Candidates debate issues, Stockdale calls it gridlock

ATLANTA (AP) — Al Gore and Dan Quayle collided over leadership, the economy and the economy Tuesday night in a crucial debate of vice presidential candidates sponsored by James Stockdale’s passing, headed by editors of the political gridlock in Washington.

President Bush and Quayle were like “deer caught in the headlights,” Gore charged, paralyzed and unable to respond. He pled that he and Democratic presidential candidate Bill Clinton “stand for change.”

Quayle quickly retorted that Clinton would use “easy words” and that “the base of the Democratic Party is made up of those who hate the country and are against the economy.”

Quayle said Clinton is a “tragic, failed” candidate who would make “radical changes” in the American economy. He said Clinton’s economic plan would raise taxes, cut jobs and cause inflation.

Gore responded immediately, reiterating that Quayle’s 1988 campaign slogan, “Read my lips, no new taxes,” was a phony promise.

Stockdale exploded at one point when Quayle and Gore argued, saying, “I think America deserves better.”

Mother Teresa given Notre Dame award

Mother Teresa of Calcutta has been selected by the University of Notre Dame as the second recipient of its Notre Dame Award for International Humanitarian Service, University President Father Edward Malloy announced Tuesday.

She is one of those precious few among our brothers and sisters whose deeds give witness to God’s Kingdom of Love. She has truly done extraordinary things, a thing which the media only. The court of public opinion has to constantly mobilize our ideas and goals toward viable partnerships, she said.

The Notre Dame Award was established in celebration of the University’s Sesquicentennial to honor persons “within and without the Catholic Church, whose religious faith has quickened learning, whose teaching has engaged the heart and whose deeds give witness to God’s Kingdom of Love,” Malloy said.

Mother Teresa is the first international figure to receive the award this year. She was the first person of her order to receive the Nobel Peace Prize in 1979, Mother Teresa departed from the customary Oslo ceremonies by leading participants and press people in a song of Saint Francis of Assisi’s prayer for peace.

As the founder of a religious order, an international religious order which Mother Teresa founded in 1950, aspires to a life which combines contemplative prayer with active service to the poor and unwanted. The order has 30 communities in the United States and is active in 100 countries worldwide.

Mother Teresa is the first Notre Dame Award recipient to be announced on October 13, called the University’s Founder’s Day because in the Catholic liturgical calendar it is the feast day of Saint Francis Xavier, founder of the Society of Jesus.

Arrangements for Mother Teresa’s acceptance of the award will be announced at a later date.

Cultural Diversity Task Force releases recommendations

By PANCHO LOZANO

After over a year of compiling its information, the Task Force on Cultural Diversity is ready to implement the action plans devised by the task force, according to Father Richard Warner, co-chairman of the task force.

Those action plans were developed as a response to the recommendations presented in the final report of the task force.

The deadline was originally set for October 1, but had to be postponed due to delays in processing the information on the recommendations.

A subcommittee was formed this summer to collect and assess the reactions to the recommendations issued in the preliminary report this past April.

Each department and committee was shown the recommendations and asked to assess how those recommendations could be implemented in the most effective manner.

“We covered a lot of ground and had very encouraging responses by the officers,” said Warner, “but we must revisit those areas to make sure that the action plans are effectively enforced.”

Over the next year, the University Committee on Cultural Diversity formed by University President Father Edward Malloy will meet monthly “to attend to Cultural Diversity on a continuing basis in order to give attention to matters given in the report.”

The University Committee on Cultural Diversity will consist of officers from the office of the President, the Provost, Business Affairs, Student Affairs, Student Government and other appointed groups.

Some of the recommendations are:

- DEBATE/ page 4
- DIVERSITY/ page 4
- MALLOY / page 4
Coffeehouses Scent the Aroma of Life

As the chill of fall sets into the bones, I find myself wishing for a good cup of coffee. And we're not talking instant Folgers.

Sure, Notre Dame has Allegro—but that's a coffee shop. And they don't play real "coffee" music. (You'll see what I mean later.)

Saint Mary's has Dalloway's coffeehouse. They, at least, have live acoustic sets, poetry readings and different types of drinks.

But I miss my coffeehouses back in Santa Barbara, where the names are odd, the cafe lattes are foamy and the people are, well, strange.

Places like the Green Dragon, Expresso Roma's or Besila House attract art gurus, college students and time-warped types, who still want to "let love rule."

If "The Great Gatsby" were written today, Daisy and Gatsby would frequent Kaldi's. That's the coffeehouse I worked at all summer. Kaldi's attracts real estate brokers, tourists and rich unknowns that want to keep it that way.

Coffee is an attitude they have down to an art. Working the early morning shifts, I always started the day with a double mocha and played some Ella Fitzgerald.

When the eight a.m. rush came through, Pearl Jam, Beastie Boys or Squeeze went into the tape player. Music is essential to a coffeehouse's setting.

At night, on the weekends, locals came in with their guitars, threw Guatemalan blankets on the floor and lit the room up. Stereo blaring, my friend Sunny would yell orders over the songs. "Double capp to go — lots of foam," she'd holler.

I usually Margo ordered this coffee. When she wasn't jetting to New York, she was a regular who loved to gossip. "Tell that expression with a little half and half," I heard over the din.

Conrad's favorite drink. That day, styling in an Italian suit, he had a big real estate deal. The CEO of Paul Mitchell Products was looking through about twenty acres of oceanfront property. He wanted to build a new corporate getaway spot. Just another day of business.

Day in and day out, I worked with guys like Dave, a thirty-year-old Englishman, hungover all morning.

And Jesse, who sometimes worked and sometimes auditioned new music gigs for the weekend. Depending on his mood, he sometimes never showed up.

My friends and I took breaks as soon as everyone went home for dinner.

We'd sit out in Kaldi's courtyard, smoking Marlboro's and having cappuccinos. "Red, Red never showed up.

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My friends and I took breaks as soon as everyone went home for dinner.

We'd sit out in Kaldi's courtyard, smoking Marlboro's and having cappuccinos. "Red, Red Wine" played loudly from inside. Often we spoke about how quarter the summer was dragging.

So, back in South Bend, I crave a tall, thick cappuccino.

And I wouldn't even mind a long summer's day.

By the way, tonight there will be ethnic poetry heard over the din.

The views expressed in the Inside Column are those of the author and not necessarily those of The Observer.

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Market Update

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Couple accused of deserting

By BEVIN KOVALIK

MIAMI (AP) — A lawyer for two adopted children of a couple who no longer want them since their adopted daughter des­ troyed their home and busi­ ness told a judge today that's fine with the kids.

"The children don't want to go back," said a lawyer for the family representing the 11-year-old girl and 7-year-old girl, said a hearing where state officials were seeking to place them in foster care.

The hearing was being held to determine whether the children wish to stay with the couple, who is seeking custody.

The couple said the children have made it clear they don't want to return to their previous home, which was destroyed by fire several months ago.

"The children don't want to go back," said the lawyer for the couple. "They have been through a lot and they don't want to go through it again."
SITUATION DESPERATE IN SARAJEVO, ACCORDING TO U.N. OFFICIAL

YUGOSLAVIA (AP) — Serbian police in Sarajevo reportedly clashed with ethnic Albanian demonstrators in a bid to keep them from＋a march in the southern Kosovo province, the next potential hot spot of ethnic violence in what used to be Yugoslavia.

In Sarajevo, the senior United Nations official in the splintered Yugoslavia said the situation was "imperative" in the Bosnian capital. Cedric Thornberry said crews were trying to restore water and electricity before the onset of winter were coming under frequent gunfire.

Fighting convulsed parts of Sarajevo as Government repulsed Serbian attacks in the western suburb of Stup, and mortar rounds targeted several other city sectors.

Tension rose over a U.N. "no-fly" zone in Bosnia-Herzegovina. The commander of the rebel Bosnian Serb air warplanes threatened to defy the order. In Washington, U.S. officials said the government was consulting allies on a response to reports Serb bombers were already violating the flight ban.

"While the ban is in place, we are increasingly concerned," Thornberry said, adding that the force had no authority to enforce the ban.

"You know, Prime Minister Milosevic is not interested in calms and announced he would travel to the predominately Albanian province Tuesday.

