First U.S. soldier killed in Somalia

MOGADISHU, Somalia (AP) — A U.S. Marine died Tuesday in a firefight with Somali gunfire, the first American soldier killed during the American-led effort to help feed the starving war-torn Somalia.

The country's war-torn factions remained deadlocked for a ninth straight day in negotiations in Somalia on a cease-fire. Negotiations were set to continue Wednesday.

In Washington, a Pentagon official said the soldier's death occurred when a Marine unit was on patrol and took some fire. They returned fire and pulled their people back.

When the unit regrouped, one Marine was missing. The Marines returned to the scene of the clash and found the Marine's body, the official said, speaking on condition of anonymity.

He said the Marine's identity was not immediately available.

The death was the first of a soldier since U.S. forces arrived in Somalia on Nov. 9. A civilian Marine employee was killed Dec. 23 near the city of Bardera when the vehicle he was riding in hit a land mine.

Earlier, Marines concentrated on rounding up weapons in Mogadishu.

see SOMALIA / page 4

Clinton is ready to deal with Iraq, other international policy challenges

WASHINGTON (AP) — The Bush administration declared Iraq's fresh incursions into disputed territory "a matter of extreme concern" on Tuesday and said there would be no further warnings before possible military retaliation for threatening moves by Saddam Hussein.

President Bush's chief spokesman Martin Fitzwater denounced Baghdad's actions after Iraq worked crews — for the third time in as many days — entered contested territory along the Kuwaiti border to remove equipment from a naval base.

In addition, U.S. officials said Iraq was shifting anti-aircraft missile batteries around in both its southern and northern "no-fly zones" — areas in which the United States and its allies have banned military flights — in an apparent effort to confuse and provoke the allied jets flying there.

In Little Rock, Ark., a spokesman for President-elect Clinton said Saddam could be setting up a quick test for Bush's successor.

"It would be unwise of him to underestimate President-elect Clinton," said communications director George Stephanopoulos.

In the waning days of the Bush administration, officials at the White House and Pentagon were showing little patience.

"The warning that we gave still stands," said Pentagon spokesman Bob Hall. "We won't tolerate any interference with our ability to enforce the no-fly zone. And if we make a judgment that such an Iraq action interferes with that ability, we'll take the appropriate action."

Hall cited "the potential threat to our aircraft."

Some military experts suggested Saddam had opened the door for Bush to strike one more blow at the Iraqi ruler.

"I sense that he (Bush) is looking for some excuse to do something pretty dramatic to Saddam Hussein," said retired Vice Adm. Henry Mustin, former deputy chief of Naval Operations.

"I can't imagine Saddam Hussein would be stupid enough to push at this particular time," said Col. Harry Summers Jr., an analyst for the Army War College. "Bush has everything to gain and nothing to lose."

At the White House, Fitzwater told reporters, "There is a clear pattern of violation, whether it's missiles or these raids into warehouses or other actions they've taken."

"It remains to be seen exactly what may come of that, but as we said, there will be no more blow at the Iraqi ruler."

Clinton continued to prepare for his inauguration, officials at the White House and Pentagon said. Stephanopoulos said: "Well, clearly."

Iraq has been moving anti-aircraft and missile batteries around in both the southern and northern no-fly zones in what officials said was an apparent effort to confuse and provoke U.S. allies. For the third day in a row, Iraq has also sent work crews into disputed border territory to remove equipment from a naval base.

"We will not tolerate any violations," of the U.N. cease-fire resolutions, Stephanopoulos said.

"We've had close communications with the Bush White House on the deteriorating situation in Iraq," Stephanopoulos said. "We expect that to continue."

Aides to Clinton were working to avert an exodus from Haiti. "What we would like most of all is to come up with an acceptable policy that moves toward a diplomatic solution in Haiti and that makes Haiti a place where Haitians like to stay," Stephanopoulos said.

see IRAQ / page 4

Junior dies in car, mobile accident

By BEVIN KOVALIK
News Writer

John Charles Coryn, an off-campus junior at Notre Dame College of Business Administration died in an automobile accident in the early morning of Jan. 2.

Transferring to Notre Dame last semester from the University of Illinois, Coryn loved Notre Dame, described as a "true" student of attending the University ever since he was a young boy, according to Carol Coryn, his mother.

see CORNY / page 4

U.S. threatens strikes against Iraq

T he White House and Pentagon were showing little patience.

"The warning that we gave still stands," said Pentagon spokesman Bob Hall. "We won't tolerate any interference with our ability to enforce the no-fly zone. And if we make a judgment that such an Iraq action interferes with that ability, we'll take the appropriate action."

Hall cited "the potential threat to our aircraft."

Some military experts suggested Saddam had opened the door for Bush to strike one more blow at the Iraqi ruler.

"I sense that he (Bush) is looking for some excuse to do something pretty dramatic to Saddam Hussein," said retired Vice Adm. Henry Mustin, former deputy chief of Naval Operations.

"I can't imagine Saddam Hussein would be stupid enough to push at this particular time," said Col. Harry Summers Jr., an analyst for the Army War College. "Bush has everything to gain and nothing to lose."

At the White House, Fitzwater told reporters, "There is a clear pattern of violation, whether it's missiles or these raids into warehouses or other actions they've taken."

"It remains to be seen exactly what may come of that, but as we said, there will be no more blow at the Iraqi ruler."

Clinton continued to prepare for his inauguration, officials at the White House and Pentagon said. Stephanopoulos said: "Well, clearly."

Iraq has been moving anti-aircraft and missile batteries around in both the southern and northern no-fly zones in what officials said was an apparent effort to confuse and provoke U.S. allies. For the third day in a row, Iraq has also sent work crews into disputed border territory to remove equipment from a naval base.

"We will not tolerate any violations," of the U.N. cease-fire resolutions, Stephanopoulos said.

"We've had close communications with the Bush White House on the deteriorating situation in Iraq," Stephanopoulos said. "We expect that to continue."

Aides to Clinton were working to avert an exodus from Haiti. "What we would like most of all is to come up with an acceptable policy that moves toward a diplomatic solution in Haiti and that makes Haiti a place where Haitians like to stay," Stephanopoulos said.

see IRAQ / page 4

NEW PHONE PREFIXES

OLD   Students  NEW

283  Administration            634 6

239              6   3

5555  Emergency  9

HELP: 631-9000 (live) or 631-9010 (recorded)

see PHONES / page 4

Be thankful for all that you have

A homeless man walks on the streets of Atlanta. The photo was captured by an ND student participating in Urban Plunge, which is a two-day program sponsored by the CSC where students work and live with the poor in cities across the nation during their vacations.

see THE OBSERVER / page 4

President-elect Clinton asked if the recent Iraqi maneuvers signified an attempt by Saddam to taunt Clinton or to be deliberately provocative.

seePresident-elect Clinton / page 5

NEW PHONE PREFIXES

OLD   Students  NEW

283  Administration            634 6

239              6   3

5555  Emergency  9

HELP: 631-9000 (live) or 631-9010 (recorded)

see PHONES / page 4

Be thankful for all that you have
WEATHER REPORT

Forecast for noon, Wednesday, January 13

Today A Glance

CAMPUS

Former physical plant director dies

NOTRE DAME—Edwin Lyon, former director of the physical plant at Notre Dame, died Jan. 2 in his home in Indianapolis after an illness. Lyon worked at Notre Dame for 20 years before moving to Indianapolis, where he became director of physical plant operations at Butler University. He retired from that position in 1988.

A funeral Mass for Lyon was celebrated Jan. 5 at Saint Monica’s Catholic Church in Indianapolis, and he was buried in Calvary Cemetery there. Memorial contributions may be made to Saint Monica’s Church, 6131 North Michigan Road, Indianapolis, Ind., 46208, or to the American Heart Association.

NATION

Letterman’s fate to be decided Friday

NEW YORK — “Late Night” host David Letterman gets his chance to switch networks this week. NBC has until Friday to match or better CBS’ multimillion-dollar offer, or the gap-toothed comic goes against the “Tonight” show on CBS. “The cards are in NBC’s hands and NBC, as far as I know, has not made a decision,” said Howard Stringer, CBS Broadcast Group president, said Tuesday. CBS’s deal for a reported $14 million to $16 million salary may be an offer Letterman cannot refuse. “Late Night with David Letterman” has occupied NBC’s 12:30 a.m. slot for nearly 13 years. Letterman, who made $7 million a year and has relentlessly lampooned NBC’s new-fashioned parent company, General Electric, is said to want an 11:30 show above all else. A Los Angeles oddsmaker called Letterman a 3-to-1 favorite to leave NBC for CBS, citing financial incentives and “emotional reasons.”

MARKET UPDATE

YESTERDAY’S TRADING January 12

VOLUME IN SHARES 301,523,360

NYSE INDEX + 465 to 2387
S&P COMPOSITE + 36 to 504.59
DOW JONES INDUSTRIALS + 1.89 to 2364.64
GOLD $1.00 to $328.80
SILVER + $0.03 to $5.67

TODAY AT A GLANCE

Woman receives artificial heart implant

TUCSON, Ariz. — The nation’s first artificial-heart implant in nearly two years revives the promise the device showed before it was banned, heart experts said Tuesday. The gravely ill woman who received the heart Monday night showed signs of slowly awakening, a hospital spokeswoman said. Sharon Loughran, 46, of Scottsdale, remained in critical but stable condition at the University of Arizona’s University Medical Center. Mrs. Loughran received a CardioVest pump, an air-driven plastic-and-metal device that is the size of two fists that replaces her entire heart. The device is intended to keep her alive and stabilize her medical condition while she waits for a human heart to become available for transplant.

