Warriors to dissolve in April

By KATE MANUEL
News Writer

While University officials agreed to the temporary use of the Foster Room in LaFortune as a multi-cultural center and authorized the student body to charge for events at Theodore’s, students expressed concern that a committee discussion of Theodore’s use might delay its becoming a multi-cultural center.

There was also a question concerning money budgeted to ethnic support clubs at Tuesday’s paper meeting to discuss SUFR’s demand for meeting space.

The Foster Room on the third floor of LaFortune will be available to campus ethnic clubs for the remainder of the semester, starting Monday, February 18, as a meeting and lounge area for ethnic groups.

“One of the reasons is it is at least as big, if not bigger, than the room the CCC owns now... I do not have in mind that it will be used for this use next year and we will look into other locations in LaFortune for next year,” said O’Hara.

Not all students agreed that the Foster Room should serve as the temporary multi-cultural center, however. Keith McCoy said, “I am not satisfied with your proposal of the Foster Room as a lounge. If we wanted just a lounge, we could lounge downstairs in the television room.”

Theodore’s, with its dance floor and two off-set “wings”, stands as an area that is suggested also by students as the location for a multi-cultural center next fall.

O’Hara and Joe Cassidy, director of Student Activities, agreed that the use of Theodore’s as a multi-cultural center for next year could be among the possibilities discussed by the committee now being formed to discuss the future use of Theodore’s.

Calvin Allen said, “Theodore’s is big enough to accommodate a multi-cultural center. I would advise you look into that for next semester... what I’m saying is the space is needed. The multi-cultural center, when it is approved, will be several years down the road. Theodore’s is the only space of suitable size.”

“Our feeling is that Theodore’s is a good space for us. It has the two wings. We don’t have the access to Theodore’s we would like to have... We’re not trying to take anything away. We’re just saying is add something basically there is nothing there.” said Pedro Villegas.

O’Hara was reluctant to commit Theodore’s to such a use next year, but said that space, although not the Foster Room, would be found in LaFortune for next year.

Cassidy said, “I endorse the idea of a multi-cultural center. I am not sure it should go into Theodore’s.”

Other students questioned the present restrictions on the use of Theodore’s. Manuel Espino suggested that students should be able to use Theodore’s with their own Djs and food provision.

Calvin Allen said that restrictions about charging admission to Theodore’s kept ethnic organizations from using Theodore’s currently because most of their big fundraisers charged admission.

Students, seeking increased funding for the clubs, suggested raising the student activity fee for next year so that more money could be budgeted to ethnic clubs.

Espino said, “If tuition is being raised at a rate of 10 percent per year, what is the problem with raising the student activity fee $10. Another $10 for the student activity fee isn’t going to hurt us... The more money we get, the more we can generate. I think an ethnic support group should get at least $1000 because

see SUFR / page 6

Allied troops prepare for decisive ground conflict

(AIP—Up on Saudi Arabia's northern desert frontier, meanwhile, U.S. and allied troops continued preparing for a decisive ground conflict. Marine and Army units already stationed near the front have been breaking camp and moving farther back, some almost to the Kuwait border.

Training goes on daily. In one exercise, a Marine unit fired a 100-yard-long coil of explosives that would explode ahead of advancing troops to detonate minefields and destroy other barriers.

Sporadic contact with the Iraqis also continued. One U.S. patrol spotted about 20 Iraqi soldiers crossing the Saudi border and called in an artillery fire that scattered the intruders back to the north, the U.S. command said.

The Iraqis also were reportedpressing their preparations for ground war. In Kuwait City, troops have taken over homes with basements and mounted artillery on the rooftops of the apartment houses, Kuwait’s U.N. ambassador, Mohammad A. Abulhasan, told a news conference in New York.

In other developments:

• Kuwait’s government-in-exile rejected a demand by pro-democracy Kuwaitis for speedy elections in a Kuwait freed from Iraqi control.

Hall President's Council announces future plans

By CARRIE DWYER
News Writer

Members of Hall President’s Council met yesterday to report on various upcoming events being planned for the University.

The Hall President’s Council also discussed additional related news issues.

Among the items discussed:
• Christmas in April sign-up sheets were collected.
• Following the collection, the dorm representatives were asked to discuss participation within the dorms.
• Football Award and Rector of the Year proposals are to be submitted by March 19.

In response to student interest, HPC announced that they are considering sponsoring the organization of another Hogstock to take place. The HOPstock is being considered to take place after the Fisherman’s Ball, and HPC is sponsoring the event would be former Holy Cross Hall residents.

• The student body president from the Catholic University in Chile will be here to speak on February 16.

The speech will begin at 6 p.m. in the Notre Dame Room at LaFortune. The event is sponsored by Student Senate.

The INDEPENDENT NEWSPAPER SERVING NOTRE DAME AND SAINT MARY'S

VOL. XXIII NO. 92 WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 13, 1991

Ethnic groups gain temporary access to club room

Standing at attention, a young, camouflage clad Saudi boy awaits inspection by his prince Monday at a ceremony in Al-Hassa, Saudi Arabia. Nearly 500 citizen volunteers of all shapes and ages were completing a paramilitary training program, preparing them for civil defense service during war.

Dissolution would be completed in June and a abolition of the pact’s military structure by September. For months, they were invaded by Warsaw Pact forces to crush reform movements in 1956 and 1968, respectively. For months, they were invaded by Warsaw Pact forces to crush reform movements in 1956 and 1968, respectively. For months, they were invaded by Warsaw Pact forces to crush reform movements in 1956 and 1968, respectively. For months, they were invaded by Warsaw Pact forces to crush reform movements in 1956 and 1968, respectively. For months, they were invaded by Warsaw Pact forces to crush reform movements in 1956 and 1968, respectively.

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Price hikes cause mail stamp-ede

As part of their effort to confuse and bewilder the American public, the Postal System has raised the value of a first-class stamp.

I certainly don’t blame them. As it is, mailing a letter is just about the best deal around. For 29-cents, words of kindness, prayer, or regret can be sent anywhere.

Whether it’s a “Dear John” or a “Congratulations, Monica Yant, You Are The Latest $10 Million Dollar Winner,” or a letter promising “Bad Luck For the Rest of Your Natural Life If The Chain Is Broken,” you can be sure your message will be received for a bargain-basement price.

I was raising the price of the stamp again when I was thrown off-guard. Just when we thought we had enough 25-cent additions at the Post Office. And all hell breaks lose.

First of all, they should have known better than to do it before Valentine’s Day. With the rush of sentimental mush to be sent, they threw this 4-cent addition at us. And all hell breaks lose.

Secondly, they should have stocked up on the new stamps and the 4-cent equivalents. I understand that at some point last week, South Bend had actually sold out of stamps.

The machines in LaFortune have been back-ordered as well. For those who were quick to load up on 4-cent stamps, the sad reality is an extreme shortage of 25-centers to match them. Originally made a deal yesterday with a fellow stamp-buyer. I sold her my 1.88 worth of 4-cent stamps just to get them off my back.

I suppose there’s no logical solution, since as soon as we adjust to the new rate, they’ll raise it again by some equally odd rate like 2.12-cents. But the whole fiasco reminds me of the time in high school back in college. Don’t ask me if it works, or if it’s legal. (And don’t hold me accountable if it isn’t.)

