South Bend man dies Sunday after being hit by student’s car

BY MARK PANKOWSKI  
News Editor

A South Bend man died Sunday after being hit Saturday night by a car driven by a Notre Dame student, who was arrested on charges of driving while intoxicated.

Buddy D. Moore, 52, of 1314 Goodland Ave., died at 10:35 a.m. Sunday at St. Joseph’s Medical Center in South Bend, a medical examiner said. Moore was struck at 6:35 p.m. as he walked on Edison Road at the intersection with Penn State-Notre Dame game, according to county police records.

The 29-year-old driver of the car was arrested on preliminary charges of driving while intoxicated and driving with an expired operator’s license, county police records show. Both are misdemeanor offenses.

The student has not been formally charged, according to Sgt. Dennis Jay of the St. Joseph County Police Department. The student also could still face felony charges in connection with the accident, which remains under investigation.

County records show the student refused a breath-alcohol test at the county jail. Under Indiana law, anyone convicted of refusing the test will lose his driving privileges for one year.

The accident occurred when the student’s car made a U-turn on Edison Road and headed east, police records show. The car then struck Moore, who suffered severe head injuries and was pronounced unconscious.

An officer at the scene of the accident noticed the student had trouble staying awake, according to police records.

Records show the student’s eyes were bloodshot and his speech hard to understand. He admitted to drinking beer but denied he had been drinking alcohol or the student’s breath.

The student agreed to submit to a breath-alcohol test at the scene, police records show. The

Senate passes parietals resolution to lessen penalties, increase hours

BY DAVID T. LEE  
News Staff

The Student Senate unanimously passed a parietals proposal relaxing penalties for parietals violations and extending visitation hours in a meeting Monday night.

The parietals resolution states that the suspension or dismissal of a student at Notre Dame can occur “only in instances where it is clear that the student acted with knowing and blatant disregard of the University rules . . . and of the welfare of the community in general.”

Parietals violations would still be “punishable and excludable under the parietals code” from those of the sexuality code, according to the proposal.

“The Administration refused to make any distinction between having sex and staying in a girl’s dorm all night,” said Student Body Vice-President Don Montano.

Senator John Gardiner questioned why the resolution was merely “a semantics change,” adding that the University would argue this resolution is already part of the policy.

“If this is their policy, let’s make it public,” said Montano.

“When they make a decision (regarding a violation), this is the only resolution,” said Gardiner.

The proposal would raise the suspension time from 10 p.m. to 10 a.m. daily, and extends Sunday night hours from 11:30 p.m. to 1 a.m.

The Senate also passed a unanimous proposal to make a parietals plan available to off-campus students.

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The Observer

**Of Interest**

"Politicians, Parties, and Political Campaigns: Impressions from a Recent Visit to Brazil" will be discussed in today's "Brown Bag Seminar" at 12 p.m. in 131 Deady Hall. Speaking will be Scott Mainwaring, senior fellow of Kellogg Institute and assistant professor of government. The lecture is sponsored by the Kellogg Institute. - The Observer

**Expo Roma '86**, the exhibition of work produced by architecture students last year in Europe, has been extended to Thursday at the Architecture Building. Everyone is invited to view the collection. - The Observer

The International Internship Programs is offering a 10-week Japanese Management Training Project with a possibility of 9-month extension work experience. The training program includes an orientation, special language training, seminars on Japan's business environment, a two-week field experience, and employment search assistance, all held in Tokyo, Japan. Cost to participate in the training program is $1,600. For more information, contact the International Internship Programs, 401 Colman Building, 811 First Avenue, Seattle, Washington, 98104, (206) 623-5559. - The Observer

Observer Of Interests and In Briefs can be submitted to the Day Editor at the Observer office on the third floor of LaFortune Student Center until 1 p.m. prior to the date of publication. Of Interests announce free campus-wide events of general interest. The Observer reserves the right to edit all Of Interests. - The Observer

**Weather**

Surprise, kids, more white stuff! Isn't it about time for a snowball fight? But there is 60 percent chance of snow Tuesday night. Highs in the mid 30s. - The Observer

**Theater**

The curtain for the 11th annual Keenan Revue will open Jan. 29 at The O'Laughlin Auditorium at Saint Mary's, according to publicity director Frank Stapleton. Additional performances will be scheduled for Jan. 30 and Jan. 31. - The Observer

**Sports**

Gimme a Jolt. The latest fad soft drink on the market, Jolt, has all the sugar and twice the caffeine of any other soft drink. The drink that some are calling "liquid speed" has 5.9 milligrams of caffeine per ounce. - The Observer

**News**

Karen Webb

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Theodore's perfect for bands if managers can attract talent

In Chicago it's the Cabaret Metro. Washington D.C. has the 9:30 Club, and Minneapolis has 7th St. Entry next to First Avenue. The Theater Gallery in Dallas usually has the best shows in town, and of course there's the granddaddy of them all, CBGB in New York City where the Ramones and the Talking Heads got their start. And the venerable Maxwell's across the river in Hoboken, N.J., is a legend in its own right.

And then there's our own Theodore's. Anyone familiar with the clubs mentioned above might think I'm speaking sarcastically when I include Theodore's on the same page as the other venues. These clubs, the mainstay of America's "underground" music, are characterized by a disdain for conventionality. The Theater Gallery, for example, is built in an old warehouse in downtown Dallas, and people are encouraged to add their own "art" to the walls. The bands that play there such as True Believers, Billy & The Stomu Mon- ster are as original as they are diverse in sound.

Theodore's, however, has already had to close for two days due to "damage" inflicted by students. And Notre Dame isn't exactly known for its diversity or daringness. Hence the seeming contradiction in juxtaposing Theodore's and other clubs.

The bands coming to such clubs are undoubtedly the best America has to offer, although they are not well-known to people who only listen to commercial radio. Clubs such as the Metro in Chicago, with its punk rock and slam-dancing shows, strive to express the opposite of what is nice, safe and protected.

Theodore's, with its expensive woodwork and slick furniture and non-alcoholic atmosphere is somewhat like a padded crib in comparison to these other places, but that's OK. It's the music that counts, and anyone interested in the image of a place isn't a real fan.

Theodore's is the perfect size for a band. I was there last month when visiting Northwestern's campus in Evanston. There were flyers up for all sorts of good bands such as Game Theory that were playing in the living rooms of fraternities. I wished Notre Dame could attract good underground bands, too, and have them play in a small enough setting to promote personal contact.

After attending the Wolves show at Theodore's last Saturday night, I realized my wish could actually become reality.

The future of Theodore's success, as I see it, is in the hands of both the managers and the Student Activities Board Musical Entertainment Committee. As the Wolves show last Saturday night proved, live bands are fun. The Wolves are only a Minneapolis club band - just think what it'll be like to have really innovative underground bands such as Camper Van Bee­ thoven or Timbuk 3 playing on campus.

Before Theodore's there was really no where for such bands to play at Notre Dame - the ACC was way too big. Stepan Center is a barn acoustically, and Senior Bar only admits those over 21. There is an endless wealth of good bands out there on independent record labels. Now that we have the means, we ought to bring some of them here so Notre Dame can check out America's grass-roots musical creativity before it passes South Bend by.
Looking for a Christmas reference to make to the folks? Interested in finding a way to be more productive in school while still being able to watch Cheers and do a little partying on Thursday nights? The microcomputer fair taking place at the Notre Dame Computing Center on Thursday, November 20 from 9 a.m. to 4 p.m. provide the the solution to both of the above problems.

“We what we want to do is give the campus a chance as a whole to see various microcomputers available today,” said Scott Cowdrey, assistant director for computing services at the Computing Center and the fair’s organizer.

“We want to give potential computer buyers the chance to compare various machines in a hands-on environment,” he said.