Thurmond awarded Medal of Freedom

WASHINGTON — President Bush bestowed the Presidential Medal of Freedom on a surprised Sen. Strom Thurmond of South Carolina on Tuesday. Bush summoned the 90-year-old dean of the Senate to the Oval Office on another pretext and gave him the nation’s highest civilian honor. Bush choked up as he presented the award to Thurmond, the ranking Republican member of the Senate Judiciary Committee who has served in the Senate since 1954. The citation read in part: “Few Americans have given as much to their country as has Strom Thurmond. He has spent a lifetime supporting America’s farmers and workers, a strong national defense, spending restraint, and lower taxes.” Thurmond became the 301st recipient of the honor. Bush has presented it previously to 36 other notables, from Margaret Thatcher to Johnny Carson. Bush will present his 35th Medal of Freedom on Wednesday to his predecessor, Ronald Reagan, in a ceremony in the East Room.

OF INTEREST

Auditions for “The Heidi Chronicles” will be held Jan. 13 and 14 at 7 p.m. in the laboratory theatre of Washington Hall. The play is by Wendy Wasserstein and will be presented by ND Community Theatre and Education. Sign up for an audition time at the department office, 320 O’Shaughnessy Hall.

An open Alcoholics Anonymous meeting will be held today and every Wednesday during the semester at 6 p.m. in the Office of Drug and Alcohol Education, LaFortune Mezzanine.

ON THIS DAY IN HISTORY

1910: The U.S. annual defense budget was reported to be a record high of $2 billion.
1916: Mexican troops of Pancho Villa’s army killed 18 American citizens bound for work in mines near Chihuahua City. The soldiers responsible were condemned to death.
1939: President Franklin D. Roosevelt asked for an extension of the Social Security Act to provide help for disabled children.
1946: Joining a growing dissatisfaction of workers nationwide, over 200,000 went on strike Chicago’s meat-packing plants, causing the nation’s meat output to fall by 75 percent.
1959: Cuban revolutionaries supplanted the government of Fulgencio Batista, replacing him with rebel leader Fidel Castro’s choice of Manuel Urrutia as provisional President.
You may not know our name, but we've been a cornerstone of America for 125 years.

We wouldn't be a bit surprised if you didn't recognize our company name—Cargill. But we've been in business since 1865, helping America's farmers feed the world.

We're a company built on talented people. Our particular skills include marketing, handling and processing bulk commodities; risk management; strategic capital investment; and taking an innovative approach to generating cost efficiencies.

We apply those skills to a broad range of businesses. Today, Cargill handles commodities as diverse as scrap metal and molasses, cocoa and fertilizer, cotton and ocean freight, and wheat and orange juice. Our operations vary from flour mills to futures trading, from meat-packing plants to mining salt, and from steel mills to selling seed. Cargill, its subsidiaries and affiliates, employ more than 63,000 people worldwide.

If you have a good academic background, above-average communication skills and a desire for advancement, we'd like to talk to you. Career opportunities exist for talented, ambitious people from diverse educational backgrounds.

Recruitment dates are as follows:

February 2, 1993 — Commodity Merchandising Intern
February 3, 1993 — Commodity Merchandising Intern — Accounting Intern

Contact your placement office for further information.

An Equal Opportunity Employer

Welcome Back!

Breadsticks $1.00 1 topping $0.75
Good 1/13-1/17

1—14” Large 1 Topping Pizza $6.00
Good 1/13-1/17

Carry out only
1—14” Large 1 ToppingPizza $4.95
Good 1/13-1/17

Call for FREE DELIVERY.

PIZZA PAPAJOHN'S
271-1177
HOURS
M-Thu 11:00 a.m. - 1:00 a.m.
Fri-Sat 11:00 a.m. - 3:00 a.m.
Sun-Noon - 1:00 a.m.

FREE TANNING

CALL FOR FREE TANNING
FREE TANNING

INDIAN RIDGE PLAZA

Students help South Bend residents earn degrees

By KENYA JOHNSON

Members from the South Bend community who cannot read or who dropped out of high school have the chance to earn their GEDs with the help of a tutoring program set up by Notre Dame students, according to junior Jim Sullivan.

"Our goal is simply to help those who need help, when they need help," said Sullivan. "There's no set schedule, no stringent time table. The participants can take as long as they want before they feel comfortable enough to take the tests."

Sullivan said the best aspect of the program is the one on one tutoring.

"There's no classrooms, no groups, just student-to-student teaching. It's personal, and the best way to get anything done," said Sullivan.

One of the hardest aspects of the tutoring is remembering how fundamental the teaching must be, according to Sullivan.

"It's harder than one can ever imagine to teach why three times three is nine. I think we, as college students, take for granted how fortunate we are to know basic elements such as our times tables, or how to read," he said.

Sullivan said the service has been active for about 20 years, but has been strongest in the last couple of years, according to Sullivan. There is never a lack of tutors or students.

The students who receive aid tend to stay dedicated throughout the teachings.

Participants attend the lessons faithfully. Most show up for help about three or four times a week. They really work hard," Sullivan said.

Notre Dame students alternate days in such a way that five to ten tutors are always available Monday through Thursday from 9:30 a.m. to 11:30 a.m. The lessons are conducted at a convent in the southwest area of South Bend. Transportation is available for students if needed.

"We really need all the help we can get," said Sullivan. "But we need very dedicated people. There definitely needs to be consistency, people we can trust. But it is only two hours a week, how hard can that be?"

Sullivan said that the experience, like most service opportunities, is rewarding. He explained that unlike the other tutoring programs, this one is fairly unstructured in the manner in which the students must teach.

"We have no rules or limits. Whatever way we can get through to the person is the best way," said Sullivan. "In turn, everyone has more fun while getting their goals accomplished."

Court upholds CIA's firing of gay as a 'security threat'

WASHINGTON (AP) — The CIA's firing of a gay spy on grounds that he posed a threat to national security was upheld Tuesday by a federal appellate court.

A three-judge panel of the U.S. Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia said the Central Intelligence Agency had a legitimate concern about the spy's "trustworthiness in light of the fact that he had bled information to an unauthorized person."

"The service has been active for about 20 years, but has been strongest in the last couple..."
Miami braces for Haitian immigrants

MIAMI (AP) — The U.S. military is prepared to disperse up to 100,000 Haitian refugees across the United States to ease the burden on Florida if there’s a massive exodus from Haiti, Gov. Lawton Chiles said Tuesday.

But a Haitian community leader here said that if U.S. officials were to succeed in returning ousted Haitian President Jean-Bertrand Aristide to office, "the problem won’t be there.

President-elect Clinton’s campaign promise of President Bush’s policy of forcibly returning Haitian refugees without asylum hearings has raised hopes in Haiti of more lenient treatment under Clinton. Hundreds of wooden boats have been built along Haiti’s coast, prompting officials here to fear an influx of illegal people after Inauguration Day.

The governor met on Monday in New York with Assistant Defense Secretary David Berube and other Pentagon officials to discuss U.S. plans to hand any immigration emergency affecting Florida.

They did not go into specific details, but they did tell us they had worked on their plan with the U.N. and felt they could handle an emergency. Chiles said in an interview Tuesday.

Chiles said Pentagon officials indicated they could handle up to 100,000 refugees. "And we were talking about people being processed outside of Florida, in other states, at a rate that we were going to have a secure Mogadishu, in other words that there would be no arms here," said the spokesman, Lt. Col. Ron Stokes. Stokes made the statement to clarify earlier reports attributed to Wilhelm by a U.S. official.

Negotiations to get a safe zone in Haiti continued Tuesday.

South Florida is still recovering from the $20 billion of destruction wrought by Hurricane Andrew, so federal help would be essential.

"It’s a plan we hope we will never have to activate," said Joe Pena, director of the governor’s South Florida office.

"This plan will kick if we get the indication that the immigration and Naturalization Service is just completely overwhelmed.

Clinton has said he opposes mass migration and has been searching for ways to avoid that possibility without violating his campaign pledge not to summarily return all Haitians. His aides have said his foreign policy team is working with the Bush administration and with Aristide on a policy that they expect to release late this week.

There is skepticism that such an agreement could be enforced. Asked about this, the U.S. official in Mogadishu, Farouk Mawlawi, said he had faith in the provisions of the peace, which envisions establishment of a U.S.-sponsored task force to supervise the cease-fire. "We are scheduled for March 15 in Addis Ababa, hinges on whether the warring sides can sign the draft with fire and disarmament agreement now before them. The proposal calls for the factions to turn in their weapons by March 1.

"The possible use of force is not excluded," he added, saying this was how the United Nations interpreted the resolution. "We got a statement last night that we’re very happy with."
WASHINGTON (AP) — Sen. Lloyd Bentsen, President-elect Clinton's choice for Treasury secretary, said Tuesday that tax increases and reductions in popular benefit programs must be considered as part of a "tough package" to cut the federal deficit.

He underscored many of the same somber points that budget director-designate Leon Panetta had made in his confirmation hearing a day earlier, trying to lower any expectations that the new administration could bring the deficit under control quickly and painlessly.

Bentsen pointedly refused to rule out such politically explo­

sive measures as increasing the Social Security retirement age, reducing Medicare and Social Security benefits for the upper-income elderly and raising taxes.

"There's no question but that the president-elect has a commitment to cut that deficit and do it in a major way," said Bentsen, D-Texas. "Time is running out. We don't have a lot of wiggle room left before these things have to be faced up to."

You're going to see a tough package," he predicted.

