Winter.

The air is filled with piercing cold. And crystal snow-flakes ride the blast; The sun is dull, and seems grown old. And summer-time, indeed, is past! Where's fled the bright, ethereal blue? The little clouds that floated there. Ah! how I loved those clouds to vie,. Disporting in the noon-day air! Where are the flow'rets of the dale? Those gems of Nature's purest dye? They're dead. And, list! the passing gale Now mourns their absence with a sigh. Where are the songsters of the grove? Do they still live? or have they flown To regions fair and bright to rove. Till Winter's death-like gloom has gone? Their cadence filled the evening gale, Their voice was heard the woodland through, When Phoebus lighted up the vale, All burnished o'er with morning dew. The wavelets on St. Mary's Lake With icy vest are mantled o'er; They now no longer race and break Against a verdant, smiling shore. How bleak, how gloomy, all in sight From Notre's lofty, tow'ring dome! The cloudy day, the starless night, And leafless tree, say " Winter's come! " But spring will soon revive again The tiny flow'rets of the vale, And woodland songsters pour their strain Upon the fragrant evening gale. J. McC.

Ingersoll’s Astronomy.

He would like to teach astronomy to Moses and the rest of us, would Ingersoll. Very kind of him. He asks: "Did he [Moses] know of Jupiter making the tour of his orbit once only in fifty [50] years?" * Probably not. It would be rather strange if

and Darwin and Ingersoll and "them other fellers" were. We suggested "agnostic," and he joyfully accepted the suggestion. He then proceeded with his eulogies on the originality of Ingersoll. And now, at last, we believe it. Here is a thought which must be all Ingersoll’s own. No one can call it a plagiarism on Paine, Volney, or any other of the exploded fallacists of the last century. Yes, Robert, you are quite original. You "know more than all the ministers that ever lived"—thirty-eight years more, at least. You lead the van of modern thought, you do. All you want, if you will pardon a little Spoonedkery, is a mortgage on your patrimony, and your horse tied to the gate post at the White House, to be a genuine Thomas Jefferson.

But lo! a miracle! Excuse superstition, but it really is a miracle, and I don’t see how you can explain it away. Jupiter’s period is fifty years, of course. Nobody can doubt that, since you have said it. Nevertheless, that besotted and ridiculous monument of priestcraft, the Nautical Almanac, publishes predictions for several years in advance concerning Jupiter, and notwithstanding that it allows less than one-fourth of the time he ought to have, yet still, you will always find him in the part of the sky that the almanac indicates. Now this beats Joshua’s experience with the sun all hollow. This miserable planet is so servile—so lost to a sense of his innate dignity,—as to obey the dictates of Prof. Kendall and the clique of tyrannical astronomers that at present control the Nautical Almanac. Why, he even moves in accordance with Kepler’s laws! Ignorant old astrologer, Kepler! Very properly left to starve, while men of true science, like Ingersoll, fill their pockets from those of their open-mouthed, admiring votaries, who go home chuckling and tickled while men of science, like Ingersoll, fill their pockets from those of their open-mouthed, admiring votaries, who go home chuckling and tickled

The Abbe Moigno’s Great Work

The Dublin Review.

The fifth volume of M. l’Abbe Moigno’s great work, “Les Splendeurs de la Foi,” has just appeared, and we may take this opportunity of laying before our readers some account of a book which is certainly without a rival in Catholic literature. M. Moigno’s studies and knowledge are of that encyclopaedic nature which made his friend Arago break out into the playful threat to have him burned as a wizard. The only man of letters we can compare with our Abbe was the late Cardinal Wiseman. The Cardinal was, perhaps, his superior in languages, though M. Moigno can boast of having mastered twelve; but when we add that the Abbe is not only a first-class mathematician, but is intimately acquainted with astronomy, geology, physiology, and physics, we recognize at once that the author of the “Lectures on Science and Revealed Religion” is out-distanced.

Mr. Arthur Reade has lately elicited from M. Moigno certain statements about himself which would be received with incredulity were we not present to them in his own words:

I have already published [he says] a hundred and fifty volumes, small and great. I scarcely ever leave my worktable; I never take walking exercise; yet I have not, so far, experienced any trace of headache or brain weakness, or constipation, etc., etc.

Never, in order to work, or to obtain my full clearness of mind, have I had occasion to take recourse to stimulants, coffee, alcohol, or tobacco, etc.; on the contrary, stimulants in my case excite abnormal vibrations of the brain, unfavorable to its prompt and steady action.

Such being the man, it will not be surprising to find that his work is a marvel of research, wide reading, and patient labor. Sketched out in 1831, the idea of reconciling Faith and Reason, Science and Revelation, was religiously cherished for over forty years. At times he seems almost to have despaired that health and strength would be vouchsafed him to accomplish his task; but, thanks to his wonderful constitution, and the gracious encouragement of the Sovereign Pontiffs, Pius IX and Leo XIII, the work has at length seen the light. We fear that we should be accused of speaking the language of exaggeration were we to attempt to treat of the stores and treasures of information in which the work abounds. We can, however, safely say that the Catholic student will find here almost every objection to Christian truth clearly and temperately put; he will find, in reply, a perfect flood of counter-statement gathered from the labors of scientists from every part of Europe and America. It was possible for the Abbe, and for him alone, to collect so valuable a mass of Christian evidence. For well-nigh thirty years he has edited the scientific journal Les Mondes, in which, as the great chemist Dumas has
observed, "M. l'Abbe has been able to establish a 
sort of intellectual free-exchange between the
savants of France, England, Germany, Italy, and
America." Nor is there any attempt to shirk the
point in dispute, or to envelope a weak reply in
sonorous phrases. With the exception of the trick
of personifying abstract nouns, a turn of speech
by no means unwelcome to his countrymen, his
style has that direct, clear, and easy exposition
which is the envy of us Englishmen.

Enthusiastic lovers of science, in their attempt
to harmonize Science and Revelation, are apt to
take broad, easy views of the traditions and teach-
ings of the Church. M. Moigno, though perhaps
one of the widest-read scientists of our day, and
undertaking the difficult task of this reconciliation,
can never be accused of a weakness of this nature.
"Without making any concession," he says
("Avant Propos," Vol. I), "without supporting
myself by any hypothesis, without ever compound-
ing with any human system, I have proved to evi-
dence, that on their numberless points of contact,
Revelation and Science, Faith and Reason, are
perfectly in agreement."

Scientific objections to the faith are often in-
vested with an appearance of strength from the
authority of the savant who propounds them. A
Tyndal or a Clifford often throws over his at-
tacks an air of invincibility, which is a snare to
the unwary, and leads them to overlook the array
of scientific opinion in opposition. We can con-
ceive that "Les Splendeurs de la Fe" will prove
of no little service in this respect. From the vast
stores of knowledge at his disposal, M. Moigno is
able to give to each objection the names of those
who have backed it, and, at the same time, the ar-
ray of worthier men who have rejected it. We
will quote the shortest passage to this effect that
we can find; it occurs under the heading of the
"Unity of Origin and Species of Man":—

We call monogenists those savants who maintain the
unity of the human species; polymenists those who advo-
cate the multiplicity of the human species. By the
acknowledgment even of its most violent advocates, M.M.
Broca and Pouchet, the polymenist doctrine is compara-
tively modern. Among the monogenists we may reckon
the founders of anthropology, Blumenbach, his prede-
cessors and immediate successors; Linnæus, Buffon, Cu-
vier, Stephens, Schubert, Rudolf and Andrew Magnner,
von Baer, von Meyer, Bardach, Wilbrand, Stephen and
Isidore, Geoffroy St. Hilaire, de Blainville, Muller, Serres,
Flourens, Quatrefages, Milne-Edwards, Huxley, etc., etc.
The list of the heterogenists, on the contrary, is incomparably 
less numerous and imposing (Vol. II, p. 512).

