Borkowski offers chance to handle harassment complaints

By JASON WILLIAMS

John Borkowski has been appointed the first ombudsperson for discriminatory harassment complaints at Notre Dame.

Borkowski, the Andrew McKenna Family Professor of Psychology, will serve as both a liaison and counselor for faculty, staff and students for reporting allegations of discriminatory harassment.

"The position is designed to facilitate reporting or counseling any discriminatory acts on behalf of a person," Borkowski said. "If a person wants it resolved I can help them resolve it directly with the parties involved."

Currently complaints can be filed with the Office of Residence Life, the director of human resources, or with appropriate faculty and staff supervisors.

Notre Dame defines harassment as "any physical conduct intentionally inflicting injury on the person or property of another, or any intentional threat of such conduct, or any hostile, intimidating, or harassing behavior, directed at another, or small group of others that is intended to intimidate its victim(s) from any University activity, or any verbal attack, intended to provoke the victim(s) to immediate physical retaliation."

Such conduct would also be discriminatory in nature if it is accompanied by intentionally demeaning expressions concerning the race, gender, religious, sexual orientation or national origin of the victim(s).

Borkowski said he hopes his position will also set a tone for prevention of discriminatory harassment at the University.

"I hope the position will not only have an effect on harassment, but also serve as a preventative function," he said.

A member of the Notre Dame faculty since 1967, Borkowski conducts research in the developmental processes of learning and memory across the human life span.

Under terms of the harassment policy as passed by the Academic Council, the ombudsperson is appointed by University President Father Edward Malloy, in consultation with other officers of the University.

Borkowski's appointment is effective immediately.

Rosenstein: Electoral institution necessary to understand

By ROB ADAMS

Establishing an international electoral institution and to study and compare politics around the world is very necessary to comprehend the relationships between voters and representatives of government in democratic systems, according to Steven Rosenstone, professor of political science at the University of Michigan, who lectured Thursday on "The Comparative Study of Electoral Systems."

"Many of the arguments that people put forth predicated on assumptions of how voters will under certain systems," he said. "Just that, assumptions," said Rosenstone. "It is impossible to understand how they will relate without first observing similar actors in a similar situation.

Rosenstone discussed the most important of these was that an institute of international political would study and then adopt questions which remain unanswered surrounding each system.

"The first argument is that of Parliamentarism and presidentialism, the two fundamental ways by which to organize," said Rosenstone. "Arguments go on about lengths of term, arguments against the winner-take-all organization of a presidency, and arguments that a presidential system obscures accountability, according to Rosenstone.

"Some argue that a presidential system questions the capacity of the public to make choices; they don't know who is responsible," he said.

However, some will argue that a presidential system opens up doors for more accountability, provides for far greater freedom and reduces the better job representing local needs, according to Rosenstone.

"Not that I will weigh in on one side of this," said Rosenstone. "We know a lot about electoral laws but we do not have knowledge about how it affects individual interactions with representatives," said Rosenstone as he introduced the next main topic that would be studied at an electoral institution.

Questions are still wide open concerning electoral laws and how they affect strategic voting, how voters are manipulated or exploited by voters, and fundamental questions about different kinds of electoral systems, according to Rosenstone.

"Political parties are supposed to increase voter participation if it means they do really do that?" asked Rosenstone.

Smith chosen to chair NAPAHE

By ROB ADAMS

Roland Smith, executive assistant to University President Father Edward Malloy, has been elected chairman of the NAPAHE board.

Smith was appointed to his position as director of the National Association of Presbyterian Assistants in Higher Education (NAPAHE), which was established in 1988. NAPAHE provides and supports professional development activities and other programs for assistants to presidents at American colleges and universities.

Today's issue of The Observer is the last issue before Spring Break. The next issue will be published on Monday, March 15, 1994.

Turpin: Women must overcome many obstacles

By TONY POTTINGER

Women have to perform a thousand times better than the average male to command the respect of men, according to Barbara Turpin, associate dean of the graduate school.

Turpin hosted a forum yesterday entitled "The Ollie North Syndrome: Women vs. Women in the Academy."

Turpin has informally studied the experiences of women in the Notre Dame Graduate School. She contends that, surprisingly, one of the greatest adversities women face in attaining equality in the Graduate School is not in their treatment by males, but by other women.

Turpin also said that "females in graduate schools suffer from a lack of self-esteem that is a product of socialization and patriarchal families and is reinforced by the educational structure."

"Women must imitate men and adopt a male posture to succeed," said Turpin.

Women who refuse to do this, she says, are often shunned by their female colleagues who fear association with such women will impede their advancement or opportunities for tenure.

Turpin also argued that women often change the tone of their voices in order to communicate more respect and is viewed as equals.

"Women are also seen as not writing the right way. This is often a problem when attempts are made to include texts written by women in schools," Turpin said.
Another storm hits the East Coast

The 14th storm of the winter season battered the East Coast Thursday, causing cancellations and leaving rain from North Carolina to New England.

LOCATION IN 24 HOURS

INDIANA Weather

NATIONAL Weather

The Accu-Weather forecast for noon, Friday, March 4.

New York

Police arrested a knife-wielding man waiting in a crowd for Prince Charles to arrive at a movie premiere Thursday night. The man was among thousands gathered in Leicester Square for a glimpse of Charles; the stars of "Shadowlands," Sir Anthony Hopkins and Debra Winger, and director Sir Richard Attenborough. The movie stars had arrived at the Leicester Square cinema moments before the man was seized. He was acting suspiciously and produced a kitchen knife and threatened police when challenged, Scotland Yard said. No one was hurt, a spokesman for the police headquarters said, speaking on condition of anonymity. The 33-year-old man, whose name was not revealed, was devastated and arrested 20 minutes before Charles arrived for the film's British premiere. Charles was accompanied by the Duchess of Kent, his cousin's wife. There was no indication whether the man was an intimate of the royal family or if his intentions were to cause a scene with homosexuality, in concept or practice.

But I am also tired of groups, institutions and political parties telling people how they can live, what values are appropriate to espouse, what is American and what is not. It should not matter whether or not I believe homosexuality to be all that desirable. That Notre Dame needs more diversity or that faculty members threatened a vote of no-confidence over a policy that is considered too restrictive, is the expression of a democratic process. Any group that feels that the university is failing to meet their needs should be allowed to form a legitimate group. They have hampered attempts by the underground group to present their case. They have even refused an opportunity place the issue in a Catholic perspective through a pastoral ministry group. I am not a conservative. I never considered myself an advocate of any cause, much less myself an advocate of any cause, much less anything. The university's policies are not based on me and my personal life.

For a university, a place of education, a haven for inquiry and free speech, Notre Dame has to be flexible. Or so it looks. Like them all, the sexual abuse charges against Father James Burchfield are the responsibility of one of the University's most powerful figures. But it is clear that Notre Dame is ripe with contradiction, riddled with inconsistencies, plagued by ambiguities.

At once, it is both a Catholic university de­vo toed to open dialogue and a cloistered, jealously guarding its tradition and image. The result can be ugly, especially when communication fails. 

Dialogue was missing in 1991, when a group of concerned blacks and Hispanics resorted to a sit-in to get the administration to listen. It was missing in 1992, when faculty mem­bers threatened a vote of no-confidence over a committee on academic governance.

The message is clear - and potentially dam­aging to a University. The administration will wait until crisis threatens chaos or a blow to its image before serious discussion can begin. Such a scenario that faces yes and no­ians on campus. For years, the University has ignored the concerns of these students, handing them their issues as problems to be solved. The administration's response has been to allow them to become a legitimate group. They have hampered attempts by the underground group to present their case. They have even refused an opportunity place the issue in a Catholic perspective through a pastoral ministry group.

We, the students, feel that perhaps Notre Dame is one of the few places where blacks were systematically excluded from the juries that decide who gets to play by the rules of the land. The Utah Legislature passed a bill to allow the Elks and other fraternal organizations to discriminate against women and still hold state liquor licenses. The Utah legislature is one of the few states in the country that have not passed a Civil Rights Act to exclude fraternal, sororal or charitable and other fraternal organizations to discriminate against women and still hold state liquor licenses. The Utah legislature is one of the few states in the country that have not passed a Civil Rights Act to exclude fraternal, sororal or charitable and other fraternal organizations to discriminate against women and still hold state liquor licenses. The Utah legislature is one of the few states in the country that have not passed a Civil Rights Act to exclude fraternal, sororal or charitable and other fraternal organizations to discriminate against women and still hold state liquor licenses. The Utah legislature is one of the few states in the country that have not passed a Civil Rights Act to exclude fraternal, sororal or charitable and other fraternal organizations to discriminate against women and still hold state liquor licenses. The Utah legislature is one of the few states in the country that have not passed a Civil Rights Act to exclude fraternal, sororal or charitable and other fraternal organizations to discriminate against women and still hold state liquor licenses. The Utah legislature is one of the few states in the country that have not passed a Civil Rights Act to exclude fraternal, sororal or charitable and other fraternal organizations to discriminate against women and still hold state liquor licenses. The Utah legislature is one of the few states in the country that have not passed a Civil Rights Act to exclude fraternal, sororal or charitable and other fraternal organizations to discriminate against women and still hold state liquor licenses. The Utah legislature is one of the few states in the country that have not passed a Civil Rights Act to exclude fraternal, sororal or charitable and other fraternal organizations to discriminate against women and still hold state liquor licenses. The Utah legislature is one of the few states in the country that have not passed a Civil Rights Act to exclude fraternal, sororal or charitable and other fraternal organizations to discriminate against women and still hold state liquor licenses.