"Ethnic Albanians have been agitating for greater autonomy for years."

Opposition leaders in Belgrade have repeatedly charged that Serbia's hard-line leader, Slobodan Milosevic, could exploit violence in Kosovo to undermine Panic's efforts to end the Yugoslav crisis.

Milosevic, leader of Serbia's former Communist party, has accused Panic of being too conciliatory in trying to end the isolation of Yugoslavia, now only Serbia and tiny Montenegro. Milosevic's strong support for Serb militants in Croatia and Bosnia brought severe U.N. trade sanctions on Yugoslavia.

In Kosovo, protest organizers said perhaps 500,000 ethnic Albanians who tried to enter the university building in downtown Pristina.

"We are in the early stages of this conflict," he said. "It is important through involvement on the ground to help the people..."

"If we choose to help the people, we can make a difference," he said. "The United Nations is trying to help the people..."

"We can make a difference," he said. "The United Nations is trying to help the people..."

"The primary issue is how to strike a proper balance among the multi-faceted role of the faculty."

"We need to move beyond the shrill rhetoric of de- americans" Malloy said. "We do hope to enhance a younger generation of students who will become the leaders of the faculty."

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"There is no call for that... such that knock that off."

It was the second of four campaign debates this fall, and the fact made it a lively affair, with one exchange after another.

"Don't expect me to use the language of the Washington in-sider," he said in his opening statement. "The centerpiece of my campaign is research and a proper balance among the multi-faceted role of the faculty..."

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By MARY DIVIS
News Writer

Young women artists who are not aware of their history of struggle are doomed to repeat it, according to hospice Schoettle, a noted feminist artist. Schoettle, in her lecture, "Then and Now," addressed the need for women artists to be aware of their place in the art world.

"I think it's important for women artists to see and portray themselves as artists," she said. "We didn't start yesterday. We've been doing this for a long time."

Schoettle said that she developed an acute interest in the issues of women and their place in the art world in 1972, when she attended the First National Conference of Women and the Arts at the Corcoran Gallery of Art in Washington, D.C.

"It was electrifying to come into an auditorium filled with women artists," she said. "I wish I could give you a feeling of the excitement at the opening of that show."

Schoettle said that she was inspired by a young woman deteriorating in front of their eyes with signs of severe brain swelling," said Makowka. "If we're faced again with this situation tonight, we would have to proceed."

But a medical ethics specialist denounced the pig liver transplant.

"There's absolutely no basis in basic research for trying a pig liver in a human being given the differences in biology between people and pigs," said Arthur Caplan, director of the Biomedical Ethics Center at the University of Pennsylvania.

"But the gap in biology between a pig and a person at the present time is too large to morally justify subjecting any human being to a transplant of organs from a pig," Caplan said in a telephone interview.

Makowka insisted that a pig liver is suitable as a temporary measure.

"I understand his concerns but Dr. Caplan hasn't had the benefit of years of research" into transplanted pig livers, Makowka said.

Cedars-Sinai said Monday that the pig liver transplant was a world's first.

But a La Jolla surgeon, Dr. Gustavo Kuster, senior consultant on general surgery at Scripps Clinic and Research Foundation, said two such transplants done in Belgium in 1972 were cited in a 1976 book he edited. One patient died and the other survived after the temporary transplant, he said.

The Observer/Scott Mendenhall

Los Angeles (AP) — Surgeons who tried to save a dying woman by implanting a pig's liver defended the effort Tuesday in the face of criticism that it was morally and scientifically unjustified.

The operation was a temporary measure to keep her alive until a human liver could be available.

"We were faced with a young woman deteriorating in front of our eyes with signs of severe brain swelling," said Makowka.

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ENVIRONMENT

World leads way; Bush drag feet

BY DOMINIC MANZO

This summer, representatives and heads of state from many nations around the globe met in Rio de Janeiro to debate and sign provisional treaties on the environment at the United Nations Conference on Environment and Development. One of the major international accord that was reached at the conference was Agenda 21, which calls for "integrated activities to reduce waste, improve energy efficiency, and promote sustainable economic development." Unfortunately, the U.S. tarnished this treaty by refusing to sign the finance accord. This recognition of the importance of, and the promise for action, of the environment is unprecedented at this international summit despite the U.S.'s efforts.

The CCC, which the U.S. did sign, was originally aimed at limiting the threat of global warming by putting restrictions and limits on emission levels. The U.S. refused to commit to specific targets and timetables. Bush claims that U.S. cutbacks would be "ineffective, pork projects, and will not protect the environment," but the U.S. helped fund these efforts. Bush's reasoning is preposterous. He is willing to spend huge sums to help the developing nations out of work. I refuse to accept the argument that the U.S. will not sign a treaty that puts too many expense of the environment. Even though the U.S. is [not] prepared to reduce its standard of living."

The BDC, which Bush did not sign, will bind states to protect genetic resources harbored within indigenous plants and animals. The U.S. rejected the BDC because of substantive economic benefits if the BDC is adopted. New and increased development will come back to haunt us."

Unfortunately, the U.S. does not seem to be one of the few nations interested in the environment and does not share this commitment. As Bush said, "I will not sign a treaty that puts too many American workers out of work."

But according to Dave Young of WorldWatch Institute in Washington, D.C., what we need to focus on is re-education at the source. Young, as well as many other environmentalists, advocates recycling as a consumption pattern. "We can't keep consuming the way we do," Young said, "or in the end it will come back to haunt us."

In the meantime, patterns of trash disposal will continue to be determined by economic restrictions; which means that, until the technology exists to completely recycle all of the trash produced on a football field, the majority of it will continue to end up in the landfills.

Huddle to begin new poly recycling program

BY KATHY RUTKOWSKI

Visitors to the Huddle recently have been welcomed by a sign reading "University Food Services Recycling Center - Coming Soon."

The purpose of the recycling center, according to Dave Prentkowski, director of Food Services, is to promote the recycling of polystyrene.

"Thieves of Terra," according to Prentkowski, will consist of two large containers in the Huddle in which customers will deposit their styrofoam products. They will be four different compartments in each: one for polystyrene, another for glass containers, one for newspapers, and a last which will hold the rest of the refuse.

"Now it's pretty much common n...

Gas mileage shows improvement since 1987

WASHINGTON (AP) — While consumers continue to use slightly more gasoline per mile in 1993 cars compared with the previous year, automakers have made considerable improvements in fuel mileage since the mid-1980s, according to government figures.

The Environmental Protection Agency's annual fuel economy statistics, covering more than 1,000 vehicles, show that 1993 cars coming into showrooms are expected to get 28.1 miles per gallon on average, a half percentage point higher than 1992 models.

But that number is no higher than the mileage achieved by new cars six years ago, says the EPA. Since then, mileage has remained fairly stagnant, and in some years even dropped a percentage point or so as automakers put more emphasis on larger cars and performance vehicles.

The E.P.A. 1993 model mileage list contained the same engines and model years — all in the mini-compact category — got 50 or more mpg.
Slanted calls make circus of game

Clinton's record exemplifies concern for mothers, children

Dear Editor:

I wish that The Observer would please try to refrain from editorializing in their headlines. In an arena where differences of several percentage points frequently determine the choice of whatever elected official, a 41 to 38 percent margin for Bill Clinton in The Observer's latest poll must certainly be classified as a lead.

I doubt that any responsible journalist would have announced a tie on Monday morning had Notre Dame managed a 41-38 score against Stanford, and political reporting, some would venture to say, should be held to the same level of journalistic integrity as sports reporting.

Ben Schwartz
Sorin Hall
Oct. 7, 1992

Editor's note: The margin of error in the poll was 5 percent, causing ambiguity in determining a clear-cut winner with only a 3 percent difference.

Clinton's record exemplifies concern for mothers, children

Dear Editor:

Arriving at Notre Dame, a Liberal Arts University, I was expecting to see diversity and open-mindedness towards issues. However, I was surprised to see how conservative and ignorant many of the students are in their thinking.

I was offended at the letter stating that Governor Bill Clinton cares nothing for mothers and their children. His record as Governor of Arkansas exemplifies his concern for the people of his state, third, after Oklahoma and Texas, in the organization and improvement of state economy.