Twenty minutes into the two-hour hearing of the Senate Fi­

nance Committee, which the 71-year-old Bentsen has headed for six years, the panel took the unusual step of voting unanimously to recommend his confirmation by the full Senate. That was before Bentsen had been asked a single question and more than a week before Clinton will have the authority to nominate him.

Like Panetta a day earlier, Bentsen said the deficit has clouded chances for a middle-

class tax cut and he appeared to be trying to dampen public anticipation of an economic stimulus package.

He said Clinton has not de­

cided whether to offer a stimu­lus plan at all and predicted that if one is proposed it would be around $20 billion, toward the lower end of what has been discussed.

Happy 21st Birthday
Chuck!
From The Home Team

ALUMNI SENIOR

WE'RE OPEN TONIGHT!
Seniors
Come Start The Last Semester Off Right At YOUR Club
Open 9 - 2
must be 21

The environmentally concerned consumer

WASHINGTON (AP) — A $1.3

million congressional investigation has found no credible evidence that Republicans conspired with Iran in 1980 to delay the release of American hostages until after the U.S. election, according to a summary of the report obtained Tuesday.

The full document, to be re­

leased by the bipartisan con­

gressional task force on Wednesday, seeks to lay to rest allegations that have haunted the Reagan and Bush adminis­

trations for years.

"There is wholly insufficient credible evidence of any com­

munications by, or on behalf of, the 1980 Reagan presidential campaign with any persons representing or connected with the Iranian government, or with those holding Americans as hostages during the 1979-1981 period," said the summary.

"There is no credible ev­

idence supporting any attempt or proposal to attempt, by the Reagan presidential campaign... to delay the release of the American hostages in Iran," the task force concluded after an 11-month investigation.

The report itself, which runs several hundred pages, con­

tains detailed information re­

Butting allegations that senior

Reagan aides — among them the late William Casey who served as his campaign man­

ager and then headed the CIA — took part in meetings in Eu­

rope with Iranian representa­

tives.

The report also discusses in detail allegations by the Carter administration to achieve free­

dom for the 52 Americans. The Reagan campaign feared those efforts would bear fruit at the 11th hour — in what they termed an October Surprise — and result in victory for the Democratic incumbent.

The hostages were in fact freed hours after Reagan's Jan. 20, 1981, inauguration. Subse­

quently, allegations appeared that Reagan's campaign cut a deal with Iran to delay the re­

lease in return for U.S. weapons. This purported deal also eventually came to be called an October Surprise.

But the task force reported that, in fact, the Reagan adminis­

tration did sell Iran weapons.

Cara, Susie, & Susan,
I Miss You Already!
The "Butt" of your jokes—Katie

The "Butt" of your jokes—Katie
Palatine pair mourned in memorial

CHICAGO (AP) — They were partners at work and at home, husband and wife driving 14-hour days to their new business venture. It seemed to be a promising beginning. Instead, it led to a tragic end.

Richard and Lynn Ehlenfeldt, married for more than 25 years, bought a fast-food restaurant last summer, eager to learn a new trade, willing to work a grueling schedule and determined, as always, to succeed.

Their dream ended in horror. Last weekend, the Ehlenfeldts, along with five employees, were murdered, their bodies found in two walk-in coolers in their Brown's Chicken & Pasta restaurant in suburban Palatine. No arrests have been made.

As friends and family mourned them Tuesday at a memorial service, the Ehlenfeldts were remembered as a couple committed to each other and their three grown daughters — but also to community and causes.

"There's a cliché about people giving you the shirt off their back. They would give you a shirt, a meal, a place to sleep — and love and compassion," said Douglas La Follette, a family friend who asked that a shirt be given in the Ehlenfeldts' memory.

"He was the fairest person I ever knew," said Gordon Werner, a friend who asked that a shirt be given in the Ehlenfeldts' memory. "I don't know of any other Democrats. He also served in Wisconsin state government.

Friend said that no matter what they did, the Ehlenfeldts were generous and diligent. At Brown's, they often gave employees rides home, donated unsold food to a convalescent home and were the first to enter and last to leave their restaurant.

Back to work

Pangborn Hall freshman Lisa Verian looks over her work schedule at the Huddle for the spring semester.

Oil tanker in pieces as winds hit 100 mph

SUMBURGH, Shetland Islands (AP) — The fury of wind and waves that shattered the tanker Braer now is the best hope for cleaning up one of the world's largest oil spills, conservationists and pollution experts said Tuesday.

In darkness, the 790-foot vessel broke into at least three pieces after being grounded against the rugged edge of the Bay of Quendale for a week. Waves have risen to 30 feet and winds have hit 100 mph.

The tanker was carrying 24.6 million gallons of Norwegian light crude to Canada when it went aground in a hurricane-force storm Jan. 5. The cargo was more than twice the amount spilled by the Exxon Valdez in Alaska in 1989.

"It is obvious most of the oil has now gone. There is a possibility there will be some still on board but we are no longer talking about thousands of tons — just hundreds," Geert Kofman of the Dutch salvage firm Snom Tak told reporters.

This was the world's 12th largest oil tanker spill, according to Galbraith's Oil Pollution Bulletin of Cambridge, Mass. The worst was 79 million gallons lost by the Castlewind off South Africa in 1983.

As winds picked up, officials realized the impact of the Shetland spill, David Bed- borough, of the government's marine pollution control unit, said: "On crude tonnes, quite high. In terms of immediate, gross, fouling dirty effects, very low. In terms of more subtle effects, unknown."

Local council member Magnus Flaws said the spill was "much worse than we thought."

"I thought the end of the world was nigh," Flaws said. "But when I look at it today I still feel bad about it, and said about it, but not half as sad as I thought I was going to." It was a disaster in slow motion.

Radisson Resort Spring Break Party Headquarters

An eye-witness report of the Radisson Resort Spring Break Party Headquarters.

"I th o u g h t the end of the world was nigh," Flaws said. "But when I look at it today I still feel bad about it, and said about it, but not half as sad as I thought I was going to." It was a disaster in slow motion.

Radisson Resort Spring Break Party Headquarters

An eye-witness report of the Radisson Resort Spring Break Party Headquarters.

"I th o u g h t the end of the world was nigh," Flaws said. "But when I look at it today I still feel bad about it, and said about it, but not half as sad as I thought I was going to." It was a disaster in slow motion.

Suntide III

"I th o u g h t the end of the world was nigh," Flaws said. "But when I look at it today I still feel bad about it, and said about it, but not half as sad as I thought I was going to." It was a disaster in slow motion.

Suntide III

"I th o u g h t the end of the world was nigh," Flaws said. "But when I look at it today I still feel bad about it, and said about it, but not half as sad as I thought I was going to." It was a disaster in slow motion.

MIRAMAR RESORT SPRING BREAK 1993

500' Gulf of Mexico Beach for Volley Ball, swimming & other Beach Sports. 2 fresh water pools...ON SITE SECURITY. Travel agency in lobby for Mexico and other destinations. Please phone $100 per night for four persons.

SECURITY DEPOSIT REQUIRED

1-800-683-1100 / 210-761-3100

P.O. Box 2100
South Padre Island, TX 78597

Holiday Inn

If You Want to Be a Lawyer, Start Practicing Now.

One out of two people who take the LSAT don't get into law school. To improve those odds, practice with Kaplan so you can be a practicing lawyer later.

Sign-up now for the February LSAT class!

PHONE: 272-4435

KAPLAN

This is the last question.
MEDiators barter amid violence

GENEVA (AP) — The leader of Bosnian Serbs said Tuesday he accepted mediators' peace proposals, apparently dropping demands for a separate state within the war-ravaged nation.

But a leader of the self-styled Bosnian Serb Republic predicted lawmakers would not back the deal by Radovan Karadzic.

The disagreement illustrates the fragile state of efforts by mediators Cyrus Vance and Lord Owen to end the ethnic fighting in Bosnia. 

Increasingly, Western leaders are speaking of some form of military intervention to stop the Serbs. Were ultranationalists to boost the morale of Serbs, they might be "an invention that Western scientists had provided strong starting positions when they began to solve the atomic problem," he said in a joint paper with Smirnov.

The two spoke at Moscow's leading nuclear research center, the Kurchatov Institute, on the 90th anniversary of the birth of its founder, Igor Kurchatov. He supervised the Soviet nuclear program from 1943 until his death in 1960.

The gathering revealed the extent to which the Soviet Union depended on espionage early in the atomic age. "Intelligence brought extensive information from the United States. Kurchatov was given special rooms at the 'Big House' on Lubyanka Square (secret police headquarters) and in the Kremlin, where he spent hundreds of pages of spy information," said Igor Golovin, Kurchatov's colleague and biographer.

Karilton and Smirnov said that when Kurchatov was appointed head of the nuclear weapons program in March 1943, he wrote to Lavrenti Beria, Stalin's secret police chief, to complain about the slow pace of Soviet work compared with that of Western scientists. But Kurchatov also doubted that they might be "an invention meant to disarm our science." 

Intelligence information also yielded the notion of using plutonium to build a nuclear bomb, the documents showed. In September 1944, Kurchatov wrote to Lavrenti Beria, Stalin's secret police chief, to complain about the slow pace of Soviet work compared with the vast scope of the Western project — on which he had read "new and quite extensive, 300-page materials," Golovin said.

Balkan crisis if it ever came to military intervention to stop the Serbs. Were ultranationalists to boost the morale of Serbs, they might be "an invention that Western scientists had provided strong starting positions when they began to solve the atomic problem," he said in a joint paper with Smirnov.

The two spoke at Moscow's leading nuclear research center, the Kurchatov Institute, on the 90th anniversary of the birth of its founder, Igor Kurchatov. He supervised the Soviet nuclear program from 1943 until his death in 1960.