A man executed for 1983 slayings

JABRATT, Va.

A man convicted of killing two convenience store clerks during a pair of small-time robberies in 1983 was executed Thursday in Virginia's electric chair.

Johnny Watkins Jr., 33, was pronounced dead at 11:11 p.m., said Wayne Brown, operations officer at Greenville Correctional Center, where the state's electric chair is housed. Watkins, who had been visited earlier Thursday by a parole officer and a friend, had no final statement, Brown said. 'I swore and I'm about as ready as I'm going to get, I expect,' he told a reporter Tuesday. Watkins, who is black, had asked Gov George Allen to grant him clemency, arguing that racism played a part in his sentencing. Allen rejected the request Thursday morning. "The governor has concluded that the facts of the case do not warrant exercise of the extraordinary remedy of executive clemency," a statement from Allen's office said. Watkins' lawyer, Gerald T. Zerkis, said his client's 1984 trials were tainted by racism and that blacks were systematically excluded from the juries that sentenced him. Commonwealth's Attorney William H. Fuller said state and federal courts found no discrimination.

Utah lawmakers protect all-male clubs

SALT LAKE CITY

The Utah legislature passed a bill to allow the Elks and other fraternal organizations to discriminate against women and still hold state liquor licenses. The Utah House, in the final hours of the session that ended Wednesday night, voted 39-25 to override Gov Mike Leavitt's veto and change the Civil Rights Act to exclude fraternal, sororal or charitable organizations from some provisions. The Senate passed the bill earlier. Gov. Mike Leavitt would not say whether he intends to sign, veto or allow the measure to become law without his signature. He said he would not sign the act as it is written and that it will promote discrimination. Elks and others say it protects freedom of association. "This is not the same level of discrimination that we've been dealing with in some of the other measures before us," said House Speaker Rob Bishop.

Man arrested at Prince Charles appearance

LONDON

Police arrested a knife-wielding man waiting in a crowd for Prince Charles to arrive at a movie premiere Thursday night. The man was among thousands gathered in Leicester Square for a glimpse of Charles; the stars of "Shadowlands," Sir Anthony Hopkins and Debra Winger, and director Sir Richard Attenborough. The movie stars had arrived at the Leicester Square cinema moments before the man was seized. He was acting suspiciously and produced a kitchen knife and threatened police when challenged, Scotland Yard said. No one was hurt, a spokesman for the police headquarters said, speaking on condition of anonymity. The 33-year-old man, whose name was not revealed, was devastated and arrested 20 minutes before Charles arrived for the film's British premiere. Charles was accompanied by the Duchess of Kent, his cousin's wife. There was no indication whether the man was an intimate of the royal family or if his intentions were to cause a scene with homosexuality, in concept or practice.

A frantic 911 call leads to attacker's arrest

NEW YORK

The 911 caller on the Brooklyn Bridge was frantic. One hand on the wheel, the other on his cellular phone, he gave a police officer a play-by-play of the attack Tuesday morning on a van full of young Hasidic Jews. He said the first hand was waiting at a bus stop, that a Hasidic student brain dead, three others wounded and a city in shock. Shortly following a series of leads provided by the unidentified caller and dozens of others like him, police arrested the alleged gunman within 18 hours. The suspect, identified as Razi, 19, was charged with 15 counts of attempted murder and ordered held without bail until his arraignment Wednesday. Razi, a livery cab driver from Lebanon, is accused of firing at least nine bullets from two high-powered pistols at the van in what victims and witnesses said was an unprovoked assault.

The views expressed in the Inside Column are those of the author and not necessarily those of The Observer.

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By SCOTT SONNER  

WASHINGTON  
The government's decision to end an experimental peacetime registration for the military draft with little risk to U.S. security, the Pentagon said Thursday. President Clinton said registration should continue temporarily.

Current all-volunteer forces and a reduced global threat make draft reinstatement "highly unlikely," the Defense Department concluded in a report to Congress.

"Consequently, peacetime draft registration could be suspended without irreparable damage to national security."

The Pentagon stopped short of recommending an end to the Selective Service System, saying "We should continue draft registration while we study possible alternative uses, such as applications to national service."

President Clinton said in a letter, also made public Thursday, that the Selective Service System should remain in place until the National Security Council concludes a similar review this spring.

"I concur in the secretary's recommendation that we should maintain registration while we study how to make the best use of Selective Service System capabilities and resources," Clinton wrote to Vice President Al Gore, the Senate president.

Sen. Mark Hatfield, R-Ore., and Rep. Peter DeFazio, D-Ore., made the report and letter public. Both are long-time advocates of ending Selective Service registration for the draft, saying elimination would save taxpayers as much as $29 million a year without weakening U.S. defense.

The Pentagon estimates a $6-million-a-year saving.

"There are no more excuses," said Hatfield, ranking Republican on the Senate Appropriations Committee.

"Military manpower requirements do not depend upon potential draft laws," he said.

DeFazio said, "For the first time in 14 years, we've gotten a straight answer from the Pentagon that says peacetime draft registration has nothing to do with real defense needs."

Sen. John Glenn, D-Ohio, who chairs the Senate Armed Services readiness subcommittee, said he favors keeping registration because "it's an inexpensive way to keep records on the cadre of people who would be available if they were ever required to be used."

But Glenn added he would not fight ending registration. "It's not a big burning issue."

The report, "A Review of the Continued Requirement for Draft Registration," was completed in December and forwarded to the Senate in February.

"Peacetime draft registration could be suspended with no effect on military mobilization requirements," the report said. "The time it would take to mobilize and no measurable effect on military recruitment," the Pentagon said.

"Although there would be a major effect on the organization and staffing of the SSS, suspending peacetime registration could be accomplished with limited risk to national security considering the low probability of the need for conscription," the report said.

The Pentagon said a military draft would have to be reinstated to support an extended, large-scale conventional war. But it would take months to expand training bases and build up equipment to use draftees effectively.

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Fireside
continued from page 1

EMPOWERMENT, AND SELF-REALIZATION.

He also stressed the importance of experiencing other cultures in the modern, multicultural environment.

"We live in a world community that is rapidly shrinking."

Natcher's voting streak ends

By JIM ABRAMS
Associated Press

WASHINGTON

Like baseball's Lou Gehrig, 84-year-old William H. Natcher has been the iron man of Congress, never missing a vote in a political career that stretches back to the first Eisenhower administration.

That streak ended Thursday when the Kentucky Democrat, too sick to leave his hospitalized wife, said that for the first time in 40 years he would not be on the House floor when a vote was being taken.

His record of 18,400 consecutive votes has never been approached, and House Speaker Tom Foley said it was a record "I believe will stand forever."

"Obviously this is a sad moment for all of us because of the unparalleled public service of Mr. Natcher," Foley, D-Wash., said in a tribute following Natcher's missing vote.

He said he has no doubt that he will be re-elected.

First to vote

Natcher, chairman of the House Appropriations Committee, is a throwback to an older generation of lawmakers, rarely spending more than $10,000 a campaign and driving by himself around Kentucky's newly created Second District, where Abraham Lincoln was born.

The end came on a simple procedural vote that opened the House session Thursday.

According to the House library, Natcher cast his first vote Jan. 21, 1954 — in favor of establishing an Air Force academy.


Natcher said: "We must broaden our horizons and open our minds." In order to achieve a sense of happiness in our character development, we must balance many aspects of our lives," he said. Physical, social, emotional, spiritual, and mental health rights must be achieved equally in order to obtain "wellness."

"We are basically talking about feelings when we discuss character development," Natcher said.

"One is beginning to think about feelings when we discuss the Fireside Chat in the near future.

Elected at Central State University in Wilberforce, Ohio, and the University of Dayton, Gilliam is currently working on a book about the importance of character development in the lives of people.

Natcher has been here as long as I have and never missed a day or vote, it's never been here as long as I have and never missed a day or vote, it's never missed a day or vote, it's never missed a day or vote, it's

The Observer/Scott Mendenhall

The Observer/Scott Mendenhall

ABIDJAN

Cameroon threatened in dispute over land, pride

By MARK FRITZ
Associated Press

It's about colonial borders callously drawn, wounded national pride, and dangerous domestic problems that just might need a foreign distraction. It's also about oil.

An eyeball-to-eyeball border dispute between Nigeria, a main supplier of U.S. petroleum, and Cameroon, its former colony, India has been building a blatantly provocative toward combat.

"One is beginning to think that something actually could happen," said Ken Petrie, a former British diplomat, to Nigeria from 1987-90 and now an analyst for the International Institute of Strategic Studies in London.

At the heart of the dispute is the Bakassi Peninsula. Nigeria and Cameroon both claim to own the slip of land that juts from the border of both countries into the oil-rich waters Gulf of Guinea.

Nigeria claimed Cameroonian troops raider Nigerian fishing villages in December, killing six fishermen.

Nigeria responded by sending in 1,500 troops, and both sides clashed briefly in February. Cameroon declared Nigeria seized two towns and Nigeria alleged that Cameroon fired the first shots.

The neighbors have argued over their oil-rich border and the waters around it for years, but in every instance of threatened military action the situation was defused by diplomacy, which has been noticeably lacking this time.