Clearly, Governor Clinton has been, and is currently, working for the benefit of the nation's children. Knowing this is just another reason to vote for Governor Clinton to be the next president of the United States.

Michelle Di Re
Pangborn Hall
Oct. 1, 1992

‘Politics are usually the executive expression of human immaturity.’

Vera Brittain
Express some queries at: QUOTES, P.O. Box Q, ND 46556
President Bush will put children, families first

Dear Editor:
In the Oct. 5 edition of The Observer, Theresa Aleman quoted Claire Johnson, a member of the Notre Dame Right to Life organization, as saying that "4,400 babies (are) killed daily..." Assuming that Johnson meant that 4,400 women choose to terminate pregnancies every day, can you imagine 4,400 unwanted children born daily? Legislation restricting elective abortions oppresses women who choose to terminate their pregnancies, economically and, professionally.

Restricting abortions will not stop an unwanted abortion from free to walk away from unplanned pregnancies, but women are imprisoned by the social stigma, financial burdens, and a new group of restrictions on an unplanned pregnancy, and of an unwanted child.

Not everyone faced with an unplanned pregnancy has the image portrayed by the Arthur D. Rossi Foundation anti-abortion commercials plaguing the television airwaves with happy, healthy toddlers in private school uniforms. Conversely, the results of unwanted pregnancies of those who cannot afford to carry through a pregnancy, much less raise a child. Adoption is not always a solution. Although we see advertisements from seemingly well-prepared potential adoptive parents in The Observer daily, this opportunity is not offered to women living hand-to-mouth in the run-down inner-city neighborhoods who are accidentally impregnated. Neither are these opportunities for adoption available to drug addicts.

As women who choose to terminate pregnancies do so because they are not supposed to force these women to carry their unplanned pregnancies to term and raise unwanted children, is this not the case? Consider the consequences of child abandonment and abuse

Socially, the unwed woman who chooses to raise an unwanted child is more likely to endure unmerited pre judgments against her character and work ethic. The married woman with an unwanted pregnancy is subjected to unwelcome con gratulations and probably to frigid cheerfulness. Can you imagine trying to convince acquaintances that you and your spouse really do not want to have a child, while you are six months pregnant. Premarital care and child rear ing are no small financial undertakings. One should not be subjected to "wishing it" when she knows that she cannot afford to raise a child. Having a child restrains one's economic, professional, and personal freedom.

As women of unplanned pregnancies and unwanted children are not afforded the same luck that an affluent child's chance, those who care for the pregnancy may escape all responsibility by just walking away. One cannot tell that he is a party to an unplanned pregnancy by looking at him. He is not bound to raise an unwanted child financially, and his professional endeavors are not restricted by responsibilities to an unwanted child. Women have as much right to social, economic, and professional freedom as men. To force one to elect to terminate an unwanted pregnancy is not equal to electing to terminate an unwanted pregnancy, and of an unwanted child.

Katherine Walsh
LeMans Hall
Oct. 6, 1992
20 years of Coeducation

WE'RE GLAD YOU'RE HERE

above: A banner hung from the windows of south dining hall welcomes women to Notre Dame as its first year of coeducation commenced.

below right: Two Notre Dame women enjoy the comforts of their room in Farley Hall.

BY MONICA YANT

The year was 1972. Notre Dame—a one-time bastion of Catholic masculinity—became a co-educational institution. People had talked about it for years and signs began to show in the early 1960s. A co-exchange program with Saint Mary’s College was instituted in 1965, allowing students from both schools to sample academic offerings. Plans for a merger with Saint Mary’s looked promising. During the 1970-71 academic year, administrators from both institutions examined the possibilities. In May of 1971, the trustees of both schools gave the merger a green light. But something went awry in the fall of 1971. Financial problems seemed to hamper the merger, raising the question of whether to institute a unified budget plagued members of the Notre Dame and Saint Mary’s Inter- Institutional Team. The logistics of the merger were also an issue, as administrators had trouble deciding which programs would be housed on which campus. An official announcement terminating unification plans came Nov. 30, 1971. Officials from both schools cited financial and administrative problems as the chief obstacles to the merger.

The immediate reaction on both campuses was shock and anger. A group of 1,300 students, many from Saint Mary’s, boycotted classes. Demonstrators from both schools worked to pressure the schools into changing their minds. But the decision to halt the merger did not squelch Notre Dame’s interest in bringing women to campus, it merely changed the way they would be admitted. Included in the termination statement was the University’s decision to admit women in the fall of 1972. Officials said the move would make Notre Dame “more humankind” because “an all male institution is totally unrealistic.” Notre Dame enrolled 365 females that year, 125 of them freshmen. Of the 365, 211 were transfers from Saint Mary’s. The presence of women at an historically all-male school brought immediate change to Notre Dame, both structurally and emotionally. Walsh and Badmin Halls were converted into women’s residence halls at a cost of almost $150,000. Washing machines and dryers were installed. An ironing room was designated. Full-length mirrors were placed in each of the newly-painted pastel rooms. Female security guards were hired and card-lock systems were implemented to protect the new students. In the bookstore, feminine items were stocked for the first time. Even the infirmary was renovated to accommodate the new students, although requests to hire a gynecologist were denied. Women at Notre Dame experienced more than a cultural shock. Their arrival coincided with the growth of the women’s movement. Female students pressed for greater concern for women’s issues and the need for equality among the sexes. The integration process went relatively smoothly. By 1975, the undergraduate student body had a ratio of four men to every woman, up from 17:1 in 1972. In 1976, the first 125 women undergraduates received diplomas from Notre Dame. Gradually, more residence halls were designated for women and a greater presence of women in academic and social settings was thought to have improved relations. But the status of women at the University was still being examined in a critical light as the 1980s approached. An April 1982 special anniversary section in The Observer, “Women at Notre Dame,” looked into the progress made by co-education over 10 years. Complaints that lack of social space inhibited relations between the sexes were prevalent, as were comments that students at Notre Dame were still unsure of how to interact. Women were uncomfortable with the idea of asking men on dates, while male students found it hard to understand the concept of male-female friendships. Segregation in the dining halls, at popular bars and in classrooms was still a norm, further stifling relations. Even in 1982, with an undergraduate population of almost 2,000 women, both sexes still suffered from tension, and often resentment. "Before women were admitted, Notre Dame was known as a male bastion. Now, with women getting into the spotlight, competing in all areas, men feel they have to be more macho," said Father John Van Wulkvare, then vice- president for Student Affairs. Female students at Notre Dame struggled to break the mold and fight stereotypes. Beyond the problems on their own campus, the female minority continued to suffer from strained relations with women at Saint Mary’s. "It strikes me that there’s this woman against woman" thing—it’s about damn time we started turning the tables," said Father John Van Wulkvare.

Editor’s note: This special section commemorates this year’s 20th anniversary of co-education at Notre Dame. Because of Notre Dame’s Sesquicentennial, the University will not officially commemorate this anniversary of co-education, but will instead celebrate its 25th anniversary, according to Dennis Moore, director of Public Relations and Information. In upcoming months, The Observer’s Accent department will examine various issues relating to co-education. The editors extend special thanks to Charles Lamb and Jennifer Webber in University Archives, without whose help this section could not have been produced. All photos compliments of University Archives.

Section Staff: Jeanne Bash Marguerite Schropp

pulling together," said 1982 Saint Mary’s Student Body President Eileen Murphy. "Notre Dame females agreed. "People characterize the typical 'SMC chick' based on a minority and assume it fits all Saint Mary’s students. And this is stereotypes continue," said one student.

This story originally appeared in an Observer Sesquicentennial special section March 20, 1992.

Jahnelle Harrigan
Monica Han

Monica Han

Jeanne Bash
Marguerite Schropp
Notre Dame men react to big changes

By LAURIE SESSA
Assistant Arts Editor

To many Notre Dame men, it was long overdue.

The decision for co-education was viewed as an inevitable occurrence by most men on campus during the 1960s. But while they welcomed the idea, it was the little changes that men had to adjust to.

John Dampeer, a 1974 Notre Dame graduate and co-captain of the football team, said that most people were confident that co-education would be instituted. "Generally, everyone saw it in a positive light. The only surprise was the failure of the merger with Saint Mary's," he said.