The first volume of "Les Splendeurs" is en-
titled "Faith and Reason." M. Moigno here un-
tertakes to establish the "dismal results to the
world from the loss of faith. In drawing atten-
tion to the pagan spirit that is so prevalent, he
touches on the decadence of the old classic studies,
and incidentally gives us this curious piece of in-
formation:—"I have often heard," he says, "at
the public meetings in Paris, Latin speeches de-
ivered by the best professors of the University.
I declare, without the fear of being contradicted,
that the Latin of the best of these discourses was
not only inferior to the most negligent of the
homilies of the Fathers of the Church, but it was
barely that Latin which it ironically termed dog-
Latin" (Vol. I, p. 89). The abuses and corrup-
tions of democracy furnish him with another chap-
ter on the loss of faith. It is sad to find the vol-
ume closing with the "Loss of faith in the family,"
and that he is compelled to draw such marked at-
tention to certain plague-spots of society; but the
terrible evils that are ravaging France leave him
no alternative but to raise his voice of warning
and denunciation.

We should not be surprised to find that the sec-
ond volume, "Science and Revelation" is the fa-
vorite of his readers. A most ingenious ésumé of
Biblical science, nomenclature, and policy form
the first part. Then he brings all his powers of
reason, authority, and research to bear on the
burning question of the origin of man. First, we
have more than one hundred pages on the ana-
tomical and physiological proofs of the unity of
the human species. Next, the question of its an-
tiquity is discussed under the headings:—(1) For-
mations in which human remains have been dis-
covered. (2) The caves of pre-historic man.
(3) Animals cotemporary with man. (4) The
fossil remains of man. These subjects are dis-
cussed with careful reference to each locality
where traces of human remains and fossils have
been found. We do not hesitate to say that this
volume will prove a perfect storehouse of facts
and references on the vexed question of the anti-
quity of man.

Volume III treats of the scientific objections
raised upon different passages of Holy Scripture,
and gives a very complete account of all the con-
troverted matters. Above three hundred pages
are devoted to this object, which will form a most
valuable addition to the Catholic Commentary on
the Bible. The volume closes with a few histori-
cal sketches on certain knotty questions—as the
massacres of St. Bartholomew, of Béziers, Pope
Alexander VI, etc., etc., which will be found full
of interesting and original information.

In Vol. IV he returns to the question of the re-
conciliation of faith and reason. In this part of
his work he has chosen a very happy method of
exposition. Following, as he maintains, the plan
of our Blessed Lord's teaching, he pushes aside all con-
troversy, as a means ill calculated to convince the
adversary. In its stead he has chosen some fifteen-
passages from the New Testament, and, to use his
own words, he exposes, "in all simplicity, all con-
purity, all its soft and healing glow, the light of a
certain number of words from the Gospels, which
are at once prophecies, miracles, and important
facts that have filled the world" (Tom. IV, p. 219).

M. Renan has declared: "If miracles have
any reality, my book is a tissue of errors." M.
Moigno in his fifth volume has accepted the chal-
lenge thus thrown down, and has entitled it "Le
Miracle au Tribunal de la Science." It is a most
original exposition of the miraculous. Discarding
controversy according to his method, he simply
points out the overwhelming evidence required.
by the Holy See before accepting the truth of a miracle. For this purpose he has applied to Rome for permission to print in extenso the full discussion before the Sacred Congregation of certain miracles preparatory to a saint’s canonization. We believe the favor granted is unique; the public for the first time is made acquainted with all the pleadings, reports, siftings, and discussion that are de rigueur in such cases. The miracles chosen are three from the process of St. B. J. Labre. We had always been taught to believe that the care bestowed on the investigation of the miracles of the saints was most scrupulous; but we think no one could form any idea of the labor, criticism, the captiousness even, that is encouraged and required, until he has perused the last volume of M. Moigno’s work. But while these pages are a splendid monument to the devoted labor of the Church, we cannot but declare them the least readable of all the work. There is such a mass of detail to be gone through, such minute medical questions, such hypercriticisms, that we have found it rather heavy reading.

Such is a brief and imperfect sketch of a work which occupies five volumes of about four thousand pages in octavo. To say more than we have said would perhaps defeat the object we have in view—to urge the claims of the work upon our readers. We would gladly have given more extracts from the work, but it is almost impossible. Each subject is treated with a richness and completeness of detail which does not easily lend itself to an extract.

Scientific Notes.

—The youngest inventor on the records in Washington is Walter Nevegold, a lad 15 years of age, of Bristol, Pa., who has patented important improvements in rolling-mill machinery.

—Observations upon Russian railways have resulted in showing that, for the period of six months, 77 per cent. of the fractures of tires occurred when the temperature was below zero; 4 per cent. at zero, and only 19 per cent. at higher temperatures.

—According to the Revue Scientifique, a number of merchants of Bergen have purchased the right to cut large blocks of ice for shipment from the enormous glacier, Fonor-Svartisen, in Norway. Its distance from the sea is only about two miles. The glacier is 120 miles square.

—The skeleton of a Dinosaurian reptile, 35 feet long, has been unearthed in the Bad Lands of Dakota. The creature is supposed to have stood 25 feet high. The weight of the skull is 694 pounds, and of the whole skeleton 1,900 pounds. The bones will be placed in the Academy of Natural Science, at Philadelphia.

—An Italian statistician has just made a discovery that every human being at present living upon the face of the globe has the undoubted right to claim descent from no fewer than one hundred and thirty-nine thousand, two hundred and forty-five billions of ancestors, only as far back as the commencement of the Christian era.

—Dr. Virchow has shown at the Berlin Anthropological Society some ancient skulls found in the Caucasian district. They are believed to afford proof of the existence of the race called Makrokephli, described by Hippocrates. The heads are large and extremely long or high in form, an effect believed to be due to bandaging in early infancy.

—A London dentist uses a small incandescent carbon lamp to illuminate the cavity of the mouth during dental operations. It is fitted into a vulcanite cup, and covered for safety with a glass shade. The lamp is stated by the inventor, who freely offers its advantages to his fellow-dentists, “to give a bright light just where it is needed, without producing undue heat.”

—In round numbers the following table represents the weight of a million dollars in the coins named:—

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description of coin,</th>
<th>Tons.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Standard gold coin</td>
<td>15£</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Standard Silver coin</td>
<td>264</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Subsidiary silver coin</td>
<td>25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Minor coin, five cent nickel</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

—A new branch of industry has sprung up in Sweden, lately—the fabrication of paper from moss, not from the living plant, but from the bleached and blanched remains of mosses that lived centuries ago, and of which enormous masses have accumulated in most parts of Sweden. A manufactory of paper from this material has begun operations near Joenkaeping, and is turning out paper in all degrees of excellence, from tissue to sheets three-quarters of an inch in thickness. These latter are harder than wood.

—Every corpse that is taken to the Paris morgue is now quickly converted into a block almost as hard as stone. This result is obtained by Carre’s chemical refrigerator, which is capable of reducing the temperature of the conservatory, where each body is laid out on something closely resembling a camp bedstead in stone, to 15° below zero centigrade. At the back of this room is a row of stove-like compartments, in which the corpses are boxed up and frozen hard before being exposed to public view. As an illustration of the intense cold thus artificially secured, a Paris journalist, in describing a recent visit to the morgue, says that in opening one of the compartments the attendant took the precaution to wear a glove, lest “his hand should be burnt, by contact with the cold iron.” The corpse which was taken out of its receptacle had been there nine hours. The doctor who accompanied the visitor struck the dead man on the breast with a stick, and the sound was just as if he had struck a stone.

