsh said. "They are the ones who benefit the most from the halls."
When Tom Fallon was named head coach of the Notre Dame tennis team 18 years ago, he was not aware of what was store for him. "My understanding was that the job would be temporary," relates Fallon. "I had no idea that I would be here as long as I have.

"That's the wonderful thing about this place. You are pointed to a position and the next thing that you know you are celebrating your 25th anniversary.

The years go by so quickly."

Fallon led his charges to an undersized season and shared the 1958 NCAA title with Tulane.

"If I had a highlight of my career, it would have to be the 1963 season," says Fallon. "That and the following year were my best years."

From 1966 through 1969, Fallon built a balanced, highly successful squad. He then retired the Irish from the Big East and Eastern Collegiate tennis superpower.

"The 1973 season could be one to remember for years to come," he says. "He certainly has the talent. And the balance. 'Balance appears to be our greatest asset,' adds Fallon. "In fact we have so much that it has posed some problems. On a given day anybody can beat anybody. It makes us tough up and down the line.

"On the basis of fall practice sophomore Randy Shehkin was rated at the top slot. The southwest from Peru, Indiana captured 23 matches out of 30 last season in his first taste of collegiate competition. He has not been an easy one. The 150 pound division has been working out in the practice cage as the 1975 team has been working out for the season. Dave Batton resumed practicing for the rest of the Irish basketball team. Following his graduation from the Notre Dame campus, O'Donnell, Juan Inchauste and his brother, Tony, both expected to have a good showing for a first year group.

Harbert after second win in Bengal Bouts finals tonight

by T. F. McNall

For a guy who is used to battling a ball around a baseball diamond, batting people around a boxing ring, while getting battered himself, can represent something of a novelty. Such is the situation of defending Bengal Bout champ, John Harbert.

Harbert came to Notre Dame three years ago as a pitching baseball "I tried out for the baseball and was not asked to play. I could field pretty well, but I couldn't hit the curve ball, so I gave up baseball and turned to boxing." Phil entered the Bengals with no previous experience, but there were many aspects of the program which appealed to him. "I liked the idea of getting in condition by myself," he says. "When I was in baseball, everyone went through an organized conditioning program, and many of the guys weren't even sure they were going to make the team. No one got out from the Bengal Bout roster, consequently, each guy can go through his own training ritual with a definite aim on mind - doing well in the ring.

Harbert did well enough in the 1974 finals to merit the championship trophy in the 150 pound division. "It was the worst time I had ever boxed in my life. I was pretty green, and I fought more on instinct than anything else. This year I've been working more on technique, like my foot movement so that I'm not always going in one direction. I've also been working on my counter-attacks. The added experience also will give me a better idea of what to expect."

Phil's best punch is a straight right, a weapon he used to floor all three of his opponents last year. "That's his best weapon," says coach Digger Phipps. "He's a good looking prospect in the ring."

Harbert's title defense this year has not been an easy one. The 150 pound division features more experienced fighters than any of the other weight classes. Besides Harbert, the division includes John Albens, a quartermunal last year, as well as a pair of semifinalists in Mike Shaw and Notre Dame Boxing Club president Jim Clune. "They're all pretty good fighters and a year smarter," Harbert observes. "There won't be an easy fight along the way."

Nonetheless, with a win over Joe, Mike Shaw is the semifinals last night. Harbert has earned himself a spot in the championship bout.

A good deal of the credit for Phil's success goes to Bengal Bout director Dennis J. Napoli. "He really builds up everyone's confidence," the junior says. "He takes a personal interest in all of us, and he's always got time for everyone. It's really encouraging to have that kind of support."

"The Symfony, Ill., product has been doing some tutoring of his own. He worked over Christmas break with a group of 9-13 year old boys in a newly-initiated boxing program at the Symfony more community center. "I went down to help hold the punching bags and I worked out with the kids to keep myself in shape, because I was kind of entered state competition and five of them won. He was pretty good showing for a first year group."

Cage rally slated tonight

The Notre Dame basketball team, which will leave South Bend Friday morning for their first round game with Kansas in the NCAA Tournament, will be honored at a pep rally on Thursday night. Featured speakers for the event will be Co-Captains Dwight Clay and Peter Crysto, Blue Team Captain Tommy Varga, and coach Digger Phipps. The rally will be the last opportunity for the Class of 1975 to honor the Notre Dame Sailing Team with the rest of the Irish basketball team. The Notre Dame Sailing Team will be the last opportunity for the rest of the Irish basketball team. For a thigh injury. The freshman will be the last opportunity for a 25-3 won-loss record last year for the Irish, winning percentage on the list. The junior engineering student is a member of the Orange Bowl in 1960 and represented Bolivia in the Sun- shine Bowl Tournament in 1971.

"For the Irish fans at Thursday night's rally," Juan Inchauste post a 25-3 won-loss record last year for the Notre Dame basketball team. Following his graduation from the Notre Dame campus, O'Donnell, Juan Inchauste and his brother, Tony, both expected to have a good showing for a first year group.

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