CATALOGUE

OF THE

OFFICERS AND STUDENTS

OF THE

UNIVERSITY OF NOTRE DAME,

INDIANA,

FOR THE ACADEMIC YEAR

1855, 1856.

CHICAGO:

CULVER, PAGE & HOYNE, PUBLISHERS AND BINDERS, 128 & 130 LAKE STREET.

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PRINTED AT THE DEMOCRATIC PRESS BOOK AND JOB OFFICE, 45 CLARK STREET.
1856.
In the year 1834, the Rev. S. T. Badin, the patriarch of the American priesthood, while traveling through the northern counties of Indiana, visited the spot now known by the name of Notre Dame du Lac,* but then lying unknown and unnoticed in its native forest wildness and beauty. Struck by its loveliness, or, to speak more correctly, secretly influenced by that Providence who directs the most apparently unimportant events for the accomplishment of its own eternal designs, Father Badin resolved at once to secure this grot to the church, as the site of a future College. This resolution he executed; in the year 1837 it passed into the hands of the Rt. Rev. Bishop of Vincennes, and, after his death, into those of his successor, Monsieur de la Hilandiere, who transferred it to the Rev. Mr. Bach, priest of the Misericorde, under the obligation that, within two years, he should have erected, or at least commenced, a College building, and a Noviciate, upon the site. Mr. Bach dying soon after, and his society failing to fulfill the required condition at the expiration of the period prescribed, Bishop de la Hilandiere gave the land, under the same stipulations, to the Rev. Father Sorin, Priest of the Holy Cross, who, with a few lay brothers of the same society, had come to America about a year before. In 1842, they first took possession, and in a few years were enabled, by the blessing of God, and under the patronage of the blessed Virgin Mary, to erect a large and

* The name of the Institution has insensibly changed from "Notre Dame du Lac" to the simple one of "Notre Dame," from the alteration made by the Department at Washington, at the time when a post office was granted to the University. Correspondents will therefore direct their letters to "Notre Dame, St. Joseph Co., Ind.," without the addition of "near South Bend."
commodious College building, which, having been recently completed according to the original plan, can well compare, at present, with any literary institution of the western states. It was incorporated by the Legislature of Indiana in 1844.

COURSE OF STUDIES.

The Collegiate Course occupies six years, including the preparatory classes.

JUNIOR DEPARTMENT.

FIRST YEAR.

First Session.—Latin Grammar, English Grammar, Geography, Penmanship, Arithmetic, Historiae Sacrae.

Second Session.—The same, with Greek Grammar, Historiae Graecæ, Latin and Greek Exercises, History of the United States.

SECOND YEAR.

First Session.—Latin, Greek, and English Grammars, Greek and Latin Exercises, Geography, History of the United States, Penmanship, Arithmetic, Book-Keeping, and Ancient History.

Second Session.—Greek, Latin, and English Grammars, Greek and Latin exercises, Cornelius Nepos, Ovid's Metamorphoses, Æsop's Fables in Greek, Writing, Arithmetic, Book-Keeping, Mythology, Modern History.

SENIOR DEPARTMENT.

FIRST YEAR.—HUMANITIES.

First Session.—Cæsar or Sallust, Virgil (Eclogues and Georgics), Lucian's Dialogues, Prosody of Greek and Latin Grammar analyzed, Rules for the Formation of Style, Exercises in the three languages, Algebra, and Geometry.

Second Session.—Cicero, Virgil's Æneid, Xenophen's Cyropedia, Algebra and Geometry continued.

SECOND YEAR.—POETRY.

First Session.—Livy, Virgil's Æneid, and Horace's Art of Poetry, explained and committed to memory, Homer's Iliad (first four books), Trigonometry, Theoretical and Practical Surveying.
SECOND SESSION.—Cicero's Orations, Odes of Horace, Homer's Iliad, Mensuration and Analytical Geometry, Compositions in Latin and English; Descriptions, Letters and Narratives, written after models; Analysis of approved specimens in Prose and Poetry.

THIRD YEAR.—RHETORIC.

FIRST SESSION.—Tacitus, Demosthenes, the remaining books of Homer, Precepts of Rhetoric (Quintilian's Institutions), Study of Ancient and Modern Literature, Composition of Orations in Latin and English, Analysis of the best Specimens of Eloquence.

SECOND SESSION.—The same as first; but more attention is paid to Specimens of Ancient and Modern Eloquence, Analysis of the same, and Compositions of longer and more serious Orations, Debates on grave subjects.

FOURTH YEAR.—PHILOSOPHY.

Study of Logic, Metaphysics, and Ethics, Moral and Natural Philosophy, Astronomy, and Chemistry, illustrated by lecture and experiments. These studies are rendered interesting to the student by the manner in which they are here pursued.

Besides the regular lectures and discussions, free discussions on Philosophy are encouraged. Every celebrated author referred to, and every system examined.