A friend wanted to send a letter, but didn’t have a stamp. She was desperate, so she simply addressed the letter to herself, and put it in a local mailbox. Lo and behold, the machines in Lafortune have been back-ordered as well. For those who were quick to load up on 4-cent stamps, the sad reality is an extreme shortage of 25-centers to match them. Originally made a deal yesterday with a fellow stamp-buyer. I sold her my 1.88 worth of 4-cent stamps just to get them off my back. I suppose there’s no logical solution, since as soon as we adjust to the new rate, they’ll raise it again by some equally odd rate like 2.12-cents. But the whole fiasco reminds me of the time in high school back in college. Don’t ask me if it works, or if it’s legal. (And don’t hold me accountable if it isn’t.)

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Instead of mailing the letter from home, she devised a method to mail letters for free. She simply addressed the letter to herself, and put it in a local mailbox. Lo and behold, the machines in Lafortune have been back-ordered as well. For those who were quick to load up on 4-cent stamps, the sad reality is an extreme shortage of 25-centers to match them. Originally made a deal yesterday with a fellow stamp-buyer. I sold her my 1.88 worth of 4-cent stamps just to get them off my back.

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Wilson says Irish strife springs from politics, not religion

By DAVID ZIRINGER

From politics, not religion, does Irish strife spring, said Father Desmond Wilson last night. An advocate for the unemployed 85 percent of North Ireland, Wilson directs a parish and a community education center in West Belfast.

Wilson rejected the traditional view that current hostilities in Ireland derive from Catholic versus Protestant sentiments. Conflict, he said, arises “not from bigotry, but a very carefully honed strategy” of the English government to divide Irish factions.

Citing a “regular pattern of persecution” over the past 120 years, Wilson said that the English-manipulated North Ireland government attacks its opponents about once every twelve years.

Then, about every ten years, public rebellion strikes at the regime, for “people can not tolerate a lack of power forever. They make power through revolution,” said Wilson.

The government, he explained, applies economic and political weapons against its detractors. Economically, it impoverishes its opponents, the majority of whom are Catholic, by driving industry from their communities.

When these families then migrate to other industrialized regions, continued Wilson, the government closes these factories, stranding the unemployed in ghettos.

He said voting constraints further emasculate political dissidents. Only property owners may vote, and the government insures that its supporters are the property owners.

According to Wilson, the North Irish have attempted means of protest against the government other than violence. Civil rights activism, as well as public-education drives, were intended to “persuade the people against a one-party government.” Only a tighter stranglehold resulted.

This 1972 crackdown inspired Father Wilson to seek resolution beyond government aid. Through a variety of projects, including his current community center, Wilson encouraged the people to educate, shelter, and employ themselves by establishing new industry.

Despite the people’s initiatives, however, the government, at gunshot, told the people they had three weeks to find new businesses,” Wilson stated. “Some of the people died, others were tortured, were designated and insulated.”

Since 1988, the government, seeing the community center’s success, has poured millions of pounds into Wilson’s latest attempt. He explained the government “did it in order to get control.” But, by this time, “people had learned to get independence no matter what happens.”

England, according to Wilson, has maintained its hold on Ireland for fear of economic competition and even military threat.

In the shadows of World War II, Wilson and his high school classmates decided “there must be a better life than this.” Many of them joined the priesthood in hopes of bettering their country.

However, after teaching college for 15 years, Wilson said he “hadn’t known what was happening” in his land until he obtained a parish in West Belfast.

He became disillusioned with the theories of education and a “church not in the business of helping reduce the conditions of poverty.” At times, “i felt there was no point.”

After feeling abandoned by the institutions he had so long embraced, Wilson entrusted in people-power. Instead of waiting for the government to intervene, “the people can do it themselves to an extent...control their own work.”

Women’s role in Church discussed

By ANN MARIE HARTMAN

Revolutionary ideas about the role of women in the Catholic Church date back as far as the first appointed American bishop, said Sr. Mary Ann O’Ryan speaking for the Cusihuia Center for the Study of American Catholicism Tuesday. O’Ryan used excerpts of her dissertation research in leading the discussion “John Carroll, 1st Bishop of Baltimore and his views on Women.”

O’Ryan’s research has focused on bishops who have written Pastoral Letters. O’Ryan summarized Carroll’s letter and highlighted his points on marriage, duties of parents, and the education of girls and women in religious vocations.

According to O’Ryan, Carroll never specified a distinction between the expectations of men and women in marriage and parenting. O’Ryan said that “one would expect a much more prudish attitude towards women...there is not a hint of that in the letter.”

O’Ryan even gave an example from the letter which discussed the issue of wayward priests. She stated “there was no casting of the women when we would assume the bishop would want to protect his priests.” Carroll wanted women to play an active role in the teaching of Church doctrine, especially to young girls, as well as praying for the Catholic institution.

O’Ryan emphasized that Carroll’s views must be taken in the context of the time that they were written. At specific instances, “Carroll was echoing American society at that time,” she said.

Carroll joined the Jesuit ministry in France in the mid-1700s. When the French began the oppression of the Jesuits, Carroll came to the United States and resided in Baltimore. He received his appointment from Rome as bishop of Baltimore in 1790.

O’Ryan is currently working on her masters in history at Loyola University in Chicago. She will be teaching there next fall.
Peace Support Group meets
By ANNA MARIE TABOR
Assistant Saint Mary's Editor

One of the signs around Saint Mary's inviting students to a Peace Support Group meeting was met with antagonism. An anonymous response written on the sign said: "We are at war! There isn't going to be a peaceful solution! If you think there can be, you're being unrealistic. World peace would be nice but this is reality, kids. Why don't you get used to it and support your government and troops?"

"All of us here (at the meeting) are here for different reasons but would like to have a peaceful solution," said one student concerning the remark. Ann Clark, professor of philosophy, agreed that "we support our troops--we want to bring them back alive." Furthermore, she stressed the importance of students making their voices heard.

"You have to be courageous," Clark said. Students have "the ability to talk since you're not working. You can go into McDonald's and make a statement without suffering the consequences."

The topic for discussion was the Persian Gulf War Fails to Qualify as Just. "Several points were brought up by the author Robert F. Drinan concerning circumstances under which war is just. According to Drinan, the seven norms for a just war originated by St. Augustine, defined by St. Thomas Aquinas, and supported by Suarez and others require:

1. The war must be declared by a legitimate public authority possessing the power to do so. The action of the U.N. Security Council with regard to the invasion of Kuwait may have fulfilled this requirement.
2. A real injury must have been suffered. The injury done by the invasion of Iraq to the nation of Kuwait inhabited by 400,000 was real.
3. There must be a reasonable hope of success. The allied strength of 27 nations should be able to vanquish Iraq in a military engagement.
4. The fourth requirement that is not and cannot be met are:

A. The traditional definition of a just war in Catholic doctrine requires that every possible means of settlement must have been exhausted. The commentators go to great length to point out that war can be tolerated only after there have been comprehensive efforts to exploit every possible method of obtaining a peaceful settlement.

B. A second condition is moral intention. Jurists and moral theologians indicate that a nation must be waging a war, not for some selfish reason, but for a humanitarian objective.