Co-education was considered the pathway to modernization, according to John Abowd, editor-in-chief of the Observer in 1972. "We could not be avoided to get into the mainstream of modern society," he said.

"The process went pretty smoothly," said Abowd. Dating and the social life on campus did not change very much because of Notre Dame's past relationship with Saint Mary's, according to Abowd. "There were just the usual juvenile displays of affection," he said.

But structural changes caused inconveniences for many men.

Men living in Walsh and Badin halls were forced to move when the two dorms were renovated to make room for the incoming women.

Gerald Lutkus, a 1974 Notre Dame graduate, lived in Badin when the decision was made to convert to a women's dorm. He had to adjust to visiting his girlfriend in the dorm he used to live in when she moved into Badin.

According to Lutkus, the transition was difficult because the residents of Badin were "a close cohesive group and it was said to see someone split up.

There was some resentment from men who became separated from their friends, but many people saw the trouble as compromises that were "the price to pay for modernization," Abowd said.

Badin and Walsh underwent renovations totalling $150,000 including new paint, sinks, and medicine chests. But the women's renovations were judged by some as "had been reasonably sloppy before and hadn't had anyone to rub you y y u y y u y i

Another change that Lutkus noticed on campus was men's behavior in the dining halls. After women were admitted, he said "food fights diminished. There was an effort to get guys more focused on the political and intellectual aspects of life like Vietnam. We weren't so focused on the changing social institution.

"The novelty aspect wore off pretty quickly," said Abowd.

But structural changes caused inconveniences for many men.

Men living in Walsh and Badin halls were forced to move when the two dorms were renovated to make room for the incoming women.

Jim Hunt, a 1973 Notre Dame graduate, agreed that the presence of women somewhat "cleaned up" the dining halls. Men "had been reasonably sloppy before and hadn't had anyone to impress," he said.

Lutkus said that the social life and class structure did not change dramatically with co-education, but that men had to get used to attending class with "three-hundred incredibly top-notch women." They were high-powered intellectually and maybe intimidated some men in the classroom.

Women were "smart and aggressive," Lutkus said. He described instances where men would stand on the porch of Badin and "rate" the women walking by, but "the girls that came back it and fought against the stereotypes. It was a real learning process for us.

Hunt remembers the first class of women being stereotyped by their male counterparts. "Women were stereotyped from the very beginning as being extremely bright and more concerned with academics than social life. But I realized that it wasn't true pretty quickly, and most others figured it out, too," he said.

Davit Yates, Notre Dame senior class president in 1975, said that "for those ladies that did make it, they were a small number from a large applicant pool and they were going against tougher standards. This made them a subject of joking on part of the guys because of the ratio they had that year. But I don't remember them being a subject of stereotyping.

Hunt also mentioned the ratio of men to women affecting social life. "Men could get a date by petitioning the women eight months in advance," he said.

Co-education "was a real turning point in terms of attitudes at Notre Dame," said Lutkus. "It was a long slow road."

Saint Mary's merger falls

By ANNA MARIE TABOR
Saint Mary's Editor

Tell a Saint Mary's first-year student she came to the College for the benefits of Notre Dame and you're likely to get a dirty look.

Twenty years ago you might have been right on target.

But structural changes caused inconveniences for many men.

Students enrolling at Saint Mary's for the fall of 1972 were promised a joint degree between the then all-male University of Notre Dame and Saint Mary's College.

"The national trend at the time was in favor of co-education, and we got kind of caught up in it," said Sister Basil Anthony O'Flynn, vice-president of Fiscal Affairs in 1971.

But while some institutions like Yale, Dartmouth, and Princeton may have succeeded in co-education, Notre Dame and Saint Mary's did not.

What went wrong in the realization of the school as Saint Mary's College within the University of Notre Dame involved time, money, and planning. There was deficiency in all three.

Plans for co-education began in March, 1970, when trustees from Saint Mary's and Notre Dame decided that a merger would simply be an expansion of the existing co-exchange program between the two schools, according to "A Panorama," a book tracing the history of Saint Mary's by the College's Sister Immaculate Creek.

The Executive Committee of Notre Dame and Saint Mary's hired objective academic consultants Lewis Mayhew and Rosemary Park to construct an ideal model of a merger. The study began in the fall of 1970 and was met with some apprehension from Saint Mary's.

At the College community feared losing its traditional identity, faculty groups proposed co-education plans balancing Saint Mary's independence and merger with Notre Dame, according to "A Panorama.

Ten months later, the Park-Mayhew report was complete and in agreement with faculty groups. Park-Mayhew offered a comprehensive plan including board action, faculty, degrees, student life, and cooperation.

In spite of the plan's caution against "premature action," Notre Dame wished to merge immediately, causing Saint Mary's anxiety to surface again.

The two executive committees met again on March 21, 1971, where they agreed on a merger between the schools. The Joint Statement on Unification was signed by both parties on May 14, 1971.

But no sooner had the decision been made when problems surfaced. The committee agreed that the "new identity" of the unification inevitably meant loss of identity for Saint Mary's as the College would be obsolete under the Dome except in name.

The public promises for co-education soon went bad.

Unanticipated financial and administrative hurdles proved too high to clear. The pressure of meeting deadlines, such as second-semester planning and faculty contract renewals, increased the chances for a failed merger.

After a series of meetings, the Boards of Trustees and Administrative Officers of Notre Dame and Saint Mary's decided that "the two schools were unable to solve financial and administrative problems connected with the proposed unification," according to a press release issued on Nov. 30, 1971.

The release promised continued cooperation between the schools in academic, social, cultural and spiritual areas while
protested the discontinued merger.
Saint Mary's English professor Elizabeth Noel was dissatisfied with the decision, but she emphasized that there was no single prevailing attitude among faculty. "It seemed to me that if Notre Dame went co-ed, which it undoubtedly would, that Saint Mary's would suffer. And it did. They dreamed the top off our student body."

"I'm not sure that Saint Mary's has ever regained the kind of status that we had before the merger," she said.

Saint Mary's student reaction included petitions demanding both schools to continue merger negotiations in 1972 and for equal student representation on trustees' decision-making committees, according to a South Bend Tribune article on Dec. 10, 1971.

Legal action was taken. An attorney was hired by Saint Mary's Student Government for misrepresentation in Saint Mary's brochures sent out to freshmen promising "students at the university, meeting the same requirements, having the same classes, and earning the same degrees."

Students boycotted classes and an assembly was held in O'Laughlin Auditorium on Dec. 1, 1971, to allow the Board of Trustees and administration to appear before the firing squad of angry students.

"I remember being unable to take a couple of finals because we were so embroiled in the protest. It was really very emotional," said Yoes, recalling subsequent demonstrations.

Other reactions included holding the spring tuition/room and board payment of $1,720, letters to parents, alumnae, trustees, registering for Notre Dame classes only, and requesting transcripts to transfer.

The event even captured national media attention. NBC and CBS news interviewed 1971 Saint Mary's student body president, Kathy Barlow, and National Public Radio did a 10-minute documentary on the situation.

Not all responses to the Trustees were demanding, however. Some students even proposed alternative solutions.

The Hall Presidents' Council suggested waiting for Saint Mary's to have a change of heart. A coordinator would be appointed to organize co-ed housing on both campuses as well as medical services, security departments, placement bureaus, admission offices, public relations, and development departments to name a few.

In spite of the sentiments in favor of co-education, termination of the merger was made official on February 29, 1972.

"Morale was terrible," Mandell said of the Saint Mary's community. "There was a delineated image of Saint Mary's students and their abilities. They tended to think of themselves as second class citizens," she said.

A lack of credibility in the administration caused a complete turnover and the 1972-73 classes were led by a new president and dean, according to Mandell. The administration of President Jack Dugan brought changes in the Saint Mary's curriculum, reestablishment of the nursing program, and financial solvency.

"We did not fall apart," Mandell said of the Saint Mary's community. "We had great students and administrators, and a very strong identity."

"We were very proud of ourselves as second class citizens," she added.

"A lot of us who felt that we didn't have a voice in the decision-making process, we were very angry," said Yielding.

Willing agreed. "We had stereotypes about Saint Mary's women—that they were more 'dressed to kill' and were only looking for husbands."

"Stereotypes were held by non-students, as well. One professor told a class that the only reason parents would send their daughters to Notre Dame was to find a good husband, according to Yielding."