The gathering revealed the extent to which the Soviet Union depended on espionage early in the atomic age. "Intelligence brought extensive information from the United States. Kurchatov was given special rooms at the 'Big House' on Lubyanka Square (secret police headquarters) and in the Kremlin, where he spent hundreds of pages of spy information," said Igor Golovin, Kurchatov's colleague and biographer.

Karilton and Smirnov said that when Kurchatov was appointed head of the nuclear weapons program in March 1943, he wrote to Lavrenti Beria, Stalin's secret police chief, to complain about the slow pace of Soviet work compared with that of Western scientists. But Kurchatov also doubted that they might be "an invention meant to disarm our science." 

Intelligence information also yielded the notion of using plutonium to build a nuclear bomb, the documents showed. In September 1944, Kurchatov wrote to Lavrenti Beria, Stalin's secret police chief, to complain about the slow pace of Soviet work compared with the vast scope of the Western project — on which he had read "new and quite extensive, 300-page materials," Golovin said.

First Soviet N-bomb copied U.S. weapon, designers say

MOSCOW (AP) — The designers of the first Soviet atomic bomb admitted Tuesday it was an exact copy of a U.S. weapon, and that they had hundreds of pages of spy information.

At the time, Soviet scientists were convinced they could be subjected to U.S. nuclear bombardment and feared dictator Josef Stalin's wrath if they failed to develop the bomb, physicists Yuli Khariton and Yuri Smirnov said.

"Previous work by Soviet scientists had provided strong starting positions when they began to solve the atomic problem," he said in a joint paper with Smirnov.

The two spoke at Moscow's leading nuclear research center, the Kurchatov Institute, on the 90th anniversary of the birth of its founder, Igor Kurchatov. He supervised the Soviet nuclear program from 1943 until his death in 1960.

The gathering revealed the extent to which the Soviet Union depended on espionage early in the atomic age. "Intelligence brought extensive information from the United States. Kurchatov was given special rooms at the 'Big House' on Lubyanka Square (secret police headquarters) and in the Kremlin, where he spent hundreds of pages of spy information," said Igor Golovin, Kurchatov's colleague and biographer.

Karilton and Smirnov said that when Kurchatov was appointed head of the nuclear weapons program in March 1943, he wrote to Lavrenti Beria, Stalin's secret police chief, to complain about the slow pace of Soviet work compared with that of Western scientists. But Kurchatov also doubted that they might be "an invention meant to disarm our science." 

Intelligence information also yielded the notion of using plutonium to build a nuclear bomb, the documents showed. In September 1944, Kurchatov wrote to Lavrenti Beria, Stalin's secret police chief, to complain about the slow pace of Soviet work compared with the vast scope of the Western project — on which he had read "new and quite extensive, 300-page materials," Golovin said.

First Soviet N-bomb copied U.S. weapon, designers say

MOSCOW (AP) — The designers of the first Soviet atomic bomb admitted Tuesday it was an exact copy of a U.S. weapon, and that they had hundreds of pages of spy information.

At the time, Soviet scientists were convinced they could be subjected to U.S. nuclear bombardment and feared dictator Josef Stalin's wrath if they failed to develop the bomb, physicists Yuli Khariton and Yuri Smirnov said.

"Previous work by Soviet scientists had provided strong starting positions when they began to solve the atomic problem," he said in a joint paper with Smirnov.

The two spoke at Moscow's leading nuclear research center, the Kurchatov Institute, on the 90th anniversary of the birth of its founder, Igor Kurchatov. He supervised the Soviet nuclear program from 1943 until his death in 1960.

The gathering revealed the extent to which the Soviet Union depended on espionage early in the atomic age. "Intelligence brought extensive information from the United States. Kurchatov was given special rooms at the 'Big House' on Lubyanka Square (secret police headquarters) and in the Kremlin, where he spent hundreds of pages of spy information," said Igor Golovin, Kurchatov's colleague and biographer.

Karilton and Smirnov said that when Kurchatov was appointed head of the nuclear weapons program in March 1943, he wrote to Lavrenti Beria, Stalin's secret police chief, to complain about the slow pace of Soviet work compared with that of Western scientists. But Kurchatov also doubted that they might be "an invention meant to disarm our science." 

Intelligence information also yielded the notion of using plutonium to build a nuclear bomb, the documents showed. In September 1944, Kurchatov wrote to Lavrenti Beria, Stalin's secret police chief, to complain about the slow pace of Soviet work compared with the vast scope of the Western project — on which he had read "new and quite extensive, 300-page materials," Golovin said.
Police jail suspect in Pa. campus rapes

BLOOMSBURG, Pa. (AP) — The husband of the Bloomsburg University police chief was in jail Tuesday on charges he raped a college employee and is being investigated in a series of rapes that have terrorized the campus.

William Kreischer, Columbia County district attorney, wouldn't call Michael Reese Boykin a suspect in the four other rapes but confirmed that state and Bloomsburg police were investigating the possibility.

Boykin, who works in the university maintenance department, was accused of the Dec. 18 rape of a woman employee of the department in a university-owned truck. He was suspended from his job without pay.

Boykin's wife, Margaret Boykin, became the university police department's chief in October. She took a temporary leave from her job following her husband's arrest, school officials said Tuesday.

Boykin, 41, was arraigned Monday on charges of rape, attempted rape, aggravated indecent assault, indecent assault and simple assault. He was in the county prison Tuesday in lieu of $75,000 bail. A preliminary hearing was set for Jan. 20.

"I have no doubts in my mind that I am innocent of all these charges," Boykin said during the arraignment. Besides the Dec. 18 case, four rapes were reported at the 6,278-student university in the past 14 months: one in December 1991, the other three since Oct. 31.

The rapes prompted complaints from students about security. The university offered campus housing for women living off campus and set up a service to escort women across campus.

Boykin sent a letter to university officials saying his arrest was racially motivated. Both Boykin and his accuser are black.

"I was told on arrival that Bloomsburg University is famous for shafting men of color," Boykin wrote. "I did not relocate to this unfriendly, brown town with my good name suffled," he wrote. He also contends that the university violated its own procedures when it suspended him.

University President Harry Auspich said no procedures were circumvented and no racial bias was involved. One trustee, Howard John­son, disagreed.

"Does this have overtones of being racially motivated? I think it does," Johnson said.

Johnson called for an inde­pendent investigation, saying that it cannot be assumed that the state police are above racial discrimination.

Racial peace is crucial, students say

LOS ANGELES (AP) — Prom­oting racial harmony is im­portant to college freshmen, according to a survey.

Forty-two percent of college freshmen surveyed by the Uni­versity of California, Los An­geles, said that "helping to pro­mote racial understanding" was an essential or very important goal, an increase of 8 per­centage points over a 1991 survey.

"Given the events in Los An­geles, we wondered if we would see polarization, see people pessimistic about the future of race relations," in­frequently asked. But the three­quarter of students who were circum­vented and no racial bias was involved. One trustee, Howard John­son, disagreed.

"Does this have overtones of being racially motivated? I think it does," Johnson said.

Johnson called for an inde­pendent investigation, saying that it cannot be assumed that the state police are above racial discrimination.

Utah faces worst January snows in history

SALT LAKE CITY (AP) — Elderly people were trapped in their homes and filming companies were swamped with calls after Utah's worst January storm piled snow so high it blocked walkways and threat­ened to collapse roads.

Nearly 41 inches of snow fell at Salt Lake International Air­port between Jan. 1 and Mon­day afternoon, triple the aver­age for the entire month. The snowstorms have been so heavy that it has been hard to get around the city.

Tuesday, that only led to one storm brought local residents together, and that things would have been far worse if I hadn't been for neighborly cooper­ation. On the city's west side, Bob Crosley helped neighbor Flor­ence Davis extricate her car for the second time in as many days.

"I remember back in '88, I used to stand on top of the roof and step into a snow­drift," Crosley said. "Of course, I was only 8."
LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

Declaration seeks changes to further 'equality'

Dear Editor:

In this time of increased opportunities for women in politics and the working world, Americans should be aware of the long struggle that made these opportunities possible. Thanks to the diligent efforts of a small group of dedicated men and women, we have come a long way on the road to equality. However, there still remains a great deal that needs to be done.

In 1848, several men and women gathered in Seneca Falls, N.Y., to demand equality between the sexes. Imitating the style of the Declaration of Independence, the convention members wrote the Declaration of Sentiments, which included what they "believed" to be the rights of women.

We have put this Declaration to further revision to reflect our beliefs about what needs to change in the modern world and, more particularly, on this campus:

WE BELIEVE

We believe that Mary on the dome should not be the only woman in a prominent, public position.

We believe that women's athletics should have an equal number of scholarships to men's sports.

We believe that all residence halls should have security guards.

We believe that the University should have more female professors with tenure.

We believe that the University must establish a gender resource center to adequately address issues surrounding gender on this campus.

We believe that bills sent home should be addressed to both parents, not just the father.

We believe that any class that calls itself "Modern Drama" but only studies 27 white males isn't very modern.

We believe that the Catholic Church should open a day care center to adequately address issues surrounding gender on this campus.

We believe that Notre Dame does not care about women's total health, mental and physical, recognizable in their denial of a woman's center.

We believe that being invested with the same moral consciousness, administrative, and intellectual capabilities women have an equal right to become president of the University.

We believe that the women's flag football deserves as much press space in The Observer as men's interhall.

We believe that men's dorms should have laundry facilities of their own rather than relying on women's dorm facilities.

We believe that the Irish Guard should develop a new tradition that includes women in the squad.

We believe that the University should open a day care center for students and teachers with children.