"No matter how long the crisis takes, at the end of it all Cameroon will lose. I assure you," Nigeria's Foreign Minister Baba Gana Kingsbe said Wednesday.

So far, the biggest impact has been to influence grassroots passions in Nigeria, where the population had become cynical and morose because of the iron-fisted assault on democracy by Gen. Sani Abacha, who took power in a November coup.

Petrie said Abacha may be trying to unite a fractured military elite and save his own skin.

Many top officers were upset that Abacha forced out his slightly less dictatorial predecessor, Gen. Ibrahim Babangida.

"It could be the classic thing. You have problems internally, you look externally so you have something to focus the public attention," Petrie said.

It seems to have worked. Nigeria's media, which normally lab for the authoritarian government with relish, have rallied around the Nigerian flag.

Nigerian historian Jide Oke said he has no doubt that Nigeria's saber rattling is for domestic consumption and "appeasing the Nigerian audience, which is clearly in favor of a military offensive against Cameroon."

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Firm received cleanup contracts

By RICHARD KEIL
Associated Press
WASHINGTON

The Rose Law Firm, where Hillary Rodham Clinton used to work, has received 22 government contracts in savings and loan cases since 1993, totaling over $1 million, according to billing records examined by The Associated Press.

The S&L cleanup contracts include one involving a failed thrift now at the center of a special prosecutor's investigation into the first family's business dealings.

The law firm's work so far has yielded at least $1.27 million, the records show. And if it is paid the full amount budgeted for its remaining cases, the firm stands to make at least an additional $600,000.

The work awarded to the Little Rock firm, one of Arkansas' oldest and most prestigious, has generally involved helping regulators pursue thrift shareholdings.

Most cases were handled by Rose's former supervisor, now a special prosecutor for the controversy.

Billings for his work, including several charges as excessive, the records show.

One case involved the failure of First Savings of Arkansas, for which the Rose firm estimated its work would cost $173,400.

According to the records, the RTC rejected nearly $4,100 in billing for work done by $490 for "Travel at Full Rate," $225 for "unauthorized fees," $215 in "inappropriate Attorney Services," $200 in fees for in complete documentation, $140 in duplicate billings from different attorneys for the same work, $10 in excess paralegal costs, and $16.26 in miscellaneous expenses.

The last item rejected was a mere 20-cent coping fee, the records show.

In yet another ailing savings institution, the Rose firm has been retained to work for the government in a controversy.

A published report said the firm representing the thrift, Rose firm, has been under an intense spotlight.

The latest twist came this week when Hubbell acknowledged he was questioned by the firm about certain loan transactions his firm had worked on, including one involving the RTC.

A published report said the firm said they were trying to determine whether its former senior partner, who billed the firm for personal expenses, Hubbell denied any wrongdoing and said he was helping the firm locate documents to back up his charges.

The billing records show Hubbell was listed as the supervising attorney in three of the Rose cases. In two, the RTC questioned Rose's billings and rejected several small charges as excessive, the records show.

The Associated Press.

Friday, March 4, 1994

THE OBSERVER • NATIONAL NEWS • PAGE 5

White House to avoid meddling in Whitewater

By RON FOURNIER
Associated Press
WASHINGTON

Embarassed anew by White House handling of the Whitewater affair, President Clinton ordered aides this week to "bow out back ward" to avoid meddling in a federal investigation involving him.

Insisting that "no one has actually done anything wrong," Clinton nonetheless expressed regret that his advisers received private briefing before a public announcement of a federal investigation involving him.

The government in a law suit in involving Madison Guaranty Savings and Loan, a failed Arkansas thrift has engaged President Clinton in controversy.

Rose was hired to use Madison's former accountant for negligence. Hubbell settled the $10 million claim for $1 million; his work earned the firm some $400,000.

Throughout the Whitewater affair, the Rose firm has been under an intense spotlight. The latest twist came this week when Hubbell acknowledged he was questioned by the firm about certain loan transactions his firm had worked on, including one involving the RTC.

President Clinton's welfare reform program is tougher than more traditional work programs, the records show.

The records also showed that when Hubbell worked for the government, he charged $140 an hour. His normal rate at the time was $185, the records said.

The $140 hourly figure is the same charged by other senior Rose partners who have worked with the RTC, including attorney Richard Donovan, who is the firm's current head. Donovan's salary is $225,000 a year.

Late last year, it was revealed that prior to Rose's work for the government in 1989, the firm, including Mrs. Clinton, had done work for Madison S&L.

New welfare plan requires work

By JENNIFER DIXON
Associated Press
WASHINGTON

Young mothers still on welfare after two years would lose their monthly grant and be required to work for paychecks under a proposal by President Clinton's welfare reform task force. Those who failed to show up on the job wouldn't get paid.

The group's approach, called "work for wages," is tougher than more traditional work programs for welfare recipients required to perform a community service job in exchange for their monthly benefits.

"A defining feature of this approach is they are not guaranteed anything if they don't show up for the work assignment. At the hours specified. They do not get paid for the hours they miss," a senior administration official, who in sisted on anonymity, said Thursday.

And to translate the president's campaign promises to "end welfare as we know it" is gradually taking shape, with the work program the latest element of the sprawling welfare program, the most recent applicants.

The two-year time limit would affect about 1.2 million parents, mostly mothers born in 1972 or later, out of the 45 million adult recipients on Aid to Families with Dependent Children.

YOU ARE CORDIALLY INVITED

TO ATTENDED

Adams Remco Inc.'s
OFFICE EQUIPMENT REVIEW
TO BE HELD
IN THE NOTRE DAME ROOM
MORRIS INN
THURSDAY, MARCH 10th, 1994
9:00 A.M. TO 4:00 P.M.
Refreshments and hors d'oeuvres provided.
Savin Copiers, Facsimile, Typewriters, Printers, Shredders

ATTENTION JOBS
interested in the
bachelor and master scholarships

Professor Walter F. Pratt, Jr. will have a meeting to inform you of deadline dates and the Fall application process on

Tuesday, March 15, 1994
6:30 p.m.
101 Law School

If you are unable to attend this meeting, a sheet of information may be obtained at 102-B O'Shaughnessy Hall after the meeting date.
Eager to avert a total breakdown of Middle East peace talks, President Clinton extended a respectful hearing Thursday to PLO envoys. The Palestinians welcomed Clinton's invitation to send negotiators here to continue peace talks, but Syria, Jordan and Lebanon have indefinitely interrupted their contacts with the Israeli government. Secretary of State Warren Christopher is expected to fly to the West Bank and Gaza and to deploy a U.S. force to enhance security.

Riding on the outcome of the talks, Nablus Chief, who is a delegate to the decision-making body of the Palestinian Authority, is expected to visit the United States. The Clinton administration is reported to be considering sending a high-levellegation to the Palestinian territories.

**Middle East peace talks extended**

**By BARRY SCHWEID**

Associated Press

WASHINGT0N

Thursday to end the disarray on the West Bank and Gaza and to deploy a U.S. force to enhance security.

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President Clinton yesterday enacted the stringent "Super 301" trade weapon against American companies, which notified their countries to recall the most egregious trade barriers against U.S. products. A list will be compiled by the U.S. Trade Representative's office on an annual report due March 31 that surveys trade practices around the world.

After this report is published, the administration will have until Sept. 30 to select countries deemed to have the most harmful trade barriers. The administration would use this list to draw up a "hit list" of countries judged to have erected the most egregious trade barriers against U.S. products. This list will be revised from an annual report due March 31 that surveys trade practices around the world.

President Clinton said he spoke today by telephone to Japanese Prime Minister Morihiro Hookawa. He termed the call a "friendly, forthright" discussion, but refused to reveal during a morning appearance before government executives what he told Hookawa, saying only that the matters would be discussed.

Other nations, especially Japan, complained bitterly about the Super 301 law, saying it allowed the United States to bully them into making trade concessions under threat of punitive tariffs. The law has strong back­ ends. In Congress. Two weeks ago, Sen. Max Baucus, D-Mont., chairman of the Senate Finance subcommittee that handles trade matters, introduced legislation to repeal Super 301, saying that while it was in effect it had been "tremendously successful."

Clinton, talking about his phone call to Hookawa, said that the discussions were "consistent with the tone that we've established in our relationship. But it is an area (Super 301) that we have today. We'll have an announcement about that later today."

The Bush administration, which did not like having its hands tied by the strict dead­ line in the law, agreed it is necessary to cut off new Japanese markets in the area of computer service, forest products and satellites. It also succeeded in eliminating certain trade barri­ ers in Brazil.

Kantar left no doubt Wednes­ day that the Super 301 law clearly favored reviving the ex­ cised Super 301 provisions. He noted that he repeatedly has voiced his support for the lapsed law, dating back to his campaign for the presidency.

Kantar told the House Foreign Affairs Committee that some decisions had been made and announced measures that would come "in the near future."

Last month the administra­ tion announced proposed sanc­tion against Japan in a dispute over a 1993 law that allowed Japanese firms to finish their plants in the United States. Kantor said today that the negotiations were "very close to moving forward."
I read with amusement and interest the recent results of the student body presidency election. If anyone is an expert on so-called "good candidates" winning student government elections, I am. You see, I ran for student body president my junior year and lost to a guy who wore a Burger King crew shirt and his running mate, a cat.