C. A third requirement that is difficult, or impossible, to fulfill, is that only legitimate and moral means be used in prosecuting the war.

D. The next requirement for a just war is proportionality, that is, the injury to be achieved must outweigh the harm done. The group conceded that the morality claim is a tough one to fill. Junior Peggy Ahood said that "morality is pretty much what anyone says it is." To address the problem itself, Ahood stated, "What can be done in the Middle East is not to discuss and debate the philosophical wrongs and rights of the situation." Plans have been presented by Iran and people may take this "(ceasefire) seriously."

A suggestion was made by Clark to take "a leap of imagination into another frame of mind (peaceful) that we're trying to get people interested in.

According to Clark, at the University of Texas, there was an unorganized event called "Gentle Thursday. Every Thursday the students engaged in "non-war types of behavior." There was a serious point behind it, though. It would provide a contrast between what is going on in the Middle East and what we would like to see life be like." Clark explained.

Some of the activities were covering everyone with flowers, passing out balloons, kite flying, and public relations with people of the opposite sex, and visits from General Her- shey Bar, who had chocolate missile on his hat.

"How would you feel if a ROTC member approached you in uniform and offered you a flower sticking out of the barrel of your gun?" someone asked.

Blowing bubbles in the dining hall was a popular idea for a non-war type of behavior. The group's plan is to purchase 10,000 seedlings next spring to reclaim 25 acres for planting. The group also needs some larger items such as old mowers, weed eaters, and old pickup trucks. Volunteers will participate in planting the seedlings and performing many other tasks. Financial donations are also needed.

People interested in planting seedlings or making a donation to Living Earth Reforestation Project should call Conrad Kramer, Project Coordinator at 291-5814. Or write to: Living Earth Reforestation Project, P.O. Box 1561, Mishawaka, IN 46546.

The group holds a monthly organizational meeting on the second Thursday of each month at 7 p.m. at the River Park Branch Library at 2022 E. Mishawaka Avenue in South Bend. The meeting starts at 7:00 p.m. and all interested persons are encouraged to attend.

Reforestation group needs volunteers to help project

Special to The Observer

The Living Earth Reforestation Project is a not-for-profit organization dedicated to fight the war in the Middle East. It is currently seeking volunteers to help plant 2,000 seedlings on April 20th on four sites south of Mishawaka.

Living Earth's strategy is based on the belief that the primary factors which discourage landowners from reforesting their lands are the cost and effort involved in purchasing, planting and maintaining the trees. The group's plan is to purchase seedlings with funds raised from private donations and reforest private lands at no charge to the landowner. Volunteers from the surrounding community will be recruited and mobilized to do the actual planting.

Living Earth believes that losses of forests in distant lands can be directly compensated for by massive reforestation at the local level. The sole purpose of the reforestation project is to plant trees on a large scale starting immediately. With the planting of 2,000 seedlings this spring the group plans to reforest five acres. However, it needs to grow quickly to plant 10,000 seedlings next spring to reclaim 25 acres for the living earth. The group's mission reflects the concerns and frustrations of area residents over the continued degradation of our global environment. The group's main concern is global warming and they believe that many people feel powerless to halt global deforestation or the global burning of fossil fuels.

Trees, after all, are the very agents that remove pollutants from the air. Living Earth hopes to be able to offer local residents a chance to feel empowered to influence these global issues.

The success of the project rests on the support it receives from the community. Every citizen of the county has the ability to help the project succeed. People can donate items such as old buckets and any tools that can be used for digging or cultivating. The group also needs some larger items such as old mowers, weed eaters, and old pickup trucks. Volunteers will participate in planting the seedlings and performing many other tasks. Financial donations are also needed.

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Call for Holy War
Over a thousand Muslims raise their arms and chant for a "jehad" or holy war against the United States and its allies, Monday in Dhaka, Bangladesh.

Khalidi: Real goal of war is to destroy Iraqi military

By STEVEN KRAUSS

Heavy political repercussions can be expected in the Middle East regardless of the actual outcome of the war according to Professor Rashid Khalidi of the University of Chicago.

In a lecture sponsored by the Helen Kellogg Institute for International Studies, Khalidi cited changing war aims, the United States' conduct in the war, and the final result of the conflict as major contributors to the expected turmoil. "This is something that has really not been explored sufficiently since the Gulf conflict started last August," Khalidi said.

Listing the U.S. goals in the war effort, Khalidi placed the liberation of Kuwait third behind the destruction of Iraq's military assets and the elimination of Saddam Hussein's regime.

In defending his opinion, he reminded the audience that at the beginning of the war, only Kuwait's liberation was "formally, officially, avowed by President Bush." Now all three are readily accepted as real objectives, he said.

Stressing the rapidity with which war aims can change, Khalidi stated, "These may not be the same objectives three, six, nine weeks from now, however they were Bush's goals from the beginnings of the conflict.

As the war continues, tactics and strategies the U.S. pursues, specifically the massive air assaults against Baghdad and Basra, will have far reaching consequences, Khalidi said.

"There's a grey area where military infrastructure ends and non-military ones begin." He elaborated on this point, citing the city of Basra as Iraq's military headquarters since 1980, as well as its second most populous city. Thus, while the number of military targets in Basra are plenty, civilians abound.

When added to the fact that the majority of U.S. weaponry isn't "the Nintendo puzzle we've been getting on our television sets like smart bombs and laser guided missiles, but regular, dumb, iron bombs which are very destructive but not very accurate," Khalidi warns the potential for civilian casualties is great.

Such conduct of war could come back to haunt the United States, said Khalidi. When asked about nuclear weapons, Khalidi said that, "While the temptation to use nuclear weapons may be great," if the ground war goes bad, such a move would be, "morally outrageous," and could be considered a war crime.

Khalidi discussed several scenarios for the future of the war, none of which bode well for the "new world order" President Bush envisions:

If the Iraqi army collapses and surrenders, "the whole country may legitimately fall into a state of anarchy," creating a massive foreign policy problem, Khalidi said.

If the Iraqi government collapses, a struggle for power would ensue as rival political factions, suppressed for a decade, resurface with Syrian or possibly Iranian support.

Khalidi further said that if either the army or the government successfully resist America's efforts to oust them, an Iraqi victory over the U.S. would be perceived among the Arab nations.

Finally, Khalidi commented that an extended Gulf War would worsen the United States' already tarnished image in the middle east. "By destroying Iraq in order to liberate Kuwait, the U.S. will create enormous animosity toward itself."
Two Holy Cross associates share experiences from Chile service

By PAUL PEARSON
Assistant News Editor

Anne Attea, a 1976 Notre Dame graduate, and Corey Timpson, a 1988 ND graduate, have just finished two years of service in Chile as Holy Cross associates.

Attea and Timpson, who returned to the United States last month, shared their experiences with students at the Center for Social Concerns Tuesday.

For the majority of their stay in Chile, Attea and Timpson lived in the Holy Cross community house in Santiago at the foothills of the Andes Mountains. "You could jog from our house to where the road ends in 30-40 minutes," Attea said.

Both Attea and Timpson worked on a project that helped needy Chilean families build houses for themselves. "We tried to organize them, but the people themselves built (the houses)," Timpson said. Funds for the supplies came from Caritas Chile, the Chilean Catholic charity organization, and from private donations from the United States.