We believe that single sex dorms impede relations between the sexes, restricting friendships and preventing true understanding.

We believe that single sex dorms impede relations between the sexes, restricting friendships and preventing true understanding.

We believe that the University should be given the chance to prove that men are not their intellectual superiors.

We believe that society should allow men and women to concentrate on their similarities and common understanding rather than accentuate their differences.

We believe that women should not be expected to get married, raise a family, and have a demanding career.

We believe that a woman who decides to stay home and raise a family should be respected just as much as a man who works outside the home.

We believe that men should realize their important role in the feminist movement — it is not just a woman's movement.

We believe that people should be open-minded rather than simply liberal or conservative.

We believe there should be a maternity leave, child care policy, and places of employment especially at institutions affiliated with the Christian faith.

We believe that women are a part of the university's attitude towards rape encourages it to be kept a secret issue on campus which furthers the problem.

We believe that a Catholic institution such as Notre Dame, which will ask a pregnant student to leave because the pregnancy itself is a violation of discipline, should ask the father, if also a student, to leave as well.

We believe that Notre Dame should establish Gender Studies as a major field of study, and not just a concentration.

Beth Lamont
Beth Ann Fennelly
Kathryn Albertini
Maura Penningham
William Robinson
Cathleen Dick
Grace Donaire
Becky Barnes
Mary Murphy

GARRY TRUDEAU

QUOTE OF THE DAY

"I was going to buy a copy of The Power of Positive Thinking and then I thought: What the hell good would that do?"

Ronnie Shakes
Drugs and Notre Dame: Strange days indeed...

Pete Peterson
Beyond Freedom Rock

Cultural diversity will enhance ‘true’ sense of community

Dear Editor:

From the moment I stepped on the Notre Dame campus knowing I was entering the past and present of a new family. With Notre Dame's standards of education, and winning football program, how could anyone want to join the Notre Dame family?

Although the Hispanic, Asian and African organizations hold campus-wide activities, few people attend.

Many factors rather than a single reason, account for the blame of the lack of cultural diversity at Notre Dame. The campus, however, is more culturally diverse student body than the community and add a new dimension to Notre Dame life.

As mentioned, there exist many minority groups on campus, cultural variation at Notre Dame. One of the main reasons includes Notre Dame's strong Catholic tradition. Most Anglo and European American and other groups, and the world, are also of the Catholic faith and therefore comprise the majority of the Notre Dame student body. Many minority students are not Catholic and Notre Dame's Catholic tradition does not appeal to them, thus they do not apply. This leaves few numbers of minority students, which limits the variety of culture.

Secondly, other schools offer more attractive financial aid packages. Since minorities make up a large number of the people they are likely to attend the university that offers them the most financial aid. Universities that offer attractive financial aid packages probably enroll more minority students.

Thirdly, after you become a part of Notre Dame, the academic burden allows free time to participate in any activities. During the little free time available, most students simply want to relax. Expressing their own culture and learning about other cultures is the last thing on their minds.

Finally, and most importantly, a conservative atmosphere pervades the Notre Dame campus. Nobodies want to be apart and take part in activities seen as non-traditional. For the lack of time, and consequently, the norm. A powerful sense of community exists at Notre Dame because of the strong similarities in students’ actions, style of living, and viewpoints on certain issues. This sense of community creates a student body which expresses little cultural diversity.

As a member of a minority, I personally believe life at Notre Dame needs to change. A student body with a variety of cultures will introduce change and, in turn, benefit the University in many ways.

Having many students from different cultures would introduce a variety of cultural conflicts. The consequences of these conflicts are debatable issues. The perspective of the first generation immigrant or the first generation minority college student would broaden the average Notre Dame student's vision of the world he or she lives in.

Students who learn about each other's way of life are also more comfortable around each other. My dream is to one day enter the dining hall and not be able to see the separate Hispanic and African American groups.

In addition to eating social relationships, interacting with culturally diverse people can extend a student's knowledge of the world. He or she can experience ethnic food, dance, and customs, and take part in a culture that books can only tell people about.

When students leave their studies and enter their careers they will not only interact with a variety of personalities but a variety of cultures. Learning to interact with different cultures will help them look beyond the physical differences of another person and conduct themselves in the ways both productive and beneficial to everyone. A variety of culture would create a true sense of community.

I believe the University could help initiate cultural diversity by expanding its curriculum to include the study of many cultures. The DART book does list a few courses on Asian, African, and European American cultures, but only five, ten, and maybe twenty people are able to take these classes. The classes could help cultural diversity by holding cultural festivals with ethnic food and dance from around the world.

However, regardless of how much cultural diversity the University offers, things will not change unless we, the students, want it to change. Notre Dame is a new family, and believe cultural diversity will further enhance the University.

Miguel Berastain
Mon, Jan 13, 1993

Was it worth it? Beats me. I kind of feel that those who gained insight would have had it. But, what if the freaks were only interested in being trendy and alienated, like today’s black-clad posers? But you can’t live your life twice and try not to be one like you. We were who we were and we did what we did.

Flat out, 1000 feet in the air, over the Ohio River. Don’t try this at home, kids.

Pete Peterson ’71 is a business manager with the Press-Republican, a daily newspaper in Plattsburgh, New York.

Monday, January 13, 1993

Viewpoint

Monday, January 13, 1993
Jeannie Blasi
From the Playpen

Just say "no" to the real world

Tired of interviewing? Sick of getting rejected? With Accent...though you are a child prodigy brainchild, we don't want you! Tired of looking like an overdressed yuppie wannabe wearing a navy blue suit to classes? Search no longer, in the end of the semester, you will be creatively styling the hair of the rich and famous.

Manufacture fake resumes
You've watched your electrical engineering friend go through an interview for the job of your dreams after rejection as if she or he were in a torture chamber. Use your computer expertise to revitalize your resumes. Change your name to "James Smith" and add a "graduate, and your three month trip to Europe is freed from navy blue suitdom forever!"

Weather doesn't matter
"It's windy and cold, but the wind, but can be positioned manually to point in any direction. These loyal fans believe that the wind brings luck and touchdowns for the Irish. Once worn by virtually all women on Ireland's western coast and islands, the ring historically represented the major investment of the fishing family and was handed down from mothers to daughters for generations.

Irish Claddagh rings are a current craze with a rich history

From the Playpen

By MONICA YANT
AND JAHNELLE HARRIGAN

Accent Writers

They are everywhere. And some even estimate that one could see every three women students at Notre Dame and Saint Mary's wear these rings. In gold, silver, with diamonds or gems, the sight of the ancient Irish Claddagh rings gives Notre Dame bragging rights of sorts among Irish circles consumed by tradition.

Junior Kathleen Aurigemma, who's half Irish, half Italian, sports one with a sparkling purple amethyst. Through McCrory, director of Public Relations and Information, got his ring of thick gold and green marble while living in Ireland in the 1970s. And Notre Dame senior Amy Hardgrove has faithfully followed the tradition of turning her silver ring with a marble stone to correspond with her love life—many times.

"In a sense, (the Claddagh) has got a sort of universal appeal here," Moore said of the ring's intense popularity at Notre Dame since the late 1980s. And although greater world awareness among Irish Americans might be partially responsible, Moore acknowledged that jewelers' "shrewd marketing" of the rings certainly hasn't sales any

To understand the role of the Claddagh at a Notre Dame, it is first to know the ring's history. Irish legends, like most legends, are unprovable at best. But most sources trace the ring about 300 years back to the tiny fishing village Claddagh just outside Galway on Ireland's western coast.

One story centers on a wealthy Irish widow who gave her riches to charity and was rewarded with the first gold Claddagh from the mouth of an eagle. Another tale links the Claddagh with other "fede," or faith rings of Medieval Irish history.

But the most often recited legend dates the rings to 1689 when a crew of Claddagh fishermen were captured and taken hostage by feeder neighboring. One of the young men was to have been married that week.

After eight years of slave apprenticeship to a Moorish goldsmith, the young man escaped to England and to Claddagh and found his fiancée still waiting. Overjoyed, the Irishman crafted the special ring in her honor.

His legacy is a curious creation of two interlocking bands holding a crowned heart. The hands represent friendship, the heart stands for love and the crown serves as the bend of loyalty that unites them, for the Claddagh is said to bring to life the Irish motto, "Let love and friendship reign."

Although Claddagh are given to children in Ireland as a symbol of their lives—like first communion and confirmation—the rings were made famous as a symbol of blue wedding band of the Irish. Once worn by virtually all women on Ireland's western coast and islands, the ring historically represented the major investment of the fishing family and was handed down from mothers to daughters for generations.

Notre Dame senior Colleen Nevin knows the stories well. She should, since her father is an Irish immigrant. Nevin lives in a heavily Irish district in Boston and believes the rings, for many Irish Americans, are a way to show pride in their heritage. But she acknowledges that the rings have been tarnished by years of Americanization and Irish discrimination.

"A lot of Irish people... tried to show the tradition away to hide their roots. In the South, the French south and during the 1920s, when 'No Irish need apply' signs were everywhere," she said.

The Claddagh's growing popularity may indicate that the times, and climate, have changed. They can now be spotted on blacks, Hispanics and Chinese in cities across the country. They've been dubbed by major newspapers "in" for fashion-conscious kids. And even the famous have endorsed them: Oscar-winning Angelica Huston is among many movie stars who flaunt the ring—only hers was a gift from model-friend Jerry Hall.

For Mike McKeown, wearing a Claddagh ring seemed natural. The Notre Dame senior said the ring is common in his home state of Boston, especially among men. "A lot of guys in Boston wear them—kind of a Boston thing," he said.