The King and his cat's popularity began when the King proclaimed that he was the prime minister of campus across campus the way it did for all the same reasons that the Grofford Dead are coming to campus. Former Speaker of the House Thomas "Tip" O'Neill claimed that all politics was local. Indeed that is true in the real world. Moreover, when applied to campus student government politics, it is even more true.

Student government exists to make life more pleasant while accommodating the crowd. Students loved it. The King and his cat's sentiment were everywhere protesting a change in the national board a few years later! The mood of campus was ripe for the King and his cat's proposal to abolish student government. However, student government survived not one year with the King, but two! He was a sophomore when he ran for office and was re-elected the following year.

I imagine that Hungeling will find someone to help him next year. Student government will never go away as some would like. In fact, I bet you see Hungeling carry the flag at football games because that's part of the job. I'd like to put in my request now for a guest flag carry if I can.

Finally to Bryan Corbett I suggest that you don't try to analyze why you lost for the next five years like I did. It is plain as night. Dead Sea Scrolls. You did not sense the frustration and resentment of the electorate. You came off like a bureaucrat, looked like a bureaucrat, and spoke like a bureaucrat, probably with little humor. God bless you because you probably will make a great political outsider of Catholic Disneyland. Never knowing how to run against a cat or Jerry Garcia is only a learning experience, not the end of your life. See you at the concert.

Gary J. Caruso, Notre Dame Class of 1973, works in Washington, D.C. as a desktop publishing specialist for the U.S. House of Representatives. His column appears every other Friday.

I fi Karl, instead of writing a lot about capital, had made a lot of it, it would have been much better.
Material Issue includes (left to right) Mike Zelenko, Jim Ellison, and Ted Ansani.

The Main Attractions

Material Issue creates high-energy rock unique to bands worldwide

By ROB ADAMS

The opening track on Material Issue's latest release, Freak City Soundtrack, is called "Going Through Your Purse," and it is a song about just what the title suggests— one fleeting moment of boredom leading to the temptation and the eventual act of going through someone’s purse—the epitome of a Material Issue song.

Material Issue's finest songcrafting ability has to do with taking a simple, single element of romance and expanding it to a point where it could ruin a whole relationship. Besides its ingenious idea, "Going Through Your Purse" shines in its brisk drum beat, the blistering guitar solo, excellent placement of background lyrics, and Jim Ellison's curiosity, flowing through his unique vocal style.

It seems as if he is always in some kind of rock musical, the spotlight has dawned and there's Ellison, center stage, singing to the audience, hoping that they'll understand.

Ellison formed Material Issue in 1987 with schoolmate Ted Asani on bass and local drummer Mike Zelenko on skins. After a late '87 EP and a 1989 seven-inch, both of which received substantial critical acclaim, 1991's International Pop Material Issue album topped the alternative charts and even gained some top 40 airplay.

After a year on the road, including a tour of Europe, Material Issue began recording Freak City Soundtrack in 1993, recruiting the guitar firepower of Chico Trigg's Rick Neilson, Guns N' Roses Gilby Clarke as well as Char of Big Hat on violin.

"Echo Beach," the strongest track on Freak City, features some of Gilby Clarke's work, riffs are brought to the forefront as Ellison sings almost giddily of his cynicism toward vacations.

Obsession throbs throughout "Kim the Waitress" as Ellison's voice drops to a painful baritone, on the verge of being unable to control himself around an unwanted waitress. This is the only song on Freak City that has a female's name in the title, which is surprisingly low for Material Issue.

Oddly enough, a more commercial form of obsession is dealt with in "The Fan," inspired by the Rebecca Schaffer story, but here Ellison sings from an expectant and demanding point of view, in front of an almost upbeat musical setting, making the result even more creepy.

"Funny Feeling" has a beginning which echoes Social Distortion's "Ball and Chain," but then erupts into a feedback frenzy coupled with touches of bluesy spurs of guitar splash-around in the background. Some of the high-energy smarts rock-n-roll which spawned Material Issue's brisk debut album is featured on "Very Good Thing." Ellison is happy to paint pictures of nostalgic romantic scenes and then even happier to kiss it all goodbye.

By contrast, the light psyche-delic and supergoofed lyrics which surround "I Could Use You" remind of the ballad tone...

Ellison is happy to paint pictures of nostalgic romantic scenes and then even happier to kiss it all goodbye.

By ROB ADAMS on Material Issue

in Destination Universe. Ellison's notes reach new heights here, as the sappy background vocals.

Material Issue is a band who, fortunately, do not attempt to worry about the "ghosts of albums past" as it continues to create a combination of vocals, themes, and rock unique to bands all over the world.

WIN IT BEFORE YOU CAN BUY IT: PolyGram has sent me ten extra copies of Material Issue's latest release, Freak City Soundtrack, and want me to give them away! Call me at 631-5303 starting at 11:00 a.m. The first ten people who call me and ask for the new Material Issue album get it for free.

Blond characters and inconsistent plot paint portrait of the 20's in 'Reality Bites'

By JIM DOWD

Film Critic

What will happen to our generation after graduation? The new coming-of-age docu-drama "Reality Bites" paints a depressing picture of the quality of life for the apathetically named generation "X.

FILM REVIEW

It is a realistic portrait of the twenty-something culture which details the struggle of four close friends as they face the frustrating job market. The film intends simultaneously to engage, preach, and expose. Unfortunately, it does none of these successfully. The film attempts to characterize a generation, but it has no direction.

"Reality Bites" is a pseudo-documentary filmed haphazardly. It is a mesh of sketches. Each sketch is enlightening and revealing when taken alone, but when the film discusses important topics like AIDS or homosexuality it does not sufficiently concentrate upon them.

It almost seems that they felt it had to include these themes to be politically correct. The film has no focus and thus seems very incoherent and choppy. Granted, this could have been the intent of the film-maker and could symbolize the fickleness of generation X.

Departing from this sketch format, the second half of the film decides to develop the triangular romance between Winona Ryder, Ben Stiller, and Ethan Hawke. This plot within a plot just confuses the viewer.

I certainly hope that my generation does not look at art like the characters in this film. All the four principles spend their days and nights drinking, smoking, and having sex. The characters are realistic, yes, but tragically so.

None have initiative, ambition, or sound moral values. All of the acting leaves much to be desired, but it is difficult to be critical of actors who are not trying to act. They all aspire to present the "normal" twenty-year-old.

I must single out one character and one performance which is fairly impressive. Hawke's Troy is a psychologist's dream. The character is a lazy philosopher with incredible intelligence, but no initiative. He suffers from existential angst. He is burnt out and rejects society. Hawke's creative portrayal is witty, passionate, and honestly moving.

Besides its gritty realism and noble intentions, there is one more aspect to salvage from the flawed "Reality Bites." I will deem it "série fatalisme." There is something poignant about a bunch of friends staying up all night drinking, talking, and bonding. Many of us can relate to the emotional
Jordan looked like nervous rookie Oses first game

By Associated Press

A couple of “Ks” and an “E” for Michael Jordan. Baseball’s most celebrated rookie took the field under game conditions for the first time since high school Thursday.

He went 0-for-3 with two strikeouts and an error in an intrasquad game for the Chicago White Sox. His team lost 12-7 after his two-out error allowed the go-ahead run to score.

“Some critics may see it as a setback, but I saw it as an opportunity to go out and see what a baseball game is like,” Jordan said after playing all six innings.

“It was my first game and I felt nervous and out of my element. Hopefully, I’ll get another chance and be a little more comfortable.”

White Sox manager Gene Lamont said Jordan would not start Friday in the exhibition opener against Texas. But Lamont said Jordan is likely to play some right field.

Pirates 7, Twins 5

At Bradenton, Fla., Orlando Merced had a three-run homer and a two-run double and Alejandro Pena got a save in his return from a year-long absence.

Merced, the subject of off-season trade rumors, hit a three-run homer in the third inning off loser Keith Garazuzzo to give Pirates the lead for good at 4-2. He added a two-run double off Rick Aguilera in the fifth as the Pirates extended their lead to 6-3.

Pena, who missed last season after undergoing elbow surgery, retired Minnesota in order in the ninth, striking out two.

Brazen 10, Georgia 5

At West Palm Beach, Fla., rookie Ryan Klesko had three hits and one of Atlanta’s four home runs. The others were hit by rookies Mike Kelly, Troy Hughes and Javier Lopez.

The Braves also benefited from a break as the Pirates left two runners on when Proctor doubled home a run in the fifth.

Jason Jerrels, who is expected to hit 25 home runs this season, doubled home the first, he was robbed of a hit chance and be a little more comfortable.

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SEXUALITY AND THE NOTRE DAME STUDENT

MARCH 20:
MONK & MAURA SPEAK: WHAT DO THEY KNOW?
A look at sexuality in a Christian context, and how we might better understand ourselves and our relationships.
Presenters: Fr. Edward A. Malloy, C.S.C.; Maura Ryan, Department of Theology

MARCH 23:
NOTRE DAME, 46556: WHAT DO WE KNOW?
What issues and concerns does our community have about sexuality? The panel will focus on life and relationships for men and women at Notre Dame.
Presenters: Mary Vaccaro and Fr. Steve Newton, C.S.C., rectors Notre Dame students.