Attea said that the greatest gift the Holy Cross associates offered to the Chileans was "our time and our energy." According to Attea, the most valuable thing for a Holy Cross associate to have is goodwill toward other people. "If you think you're going to make it as an individualist, you're mistaken," Timpson said.

Timpson said that the most important element of the experience as a Holy Cross associate was the feeling of community. "I doubt I would have made it without the social projects. It's important to be concerned and caring people themselves because their mother involved them in their social work."

Both Attea and Timpson were amazed at the way "the families in the community would come together to help themselves and each other." Attea said she was especially impressed by the way one of the Chileans she worked with got her children involved in the social projects. "I'm convinced that her children will grow up to be concerned and caring people themselves because their mother involved them in her social work."

Timpson said that, from the experience of being a Holy Cross associate, he learned not to plan out everything in advance. "We plan so many things and, one year later, your heart changes."

Attea called her two years in Chile "the most significant thing I've done in my life. I experienced the highest of highs and the lowest of lows. Because of this experience, Attea said she is planning a career in Hispanic ministry.

Funding. They got an additional $600 on appeal.
• The 30 social service clubs got $16,325, or 20.37%, and an additional $175 on appeal.
• The 44 special interest clubs got $17,500, or 22.75%, of the budget and $925 on appeal.
• The 32 athletic clubs got $17,350, or 22.16%, of club

Student Art Forum presents a trip to

EXHIBITION AT THE ART INSTITUTE OF CHICAGO
picasso - warhol - rauschenberg
chtenstein - oldenburg - miro

saturdayFEBRUARY 23rd
bus leaves at 9:30am returns about 10:00pm

Only $12!
$12 cost includes transportation to and from the museum and exhibit entrance fee.

Sign up with John Shields at the Snite Museum

Must sign up by February 15th!

This trip is sponsored by the Student Art Forum.
Not all the ‘lightning’ in Desert Storm hits its targets

WASHINGTON (AP) — Thousands of pound bombs, no matter how “smart” or accurate, harm people near the targets they hit, the Pentagon acknowledges. And the bombs don’t always hit their targets.

The U.S. military calls it “collateral damage.” Iraqi leaders, in complaints gaining increasing attention worldwide, call it the killing of innocent civilians.

White House and Pentagon officials say some of the blame for such death and damage should go to Iraq for putting facilities with military significance in civilian settings.

They say they can’t estimate how many civilians might have been killed in such cities as Baghdad and Basra — the Iraqis say the number is in the thousands — but they don’t deny damage is occurring.

“The term ‘surgical strike’ seems to suggest something very clean and rational, one military official said. ‘That’s hyperbole. It beholds an understanding of what war is really all about.’

“War is a dirty business,” Marine Brig. Gen. Richard Neal, a spokesman for the U.S. Central Command in Saudi Arabia, said. “Unfortunately there will be collateral damage,” he said, using the military euphemism for civilian casualties.

Heavily bombarded Basra, a city of 1.5 million providing key logistics support for troops in nearby Kuwait, “is a military town in the true sense,” Neal said. “It’s important one stand that Iraq assumes the responsibility by moving military facilities into civilian-type structures.”

Most of the bombs dropped by U.S. and other allied planes are not equipped with the sophisticated and costly guidance that directs them to designated targets. And Pentagon officials acknowledge that even the most advanced of the other-guided “smart” weapons that have marveled the world with their accuracy can cause considerable damage near their targets when carrying 2,000-pound payloads.

A bomb of that size is likely to shatter the windows of buildings in the vicinity of the target and could cause older, poorly constructed buildings common to Iraqi cities to collapse. Moreover, some bombs go astray.

The Pentagon claims an accuracy rate above 90 percent, but even that achievement would leave a margin for devastating error when thousands of tons of bombs are being dropped daily.

And John Lehman, a former secretary of the Navy, who was quoted in Newsday as saying Pentagon contacts had told him laser-guided “smart” bombs were hitting their targets about 60 percent of the time.


The war in the Persian Gulf, after being silent about civilian casualties in the first days of the war, are now aggressively accusing the allies of war atrocities in the bombing.

“Earlier, Saddam Hussein had promised to turn to the guerrilla warfare to destroy to his own people and the war effort,” said Jim Phillips, a Middle East analyst with the Heritage Foundation. “We hope he is not just talking.”

The allies apparently hope by emphasizing civilian casualties to create a wedge between the United States and the Arab world and Europe, and to undermine the U.S. peace movement.

Church focuses its efforts on fighting against the war

New York (AP) — The roof still leaks and the elevators are breaking down, but Riverside Church is focused on a problem with which its members are more comfortable: the fight against war.

After three years of paring its budget and pondering its direction, this famously liberal Protestant church on a overlooking the Hudson River is focused on the Persian Gulf.

“During the thaw in the Cold War, it may have seemed we’d almost achieved our goals,” says the Rev. James A. Forbes Jr., senior minister. “Then the war came, and we realized that if we were thinking about closing shop, we’d better mobilize again.

At Riverside, mobilization has included a decision to defy the law by offering sanctuary to soldiers while they apply for conscientious objector status. A meeting room in the church is being converted into living quarters, and the congregation is waiting for applicants.

It is among at least 14 nationwide offering sanctuary to war resisters. “It feels so characteristic of Riverside to be a leader,” said Velazquez.

The war seems to have brought a symbolic end to a peace movement that began three years ago when the Rev. Daniel Berrigan and Father William J. Carlos, the “Berrigan brothers,” were convicted of obstructing the Persian Gulf.

The 30-year-old non-aligned movement has never had a peace plan. “During the thaw in the Cold War, we had almost achieved our goals,” says the Rev. Timid Forrester, who has served as an international crisis.

The 30-year-old non-aligned movement has never had a diplomatic success in mediating an international crisis. It has been trying since October to ease the tension in the gulf.

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Notre Dame, Indiana 46556
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BELGRADE, Yugoslavia (AP) — Spokesmen for the non-aligned movement said Tuesday the organization will send a mission to Baghdad and Iran had received an encouraging response to its peace plan from Iraqi President Saddam Hussein.

Saddam was quoted as telling a Soviet envoy in Baghdad that he was willing to work with the Soviet Union and other nations to find a peaceful solution to the Gulf War. Saddam also said Iraq would “beat back” its enemies, Baghdad radio said.

If the non-aligned mission to Baghdad is successful, the 102-nation organization would then send other envoys to Washington and western Europe in an effort to halt the war. Yugoslav Foreign Minister Rudimir Loncar said Yugoslavia hosted a meeting Tuesday of 15 non-aligned nations and the Palestine Liberation Organization. The non-aligned movement represents countries that are not part of military alliances such as NATO or the Warsaw Pact. Its members include Iran, Iraq and Kuwait.

Iraqi foreign minister, Ali Akbar Velayati, said a high-level delegation from Tehran would visit Baghdad soon to talk peace. It wasn’t clear if that mission was the same as the one discussed by Loncar.

Iraq’s peace proposal reportedly involves the pullout of Iraqi troops from Kuwait, an earlier removal of non-Arab forces from the Persian Gulf area with the peace guaranteed by a regional security pact.