He received his gold Claddagh from his parents on his 17th birthday. And while many in his family wear the ring, McKeown is in the minority at Notre Dame, where every few male students are seen sporting the Claddagh. "A lot of girls like it, but guys really don't say anything," he said.

McKeown, who is half-Irish, knows the sacred Claddagh-wearing tradition well. He sports the ring on his right hand with the crown facing his fingernail. But he didn't just do it to follow the rules of the Claddagh.

Centuries ago, Irish women—and some men—had only two choices of how to wear the ring: right ring finger or left. If a woman was single, she put her ring on her right hand with the crown facing her finger to give notice of her availability. But if a woman received the Claddagh as an engagement ring, she wore it on her left hand with the crown facing her nail, to signal to that she had given her heart and soul to the man.

But with time and Americanization, the rules were complicated. The rings are now seen on other fingers, eyes too.

And the legend now includes variations of "how taken" a woman is considered depending on who bought the ring and who does the turning.

The Claddagh is a family tradition for Notre Dame junior Liz Heinrich. Many of her family members wear a Claddagh, and Heinrich received her gold ring as a Confirmation gift from her grandmother, a native of Ireland.

For a Notre Dame student such as she was very young, and said she loves the "charm of friendship, love and loyalty. "It's a reminder of the fact that I am Irish," she said. "It always makes me think of my grandmother's family."

For others who want the golden reminder, Claddagh can be purchased at virtually every major jewelry store and at Irish specialty shops. Most of the rings are still handmade in Galway, in a process that takes up to 12 hours. The rings range anywhere from $20 for a sterling silver version to $10,000 for an elaborate mix of gold, diamonds and emeralds.

At Notre Dame, the Hammer Bookstore is Claddagh central headquarters. Rings sell out quickly, according to store employees, especially during football season and the holidays. And in make matters easier for the Claddagh connoisseurs, the store includes instructions and the history of the ring with every purchase.

In search of skeptics who see the Claddagh as a coming and going fashion, hold off on placing any bets. Bookstore officials, students and administrators believe the rings are here to stay. More than the look and more than the feel, fans of the Claddagh argue that the rings are a way for "Irish" Dame students to send the world a message.
PIHITTSBURGH (AP) — Mario Lemieux has Hodgkin's disease, a cancer that affects the lymph nodes, but his doctor insisted Tuesday that the hockey star is not in any immediate danger and the treatment is not expected to threaten his life or career.

Lemieux, 27, was already out of action because of a calf injury and the Penguins said Lemieux had been diagnosed with Hodgkin's disease. The disease is not expected to threaten his life or career. Lemieux's teammates made their annual visit to Children's Hospital, but Lemieux was not present.

Lemieux reportedly underwent treatment Tuesday in Allentown General Hospital, but the Penguins would not confirm that. Hodgkin's disease is marked by a chronic enlargement of the lymph nodes, the small, compact structures that line the blood vessels and manufacture infection-fighting antibodies. Among the side effects of the disease are anemia and continued fever.

The fact that Lemieux is undergoing radiation therapy is an indication that doctors found the cancer in its early stages, said Dr. Dennis Meisner, an oncologist at Shady Hill Hospital in Pittsburgh.

He said the Penguins' contention that the type of Hodgkin's diagnosed in Lemieux's case is the most favorable may be misleading.

"It is a cancer, and all types of cancer are serious," Meisner said. "As a cancer, it can become life-threatening."

If the disease were to move to one lymph node that was removed, it is classified as Stage One Hodgkin's, which has a cure rate of 95 percent, he said.

Radiation therapy for Hodgkin's disease causes fatigue and weight loss, and could delay Lemieux's return to play hockey, Meisner said. The cancer can spread to other parts of the body, including the bone marrow and lungs.

Hodgkin's disease typically affects people who are 30 or older of 15 shooting and Scottie Pippen had his third triple-double of the season to pace Chicago, which lost three of four games before rebounding to hand Orlando its fifth loss in seven outings — all at home.

Michael Jordan had 23 points and Pippen finished with 13 points, 11 rebounds and 10 assists for the Bulls, who closed the third quarter with a 15-4 run that turned the game into a rout.

"I think they got discouraged," Chicago coach Phil Jackson said. "Our defense was dictating things for short stretches.

Anderson led Orlando with 24 points and 10 rebounds, while Shaquille O'Neal had 19 points and 11 rebounds for the Magic, which played without Don Nelson, who is on the disabled list due to calf muscle in his right leg.

Chicago, which led 60-57 at halftime, pulled away in the last minutes of the third quarter. Grant and Jordan each had 10 points in the period.

Pippen held Anderson to just two points in the Orlando guard had 18 in the opening half. The Bulls took a 91-75 lead halfway through the fourth quarter, pulled away in the air and I was quick. I mean you can watch the ball fall below .500 (14-15) for only 50.000 and was 22 percent of the game, Orlando's rookie center made 8 of 9 shots.

"A couple of times when I got the ball in the air and I was coming down, the ball was gone before I came down," said O'Neal, who was facing the Bulls for the first time.

"I turned around to see who it was, and it was Michael. He's the only one you can watch him on TV, but he's quicker. He's the best."

The game concluded a tough homestand for the Magic, who fell below .500 for the first time this season. The Magic had 103 points last season, despite missing 16 games with back-related problems. He was limited to 26 games in 1990-91, missing the Penguins' first 50 games after back surgery before returning to lead Pittsburgh to the first of its consecutive Stanley Cup championships.

Recently voted to play in his seventh NHL all-star game, Lemieux hasn't played close to a full season since 1988-89, when he was in 76 games. He missed 22 of the Penguins' last 23 games in the following season, when he first developed a back problem that later resulted in a surgical removal of a herniated disc.

Mario Lemieux diagnosed with Hodgkin's disease

Hockey superstar Mario Lemieux (left) has been diagnosed with Hodgkin’s disease. The disease is not expected to threaten his life or career. Lemieux's teammates made their annual visit to Children's Hospital, but Lemieux was not present. Lemieux reportedly underwent treatment Tuesday in Allentown General Hospital, but the Penguins would not confirm that. Hodgkin's disease is marked by a chronic enlargement of the lymph nodes, the small, compact structures that line the blood vessels and manufacture infection-fighting antibodies. Among the side effects of the disease are anemia and continued fever. The fact that Lemieux is undergoing radiation therapy is an indication that doctors found the cancer in its early stages, said Dr. Dennis Meisner, an oncologist at Shady Hill Hospital in Pittsburgh.

He said the Penguins' contention that the type of Hodgkin's diagnosed in Lemieux's case is the most favorable may be misleading. "It is a cancer, and all types of cancer are serious," Meisner said. "As a cancer, it can become life-threatening."

If the disease were to move to one lymph node that was removed, it is classified as Stage One Hodgkin's, which has a cure rate of 95 percent, he said.

Radiation therapy for Hodgkin's disease causes fatigue and weight loss, and could delay Lemieux's return to play hockey, Meisner said. The cancer can spread to other parts of the body, including the bone marrow and lungs. Hodgkin's disease typically affects people who are 30 or more.

"Forget about them struggling," Magic guard Nick Anderson said. "They won the two-defending NBA champions pulled away over the last 12 minutes.

"They're a championship team. They can turn it up and buckle it down. Believe me, there are no weak links in that chain."

Horace Grant scored 26 points on 12 of 15 shooting and Scottie Pippen had his third triple-double of the season to pace Chicago, which lost three of four games before rebounding to hand Orlando its fifth loss in seven outings — all at home.

Michael Jordan had 23 points and Pippen finished with 13 points, 11 rebounds and 10 assists for the Bulls, who closed the third quarter with a 15-4 run that turned the game into a rout.

"I think they got discouraged," Chicago coach Phil Jackson said. "Our defense was dictating things for short stretches.

Anderson led Orlando with 24 points and 10 rebounds, while Shaquille O'Neal had 19 points and 11 rebounds for the Magic, which played without Don Nelson, who is on the disabled list due to calf muscle in his right leg.

Chicago, which led 60-57 at halftime, pulled away in the last minutes of the third quarter. Grant and Jordan each had 10 points in the period.

Pippen held Anderson to just two points in the Orlando guard had 18 in the opening half. The Bulls took a 91-75 lead halfway through the fourth quarter, pulled away in the air and I was quick. I mean you can watch the ball fall below .500 (14-15) for only 50.000 and was 22 percent of the game, Orlando's rookie center made 8 of 9 shots.

"A couple of times when I got the ball in the air and I was coming down, the ball was gone before I came down," said O'Neal, who was facing the Bulls for the first time.

"I turned around to see who it was, and it was Michael. He's the only one you can watch him on TV, but he's quicker. He's the best."

The game concluded a tough homestand for the Magic, who fell below .500 for the first time this season. The Magic had 103 points last season, despite missing 16 games with back-related problems. He was limited to 26 games in 1990-91, missing the Penguins' first 50 games after back surgery before returning to lead Pittsburgh to the first of its consecutive Stanley Cup championships.

Recently voted to play in his seventh NHL all-star game, Lemieux hasn't played close to a full season since 1988-89, when he was in 76 games. He missed 22 of the Penguins' last 23 games in the following season, when he first developed a back problem that later resulted in a surgical removal of a herniated disc.
**RAVING**

National Hot Rod Association

**MEJOR LEAGUE BASEBALL**

`GIANTS to a group of investors led by Peter Magowan. unanimously approved the sale of the San Francisco committee for a commissioner.`

**NEW YORK METS**

have been named to the search

**National League**

and minor league catching Instructor.