Women also faced opposition in social situations. Willing remembers the first time she and a friend entered North Dining Hall for dinner. "There was dead silence," she said of the men's surprise at seeing the women. "Part of the pressure might be that so many people came from single-sex high schools and they weren't used to having the opposite sex in classes and other situations," Willing said.

A parietals system kept men and women even more separate, and dating difficulties resulted. "There were always complaints that the interaction (between men and women) wasn't very good," said Willing. "We once figured out that each woman at Notre Dame could have 42 dates each weekend because of the ratio of men to women."

"I didn't feel intimidated by going to a male school—I was more intimidated by Emil T. Hoffman's chemistry quizzes."

—Rebecca Code, 1976 ND graduate

But in many cases, this did not occur. "I think that a lot of people felt that the guys wouldn't ask girls out because they thought that they already had dates. And then the girls would just sit at home. That was one misconception," said Code.

While social situations and stereotypes sometimes caused problems, the First Notre Dame women were strong in academic life.

"There weren't any women that had difficulty with the academics—Notre Dame made sure they were eating the cream of the crop," said Willing.

But it wasn't always easy. "Men and women were not consistently seen as equals."

"I had one teacher who used to say how much higher the women's score was than men's. That made things a little uncomfortable," said Willing.

And even when they were seen as equals, women faced challenges. Willing was the only woman in her life-saving class for physical education, and she felt she was unfairly treated as "one of the guys." "I had to pull a 180 pound man out of the water—it was really difficult," she said.

But beyond the many challenges, some had few problems moving into a previously all-male university. "I was more intimidated by going to a male school," said Code.

"I was more intimidated by Emil T. Hoffman's chemistry quizzes. I never really got the impression that I shouldn't be there—the guys I hung out with were very accepting."
By JONATHAN JENSEN
Sports Writer

With the arrival of women at Notre Dame in 1972 came the advent of women's athletics, one that just 20 years later boasts national rankings, post-season berths and envy among competitors.

"It's been a long and arduous process," noted Notre Dame Assistant Athletic Director Missy Conboy. "To say you're going to become a national power overnight, that just doesn't happen. A lot of things have to fall into place.

And they have, since the first women's athletic organization—a fencing club for Mary's students and ND faculty daughters—began in 1970. The club was organized by Mike DeCicco, who by his 33rd year coaching fencing at Notre Dame. DeCicco was later approached by then Executive Vice President Father Edmund Joyce about expanding the opportunities for females in athletics.

"(Joyce) wanted to make athletics available to (women) even before we had the facilities," said DeCicco—noting that his current office was probably the first women's locker room on campus.

"He nearly doubled the fencing program's budget, expressly to outfit the new women's team. That was a signal to make sure that women were treated the same as men, they were given top equipment. He didn't care how much it cost, he wanted it to get done," DeCicco said.

BY 1974, Notre Dame had fencing as the first women's varsity sport. Field hockey would follow, as "That (fencing and field hockey) was the advent of women's athletics," said Boulac, who as an assistant football coach at the time, "was perceived that the hockey program came at the beginning of the women's sports on campus. We've tried to respond to the genuine and legitimate interests of the athletes.

Starting from scratch
For Notre Dame, a major challenge was starting the women's athletic programs from scratch.

"We mini-malized our scholarship aid in the beginning," noted Boulac, "we have won 1988-89 MCC Coach-of-the-Year honors for Notre Dame's first season of women's softball and hockey and who has had three national sorority titles at Notre Dame.

Women's softball won two straight MCC titles as Rosehill increased the program's scholarships and recruiting budgets.

"The credit goes to the girls because without their work ethic and ability it would not have grown as quickly as it did," said Boulac, who has since handed coaching duties to Liz Zornr.
A quest for truth down Sesame Street

"E" rule is dead," she said. "Sesame Street wandered each kid about his death, so they gave him leukemia. But I didn't see it — it's only a rumor.

My senior year began not with happy results but with uncertainty, which hung from my neck like a rotting albatross.

"Why Ernie? Why not wipe out a herd of albatrosses?" I screamed "The truth you den of vipers — the funereal of Ernie." All the muppets are wondering where Ernie was, waiting for: "Rhubar Ducky, you're the one — you make bath time so much fun." He would never hear it again.

The muppet in the overcoat (who used to whisper "I'm the one that Bradda didn't kill as they say) wouldn't have any one to sell his letters to. He'd end up pushing vias of crack to Grover.

Imagine this scene of horror: "Hi-ho, Kermit the Frog here at a very sad occasion — the funeral of Ernie." All the muppets are wearing black, gathered around Ernie's grave (right next to Mr. Hooper's). Bert, his hair pressed flat by the drizzle, tosses a black rose onto the tiny coffin. The Count walls "One! One dead Ernie!" Cookie Monster, unable to stomach his grief, binges on raw cookie dough. The eternally confused Big Bird asks, "Why's Rubber Ducky wearing black, gathered around Ernie's grave — and his stomach exploded?"

"Why Ernie? Why not wipe out a herd of albatrosses?" I asked. "We've found stuff in the past: bikes, CB radios, shoes, bottles, rudders, mostly just a bunch of junk," says Tiser. "But one man's junk is their man's treasure. Finding something lost at the bottom of a lake is always interesting."

"Looking into the deep scuba lessons offered to students in St. Joe's Lake"

By JIM VOGL

Award winning 'Lend Me a Tenor' showcased at Saint Mary's College

By MARY MURPHY

The latest Broadway smash to hit the stage at Saint Mary's is none other than the Tony Award winning "Lend Me A Tenor." This popular comedy comes to O'Laughlin Auditorium, Wednesday, October 14 at 8 p.m.

The play stars Burton Archer, a young and rising opera singer; Michael Garziano as Max, an aspiring singer and assistant to the producer; and Lesley Ludwig as Maggie, daughter of the producer and Max's girlfriend.

The setting is Cleveland, 1934 and the story takes place around the Cleveland Opera's production of "Othello." The play is staged in a hotel suite over the course of a day. The comedy begins when Tito, the star of the show, becomes unavailable just before the curtain rises. In an effort to save the evening, the show tries to find a tenor to impersonate Tito.

Written by playwright Ken Ludwig, the comedy won two Tony Awards, four Drama Desk Awards, and three Outer Critics Circle Awards.

Tickets are available at the box office of O'Laughlin Auditorium, Monday through Friday from 10 a.m. to 4 p.m. Tickets are $14 for adults, $12 for senior citizens and $8 for Saint Mary's students, faculty, and staff.
L O S T & F O U N D

LOST Black and Gold Crucifix (Broken from Chain) If found please call Bill x1131

BIG REWARD, no questions asked

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Room & Board! Over 8000 openings. No experience necessary. Male or Female. For employment program call Student Employment Program call Student Employment Program. Call Shirleen at 219-277-9101 or Allison at 219-277-9105.

Earn up to $5000+/month. Free transportation!

Riders needed for October break. However, only one way between Nashville and Bowling. Blue Monday and Tuesday. Please call Anne 284-4425.

NEED a ride to the person who places that ad. Please call Jon 277-0406.

WE FEMALE looking for a ride back to ND from Philly-Wilm.-S.J.u in time for the BYU game, wherever. Will share driving & gas. My #4012

SPRING BREAK! Campus Sales of flowers, Individuals or organizations. High commission, free trip, easy work. Call College Travel 1-800-590-7755 TRIP

FREE to the person who places that ad. Please call Andrew 283-4076.


NEEDS 2 PENN ST GAs PLEASE call. Joe #1395

NEED PENN STATE and STANFORD TIX. CALL JOE OR JAY X1780.

NEED NO FOOTBALL TICKETS, 272-4062

Please help! I'm desperate

I GOT $$! BRIAN x 4073

You have what I need. Please call at 457-5688 or Pat 272-8115.

HELP!!! I need 1 B.C. ticket. Call Mike X5494

NEED PENN ST TIX call 1-800-922-BEAR.

NEED BYU GA'S x 3792

HELP!!! I need a B.C. ticket. Call Dave X1528

NEED PENN State TIX. Call Laurie x3792

HELP!! I need 1 B.C. ticket. Call Mike or G.A.