—Prof. Lockyer is of the opinion that there are many facts suggested by the spectra of solar and stellar physics which seem to show that the elements themselves, or, at all events, some of them, are compound bodies. Thus, it would appear that the hotter a star the more simple is its spectrum;
for the brightest, and therefore, probably, the hottest stars, such as Sirius, furnish spectra showing only very thick hydrogen lines, and a few very thin metallic lines, characteristic of elements of low atomic weight. On the other hand, the cooler stars, such as our sun, are shown by their spectra to contain a much larger number of metallic elements than stars such as Sirius, but no non-metallic elements; and, again, the coolest stars furnish fluted band spectra, characteristic of compounds of metallic with non-metallic elements, and of non-metallic elements. These facts appear to meet with a simple explanation, if it be supposed that, as the temperature increases, the compounds are first broken up into their constituent elements, and that these elements then undergo decomposition into elements of lower atomic weight.

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Books and Periodicals.

"A Look into Hawthorne's Workshop" is a most remarkable feature of the January Century, when we consider that the paper consists of the most interesting portions of Nathaniel Hawthorne's own posthumous notes for a romance. Professor Wallace, the noted English scientist, and author of "Island Life," contributes an estimate of "The Debt of Science to Darwin," which interprets the theories of Darwin, and says the only name with which his can be compared, in the whole domain of science, is that of Newton. The frontispiece of the number is a striking portrait of Darwin, engraved by Johnson, after a photograph taken by the scientist's son; views of Darwin's home and his study are also given. Another Englishman, Frederick W. H. Myers, writes briefly upon the personal and literary influence of the late Dean Stanley. George W. Cable begins in this number his illustrated historical studies of Old New Orleans, by answering the much-asked question, "Who are the Creoles?" Dr. Eggleston's second paper on colonial history is well illustrated. "The Planting of New England" is the striking title, and the Puritans are treated with keen insight and sympathy. Two practical subjects, effectively treated and profusely illustrated in this number, are "Hydraulic Mining in California," by Taliesin Evans, and "Farming for Feathers," by E. B. Biggar, who has studied ostrich-farming in the Cape Colony. "The Trip of the Mark Twain," is a slight, humorously-illustrated and written paper on Mississippi River travel; and Frank R. Stockton, who is now travelling in Europe, describes the amusing experiences of "The Rudder Grangers in England," and how Pomona satisfied her curiosity by calling upon an English lord. In another vein is John Burroughs's charming studies in natural history, entitled "A Mole, a Lamprey, and a Fairy." The January chapters of Mary Hallock Foote's romance of the silver mines, "The Led-Horse Claim," introduce a tragedy underground, and develop a powerful interest. The story will be finished in two more parts. Another of Mrs. Foote's drawings adds to the vividness of the narrative. The third part of Dr. Gladden's practical story of "The Christian League of Connecticut" mentions the fact that the laws of many States virtually forbid the union of Christian churches. Mrs. Burnett's "Through one Administration" is continued. The poems of the number are by Paul H. Hayne, H. C. Bunner, Frances Hodgson Burnett, Edith M. Thomas, Henry Ames Blood, E. C. White, and Maria W. Jones; and among the verses of lighter vein in Brèc-a-brèc, are two of Uncle Remus's Christmas Dance Songs. "Topics of the Times" discusses "The Revolution in American Politics" and current subjects, and the other editorial departments are unusually full and interesting.

The History of Washington County in the Vermont Historical Gazetteer, etc. Collected and Published by Abby Maria Hemenway. Montpelier, Vermont: Vermont Watchman and State Journal Press. 1882.

We cannot but concur with the many distinguished historiographers throughout the United States that Miss Hemenway's is the best local history ever published in this or any other country. Eminent librarians, who had at hand all similar works wherewith to institute a comparison, have made unqualified statements that such is the case, and there can be no further room to doubt that it is as they represent.

The present volume, 932 pages 8vo, is taken up chiefly with the local histories of Montpelier, the State capital,—East Montpelier, Barre, Berlin, Cabot, Calais, Fayston, Marshfield, Middlesex, Moretown, Northfield, Plainfield, Roxbury, Waitsfield, Warren, Waterbury, Woodbury, and Worcester,—each place being written up by native and resident historians. Among the leading writers is the Hon. E. P. Walton, one of the oldest newspaper (weekly and daily) editors in the State, the Vermont Register maker for 40 years or more, the editor of the "Governors and Council" of Vermont," 6 or 7 large octavo historical volumes of much ability, which can be seen in the Lemonnier Library here. Mr. Walton had been at work on his History of Montpelier for twelve years when the towns of his county were reached in alphabetical order, and before the work of printing was begun he had added one-third more to its pages, some dozen pens of the best writers at the capital being enlisted to aid him, among whom were the State Librarian, the State Historical Society Librarian, with the large Vermont State collection under his hands, the scholarly Curator of the State Cabinet, etc., the State Geologist, one of the former county writers of the Gazetteer, these, with the aid of the pens of the ablest of the clergy of all denominations, lawyers, editors, etc., have made a very complete and highly interesting history of the capital of the Green Mountain State, which, besides the separate publication, is embraced in the Washington County edition before us of 932 double-column octavo pages, made up from the State edition of the Gazetteer. We have full sets of the Gazetteer,—Vols. I, II, III, and IV, in the
College Library, and we think it a work that should be in every college library in the United States. We understand it is already in the library of Harvard College, the Athenæum Library, Boston, in the N. Y. Hist. Society’s Library, the Chicago Hist. Society’s Library, the Detroit Free Library, the Lansing (Mich.) State Library, the Philadelphia Hist. State Library, and others. These valuable historical volumes are, we regret to say, not stereotyped, and those desiring them should order without delay. The editor informs us that there is to be one more volume, which will soon be in press.

The present volume, like those preceding, is illustrated with splendid portraits of some of the most remarkable persons, for the last 100 years, of the locality chronicled. The plates are in all cases donated to the work by the families represented, and it readily may be inferred that no inferior productions would be admitted. Some of the biographical sketches are racy and unique. The birth-place of the famous Orestes A. Brownson, LL. D., is to be written up in the coming volume, and will, we suppose, include a biographical sketch of one of the most remarkable men the world has ever seen.

Exchanges.

—We regret to learn that Mr. L. W. Reilly, late editor of The Catholic Mirror, of Baltimore, is, on account of ill health, about to retire for a while from editorial duty. He intends to spend the winter at Fort Dade, Hernando Co., Florida, and hopes that in the spring he will be able to resume work. Mr. L.’s connection with the Catholic Mirror ceased on the 1st of January.

—The College Mercury makes its Christmas call in a new and tasteful dress of type. The “sheer nonsense” department is conspicuously absent—another improvement, for the limp verses that frequently adorned it were of no interest to anybody. “The Musical Man” is much better, after its manner, and possesses the merit of being a home production. We learn from the Mercury that Rev. A. Z. Gray, A. M., was installed as organist “of Trinity College,超级intends the musical part, and the thing bids fair to be a great success. Mr. Stanford, organist of Trinity College, superintends the musical part, and the thing bids fair to be a great success. Mr. T. K. Stephen (King’s) of History University, takes the principal character. The chorus is reported to be exceedingly good.”