The fair will focus on computer hardware (the actual machines as opposed to the programs that can run on them) and will feature a variety of brands, according to Cowdrey.

“There are a number of vendors who want to get their foot in the door and sell computers (to Notre Dame community members),” explained Cowdrey. “The fair gives them a chance to come in and showcase their machines.

And there will be plenty of machines on hand for any potential computer shopper to test and compare; approximately ten brands of microcomputers are scheduled to be represented at the fair.

In the past, Notre Dame faculty and students have been limited to buying Apple Computer products on campus through the University’s participation in the Apple Consortium. Some people, however, have bought other brands of computers that the Computing Center is unable to support, according to Cowdrey.

“What’s happening is there is a lot of interest in (IBM) clones out there and people are buying them,” he said. “Some are good and some are bad. We would like to be able to identify some of the good ones at a good price to recommend.”

Cowdrey explained that the fair will not just be limited to computer buyers to Apple products and IBM PC and compatible hardware.

“The new Compaq 386 will be at the fair, and it’s the hottest machine on the market,” he added.

Even though the fair is described as a “hardware fair,” Cowdrey said there will be a chance for students to sample various software packages on different machines.

“Vendors will be running various packages on their machines, and students should feel free to bring along a software package to see if it will run on a certain machine,” he said.

There will be many vendors at the fair Thursday, but by no means will all brands of computers be represented. “The Computing Center is not endorsing any of these products or vendors,” Cowdrey said.

“We what we want to do is give the campus a chance as a whole to see various microcomputers available today.”

-Scott Cowdrey

If those who attend the fair show particular interest in some of the machines at the fair, it may not be necessary to travel to an off-campus computer store to see them again. The Computing Center operates a demonstration room in its basement to allow both potential computer buyers as well as the simply curious to check out the various machines.

“Our demo facility is on a trial basis; we are just beginning,” said Cowdrey. “At the present time we have some machines that were donated to the Computing Center on a permanent or a temporary basis. Various other vendors, however, have expressed interest in leaving a machine in the room."

Cowdrey expressed optimism for future fairs if this one seems to be popular with the campus community. “If this goes well and people seem to be enthusiastic, I can see a more expanded function next year,” he said.

“Microcomputer Fair
Fair to showcase array of micro hardware

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Uses of today's micros display versatility

Bit, byte, CPU, silicon chip. What do all of those terms mean? Who cares? respond the majority of personal computer users today. The personal computer has found its niche in modern society, not because of its technical users, but because of what those technical users have allowed the computers to do.

"Never mind all of the mind boggling electronics at the heart of that little piece of plastic and metal called a PC, just tell us what it can do," say many future PC buyers. No longer is the use of the personal computer limited to simple term paper word processing; there is a whole new world of PC-aided functions that can make the life of the college student and user much easier.

"Portable computers are now allowing students to bring a computer to class or to the library in order to type in notes instead of writing them," commented Scott Cowdrey, assistant director for user services at the Computing Center. "That way, a student can incorporate his notes into a paper without having to write anything down on paper."

With the advent of software for virtually every task imaginable, convincing the parents a computer is valuable should not be a difficult task.

"I do almost all my work on a computer, both in the office and at home," said Mark Johnson, a consulting programmer at the Computing Center. "They (computers) are great tools and can really help save time and increase productivity if the user just understands what it can and cannot do."

According to Johnson, the benefits of a computer are not by any means limited to a few aspects of the student's life. "There are programs on the market that perform just about any task that you can think of," he noted.

Some of these tasks include very specialized areas. There is software on the market that will aid the user in writing music and sometimes even play it for him. There are packages that will allow the architect to study his draft on the screen instead of the drawing table. He may even be able to get his work printed on paper in different colors.

Moving out of the realm of the specialized computer-aided programs, there are innumerable packages that can aid the ambitious student with his plans to get ahead.

With the competitive job market today, any knowledge of computer languages and programming is beneficial. Personal computers are perfect for that learning; there are a number of PC computer language compilers (the software that allows a computer program in a certain computer language to work on a computer) that are available and affordable to the student user.

Communication between computers is now becoming more and more commonplace; there are free software programs (along with some that are not free) that will turn your PC into a mainframe computer terminal or allow it to "talk" to other brands of PCs. In the near future, a student with a PC and a modem in his room will be able to call the Memorial Library's computer and retrieve information on books and periodicals.

Finally, there are other everyday, practical uses for a personal computer that make it complete as the college student's perfect tool. One can balance a checkbook, get information on stock market trends, make hotel and airline reservations, play games and use the computer to figure the odds on Notre Dame's next football game.

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Considering individual needs important for word processing

The days of messy liquid paper and worn-out typewriter ribbons are on their way out.

Word processing is one of the most important and widely used function of the college student's personal computer. On any given night before classes, the personal computer labs across the Notre Dame campus are packed with students who have given up the drudgery of the typewriter for the ease and convenience of the PC.

But with all of the convenience of the computer comes the confusion of choosing the word processing package that suits an individual's needs the best. However, choosing word processing software should be as easy as defining one's needs.

The major difference between the cheaper and more expensive packages is the power they offer the user. Usually, the cheaper the package, the fewer the options it offers. One package may only offer simple text formatting while another may offer automatic footnoting, different typefaces and the ability to do form letters with reasonable ease.

When thinking about what word processor to begin working with, one needs to find a package he is comfortable with, will do what he needs and will allow him room for expansion. On today's PC market there are two basic types of computers—the Apple and the IBM PC and compatibles.

At Notre Dame the Macintosh is increasingly popular with students because it is offered to them at special prices through the Apple Consortium. Along with the Mac comes a very simple word processing package called MacWrite. It offers the user who has never been on a computer before the chance to do some professional looking documents, in literally an hour.

MacWrite's main advantage is its ease of use, but it does manage to offer some fancy typefaces and differing point sizes to the user. MacWrite used along with an Apple LaserWriter and various spell-checking programs can produce some papers that any student would be proud of.

Macintosh users are not limited to MacWrite, however. Microsoft Word is another package that utilizes the Mac's user-friendly features but in more powerful fashion. Word is more expensive than MacWrite and its powerful features take a considerably longer time to learn, but it does provide more power. Some standard word functions are automatic footnoting, mail merge (form letters) capability and alternating margin sizes. Microsoft Word is the perfect package for the Mac thesis writer.

There are even more word processing packages for the IBM PC and compatibles. PC-Write is an easy-to-learn, basic packages for the PC. It's use is limited to base word processing functions. However, the newer version has a spelling checker and is considerably cheaper than other more powerful packages.

The next step up in PC word processing would be to packages such as Displaywriter and Microsoft Word. Displaywriter offers the user many varying functions and formatings along with an automatic spell check. Microsoft Word for the PC is similar to the Macintosh version and offers compatible power to the PC user.

Finally, there are packages for the PC such as Nota Bene and Word Perfect that offer the user the power to do almost any word processing task imaginable, including writing in other languages. Mail merges and spell checking are also readily available for the more powerful packages.

When thinking about plunging into the modern world of PC word processing, students and users should keep all of these various word processing packages in mind.

Sample Word Processing Software Prices

Prices in Dollars

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<thead>
<tr>
<th>Software Packages</th>
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<tr>
<td>MacWrite</td>
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<td>Nota Bene</td>
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<tr>
<td>Word Perfect</td>
<td>$1,190</td>
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By SHARON HEGG
News Staff

Representatives from Scholastic magazine met with the Saint Mary's Board of Governance last night to discuss distributional problems at Saint Mary's and the representation of Saint Mary's in the magazine.

Mouasher explained that the interest shown by Saint Mary's students in Scholastic will "unfortunately" not result in a name change for the magazine.

The magazine is presently called Scholastic, Notre Dame's Student Magazine.