NEED 1 B.C. ticket to the BYU game. Please call at 273-1566.

HELP!!! I need 1 B.C. ticket. Call Missy X2947

WE FEMALE looking for a ride back to ND from Philly-Wilm.-S.J.u in time for the BYU game, wherever. Will share driving & gas. My #4012

NEED 1 B.C. ticket to the BYU game. Please call at 273-1566.

I need a BC ticket!

HELP!!! I need a B.C. ticket. Call Mike or G.A.

I NEED Penn St. ga's for sale. Call Ben at x3792

CALL BETH

I NEED 2 GOOD BYU GA's to me. Thank you for your help

Joe G. x 1161

WANTED 3 GA's ND VS BYU 10/24 CALL COLLECT 215-355-7317

Tickets needed 10 plus. BYU's Dan #10255 $44

California ALUM desperate for Penn State Tix Top $ Fl P.m. exp. (457-5688 x198)

Need 15 BYU Tix 269-7875

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HELP!!! I need 4 tickets Penn State. Call x3460.

I need a BC ticket!

Need 4 tickets Penn State. Joe #1395

We cannot go to the BYU game, Thanks you for your help

I am a 1 YR. OLD COLLEGE STUDENT EMPLOYED BY STUDENT PANTHERS. I've BEEN PROMOTED TO EXEC POSITION AND NEED MANAGERS FOR SUMMER EMPLOYMENT. Elkhardt, MICH. CITY, LAPORTE, NILES. CALL B.SCHOOL/CLASSROOM EXP. PREFERRED, BUT NOT MUS. MUST HAVE GREAT ADD AND WORK HARD. AVG. EARNINGS 800. CALL 1-800-590-7755 TRIP ASK FOR TOM SMITH

NEED 4 B.C. ticket to the BYU game. Please call at 273-1566.

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I need a ride back to Nashville and Chattanooga on 1/4 in Tennessee. Will help pay for gas, etc.

I need a ride to Nashville and Chattanooga on 1/4 in Tennessee. Will help pay for gas, etc.

I need a ride to or near St. Louis for Fall Break. I will split gas and will pay for the rest. Please call Tim at 1422.

I need a ride back from a small town between Nashville and Chattanooga on 1/4 in Tennessee. Will help pay for gas, etc.

I need a ride to or near St. Louis for Fall Break. I will split gas and will pay for the rest. Please call Tim at 1422.

FRIDAY NEEDED! Fat Break To: Hamburg, Pa. Frederick or Baltimore, Md. Washington, D.C.

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FOR more information and assistance regarding the investigation of financial, business opportunities and work-at-home opportunities, THE OBSERVER urges its readers to contact the Better Business Bureau of Michiana, 23203 Emlen Rd., Suite B, South Bend, IN 46637, 4301; or call the BBB at 219-277-9101 or 800-439-5313.

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Notre Dame's football graduation rate is ranked third in new NCAA report

Special to the Observer

The University of Notre Dame ranked third among all colleges and universities playing Division I-A football in the recent NCAA Graduation-Rates Report, the first such report under the terms of federal law.

Notre Dame football players graduated at an 82 percent rate as calculated by the NCAA—a mark bettered by only Boston College at 85 percent and Duke University at 84 percent. The NCAA statistics reflect the so-called "unadjusted" graduation rate, which regards even students who transfer from a school in good standing as non-graduates, and does not include students who transfer to a school and graduate.

The "refined" graduation rate for Notre Dame football players was 92 percent.

The much-anticipated, 627-page NCAA report provided data for student-athletes who enrolled in 1983-84 and 1984-85 at 297 NCAA Division I schools.

Reflecting a popular concern of collegiate academic and athletic administrators, the NCAA report revealed that African-American football players graduated at a 34 percent rate, compared with 53 percent of white players.

At Notre Dame, however, 82 percent of African-American football players graduated—the highest rate in the country for Division I-A schools with more than 15 African-American recruits.

In addition, the rate for Notre Dame's African-American players was virtually identical to the rate (81 percent) for the University's white players.

The 83 percent graduation rate for all Notre Dame football players was the highest among the sport's traditional powers. Of the top 25 teams in the country in 1997—the year most athletes in the survey would have been eligible for competition—the Notre Dame football team finished the season No. 16 in the field and No. 1 in the classroom. The University of Iowa, at 63 percent, ranked second.

Notre Dame also achieved a higher graduation rate than any of its traditional football rivals—Stanford University 74 percent; the University of Michigan, 60 percent; Penn State University, 56 percent; the University of Miami, 50 percent; and the University of Southern California, 38 percent.

Minneapolis (AP) — Christian Laettner is close to signing a six-year contract with the Minnesota Timberwolves, negotiators on both sides said Tuesday.

"There are reports that we're all done that I wish were true," Timberwolves president Bob Stein said. "We're getting close, but it's not a done deal yet."

Laettner, the third overall pick in the 1992 NBA draft, couldn't be reached for comment.

The Timberwolves, who began workouts last Friday, wrap up the first part of training camp Wednesday morning at St. Cloud State. They then return to Minneapolis before leaving for Thursday night's press conference opener against the New Jersey Nets at Grand Forks, N.D.

"I'm hopeful that we can get him here in time for him to play in our first game," Stein said.

"Assuming everything moves ahead, he can be there," Tellem said. "But there are still some issues that are unresolved. That's the problem. I'd definitely not be a done deal."

Laettner's agent, Ara Tellem, would confirm reports that Laettner's six-year deal would be worth between $20 million and $22 million. If Laettner signs, he'd become the third highest NBA draft choices with contracts.

Questions Call Chris Boone

TORONTO (AP) — It's a problem that pops up every post-season: When making pitching plans, do you use a three-man rotation or four?

The Toronto Blue Jays chose three for the AL playoffs and went with Jack Morris, David Cone and Juan Guzman. The first time around, it looked pretty good.

But now, after watching Morris and Cone get pounded in their second turns, the decision seems shaky.

"I wouldn't want to use it as an excuse at this point," said Cone, who had not started on three days' rest the entire season. "It's a valid question and something to speculate on. You can use it as a factor, not as an excuse.

"My arm felt different out there, but it feels different every day," he said. "That's the starting pitcher's dilemma and he has to deal with it."

The Oakland As went with a four-man rotation of Dave Stewart, Mike Moore, Ron Darling and Bob Welch. Working with the usual four days' rest, they've all pitched pretty well, with the best effort being Stewart's complete-game victory in Game 5 Monday night.

Stewart, given one more day to rest than his Toronto opponents, kept the Athletics alive in the series. Oakland trails 3-2 going into Game 6 Wednesday. Guzman is scheduled to start on three days' rest. Moore will work with four days between starts.

"I always have my good stuff," Guzman said. "I could pitch on two days' rest. It's no problem." That's what the Blue Jays thought about Morris and Cone, too.

But in Game 4, he was out of it in the first inning, not logging five walks in only 3 1-3 innings, and luckily wound up with a no-decision.

Morris has won his last seven decisions on three days' rest. Cone was 6-2 with a 1.74 ERA on three days until Monday's debacle.

Now, who shut out Oakland for eight innings in Game 2, was ripped for six runs on six hits and two walks in four innings.

"Both guys coming back didn't pitch as good," said Jimmy Key, who was bumped from Toronto's rotation. "It's something management is going to have to look at."

Blue Jays manager Cito Gaston admitted he was worried about the hidden turnaround in his starters, although there's not a lot he can do about it now. His only option is to make a decision to start Todd Stottlemyre in place of Guzman.

"I wish I knew why," he said. "If I did, I'd do something about it. I can't really answer that."

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Pirates
continued from page 16
July 14 in San Diego. And Glavine was just as awful as he was in the All-Star game.

Glavine allowed seven straight hits in that one, and what prevented that from occurring again was Atlanta's spring training-like defense.

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Laettner close to a deal

Chicago Sun-Times

NOTRE DAME'S (AP) — Christian Laettner is close to signing a six-year contract with the Minnesota Timberwolves, negotiators on both sides said Tuesday.

"There are reports that we're all done that I wish were true," Timberwolves president Bob Stein said. "We're getting close, but it's not a done deal yet, you never know."

Laettner's agent, Ara Tellem, said: "We're very close but it's not a done deal yet."