**Andrews, pitcher, to minor league contracts.**

**Kevin Elster,** shortstop, on a minor league contract.

**Outfielder**, to a one-year contract.

**FORWARD, from the Injured list. Placed Blair**

**Brian Milner coach.**

**Hillman manager; Mark Shiflett pitching coach; and**

**Rasmussen, center, on the Injured list.**

**National Basketball Association**

**BASKETBALL**

**FOOTBALL**

**National Football League**

**American Hockey League**

left wing, from Capital District of American Hockey

**Jerry Rasmussen, defenseman, to Muskegon of the Colonial

**American Hockey League**

**Atlantic Hockey League.**

**New England Hockey League**

**Fredericton Canadiens—Pedal Roger

**Cleveland Lumberjacks—Best Robert

**Gettysburg College—Gettysburg College.**

**On the Campus**

**3M Sale**

Welcome Back Students, Faculty & Staff

**Scotch™ Wall saver Poster

Tape $1.95**

**Scotch™ Removable Mounting Square 89c**

**Post-it™ Memo Cubes $2.99**

**Special hours: 1/13/93- 9 a.m. to 6 p.m.**

1/14/93- 9 a.m. to 7 p.m.
Devon McDonald wraps up Corey Pullig for one of his 10 tackles.

Reggie Brooks finds a hole in the A&M defense. The senior rushed for 115 yards in his final collegiate game.

Brian Ratigan jumps over Texas A&M's Doug Carter in an attempt to block Corey Pullig's pass. Notre Dame's first score in the second quarter of the Cotton Bowl.

Lake Dawson sprints away from the defense on his way to Notre Dame's first score in the second quarter of the Cotton Bowl.

Senior Craig Hentrich prepares to boot an extra point through the uprights.

Notre Dame quarterback Rick Mirer eludes the grasp of linebacker Jason Atkinson.
Cotton

continued from page 20

The teams traded punts four times before Notre Dame got the ball back at its own 30-yard line with 1:32 left in the first half.

Two passes and a Reggie Brooks run gave the Irish a first down at the A&M 49-yard line with 57 seconds remaining. But two incompletions later, the Irish faced third and ten. Holtz then turned to an old standby from the Irish playbook.

Receiver Lake Dawson took a Mire pass across the middle and high-stepped his way into the entire Irish offensive line. "A&M had blitzed us all day long, so we called a middle screen, which is a delay, and executed it into the end zone," said Dawson. "Rocket used to run that play and did it a lot better than I did, but I'm just happy it could work for us today." The score to end the half seemed to electrify the Irish on both sides of the ball, as a new Notre Dame team took the ball in the second half.

After holding the Aggies to seven yards on their opening second-half drive, Notre Dame took possession at their 35, and put together a 63-yard, five-minute drive. Bettis hauled in a 26-yard rainbow from Mire and rumbled into the end zone to make the score 14-0. Unable to create any holes against the formidable Irish defensive line, the Aggie offense struggled to earn any first downs, and failed to surprise the Irish defense.

"They didn't surprise us at all with their game plan and did exactly what we thought they would," said senior linebacker Demetrius DuBose.

Fellow senior Devon McDon-ald turned in what was perhaps his finest performance at Notre Dame. His ten tackles, including four for losses, continually frustrated the Aggie offense.

When the Irish offense had the ball, they rolled up the A&M defense in the Cotton Bowl's AstroTurf rug. Short Bettis runs capped two long second-half drives, the first of which seemed stalled when Brooks fumbled at the A&M 4 after an 87-yard drive.

But two plays later, Aggie quarterback Cory Pullig fum- bled after a short gain. DuBose recovered. Two plays later, Bettis cashed in, scoring his second touchdown on the day.

"At the end of the year, we were playing better than any team I've been around, and that includes the 1988 and 1989 teams," said Holtz. "I would say that we would finish second."

Irish

continued from page 20

acustomed to being beaten like that." Though the Aggies were surprised with Notre Dame's dominance, Holtz expected it.

"We sort of expect to be able to run the ball, at least this year," Holtz said. "I don't know what we're going to do next year. Let's give coach (Joe) Moore some credit. The guy is an incredible offensive line coach.

The Irish offense line allowed Notre Dame to move the ball effectively throughout the game. The same cannot be said for their Lone Star counterparts.

The Aggie line could not handle the aggressive Irish defense, and freshman signal-caller Cory Pullig was harassed all day.

"We weren't confused by their defense, they just put a lot of pressure on me," Pullig explained. "The offensive line couldn't protect me. They (Notre Dame) brought too many guys." Getting pressure on Pullig was vital to Notre Dame's de-fensive performance.

"We knew he was a running quarterback. We wanted to keep him contained, and we knew if we did that we'd be successful," Most Outstanding Defensive Player Devon Mc-Donald said.

This game plan was a result of the Irish scouting report of the Aggies offense.

"They didn't surprise us at all with their game plan. They did exactly what we thought they would," linebacker Demetrius DuBose said. "They kept it ba-sic throughout the game and it's a credit to our scouting to show how prepared we were for the game."

Salomon Brothers

Quantitative Research Analyst

Salomon Brothers is an international investment banking firm that makes markets in securities and provides a broad range of underwriting, financial advisory and research services to governments, corporations, and institutional investors.

The BOND PORTFOLIO and EQUITY PORTFOLIO ANALYSIS GROUPS work with Sales, Trading and Investment Banking to help Salomon Brothers' clients quantify and implement investment, capital raising, hedging, and asset allocation strategies. This work includes the development of new theoretical models for securities valuation, statistical analysis of data, and the development of customized client presentations.

Quantitative Analysts typically act as generalists for up to two years, after which they move forward in their careers by concentrating in one or more of the following areas:

- Modeling financial products such as mortgage backed securities and options;
- Portfolio Structuring and/or Asset Allocation;
- Sales, Trading, or Investment Banking Support;
- Analysis of Stock and Bond Market Returns and Yields; and
- Analytical Systems Development.

While prior background in finance and economics is helpful, we believe that, given appropriate training and guidance, an analyst with exceptionally strong quantitative skills can come to a deep understanding of the financial markets.

Training for quantitative analysts includes:

- An introduction to securities analytics;
- A period of internship in different quantitative groups;
- Immediate hands-on training with professionals working on various projects;
- Licensing with the securities industry regulators; and
- Additional technical training as needed to handle newly assigned tasks.

Qualified candidates will have a B.S. in a quantitative field such as Computer Science, Engineering, Finance, Mathematics, Operations Research, or Statistics. Good analytical and computer skills (C/Unix preferable) are required. Because so much of the analyst's work involves direct interaction with the Firm's clients, strong interpersonal, writing and speaking skills are required. Knowledge of the financial markets is viewed positively.

Salomon Brothers - Research Department
Will Interview on Campus
February 2, 1993

Resumes should be mailed or faxed to:
Joan Dolph
Salomon Brothers
Research Department, 37th Floor
Seven World Trade Center, New York, NY 10048
Fax (212) 783-4615
Surprises, disappointments for men's basketball

BY JASON KELLY
Sports Writer

Some unlikely heroes helped the Notre Dame men's basketball team win four games during the holidays. And some unorthodox shooting helped them lose three.

Brooks Buyer, Jason Williams and Ryan Hoover emerged from the shadows with clutch performances to lead the Irish to the championship in the Sugar Bowl Tournament in New Orleans and wins over Boston College and Dayton.

Buyer's last-second heroes in the 45-43 win over New Orleans thrust the Irish into the championship game of the Sugar Bowl tournament, where they defeated St. Joseph's (PA), 67-64, for Notre Dame's first tournament championship in nearly 40 years.

But severe offensive problems sent the Irish into a three-game losing streak. Against Southern Cal, they fell behind by 25 points in the first half, and trailed 40-19 at halftime after connecting on only nine of 30 field goal attempts.

The second half was a different story. Notre Dame scored 55 points in the half, led by senior Monty Williams, who finished with 27, and junior Jon Ross, who scored a career-high 12.

But the Trojans were tough down the stretch, holding on for a thrilling 77-74 win.

"We were back on our heels, " Irish in the first half, our players weren't ever perspiring," Irish coach John MacLeod said. "We weren't ever

the Irish missed just about every opportunity they had in games against Xavier and Detroit Mercy.

Notre Dame never really threatened in either game, losing 75-60 to Xavier and 83-59 to Detroit Mercy.

Dayton visited the Joyce Center on January 9, providing a golden opportunity for the Irish to break out of their slump. The Flyers tasted to a 1-10 record, but once again, poor shooting plagued the Irish attack.

Enter sophomore Jason Williams and freshman Ryan Hoover. Williams and his deft shooting touch have been hidden at the end of the bench for most of his college career, while Hoover is just getting his feet wet in college basketball.

Both looked like battle-tested veterans against the Flyers. Hoover blistered the nets, connecting on a school-record 7 of 13 three-point attempts, on his way to a career-high 23 points.

"(Hoover) is not reluctant to shoot the ball," MacLeod said. "He is gaining experience every game, and he played very, very well today."

Williams also came through in the clutch. It was his first action in a crucial situation in his career and with less than 30 seconds remaining and the shot clock about to expire, he hit a three-pointer that kept the Irish on top. He finished with 10 points in the 71-66 Irish win.

"I couldn't be happier for J Williams," MacLeod said. "This

Monty Williams prepares to slam dunk two of his 15 points in Notre Dame's 71-66 win over Dayton, an example of a young man working hard to get an opportunity and making the most of it. Notre Dame will have to make the most of their opportunities. Road games against number-two Michigan and Butler before they return home on January 23 to face LaSalle.