"It must remain a Notre Dame name, otherwise Notre Dame will pull out funding," Mouasher said. He said that they receive a budget of about $60,000 from Notre Dame and have 1,100 subscribers at $10 per person from Saint Mary's.

In regard to the problem of distribution, the Scholastics were forwarded to the mail office, which was then responsible to get them to the students, according to Mouasher.

"There was a problem with the list sent to the mail office. Now they've assured us there will be no problem."

"That seems like it's putting an awful lot of pressure on the mailroom. It is a subscription, why can't you get it to us as a subscription like you do with the alumni?" asked Betsy Burke, vice president of academic affairs and college relations.

"We will have to send someone down to make sure you get them. We are trying to get the system fixed," said Mouasher. "If you don't get the magazine by Friday or Saturday call us so we get feedback. We are trying hard to make it timely," said Lipo.

In other business, although the results of the student government survey have not been officially tabulated, Heller said they indicate many students do not know who their student government representatives are.

The survey also indicates people who are not involved do not want to be involved.

Last Sunday the library was opened at 11 a.m. on an experimental basis. Heller said she was pleased at the turnout. Students were using every floor, she said.

"I think we have something to work with. The students exhibited a desire for a change in library hours. Our goal is to try and increase hours on every Sunday. The problem is with the library staff. They don't want to come in earlier," Heller said.

Also, nothing was said about the inauguration of William Hickey, student body president, said student government editor.

"We were not aware in the beginning of the year that the Saint Mary's editor had been abolished," said Kathleen Dailey, public relations commissioner.

"Why is there no need for a Saint Mary's editor? You can see we have problems," added Curran.

Mouasher said the interest shown by Saint Mary's students in Scholastic will "fortunately" not result in a name change for the magazine.
Reagan: no more arms to Iran

**Associated Press**

WASHINGTON - President Reagan said Monday that the United States would never trade “Star Wars” or balanced conventional strength in Europe for a new arms control accord with the Soviet Union.

In an address prepared for delivery to a symposium here on the North Atlantic Treaty Organization, Weinberger said the United States and its European allies desired deep reductions in offensive ballistic nuclear missiles.

But regardless of whether such an accord is negotiated, he said, Western alliance must continue improving its conventional strength.

In any event, we can never leave the equation of deterrence unbalanced by taking out some effective deterrers without replacing them with other deterrents," Weinberger said.

The defense secretary appeared before a symposium on NATO, which was sponsored by the Institute for Foreign Policy Analysis. A text of his speech was released in advance at the Pentagon.

Weinberger spoke just a few hours after meeting West German Defense Minister Manfried Woerner, who is in Washington for consultations with American officials. Woerner told reporters after his meeting with Weinberger that the West ern allies could not match Soviet bloc conventional strength if all nuclear weapons were eliminated.

"The more we limit and restrain nuclear possibilities the more important it becomes also to correct that conventional imbalance, preferably by arms control and disarmament," Woerner said.

Weinberger, following the lead of other administration officials, said Monday that President Reagan had focused his talks with Soviet leader Mikhail Gorbachev during the recent Iceland summit on the goal of eliminating intercontinental ballistic missiles.

"It is these weapons, with their lightning speed and un speakable power, that should be at the core of arms reductions," Weinberger said.

"Certainly all nuclear weapons threaten massive destruction, but only ballistic missiles threaten to overwhelm us in the blink of an eye.

The defense secretary lauded Reagan for refusing to bow to Soviet demands to cur tail research on the "Star Wars" anti-missile defense system, describing that Soviet position as "insistence that the free world give up the hope of defending itself."

While America's NATO allies have reminded the United States that nuclear weapons help compensate for smaller conventional armies, "I would prefer to stress the vital importance of improving our conventional forces regardless of whether we achieve deep reductions," Weinberger said.

No tradeoff on Star Wars, Weinberger says to NATO

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Two's company

Spend an evening studying with Catherine Shea and Katie Carlson in the newly renovated LaFortune Student Center. Although studying may not be the most pleasant surroundings, it will make it somewhat less painful.

Balloons used to repair heart valves

Associated Press

DALLAS: Tiny balloons have been used for the first time to repair severely narrowed heart valves in a procedure that costs one-third as much as surgery and could help an estimated 50,000 Americans annually, doctors said Monday.

The procedure, which was first tried only last year and has already spread to at least 15 medical centers in the United States, has proven effective in patients who were too old or too sick to undergo valve-replacement surgery, and who thus had no other hope of surviving, said Dr. William Grossman of Harvard University, one of the developers of the technique.

The new technique is an important extension of the use of balloons to clear deposits of clogged arteries, a procedure first done in 1980. About 50,000 of those procedures are now performed in the United States each year, in place of more expensive and riskier coronary bypass surgery.

Grossman reported at the annual meeting of the American Heart Association that he has used the procedure successfully on 76 patients with heart valve problems during the past 13 months.

All 76 survived the procedure; three died within one week of the treatment, but they did not die as a result of the treatment, Grossman said. "We feel that we were too late with too little in these three patients," he said.

Charles McKay of the Los Angeles County Hospital and the University of Southern California said he has had no deaths in the first 22 patients he has treated, although some required blood transfusions and suffered some damage to their arteries as the balloon was threaded through the arteries into their hearts.

Grossman said that hospitals performing the new procedure, called balloon valvuloplasty, have been "flooded with referrals for this." He warned, however, that the procedure is still experimental. "There have been deaths and there will be more," he said.

In the procedure, a wire is inserted into a vein in the leg and is threaded into the heart, under the guidance of X-ray images of the blood vessels.

A balloon is then threaded along the wire until it is inside the narrowed valve. The balloon is then inflated with fluid to a pressure about twice that of the air in automobile tires, forcing the valve open.

120 arrested during nuclear protest

Associated Press

CAPE CANAVERAL, Fla. - Astronauts will board a space shuttle Tuesday for the first time since the Challenger tragedy, a test that will help launch teams maintain proficiency during a long flightless period.

Five space travelers will settle into the cabin of Atlantis, perched on launch pad 39A at the final two hours of a rehearsal that will end with simulated ignition of the main engines.

On Thursday, a team of seven rookie astronauts will board Atlantis to participate in an emergency crew escape exercise.

The drills will conclude seven weeks of launch pad tests for Atlantis, which will be moved back to a hangar on Saturday.

The exercises mark the last chance that astronauts and launch teams will have to sharpen their skills with a shuttle on the pad until Discovery is rolled out of storage to be readyed for the next shuttle launch, now set for Feb. 18, 1988.

The three remaining shuttles have been grounded since Challenger exploded 73 seconds after liftoff last Jan. 28, killing the crew of seven. A faulty joint between segments of a solid rocket booster rocket that caused the explosion is being redesigned.

The tests provide "a chance for a morale boost right in the center of this ledenon, and there has been a letdown," said Conrad Nagel, NASA director of shuttle flight operations.

The five astronauts who board Atlantis on Tuesday will be the same ones who flew the most successful shuttle mission, Columbia, which ended just 10 days before the Challenger tragedy.

They are commander Charles Gibson, pilot Charles Bolden and mission specialists George Nelson, Steven Hawley and Franklin Chang-Diaz. Two non-astronauts who flew on that flight, Rep. Bill Nelson, D-Fla., and RCA engineer Robert Crippen, will not take part.

The countdown will involve teams at the launch control center here and a mission control at the Johnson Space Center in Houston.

Thursday's crew-escape test will last about three hours as the seven astronauts and dozens of fire and rescue workers run through every aspect of emergency pad operations.

During the exercise, a launch emergency will be declared and some of the astronauts will feign injury. Workers will pull the astronauts from the cabin and take them from the pad to nearby helicopters. Stand-ins for the "injured" crew members will be flown to hospitals in Gainesville and Titusville.

The stand-ins will be flight surgeons from the Johnson center, who will work in the emergency room procedures at the two hospitals.