Loncar got a long, detailed response from Saddam to its proposals for peace, Velayati said, according to a text of his remarks obtained by The Associated Press.

“I believe, based on the letter of President Saddam Hussein, that there are room for continuation of our diplomatic efforts and our ‘idea for peace’ is very much alive,” Velayati said.

“Are we convinced, through the messages exchanged and contacts made, that it is imperative to continue the peace process?”

We are convinced, through the messages exchanged and contacts made, that it is imperative to continue the peace process.
Dear Editor:

Especially over the past few weeks, I have heard strong opinions both for and against the aims and/or tactics of the student coalition known as SUFR. Until I learned about the viewpoint that SUFR has about SUFR for yourselves and expect to be able to do this, and I hope that others share my expectations.

Minority students should not even have to fight for a racial harassment policy, a multi-cultural building, and the like (and, if money is the question, then I would like to know exactly what the $1,000,000 Coca-cola grant for promoting cultural diversity is going to be used for, or the $91,000 Ford grant, or my $16,000+). Please consider that SUFR represents a group of people who, for lifetimes and for generations, have been frustrated in a world that lacks an understanding of, or even any willingness to understand, its many cultures. The fact that we even have to fight for the opportunity to learn about our own backgrounds and to share different perspectives with our school is a discouraging thought. College is a place designed to give students a broader view of the world. I expect to be able to do this, and I hope that others share my expectations.

SUFR's efforts should not be looked down upon but, rather, applauded. To those of you who view SUFR as an unreasonable group of minorities placing demands on this University, I ask you to please reconsider. Please educate yourselves about the group, and do not judge us. It is so easy to push us around, and I was excited to learn about others in the world around him.

My brother's school offers its minority students should not even have to fight for a racial harassment policy, a multi-cultural building, and the like (and, if money is the question, then I would like to know exactly what the $1,000,000 Coca-cola grant for promoting cultural diversity is going to be used for, or the $91,000 Ford grant, or my $16,000+). Please consider that SUFR represents a group of people who, for lifetimes and for generations, have been frustrated in a world that lacks an understanding of, or even any willingness to understand, its many cultures. The fact that we even have to fight for the opportunity to learn about our own backgrounds and to share different perspectives with our school is a discouraging thought. College is a place designed to give students a broader view of the world. I expect to be able to do this, and I hope that others share my expectations.

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Quayle hunting has become an extraordinarily popular sport during the past two years. Americans have discovered the joys of taking down Dan Quayle's reputation. President. Cartoonists and comedians have a field day portraying the vice president as a tall, thin, stoned figure who seems swap Quayle jokes. For all the attention to Quayle's run for the presidency, he is no special policy wonk, and he is not the political foil of a Cajun Ozark Democrat. The Washington Post's political blowtorch, Richard Cohen, has thus far simply produced a lot of misses. When Quayle actually said something meaningful, the press made a big deal of it. Cohen detailed Quayle's accomplishments thus far could probably fill a full book, but the vast majority of the stories which have been about Quayle have been about his failures. How has Quayle's image gotten so badly shaken? The primary cause has been media misrepresentation of him. An examination of Quayle's recent "gaffes" should make this point fairly clear.

The first "gaffe" came last spring, Quayle was preparing for a diplomatic trip to Latin America. A most unfortunate news story began to circulate. It was reported that the Quayle family had planned a trip to this upcoming tour to Latin America. The family had studied Latin hard in college. Quayle immediately denied making plans to go to Latin America. When asked about Latin America's space policy planning, he said, "We don't wait to rape the women in Kuwait, stolen what he could, he got away with it."

The second "gaffe" occurred early last summer. Scientists investigating the possibility of an asteroid striking the earth had declared that they knew how to prevent a collision. America's space policy planning, he said, "We don't wait to rape the women in Kuwait, stolen what he could, he got away with it."

These two "gaffes" suggest a more complex and temperamental, but is persistently misrepresented by our nation's media.

One of the reasons for the low regard Treacher has Ten millions President is held is a popular ignorance of the man and his record. Many in and around Washington know better. When the highly respected Journal of Defense and Diplomacy wanted an expert for a symposium about the treaty to participate in a forum with NATO generals and West European foreign ministers, it picked Dan Quayle. When the Yale University Press wanted a Republican expert on the Plant Closing Bill to debate with minced meat, it picked Bentsen, they picked Dan Quayle this performance was one of the factors that caused George Bush to choose Quayle as his running mate. When the Liberal Democrat Ted Kennedy issued a statement debunking the Quayle pick it was not a day late and a dollar.

The point is that Quayle's accomplishments thus far could probably fill a full book, but the vast majority of the stories which have been about Quayle have been about his failures. How has Quayle's image gotten so badly shaken? The primary cause has been media misrepresentation of him. An examination of Quayle's recent "gaffes" should make this point fairly clear.

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The Bernini sculpture is one of the sights that many students saw as they attended church at Saint Agnese (background).
Night Runner in Rome

By PAUL DELAVE
AccorT Writer

Nighttime Rome held a special fascination for me. It was not the discos and bars, but the dark and vaguely mysterious back streets, where a lone runner could amblelessly wander for an hour. Every excursion was a ten-kilometer long history lesson, a passage through time. Running through the narrow, serpentine streets was a unique experience—always gratifying, at times revealing, often slightly unnerving.

Late at night may not be the most prudent time to wander around a large city alone, but for me, it held the most intrigue. I would wind through the narrow, stone-paved streets, occasionally passing a young couple holding hands, a random motor scooter, or men sweeping with long-handled brooms. But mostly there was just street after street of history and culture, stores that were closed for the evening and dark doorways: a maze with five story walls of heavy stone and stucco.

Daytime Rome belongs to a different realm—that of controlled chaos. Buses, taxis, and weaving Fiats combined with a generally poor understanding of traffic laws offered the challenge of survival for the pedestrian. A respite in the centro at mid-day was hard to find. That was why I chose to make the night my time to run.

The special beauty of the city at night led me up several of the famed seven hills to seek the glittering panorama. The organic order of Rome unfolded as its streets, lined with light, contrasted against the dark. The dense city fabric dissolved into a sequence of dark blocks outlined in light. Red tail lights moved at alarming speed through the narrow passages of light—

It was astounding the amount of history one could pass in an hour’s time. A favorite loop included a passage through the Piazza San Pietro, heart of the Catholic church, then up the Gianiculum hill, one of the finest panoramic views of the city, then through the Medieval quarter of Trastevere, up the Capitoline hill, the seat of Roman government for centuries, past the Roman forum, with the Colosseum in the background, at special times, silhouetted in the moonlight, ending with a jog through Michelangelo’s Campodoglio, one of the most splendid creations of the Italian Renaissance.

Here I might stop before covering the last few blocks back to my hotel. I would take in a few more breaths of Rome, plan where I might go tomorrow, and contemplate what new wonders might unfold before me in the dark of the Roman night.