MARCH 27:
...SO NOW WHAT?
How can we attempt to live out Christian values of sexuality and relationships in a time when these values are becoming "countercultural"?
Presenters: Notre Dame students and recent graduates

MARCH 20, 23, 27, 1994
LA FORTUNE BALLROOM, 7-9 PM

Each session will include: • Presentation by speakers or panel
• Facilitated small-group discussions • Good food and drink
Students are welcome to attend all three sessions or as many of the three as they can.
**Irish ready for the challenge**

By TIM SHERMAN
Sports Writer

Where would the Notre Dame fencing team be without Lotus?

"Irish ready for the challenge"

By JOE VILLINSKI
Sports Writer

As the top fencing teams from around the midwest travel to Notre Dame this weekend for the 1994 NCAA Midwest Regionals, each team has one goal in mind. That goal involves qualifying all four of their weapons in the team competition for the NCAA Championships that will be held in mid-March.

"Everyone wants to qualify all four teams," said men's head coach Mike DeCicco. "It's going to be our toughest test this year so far," he said. The spots that will be up for grabs this weekend include two in men's foil and epee and another two in women's foil. However, men's sabre receives only one spot, making it paramount to have a capable hand with captain Captain Randy Colley, Bernard Baez, and freshman Jeremy Siek.

"Our men's epee team has to contend with a wealth of talent from around the midwest schools," commented DeCicco.

"Our women's epee team has to be at their best," added DeCicco.

"Our women's and men's foil teams must meet the challenge of the top Midwest schools," commented DeCicco.

"Our women's epee and sabre teams will advance to the NCAA championships," added DeCicco.

"The task is tough," said DeCicco. "But that's the way we like it."

"Going into the weekend both men's and women's foil teams look to be seeded 1 after the outstanding year both teams enjoyed. The men's foil team will be comprised of juniors Stan Brunner and Conor Power, sophomore Paul Capobianco, and freshman Jeremy Siek.

"Women's foil will be led by seniors Kim Arndt, Corinne Dougherty, and captain Didi Garcia and sophomore Claudia De Bruijn, Mindi Kalogeris, and Maria Panyi who are coming off a 9-7 victory last weekend against Ohio State. Our women's and men's foil teams must meet the challenge of the top Midwest schools," commented DeCicco.

"Our men's and women's epee teams will be in capable hands with captain Greg Wozniak, seniors Jason Arnold and Rian Girard, and junior Rakesh Patel will compete.

"Our women's epee team has to contend with tough squads from both Wayne State and Ohio State for only two spots," DeCicco said.

"We'll just concentrate on our own," said Corrigan. "Let's just worry about what we have to do."

"They don't know us (even though the Irish beat Penn St. on Sunday) and we don't know them," agreed coach Kevin Corrigan. "Let's just worry about what we have to do." 

"One of those objectives is to cut down on penalties. Against Penn St., the Irish were whistled for 11 penalties. Obviously, it gave the Nittany Lions more opportunities and cut down on Notre Dame's chances. In addition, such an abundance of flags interferes with the middlefield rotation. Another negative tendency the Irish showed Sunday was impatience on offense.

"We relied on our defense to give us the ball back," said Corrigan. "We wasted a lot of possessions." 

Fortunately for the Irish, the defense should be able to handle the responsibility.

"We have a defense to be reckoned with," Corrigan simply stated.

It will be tested against SB and, especially, Georgetown. The Irish defeated the Hoyas last season 13-10, so clearly, Gillick will be looking for revenge at home.

They appear to boost the talent in the pool to knock the Irish, as they return nine starters from a team that ended the season ranked #17. In fact, the Hoyas are very similar to the Irish.

"We're two pretty even programs," commented Corrigan. "We'll see if we reached a higher level. They'll be fired up, though. We just have to make sure we compete. I'm good and confident."
1994 will present challenges for 16th-ranked baseball

By JENNY MARTEN
Senior Sports Writer

The following is the final article in a five part series on the history of Notre Dame baseball.

The last six years have seen the Notre Dame baseball program move into the national spotlight under the leadership of Pat Murphy. But this national recognition came with a price.

This price was grueling road schedules against the top teams in the country just because there was always something to prove. The Notre Dame baseball program had to prove that it could play with the Midwest, Southwest and the Arizona States. And it did. Ups came with regularity. The 16th-ranked Irish program is now respected throughout the country. The days of being embarrassed by the NCAA tournament selection committee seem to be long gone.

The 1994 schedule lists more home games than away games and the spring break trip is only six games in eight days rather than the last year’s seven-game seven-day slate.

Murphy explains the change.

“With the move to the college baseball world that we’ve been good enough to make it to the final 20 in the last five years. We’ve established ourselves as a great program and what we need to do now is make sure our scheduling isn’t hurting our program,” said Murphy.

“And that our scheduling isn’t putting too many demands on them.”

One of the reasons Murphy was able to schedule so many home games was the addition of Frank Eck Stadium to Notre Dame’s collection of state of the art athletic facilities.

The 3,000 seat facility is the culmination of six years of collaboration between Murphy, the athletic department, and the alumni. Shortly after his arrival in 1988, Murphy made an on-campus stadium one of his goals.

Baseball to open season

By JENNY MARTEN
Senior Sports Writer

The 16th-ranked Irish baseball team opens the 1994 season with a swing through Louisiana and Alabama over spring break. This weekend, Notre Dame will face Tulane (6-4) in a three-game series. In the game, the Irish will face former assistant coach Brian Cleary who now holds the same position at Tulane.

Cleary is excited about facing his old team, but does not think his inside knowledge will be much help.

“My knowing about them doesn’t translate into any- thing,” said Cleary. “Obviously I know what type of game Murph plays and I’m more aware of stuff they might do, but we’ve still got to throw and catch and hit.”

The Green Wave hold a 9-1 advantage in the series. The last time the two teams met was on March 11, 1991 in a game which Tulane won 5-3.

The Irish will probably face junior Todd Dyess (1-1, 21 K) on the mound in Saturday’s contest and Conway (6-0) and Stewart (3-0) in the other games. Stewart will be led by right fielder Brian Forest, designated hitter David Stewart and catcher Larry Schneider who are all hitting over .250.

For the second weekend of spring break, the Irish travel to Tennessee, and travel to La Salle for a four game series.

The scheduling should allow the Irish time to find a chemistry early in the year and maybe fit in a few more practices before the home opener. The Irish will probably face former All-American David Sinnes and Chris Michalik along with two nationally competitive batters in Eddie Hartwell and Eric Danapilis. Along with hitting skills, the loss of Hartwell and Danapilis also creates holes in the outfield which need to be filled.

As for those 1993 season’s squad returns with junior Craig Schneider who are all hitting better than .250 in Eddie Harwell and Eric Danapilis. Along with hitting skills, the loss of Hartwell and Danapilis also creates holes in the outfield which need to be filled.

The Irish will need to find some offense early in the season. The Irish will be an even tougher out and a reloading year.”

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Baseball...Baseball...Baseball...Baseball...

This Weekend in Notre Dame Sports

Let’s Go Irish!

Notre Dame Hockey
Home Finale!

Tomorrow night Notre Dame vs. Bowling Green 7:00 pm JACC Fieldhouse

Baseball...Baseball...Baseball...Baseball...

Back on campus March 30th Notre Dame vs. Indiana Be a part of history...Be there!

The Observer • BASEBALL Friday, March 4, 1994

Remainder for Spring Breakers: RecSports encourages signing up in the upcoming C&ANG class to bring back your own tackle, if available. For more info, call 631-6100. For more info, call 631-6100.

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FOUR FOOD GROUPS OF THE APOCALYPSE

CROZZORD

ACROSS
28. With 29 Across, an anatomical part
29. See above
30. Produce
31. TV host
32. Invisible
33. Women's wear daily
34. Giant speaking site, with the
35. Mine-car load
36. Ending for pay
37. Golf course
38. Staff
39. Triplefold
40. TV host
41. Write
42. A return
43. Musical sound
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1. Christmas events, sometimes
2. Goats a trifling
3. — say (yield a return)
4. Shift
5. Dick and Veep
6. Like hung
7. Roy of Senate hearings
8. Bust site
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11. Grocery section
12. — I
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14. Honored players, for short
15. Bugs
16. Beauty
17. James Herriot, e.g.
18. Before beginning
19. Remain in the mix
20. Man of Miami
21. Sappho's poet
22. Needie
23. Navigator's work area
24. More than snotty
25. Vixen
26. Substance's partner
27. Cortez guest
28. Man in the mix
29. Alley
30. Fifth-century date
31. Russian Johns
32. Lash of the West
33. The Wings
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ANSWER TO PREVIOUS PUZZLE

WONG A FEAR L O U S

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W O R K S A J O A Y X O D N A N E R E N

Get answers to any three clues by touch-tone phone; 1-900-420-5856 (75¢ each minute).

If you see news happening, call the Observer at 631-5323

OF INTEREST

- Joseph Connors, professor of architectural history at Columbia University, will lecture on "Designing S. I. VOG" today at 4:30 p.m. in room 207 of the Architecture Building.
- USAir and Anthony Travel have scheduled a special Notre Dame Appreciation Recognition Day reception for faculty, staff, and students of Notre Dame. The event is scheduled for Wednesday, March 9 from 10:00 a.m. to 11:00 a.m. on the lower level of LaFortune Student Center. There will be a drawing for free airline tickets on USAir.
- Senator Dan Coats R-In., will speak on "Health Care Reform and the American Family" at noon on Monday, March 14 in the Barry Moot Courtroom of the University of Notre Dame Law School.
- David Barrett will be at the Little Professor Bookstore in South Bend this Saturday at 2:00 PM. Barrett received his PhD here in '91.