"The main purpose is to exercise the escape system and the people who participate in it," said NASA test director Kent Boyer, "to make sure the basic system we have is very good, but there are always areas of improvement. We want to make observations and look for work on some improvements."

The astronauts participating in the emergency pad tests will be commanded Frank Culbertson, pilot Stephen Oswald, mission specialists Carl Meade, Kathryn Thornton and David Leestma, and pilot Wally Schirra.

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Pope's Bangladesh visit receives criticism that it 'undermines' Islam

Associated Press

DHAKA, Bangladesh - Fundamentalsist Moslems said Monday, two days before Pope John Paul II arrives, that Chris­ tian missionaries undermine Islam and take advantage of tribal people and untouchables and good works among the poor in this crowded country.

They said that the pope's trip to Bangladesh, which counts only about 200,000 Chris­ tians among its 103 million citizens, will make up 86 percent of the pop­ ulation, appeared either indifferent or approving.

The criticism of Christians was the first in connection with the papal trip to Bangladesh, which is considered moderate and relatively tolerant. Chris­ tians are generally admired for their work among the poor and in hospitals.

No unfavorable comment has been directed against the pope or his visit.

Many of the Moslems, however, said the pope was welcome in Bangladesh. It is a country where converts to Islam and to Christianity still have to fight legal and religious persecution.

The paper said that Moslem leaders had been converted, however, claiming there are 400,000 Christians in Bangladesh, most of them converts.

It said missionaries encour­ age tribal people to abandon their traditions and adopt Western life style.

"This new way of life has caused sexual perversion among tribal youths and many are now suffering from a range of sex related diseases," it said.

Some conservative Moslem leaders echoed the criticism of Christian missionaries. Most recommended a restrained welcome for John Paul.

"It would not be proper for any Moslem country to accord a royal reception to the pope," said Zafarullah Khan, secretary of the Jihad (Holy War) Affairs department of the fundamentalist Khelafat Party. He added that mission­ ary work is directed "mainly at undermining the faith of other religions, particularly Is­ lam.

John Paul is welcome "and we don't want to interfere" with Christians, said Matiur Rahman, secretary of the funda­ mentalist Jamat-I-Islami party.

Speak no evil

Members of the Politburo of the Soviet Union cast their votes at the Supreme Soviet meeting. Soviet leader Mikhail Gorbachev, front, appears to be satisfied with his decision, but his cohort in the top row seems somewhat less sure.

Strikers in South Africa dispersed

Associated Press

POPE ELIZABETH II, South Africa - Police used dogs and rubber whips to disperse strikers outside the General Motors plant Monday, and the company said those who stayed 50 percent of the way.

The automaker gave strikers a deadline of 9 a.m. Tuesday to return to work. The walkout began Oct. 29 in this depressed industrial city on the Indian Ocean, where GM is the largest employer.

Most of the 2,000 strikers returned to work Monday and the company said it will not discuss the issues until the strike ends.

Bob White, the GM managing director, said about one-third of the 2,000 strikers returned to work Monday and the company also would consider rehiring most of the 567 fired for holding a wildcat action.

"I'm convinced we could hold out on that, it's going to be a long day," he told reporters. "The GM says they condone vio­ lence." Union leader Freddie Sauls said there were no talks for "and "there's actually no communication." He said no membership meeting was planned until the company's Tuesday deadline.

Sauls took a grim view of the police action earlier Monday. "I'm convinced we could hold out against GM," he said, "but we can't hold out against the output of 100 cars a day.

"If the union is going to hold out on that, it's going to be a long day," he told reporters. "That GM says they condone vio­ lence.

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A prolonged confrontation that has been blow in Port Elizabeth. It is the nation's most depressed city and Ford has moved its entire produc­ tion to Pretoria.

Most of the strikers are of mix­ ed race or black. Unrest in the black townships, where periods black boycotts of white stores have increased the damage to the economy.

White said 40 to 60 workers who had committed or encour­ aged violence during the strike would not be rehired.

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"I'm convinced we could hold out against GM," he said, "but we can't hold out against the output of 100 cars a day."

A police spokesman said about 1,000 people were outside the plant when officers arrived and ordered them to disperse. He said about 100 people moved away, but about 300 stayed, chanting slogans and interfering with workers trying to enter the plant.

"We then had no alternative but to disperse them, using police dogs and sjamboks (rubber whips)," he said.

distance church efforts from the growing influence of politicians.

The international level governments always have, and no doubt will continue, to strike bargains both in secret and in public," said Waite.

"As a representative of the church, I have nothing to do with any deal which seemed to me to breach the code to which I subscribe," said Waite.

Weir, 61, the first of the three American diplomats freed by Is­ lamic Jihad in Lebanon, was let go Sept. 14, 1985, after 18 months in captivity. Jenco, 50, also held 17 months, was freed last July 26. Jacobsen, 54, held 17 months, was freed Nov. 2.

Two other Americans held with them, Terry Anderson, chief Middle East cor­ respondent of The Associated Press, and Thomas Sanders, a uni­ versity administrator, are still being held.

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General Manager Vince Willis said the damage sustained by the non-alcoholic bar "would not be taken from the entertain­ ment budget.

"We cannot absorb $2,000 worth of damage every week," said Willis. "Stu­ dents have to take some re­ sponsibility.

Willis said Notre Dame Se­ curity would be at Theodore's from now on.

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Tuesday, November 18, 1986 - page 7

**Improvement is sought for checkmark system**

Again I invade the columns of The Observer to apologize to students. For reasons told in the guest column, this time the Registrar has chosen not to checkmark one, perhaps two, of my popular undergraduate courses. The Registrar's guidelines allow for the possibility of no response, the history department assumed that its petition would be respected. The preregistration course booklet—which neither checkmarked the courses nor published the maximum enrollment the history department would accept for each course, nor explained the UPS for the benefit of students trying to figure out what is going on—was history's first and only clue that its petition had been rejected. Damned if we know why! (The Registrar is not known for the alacrity with which his office responds to appeals from the depths of the Outer Darkness. I'm still waiting for an answer to a deferential inquiry I mailed to him, through channels, on May 14, 1984, and the last time I bothered with channels.

Conversations with an assistant professor indicate that some weeks will pass before history has a chance to figure out who will, and who will not, be admitted to oversubscribed courses. For students who might wish to start worrying early, my own priorities are, in descending order: history majors, seniors, juniors, sophomores, and freshmen. Students who preregistered for my courses will probably find out in early January whether preregistration meant anything. I hope that those who find themselves scrambling for substitutes at course registration will appreciate that the history department is not populated by mindless sadists who enjoy pain and suffering or who raise the UPS arrangement is sane.

So far, the Registrar's sole justification for rejecting checkmarks and turning to the UPS is contained in a February memorandum explaining the decision to the Provost's Deans Committee. That justification was repeated to a representative of the Registrar's office and published in the bulletin, the provost told the press that the decision was made to prevent students trying to figure out what is going on—was history's first and only clue that its petition had been rejected. I don't give a toot. The new preregistration system is unfair to students and to the teaching faculty. It is doubly unfair because the Registrar has not seen fit to explain the system either to students or to the teaching faculty. And for that matter, it is triply unfair because certain departments (Theology) seem able to checkmark anything they want to checkmark, while others (history) can't checkmark a damn thing. One expects a new system to exhibit flaws when it is first introduced. The UPS was sprung on us all, as a surprise, last spring. It had flaws. Some of us employed various means to turn the administration's attention to those flaws. Most of those who did so were, unlike me, even polite. Patience is a virtue. But in the interim, the provost told the press that the deans and other administrators are chosen as executors of administration policy, not as original architects of policy.

Thanks to the Provost's public acknowledgment of the reality of the situation that the deans and other administrators who stuff most of the administration's attention to those flaws. They have a right to know not only what courses I offer, but also whether or not they enjoy a fair shot at being admitted to those courses. They have a right to know what standards are used to define those standards. As a teacher, I have a right to know some of this stuff, too.