—The Hesperian Student possesses a true poet-constructor in R. L. Marsh, of ’84. The story of “Faith and Despair” is well told, in diction and metre that augurs favorably for the young aspirant for the poet’s laurel. The Exchange editor of the Student says:

“Funny things are not frequent at Notre Dame, we take it, but once in a while the Scholastic perpetrates an astounding joke. ‘Our friend John got up early one morning last week. He said he wanted to see the comet, but he couldn’t come.’ We hope the Scholastic will get this joke copyrighted.”

Oh, no; never mind the copyright. Besides, a writer in the Swarthmore Phoenix has already appropriated and expanded it. Tie an Ex. to
the joke's tail and let it go the rounds as usual. By the way, we said that the typos inserted the remark!

—The Spectator, from St. Laurent College, Montreal, has donned a bright green cover that is refreshing to weak eyes and contrasts strikingly with the colored covers of a large pile of exchanges that has accumulated during the holidays. Most of the other college papers have neutral colored covers, in keeping with their contents, which have nothing very definite in them. The Haverfordian gets a sharp rap over the knuckles from the Spectator's Exchange-editor, and is told to brush the cobwebs from his history. The Haverfordian surely barked the wrong man's shin; he has a foeman worthy of his steel, and if he doesn't get penned up within his own lines he will have to show some clever work. Almost anybody can run into a scrape, but nearly everyone has to crawl out of it.

—The Chronicle for December the 23d is exceptionally good in its literary articles. "The Civil Service," besides being well written, is eminently practical. "The True Aim of a College Life" is more than a little too "fast"; then, the writer sends out his wooden decoy ducks with the real Simon-pure ducks within easy gun-shot. If "K's" complaint be well-founded, the Ann Arborites are to be pitied as obtaining an education under exceedingly unpleasant circumstances. Among other grievances, "K" mentions the following, which certainly is no credit to the College:

"This invidious practice of snubbing is not confined to outdoor sports, but makes its way even into the class-room. When I arise to recite, I am greeted with smiles of derision, which the consideration of our professors is unable to suppress. This demonstration is not limited to those of my own condition, but is shown to persons of another sort. Whenever I make a mistake, some giggling upstarts give full vent to their softness, and the sober student with a wooden smile." etc.

—The Ex-editor of the Phoenix says his curiosity is satisfied; he has seen the Notre Dame Scholastic, and is now ready to sing his Nunc dimittis. He could never quite account, he says, for the fact that the Exchange-editors of so many papers "should hasten to taffy the Scholastic," but he knows it now,—wonderful, bright little boy! To find out at the first glance what so many veteran Exchange-editors have been puzzling their brains over without any satisfactory result,—and the wonderful discovery is this: The Scholastic "has got a long-winded Exchange-editor, who devotes all his surplus energy to lengthy and tiresome tirades against any unfortunate who presumes to criticize adversely his paper"; adding, "wonder whether we'll catch it?" "Oh, no, little fellow; there's no reason why your wonderful secret should die with you. We haven't inaugurated a crusade against small boys. If we did want to cut down one sythmore we would like to have something worth the trouble of cutting. Now, little boy in the brown jacket, give credit for that stolen pun in your grand article on "The Comet of 1883," and go to the President for a stick of candy. You can tell him you believe yourself an embryo Daniel come to judgment, for you have been in the lion's den, and the lions would not harm you.

—The University Monthly, from the University of New Brunswick, has been on our table for some weeks. The Monthly seems to be a paper of some merit, and therefore deserving of a cordial welcome. The editors will pardon us, we hope, for not greeting them sooner. With the best of will, we cannot get a word with all our many visitors just when we, and perhaps they, would wish. The N. B. University men rejoice greatly because a New Brunswicker, Mr. Tweedie, won the Gilchrist scholarship for 1882, although he did not belong to the University, but to Mt. Allison College. C. G. D. R.'s "Ye True and Faithful Historic" is a readable production, and well calculated to call to mind many such "tripes actually," and camping out and fighting with those winged pests which the Indians so appropriately call the "Bite-um-no-see-ums." The poetry of the Monthly is real poetry, and some of it of a high order. If it be the work of under-graduates it is very creditable. Some of the humor in the "article" on "Homer" shows a heavy strain in giving it birth, but it is not without merit, and especially so when we see the evident desire to please the reader without hurting old Homer's or anybody else's feelings—a point which few of the would-be humorists seldom attain. Call again, Monthly! you will always be welcome; whether we are "at home" or not, just pull the latch-string and walk in.

—E. K. S., in a contribution to Academica, of the University of Cincinnati, traces the habit of punning back to the earliest ages. He says Menander and Plautus and Terence were inveterate punsters, and makes Sophocles responsible for a pun even upon the name of the hero of his "Ajax." Euripides, in his famous lines, "Elene, Elendus, Eleftheros, Elebolis, is guilty of a series of puns. Aristophanes also is caught in flagrante delicto in "The Frogs":"

"Tis didden... To pmein deipnein ki to katheudeln kodion." Virgil also is guilty of a galloping pun in the famous line—"Quadrapedante putrem sonitu quattu unuga campum." And, coming down to modern times, the peerless Porson himself doesn't disdain a pun. "After sundry tumblers of spirits and water, being asked whether he would again replenish his glass or have a bed-candle, he replied, 'Ou tote ounda tailo,' which, while it sounds 'Neither tody nor tallow,' signifies, 'Neither the one nor the other.'" And we know that Cardinal Wiseman himself, a churchman of the very best character as well as the greatest scholar of his day, was a clever punster, and did not disdain the 'art even' in his essays. Who, after this, would hang a man for getting off a clever pun would be unreasonable. We tender E. K. S. our acknowledgments for his clever article. But, reader, none of your slip-shod shoddy punsters, if you please; if we are to have puns, give us the genuine article or none at all,
Notre Dame, January 6, 1883.

The attention of the Alumni of the University of Notre Dame and others, is called to the fact that the NOTRE DAME SCHOLASTIC has now entered upon the SIXTEENTH year of its existence, and presents itself anew as a prosperous year. The unusually large attendance applying for them, in all such cases, early application should be made at the office of publication, as, usually, but few copies in excess of the subscription list are printed.

THE NOTRE DAME SCHOLASTIC Contains:

choice Poetry, Essays, and the current Art, Musical Literary and Scientific Gossip of the day.

Editorials on questions of the day, as well as on subjects connected with the University of Notre Dame.

Personal gossip concerning the whereabouts and the success of former students.

All the weekly local news of the University, including the names of those who have distinguished themselves during the week by their excellence in class and by their general good conduct.

Students should take it; parents should take it; and, above all, OLD STUDENTS SHOULD TAKE IT.

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If a subscriber fails to receive the Scholastic regularly he will confer a favor by sending us notice immediately, each time. Those who may have missed a number, or numbers, and wish to have the volume complete for binding, can have back numbers of the current volume by applying for them. In all such cases, early application should be made at the office of publication, as, usually, but few copies in excess of the subscription list are printed.

The Editors of the Scholastic will always be glad to receive information concerning former students and graduates of the University.

—Notre Dame may well congratulate itself on the bright prospects with which it enters upon the New Year. Everything betokens a happy and prosperous year. The unusually large attendance and the many improvements that have been effected during the year past give every indication of a long-continued and happy future. See what has been done during '82. 1st, The electric light was introduced — and all know how much it has added to their pleasure and convenience; 2d, the Academy of Music was completed and inaugurated; 3d, the Gymnasium was built; 4th, the Eastern Wing and Minims' Hall were erected; 5th, the Library rooms were finished, arranged and decorated; 6th, the Reading-rooms were put in order; and, last but not by means least, work was begun upon the grand Dome. All this, and more that cannot be here recounted, was done during the year just gone by; and, from present signs, '83 will witness, not only the completion of much that '82 saw begun, but other and needed improvements, which will realize the original design of Notre Dame's Venerable Founder, and show to the country a model University. May success attend these efforts!