DINING HALL

Notre Dame

Vegetable Soup

Jumbo Fish Sandwich

Breaded Cheese Sticks

Saint Mary's

Herb Baked Chicken

Sicilian Chopped Steak

Bean Tostada

In celebration of Spring Break from SUB, we invite you to partake in a free pizza-eating contest.

SUB

STUDENT UNION BOARD

meant if it great...

By the thousands of miles from the plain where we had

been. We thought it might come."

CALVIN AND HOBBS

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**SPORTS**

Seniors lead Irish to victory and No. 1 ranking in MCC

By DYLAN BARMMER
Sports Writer

How sweet it is.
The Notre Dame women's basketball team enjoyed the sweetness of victory for the fourth straight game last night at the JACC, winning their season finale against Loyola 84-75 to finish at 20-4 overall on the season.
The win was the 10th MCC victory for the Irish, who finished first overall in the conference with a 10-2 record.
The win was highlighted by the performances of the team's five seniors, who played the final game of their careers at the JACC.
And did they ever play.

Paced by Tootie Jones, who led the Irish in scoring and rebounds, the seniors put forth a strong effort in defeating the relentless Ramblers, who fell to 8-18 on the season.

Moore, Oklahoma along with a friend to see his daughter's final performance at the JACC. "I hadn't been able to make it up here all season until this game. I really enjoyed being here and I was glad to be able to see her play a great game."

Her father's presence also meant a lot to the senior, who commented, "It meant a lot that my father was here. I was telling him that this was not our last game, however, I feel we're going somewhere past the first round of the NCAA's. As long as we stick together, this team can accomplish anything."

Irish head coach Muffet McGraw no doubt would like to see Jones do more, but more importantly, they have a sense of each other. "We know each other," said Schafer. "We know what to expect from them, but more importantly, we have a sense of each other."

"We know each other," said Schafer. "We know what we have to do, now we need to put it together."
This cohesiveness showed last Saturday against Ferris, as Schafer's charges pumped in eight goals, the most all season. Similar production would be more than welcome.

Defensively, the Irish surrendered just four goals in two games, signaling a possible return to their stingy ways of earlier on in the year. A large part of this should be attributed to the performances of Greg Louder. The senior netminder earned CCHA defensive player of the week for his role in Notre Dame' success, as he boasted an impressive .917 save percentage for the weekend.

If the Irish continue to get these type of efforts, watch out CCHA.

"The exciting thing is that we're capable of doing it. We've shown we can skate with anyone. And in this league, it is given that anybody can beat anyone. We'll see what happens."

Tootie Jones ends season in front of dad

By Dylan Barmmer
Sports Writer

Last night's season ending 84-75 win over Loyola at the JACC meant a lot to all five of the seniors on the team, but it may have meant the most to Tootie Jones.
The senior center for the Irish capped off her best season yet with a 20 point, seven rebound performance in leading the Irish to victory. Coming into the contest, Jones had averaged 14 points in her last four games, and had played a crucial role in the Irish's success all season long. "It just felt like another game for me," said Jones, who often prefers to downplay her performance. "I feel we're going somewhere past the first round of the NCAA's. As long as we stick together, this team can accomplish anything."

Irish head coach Muffet McGraw no doubt would like to see Moore, Oklahoma along with a friend to see his daughter's final performance at the JACC. "I hadn't been able to make it up here all season until this game. I really enjoyed being here and I was glad to be able to see her play a great game."

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**Inside SPORTS**

Jordan
Jordan played in his first baseball game since high school and it showed.

see page 11

Men's Hoops
Jon Ross threw in 9 points as the Irish escaped with a 66-64 win over Loyola.

see page 13

Lacrosse
The Irish hope to continue their winning streak with two tough matchups this week.

see page 13

By TIM SHERMAN
Sports Writer

The objective of the past few weeks for the Notre Dame hockey team was to get on a roll heading into the CCHA playoffs.

Last weekend, the Irish got that momentum started by tying Michigan St. and trouncing Ferris St. That was the easy part.

Now, the task is harder. They must continue to play the same type of hockey this weekend against University of Illinois-Chicago and Bowling Green in order to impact the CCHA championship race.

Coach Ric Schafer, who recorded his 100th career victory last weekend against FSU, thinks it is quite possible for his Irish to make a run.

"This (end of the season) is what it comes down to. We've had some success this year, but now we have a chance to make it more memorable. 'I'm definitely more optimistic this year.'"

First, Notre Dame must deal with their seeding. Tonight's road contest with the Flames of UIC "should go a long way in determining where the Irish finish.

Currently, the Irish hold a one point advantage over the Flames for the eighth position. A win or tie in Chicago would give Notre Dame the spot.

**SPORTS**

Friday, March 3, 1994
SHE'S A CHILD NOT A "CHOICE"

16 week-old baby developing in the womb.
The special love between a mother and baby comes straight from the heart.

Dear Readers,

When I found out I was pregnant, all the rhetorical arguments flew out the window. I had always considered myself "pro-choice," when suddenly I didn't feel like I had any choice at all.

This "sort of thing" wasn't supposed to happen to me. I didn't feel I had anyone I could turn to. Those to whom I did turn offered "help" in the form of delivering me to an abortion mill.

The consequences did not follow immediately, but when they followed, they did so like a storm crashing ashore. Four years after my abortion, I found myself looking back over a series of broken relationships with family, friends, and God. I was forty pounds heavier and desperately looking for "the right man" by sleeping with anyone who paid attention to me.

One day I found myself unable to get out of bed. With help, I realized that I suffered from a textbook case of Post-Abortion Syndrome. I also realized that my child, who was 8 weeks along in her development when aborted, had indeed already been a fully formed human being capable of feeling the pain that I had inflicted upon her. Now I find myself in a good, healthy marriage, unable to conceive a child with the man I love.

I often look back and wonder how my life would be different. I have missed the chance to bring that special life, created and sanctified by God, into the world. If I was not yet ready to be a parent, I missed the chance to give the gift of life to an adoptive couple who desperately wanted to be parents. And I can't even begin to tell you how much more I feel I have missed.

Abortion does not live up to the "freedom of choice" billing it gets these days. The abortion does not allow freedom, as it comes with consequences that no one ever tells you about. You are never prepared to live for the rest of your life with the knowledge of what you have done.

Abortion has an effect on every part of your life following the pregnancy, much as giving birth to a child does. Either way, you are no longer pregnant, yet with abortion there is no "positive" to look back on. There is no "choice" in an abortion decision. It is the only option a pregnant woman has that eliminates any future "choice" for her or her child. A woman does not want an abortion like she wants a Porsche or an ice cream sundae. She wants an abortion like an animal caught in a trap wants to gnaw off its own leg to escape. The damage, in either case, is inevitable.

J.H., Notre Dame Class of '85

The War of Words

Claim: Abortion is legal, therefore, it must be right.
Answer: If child abuse were suddenly declared legal by the U.S. Supreme Court, would that make it right? Would we ignore such an injustice and do nothing to protect the children?

Claim: I have the right to "choose" to abort my baby, a woman's "right to choose!"
Answer: Abraham Lincoln once said "No one has the right to choose to do what is wrong." Furthermore, the advocates who defend this "choice" are not consistent. Why is it only in the case of abortion they argue that "choice" should be legal and absolute? Using the same rationale, shouldn't people have the right to "choose" to use drugs ("It's my body") or the right to "choose" to practice prostitution? Should our society allow a person to "choose" to kill another person (or have that person killed) to solve the first person's problem?

Claim: The government should not interfere with a woman's "right" to abortion.
Answer: Our Declaration of Independence declares that we have an inalienable right to Life, Liberty and the Pursuit of Happiness. Thomas Jefferson defined government's role, "The care of human life and happiness, and not their destruction, is the first and only object of good government." Pres. Reagan, a defender of the human and civil rights of the preborn, called it "the transcendent right to life of all human beings, the right without which no other rights have any meaning." (Without life, taxation, health-care etc. are immaterial).

Claim: If public money (tax money) is not available to pay for abortions "poor" women will be denied access to abortion. They will be discriminated against.
Answer: Are we obligated to provide cigarettes and alcohol to poor people if they cannot afford them? On the contrary, government is very explicit about which items may be purchased with food stamps. Is this considered discrimination? The same people who argue for "public" subsidies for abortions are the same ones who argue that it is a "private" decision. To quote Congressman Henry Hyde, "We have a right" of free speech. Does this mean the government has to buy us a personal computer? A typewriter? A megaphone?

Claim: I am personally opposed to abortion, but I would not interfere with another's right to have an abortion nor impose my morality on others.
Answer: Analogy - if President Lincoln and the abolitionists had bought this line of reasoning regarding the slavery issue, we could still be saddled with slavery today. Every law ever passed sets standards which reflect someone's (or a body of law-makers) morality.