One presumes that it would not destroy the Registrar to explain his procedures to all of us who must endure them; one supposes that there must be rational justifications for such innovations. If the reasons cannot be explained, there are not reasons. Whimsical decisions are not reasons.

Again, I cannot really apologize to any students except those inconvenienced by my own sense of the pedagogical integrity of my own courses. To those dumped from my spring courses, I apologize. I'm sorry. It's a bum trip. It's unfair. To me, it's immoral enough to confess at my next confession even if I can't figure out what the hell to do about it. Yet my friends of the teaching faculty are a decent lot. I suspect that my apology speaks for a lot of us. If they had the slightest idea why the Registrar implemented his UPS policy, I think I'd not be the only one apologizing for the inconvenience it causes.

One more observation deserves reiteration. The new preregistration system, whatever it is, is in the face of departmental secretaries or the administrators who are stuck with the job of making it work. The new system has already increased their workload; they don't need additional hassles. They don't earn enough pay to explain away the idiosyncracies they are asked to rationalize. It isn't their fault. Students zapped from my courses may complain to me, who can't figure out what's going on, or to the Registrar, who doubtlessly knows why this crazy system makes sense.

Bob Kerby is an associate professor of history who hates titles.

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**Students must respond to Nicaraguan problem**

Dear Editor—

I agree with the points Robert J. Ar- guello made in the Nov. 11 issue. To take his point a step further, however, the past year or so, readers of The Observer have been bombarded with in­ vective concerning South Africa. Anti­ apartheid zealots have nearly tripped over their exclamation points denouncing the irrational thinking and its harried regime. The implication seems to be that those in favor of indirect divestment are: 1) "insensitive," 2) closet racists, or 3) both.

I raise this because approximately ten days ago, Nov. 8, I read that Sergio Ramirez, vice-president of Nicaragua, is coming to Notre Dame. Why not? But why cry outrage from the anti-apartheid crowd? Arguello pointed out several reasons why there should be outrage: here are a few more. First, a defector from the Nicaraguan Inte­ rior Ministry relates that Minister

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**P.O.Box O**

Tomás Borge maintains two offices: one filled with crucifixes, statutes of Christ, Bibles, etc. where he entertains religious visitors, and a second working office decorated with pictures of Marx and Lenin. He enjoys a fair shot at being adm itted to oversubscribed courses. They have a right to know not only what courses I offer, but also whether or not they enjoy a fair shot at being admitted to those courses. They have a right to know what standards are used to define those standards. As a teacher, I have a right to know some of this stuff, too.

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**Students should care for their nightclub**

Dear Editor—

Yeah, Theodore's is fun. Yeah, it is really nice. Yeah, there is finally something to do at Notre Dame. Yeah, everything is great! Right? Wrong! You see, some people don't like the color scheme, so they kick holes in the walls. Some people think it is fun to trash the place. We're really sorry that the place is closed early. We don't want this to happen, and will do everything we can to prevent it. However, we cannot prevent it ourselves. We need your help. When you're at the club, don't let others trash the place. We hope this will never happen again.

Vince Willis
Laurie Bink
Tom Utter
Taro O'Leary
Martine Beaum
Student Manager of Theodore's

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**Quote of the day**

"Two things only a man cannot hide: that he is drunk and that he is in love." —Antiphanes

(388-311 B.C.)
Progressive opinion is to deviate from norms

Dear Editor:

A recent column by Gertie Wimmer had the professed purpose of submitting to not pertinent judgments concerning the admission of women into ecclesiastical orders and offices. These considerations were intended to help us formulate a more enlightened opinion and to permit us to favor this admission as she herself does. But, in fact, the column did nothing of the sort. Whatever the reason, the possibility of impossibility, merits or defects of the admission as a whole were not pertinent to this column. The method by which Wimmer gave us was not the fairest in their discovery. Rather, she did something much easier, contenting herself with recording the choleric complaints of some malcontent, Chicago-based nun, in hopes of deferring to this, no doubt, accredited opinion. The fact that we are looking soberly at cold, incisive arguments, not to mention their ancestors. It seems to be expected that many take refuge with "all change is progress," "how far do we feel a grave injustice has occurred. The Convention ensures each citizen" with the people behind that demand (to keep as their own beliefs. We want responsibilities. We had the professed purpose of submitting to not pertinent judgments concerning the admission of women into ecclesiastical orders and offices. These considerations were intended to help us formulate a more enlightened opinion and to permit us to favor this admission as she herself does. But, in fact, the column did nothing of the sort. Whatever the reason, the possibility of impossibility, merits or defects of the admission as a whole were not pertinent to this column. The method by which Wimmer gave us was not the fairest in their discovery. Rather, she did something much easier, contenting herself with recording the choleric complaints of some malcontent, Chicago-based nun, in hopes of deferring to this, no doubt, accredited opinion. The fact that we are looking soberly at cold, incisive arguments, not to mention their ancestors. It seems to be expected that many take refuge

Students should notice injustices in world

Injustice. What comes to mind when that word is mentioned? Perhaps a party being broken up by the police? A deficient social life? A roommate's alarm clock pulling you from REM sleep at 3 a.m. when you don't have a class until noon? Being able to get basketball tickets? Consider the feelings and thoughts that flash through your mind when the above situations occur. Do you realize that people outside the NDkSMC community suffer injustices everyday? This invoke the same angry feelings multiplied exponentially.

Viewpoint

Progressive opinion is to deviate from norms

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Write us!

P.O. Box Q
Notre Dame, IN

The Observer is the independent newspaper published by the students of the University of Notre Dame. It does not necessarily reflect the policies of the administration of either institution. The news is reported as accurately and objectively as possible. Unsolicited editorials represent the opinion of the majority of the Editorial Board. Commentaries, letters and the Inside Column present the views of their authors. Column space is available to all members of the community and the free expression of varying opinions on campus, through letters, is encouraged.

The Observer

P.O. Box Q
Notre Dame, IN

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Artistic tradition is being missed at Theodore's

Dear Editor:

How could it happen? I am sitting here in my room with my roommates on a Monday evening, drinking a few beers and discussing whatever comes to mind-first this week is the occasion of a Catholic Mass and next week is the occasion of the Beatitudes, and on of course our conversation next turns to life under the dome. "So what, what do you think about Theodore's? Not a bad place, huh?" "Yes, it is a great non-alcoholic alternative."

Suddenly we realize the tragedy and terrible irony of the renovation of the Chataqua Ballroom into Theodore's. A new carpet, new stage, great music, and newly painted walls. Isn't that blue a great color? But look closer. The walls are beige. Suddenly you realize the bland beige color has forever removed the faces of the Beatles, Jimi Hendrix, Jim Morrison, and Janis Joplin. Why have the paintings of Chataqua been destroyed in place of plain walls of mediocre color? Theodore's is a great idea, but why must its creation be at the expense of another's artistic creation? No attempt was made to preserve or record the quality portraits of Janis Joplin, Jimi Hendrix, Jim Morrison, or the Beatles. Why? These figures played crucial roles in the development of the music that we now hear coming from Theodore's every weekend.

We find it tragic that artistic concerns have so little value on this campus.

Jack Blakey
John P. Bauer
Morrissey Hall

Ph.D. in English Major and the coordinator of the Communications Group in Justice Education at Saint Mary's College.

Meg McGinity...
Who will win the cola crown?

JOE BUCOLO features writer

When about to buy a soft drink, very few of us experience Michael J. Fox and his "xeroxed" Pepsi or a bunch of people holding candles singing. "I'd Like to Buy the World a Coke." However, we all know that the feud between Coke and Pepsi is more serious than that of the fight between the Ewings and Barnes of "Dallas."
The soft drink companies, especially Coke and Pepsi, are constantly locked into a deadly battle for supremacy and we, the public, are the victims. Cola is no longer a drink; it's a way of life.