—Since our last issue, the old year has passed away, and we have already entered upon the new. No doubt if, at the close of the year just passed, we reflected upon all that we had done or omitted during its course, we found much to condemn; and certainly the thought must have brought with it good resolutions for the future. This year will bring its duties with it, just as the past—and duties which become the more obligatory upon us, as year after year glides by, and we become further advanced in knowledge and are enabled thereby to realize more perfectly our individual accountability. All our duties are summed up in those we owe to God, to ourselves and to our fellow-man. And as we look forward now in a general way to the fulfillment of these duties during the coming year, reason dictates that our resolutions must be such as to form for ourselves a line of conduct which will ensure an honest, upright, straightforward course, not only during the present or succeeding years of college life, but such as may endure during the whole of the time allotted us upon earth, and enable us to hold, with merit to ourselves and honor to our Alma Mater, whatever position in society we may occupy.

Such resolutions, if faithfully adhered to, will secure a really happy new year, and will render each succeeding year still more happy. Though trials and tribulations may beset our pathway through life, though we may have dangers to encounter and difficulties to overcome, yet such sentiments will enable us to rise superior to temptation, to brave danger, and never be cast down by trial or trouble; and we may ever go forward with courage in the performance of our duty, trusting in God, who will not be wanting in His assistance, but will ever support and sustain us through life and reward us hereafter.

—No one who has proper regard for his reputation will ignore the requirements of politeness. Polite manners are said to be the best letters of recommendation. By politeness we do not mean etiquette; one may be well versed in the rules of etiquette; one may be well versed in the rules of etiquette; but such as may endure during the whole of the time allotted us upon earth, and enable us to hold, with merit to ourselves and honor to our Alma Mater, whatever position in society we may occupy.

—In large communities there is a tendency to disregard the amenities of social life, and what is considered indispensable in the family circle is apt to be forgotten in intercourse with casual acquaintances. This is a mistake. The man who is truly polite is so always and everywhere.

We have been led into these reflections from the fact that so many took "French leave" when going home for the Christmas holidays, without saying good-bye to their Professors and others to
haps those who are guilty of it are not capable of
suffering in the death of his sister, Mrs.
phate with him in the affliction which he has lately
thinks that such conduct is exceptional, and per-
all his classes when his health allowed
in the Infirmary. Five days of sickness passed,
ly evident that disease had taken too firm a
known and loved his bright young son. in the
saw. May he rest in peace!

William Montrose Graham.

It is our melancholy duty to announce the death
of one of the brightest, most amiable and high-
boys of the Junior department, Master
Montrose Graham, of Washington, D. C.
departed this life Wednesday evening, Dec.
thorified by the Sacraments of the Church,
and in the most edifying dispositions. Master Gra-
will long be remembered by the Juniors of
S1-82 as a laughing, merry, light-hearted youth,
a general favorite with his teachers and playmates,
and a pupil who was always sure of a leading
place in all his classes when his health allowed
him to apply himself regularly to his studies.
After having spent the greater portion of the sum-
mer vacation at the College, he was summoned
home towards the end of August, and did not re-
turn until the 8th of December. Of a naturally
frail and delicate constitution, it soon became pain-
fully evident that disease had taken too firm a
hoid of him to be shaken off. After the first joy-
ous excitement of re-visiting the old familiar college
scenes and greeting again the old college friends
was over, he found himself obliged to take a room
in the Infirmary. Five days of sickness passed,
and the end was at hand. Conscious to the very
last, not racked by suffering, but apparently ex-
hausted of vital energy, after receiving all the
consolations of religion, he composed himself as if
for a long sleep, and, with the "Hail Mary" on
his lips, peacefully expired.

The death of a gentle, affectionate, and inter-
child like Montrose Graham, must indeed be a
sad blow to his bereaved relatives, and the Scho-
lastic takes this opportunity of assuring his father,
Commander J. D. Graham, U. S. N., that he has
the heartfelt sympathy of all at Notre Dame who
knew and loved his bright young son in the
great affliction with which Providence has visited
him. May he rest in peace!

Obituary.

The many friends of Prof. J. A. Lyons sym-
pathize with him in the affliction which he has lately
suffered in the death of his sister, Mrs. Ellen Tal-
bot. The deceased lady was the mother of Peter
Talbot, a former student of Notre Dame, and
grandmother of J. J. Talbot, of the Preparatory
department. For years she was a devoted and
zealous worker in the cause of religion in this
neighborhood. May she rest in peace!

WILLIAM MONTROSE GRAHAM.

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zealous worker in the cause of religion in this
neighborhood. May she rest in peace!

—Prof. John P. Lauth, ’67, Principal of Lauth’s
Academy, Chicago, visited his Alma Mater and
old friends during the holidays.

—Among the most welcome visitors during
Christmas week was Mrs. Ryan Devereaux, of St.
Louis, who came to see her two sons, students in
the University.

—Rev. Father Berger, Professor in St. Fran-
cis’ Seminary, Milwaukee, was a welcome visitor
to the College last week. He expressed himself
highly pleased with all he saw.

—Rev. M. F. Campion, of ’62, now the popular
and energetic pastor of St. Peter’s Church, La-
porte, visited the College during the holidays, and
was warmly greeted by many old friends.

—A. T. Moran, of ’81, is connected with the
National Spice Mills, Detroit, Mich., and is doing
well. The agent of Notre Dame’s publications
is under special obligations to him for favors re-
ceived.

—C. J. Lundy, M. D., of ’71, is practising in
Detroit, and has earned a brilliant and wide-spread
reputation in specialities of his profession. He has
now under consideration the acceptance of a Pro-
fessorship in the University of Michigan. The
Doctor’s many friends at Notre Dame are pleased
to hear of his success.

—W. J. Ivers, A. M., ’63, formerly the popular
and efficient Professor of Mathematics, at Notre
Dame, is now residing in Philadelphia. A letter
written in his own well-known and inimitable
style has been received, expressing New Year’s
greeting and remembrances to old friends. All
were pleased to hear from him.

—We learn from the Morning Star (New Or-
leans) that, on the 20th ult., Rev. T. McNamara,
C. S. C., was ordained deacon, by Right Rev.
Bishop Lery. Father McNamara, during his
student life, was one of the ye editors of the Scho-
lastic,” and, naturally, we take unusual pleasure
in mentioning his promotion. All his old friends
here join with us in offering congratulations, and
hoping for his speedy elevation to the priesthood.

—On the 24th inst., at St. Francis’ Seminary, in Milwau-
kee, Rev. A. Morrissey, C. S. C. of the Sacred Heart Col-
lege, was ordained deacon by Archbishop Heiss, and he
officiated at Solemn High Mass on Christmas Day as as-
stant to Father Corby, at St. Bernard’s Church. The
young divine will soon be elevated to the priesthood.
—Watertown Gazette.

Father Morrissey took his degree of A. B. with the Class of '77, and for some years was a prominent and efficient member of the Faculty of Notre Dame. His many friends here rejoice to learn of his rapid and deserved promotion in his sacred calling; May he ere long attain the summit of his aspirations!

—Local Items—

—HAPPY NEW YEAR!