Claim: You want to ban women's "constitutional right" to abortion.
Answer: This is a "spurious" or false "right" - having no basis in the constitution. The U.S. Supreme Court claims to have discovered a "privacy" right in the "penumbra" of the Constitution ("penumbra" definition: a partly lighted area around an area of full shadow). Court decisions (Roe v. Wade and Doe v. Bolton) are aberrations (deviations from truth) and do nothing more than grant temporary license to kill children in the womb, the most dangerous place of residence. This license is tenuous and can be over-riden by reversal or an amendment to the U.S. Constitution. Indeed, to guarantee the permanent freedom of the slaves and establish rights for all U.S. "persons" the 14th Amendment to the Constitution was passed. It states, "No state shall make or enforce any law which shall abridge... the privileges or immunities of citizens of the United States; nor shall any state deprive any person of life, liberty, or property without due process of law; nor deny to any person within its jurisdiction the equal protection of the law." (emphasis added). In Roe v. Wade the Court determined that unborn children are not "persons" even though they have the right to inherit property and many other rights. Some states have entire sections of law outlining Crimes Against Unborn Children in which they, from conception on, are protected from negligent or willful harm or death.

Claim: If legal abortions are banned, women will resort to back alley abortions.
Answer: In 1972, the year before the Supreme Court legalized abortion, a total of 39 women died in one-year abortions, according to the U.S. Centers for Disease Control. Former abortion provider Carol Everett states, "In the last 18 months I was in the business, we were completing 500 abortions monthly and killing or maiming one woman out of 500" (p.10). If the numbers are this astounding for her four Texas clinics, it doesn't take an expert mathematician to figure out that the number of casualties happening nationwide at the over 3000 supposedly "safe" abortuaries would be in the high hundreds.

Claim: Abortion should be legal to end a pregnancy resulting from rape or incest.
Answer: It is important to remember that the child conceived in rape, or incest, is no less human than any other child. David Reardon's article, (page 8) points out that the very worst solution that can be offered to the pregnant woman at this crisis time in her life is an abortion. Abortion compounds the problem! If a small child were killed in the street by a negligent driver and it was later determined that the child had been conceived in rape, would the driver be held less responsible? Is that child's death less tragic?
**Chronology of a New Life**

**Fertilization:** The sperm joins with the ovum to form one cell. This one cell contains the complex genetic blueprint for every detail of human development—the child’s sex, hair and eye color, height, skin tone etc.

**Month One:** The first cell divides within several hours and then cell division continues in an orderly fashion every few hours as the small group of cells travels down the Fallopian tube to the uterus, where the uterine lining has been prepared for implantation. There are over 100 cells present when this tiny embryo reaches the uterus 7 to 10 days after fertilization.

**Day 20—Foundation of the brain, spinal cord and nervous system are already established; day 21—the heart begins to beat in a regular fashion; day 28—the backbone, the rest of the skeleton, and muscles are forming—arms, legs, eyes and ears have begun to show. At one month old, the embryo is 10,000 times larger than the original fertilized egg—and developing rapidly. The heart is pumping increased quantities of blood through the system. The placenta forms a unique barrier that keeps the mother’s blood separate, but allows food and oxygen to pass to the baby.

**Month Two:** At 35 days the pre-born baby has all her fingers. Brainwaves can be detected at day 40; the brain is controlling 40 sets of muscles as well as the organs. The jaw and eyelids seal during this time to protect the baby’s developing light-sensitive eyes which will reopen in the seventh month. The stomach produces digestive juices and the kidneys have begun to function. The tiny human being responds to touch. By 8 weeks, the developing baby is now referred to as the fetus, a Latin word meaning “young one” or “offspring.”

**Month Three:** Day 63 (9 weeks): Unique fingerprints are evident and never change. The baby now sleeps, awakens and exercises her muscles by turning her head, curling her toes, and opening and closing her mouth—often sucking her thumb. Her palm, when stroked, will make a tight fist. She breathes amniotic fluid to help develop her respiratory system. By 12 weeks, all the organs and systems of her body are functioning. The major activity from now until birth is growth— the increase in her size.

**Month Four:** By the end of this month (16 weeks) the baby is 8 to 10 inches long in length and weighs a half pound or more. Her ears are functioning, and there is evidence that the baby hears her mother’s voice and heartbeat, as well as external noises. The umbilical cord has become an engineering marvel, transporting 300 quarts of fluids per day and completing a round-trip of fluids every 30 seconds. Because the preborn child is now larger, the mother usually begins to feel her baby’s movements during this month.

**Month Five:** Half the pregnancy has now passed. The baby is about 12 inches long. If a sound is especially loud or startling, she may jump in reaction to it. Babies born at this stage of development (19-20 weeks) are surviving at an increasing rate thanks to advances in medical technology.

**Month Six:** (24 weeks): Oil and sweat glands are functioning. The baby’s delicate skin is protected in the amniotic sac by a special ointment “vernix.”

**Month Seven:** The baby’s brain has as many cells as it will have at birth. The preborn child uses the four senses of vision, hearing, taste and touch. Research has documented that she can now recognize her mother’s voice.

**Month Eight:** The skin begins to thicken, with a layer of fat stored underneath for insulation and nourishment. Antibodies increasingly build up. The baby swallows a gallon of amniotic fluid per day, more if it is sweetened. She often hiccups. She has been urinating for several months.

**Month Nine:** Toward the end of this month, the baby is ready for birth. The average duration of pregnancy is 280 days from the first day of the mother’s last menstrual period, but this varies. By this time the infant’s heart is pumping 300 gallons of blood per day. In response to signals from the brain the child triggers labor and birth occurs. Of the 45 generations of cells formed during childhood, 41 have taken place in the womb. Only four more will come—during the rest of childhood and before adolescence.

In developmental terms we spend 90% of our lives in the womb.
Life Begins at Conception

Through the writings and testimony of the world-renowned geneticist, Dr. Jerome Lejeune, M.D., Ph.D., we can learn much about the intricacies of the beginning of human life. Contrary to the popular view that the tiny baby becomes more and more "developed" as the weeks of pregnancy go on, Dr. Lejeune says that the very first cell, the fertilized egg, is "the most specialized cell under the sun." No other cell at the supermarket...it's not any longer a theory that each of us is unique. It's now a demonstration as simple as a bar code in the supermarket." Dr. Lejeune states that because of studies published within the last year we now have the scientific know-how to determine within 3 to 7 days after fertilization if the new human being is a boy or a girl.

Legalized Abortion Based on Lies and Fraud

Norma McCorvey was the "Jane Roe" of Roe v. Wade. Early in 1970 Norma McCorvey claimed that she had been gang-raped and became pregnant. Attorneys Sarah Weddington and Linda Coffee, newly graduated from the University of Texas Law School, needed a "client" in order to challenge Texas' 100-year-old law that banned abortions. They convinced Norma that she should be seeking an abortion instead of arranging an adoption for her child.

The case was subsequently argued all the way to the Supreme Court which resulted in legalizing abortion in all 50 states in 1973. In the meantime, the baby was born and released for adoption. In 1987, McCorvey admitted that she hadn't been gang-raped at all but the father was someone she knew and thought she loved. The story of the gang-rape was a lie.
Twenty Seconds Before, There Was One More.

Every Twenty Seconds A Life Is Taken By Abortion... That's A Lot Of Love Lost.
Birthmother

opts for

Adoption...

The Loving

Alternative

It was the beginning of my junior year in high school. I was excited, looking forward to another year of diving, gymnastics and track. But this excitement quickly came to an end when I realized I was pregnant.

When the pregnancy was confirmed, my mind went racing. It wasn't enough to just say that I was scared - I was terrified! The idea of having an abortion was never a consideration for me. I could not live with the realization that I was responsible for my child. It just would not be

more excited I was about placing my baby with them as well as to develop a lasting opportunity to establish a personal relationship to live with my parents indefinitely and in sports etc. I wanted to go on to college.

senior year and wanted to participate fully, track. But this excitement quickly came to

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in the memory of my rape had faded. I felt

the report who brutalized her. Giving birth, says, "I soon discovered that the aftermath of rape and incest victims' needs; abortion is another act of violence performed by the rapist who brutalized her. Giving birth, she has a low income. That is one of the

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Abortion Techniques Described

**Suction-Aspiration:** The method of abortion most commonly used for early pregnancies. The abortionist inserts a hollow plastic tube into the dilated uterus. The tube is connected to a powerful suction apparatus. The suction tears the baby's body into pieces.

**Dilatation and curettage (D and C):** Similar to the suction procedure except the abortionist inserts a tiny hoe-like instrument into the uterus. With this, the abortionist cuts the baby into pieces and scrapes him/her out into a basin. Bleeding is usually profuse.

**Dilatation and evacuation (D and E):** Used after 12 weeks. A pliers-like instrument is needed because the baby's bones are calcified, as is the skull. The abortionist inserts the instrument into the uterus, seizes a leg or other part of the body and, with a twisting motion, tears it from the baby's body. The spine must be snapped and the skull crushed in order to remove them from the womb.

**Salt poisoning (saline injection):** This is used after 16 weeks. A long needle is inserted through the mother's abdomen into the baby's sac. Some fluid is removed and a strong salt solution is injected. The solution is swallowed and "breathed" and slowly poisons the baby. He/she kicks and jerks violently as he/she is literally being burned alive.

**Hysterotomy or Caesarean Section:** Used mainly in the last three months of pregnancy, the womb is entered by surgery through the wall of the abdomen. The tiny baby is removed and allowed to die by neglect or direct act.

**Prostaglandin chemical abortion:** This form of abortion uses chemicals, developed by the Upjohn Pharmaceutical Co., which cause the uterus to contract intensely, pushing out the developing baby. In one article, one of the complications listed with this method was "live birth." In fact, the two most "dreaded" complications for an abortionist are a dead mother or a live baby.