The study of the French and German languages can be pursued at this University with unusual facilities, many of the members of the Institution being natives of France and Germany. Spanish and Italian are also taught, but, with Music and Drawing, all these languages form extra charges.

Every pupil, on entering the University, is examined by the Prefect of Studies, and placed in that class to which his attainments and abilities indicate that he should belong. He is encouraged and incited in every possible manner to study, and should he make unusual progress, he is not allowed to be retarded by his classmates, but is promoted to a higher class. He may proceed regularly through the usual course, or may take a partial course, to suit the views of his parents or guardians. Those who desire to fit themselves for the learned professions, can have here the best facilities under able professors; and, though the departments of Law and Medicine are not yet opened, they are included in the Charter of the University, and it is hoped that at no very distant period, the young
graduates of Notre Dame will be enabled to make their professional, as well as their classical course, at their Alma Mater.

A candidate for the degree of A. B. must have pursued the usual classical course, and have undergone an examination in Moral and Natural Philosophy and Chemistry; and if he can give satisfactory proof of his having pursued the study of Philosophy and Literature for two years after leaving College, or should he be admitted to any of the learned professions, he may receive the degree of Master of Arts.

There are in the College various Societies of Students, formed for different objects. The St. Aloysius, a Literary Society, St. Cæcilias, a Musical Association, the Confraternity of the Nocturnal Adoration, and the Arch-Confraternity. There is also a military company composed of the larger students, who have regular parades, the arms and accoutrements being furnished by the State.

The Institution possesses an ample and valuable library; a complete set of Chemical and Philosophical apparatus; and a rare collection of plants, comprising over four thousand specimens, collected during fifty years, by the learned Thomas Cauvin, Ex-President of the Scientific Congress of Europe.

The disciplinary government is mild, yet sufficiently energetic to preserve the most perfect order and regularity. The morals and general deportment of pupils are assiduously watched over, and their comfort and personal habits receive the same attention as if they were in the bosom of their own families. Only conciliatory means of correction are used, but if the student proves insensible to these, he is promptly dismissed from the College.

Parents may rest assured that the most zealous care will be taken that their children comply regularly with their religious duties, and that no efforts will be spared in instructing them fully in the principles and obligations of their holy religion.
TERMS:

Board, Washing and Tuition in the English Course, $125.00.  
Latin and Greek, extra, - - - - - - - 20.00.  
Spanish, Italian, French, and German, each, - - 12.00.  
Instrumental Music, - - - - - - - - 20.00.  
Bed, etc., - - - - - - - - - - - 5.00.  
Entrance Fee, - - - - - - - - - - - 5.00.  
Doctor's Fees and Medicines, - - - - - - - - 5.00.

Payments to be made half-yearly, in advance.

Class Books, Stationery, etc., furnished at the usual prices.

Clothes, Linen, etc., are also furnished by the College, at current prices, but an equivalent sum must be deposited in the hands of the Treasurer.

No boarder will be received for a shorter period than five months.

Each pupil must be provided with six shirts, six pair of stockings, six pocket handkerchiefs, six towels, a knife and fork, teaspoon, and table; a hat and cap, two suits of clothes, an overcoat, a pair of shoes and a pair of boots for the winter; two suits of clothes, and two pair of shoes for the summer.

Pocket money is not allowed except when placed in the hands of the Treasurer, and subject to his discretionary application.

When parents wish to have their children sent home, they must give timely notice, settle all accounts, and supply means to defray all traveling expenses. No deduction is made on accounts, unless in case of sickness or dismissal.

At the termination of the Winter Term, an Examination is held, in presence of all the Faculty. The principal and public Examination, and the Annual Commencement, take place in the last week of June. The First Session commences on the first Tuesday in September.

N. B.—There is an additional charge of $20 for board and washing during the vacation.

The two wings recently added to the main building contain each five rooms, $66 \times 40$ feet, well ventilated, and capable of affording accommodation to three hundred students.
A large brick building has also been erected in the rear of the College for the washing, keeping, etc., of the linens and clothes of the Institution. Over the Lakes are to be seen two picturesque Noviciates of the Priests (St. Aloysius), and of the Brothers (St. Joseph's).

Among the peculiar and unusual advantages which Notre Dame presents, as a place of Education, may be noticed,

1.—Its Retired Location.—At a time and in a country where serious and solid studies are rare, where dissipations of every kind are thrown in the way of the young student, where visitors often interrupt the course of the scholar, and where morals are but slightly watched over, it seems that every parent who desires to secure to his son an opportunity of spending the few years of his education usefully and profitably, and passing safely the dangerous season of early youth, removed from all the temptations of our large cities, should readily comprehend the advantage of placing him in such an Institution as Notre Dame. Here, the young student is under the most watchful and paternal care—here he can apply himself, undisturbed, to his studies, under competent professors—and, on moderate terms, he may acquire a solid knowledge of everything to which he may wish to devote his attention; here, also, his young mind breathes an atmosphere of piety, whose influences will hover around him throughout his life.