—Are we all here?
—Cf., or you will be.
—Now, to work again.
—“Them high-priced coats!”
—Did you have a good time?
—Competitions next week—not.
—How did you spend the holidays?
—Did you bring those “Personals”?
—Frankie and Henry were at it again.
—“No, thank you, I have lots of cakes.”
—“The Shepherd” wrote in short-hand.
—Leon is not a Success as a letter-writer.
—Our poet spent the holidays in Chicago.
—Dick tried hard to get at that Stingyjoun.
—The stay-at-homes had a most enjoyable time.
—B. Thomas set ’em up on Christmas morning.
—E. L. will studiously avoid the ice-boat in future.
—The burros have sought a more congenial clime.
—The Scholastic Annual is selling like hotcakes.
—A Minim may be a pet, but a Junior is now a darling.
—“A little ancient?” “Yes.” “All right!” “Shake!”
—The Juniors have received a large number of accessions.
—All weather-prophets now consult the Scholastic Annual.
—Prof. Edwards spent the holidays in Toledo and Indianapolis.
—Our friend John wishes to know if carpets are subject to taxation.
—He did not catch that rabbit. It was a rare bit, but it escaped.
—The St. Cecilians were disappointed as to their visit to Niles.
—B. Thomas Aquinas spent the early part of the holidays in Chicago.
—Mr. J. Solon’s speech, New Year’s Day, was terse and appropriate.
—Look out for the “Past, Present, Future and Aorist of Colorado!”

—Where are the burros? “Thil” says he has their habits “down fine.”
—The Scholastic is indebted to its Minim friends for favors received.
—Where is Gawge? We hope he will be back in time for Commencement.
—Classes were resumed at half-past 7 o’clock sharp, last Tuesday morning.
—“Jake” was happily surprised on learning the contents of his Christmas “box.”
—Skating by moonlight was one of the unique features of the holiday enjoyments.
—The Philodemics have revived and will astonish the natives early next session.
—The last request of the D. of St. C. to the C. of M. was to bring back a young lion.
—There is a report that the Philopatrians will soon burn the romantic city of Bertrand.
—A large and splendid collection of classical works will soon be added to the Library.
—Brothers Sumption and Wheelock, noted temperance advocates, visited the College last week.
—He came out with the boys, he said, but he went back by himself. We don’t blame him, either.
—A new weather-prophet has come to light. He dwelleth not a thousand miles from the printing-office.
—The Western-bound students are under obligations to the officials of the C. B. & Q. R.R. for favors.
—Prof. L., it is said, was a “boss” conductor. The orotund voice was used in calling out the stations.
—Arranging the foot-lights is no easy task; at least so thought Jim on the evening of the last exhibition.
—The final ice-boat race came off last week—Mr. Sturla, the captain of the “Breakneck,” winning by two lengths.
—Brother Charles is putting up a vestibule in the Minim’s Palace, and, like everything that he does, it is artistic and tasteful.
—The St. Cecilians who spent the holidays here enjoyed a grand excursion to South Bend, under the care of the genial B. Marcellinus.
—The proprietors of the ice-boats deserve much praise for their efforts in making the holidays pass pleasantly for the stay-at-home Preps.
—Father General has the best thanks of the Minims for some splendid oranges that he sent them on the Feast of St. John the Evangelist.
—A new consignment of magneto-electric and electro-magnetic machines will, it is expected, soon arrive and be placed in the Cabinet of Physics.
—The Professor of Physics was scaling the heights of Pike’s Peak during the holidays. (We are not exactly sure about the scale—but, let it go.)
—George C. Mlin, now so widely known as the one who passed “from the pulpit to the stage,” was a pleased visitor to the College during the past week.
—To-day, the Feast of Epiphany, Missa Regia will be sung. Vespers, p. 75. To-morrow, the Sunday within the octave, Missa de Angelis will be sung. Vespers as on the Feast.

—To say that Messrs. M. T. Burns, J. P. O'Neill, and J. B. O'Reilly engineered the performances for the Seniors during the holidays, is as much as to say they had a lively time.

—The Muggletonians, it is said, will soon appear in a grand tragedy, written expressly for their Society by an ex-member who now plays a prominent part in the world of letters.

—A Boston paper sometime ago stated that some one caught a butterfly in the “South End.” If he had caught a humming-bird in the same place there would have been some humming.

—Somebody was urging a book on our friend John as being “a very rare one.” “Oh, yes,” said our friend, “I see it is rare; it is anything but well done”; and he didn’t take the book.

—When making their New Year’s calls, the members of the Temperance Association refused fortified water, and joyfully contented themselves with copious doses of taffy and spring water.

—We have heard it asserted that the ice-boat was a success, but from observations taken on the spot, ye “local” maintains that the propulsion of the boat was effected in the main by the crew.

—The St. Cecilians are under obligations to Father Zahm, Profs. Stace and Edwards, Bros. Leander, Lawrence, Charles, Anselm and Thomas, for kind services on the occasion of their late entertainment.

—The Scholastic Annual for 1883, by Prof. J. A. Lyons, of the University of Notre Dame, is just out, and, as usual, is full of interesting reading-matter—prose and poetry,—and also contains valuable astronomical tables.—Chicago Tribune.

—There is a young Junior named Frank, too big for his mummy to spank: He parts his hair in the middle, And sings by the fiddle.

—This silly young musher called Frank.

—The professional punster is in a dilemma; he says he has perpetrated all the allowable puns at least three times. We differ from him a little on that point; we know a few that have not yet been thought of, but wouldn’t for the world tell them.

—The students who went home by the L. S. & M. S. R.R. passed a resolution tendering a vote of thanks to W. P. Johnson, General Pass. Agent, J. H. Parsons, Sup’t of West. Div., and J. Laughlin, Freight Agent at South Bend, for courtesies.

—The “Ave Maria” of this week contains a charming sketch, by Charles Warren Stoddard, entitled “The Record of Two-Score Years,” also the initial chapter of a bright new story, written expressly for its pages by Nugent Robinson. The “Ave Maria” numbers among its contributors some of the best writers in the English-speaking world.

—Lost, Strayed or Stolen, during the holidays. A heart! the property of G——, of the Junior department. At least the young gent. says it is no longer in his possession. “Who steals my purse, steals trash,” says Shakespeare, and we add “whosoever hath appropriated this heart, possesses something which doth enrich but mighty little.”

—On New Year’s Day, Mars is in trine with Saturn and Uranus, these planets occupying respectively the terrestrial signs of Capricornus, Taurus and Virgo. This is a peculiarly unfortunate aspect, and the events that accompany it will cast a gloom over the usual New Year felicitations.—Scholastic Annual, 1883.

—How singularly has the prediction of our astrologer been verified!

—The N——es have found a new use for themselves; henceforth they will, if allowed, be present at all banquets, socials, etc., and amuse the guests with a fund of Chinese jokes, translated expressly for their use. This is a step in the right direction, and we hope they will succeed in their praiseworthy undertaking. “Stale Jokes” will soon be at a discount, and then who will furnish our waste-basket?

—Forty-one (41) happy, joyous Minims, accompanied by their teachers and prefects, took a grand excursion to the Farm on the 30th ult. Greatly to the disappointment of all, the b-f-i snow was non est, and wagons were perforce pressed into service; but the ride was enjoyed, all the same. The usual concomitants of these trips, i. e., sports of all kinds, grand dinner, etc., were not wanting, and the day was made to pass pleasantly.

—Father General sang the Midnight Mass on Christmas. His rich, clear voice has lost nothing of its strength; on the contrary, those who have been accustomed for years to hear him, say that his singing of the Midnight Mass was the finest they ever heard. Father General seems to be growing younger and more active, notwithstanding advancing years. May God continue the blessing of good health to him, and leave him to Notre Dame for many years!