Over a hundred years ago, in his backyard in Atlanta, a surgeon and analytical chemist named John Pemberton created the first Coke. Back then, Coca Cola was just a bubbly, fizzy, yummy treat, something new and exciting. Pemberton had no idea that his "fuke" would become an American way of life.

Then the fighting began. Pepsi, another cola company, wasn't going to let Coca Cola reign over the cola market. The "fizz" between the companies raged throughout the country.

To stay in competition, the companies began to produce more products. Royal Crown Cola (RCC), a much smaller company, developed the first caffeine-free and diet colas. The two giants immediately followed. Coke released Tab and Pepsi started Pepsi Free. Despite all attempts, Pepsi still couldn't beat "The Real Thing." Even 7Up, a totally new drink with neither caffeine nor sugar, could not defeat Coke.

Pepsi then decided it needed a new ad campaign. It was then that the company started its famed "Pepsi Challenge" tests. Surprisingly, more people did choose Pepsi when they took the test, however. Coke was still selling better. How could this be? The answer was shocking, yet simple. Pepsi oversold Coke in the stores, but more restaurants and public places chose Coke for their soda fountains. People were buying Pepsi, but restaurateurs weren't.

Pepsi knew it had to beat Coke at its own game. Then, in 1974, Pepsi got a great idea. Under President Nixon, Pepsi arranged a deal with the Soviet Union. It was a very simple trade. Pepsi would supply Russia with the syrup and machines to produce Pepsi in return for the rights to sell Russian vodka and wine here in America. The deal was approved and proved to be greatly beneficial to both sides involved. Coke, realizing the threat of Pepsi, immediately arranged to have Coke sold at the 1980 Mos­cow Olympics. Again, Coke was ahead.

In 1977, Coca Cola decided to expand. They thought that, since their soft drinks were doing so well, they had mastered the art of selling, beverages. It was at that time that they purchased the Taylor Wine Company. Sales immediately dropped, but when one purchase under its belt, the Coke company turned to the entertainment world. In 1982, Coke bought Columbia pictures, the last major independent film producer, for $659 million. That, too, was a great success, especially since the purchase included Tri-Star pictures. Columbia is responsible for such favorites as "Ghostbusters" and "Days of Our Lives." While Columbia continued to flourish under Coke, Taylor wines did not.

Coke sold the wine company in 1983 after realizing that cola and wine mix about as well as oil and water. All this time 7Up had been in third place in the soft drink war. The company's officials finally had a solution. Following the old phrase "If you can't beat them, join them," 7Up introduced its own caffeine-free cola in 1984 called Like. For a while the cola did well, but sales quickly tapered off.

The introduction of Like cola only made the war more fierce. Coke introduced three new drinks: Diet Coke, Caffeine-free Coke, and Diet Caffeine-free Coke. Spurte, Coke's 7Up competitor, was also improved. Then Pepsi introduced sugar and caffeine-free Pepsi Free. The result of all these new products was immediately seen. Diet Coke knocked 7Up from its traditional third place. Even Sprute began to gain on 7Up. Pepsi's sales improved, but not enough to knock Coke from its number one spot. In late 1986, Coke decided to expand again. They bought Embassy Communications and Tan­dem Productions in August for $485 million. These companies produce shows like "Silver Spoons" and "Who's The Boss?"

This expansion increased Coke's empire incredibly. Meanwhile, Pepsi realized that Coke was generally popular among the Baby Boomers. That's why the Boomers were getting older, there was a whole generation of younger people to attract. Pepsi immediately started its "The Choice of a New Generation" ads. The ads featured Lionel Richie, Michael J. Fox, Don Johnson, and Michael Jackson. The incident in which Jackson's hair caught fire alone increased Pepsi's publicity. Coke, on the other hand, began its "Catch the Wave" campaign with famed Max Headroom. These commercials are extremely popular, too.

Pepsi's increasing sales forced Coke to re-evaluate its 100 year old product. Pepsi was sweeter than Coke. To change that, Coke introduced a new sweeter formula. In a matter of days, America became incredibly angry. Clubs and organizations developed to bring back the old Coke. Coca Cola had made a mistake... or had it? This incident attracted more publicity than ever. Probably one of the greatest publicity stunts in history. This ad campaign forced Coke to bring back their old formula under the new name Coca Cola Classic.

This fiasco helped Pepsi, too. Pepsi's new commercials asked the immortal question, "Is Coke still "The Real Thing"?" The ads had all of America thinking. When the dust had finally settled, Coke made more moves. It bought up Merv Griffin Enter­prises, the producer of "Wheel of Fortune." Then Cherry Coke was released under the ad "Outrageous," the same word that Richie (Pepsi's advertiser) had used to describe an award show he hosted.

What had all this done for Coke? In May of 1985, Coke had 29 percent of the market while Pepsi had 23 percent. After the "war" of 1986, Coke had 30 per­cent to Pepsi's 29 percent. Coke's stock jumped 70 percent, too.

Then came the clothes. Coca Cola introduced a full line of clothing from sweaters to watches. The clothes began to sell very well after a rocky start. Recently, Coke also released Diet Cherry Coke, a welcome addition to the Coke dynasty. Not to be outdone, Pepsi recently released its line of clothes for the new generation.

Where does Notre Dame fit in? Freshman Jodi Hurst says she likes Pepsi better "because it doesn't seem as syrupy. It's lighter."

Romano DiBenedetto agrees: "I like Pepsi, because it quenches my thirst more."

Kathy Polacheck prefers Coke because she likes the different flavors especially Cherry.

Soft drinks have come a long way. Once simply drinks, they have instituted a way of life. Pepsi and Coke will probably battle for many years to come. The winner won't necessarily have a "more winner", but will have a better name. What's next in the war? More flavors? New clothes? Ap­plications? Television shows? Food? Only time will tell...
As education becomes more important, so does self-employment. Our school has a program that has allowed the volunteers the opportunity to work with the Appalachian people, to help them in their daily lives. This program has been successful in doing so. For those who find volunteer work appealing to everyone, but for some, it may be recomended. Most notable among these is the self-directed, computer-assisted career guidance program called DISCOVER.

This computer software poses questions about values, interests, skills, and abilities. The software then matches the student response pattern with possible occupations. The DISCOVER program is available at the Career and Placement Center.

The library at the Career and Placement Center is also an excellent source of information. In the past three years, the number of books in the library has tripled through corporate donations. The library not only includes books and video tapes on the nature of occupations but also on how to write resumes and how to interview.

Internships are an option available to students making career choices. These are summer proffessional jobs related to career goals. Although internships are scarce, even to be interviewed for one is a good experience. In raw numbers, most internships are in the engineering and accounting fields. But in the spring, the Career and Placement Center trains students how to make their own internships in such places as non-profit organizations, government agencies, and politicians offices.

There are many presentations and workshops ranging from choosing a career to job research skills and techniques held by the Career and Placement Center.

Forgotten America: Three groups lend a hand

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Sports Briefs

The O.C. Hoolers forced a final game in the Interball soccer playoffs by beating Planner, 2-1, yesterday. The championship game will be held today at 4 p.m. at Steph North. The Observer.

The ND-8MCI ski team still has one opening left in the Christmas ski trip to Jackson Hole, Wyoming. Anyone interested should call Joe (1169) or Jeff (360). The Observer.

The ND fencing team is looking for a freshman interested in electronics and willing to repair fencing equipment. Contact Prof. DeCicco at Room 309 of the Administration Building. The Observer.

The Annual SMC Turkey Trot will be held Thursday, Nov. 30 at 3:30 p.m. There will be individual runs of one and one-half, three and five miles and new ND-SMC cutoffs for runs of three and five miles. Deadline is noon tomorrow, and entry fees are payable at the Rec Center. There is a $1 entry fee. Call 284-5549 for more information. The Observer.