2.—Its Northern and Healthy Site.—This is a point especially worthy the consideration of Southerners—the change of air and location having a natural tendency to produce the most salutary effects on the constitutions of the natives of the Southern States.

3.—The Extensive Grounds of the Institution.—If students are here deprived of hurtful pleasures and dissipations, they are amply compensated by those delightful and innocent amusements which the nature of the locality so abundantly provides. The extensive forests surrounding the College give the best opportunities to those who are fond of hunting; whilst the beautiful Lakes, upon whose banks the University stands, afford choice fishing grounds in summer, and almost uninterrupted skating during winter.

4.—Care in Sickness.—Students, when ill, have not to remain in the College rooms, but are transferred to the airy and pleasant apartments of the Infirmary, where they are attended by the visiting physician, and nursed with devoted care by experienced sisters, who never suffer them to be alone, but strive to supply the place of their absent mothers.

A fact may also be mentioned, which cannot fail to present a great inducement to parents who have both sons and daughters, whom they
wish to place at school: the near vicinity, and the intimate relations existing between the University at Notre Dame and St. Mary's Academy, one mile west of the College—both under charge of the same Association—young brothers and sisters placed at these Institutions may correspond freely, and see each other frequently. It is also very convenient for parents residing at a distance, who can thus both visit their children at the same time, and have them together with themselves again.*

THE MANUAL LABOR SCHOOL.

In this Department, conducted by the "Brothers of St. Joseph," boys are taught several useful Trades, and receive, at the same time, a good, common English education. They are constantly under the vigilant and paternal care of the Brothers. Their moral and religious training are the special objects of an association of men who devote their lives and energies to the noble task of preparing the children of the poor to become good Christians and useful members of society.

The number of Apprentices in this Institution at present is forty-five.

The conditions for admission are—

1st. Each applicant must have attained the age of twelve years, and shall remain until he is twenty-one.

2d. He must pay a Fee of Fifty Dollars on entering, which sum is refunded in clothing at the expiration of his term.

3d. He must be provided with suitable clothing for the first year.

* St. Mary's Academy, formerly located at Bertrand, Michigan, has been recently removed to the vicinity of the University, about one mile west. It is beautifully located on the banks of the river St. Joseph, and is everything that could be desired as a locality for a Female Academy. It is under the charge of the "Sisters of the Holy Cross." All the branches taught in the best Female Institutions in the country are taught here. The buildings are extensive, and additions and improvements are daily progressing. For further particulars concerning this Institution and its various Departments, the public are referred to the Catalogue of the "Sisters of the Holy Cross," of 1855–6.
FACULTY

AND OTHER

COLLEGE OFFICERS.

_very rev. e. sorin, s. s. c., president._

_rev. n. h. gillespie, s. s. c., vice president, and prefect of discipline._

_rev. r. a. shortis, s. s. c., prefect of studies, general secretary, and professor of elocution and belles lettres._

_rev. a. granger, s. s. c., professor of logic, metaphysics, and ethics._

_max girac, l.l. d., professor of greek, latin, french, and vocal music._

_mr. d. j. moriarty, professor of mathematics and english._

_mr. f. ryan, professor of natural philosophy, chemistry, and botany._

_mr. jas. byrne, professor of book-keeping and english._

_b. basil, j., professor of german and instrumental music._

_mr. j. ackerman, professor of linear and academic drawing and painting._

_b. amedeus, j., treasurer, secretary, and professor of penmanship._

_b. benedict, j., assistant prefects._

_b. adolphus, j., assistant prefects._

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_ADOLPHUS, L., assistant prefects._
CATALOGUE OF STUDENTS

ENTERED FROM SEPTEMBER, 1855, TO JANUARY, 1856.

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Elliott, Walter
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Ottawa, Illinois.
Flanagan, James
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Foley, Peter
Avon, Indiana.
Gallaher, Owen
Marion, Indiana.
Geary, Daniel
Fort Wayne, Indiana.
Gallett, John
Plaquemine, Louisiana.
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Gorman, James
Indianapolis, Indiana.
Goldsbury, Samuel
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Goggin, William
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Healy, Robert
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Mattingly, James
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Berdan, Michigan.
Jersey City, New Jersey.
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Corby, Michael  Detroit,  Michigan.
Dwyer, Henry  Watertown,  Illinois.
Foley, Michael  Indianapolis,  Indiana.
Earrell, James  Columbus,  Indiana.
Fynn, George  Dubuque,  Iowa.
Frazer, James  Lexington,  Kentucky.
Ivers, William A.  New Orleans,  Louisiana.
Mahon, James  Columbus,  Indiana.
Maginnis, William A.  St. Louis,  Missouri.
Lutze, John  Chicago,  Illinois.
Lutze, Henry  Chicago,  Illinois.
Sabini, David  Chicago,  Illinois.
Shunnesy, James  Chicago,  Illinois.