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Class

Class closed from page 10

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1. Virginia 12-0

2. UCLA 9-1-1

3. UNC Charlotte 8-0-1

4. Creighton 9-2

5. Bowling Green 9-3

6. S. Carolina 10-0-2

7. Washington 9-3-1

8. NC State 7-2-2

9. Penn State 10-0-2

10. Kansas State 6-2-1

11. St. Louis 9-2-1

12. Duke 9-2-1

13. Boston 7-4

14. Portland 6-3-3

15. SMU 9-3-1

16. SMU 8-1-0

17. Central Florida 9-2-1

18. William & Mary 6-3-3

19. Western Carolina 7-2-1

20. Duke College 7-2-1

21. Notre Dame 7-4-1

22. NC State 10-1-0

23. Wisconsin (Mad.) 9-3-1

24. NC Greensboro 9-2-0

25. Yale 6-3-3

26. St. Mary's (Cal.) 6-1-0

27. St. Mary's (Cal.) 9-2-1

28. Wake Forest 6-2-1

29. Santa Clara 6-2-1

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17. Central Florida 9-2-1

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20. Duke College 7-2-1

21. Notre Dame 7-4-1

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Flanner, Zahm stay on top in IH football

By TIMOTHY SEYMOUR
Sports Writer

With only one week remaining in the regular season, last weekend's interhall football contests were especially important for teams on the brink of finishing in the top four of their division and thereby advancing into the playoffs.

The first place team in each division stayed on top, as Zahm improved 4-0 to lead the Blue division, and Flanner stayed unbeaten at 3-0 to lead the Gold division.

In playoff position behind Zahm in the Blue division are Cavanaugh (3-0), Alumni (2-1) and Keenan (2-2). The Gold division is just as tight at the top, as both off-campus (3-0) and Keenan (1-1) trail by just a half game, while Stanford (1-2) and Dillon (1-2) will battle Wednesday night for the final berth.

Alumni 14, Sorin 11

After losing its first game, Alumni has come roaring back in recent weeks, improving to 2-1 after edging Sorin (1-3). Sorin drew first blood in the contest, scoring a 49-yard field goal after intercepting an Alumni pass on the first possession of the game. However, Alumni, caught a lucky break later in the first half, as on fourth and three a pass was intercepted by the Sorin defense. This fumble was recovered by Cavanaugh's defense, and the Irish cashed in with a touchdown. The win improves Alumni's record to 2-1-1.

Cavanaugh 7, Keenan 0

Cavanaugh continued its domination of Blue division competition, blanking St. Ed's (0-3). Keenan (3-1) trail by just a division and thereby advancing in the top four. The game, which began with a bang, saw both benches cleared. Rich Tooby was the key to anchoring the Keenan defense, as he penetrated the line for a sack, allowing his team to once again come up big in crucial situations, adding a sack just as it seemed Stanford might score.

The game was marked by a brawl that saw both benches clear, forcing the officials to stop the contest with time still left in the fourth quarter.

Keenan 14, Grace 0

The Keenan defense blanked Grace for its third straight shutout, keeping pace with OC in the Gold division. Rich Tooby was the key to anchoring the Keenan defense, as he penetrated the line for a sack, allowing his team to once again come up big in crucial situations, adding a sack just as it seemed Stanford might score.

The game was marked by a brawl that saw both benches clear, forcing the officials to stop the contest with time still left in the fourth quarter.

Keenan's toughness and durability have marked his 13-year career the same way speed and finesse have been the signatures of dozens of other wide receivers who have come and gone while Monken has carried on.

Which isn't to say his career hasn't been without his high lights — there have been 60 touchdowns so far, and he's accumulated 1,311 yards. That works out to an average of 17.2 yards per catch, less than Largent's average of 16 yards for his 819 catches. And Buffalo's James Lofton, who set the NFL yardage record earlier this season, averaged almost 19 yards per catch.

Many of Monken's catches came at a high physical cost, which left him with some pain in his new program.

"The record means a lot to me," Monken said. "It was a play designed for me to catch the ball, and I was just hoping I would be open and I would catch the ball."

The record-breaker, which came on a 49-yard sideline route with tight coverage by Steve Atwater, was last one moment before a high drama in a 34-3 Redskins victory. The leaped score gave the Redskins the lead and showcased Monken, and they didn't disappoint. Monken caught the fourth period with four catches on the night, then caught his fifth — and final — of the night on a 46 -yard sideline pass with about four minutes left.

On the next play, he tied Largent's record, breaking off a 37-yard run and setting a tackle for an 18-yard gain. The roar at RFK Stadium was growing by the second as everybody in the place knew what was coming next.

But first the Redskins had to hurdle. Quarterback Mark Rypien stepped back to the foot, looking anxiously to the sideline for the play as if he were about to make a big decision.

Monken said emotions ran high before the record-setting play. "I was thinking, 'Oh, I'm going to call it and someone — I think it was Tony Richardson,'" Monken said. "I think he said, 'I'm going for it.'"

"That kind of put the pressure on my shoulders," Monken said. "On the left, I was going to go up the middle and try to get me a touch down. On the right I would be open and I would catch the ball."

Rypien stood shifting from foot to foot, looking anxiously to the sideline for the play as if he were about to make a big decision.

Monken lined up on the left, went in motion to the right and called a play. Rypien then took the line of scrimmage as Rypien took the ball from center. The line of scrimmage and the line of scrimmage as Rypien took the ball from center. The line of scrimmage and the line of scrimmage as Rypien took the ball from center. Then Mark cut right, turned, caught the ball and fell out of bounds as Atwater jumped on his back.

Dean continued from page 16

Dean believes that the team will continue to improve and hopes that the team's success will continue into postseason play.

"We're definitely expecting to win the MCC tournament this year. That would get us an automatic bid in the NCAA tournament," the coach said. "Our main objective is to eventually take the conference."

Dean should know something about domination in soccer. As the No. 1-ranked Jeff Cut Prep won all 41 games in which he played. He did not compare that to his year as first at Notre Dame, though.

"Last year's team had a stronger core, played winning than any team I played for in high school," he said.

Dean says that his fellow defensemen are not troubled by the recent scoring statistics. They find more picturesque ways to inspire themselves.

"Getting less recognition doesn't affect us. We're happy with our record as a team. We take pride in ourselves as a defensive unit."

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The Recorder-breaking catch was a vintage work of Art

WASHINGTON (AP) — The record-breaker was vintage Art Monk: A sideline slant pattern that Monk caught just after the Denver safety draped himself over the NFL's most prolific receiver.

"I'm not a big-play receiver," the soft-spoken Monk said.

Monday he was moved to the ball well all game against O-C, Mitchell leading the offense. Engineer Mike Lauinger was the key to anchoring the Keenan defense, as he penetrated the line for a sack, allowing his team to once again come up big in crucial situations.

The game was marked by a brawl that saw both benches clear, forcing the officials to stop the contest with time still left in the fourth quarter.

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**Volleyball slips past Bowling Green**

By DAN PIER
Sports Writer

Notre Dame head volleyball coach Debbie Brown often takes pride in the fact that her team does what it takes to win. Matches like last night’s victory over Bowling Green State, however, is not quite what Brown hopes for when she uses that terminology. The Irish struggled all night and prevailed only after facing four Falcon match points, 15-10, 9-15, 12-15, 11-15, 16-16.

“I don’t want any more of these,” Brown exclaimed. “As usual, I’m extremely pleased that we won. I just wish we wouldn’t struggle so much sometimes. We just weren’t sharp tonight.”

The Irish were just sharp enough, though, being spurred on by a strong bench and a clutch performance by the front line late in game five.

Sophomore outside hitter Nicole Coates played the last three games, racking up eleven kills and three service aces, while first year setter Shannon Tuttle also played three games and contributed 42 assists. Five of Notre Dame’s last seven points came on block kills.

After winning the first game, Notre Dame was plagued with sloppy spells most of the rest of the way. The Irish committed eight errors en route to dropping game two. Coates gave the Irish a lift in game three, however, spraying five kills and serving all three of her aces. Tuttle set up most of the team’s 23 kills.

“Our bench definitely helped us tonight,” Brown reported. “Nicole did a good job, and Shannon came in and picked up the team. She deserved to stay in there.”