The NVA Turkey Shoot still has openings for tomorrow and Wednesday night. Call NVA at 239-6160 for more information. The Observer.

The Chicago Bears, defending Super Bowl champions, have received permission from the National Football League to sell tickets to two postseason games at Soldier Field in the event they should qualify for the home-field advantage. Associated Press.

Sports Briefs are accepted Sunday through Friday in The Observer offices on the third floor of LaFayette Student Center before 3 p.m. on the day prior to publication. The Observer.
Washington downs San Francisco
the Redskins the only points
through the first quarter gave
the third quarter when Wash­
touchdown of the night cam e in

By STEVE MEGARGEE
Sports Writer

Notre Dame's hockey team
answered a call for more of
these kinds of nights last week
and a 4-2 win over St. John's (Minn.)
in the first round of the Pointer Classic
last week. By that score, it
announced a new-look Irish team
that has been tested in the
recent games. The team has
failed to score in the fourth
quarter and has been outscored
by a few goals. The program
has experienced some changes,
including a new goalie, in an
effort to improve the team's
defense.

The Irish have also dealt with
injuries. Mike Tomczak, in
only his second season as the
quarterback, has been hampered by a
back injury. However, he has thrown
the ball well and has made some
good decisions. The team is
expected to continue to improve
as the season progresses.

The Irish will face DePaul this
weekend in a test of their
defense. The team is looking to
build on its recent success.

Washington downs San Francisco
despite Montana's 441 yds. passing

Associated Press

WASHINGTON - George
Rogers rushed for 104 yards and a
touchdown as the Washing­
ton Redskins overcame a
441-yard passing effort by San
Francisco quarterback Joe
Montana to record a 14-6 vic­
tory over the 49ers last night.

The triumph enabled the
Redskins to improve their
record to 9-2 and stay in a first­
place tie in the NFC West.

San Francisco, 6-4-1, missed
a chance to take over the top
spot in the NFC West from the
Los Angeles Rams.

Rogers' touchdowns midway
through the first quarter gave
the Redskins the only points
they needed. The only other
touchdown of the night came in
the third quarter when Wash­
ington quarterback Jay
Schroeder hooked up with Gary
Clark for a 27-yard score to
make it 14-3.

Montana, in only his second
game since returning from an
eight-week layoff following a
5-2 loss to Seattle last week,
is a controversial issue in the
game. The quarterback has
deserved criticism for his
play, but he has also shown
promise in recent games.

Montana's yardage and num­
ber of attempts were 49ers'
theirs, 26, and 33, 18. The
Redskins defense had to cope
with Montana's passing ability.

The Redskins defense held
Montana to a career high of 13
of those throws for 204 yards.

Although the 49ers had little
trouble moving the ball, they
repeatedly hurt themselves.
San Francisco was called for 11
penalties for 118 yards and
committed four turnovers in
the game that lasted nearly
four hours.

Also, Montana missed a
wide-open Jerry Rice in the end
tone in the third quarter and
running back Joe Cribbs
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Penn State regains 2nd ranking

Associated Press

College football is two games away from the 21st confrontation between the No. 1 and No. 2 teams since the Associated Press poll began in 1936.

Miami defeated Tulsa, 23-10, Saturday night and received 56 of 60 first-place votes—the Hurricanes were second on the other four ballots and 1,030 of a possible 1,050 points. Miami is No. 1 for the eighth week in a row.

Meanwhile, Penn State turned back Notre Dame, 24-19, is No. 1 for the eighth week in a row. The Wolverines were followed by Ohio State, Saturday's opponent in the Big Ten showdown.

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The Observer

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Volleyball club set for Thanksgiving tournament

Digger Phelps’ squad isn’t the only Notre Dame team playing in a tournament during the Thanksgiving break. The Men’s Volleyball Club will travel to Windsor, Ontario, for a tournament at the University of Guelph November 28-30.

American teams competing in this pre-season competition include Ball State, Ohio State, San Diego State, and Arkansas. The tourney should prepare the Irish for their tough regular season schedule.

“This tourney is a good experience for us because we’re the only club team in it. It’s all varsity competition,” said Club Vice-President Mike O’Grady. “Our schedule is a mix between varsity teams and club teams.

As a member of the MIVA (Midwest Intercollegiate Volleyball Association), Notre Dame plays a home and home series each year with fellow club teams Michigan, Miami (Ohio), Wisconsin, Bowling Green, Toledo, and Calvin College. Most of the remaining opponents are varsity teams.

“Not only do we cost the team in terms of money, but they also cost the College, in terms of personnel," Nester said. "The traveling became a justification for Saint Mary’s, which funded such trips, in other schools.”

Another reason for the change in the status of Saint Mary’s fencing is the dwindling number of feeder schools, according to Nester.

“Another factor is the skyrocketing expenses, and the cost of the fencing program started skyrocketing.”

Another reason for the change in the status of Saint Mary’s fencing is the dwindling number of feeder schools, according to Nester. "The majority of the fencing programs that feed us no longer exist," she said. "We don’t draw as many fencers as other schools."

The decision to change fencing’s status at Saint Mary’s, then, is an effective one.

"The sport’s new status will afford fencers the opportunity to compete against opponents whose skill is at a level comparable to their own, as well as allows the College to stay within its budget."

"We’re still offering a fencing program but not at the same level," Nester said. "It will be a competitive club like all the other intercollegiate clubs. This will solve competition problems and at the same time offer students the opportunity to fence.

"The Saint Mary’s Fencing Club will join a new fencing program at Notre Dame, and the Club’s members will have the opportunity to take lessons and to fence competitively."

"We will be supporting the team as far as expenses for travel,” Nester said. “Team members will still be traveling and fencing a competitive schedule with other colleges.”

An array of challenging opponents, free lessons and travel—what more could Saint Mary’s fencers ask for after losing their varsity status?
Today

Bloom County

Beer Nuts

Wish your friends a Happy Birthday through Observer advertising
Call 239-5303 for details.

SAB presents:

CHICAGO TRIP
Saturday, Nov. 22
leave main circle 11am
leave Chicago 1 am
$7 sign-ups in SAB office

EAT: Giordano's, Hamburger Hamlet

Watch LSU with fellow domers in
privately rented club

Play: Rush, Watertowers,
Dance: Clubland, NEO's, etc.

Interested in theatre tix?
call Jenny Fisher or Laurie Shea at 239-7757

Berke Breathed

Far Side

Gary Larson

Campus

12:00 p.m.: Kellogg Institute Brown Bag Seminar, "Politics, Caucuses, Parties, and Political Campaigns: Impressions From a Recent Visit to Brazil," Scott Mainwaring, Kellogg Fellow, 131 Decio


12:15 - 1:00 p.m.: College of Business Administration O'Neill Faculty Seminar. Theme: The Ethics of Conflict Resolution, Prof. Anthony Sinicropi, University of Iowa, Board Room of Hayes-Healy Auditorium

3:30 p.m.: GTE Emerging Scholar Lecture in Chemical Engineering, "Process Flowsheeting Using Advanced Computer Architectures," Prof. Mark Stadtherr, University of Illinois, Urbana, 356 Fitzpatrick Hall

4:00 - 5:15 p.m.: College of Business Administration O'Neill Lecture, "The Ethics of Conflict Resolution," Prof. Anthony Sinicropi, Hayes-Healy Auditorium, faculty, students, staff and general public invited

7:30 p.m.: Kellogg Institute and the department of anthropology and communication and theatre Latin American Film Series, "Missing," 880, color, 122 minutes, USA, Annexberg Auditorium

Dinner Menus

Notre Dame

Southern Fried Chicken
Stuffed Cabbage Roll
Potato, Spaghetti,

Saint Mary's

Breaded Baked Fish
BEEF & VEGETABLE STIR FRY

Saturday, Nov. 22

Sunday, Nov. 23

Wishing you a very Happy Birthday.