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**NBA BOXES**

**DAL (10) vs. WAS (11)**

- Points: Dallas 104, Washington 106
- Assists: Dallas 25, Washington 26
- Rebounds: Dallas 50, Washington 56

**PHILADELPHIA (11) vs. MILWAUKEE (10)**

- Points: Philadelphia 114, Milwaukee 110
- Assists: Philadelphia 22, Milwaukee 24
- Rebounds: Philadelphia 41, Milwaukee 42

**INDIANAPOLIS (10) vs. CLEVELAND (11)**

- Points: Indianapolis 107, Cleveland 114
- Assists: Indianapolis 23, Cleveland 24
- Rebounds: Indianapolis 40, Cleveland 40

**DETROIT (10) vs. WASHINGTON (11)**

- Points: Detroit 104, Washington 106
- Assists: Detroit 24, Washington 25
- Rebounds: Detroit 49, Washington 50

**NCA A BOXES**

**PROVIDENCE (10) vs. BUTLER (11)**

- Points: Providence 76, Butler 78
- Assists: Providence 11, Butler 13
- Rebounds: Providence 38, Butler 35

**MONTREAL (11) vs. MONTREAL (11)**

- Points: Montreal 110, Montreal 110
- Assists: Montreal 22, Montreal 22
- Rebounds: Montreal 40, Montreal 40

**CHARLOTTE (10) vs. NEW JERSEY (11)**

- Points: Charlotte 115, New Jersey 84
- Assists: Charlotte 19, New Jersey 13
- Rebounds: Charlotte 44, New Jersey 39

**WASHINGTON (11) vs. ARIZONA (10)**

- Points: Washington 101, Arizona 97
- Assists: Washington 20, Arizona 18
- Rebounds: Washington 51, Arizona 48

**SENIORS**

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Irish men's tennis drops a tough match to Hoosiers

By DAVE MCMAHON
Sports Writer

Indiana rolled into the Eck Pavilion yesterday afternoon on a roll, having won its last three matches by a combined score of 23-0. Late last night, the Hoosiers had been on a roll, but only so did with a little help from the Notre Dame men's tennis team. After a grueling six-hour match, Indiana improved to 1-1 with a hard-fought 5-4 win over the Irish (3-3).

It was a wake-up call for Irish, but don't expect the top-ranked team in the region to be pushing any snooze buttons. "That's not too much character to fold," said junior Dave Dilucia, who blasted Indiana’s David McCallum, 6-1, at number one singles. "I think if we're going to make us stronger and we'll go on from here."

Sophomore Chuck Coleman took an opening round lead, but fell to Indiana's Nigel Russell, who entered the match with a 9-9 record. Will Forsyth posted a victory for Notre Dame at number three singles, upsetting senior Gunnar Salumaa in straight sets, 6-0, 6-0. "He was their number one player last year and he has beaten Dilucia, so it was tremendous win for Will," said Irish coach Bob Bayless. "He had a hard time winning past few matches, so this was a match he really needed.

Irish sophomore Mark Schmidt continued his assault after re-covering from a fall bout with mononucleosis. Although it wasn't his best performance, the Atlanta native outlasted senior David Russell, 6-7, 6-3, 7-5.

Down in a break in the third set, Schmidt rallied to tie the singles action 3-3. In doubles play, Coleman shook off his singles loss and paired with Dilucia to beat Russell and Salumaa at number one. Unfortunately for Notre Dame, it would be their final win of the afternoon before an invigorating performance by the number three doubles team of Ryan Wenger and Paul Anthony.

After winning in the opening set 6-3, the senior-sophomore combination, in the first pressure-filled test of the season, was on the verge of wrapping it up for the Irish with a point in the second set. But the Indiana team of David Held and Chris Decker hung tough, rallying for a 7-6 (9-7) second set victory.

New Hampshire halts nation's longest home losing streak

DURHAM, N.H.(AP) - For the first time in three years, New Hampshire baseball players can walk the campus without hearing whispers about the longest home losing streak in the nation. The Wildcats ended the Lundholm Gymnasium nightmare at 32 games Monday night with a 72-56 victory over Holy Cross. On Tuesday, the glow surrounding the victory was brighter than ever.

"It feels great," said Bob Cummins, a junior guard who scored 11 points. "It's going to be nice to be able to walk around campus and feel proud." Cummins said the streak weighed heavily on players.

"I thought about it all the time," he said. "It affected my whole life. It was tough being on campus. You'd hear people making jokes about the team. It wore us down. It's something I never want to go through again."

Eric Thilen, the only senior on the squad, is the only player who was around for the last home victory, Feb. 7, 1988 against Rhode Island. He had nine points and 11 rebounds against Holy Cross.

"It's been a long road," he said. "I'm really happy for everybody on the team now. We can start over. The monkey is off our back."

Second-year coach Jim Boylan was exuberant. "It's been a long time at the time of the win, but as the day progresses it becomes more satisfying," he said. "We watched the end of the (game) tape (Tuesday morning), and it feels really good."

Boylan said he received many calls from well-wishers, including Michigan State coach Jud Heathcote, who worked for the Irish before moving to New Hampshire.

(Heathcote) said he was watching ESPN when he heard about the victory) and was hooting and hollering in his bedroom. He was really happy for us," Boylan said.

Vermont coach Tom Brennan, who was scouting the Wildcats, ran to the winning locker room to congratulate Boylan's team.

"It's his hardships in past years, and he was really happy," Boylan said. "Actually, he kind of went crazy."

Boylan was doused with water following the victory, and made jokes about going to the court to cut down the net. In the locker room, players celebrated.

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Baseball’s $3 million club has two new members

NEW YORK (AP) — Glenn Davis and Kelly Gruber joined the $3 million club on Tuesday as nine players in salary arbitration agreed to new contracts.

Davis and Baltimore settled at $3.275 million, the midpoint between the first baseman’s request and the Orioles’ offer. Gruber became the top-paid third baseman in baseball when the Toronto Blue Jays agreed to an $11 million, three-year deal.

That makes it 36 players at or above the $3 million mark, a level first breached by the 26 players in November 1989 by Minnesota outfielder Kirby Puckett.

In another big deal, St. Louis Cardinals infielder Jose Oquendo agreed to a four-year, $11.8 million contract.

“Everybody wants to stay in baseball,” Davis said Tuesday. “I’m no exception to that.”

Davis, 28, batted .274 last season with 31 home runs and 118 RBIs and made $1.4 million. He will get a $1 million signing bonus, $2.7 million this season, $3 million in 1993 and $4 million in 1994. The average annual value of $3.667,667 is the ninth-highest in baseball.

Oquendo was the second big deal in a week for the Cardinals, who negotiated the $21.5 million, four-year extension for Roger Clemens.

Gruber’s contract was the second big deal in a week for the Blue Jays, who lost pitcher Dave Stieb to the Chicago Cubs.

Oquendo, 27, will make $850,000 this season in the final year of his current contract. He will get a $1 million signing bonus, $1.6 million in each of the 1992 and 1993 seasons, $1.9 million in 1994 and $2 million in 1995.

Seven other players in arbitration agreed to one-year contracts. Texas outfielder Rafael Palmeiro quadrupled his salary from $245,000 to $1,475,000.

While Cleveland outfielder Chris James doubled his salary from $620,000 to $1,367,500.

Boston left-hander Joe Hesketh, who went 0-4 last season with a 5.03 earned-run average, and 12 games, quadrupled his salary from $110,000 to $1,367,500.