YOU MAKE THE CALL

** WHAT WILL YOUR RESUMÉ LOOK LIKE? **

- 20 - 30 PAID STUDENT CALLER POSITIONS AVAILABLE

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ADDRESS</th>
<th>Name:</th>
<th>Minor:</th>
<th>Major:</th>
<th>University:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>13346 South Oak Dr.</td>
<td>Kathy Webb</td>
<td>What Ever You Like</td>
<td>Your Major Here</td>
<td>University of Notre Dame, Bachelor of Arts: 1994</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>666 Some Hall</td>
<td>Kent Goffinet</td>
<td>What Ever You Like</td>
<td>Your Major Here</td>
<td>University of Notre Dame, Bachelor of Arts: 1994</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3375 N. Oak Dr.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>University of Notre Dame, Bachelor of Arts: 1994</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13346 South Oak Dr.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>University of Notre Dame, Bachelor of Arts: 1994</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

** INTERESTED? **

Please join us for an informal OPEN HOUSE/INFORMATION SESSION

Thursday, January 14th
4:00 - 6:00 p.m.

at the Annual Fund Phone Center
(Southeast corner of Badin Hall)

If you have any questions, please call: Kathy Webb (631-7938) or Kent Goffinet (631-7241)

- must love people
- training
- real life experience

- $15.00 per hour
- flexible evening hours
- no experience necessary
By JENNY MARTEN

Moose Krause (right) is inducted into the Naismith Memorial Basketball Hall of Fame in 1976. At left is former NBA commissioner J. Walter Kennedy.

SPORTS BRIEFS

Cross Country ski equipment may be rented from RecSports at the Rock Thursday through Sunday. For more information and costs call RecSports at 631-6100.

RecSports is offering courses and classes in scuba diving, water aerobics, and cross country skiing. The classes start January 20 so stop by the RecSports office in the JACC to sign up.

Entrees are being taken for campus racquetball doubles for men and women, co-ed volleyball, interhall team racquetball, and grad/faculty/staff volleyball. The entry deadline is January 20. Entries for campus indoor soccer for men and women, badminton doubles for men and women, and co-ed water volleyball and the interhall swim relays are due January 27.

Happy Birthday, John. You're The Last Senior To Turn 21, But They Saved The Best For Last.

Dad, Mom, Patrick, Michael and Grandma

The Development Phone Center gratefully acknowledges those who have supported the student caller incentive program.

Baskin Robbins 31 Ice Cream & Yogurt Hacienda - Indian Ridge Plaza Lacopo's Pizzeria

KAPLAN

No one prepares you for the MCAT better than Kaplan. Our MCAT prep course teaches you exactly what the test covers and the test-taking skills you'll need to score your best. We offer live classes, home study notes, and audio review. Plus, no one else has a more extensive MCAT resource library than Kaplan.

No one prepares you for the MCAT better than Kaplan. Our MCAT prep course teaches you exactly what the test covers and the test-taking skills you'll need to score your best. We offer live classes, home study notes, and audio review. Plus, no one else has a more extensive MCAT resource library than Kaplan.
No. 2 Michigan falters late against No. 6 Indiana

ANN ARBOR, Mich. (AP) — It was exactly the kind of game you'd expect from two Final Four teams. Indiana's Allen Henderson made the key pass on a jumper to beé

winning basket and then blocked Michigan's final shot as the 13th-ranked Hoosiers snapped the second-ranked Wolverines' 11-game winning streak, 76-75 victory Tuesday night.

Henderson, who made the game-winning basket on a jumper from the right side with 1:36 remaining, had 22 points for Indiana (12-2, 6-0 Big Ten). Calbert Cheaney added 20 for the Wolverines.

Julien Rose, who had 19 points for Michigan (12-2, 2-1), put the Wolverines ahead 75-74 with 2:30 to play. But the Wolverines never scored again, although they had plenty of opportunities.

— James Voskuil, who had echoed voters for Michigan, drove across the lane for a layup that was blocked by Henderson with 1:13 left.

— Rose had a steal and raced the length of the court for an uncontested dunk that missed it with 43 seconds left.

— Michigan was forced to foul Todd Leary with 14 seconds left. But before Leary, a 90 percent free throw shooter, could take the foul shot, Cheaney left his spot in the lane and the Wolverines were given the ball out of bounds.

— Rose brought the ball up court, and flipped it to Voskuil who missed a 3-point try from the left corner. The rebound went to Chris Webber, who got the ball for one last shot, which was blocked by Henderson just before the horn sounded. Webber finished with 18 points.

The Hoosiers shot 55 percent, holding Michigan to 47 percent, and outrebounded the Wolverines 33-31.

With Juwan Howard scoring six of his 17 points, Michigan had an early 13-4 run for an 18-12 lead with 13:11 left in the first half. But for the next 8:40, the Wolverines made only two field goals.

Shot selection seemed to be a problem for the Wolverines who shot only 38 percent in the first half. Twelve of Michigan's 34 first-half shots were 3-point attempts, but only three went in.

Henderson had six points and Cheaney scored three straight baskets in the Hoosiers' 24-8 spurt to a 32-26 lead with 3:06 left and Indiana, shooting 53 percent, led 37-31 at halftime.

During the same Christmas break, they were involved in drills leading up to a Cotton Bowl game against Florida State.

The two A&M players suspended were freshman offensive lineman Darius Smith and freshman receiver Percy Singleton.

Both companies involved are headed by prominent Texas A&M alumni.

The victories also thrust the Irish out of the CCHA cellar for the first time this season and moved them into a three-way tie for eighth place with Kent and Illinois-Chicago. Notre Dame currently possesses a 4-11 league record.

HARTFORD, Conn. (AP) — Antispeak kept back a rebound at the buzzer Tuesday night and Pittsburgh won on the road for the first time this season, 80-78 over No. 15 Connecticut.

With Pittsburgh playing for the last shot, Chris McNeal took a pass from Jerry McCullough and tried to switch hands and put up a left-handed hook but missed. Jones caught it in the air and it put up without coming down.

Pittsburgh opened the second half with a 6-0 run to take a 44-39 lead. Burrell, who had only three points in the first half, hit a 3-pointer and dunked during an 8-2 run as the Huskies took a 49-48 lead.

Michigan had just three points scored at the half and then traded the lead eight times in nine minutes with Burrell tying the score at 53-53 on two free throws with 3:58 left.

The Panthers took a five-point lead as McCullough stripped Kevin Ollie at midcourt and then led a 3-on-1 break, feeding Garrick Thomas, who made the layup on a three-point play.

McNeal then took a pass from Mobley under the basket and made the layup to give the Panthers a 77-71 lead with 2:31 left.

Donny Marshall made two free throws and Fair hit a 3-pointer with 44 seconds left to tie the score.

The suspensions and investigation began after the Indiana game. Thos two athletes accepted a salary from Gilbert Properties across the lane for a layup that was blocked by Henderson just before the horn sounded. Webber finished with 18 points.

In the BIG Ten, the OBSERVER, 631-4542.

Minnesota is now accepting applications for

1993-94

Editor-In-Chief

Any full-time undergraduate at Notre Dame or Saint Mary's College is encouraged to apply.

Applicants should have a strong interest in journalism and should possess solid communication and public relations skills.

A background in writing, editing and/or management is helpful. Previous newspaper experience is also helpful, but not required.

Applicants should submit a résumé and a five-page personal statement of intent to Monica Yant by 5 p.m., Friday, Jan. 22, 1993. For additional information, contact Monica Yant at The Observer, 631-4542.
The Observer...

...would like to welcome everyone back to campus. We wish all the best of luck in the coming semester.
**Notre Dame family loses legend**

"Moose" Krause embodied the Notre Dame spirit

By BRIAN KUBICKI  
Sports Writer

Amidst the bustle and intensity of game week, Notre Dame decided to pass away its most beloved Round of College Football. Krause, longtime athletic director at Notre Dame, passed away on December 11 at the age of 79.

Krause's relationship with Notre Dame began in 1949, when he was recruited by Knute Rockne. Krause was a key player in the university's athletic program. He later became the university's athletic director, a position he held for over 40 years. Krause oversaw Notre Dame's athletic programs, including football, basketball, and baseball.

"He never stopped playing with all his heart and all his bull," said the Rev. Edward C. Krause, Jr., who celebrated the funeral mass with other priests.

**Irish hand Texas A&M their only defeat of the season**

By ROLANDO DE AGUIAR  
Associate Sports Editor

**Complete domination marks Cotton Bowl triumph**

By MIKE SCRUDATO  
Sports Editor

DALLAS — Proving that an undefeated record is worth as much as the conference title it's earned in, Notre Dame throttled previously undefeated Texas A&M 28-3 in the Mobil Cotton Bowl.

The Irish dominated the Southwest Conference champion Aggies on both sides of the ball, punishing the vaunted A&M defense on the ground, and stopping the Aggie running game cold.

Texas A&M amassed 439 yards of total offense, while the Irish offensive line showed that the Aggies were not even the best defense in the country. The Irish offensive line

The Aggies were overwhelmed with the speed and strength of the Irish offensive line.

Their line was fast. It is the best I've seen, A&M linebacker Jason Atkinson said. The Irish offensive line)

"They dominated our defensive line and continually knocked us around," said Bettis, who scored three touchdowns, while tailback Reggie Brooks, after a sloppy start, ran for 115 yards. Indeed, the entire Irish defense looked sloppy for much of the first half. On its opening drive, Notre Dame drove 62 yards over six minutes, only to fumble the ball away at the A&M 18-yard line.

Photo courtesy of Notre Dame Sports Information

Moose” Krause embodied the Notre Dame spirit

Notre Dame lost a legend when long-time athletic director Edward W. “Moose” Krause passed away in December. He was 79.