SAB presents:

Willie Wonka and the Chocolate Factory

Wednesday and Thursday (the 19th
(19th and 20th)
7, 9, 11 pm

Engineering Auditorium
$1 admission

Absolutely no food or beverage
allowed.

The Daily Crossword

8:00 p.m.: Music dept. concert, Notre Dame Chorale Fall Concert, Sacred Heart Church

8:00 p.m.: Presentation/reception for MBA's with a concentration in finance, interested in career opportunities with Irving Trust Company, Alumni Room, Morris Inn

4:00 - 5:15 p.m.: College of Business Administration O'Neill Faculty Seminar. Theme: The Ethics of Conflict Resolution, Prof. Anthony Sinicropi, University of Iowa, Board Room of Hayes-Healy Auditorium

8:00 p.m.: Information meeting for those interested in a 44 week summer work project in Mexico sponsored by CILA, Center for Social Concerns

Dance:

Sarah Richardson, Little Theatre of Art


12:15 - 1:00 p.m.: College of Business Administration O'Neill Faculty Seminar. Theme: The Ethics of Conflict Resolution, Prof. Anthony Sinicropi, University of Iowa, Board Room of Hayes-Healy Auditorium

3:30 p.m.: GTE Emerging Scholar Lecture in Chemical Engineering, "Process Flowsheeting Using Advanced Computer Architectures," Prof. Mark Stadtherr, University of Illinois, Urbana, 356 Fitzpatrick Hall

4:00 - 5:15 p.m.: College of Business Administration O'Neill Lecture, "The Ethics of Conflict Resolution," Prof. Anthony Sinicropi, Hayes-Healy Auditorium, faculty, students, staff and general public invited

7:30 p.m.: Kellogg Institute and the department of anthropology and communication and theatre Latin American Film Series, "Missing," 880, color, 122 minutes, USA, Annexberg Auditorium

Wishing you a very Happy Birthday.

SAB presents:

Willie Wonka and the Chocolate Factory

Wednesday and Thursday (the 19th
(19th and 20th)
7, 9, 11 pm

Engineering Auditorium
$1 admission

Absolutely no food or beverage
allowed.

The Daily Crossword

8:00 p.m.: Music dept. concert, Notre Dame Chorale Fall Concert, Sacred Heart Church

8:00 p.m.: Presentation/reception for MBA's with a concentration in finance, interested in career opportunities with Irving Trust Company, Alumni Room, Morris Inn

4:00 - 5:15 p.m.: College of Business Administration O'Neill Faculty Seminar. Theme: The Ethics of Conflict Resolution, Prof. Anthony Sinicropi, University of Iowa, Board Room of Hayes-Healy Auditorium

8:00 p.m.: Information meeting for those interested in a 44 week summer work project in Mexico sponsored by CILA, Center for Social Concerns

Dance:

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**Irish women finish 20th at districts**

**BY MOLLY MAHONEY**  
Sports Writer

The Notre Dame women's cross country team has returned from battle, cold and tired and with a few new scars, but wealthier today having gained invaluable experience. Saturday, on an icy golf course in Normal Illinois, the Irish went head to head with the best runners in the Midwest, taking on 22 teams, including three-time National Champion Wisconsin, who is currently the top-ranked team in the nation.

Goliath and David show down did not end with a miraculous victory but the Irish fought valiantly, finishing 20th overall in the NCAA District IV meet. A sea of 164 runners rolled out across the fairway behind freshman Sue Baier of Wisconsin, who finished first, while in the middle of the pack the Irish runners fought off the pushing and shoving of the competition as they received their first dose of running in a meet of that size.

Junior Julia Merkel lead the Irish assault, finishing 51st with a time of 18:19, while sophomore Theresa Rice was the second Irish runner across the line, placing 89th with a time of 19:06. Junior Kathleen Lehman, sophomore Kristine Dragani and Teresa Kibelstis, and freshmen Linda Filar and Wendy Murray also turned in strong performances.

Head Coach Dan Ryan attributed the results to "perseverance. "The meet was a good learning experience," he said. "We have a young team, so now we know what it is like to compete with the better teams." Ryan did not feel the team's performance was indicative of the quality of the runners, but sees no reason why Notre Dame cannot give DePaul a challenge for the North Star Conference title. This season the Irish were runners-up to the Blue Demons.

**O.C. Hoobers win 2 to take IH crown**

**By CHRIS PAULISON**  
Sports Writer

For the second consecutive year, an off-campus team has brought home the Interhall soccer championship. The Off-Campus Hoobers edged Fanner F.C. in a hard fought defensive battle, 1-0, yesterday at Stepan Field to gain all its key to success.

In winning this double-elimination tournament, the Hoobers were called upon to defeat this fiery Fanner squad twice in as many days.

Flanmer had scoured through the early rounds of the playoffs, reaching the finals without a loss. The most noteworthy of Fanner's three tournament victories came in the third round, when they defeated the same Hoober squad, 2-1, in an overtime shootout. This loss turned out to be the Hoobers' only defeat, and after a victory over Grace on Friday, they advanced to the finals with a chance to avenge their loss to Fanner.

With their backs to the wall, the Hoobers recorded a 2-0 shutout victory over Fanner Sunday preceding yesterday's thrilling.

After gaining their revenge Sunday, the momentum had shifted the Hoober's way going into the final game. The Hoobers utilized this swing when left-midfielder Mike Riegler found the lower right corner of the goal to put the team up, 1-0, less than three minutes after the opening whistle. Before the majority of the sparse crowd had even arrived at Stepan, the Hoobers jumped to the lead that goal. "Pray hard, Hoover" would be the game's duration.

"Moments definitely played a major role in this final game two game series," commented Fanner captain Mike Gor­don. "After dropping Sunday's game, the whole team felt a bit set back."

The Hoober team, a veteran club comprised of six former Notre Dame soccer players, attributes player pers­sonal to its key to success.

"Our great depth of talent makes for easy substitution, so we are able to have fresh players on the field at all times," said Hoover captain Tom Bowers.

**SMC fencing status reflects perspective**

"We're not cutting fencing," stressed Saint Mary's Ath­letic Director Jo Ann Nester, who announced the College's decision to change its fencing program from varsity to club status.

Responding to the claim that the decision is an attempt to eliminate the sport from Saint Mary's, Nester asserted that nothing could be further from the truth.

"To say we're dropping fencing is just not true," she said. "We don't want to see fencing out of here - we're simply putting the program in perspective.

Effective immediately, the change places the Saint Mary's fencing program in a position which better suits the College and its fencers.

Since its start in 1977, the team has relied primarily on Notre Dame for its survival, as the College lacks adequate fencing facilities. While Saint Mary's fencers practice with Notre Dame, the University's fencing facilities and travel with the Irish, they have not fenced competitively.

**Andrea LaFreniere**  
Saint Mary's Sports Editor

with Notre Dame, a member of the NCAA.

"We have always fenced independently," Nester remarked. "We fence as Saint Mary's College. We travel with Notre Dame, but we do not fence with them."

Saint Mary's, a member of the NAIA which does not sponsor fencing, has always been grateful for the opportu­nity to travel with Notre Dame and fence NCAA com­petition. After several discouraging trips, however, the College realized the traveling plan had its shortcomings.

Many of the schools Notre Dame faced either did not sponsor women's fencing teams or chose not to send them to meets. Prior to competitions it was often impossible to find out which of the NCAA teams on the Notre Dame women's schedule would have women's teams attending the meets. The Belles would not discover the number of wo­men's teams they would fence until they arrived at the competition.

Often the team was disappointed when it got there.

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