—On Tuesday evening, Dec. 26th, the Juniors had a “grand spread” in their reading-room. Ice-cream, coffee, cakes, candies, wieners, worst, and dainties innumerable graced the tables; but, ere long, they were not permitted to serve as mere ornaments. Many visitors were present, and, with the banquet and music kindly furnished by Prof. Paul, a very enjoyable evening was passed. The thanks of all are due to B. Lawrence, who conducted the proceedings.

—We have been permitted to examine a beautiful work of art—a magnificent floral album, the property and workmanship of Rev. Father L'Etourneau. It is impossible to describe its varied beauties in detail; it needs to be seen to be appreciated. Floral pictures and designs, of all colors and forms, make up a panorama with which the eye can never tire. We understand that the Rev. Father is at work upon a new album, and announces that all who contribute five (5) pictures will have their names inscribed on its pages.

—Through the favor of Very Rev. Father Sorin, the denizens of the printing-office had a very enjoyable luncheon, the day after New-Year's,
THE NOTRE DAME SCHOLASTIC.

in the Junior refectory. The turkey, the cake, etc., etc., (including "the cup that cheers but doth not inebriate") were done ample justice. Everybody connected with the army of invasion felt thankful to Very Rev. Father General for his kind remembrance. The engagement was a brief but warm one, ending in the demolition of the Grand Pyramid and the possession of Turkey. The besiegers gave a vote of thanks to Mr. de Groot for his polite attention in the absence of the refectorian.

—The press of South Bend have been profuse in their acknowledgments of the kindly Christmas greetings proffered them by Father Sorin. The offerings consisted of pyramids of cake with Spanish oranges and Malaga grapes. Accompanying the present was the following card:

SANTA CLAUS,

though intensely active, has limits to his power; and so numerous are the friends of Notre Dame, that when we ask him if he has visited them all, we are not surprised to hear him quote, from Ecclesiastes, vii, 29: "One man among a thousand have I found."

This is indeed about the proportion among our friends to whom we can send greetings; and we hope that each of the recipients will consider himself the best friend among a thousand.

A MERRY CHRISTMAS!

—New Year's Day, the students of the Senior department assembled in the main parlor to pay their respects to the Rev. President of the University. Mr. James Solon was spokesman. In a few and well-chosen words, he congratulated Rev. President Walsh on the prosperity of the University, assuring him of the affection and esteem in which he was held by the students, and that it was their prayer he might be spared many, many years to assist them in obtaining knowledge, and teaching them all that is noble and good. Rev. President Walsh responded in his own pleasant way; he exhorted all to prove themselves men of honor and principle, and that they would always receive the support and encouragement of their Alma Mater. After interchanging the compliments of the season, the Rev. President retired, amid the applause of the students.

—On the evening of Friday, Dec. 29th, the Juniors' hall presented a scene of unwonted splendor. It was the occasion of the regular "Christmas tree," and a goodly crowd had assembled to take part in the festivities. Over the doors of the hall various mottoes were painted, in an artistic and surrounded with beautiful vases of natural flowers, occupied the centre of the room. Space will not permit us to give the full list of the many and valuable presents; suffice it to say that there were cornucopias, fruit baskets, harmonicas, paint-boxes, autograph albums, scrap-books, fancy slippers, compasses, electro-reflection, cake, dominos, paintings, etc., etc. A feature of the occasion was the "raffle" for a box of cigars between members of the Faculty; the staid, dignified and withe good-natured professor, 'cornfield' caught on to the proposal with all the zest and enthusiasm of little princes. Amid great applause, the Prof. of Vocal Music was declared the fortunate winner of the trophy. Altogether, the reunion was one of the pleasantest held at Notre Dame for many a day. The thanks of the Juniors, as well as invited guests, are due to the kind prefects, through whose efforts the entertainment had been prepared.

**Roll of Honor.**

[The following list includes the names of those students whose conduct during the past week has given entire satisfaction to the Faculty.]

**SENIOR DEPARTMENT.**


**JUNIOR DEPARTMENT.**


**MINOX DEPARTMENT.**


**For the Home.**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item Description</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Rev. J. J. Shea, C. S. C.</td>
<td>$100.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>G. Wyman, South Bend</td>
<td>$100.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mr. Thomas Tormey, Madison, Wis</td>
<td>$10.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A False Friend</td>
<td>$60.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mrs. C. Hug, Indianapolis</td>
<td>$25.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>St. Mary's School, Austin, Texas</td>
<td>$25.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cathedral School, Milwaukee, Wis</td>
<td>$12.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fils de Marie</td>
<td>$10.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mr. Thomas Tormey, Madison, Wis</td>
<td>$10.00</td>
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<tr>
<td>A Child of Mary</td>
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<td>A Child of Mary</td>
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<td>Mrs. Anne Lane Mobile, Ala</td>
<td>$10.00</td>
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<tr>
<td>A Child of Mary</td>
<td>$10.00</td>
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<tr>
<td>A Poor School</td>
<td>$5.00</td>
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<tr>
<td>F. Kellner, Louisville, Ky</td>
<td>$5.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E. Dubois, Amherst, Mass</td>
<td>$5.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A poor young man who loves his Mother</td>
<td>$5.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A Child of Mary</td>
<td>$5.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Some Little Children of Mary, Boston, Mass</td>
<td>$5.00</td>
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<tr>
<td>St. John's School, Goshen, Ind</td>
<td>$5.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>St. Angela's School, Morris, Ill</td>
<td>$5.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Joseph Duffy, Monroe, Mich</td>
<td>$5.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A Pious Soul</td>
<td>$5.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Donations from Various Sources</td>
<td>$10.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Saint Mary's Academy.

One Mile West of Notre Dame University.

—The deepest sympathy is felt by teachers and school-mates for Miss Jennie Anderson in the sudden loss of her devoted mother.

—Miss L. O’Neill, Peoria, Ill., Class of ’78, Miss D. Gordon, Cairo, Ill., Class of ’81, and Miss J. Hanbury, Coldwater, Mich., Class of ’82, spent Christmas at St. Mary’s.

—Among the New Year’s calls the most notable were those of Rev. President Walsh and Father Tohey, of the University, and Rev. Father Giles, of Brooklyn; also Judge Stanfield, and Mr. Wm. Miller and son, of South Bend.

—The receipt of letters and numberless beautiful Christmas cards at St. Mary’s announced the safe arrival home and a loving remembrance of those who left us the morning of the 20th. A personal answer to each would be almost impossible; so, to all we sincerely wish a most Happy New Year.

—On New Year’s Day the compliments of the season were offered by Miss Clarke, on the part of all the pupils, to the Prefect of Studies, immediately after breakfast in the refectory. Just after the second Mass of the day, Miss Campbell read the “New Year’s Offering,” in the study-hall, as a congratulation to the ecclesiastical superiors.

—On Dec. the 27th, a graceful entertainment consisting of music, vocal and instrumental, by the Misses J. Reilly, L. Wallace, and M. Campbell, with recitations and readings, was given in honor of St. John the Evangelist to Father General. St. John is the patron of his ordination. The complimentary address was read by Miss M. Clarke; Misses L. Fox, C. Campbell, and C. Lancaster gave pleasing recitations. Father General was accompanied by Rev. Fathers Shortis and Saulnier.

—Midnight Mass at St. Mary’s was celebrated by Rev. Father Shortis, who said also two in the morning. The Solemn High Mass on Christmas Day was sung by Rev. Father Saulnier, Rev. Father Shortis deacon, and Rev. Mr. Irman, C. S. C., subdeacon. The music was that of the Church. Its solemn, prayerful strain assist devotion, and force on the mind that we, Christians of 1883, are links in the golden chain who have kept the “Gloria in excelsis Deo” of the angels. The hymns before and after these Masses were well rendered.