**Dilatation and Extraction (D and X) Late Term Abortions**

(The authenticity of the following information has been confirmed in an article in the American Medical Association's Newsletter, American Medical News, in the July 5, 1993 edition).

At a September 13-14, 1992 meeting of the National Abortion Federation, a trade association of abortion providers, an Ohio abortionist, Dr. Martin Haskell, described this new technique he has perfected. Unlike the D & E procedure whereby the preborn child is dismembered inside the mother's womb, with the D & X method the preborn baby is alive until the end of the procedure when the child is killed by suctioning the brain tissue through a hole at the base of the skull while the baby's head is still inside the uterus. Then the intact aborted child, minus brain content, is removed from the womb.

According to the paper presented by Dr. Haskell the procedure takes three days and begins with "dilation (and) MORE DILATION." The cervix is initially dilated to 9-11 mm. with mechanical dilators, in order to accommodate the placement of five to seven synthetic laminaria, Dilapan hydroscopic dilators, which remain in place overnight.

The following morning the Dilapan are removed and replaced with a second insertion of 15 to 25 dilators, again left overnight. The Dilapan process may cause severe cramping.

On the third day, after removing the dilators, the abortionist ruptures the membranes, if this has not already happened, and drains the amniotic fluid. The abortionist places an ultrasound transducer on the mother's abdomen and locates the child's legs and feet.

The abortionist then uses a large forceps to grasp one of the baby's legs. He pulls firmly, forcing the child into a feet-down position. He continues pulling until the baby's leg is drawn into the birth canal.

Next, using his hands instead of forceps, the abortionist delivers the baby's body in a manner similar to a breech birth. First, the child's other leg is delivered, followed by the torso, shoulders, and arms. The baby's head "usually" remains inside the uterus.

The abortionist then performs the last step which Dr. Haskell calls "fetal skull decompression." Using blunt-tipped surgical scissors in a closed position, he pierces the child's head at the base of the skull. He then forces the scissors open to enlarge the skull opening.

Removing the scissors, the abortionist inserts a suction catheter into the wound and vacuums out the child's brain tissue (in Dr. Haskell's words, "evacuates the skull contents") causing the baby's death. With the skull emplaced of brains, it collapses and he then "applies traction to the (dead) fetus removing it completely from the patient."

Dr. Haskell has performed over 700 of these abortions on preborn babies as old as 26 weeks. Dr. Haskell refers to another abortionist, Dr. James McMahon of McMahon Med. Center and Eve Surgical Centers in Los Angeles and Tarzana, CA, who not only also uses this technique but sometimes uses it to abort preborn children up to 32 weeks "or more."

Barbara Radford, Executive Director of the National Abortion Federation said of this late-term abortion technique, in a 6/18/93 letter to NAF members, "Don't apologize: this is a legal abortion procedure."
Rape and Incest cont. from p.8

my life." It allows them to show their own courage and generosity. When the need of pregnant rape victims is carefully examined, it can be shown the abortion is not necessary and indeed is very likely to hinder recovery by increasing feelings of guilt, shame and low self-esteem.

Like Incest, Abortion Promotes Silence
Incest victims face similar problems. Incest is a very complex issue and it is hard to say much in a very short period of time, but the vast majority of incest victims want to carry their pregnancy to term. These are young girls for whom pregnancy is a way to break out of an incestuous relationship with their father, whom they may love despite their confusion and resentment about the way they have been used as sexual objects. Since they still love the father, having the child can only help expose the incestuous relationship but also give hope of beginning a truly loving relationship.

In studies of incest victims, the vast majority choose to carry the pregnancy to term. Those in the minority who have an abortion do so only under pressure from their parents to conceal the incestuous relationship. Because incest is a family pathology that involves father, mother and daughter, all are involved in a conspiracy of silence.

I interviewed Edith Young, now 38 years old, who was a rape and incest victim at 12 years of age. To cover up the incident, her parents procured an abortion for her without telling her what was going to happen. The emotional and physical scars of incest and abortion still last to this day. She said, "I was being sexually attacked, threatened by my brother...I had to help promote the truth."

Carole Everett was involved in the abortion industry in the Dallas/Fort Worth, Texas, area from 1977 until 1983. As director of four clinics, owner of two, Ms. Everett was responsible for the clinic's daily operation. Everett, who had an abortion soon after it became legal in 1973, now speaks out against...
Ten years ago yesterday, I carried you beneath my heart. Ten years ago today, I stopped the beating of your heart. I, your mother, the one who gave you life, also gave you death.

It's been a decade and still my blood runs cold and I catch my breath whenever I hear the word abortion." There's an emptiness inside of me that can never be filled, a grief that will never end. To me you will forever be a son or a daughter, yet I screamed "aren't you glad it's all over?"

That fateful April day has replayed itself over and over in my mind like a horror movie that one forces oneself to watch, then can never forget. . .

Events Related to Abortion

- 23% had hallucinations related to the abortion
- 35% perceived visitation from the aborted child
- 54% had nightmares related to the abortion
- 69% experienced feelings of "craziness"
- 73% had flashbacks of abortion experience
- 81% had a preoccupation with the aborted child

Most Common Behavioral Problems After Abortion

- 61% increased their use of alcohol
- 65% had thoughts of suicide
- 69% were sexually inhibited
- 73% had flashbacks of the abortion
- 77% experienced an inability to communicate
- 81% experienced frequent crying

Problems ... after an abortion?

MEDICAL • LEGAL • EMOTIONAL HELP

CALL 1-800-634-2224 AMERICAN RIGHTS COALITION or 1-800-962-2319 LEGAL ACTION FOR WOMEN

Additional Resources listed on Page 5

A Mother's Anguished Letter to Her Aborted Child

Even after years have intervened, a woman cannot forget the life that her decision took...
How Developed Is Your Baby?

Baby at Approximately Six Weeks

This remarkable photograph of a tiny pre-born baby in his unruptured amniotic sac was taken after surgery (for a tubal pregnancy) at the University of Minnesota by medical photographer, Robert Wolfe, in 1972. The 22-year-old mother had experienced her last normal menses just 6 weeks prior to surgery (period approximately two weeks late).

Consider This Testimony

"Eleven years ago while giving an anesthetic for a ruptured ectopic pregnancy (at 8 weeks gestation). I was handed what I believe was the smallest living human ever seen. The embryonic sac was intact and transparent. Within the sac was a tiny human male swimming extremely vigorously in the amniotic fluid, while attached to the wall by the umbilical cord. This tiny human was perfectly developed, with long, tapering fingers, feet and toes. It was almost transparent, as regards the skin, and the delicate arteries and veins were prominent to the ends of the fingers.

"The baby was extremely alive and swam about the sac approximately one time per second, with a natural swimmer's stroke. This tiny human did not look at all like the photos and drawings and models of 'embryos' which I had seen, nor did it look like a few embryos I have been able to observe since then, obviously because this one was alive!

"When the sac was opened, the tiny human immediately lost his life and took on the appearance of what is accepted as the appearance of an embryo at this stage of life (with blunt extremities etc.)."

Statement by Paul E. Rockwell, M.D., anesthesiologist, as quoted by Dr. and Mrs. J.C. Willke in Handbook on Abortion.

Feet of Baby at Ten Weeks

Dr. Russell Sacco of Oregon took this picture of the perfectly formed feet of a 10-week-old aborted baby waiting for disposal in a pathologist's laboratory. The feet in the picture are held between the doctor's thumb and forefinger.

Don't Make My Mistakes

Some people say that abortion is "an informed decision between a woman and her physician." You hear that a lot. But the fact is that most women never meet the abortionist until they are on the table, as happened in my case.

I was 18 years old when I got pregnant. I wasn't serious about my boyfriend. It was a casual relationship. Since I had already enlisted in the Air Force, I thought I had to have an abortion in order to make something out of my life.

My best friend drove me to the abortion clinic. I was there for about four hours. It was like an assembly line. When the ultrasound was being done I asked to see it. But this wasn't allowed (so much for "an informed decision"). Then I asked how far along I was. I was told I was nine-and-a-half weeks pregnant. That hit me hard. I knew then that my baby was further developed than I had thought. I started doubting, and wanted to talk to my friend. But I wasn't allowed to do that either.

When it was my turn the nurse told me that I was going to feel some discomfort, like strong menstrual cramps. The truth is that the abortion was more pain than I've ever felt in my life. It felt like my insides were literally being sucked out of my body. Afterwards I went into shock!

After the abortion, I tried to make up for the abortion by trying to get pregnant again. I wanted my baby back. I never got pregnant again. I don't know if I can ever have another baby. I named my baby. I found out later that this is part of the grieving process.

I ended up in the hospital with bulimia two-and-one-half years later. I felt that no one had punished me for what I had done so I was punishing myself. I became obsessed with women who were pregnant, with women who would talk about their pregnancy. My life was in shambles! I was suffering from post-abortion trauma.

When I was 21 years old God brought me help through a woman who was involved in pro-life activism. She helped me a lot. I went through a post-abortion counseling program called "Conquerors." God not only forgave me, He challenged me to help others. I answered the challenge!

I started picketing and sidewalk counseling. There is a healing process that comes from getting involved in the pro-life movement. I talk to youth groups and students about abstinence and I share my testimony. To them, and to you, I plead, "Please don't make the same mistakes I did."

See pages 5 & 8 for alternatives to abortion!

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