Shortstop Walt Weiss and Vancouver outfielder Carlos Hernandez, who hit 10 home runs and $505,000, raise, while shortstop Andres Galarraga of the Montreal Expos agreed to a three-year deal with the New York Yankees agreed to $610,000, a $325,000 raise.

Outfielder Dave Gallagher and Arizona first baseman and catcher Mike Scioscia, who hit 19 home runs and $267,000, raise, and catcher Nelson Santovenia and Minnesota‚Äôs Tim Skulski at $252,000, a $77,000 raise.

...
Off-court troubles continue to build for the Orange men

SYRACUSE, N.Y. (AP) — A special investigator for the NCAA has questioned former Orange men's basketball coach Jim Boeheim about allegations of booster actions. The university's internal investigation also revealed that the program broke recruiting rules.

The university began an internal investigation last month after a series of articles in December by the Syracuse Post-Standard, which reported that players received merchandise, cut-rate use of cars and even cash gifts from boosters and that the program broke recruiting rules.

Jim Marchio, a spokesman for the NCAA, said McNamara had no comment on the investigation.

"I can't confirm who he's talked to," Marchio said. "But just because he's talked to someone about Syracuse doesn't mean an investigation is going on. We talk to a lot of different people to determine whether we're going to do an investigation."

Marchio said its common procedure for the NCAA to contact schools before determining whether a full-blown investigation is needed.

"When we do one, we're trying to be as thorough as possible and make sure everyone understands the rules so this doesn't happen again," Marchio said. "It was the first time in the organization's 17-year history that an officer or member was ordered removed by the university."

The specifics of the violations are not clear, although one unidentifiedreasons for demanding

**SPORTS BRIEFS**

- **Advanced Conditioning Class** will start Feb. 11 at 5:15 p.m. Mondays and 6:15 a.m. Wednesdays and Fridays at the Lotus Sports Center. The class runs all three days from Feb. 11 through March 6. If interested, call 239-7890 to register before 5 p.m. Tuesday, Feb. 12.

- **There Will Be A Meeting for all students interested in helping with promotions for the 1991 Bengal Bouts at 7 p.m. today in the Boxing Room at the Joyce A.C.C.**

- **The ND/SMC Sailing Club** will have its first 1991 meeting at 6:30 p.m. on Tuesday, Feb. 22 in Rm. 204 O'Shaugh. New members are welcome.

- **The Happikido Club** meets Tuesday and Thursday at 7:30 p.m. in Rm. 219, Rockne. Learn self-defense. Beginners welcome. For more information, call Ron x3504.

- **Sports Trivia Contest** sponsored by WVFU starting next week - lots of great prizes: CDs, Sportswear, haircuts, pizzas and much, much more. Only a few spots still available. Call Jay at x5466 with names and numbers of your 3-person team.

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**Additional Information**

- **Memorial Commemorative**
- **Notre Dame workout for NFL scouts**
  - Raghib "Rocket" Ismail's college athletics' governing body has worn out and felt it would be better to conduct a "banquet," Notre Dame sports information director John Holliston said.
  - "He decided he was kind of worn out and felt it would be better to postpone the workout."

- **Notre Dame spokesmen**
  - said Dick Haley, director of player personnel for the Pittsburgh Steelers. It's "important that the teams get an accurate measurement of a player and how he does the various drills. It's easier for them to do it here because the conditions are the same for every team."

- **Ismail's workout**
  - "Ismail ran an NCAA indoor season-best 6.07 seconds in the 60-meter dash on Friday. Early in the month, he broke the Notre Dame record in that event set by former Heisman Trophy winner Tim Brown, who is now with the Los Angeles Raiders.
  - "Since he's agreed to work out there isn't going to be any problem," said Dick Haley, director of player personnel for the Pittsburgh Steelers.

- **Mansperger, director of college relations for the National Football League,** said a kickoff workout will be well attended by NFL scouts.

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**Butler continued from page 20**

The Irish outrebounded Butler 43-27—24 in the second half and outscored them in the game-high 12 boards, Knapp noted the fact that the Irish worked too hard on controlling the boards and that is something the coaches emphasized in practice. We can run on (MCC) teams, and in order to win, we need to rebound."

Notre Dame is next in action Valentine's Day at Detroit.

---

**InterVarsity Christian Fellowship**

- **Large Group Meeting**
  - **DR. THOMAS V. MORRIS**
  - **(Assoc. Prof. of Philosophy, Univ. of Notre Dame)**
  - **The National College Fellowship**
  - **Keenan-Stanford Chapel**
  - **DR. THOMAS V. MORRIS**

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**Attention Past Transfer Students**

The applications for the 1991 Transfer Orientation Executive Committee are now available and may be picked up at the secretary's desk at Student Government from Barb. The deadline for the applications will be February 28th, after which we will contact each applicant and set an interview date and time.

*FEBRUARY 20TH*
Hoops
continued from page 20

The Irish increased a two-point advantage to four points on three occasions in the last thirty seconds that kept the Warriors out of striking distance. Ellery, Tim Singleton and Keith Tower hit two free throws each to seal the victory. As a team, Notre Dame hit 15-of-18 foul shots for the game.

"The difference was that they made the free throws down the stretch," Marquette coach Kevin O'Neill said. "If they miss just one free throw, we've got a chance. We wanted to foul Singleton and Tower and we didn't have much of a choice with Ellery."

The Warriors cut the lead to 47-46 with 6:37 left when the Irish went to the press. After an Irish basket, Singleton forced a quick turnover and Damon Sweet converted that into a layup to give Notre Dame a one-point lead and some breathing room. After that, Marquette could get no closer than two.

"They really weren't expecting it," Ellery said. "It was a time when they needed to score, so we did put it on them at a pretty bad time."

Notre Dame turned in a big defensive effort against two of Marquette's big scorers. Trevor Powell had just six points, and Mark Anglavar was held scoreless, more than 14 points below their combined season average. Freshman Jim McLain picked up some of the slack with 15 points to lead the Warriors.

"The last two years, Powell has been a thorn in our side," Phelps said. "We put a lot of pressure on them. If you would have asked me who we were worried about, I would have said Anglavar and Powell."

Notre Dame came out hot in the first half, taking a 23-10 lead in the first nine minutes. Bennett scored eight points in that stretch. But the Irish went cold midway through that half, and the Warriors played their way back into the game. They outscored the Irish 13-2 in a five-minute span that cut the lead to 23-25 with 5:15 left. Damon Key had six points in that Marquette run. Ellery stopped the Warrior spurt with a baseline jumper, and the Irish then led 24-27 at the half.

Notre Dame stretched that lead to 41-29 and later led 47-39 with 9:35 remaining in the game. But the Warriors didn't quit, scoring seven straight points to pull within one.

The free throws and the press then kept Marquette from having a chance in the closing seconds.

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PHOENIX (AP) — The Phoenix Suns ended the Los Angeles Lakers' 16-game winning streak Tuesday night, beating them 99-95 as Kevin Johnson scored 16 of his 35 points in the final 8:13 and Tom Chambers hit a decisive hook shot with 28 seconds left.

The win was the first in the last three seasons for the Suns in which they scored under 100 points, breaking a 0-21 drought.