Notre Dame stumbled in game four again, committing five service errors. Bowling Green scored eight unanswered points to take a 9-5 lead and cruised.

In game five, the Falcons took the lead 4-1. After battling to a 13-11 deficit, though, the Irish came through in the clutch. Marilyn Cragin pounded out two big kills after that point, while Cragin, Cynthia May, Jessica Fiebelkorn, and Tuttle combined for five block kills. A block also caused the Falcons to hit the ball long to end the match.

“Real important,” Brown said of her net defense. “We knew where they were going but they were just getting balls through us. In game five, we had finally seen it enough times that we were able to execute.”

Chris Peters led the Irish offense with 22 kills. Fiebelkorn had 34 digs. Love led the Falcons with 24 kills and 25 digs, while Costein contributed 21 kills and 23 digs.

**The Observer**

is now accepting applications for the following paid position:

**Asst. Saint Mary’s Editor**

Contact Anna Marie Tabor at 239-5303 or 284-5440 for more information.
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JAY HOSLER

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Saint Mary's Pasta Bar Chicken Breast Pueblo Turkey Cutlets

LECTURES

Wednesday


7 p.m. Lecture, "Importance of Voting - Current Events," U.S. Congressman Tom Bonner, Stapleton Lounge, LeMans Hall, Saint Mary's College. Sponsored by Saint Mary's College. Admission free to Saint Mary's and Notre Dame students.

CAMPUS

Wednesday

8 p.m. Broadway Play, "Lend Me a Tenor." National touring production. O'Laughlin Auditorium, Saint Mary's College. Admission fee. Sponsored by Saint Mary's College.

8 p.m. "A Celebration - 1492 New World: 1992 One World," Saint Mary's College community members offer poetry and prose about their experience of ethnicity with open

It's never too early to start thinking about your costume for the biggest Halloween celebration ever!

October 31st at The Club
9-2
must be 21
INSIDE SPORTS

■ Volleyball defeats Bowling Green see page 14
■ John Coyle wants to be part of a championship team see page 14
■ II football roundup see page 13

On Top of Sports

Forfeits hamper RecSports competition

In the realm of sports, it really doesn't mean that much, but for the guys and girls winning the RecSports co-rec softball title was pretty important.

It was on a Thursday afternoon just a few weeks ago when my team became co-rec softball champions. The game was tight and went back and forth all the way.

The game was so close that we had to go into extra innings. Then finally in the second extra inning, we were ahead for good and shut the other team down with strong defense and the title was ours.

The competition in the game was excellent. Big hits and sparkling defensive plays were turned in by members of both teams and the guys and the girls could have probably gone either way.

The best part of it was that the game was a lot of fun.

Fun and friendly competition are the purpose of every RecSports league and the RecSports staff does a good job making sure that there are plenty of leagues for a variety of sports. There is only one thing that the RecSports staff can't do - prevent games from being forfeited.

My team had a season record of 6-1 which includes two victories in the tournament. In actuality, we were only 2-5-1, but we still won by forfeit. This statistic casts an ominous shadow on the championship caliber of the team included Mike Bremner, Dave Dame, Wade Bartlett, John Coyle, Jeff Taddio.

Bader named MCC Player of Week

It has been a good week for Notre Dame men's soccer player Bert Bader. Last day's upset being in Soccer America's Collegiate Personality of the Week, Bader registered the 16th shutout in his two-year career and the fifth in 1992 as the Notre Dame Fighting Irish shut out Iowa on Saturday, Oct. 5-11, at Black Beauty Field in Evansville.

For his efforts, he was named the MCC player of the week for Oct. 5-11.

Dean's intensity boosts Irish defense

By TEDS PETERSON

One assist.

That is all you will find in sophomore defenseman Chris Dean's career scoring statistics, but numbers do not come close to measuring his value on the Notre Dame's national soccer team.

When Irish coach Mike Berticelli speaks about Dean, words like "intensity" and "focus" come up often. "He's committed to winning," says Berticelli.

This statement could apply to the whole of the hard-working Irish defense, led also by senior Mario Tricoci, senior Kevin Pendergast, and sophomore Kevin Adkisson.

Dean and company showed that type of commitment again Sunday, as the Irish used unyielding defense to shut out Evansville, 1-0.

Dean and the rest of the Irish defense has played a critical role in the approach of a Notre Dame soccer record. After the Evansville victory, sophomore goalkeeper Bert Bader is only six shutouts away from the Irish career mark.

"We have to go into extra innings. Then finally in the second extra inning, we went down with strong defense and the title was ours," says that Bader's success is one of the points that the defense uses as an acid test for their own performance.

"This defense takes a certain amount of pride when Bert does well," Dean explained. "He's accomplished so much so early in his career.

It is this type of unselfish, team-oriented philosophy that has helped the Notre Dame defense finally gel after a slow start.

"Earlier, we were winning games 3-1 or 4-1 when they should have been shutouts," Dean said. "The rest of the team lost confidence in the defense."

Wakefield, Pittsburgh blast

Atlanta to force seventh game

ATLANTA (AP) — Tim Wakefield and the Pittsburgh Pirates didn't knock out the Atlanta Braves and the win-or-go-home pressure.

The rookie baffle the Braves again with his 13-4 victory. The Pirates forced another seventh game in the National League playoffs.

The Pirates tied the record for most runs in a playoff game. Barry Bonds homered to start the second inning and by the time the Pirates stopped eight runs, the series was tied at three games.

Pittsburgh, which seemed destined for a third straight playoff failure, will try for another record in Game 7. The first NL team to rally from a 3-1 deficit and win the playoffs. They'll also try to duplicate Bader's bid to them last year, rallying from 3-2 down by winning the final two games on the road.

"We were in an oxygen test for a couple of days," manager Jim Leyland said. "We had to win that game."

On Wednesday night, John Smoltz, who already beaten Pittsburgh twice, will oppose Doug Drabek, who lost his last three starts but hasn't had a four-game losing streak since 1989.

Here's another number to ponder: in 12 of the last 13 playoff series, the team that won the penultimate game also won the series.

"Maybe we were a Baptist preacher to come in and redeem us," Braves manager Bobby Cox said. "They have given us the opportunity of a lifetime, and I didn't want to blow it."

The Knuckleball Kid has beaten Braves 20-game winner Tom Glavine twice, a remarkable feat considering he was in the minors when Glavine started the All-Star game against Toronto. The Blue Jays' manager? Bobby Cox.

"Two of the best pitchers in baseball will decide it now, but I'd have rather lost this way than lose 2-1 on a bloop hit in the 10th," Cox said.

If we haven't done anything yet, all we've done is force a Game 7," said Lloyd McClendon, who had three of the Pirates' 13 hits.

Atlanta has a statute of a knuckleballer outside its stadium, and the way he's pitching, Wakefield may find one waiting for him back in Pittsburgh.

"It was just a great honor to pitch this game," Wakefield said. "It was the opportunity of a lifetime, and I didn't want to blow it."

Women's soccer ends homestand against Kentucky

By GEORGE DOHRMANN

The Notre Dame women's soccer team plays the final match of an eight-game homestand when Kentucky visits Alumni Field tonight at 7:30.

The eight game stretch started on a negative note for the Irish as they fell to 1-3-1 after five games, but a victory against Wisconsin, followed by back-to-back wins over Loyola and Cincinnati, improved their record to 5-1.

The odds of such a strong start with a Wildcat team in its first year of existence facing the 15th-ranked Irish. The last time Notre Dame faced a program in its inaugural year was the Loyola contest in 1990.

Kentucky appears to be more respectable than the Rams, with a 5-9 record, but the Irish have faced Michigan State who fell to Notre Dame 4-0.

The youthful Kentucky team is led by freshman midfielder Cheryl Shimovetz with 13 points. Shimovetz is the lone offensive threat amidst a team who's concentration is primarily defense.

"They haven't given up a lot of goals," said Irish freshman Michelle McCarthy.

It is the boghouse because of earlier performances, Sunday's game didn't please to dig them out.

In an intense, physical battle, the Irish shut down Evansville, a team that had lost a regular-season conference game since entering the Midwestern Collegiate Conference.

Dean said that the victory was a "big accomplishment" for the defensive squad, celebrating a perennial top-20 ranking.