—The decorations of the chapel are tasteful and appropriate—all that rare flowers, sparkling lights and graceful garlands, arranged in such a manner as to represent the virtues of Faith, Hope and Charity can make them. The representation of the Cave is simple, and true to nature. The beautiful image of the Divine Babe was fashioned by Mrs. Gregori and daughter, after the celebrated “Bambino” at “Ara Coeli,” in Rome. It reposes in a crib made by Signor Gregori himself, and constitutes a treasured gift from the family. The most gracious thanks are due to the donors for this mark of friendship, and we may thank God that a Christian artist now, as in the earlier days, loves best to devote his brush and art to the service of religion.

—In the Art Department, for some weeks past, grand preparations have been going on in order to surprise parents and friends with elegant Christmas and New Year’s presents. The articles of every form and device, useful and ornamental, show skill in decorative art. Among these are fine paintings in oil and water colors, crayon portraits, panels and specimens of the new style of painting on velvet and rich silk, in imitation of embroidery, so perfect in execution, that one feels tempted to count the stitches and the number of shades. The fancy workers were also busy, and everything imaginable took graceful forms under their nimble fingers. Table-covers, lamp-mats, slippers, satchels, pin-cushions, smoking-caps, collars, etc., etc., went to fill up these boxes so precious to parents; not alone for their beautiful contents, but the knowledge that the industry of their daughters produced these expressions of grateful affection.

The Pifferari.

[The following little sketch, written from memory, related by the late Rev. Father Neal H. Gillespie, among the many interesting details of his sojourn in Rome, we feel sure will be read with pleasure by his many friends, who will thus be reminded of one whose virtues and example claim from them an everlasting remembrance. It is a matter of regret to the writer that these few dry words are utterly incapable to give his mode of description; for everybody knows manner and tone are more than half of the tale. Beside, his custom while speaking was to give an instantaneous pencil-sketch of the surroundings—all these things together made palpable his pleasant and graphic descriptions of Rome, her churches, and the late glorious Pontiff, Pius IX. Christian Rome of to-day resembles more her life under her early persecutors; even the poor Pifferari are forbidden entrance in the city by the present Italian Government. But her faith can never be crushed from the hearts of the descendants of the martyrs, the martyrs whose blood bedewed the sand of the Coliseum.]

In Rome, Christmas is seen and heard; you feel it in the hand you touch; you know it by all life around you; for everything is set aside for the event of the Nativity. From the beginning of Advent the Pifferari are about; and what or who are they? They are shepherds who come in from the Abruzzi, and are lodged, free of charge, at the hospital for pilgrims; they represent the shepherds to whom the angels announced the birth of our Blessed Lord; for these Calabrian shepherds claim a descent from those “who watched their flock by night” at the time of the Nativity. We are not going to say that this is true or untrue, but there is no difficulty in saying that there is no im—
possibility in it. The Nativity is not so far off as
to make it improbable for the descendants of the
shepherds to preserve their great tradition. Cer-
tainly the shepherds would, in the first instance,
relate to their children and grandchildren, and
even their great grandchildren that they had
heard the angels sing, had gone to the cave, and
had there seen our Lord—all the circumstances of
being his first worshippers.

The Divine Child, resting in His Immaculate
Mother’s arms, was not an event to be passed over in
silence or forgotten in traditional lore. In Rome,
images of the Virgin and Child are at every street
corner, and generally before them a lamp is kept
burning; here the Pifferari stop to play and sing.
This is not a merry-making custom, like the
“Waits” in England, but a real devotion. They
begin early in the morning; then in the middle of
the day there is a cessation of their wild but sweet
music, and in the evening they begin again, stand-
ging generally three in number before a picture or
image, fixing their eyes on it with unwavering at-
tention, while they sing their hymn. The three
performers are of very different ages: an old man,
who is the singer, a young man, who plays a sort
of bagpipe called a cornemouse, and a boy who
plays a fife called the piffero—from it comes their
name of Pifferari. The wind-bag of the corne-
mouse is made of goat-skin, with the hair remain-
ing on. The Calabrian pipe is far more melodious
in its lower tones than its Scotch companion, and
always has the honor of playing the prelude to the
hymn. The tunes and hymns played are acknowl-
edged to be of unknown antiquity. They never
alter; dreamy airs that haunt you with a few
notes, which it is difficult according to any former
experience to learn throughout. There was a
saying that it could never be written down. The
hymn describes the King of Heaven descending
from the stars to be born of our Lady, in the cave
of Bethlehem. Joseph exclaims: “The Babe whom
I see here shining!” Words observable; for the
hymn describes the King of Heaven descending
from the Chapel of the Blessed Sacrament,
where the Pope celebrates the first Mass on Christmas, is brought in proces-
sion from the Chapel of the Blessed Sacrament.
It is held high, as the procession moves slowly,
with every accompaniment of grandeur. As it
passes, the guards make their act of veneration,
and the sound of grounded arms on the mable
floor sends a strange thrill through one not accus-
tomed to such impressions. The relic is con-
tained in a very large sort of crystal vase, through
which can be seen clearly the wood of the manger
on which the Divine Infant had been laid by His
Virgin Mother. One of the shorter pieces looking
as if it had been torn from a null, of which the
mark and the split remain; evidently it had been
a rough manger, rudely nailed together. The relic
was placed on the altar, just where the tabernacle
is, and above, where the crucifix might be, was not
our Blessed Lord on the Cross of Calvary, but
His figure as an Infant, in the act of blessing the
people. The figure is dazzling with light, gold
and precious stones. The back of the high altar
rises to a great elevation, so high that the place
where the exposition of the Blessed Sacrament has
to be reached by steps from the back. On each
side of the altar, to the top of the reredos, and
above it, were long lines of white lilies—nothing
else. White lilies in their graceful height, one
above another, side by side, towering up in silvery
lines, reflecting brightness and glittering there in
purity—the white lilies of great St. Joseph. The
Basilica of St. Mary Major is where the Pope
says his first Christmas Mass; his third being in
the Vatican.

When Rome celebrates high festivals, every
living soul suns itself in the blessed light of heaven,
keeping Christian holiday; and, last but not least,
are the Pifferari.

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NEW YORK, 1883.

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11:33 a.m. Mail, over Main Line, arrives at Toledo, 5:35 p.m.; Cleveland, 10:10 p.m.; Buffalo, 4 a.m.
9:27 p.m., Atlantic Express, over Air Line. Arrives at Toledo, 2:45 a.m.; Cleveland, 7:05 a.m.; Buffalo, 1:10 p.m.
13:38 p.m., Special New York Express, over Air Line, arrives at Toledo, 5:40 p.m.; Cleveland, 10:10 p.m.; Buffalo, 4 a.m.
6:35 p.m. Limited Express. Arrives at Toledo, 10:35 p.m.; Cleveland, 1:45 a.m.; Buffalo, 7:25 a.m.

GOING WEST:
2:32 a.m., Toledo Express. Arrives at Laporte, 3:25 a.m.; Chicago, 6:10 a.m.
4:48 a.m. Pacific Express. Arrives at Laporte, 5:45 a.m.; Chicago, 8:20 a.m.
7:40 a.m., Accommodation. Arrives at Laporte, 8:44 a.m.; Chesterton, 9:40 a.m.; Chicago, 11:30 a.m.
12:17 p.m., Special Michigan Express. Arrives at Laporte, 2:15 p.m.; Chesterton, 3:10 p.m.; Chicago, 5:00 p.m.
4:26 p.m., Special Chicago Express. Arrives at Laporte, 5:18; Chesterton, 6:07 p.m.; Chicago, 8 p.m.

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