Sam Perkins paced Los Angeles with 26 points. James Northington had 24 and Magic Johnson added 14 while Perkins assisted for the Lakers, who lost a career-high 96-98 at Seattle on Jan. 8. Perkins' turnaround jumper tied the game for the 10th time, 55-55. He remained unfazed. Chambers then sank a 10-foot, left-handed hook to put Phoenix ahead to stay.

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Women

continued from page 20

All things considered, Welsh has good reason to be pleased. In the first four seasons of women's swimming, coach Dennis Stark led the team to a 31-14 record, which included two consecutive North Star conference titles.

The Irish swim team's early success has continued under Welsh, as the Irish have won their third straight North Star title, two MCC titles and one Eastern Intercollegiate swimming titles. Additionally, Becky Wood, who holds university records in the 1000 and 200 breaststroke and a medley-relay team, became the first and only person to reach the NCAA championships.

Wood's NCAA qualification was soon followed by Tanya Williams, who holds numerous university records (1000 and 1650 freestyle, 200 backstroke, 200 butterfly, 400 and 800 medley relay), 800 free relay). Williams joined Wood last year as the first and only person to reach the NCAA championships.

In fact, one-hundred percent of Notre Dame's women's basketball players have received their degree's this past year, an alumnae reads like a 'Who's Who in Professional America.'

"Win-loss success is secondary to reaching your potential. Potential you will probably win a lot of games," said McGraw. "We went from freshman to senior year, and we didn't have a coach. In that transformation, it is up to the individual person to reach their potential. Success for the team is measured in the same way, as long as you played well and had a coach."

"I feel that success is setting your sights on something and having the desire to be the best you can be," explained senior forward Kristi Davis. "If you don't want to achieve that goal, then you are a failure. If you have done or tried to do your best, then you did succeed in some way. I believe that the only time you are truly a failure is when you give up and quit. As long as you keep trying, you cannot ever fail." McGraw's formula has shown itself to be a formula for continued success.

Sharon Petro led the Notre Dame to a 49-20 record, winning the Indiana AIAW Small College North District title (1977-78) and the Indiana AIAW Division III state championship (1978-79). Mary Dillanos coached the Irish from 1987-88, time which her team times 115-79, including two North Star conference titles and a third-place finish in the NIT (1985-86).

In the years since the 1987-88 season Notre Dame for Muffet McGraw, the Irish have gone 64-25, twice won the MCC regular and post-season title, and placed seventh during the NCAA tournament, but we played well and reached the NCAA tournament. McGraw's squad has a Nationwide Warhead, going 14-11 (11-1 in the MCC), beating one Top Twenty team during the regular season and another in the postseason.

In its first three years of competition (1977-80), coach Muffet McGraw has installed a reputation of excellence in our women's basketball players.
CAMPUS

3:30 p.m. Aerospace and Mechanical Engineering Seminar, "Recent Research Trends in Fiber Reinforced Composites," Dr. P. Sriram, Georgia Institute of Technology, Atlanta. Room 356, Fitzpatrick hall of Engineering. Sponsored by Aerospace and Mechanical Engineering.

7:00 p.m. Film, "You Only Live Once." Annenberg Auditorium, Snite Museum.

9:00 p.m. Presentation, Barry Hannah, writer, University of Mississippi, Washington Hall. Sponsored by Sophomore Literary Festival.

CROSSWORD

ACROSS
1. Whips (10)
2. 7th Mahal site (6)
3. Inflection (6)
4. Actress-singer Blakey (5)
5. Lagen, e.g. (6)
6. "Rhythm" (5)
7. Music hall (6)
8. Marian Anderson, e.g. (5)
9. Looking glass (5)
10. Abundant (4)
11. Sea bird (4)
12. Composer Edward (6)
13. Jane (4)
14. "In Spain They Say..." (5)
15. Memo abbr. (4)

A P P E R T I M E

Notre Dame

Shrimp Poppers
Baked Cod Snack
Stuffed Bread
Fettucini Alfredo

SNOW PANTS?

FOR STUPENDOUS THIS LOOKS LIKE A MAN.

THE FAR SIDE

THE SECRET ELEPHANT AERIAL GROUNDS

ANSWER TO PREVIOUS PUZZLE

42 Roman goddess of Harmony (9)
43 Cyclotron item (9)
44 Sesame (10)
45 Island off Sumatra (9)
46 Veer (10)
47 Explorer of Down, c. 1540 (9)
48 Obliterate (10)
49 Dance composition (9)

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Thursday 8 and 10:30 PM
Admission: $2
Cushing Auditorium

Support AnTostal'91. Buy THE BAR from an AnTostal'91 Representative for only $1 and you could win a GOLDEN TICKET, good for one of assorted prizes.

STUDENT UNION BOARD
Irish men’s basketball wins a “barnburner”, 63-62

Free throws and defense lead ND over Marquette

By GREG GUFFEY
Sports Editor

MILWAUKEE—Notre Dame decided its own destiny against Marquette on Tuesday night.

The Irish hit six consecutive free throws down the stretch to hold off a late Warrior rally for a 63-62 win.

Butler—especially with a trapping press that gave almost seven minutes to break Notre Dame’s (17-4, 12-0) MCC win eventually cruised to a 94-62 open a close game and win.

Women’s swimming and hoops become powers

By DAVE DIETEMAN
Sports Writer

Women’s sports at Notre Dame.

Academic year 1977-78 could be considered a good year for Notre Dame athletics. Dan Devine led the football team to the national championship. Digger Phelps coached the men’s basketball team to a fourth-place finish in the NCAA Tournament, the men’s fencing team went 18-1 and for the second year in a row, Pete Welzel was the first coach of the just-gone-varisty women’s basketball team.

Now, approximately 12 years later, Notre Dame would have it’s own version of Digger Phelps. Mike McGraw has won the women’s basketball team to a second-place finish in the Big Ten and is a key player toward national prominence.

Coach Tim Welsh has been the Irish women’s swimming team’s coach since the 1985-86 season, and is regarded as one of the nation’s best. His team is a constant contender for national championships.

Butler’s final chance came at the 9:46 mark. A VonDielingen three-pointer cut the margin to 12, 59-47, but the Irish pounded the ball inside to Nowlin and the junior responded with three straight baskets to put Notre Dame back up 63-47 at the eight-minute mark. The Bulldogs never threatened again.

Another factor was the 3-2 zone Notre Dame switched to midway through the first half. VonDielingen said, “and in the second half, we were able to match up with the taller Irish.”

We had a real mismatch on the blocks,” Irish coach Muffet McGraw said, “and in the second half, the guards picked up their scoring.”

The MCC’s leading scorer, VonDielingen led Butler with 22 points, but no other Bulldog was in double figures. Leslie Miller was next on the stat sheet with only nine points.

When VonDielingen picked up her third foul with 2:50 left in the game, the Irish had rolled. With Nowlin and Davis picked up the slack, and Notre Dame took advantage, pushing its lead from four to nine late in the game.

A 32-point victory is a sure sign the Irish are buying into what they are accomplishing on the court.

Butler—especially with a trapping press that gave almost seven minutes to break Notre Dame’s lead from four to nine before halftime, 37-28.

Another factor was the 3-2 zone Notre Dame switched to midway through the first half, which upped the pressure on Butler’s zone, and it showed, as the Bulldogs committed 11 turnovers and shot only 40 percent after the switch.

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